

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Revenue DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 2111

Press

~~Mis.~~

427. 428

Dated

16-8-1866.

Not to be folded or roughly handled

No. 427. Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 12th August 1866.

Read the following :—

Season Report for the fortnight ending 31st July 1866.

1. Moderate and slight rain, best in the east and north-west directions, throughout the District, from 25th to end of month. Small supplies have been received in some tanks. The lands are in most places sufficiently moistened to admit of their being ploughed and sown. In the early part of this fortnight great distress was experienced from want of water, which, however, has been partially relieved by subsequent rain.

2. The Toongabadra is full; cultivation under its channels thriving. No water in the Huggry.

3. The Kartika or early crop is being sown. Vysaka and other crops are being reaped in such few places as they were sown. The Moongari (early dry) crop has been sown in the red lands of Gooty; lands under wells sown with paddy and sugar-cane, which failed from scarcity of water, have been re-sown with raggy.

4. Cholera is still prevalent in most Talooks; deaths reported 2,341. Fever also prevails. Small-pox has broken out in Hindupur. No other disease prevails. Cattle are still suffering from disease.

5. Prices are slightly falling in some places, but still continue high. The markets in the District are ill-supplied; distress is still severely felt. In some places in Kudlighi the inhabitants have slaughtered their ploughing bullocks to serve them as food. A large number of poor persons had left Alur, a black soil Talook, in search of subsistence; but local employment has now been found them by the expenditure of funds in the villages of every Talook.

6. 3,247 cattle died in Alur in the last fortnight from want of food. Cattle in an enfeebled condition are dying in large numbers from want of pasture. They also die from the effect of the cold wind when rain falls.

7. The price of cotton is stationary, with a tendency to fall; tobacco and indigo remain much as before.

8. Some merchants bringing grain from the Nizam's territory to Kampli in Bellary were prevented by the Nizam's local authorities from bringing their grain across the river, and had to return with empty carts; on receiving this information a telegram was immediately despatched to the Resident at Hyderabad on the 3rd instant, reply not received; doubtless orders will have been issued to prevent the recurrence of this interference with trade.

BELLARY,
7th August 1866.

(Signed) A. WEDDERBURN,
Collector.

Submitted for the information of Government.

No. 428. ORDER THEREON, 16th August 1866, No. 2,111.

Land Revenue.

The Collector will acquaint the Government with the result of his reference to the Resident at Hyderabad, regarding the stoppage of grain on its way to the Bellary District.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. D. SIM,
Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.
,, the Collector of Bellary.
Exd. S. T. Augustin.

21. 2/11. 21.

The Com. will
acquaint the
pub. with the
result of his
reference to the
President of the
-der about, regarding
the stoppage of
train on its way
to the Bellary
District.

W. J.

11, Copies to the President of the
College of Bellary

S. J.

16. Aug. 1880.

Recd August 16-18

Reported in England.

Of 24th Aug. 1866.

Recd. 1866. Depts
pro of Govt for Aug
N. 2542.

Proceedings of the
Board of Revenue

Dated 12th

Decr. 13th

Recd. 14th

Aug. 1866.

From the Collector of Bellary
of 21 Aug 66 C. 1866.

Submitting for in-
formation Season Report
of Collr of Bellary for
second fortnight of
July 1866.

N. 27-1-28.

N. 27-1-28
With order