M.R.O. 14—18,000—27-9-2

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

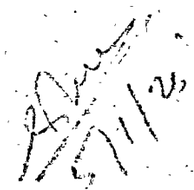
Revenue **DEPARTMENT.**

G.O. No. 2824 Press ~~Mis.~~

311/312

Dated 17—11— 1865.

Not to be folded or roughly handled



No. 311. Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 30th October 1865, No. 6,966.

Read the following letter from the Quarter Master General, to the Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Ootacamund, 23rd September 1865, No. 574-9,272 :—

1. I have the honor, by order of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, to acknowledge the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 31st ultimo, No. 5,379, relating to the march of the 4th Regiment Native Infantry, from Madras to Secunderabad in January last.

2. The Commander-in-Chief is much obliged to the Board for the trouble they have taken in searching out the instances of remissness of Revenue authorities, in furnishing supplies to the Regiment, and for the steps they have taken in communicating their Proceedings to all Collectors.

3. There are only two points requiring remark by the Commander-in-Chief.

4. In paragraph 9 of the Board's Proceedings, it is stated on the report by the Collector of Madras, that sufficient warning of the intended march of the Regiment was not given, and that the day of starting and other Regimental arrangements were so often changed, as to render the timely and sufficient supply of provisions almost impracticable. Mr. Fane acknowledges that the order of the march of the Regiment on the 4th January reached him on the 23rd December. He had, therefore, twelve days' warning, which must be considered amply sufficient. The Corps was originally to have proceeded *viâ* Cuddapah, but cholera having been reported on the road, the route had to be changed suddenly to that *viâ* Nellore, and the *earliest* intimation of the change was made to all concerned.

5. There were no doubt many difficulties in starting the Regiment from Madras, arising from the want of carriage. This circumstance defeated all arrangements previously made, and was a source of much inconvenience to all departments; but it could not possibly be avoided, and as Government will not move in the matter of the supply of carriage to troops, the same inconvenience must continue to arise everywhere.

6. The other instance requiring the Commander-in-Chief's notice is that referred to in paragraph 17 of the Board's Proceedings. Existing orders provide that a Revenue officer and a Police officer should accompany every body of troops throughout their march. The one to superintend supplies, and the other to afford redress "when robberies have occurred, or injuries have been inflicted." The Board question the necessity for the attendance of both of these officers and thinks that the Police officer ought to be sufficient. The Commander-in-Chief would be very sorry to see any alterations made in the existing rules. Both officers are needed, as the functions of each are distinct, and he would, therefore, strongly recommend that the Board take no steps towards the withdrawal of a Revenue officer.

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1. With reference to paragraph 4 of the foregoing letter, the Board observe that twelve days' warning would be ample for the provision of the supplies to a Regiment on a march, if the original arrangements as to dates, halting places, and number of men to be provided for, are maintained; but when, as in the case under

notice, frequent alterations are made after the issue of the original instructions, it must be obvious that the District Officers will invariably have very great difficulty in fulfilling the requisitions of the Military Department.

2. The Board are still of opinion that it is unnecessary for both a Civil and a Police officer to *accompany* a Regiment on a march. They are of opinion that it will be sufficient if an officer of the Revenue Department is deputed to attend at each halting place. The orders of Government will, however, be requested on this point, as it is observed that under the orders of the Madras Government, under date the 27th May 1856, No. 166, (Military Department,) the attendance of the Tahsildar, Talook Sheristadar or Peshkar is required while the Regiment passes through each Talook, and that under the orders of the Government of India (G. O. Madras Government, 2nd November 1864, Political Department,) the Magistrate is directed to depute a Police officer to accompany the Regiment through each District.

No. 312. ORDER THEREON, 17th November 1865, No. 2,824.

Miscellaneous.

1. The Government observe that considerable change has taken place in the position of Tahsildars since the G. O. of 1856 was published, and they consider that in future it will be sufficient if a Sub-Magistrate of position inferior to that of a Tahsildar Sub-Magistrate be deputed to accompany a Regiment on march through the Talook to which he stands attached.

2. The present practice as to the Police must stand.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) W. HUDLESTON,
Acting Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.
,, the Military Department.

Exd. S. T. Augustin.

No. 6,966.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 30th October 1865.

Read the following letter from Lieutenant-Colonel F. H. SCOTT, Quarter Master General, to R. A. DALYELL, Esq., Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Ootacamund, 23rd September 1865, No. 574-9,272 :—

1. I have the honor, by order of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, to acknowledge the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 31st ultimo, No. 5,379, relating to the march of the 4th Regiment Native Infantry, from Madras to Secunderabad in January last.

2. The Commander-in-Chief is much obliged to the Board for the trouble they have taken in searching out the instances of remissness of Revenue authorities, in furnishing supplies to the Regiment, and for the steps they have taken in communicating their Proceedings to all Collectors.

3. There are only two points requiring remark by the Commander-in-Chief.

4. In paragraph 9 of the Board's Proceedings, it is stated on the report by the Collector of Madras, that sufficient warning of the intended march of the Regiment was not given, and that the day of starting and other Regimental arrangements were so often changed, as to render the timely and sufficient supply of provisions almost impracticable. Mr. Fane acknowledges that the order of the march of the Regiment on the 4th January reached him on the 23rd December. He had, therefore, twelve days' warning, which must be considered amply sufficient. The Corps was originally to have proceeded *viâ* Cuddapah, but cholera having been reported on the road, the route had to be changed suddenly to that *viâ* Nellore, and the *earliest* intimation of the change was made to all concerned.

5. There were no doubt many difficulties in starting the Regiment from Madras, arising from the want of carriage. This circumstance defeated all arrangements previously made, and was a source of much inconvenience to all departments; but it could not possibly be avoided, and as Government will not move in the matter of the supply of carriage to troops, the same inconvenience must continue to arise everywhere.

6. The other instance requiring the Commander-in-Chief's notice is that referred to in paragraph 17 of the Board's Proceedings. Existing orders provide that a Revenue officer and a Police officer should accompany any body of troops throughout their march. The [illegible] to afford redress "when robberies have occurred, or injuries have been inflicted." The Board question the necessity for the attendance of both of these officers and thinks that the Police officer ought to be sufficient. The Commander-in-Chief would be very sorry to see any alterations made in the existing rules. Both officers are needed, as the functions of each are distinct, and he would, therefore, strongly recommend that the Board take no steps towards the withdrawal of a Revenue officer.

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1. With reference to paragraph 4 of the foregoing letter, the Board observe that twelve days' warning would be ample for the provision of the supplies to a Regiment on a march, if the original arrangements as to dates, halting places, and number of men to be provided for, are maintained; but when, as in the case under notice, frequent alterations are made after the issue of the original instructions, it must be obvious that the District Officers will invariably have very great difficulty in fulfilling the requisitions of the Military Department.

2. The Board are still of opinion that it is unnecessary for both a Civil and a Police officer to *accompany* a Regiment on a march. They are of opinion that it will be sufficient if an officer of the Revenue Department is deputed to attend at each halting place. The orders of Government will, however, be requested on this point, as it is observed that under the orders of the Madras Government, under date the 27th May 1856, No. 166, (Military Department,) the attendance of the Tahsildar, Taluk Serishtadar or Peshkar is required while the Regiment passes through each Taluk, and that under the orders of the Government of India (G. O. Madras Government, 2nd November 1864, (Political Department,) the Magistrate is directed to depute a Police officer to accompany the Regiment through each District.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

R. A. Dalyell

Acting Secretary.

To W. Hudleston, Esq., Acting Secretary to Government, R. D.
Copy to Lieutenant-Colonel F. H. Scott, Quarter Master General of the Army.

Exd. J. Wright.

Revenue Department.

No. 2824.

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue under date the 4th Nov. 1865.

Read letter from the Govt. of Fort St. George

Requesting orders as to the necessity for a Revenue officer accompanying a Regiment on march through each district.

(Memorandum 30th October 1865, No. 6,966.)

The Govt. of Fort St. George

Their communication

has taken place in the

position of Schuldars

since the G.O. of 1856 was

published, and the system

under that in future it

will be sufficient if

Sub-Magistrate of place

where inferior to the

a Schuldar Sub-Ma

private the deputat

Dl. 4th Nov/65 Cy 9th

Rev 1865. Department.

Govt of Fort St George

No. 3104

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE,

Dated 30th October 1865.

Dasp'd 1 Nov

Rec'd 2d

No. 6,966.

Rec'd 28th-1 Nov

Requesting orders as to the necessity for a Revenue Officer accompanying a Regiment on march through each district.

No 3104

The Govt. desire that the

Sub Magistrate

subject to

Govt. Official is considerable

the Magistrate for the

the Schuldar

Mr. Brandreth

Mr. Cumming

the Govt. would prefer that the Schuldar should be under the Collector rather than the Sub Magistrate

What this arrangement may be I am not prepared to say - but I think there would probably be cases where it would be desirable that the Schuldar should be under the Sub Magistrate

Mr. Brandreth

The order should, I consider, be modified. The Schuldar (a Native Sub Magistrate, may be of the first class) should be relieved from a duty of the kind mentioned in the G.O. of 27 May 56. The Act of 1856 was not the important public functionary that the Schuldar of 1865 is. - also a Magistrate has no control over the Police as a body but only a Police man on a duty of the kind in question. His local Superintendent should make all such Police arrangements as may be necessary & no doubt some are periodically necessary. Where a Sub Magistrate of position exists, as at [illegible] what of a Schuldar Sub Magistrate

accompany a Regiment
on march through the
Laboek to which he is
standes attached.-

2) present Code-
xi to the Police
station.-



Paarde Plaats den 18 Dec
1st Lieut.-

Revenue 1865 Deptt.
Pro: of Govt for 4 Nov.
No 2824.

Pro: of the Madras Govt.
Dt/17 Nov/65.

Passing orders on
the subject of Revenue
and Police Officers to
accompany a Regt. in
March.

12 1/ 65/2.