M.R.O. 14—13,000—27-9-24.

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Revenue **DEPARTMENT.**

G.O. No. 362 Press ~~Mis.~~

400

Dated 29. 2 - ~~19~~ 25

Not to be folded or roughly handled

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department, 29th February 1864.

The following papers are ordered to be recorded, dated 29th February 1864, No. 362 :—

From the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 20th January 1864, No. 398.

Intimating that no refunds of Postal charges were sanctioned by the Board during the past year.

Proceedings of the Madras Government in the Financial Railway Department, dated 20th January 1864, No. 30.

Sanctioning compensation for the lands taken in the Kangundy Zemindary of North Arcot District on account of the Bangalore Branch Railway.

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 21st January 1864, No. 415.

Submitting a letter from the Collector of Kurnool regarding the cultivation of the Imphee Seed in his District.

From the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 25th January 1864.

Average Bazaar prices of Grain and Salt per Madras Garce, and Rain Report of all the Districts of the Madras Presidency for the month of December 1863, Fusly 1273.

Proceedings of the Madras Government in the Financial Railway Department, dated 27th January 1864, No. 52.

Sanctioning the compensation paid by the Collector of Salem for Inám lands taken up for the Railway in that District.

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 28th January 1864, No. 547.

Submitting a letter from the Collector of Madura stating that he has already reported upon the results of the experimental cultivation of Foreign Cotton seed.

Proceedings of the Madras Government in the Public Works Department, dated 1st February 1864, No. 333.

Recording, with reference to a previous order, Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, relating to the results of the Pennair Anicut works in Nellore.

Proceedings of the Madras Government in the Public Department, dated 2nd February 1864, No. 119.

Passing orders on the results of the Quarterly Examination of Civil Servants, and attaching the within mentioned Officers to certain Offices for a period of six months with the view of giving them an insight into the manner in which business is transacted in the Presidency Offices.

Proceedings of the Madras Government in the Financial Railway Department, dated 2nd February 1864, No. 58.

Sanctioning Rupees 70 being the amount of compensation paid by the Collector of Cuddapah on account of lands taken up for Railway.

Proceedings of the Madras Government in the Public Works Department, dated 11th February 1864, No. 421.

Recording letter from Superintending Engineer, 4th Division, pointing out that the cost of the Conservancy Establishment for North Arcot as sanctioned by Government is 3,504 Rupees and not 5,877, as given in the Board's Statement.

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department, 29th Ferbuary 1864.

Proceedings of the Madras Government in the Public Works Department, dated 11th February 1864, No. 424.

Requesting the Board of Revenue to report on the proposals to connect the Chunambat Pans with Trunk Road No. 8 and of constructing a direct road to Mercanum.

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 8th January 1864.

Submitting the Board's Proceedings called for in the Order of Government, dated 17th December 1863, No. 2,316, remarking on the return of dismissals of Public servants submitted by the Board for the latter half of 1862.

Proceedings of the Madras Government in the Public Department, dated 11th February 1864, No. 155.

Sanctioning certain arrangements proposed by the Supervisor Government Press for the Secret Department of that Press.

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 9th February 1864, No. 891.

Submitting letter from the Collector of Salem reporting that Mr. Cammiade has agreed to take up the Karara Sholah under the conditions prescribed by Government.

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 6th February 1864, No. 840.

Submitting letter from the Collector of Salem, forwarding the Decree passed by the Civil Judge in Appeal Suit No. 61 of 1863 in O. S. No. 13 of 1862, instituted by Sookavana Moodelly of Salem.

Proceedings of the Madras Government in the Military Department, dated 17th February 1864, No. 552.

Furnishing to the Board of Revenue a copy of the Order relating to Military Pensions.

Proceedings of the Madras Government in the Financial Department, dated 30th January 1864, No. 75.

Communicating letter from the Accountant General on the subject of crediting all fees or quit-rents received for the payment of Village Servants to Land Revenue.

Proceedings of the Madras Government in the Judicial Department, dated 24th February 1864, No. 243.

Communicating letter from the Commissioner of Police on the subject of employing the Police in inquiries connected with Civil Suits.

Proceedings of the Madras Government in the Public Works Department, dated 7th September 1863, No. 2,578.

Communicating a Memorandum from the Consulting Engineer, Irrigation and Canal Company, stating that the opinion of the Agent on the proposed transfer of certain tanks in Kurnool to the Company, will be submitted shortly.

Exd. S. T. Augustin.

No. 398.

From W. HUDLESTON, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue,
To J. D. SIM, Esq., Secretary to Government, R. D.

SIR,

With reference to the Order of Government dated 27th May 1861, R. D., No. 1,093, I am directed to state that no refunds of Postal charges were sanctioned by the Board during the past year.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
Secretary.

REVENUE BOARD OFFICE,
Madras.
20th January 1864.

Exd. J. Wright.

FINANCIAL RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 21st December 1863, No. 3063 :—

Read letter from J. FRASER, Esq., Acting Collector of North Arcot; to W. HUDLESTON, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Chittoor, 9th December 1863, No. 253.

1. I have the honor to enclose nine Statements (marked from 1 to 9) showing the particulars of lands taken in the Kangundi Zemindary on account of the Bangalore Branch Railway.

2. The lands in question were measured and arranged, according to their respective classes, by Ranga Row, Head Gumastah of Gudiattam Taluk. The total extent of land according to his measurements having shown a deficiency as compared with the aggregate extent entered in the Schedules furnished by the Railway Department, a reference was made to the Consulting Engineer, who, in reply,* forwarded a revised Statement giving the total extent at K. 496 A. 15, C. 6, being in excess of Ranga Row's measurement by 33-1-14 Kanis.

* Dated 7th September 1863, No. 624.

3. The Zemindar has, however, taken no exception to Ranga Row's measurements, and has, in token of his approval, signed the accounts prepared by the latter. But as the measurements made by the Railway Department, under the superintendence of professional men, are more likely to be correct, it is only fair that the Zemindar should have the benefit thereof; and I have accordingly taken these as the basis of my settlement.

4. It is impossible to say to what class of land the excess in question belongs, and I have dealt with it as uncultivable Porumboke, fixing the compensation thereon at one Rupee per Kani, which is the rate approved of by the Board and Government for similar description of lands in the Zemindary of Carvetnagar.

5. As will be seen from paragraph 2 of Mr. Græmes' Jamabundi Report of Kangundi, dated 31st March 1818, the survey assessment paid by Captain Graham has never been acted upon, and does not appear to have been known in this estate. In valuing the lands in question, I have therefore taken as the basis the usual rates of collection known by the name of "Vasool Teerwah."

6. The proprietary right in the soil in this estate is looked upon by both Zemindar, and Ryots as vested in the former.

When lately at Palmanair, conducting the settlement of the past Fasli, I summoned some of the Ryots who had cultivated the lands taken for the Railway. They all freely declared before me that they had no right in the soil they cultivated, and that the Zemindar was competent to deal with these lands as he liked.

7. As the Board have, under similar circumstances, declined to award any compensation on account of occupancy right in the estate of Carvetnagar, I have abstained from ascertaining the value of the Ain lands under consideration. The compensation I now recommend to be paid to the Zemindar consists, therefore, of a permanent reduction from his Peishcush (from the current Fasli) equal to the annual loss of revenue sustained by him, and the payment of a sum equal to the aggregate amount of revenue which the Zemindar would have realized on the lands in question from the period of their appropriation up to the end of Fasli 1272, if they had not been taken. The number of Ain villages from which land was taken for the line in question is 12.

No. 27 Mail Ltr. R. 21-2-64

Rev. 1864. Department.

Re: Ryotwar Settlement of Kangundi Zemindary

No. 216.

From the Secretary to the Board of Revenue,

To the Secretary to Government R. D.

Dated 20th January 1864.

Rec'd 23rd January 1864.

Ans'd 25th "

No. 398.

Intimating that no refunds of Postal charge were sanctioned by the Board during the past year.

RECORDED.

Ans'd 29th January 1864.

Mokhasa.....	9
Oombliga	3
Shrotriem....	4
	* 16

8. Lands were also taken from 16* Inam villages of the description noted in the margin. On a reference to the Register of Inams settled by the Inam Commission Department, I find that four of the Mokhasa, and the three Oombliga villages are included in the same, while the names of the remaining villages do not appear therein.

9. Under the Orders of Government, dated 20th March 1861, No. 656, the right to Mokhasa and Oombliga villages is surrendered to the Zemindar. As will be seen from the concluding part of paragraph 6 of this Order, the holders of Inams in these villages may have their holdings enfranchized, the quit-rent thus imposed being payable to the Zemindar. The seven villages referred to have been enfranchized, and therefore as the holders are competent to dispose of their Inams as they like, the parties whose lands were taken in them are entitled to compensation for the loss of their occupancy. I recommend the payment to them of ten years' assessment for these lands on this account. I am informed that though the names of the remaining five Mokhasa villages do not appear in the Register received from the Inam Commission, they have been enfranchized and Title Deeds issued for them. If this prove to be the case, the lands in them taken for the Railway should be dealt with as above.

10. The four Shrotriem villages already referred to appear to have been originally granted for maintenance, and may therefore be ranked under "Personal Inams," which, under the terms of the compromise approved of in the foregoing Order, are reserved to Government. They also do not appear in the Register as enfranchized, but I am informed that they have been; and in this event, I recommend the payment of ten years' assessment to the holders of the lands in these villages also. A reference has been made to the Inam Commissioner on these two points.

11. As I have already stated, the proprietary right of the lands in this estate is considered by the inhabitants to belong to the Zemindar. There have been in consequence no sales of lands, save of whole villages hitherto either of a public or private character. Nor are there statistics of any kind from which the mesne profits of Ryots can be ascertained. It is impossible, therefore, to form any idea as to what would be a fair value for the lands in this part of the country; and I am obliged to calculate the compensation on the basis of assessment as the only possible one. The lands on the whole are less valuable than those in the Carvetnagar Zemindary, where the proprietor only asked ten years' assessment as the price of his land taken.

12. An extent of Kanis 54-1-8, assessed at Rupees 161-1-4, being "Chillera Inams," or portion of villages granted as Inams, were also taken for the line under notice. During a personal interview with the Zemindar, when I visited Palmanair last year, he informed me that he had given to the holders thereof fresh lands equivalent to what they had lost; and that he also permitted them to withhold, from the payments due to him by them, such sums as would cover the losses incurred by them from the time of appropriation up to that of granting fresh lands.

13. Under these circumstances the holders of these petty Inams are not entitled to any compensation, which is exclusively due to the Zemindar. I recommend a permanent reduction from the Zemindary Peishcush equal to the assessment of the Chillera Inams, with retrospective effect from the time of appropriation, as in the case of Ain lands.

14. The cultivable Porumboke lands have been valued by me as worth 2½ Rupees per Kani, which is the average of all the rates of collections in the several villages concerned.

15. With regard to the Porumboke unfit for cultivation, I calculate the compensation at 1 Rupee per Kani, as in the case of similar lands in the Carvetnagar Zemindary.

16. The value of trees, wells, houses, &c. taken for the line in question has been settled by mediators, and I recommend the same to be paid to the respective owners thereof. On this item interest has been calculated at 5 per cent., while on others interest is charged at 12 per cent. in consideration of Government demanding the latter rate on arrears of revenue of Peishcush due to them.

17. The following is an abstract of Statements 1, 2, and 3, showing the permanent reduction to be made from the Peishcush payable by the Zemindar of Kangundi:—

Items.	Ain lands as per Statement No. 1.		Mokhasa and Oombliga Inam villages as per Statement No. 2.		Shrotriem villages as per Statement No. 3.		Total as per Statement No. 4.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	K. A. C.	Rs. A. P.	K. A. C.	Rs. A. P.	K. A. C.	Rs. A. P.	K. A. C.	Rs. A. P.
Cultivated lands.....	86 10 12	298 9 10	79 14 12	·306 1 10	17 11 0	44 1 4	184 4 8	648 13 0
Waste within five years...	7 8 4	21 2 1	9 8 0	45 4 11	1 2 4	1 7 7	18 2 8	67 14 7
Do. above do. .	22 0 12	40 12 11	29 3 0	34 8 10	5 4 0	5 1 5	56 7 12	80 7 2
Chillera Inams... ...	18 4 12	48 3 3	27 7 4	96 9 11	8 5 8	16 4 2	54 1 8	161 1 4
Cultivable Porumboke...	11 3 4	28 0 1	31 8 4	78 12 7	10 11 4	26 12 1	53 6 12	133 8 9
Uncultivable do.	78 11 12	78 11 9	17 12 8	17 12 6	0 14 4	0 14 3	97 6 8	97 6 6
Total	224 7 8	515 7 11	195 5 12	579 2 7	44 0 4	94 8 10	463 13 8	1189 3 4
Excess of measurement over Ranga Row's measurement...		... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	33 1 14	33 1 10
							496 15 6	1222 5 2

18. I solicit sanction for permanently remitting from the current Fasli the sum of Rupees 1222-5-2, shown in Column 9 of the above Abstract from the Zemindary Peishcush, which will hereafter be in consequence reduced to Rupees 21,851-5-6.

19. The appropriation of the lands in question having taken place at the commencement of Fasli 1270, the Zemindar is entitled to the payment of Rupees 4290-5-8,* which is the annual loss sustained by him in Faslis 1270, 1271, and 1272, *plus* interest at 12 per cent. up to 30th ultimo.

* Vide Statement No. 5.	Rs.	A.	P.
Annual loss in the three Faslies 1270, 1271, and 1272..	3666	15	6
Interest at 12 per cent...	623	6	2
	4290	5	8

20. The Zemindar informed me personally that the Inamdars of the Mokhasa, Oombliga, and Shrotriem villages alluded to have, ever since the appropriation of their lands, withheld from

the Jodi payable to him sums equal to the assessment due on such lands, so that it only remains for the Zemindar in future to make proportionate reduction from their Jodi permanently, which he has agreed to do. The sum of Rupees 4290-5-8, recommended by me will, therefore, go to the Zemindar entirely.

21. The following abstract shows the amount of compensation with interest at 12 per cent. payable to the Inamdars in all the Oombliga, Mokhasa, and Shrotriem villages. I solicit sanction for disbursing at present, to the parties concerned, the sum of Rupees 3310-3-1; the balance will have to be held in abeyance, pending the reference to the Inam Commissioner talked of in paragraph 10.

	Land taken.		Compensation at ten years' assessment.	Interest at 12 per cent.	Total of Columns 4 and 5.
	Extent.	Assessment.			
1	2	3	4	5	6
	K. A. C.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
As per Statement No. 7. Enfranchized three Oombliga and four Mokhasa villages... ...	53 7 12	234 12 3	2347 10 6	962 8 7	3310 3 1
Unenfranchized five Mokhasa villages...	35 15 0	116 10 6	1166 9 0	478 4 8	1644 15 8
Ditto four Shrotriem do. as per Statement No. 6...	18 13 4	45 8 11	455 9 2	186 12 1	642 5 3
	54 12 4	162 3 5	1622 2 2	665 0 9	2287 2 11
	108 4 0	396 15 8	3969 12 8	1627 9 4	5597 6 0

22. Statement No. 8 shows the compensation for trees, wells, houses, &c. appropriated for the Branch Railway under notice. The value is estimated at Rupees 2984-8-11, which, together with interest* at 5 per cent. amounting in the aggregate to Rupees 3494-11-8, has to be sanctioned for disbursement to the respective owners of the said trees, &c.

* Rupees 510-2-9.

Vide Statement No. 9.

23. The total amount for which sanction is at present solicited amounts to Rupees 11,095-4-5.

24. As I already noticed, the Head Gumastah Ranga Row of Gudiattam Taluk was deputed to measure the lands in question with the help of a Peon. In consideration of the work which had to be done at a distance from their head quarters, the difficulty of procuring the attendance of the village authorities at the time of measurement, and the delays caused by the Zemindar, and the consequent references to the Huzur, I beg to recommend batta being paid to them at the rates sanctioned for the Huzur establishments.

The batta for these two persons amounts to Rupees 169-12-0, as particularized below:—

	Salary per month.	Rate per day.	Time for which batta is due.	Amount.
	RS.	RS. A. P.	Days.	RS. A. P.
Head Gumastah Ranga Row...	20	0 4 0	603	150 12 0
Peon...	6	0 1 0	304	19 0 0
Total....	...	...	...	169 12 0

25. Out of the total amount for which sanction is now solicited, the sum of Rupees 4290-4-5 is the refund with interest of the proportionate amount of the Peishcush paid by the Zemindar in Faslis 1270, 1271, and 1272. I beg therefore to request that sanction may be obtained for disbursing the amount as an item of arrears. For the payment of the remaining amount, which is *bonâ fide* an item of compensation, provision has been made in the Budget of the Consulting Engineer for Railways.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

ABSTRACT.—Abstract showing the extent of lands appropriated for the Bangalore Branch Railway in 12 of the Zemindary Ain villages of the Kangundi Zemindary.

ENCLOSURE No. 2.

ABSTRACT.—Abstract showing the particulars of land taken up in the Mokhasa and Oombliga villages of the Kangundi Zemindary for the Bangalore Branch Railway.

ENCLOSURE No. 3.

ABSTRACT.—Abstract showing the particulars of land taken up in the unenfranchized four Shrotriem villages of the Kangundi Zemindary for the Bangalore Branch Railway.

ENCLOSURE No. 4.

ABSTRACT.—Abstract of Statements Nos. 1, 2 and 3, showing particulars of land appropriated for the Bangalore Branch Railway in the Kangundi Zemindary, and the amount of assessment thereof to be permanently deducted from the Peishcush from Fasli 1273.

ENCLOSURE No. 5.

ABSTRACT.—Statement showing the amount of refund together with its interest to be made to the Zemindar of Kangundi, on account of the lands taken up from his estate for the Bangalore Branch Railway from Faslis 1270 to 1272 inclusive.

ENCLOSURE No. 6.

ABSTRACT.—Statement showing the amount of compensation for the lands taken up in the four unenfranchized Shrotriem villages as per Statement No 3, for the Bangalore Branch Railway, in the Kangundi Zemindary of North Arcot.

ENCLOSURE No. 7.

ABSTRACT.—Statement showing the amount of compensation for the lands taken up in the three Oombliga and nine Mokhasa villages, referred to in Statement No. 2, for the Bangalore Branch Railway in the Kangundi Zemindary.

ENCLOSURE No. 8.

ABSTRACT.—Statement showing the number of houses, pagodas, wells, ponds, and fruit trees appropriated for the Bangalore Branch Railway in the Kangundi Zemindary.

ENCLOSURE No. 9.

ABSTRACT.—Statement showing the total amount of compensation referred to in Statements Nos. 5, 6, 7 and 8, and interest thereon.

---

1. Ordered to be submitted to Government, with the Board's recommendation that the compensation as proposed be sanctioned.

2. It involves a remission of Peshkush to the extent of Rupees 1222-5-2, reducing the amount payable in future by the Zemindar to Rupees 21,851-5-6, and a cash payment to the Zemindar of Rupees 4290-5-8, on account of the Faslis 1270 to 1272, at the same rate with interest at 12 per cent. per annum, at which rate the Zemindar is liable to be charged by Government on arrears of Peshkush.

3. The extent of land occupied is shown below :—

Class.	Extent. Kanis.	Assessment Rs. A. P.
"Ayen" assessed land	224 7 8	515 7 11
Mokhasa and Oombliga Inam lands of which the Zemindar owns the reversion	195 5 12	579 2 7
Shrotriem lands paying quit-rent	44 0 4	94 8 10
Excess of Survey measurement over Gumastah's Return.	33 1 14	33 1 10
Total...	496 15 6	1222 5 2
Class A	159 11 4	394 4 9
B	264 2 0	654 0 4
C	40 0 4	140 14 3
Excess measurement	33 1 14	33 1 10
Total...	496 15 6	1222 5 2

4. The occupants of the "Ayen" land have expressly disclaimed any proprietary rights, so that on this account no further compensation is necessary.

5. To the owners of the Inam, &c. land compensation is awarded at the rate of ten years' purchase of the assessment with interest at 12 per cent. amounting altogether to Rupees 5597-6-0, of which the immediate payment of Rupees 3310-3-1 is necessary, the balance being held in abeyance pending the result of a reference to the Inam Commissioner as to the position of the Shrotriem lands.

6. The value of trees, wells, houses, &c. appropriated in these lands, has been settled by arbitration at Rupees 2984-8-11, with interest at 5 per cent. amounting to Rupees 510-2-9, or in all Rupees 3494-11-8.

7. Finally, the Acting Collector requests authority to pay batta to the Gumastah and Peon who were employed on the examination of the land, and determination of the particulars.

8. The total sum for which sanction is required is shown below :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Refund of three years' collections of remitted Peshkush... ...	3666	15	6
Interest on above	623	6	2
Compensation for proprietary rights	3969	12	8
Interest on do	1627	9	4
Value of trees, &c.	2984	8	11
Interest on do	510	2	9
Total...	13,382	7	4
Batta to Establishment	169	12	0

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) W. HUDLESTON,
Secretary.

To J. D. Sim, Esq., Secretary to Government, R. D., with nine enclosures.

Transferred to the Railway Department.

(Signed) J. D. SIM,
Secretary to Government.

ORDER THEREON, 20th January 1864, No. 30.

With their Proceedings above recorded, the Board of Revenue submit a letter from the Acting Collector of North Arcot and its accompanying Statements, showing the particulars of lands taken in the Kangundi Zemindary on account of the Bangalore Branch Railway, and recommend that the compensation proposed by that Officer be sanctioned.

2. The Governor in Council sanctions a permanent remission of Peshkush to the extent of Rupees 1222-5-2, from the current Fasli, reducing the amount payable in future by the Zemindar to Rupees 21,851-5-6; and also a cash payment to the Zemindar of Rupees 4290-5-8, being the annual loss sustained by him from Faslis 1270 to 1272, with interest at 12 per cent. per annum to the 30th November last.

Refund of three years' collections of remitted Peshkush	Rupees.	3666 15 6	
Interest on above	"	623 6 2	
Total Rupees...		4290 5 8	

3. He also sanctions the disbursement of Rupees 5597-6-0 as compensation for proprietary rights, with interest at 12 per cent, payable to the inamdars in the Oombliga, Mokhasa, and Shrotriem villages; and a further sum of Rupees 3494-11-8, being the value, with interest at 5 per cent., of the trees, wells, houses, &c. appropriated for the Branch Railway.

Compensation for proprietary rights	Rupees	3969 12 8	
Interest on do	"	1627 9 4	
Total Rupees...		5597 6 0	
Value of trees, &c.	Rupees	2984 8 11	
Interest on do	"	510 2 9	
Total Rupees...		3494 11 8	

4. The Collector is authorized to pay Rupees 169-12-0, as batta to the Gumastah and Peon who were employed on the examination of the lands in question.

(True Extract.)

Chief Secretary.

To the Board of Revenue.
" Collector of North Arcot.
" Consulting Engineer for Railways.
" Deputy Auditor and Accountant General.
" Civil Paymaster.
" Revenue Department.

Exd. J. Tulloch.

No. 415.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 21st January 1864.

Read the following letter from the Collector of Kurnool, dated 17th December 1863, No. 209:—

1. With reference to the Board's Proceedings dated 21st January 1863, No. 375, forwarding six pounds of Imphee seed to this District, and requesting me to report on its growth, I regret to state that it arrived at a season of the year when sowing was out of the question, and was unfortunately overlooked when the sowing season came round in May.

2. I have already reported to the Board that although the Imphee will grow in this District, it is not comparable to the Jonna, either as food for man or beast, and no Ryots will consequently grow it. It can only be cultivated experimentally by amateurs who do not look to profit or loss on the transaction.

Ordered that copy of the foregoing letter be submitted for the information of Government, with reference to their Orders dated 14th January 1863, No. 49.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

Secretary.

To J. D. Sim, Esq., Secretary to Government, R. D.

Copy to A. Hunter, Esq., M. D., Honorary Secretary, Agri-Horticultural Society.

" to J. R. Arbuthnott, Esq., Head Assistant in charge of Kurnool.

Exd. J. Wright.

Average Bazar Prices of Grain and Salt for Madras Presidency &c &c

Returns of all the Districts of the Madras Presidency for the Month of December 1863 & Jan 1864

Districts	Articles	Price of Grain and Salt per Candy 2 Last Salt per Garce	1st week	2nd "	3rd "	4th "	5th "	Average of the Month	Increase or Decrease as compared with the Average of the Month of December 1863	Increase or Decrease as compared with the Average of the Month of January 1863	Remarks
Northern	Ganjam	Rice	224	208	98	82	106	132	118	97	141	127	248	"	"	"
	Vizagapatam	Rice	271	253	120	92	157	134	135	117	145	129	258	264	"	"	"
	Godavery	Rice	272	253	126	132	142	164	129	143	124	124	220	218	"	"	"
	Kistnah	Rice	333	308	158	195	192	270	165	211	132	203	243	236	"	"	"
	Nellore	Rice	348	321	152	178	187	202	191	178	196	248	232	232	0·52	109	8·43	4·58	6·11
Ceded Districts	Cuddapah	Rice	439	455	205	213	224	279	194	244	231	295	263	341	"	"	1·05	2·15	0·80
	Bellary	Rice	346	322	153	219	189	354	163	283	195	334	431	345	"	"	0·05	0·01	
	Kurnool	Rice	354	306	139	221	190	325	157	277	210	316	374	340	"	"	"	"	
East Coast	Masulipatam	Rice	374	351	156	158	214	158	222	195	227	231	220	218	3·13	8·85	10·90	"	5·43
	Nellore	Salt	356	309	160	146	241	186	193	171	199	193	218	227	2·50	2·60	2·40	0·70	2·10
	Coromandel	Rice	339	313	146	132	173	157	161	140	176	157	226	251	6·12	8·82	10·40	3·20	4·15
		Salt													5·38	22·35	9·72	13·25	
Canara	Canara	Rice	305	285	141	131	165	154	142	144	213	198	225	212	14·46	5·38	22·35	9·72	13·25
	Mangalore	Rice	359	329	134	153	215	185	163	146	214	158	265	271	3·98	6·05	9·00	2·50	5·38
Malabar	Tellicherry	Rice	421	336	191	140	181	174	143	165	200	163	271	298	3·78	1·10	2·29	3·09	2·86
	Calicut	Rice	414	341	199	163	229	238	195	222	321	272	312	293	3·70	4·63	1·91	5·54	3·93
	Tellicherry	Salt													1·25	1·25	1·93	1·25	1·25
South Canara	Coimbatore	Rice	393	396	185	184	224	191	174	153	249	170	325	333	1·25	0·63	1·25	1·25	1·25
	Salem	Rice	383	379	137	149	174	135	155	153	176	148	252	290	1·85	2·65	2·90	3·53	2·40
	Coimbatore	Salt	282	375	159	188	"	"	184	219	248	213	206	206	0·92	0·03	0·20	0·15	0·15
Wynaad	Malabar	Rice	327	399	159	206	"	"	177	205	216	223	253	292	0·35	0·05	1·85	3·02	1·35

Remarks on the Season.

Rain and Rain only in Nellore, Cuddapah and Kurnool and Vizagapatam. In Ganjam and Canara and Malabar, Rain and Cholera. Cholera in the Hinterland, Rain and Cholera in the Coast districts, Rain and Cholera in Wynaad. Cotton in Cuddapah and Kurnool has been drawn in the Government Godowns and the Ryots have been paid for the same and the Ryots of Vizagapatam, Ceded Districts and Malabar are cultivating Cotton.

For 14 January 63 no 49
" 3rd December 63 Pro 5 & 62
RD

Rev 1864. Department.
Pros of Govt for February

No. 223
PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE,

Dated 21st January 1864.
Rec'd 25th
Ans'd 26th

No. 415.

Submitting a letter from the Collector of Kurnool regarding the cultivation of the Imphee Seed in his District.

RECORDED

very carried on. In the Godavery District, transplanted Paddy had been harvested, but the yield was scanty, the crop having suffered from unseasonable winds and grubs. Singal cane had been cut. The dry and garden crops were thriving. Preparations were very made for the Summer-Paddy cultivation. The Cotton cultivation was extending and the crops were healthy. In the Kistna District, Sajja, Mokka Jonna, Cãr &c. had been cut. Some of the Dry crops had suffered from want of Rain. The Veira crops, such as Bengal gram, Oil Seed, Varagu &c. had been cultivated to a considerable extent and were growing well. The wet crops under the Kistna Channels were generally thriving. Cotton and Indigo were flourishing. The fall of rain in Nellore benefitted the Standing Crops. The Garden, wet, and dry crops were flourishing in part. In some Talugs Jonna and the wet crops were very heaped. Prices had slightly risen in these Districts. Cholera, Fever and Small pox prevailed in parts. Cattle were suffering much in a few Talugs of the Vizagapatam Kistna and Nellore Districts.

Ceded Districts — Slight showers fell in parts of Cuddapah and Bellary. In Cuddapah Ragi, Cholam Cãr &c. had been reaped, but the other crops were withering. In Bellary, Wheat and Cheena were being sown in the beds of tanks which had no water. The Kartika crop

crop was ripe, but the produce was scanty. The White Cholam and other grains sown in dry lands during the late rains, and the Cotton crops in many places were withering. In Kurnool, the Wheat, Cheena, Cotton &c. crops were thriving, but Paddy had suffered in some localities from want of water. Prices were still on the increase in Bellary. Cholera and Fever prevailed in parts of this District. Fever made its appearance in 2 Talugs of Kurnool. Cattle suffered from disease in all these Districts.

East Coast. — There was a good fall of rain in Madras and South Arcot. In North Arcot it was partial, the tanks in some places having received only from 1 to 2 months supply of water. The crops in Madras were generally thriving. In North Arcot, wet and dry cultivation had been carried on to some extent. Cambu, Gingely seed, Ragi &c. had been harvested, but the yield varied from ¼ to ¾ of a full crop. In some Talugs, Paddy &c. were suffering from insects and want of water. In South Arcot, the tanks were all well supplied with water, and high freshes had been received in the rivers. The wet and dry crops were in good

condition

Condition - Prices had not fluctuated much in Madras and North Arcot. In Salem & Coimbatore they had fallen a little. Cholera prevailed in part of these Districts. Diarrhoea and Dysentery were also prevalent in the Chingleput Taluq - Cattle suffered from disease in parts of these Districts -

Convery — There was a good fall of rain in these Districts. In Tanjore the Cale crop had been harvested, but the produce was somewhat short. There was however every prospect of the Sumba Peshanam harvest being an abundant one. In Trichinopoly the irrigated Channels had received a fair supply of water - The cultivation of the 2nd Peshanam Paddy &c crops was being carried on in a few of the wet Talugs. Ragi, Ground nut &c were being sown in parts. Sumba Paddy, Kambu, Cholam &c had been reaped in some Talugs - Prices had slightly fallen in this District. In Tanjore they were stationary. Cholera prevailed slightly in parts of these Districts - Cattle were suffering from Murrain in a few Villages of Trichinopoly.

Southern. — Rain fell in these Districts and the Cultivation of Paddy, Gingely, Horsegram, Plantain &c was being carried on. In some parts the crops were growing well, in others they were drooping from want of water and suffering from insects - Ragi, Cholam, Sumba &c were being harvested. The Garden crops were thriving and Cotton was flourishing. In Tinnevelly, the early wet crops were suffering in some places from various diseases and the dry crops had been damaged by heavy rains - These crops were being harvested in a few Talugs, but the yield was poor - The Cotton crop was in good condition, except in some places where it had been injured by rain - Prices had slightly fallen in Madras - Cholera, Small pox and Murrain prevailed in parts of these Districts to a slight extent -

West Central

Partial showers fell in these Districts - In Coimbatore the Cotton, Horsegram and other dry crops were suffering from drought. Ragi had been harvested - Tobacco and Cholam were being cultivated - The wet crops had been partially cut - In Salem the dry crops were in good condition - In some places they had been harvested. The wet crops were beginning to suffer in two Talugs from want of rain - In other places they were reported to be doing well - The 2nd Paddy crop had been sown where water was available - Cotton and Indigo were growing well - Indigo had been harvested in parts - Prices had increased in these Districts. Cholera prevailed in parts - Cattle were suffering from disease in the eastern Section of Salem.

West

There was a slight fall of rain in these Districts which benefitted the 2nd Rice crop and the Garden crops in South Canara - The dry crops had been gathered - In Malabar the harvesting of the Horsegram crop had commenced, but the yield was not good, the crop having suffered from unseasonable rains - Prices continued high in South Canara - Cholera and fever prevailed in parts of these Districts, and had been fatal in many cases -

The

The following is the Statement of Cotton and Indigo Cultivation with the Market prices for December 1863.

Districts	Cotton Fasli 1272 Extent	Cotton Fasli 1272 Assessment	Cotton Fasli 1273 Extent	Cotton Fasli 1273 Assessment	Market Rates for Candy of 500lbs	Indigo Fasli 1272 Extent	Indigo Fasli 1272 Assessment	Indigo Fasli 1273 Extent	Indigo Fasli 1273 Assessment	Market Rates for Maund of 25lbs
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Acres	Rs	Acres	Rs	Rs	Acres	Rs	Acres	Rs	Rs
1 Ganjam	4425	6703	6093	12457	Rs 320	"	"	26	31	40
2 Vizagapatam	5832	18178	8063	19377	" 671	587	3201	1107	5653	41
3 Godavery	9011	17825	14903	36251	Rs 366	125	263	228	615	34
4 Kistna	119743	169210	168478	246664	" 300	8685	15654	13835	26517	42
5 Nellore	15093	18310	18075	21499	" 352	19363	45345	13703	37541	47
6 Cuddapah	31880	43699	77571	102332	" 300	2400	20280	53190	17357	54577	35265
7 Bellary	379947	391974	414905	426512	" 402	2996	4363	1658	2183	52
8 Kurnool	112736	112482	225924	211034	" 351	24263	58448	19664	48339	47
9 Madras	6	6	1	1	" 350	2728	9785	5042	12627	35
10 North Arcot	1	1	25	30	" 320	2372	4932	5069	9293	42
11 South Arcot	82905	29859	13884	27621	" 318	33271	67207	40287	82233	30
12 Tanjore	784	1231	2051	2690	" 330	577	841	609	799	11
13 Trichinopoly	19059	54852	26509	38874	" 340	614	1187	184	569	34
14 Madura	47572	84732	55036	95620	" 295	110	130	45	93	31
15 Tinnevelly	226965	238047	209353	209549	" 381	266	262	314	201	38
16 Coimbatore	60423	66387	109204	125599	" 299	"	"	"	"	"
17 Salem	16333	26849	25431	41603	" 349	1837	6181	1954	6510	39
Total	1062685	1278075	1375566	1675733		118336	270991	121112	287785	

Revenue Board's Office
Madras
25th January 1864

Secretary

To
J. D. Sim Esqr
Secretary to Government
Revenue Department.

FINANCIAL RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 16th January 1864, No. 307.

Read letter from the Collector of Salem, dated 27th November 1863, No. 218.

I have the honor to forward herewith a Statement showing the extent of Inam land taken up for Railway purposes and the compensation, &c. paid on account of them in the several quarters shown below, and request the Board will be so good as to obtain the sanction of Government to my adjusting in the accounts the sum of Rupees 458-4-10, paid on account of the compensation, &c. in question.

Taluq.	Whether Amani or Jári lands, and in what quarters the compensation, &c. was paid.	Extent of the land taken up.	Assessment.	Amount paid on account of Compensation.	Assessment.	Total.
Tripatur.	*Amani.*					
	4th Quarter, 1857.....	0 0 12	0 1 9	12 8 11	... ...	12 8 11
	3rd do. 1858.....	1 6 0	5 6 5	7 10 11	... ...	7 10 11
	2nd do. do.	11 13 15	26 4 7	6 2 4	53 1 0	60 3 4
		12 20 11	31 12 9	27 6 2	53 1 0	80 7 2
Tripatur.	*Jari.*					
	1st Quarter, 1858.....	12 18 8	33 0 3	157 0 8	15 1 0	172 2 6
	2nd do. do.	9 0 2	26 7 11	73 13 7	76 0 9	149 14 4
	3rd do. do.	0 17 8	2 5 11	8 12 0	4 11 10	13 7 10
	4th do. do.....	.. ..	... ...	5 12 9	... ...	5 12 9
	1st do. 1859.....	2 10 15	2 2 4	12 4 3	18 10 2	30 14 5
	2nd do. 1860.....	... ...	... ...	2 6 0	... ...	2 6 0
		24 7 1	64 0 5	260 1 3	114 8 7	374 9 10
		36 27 12	95 13 2	287 7 5	167 9 7	455 1 0
Womalur Division, Salem Taluq.	3rd Quarter, 1858.....	2 5 0	1 9 11	... ...	3 3 10	3 3 10
	Grand Total...	38 32 12	97 7 1	287 7 5	170 13 5	458 4 10

2. The extent of Inam lands shown in the Statement is Acres 38-32-12, assessed at Rupees 97-7-1, of which Acres 36-27-12, assessed at Rupees 95-13-2, appertain to the Tripatur Taluq, while the remaining Acres 2-5-0, assessed at Rupees 1-9-11, belong to the Womalur Division of the Salem Taluq.

3. The compensation was settled by Mr. Brett, my predecessor.

4. The compensation settled and paid amounted to Rupees 287-7-5. A sum of Rupees 170-13-5 was also paid as the assessment on the lands taken up for the rail, in lieu of which fresh lands were applied for, or on which assessment became due for the time which lapsed between the time the lands were taken up, and the time the compensation or value was settled and paid. Except in a few cases the compensation was settled and paid previous to the receipt of the Government Extract from Minutes of Consultation, dated the 2nd July 1858, No. 908, directing that full inquiry should be made into the validity of the Inamdars' title before applications for fresh lands, or for compensation in lieu of Inam lands taken up for public purposes are made. As soon as the Government Order was received, the further payment of compensation was postponed till the Inam Commission should establish the title of the Inamdars. The Inam Deputy Collector is now engaged in the District in making inquiry, and I have taken steps to obtain a Statement showing how the several cases in which lands have been taken up for the Railway have been disposed of by him. As soon as I obtain the necessary information, I will submit a report to the Board on the subject settling such cases which require payment in ready cash, and submitting a Statement in those cases in which lands are applied for in lieu of those taken up.

5. I am led to ask for sanction at once in the cases specified in the Statement which accompanies this letter, for the amount appears in my accounts as an advance unadjusted, and the Accountant General has frequently objected to it so appearing.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

ABSTRACT.—Statement showing the compensation, &c. paid for Inam lands taken up for the use of the Railway in the Salem District.

Ordered to be submitted to Government with the Board's recommendation that the charge of Rupees 458-4-10, paid in compensation for certain Inam land taken up for the Railway, be sanctioned.

2. As the Inam Commissioner's operations in the District will shortly be completed, it is advisable to defer the final adjustment of the compensation or substitution of new land for Inam land occupied in the District; but otherwise the Board observe that the Order of Government to which the Collector alludes was not maintained in practice, as on re-consideration it was admitted that parties in undisputed possession of land taken up for the Railway, would not be fairly dealt with if the adjustment of their claim to compensation were deferred until the question of title had been disposed of by the Special Department.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) W. HUDLESTON,
Secretary.

To J. D. Sim, Esq., Secretary to Government, R. D., with enclosure.

ORDER THEREON, 27th January 1864, No. 52.

His Excellency the Governor in Council sanctions the charge of Rupees (458-4-10) four hundred and fifty-eight, Annas four, and Pice ten, paid by the Collector of Salem in compensation for Inam lands taken up for the Railway, during the periods above specified.

(True Extract.)

for ~~Chief~~ Secretary.

To the Board of Revenue.
" Consulting Engineer for Railways,
(with Statement.)
" Deputy Auditor and Accountant General.
" Civil Paymaster,
" Revenue Department.

Exd. J. Tulloch.

No. 547.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 28th January 1864.

Read the following letter from the Collector of Madura, dated 18th December 1863, No. 303 :—

1. As directed in your Circular letter, dated 17th November 1863 (Board's Miscellaneous Circular No. XCVIII), I have the honor to report that four different species of Foreign Cotton seed, viz., Egyptian, Brazil, Peruvian, and acclimatized Cotton seeds were received in 1861, 1862, and 1863, from the Board as shown in the marginal correspondence.

1. Egyptian Cotton—Board's Mis. Circular,		14th June	1861, No.	3,115.
	Do. do	4th July	do ,,	3,514.
	Do. do	16th Aug.	do ,,	4,477.
2. Brazil Cotton—Board's Proceedings,		9th July	1862, ,,	4,415.
3. Peruvian Cotton— Do.	do	20th June	do ,,	3,964.
Do.	do	24th Sept.	do ,,	6,393.
Do.	do	11th Oct.	do ,,	6,818.
Do.	do	13th Jan.	1863, ,,	161.
Do.	do			
4. Acclimatized Cotton—Board's Official Memorandum		4th August	1861, No.	557.

They were distributed to the Ryots of this District for cultivation, and the results of the experimental cultivation of the Egyptian and Brazil Cotton seed have been reported under the marginal dates.*

* Letter to Board 29th August 1863, No. 181.
Do. do. 5th November 1863, No. 256.

2. In my letter of the 28th September last, No. 206, I have submitted for the information of the Board that the Peruvian Cotton seed has been sown, and that the plants grew but did not produce any Cotton as they were only just then coming into flower. When the results are known I shall make a further report on it. The monsoon destroyed the first flowers ; the plants are looking well.

3. The acclimatized American Cotton seed received with the Board's Memorandum of 4th August last was distributed at the end of September. The Egyptian Cotton referred to in the Board's Official Memorandum dated 15th October, No. 838, has just been received from Tuticorin, and a further supply promised in the Board's Memorandum of the 27th ultimo, No. 971, is not yet received. The seed will be at once distributed for cultivation, and the results duly reported, but as usual, the seed has been sent after the sowing season. Cotton seed should be sent to this District before September.

---

1. Ordered that the above report be submitted for the information of Government.

2. The Collector's reports noted in the margin at the end of paragraph 1 of his present letter were communicated to Government with the Board's Proceedings, No. 5,620, dated 8th September 1863, and No. 7,659, dated 5th December 1863.

3. The further supply of Cotton seed alluded to by Mr. Levinge in paragraph 3 was shipped on board the Screw Steamer "Euphrates" to his address by the Collector of Sea Customs, Madras, on the 23rd ultimo, as reported in his letter to the Board of the same date.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

Secretary.

To J. D. Sim, Esq., Secretary to Government, R. D.

Copy to A. Hunter, Esq., M. D., Honorary Secretary, Agri-Horticultural Society.
,, to Æ. R. McDonell, Esq., Acting Collector of Madura.

Exd. J. Wright.

Pro. 5 Jany 64 nos 24-25
25 Sept 63 - 332-333-

Rec'd 1864. Department.
Mem. of Revenue Board for Feby.

No. 320.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE,

Dated 28th January 1864.

No. 547. Rd 362

29th February 1864

RECORDED.

Submitting a letter from the Collector of Madura stating that he has already reported upon the results of the experimental cultivation of Foreign Cotton seed.

Read.

29th February 1864

15

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department, 1st February 1864.

No. 13. Read the following Proceedings of the Madras Government in the Revenue Department:—

Transferring Proceedings of the Board of Revenue making certain observations on the Nellore Collector's letter regarding the results of the Pennair Anicut works. } (Here enter 20th January 1864, No. 120.)

No. 14. ORDER THEREON, 1st February 1864, No. 333.

Ordered to be recorded, with reference to the previous Order in this Department under date the 9th January 1864, No. 82.

(True Extract.)

Colonel, R. E.,
Secretary to Government.

To the Superintending Engineer, 2nd Division.
„ Revenue Department.
„ Board of Revenue.
„ Controller and Auditor of Public Works Accounts.

Exd. S. T. Augustin.

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following letter from C. G. MASTER, Esq., Secretary Board of Examiners; to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated 26th January 1864, No. 35.

I am directed by the Board of Examiners to lay before Government the results of the last Quarterly Examination of Civil Servants on the 13th instant.

2. Eight gentlemen appeared before the Tamil Sub-Committee, two of them being Candidates for the major reward. The Telugu Sub-Committee examined eighteen Civil Servants, two for the major reward, and the others according to the Public Service test.

Names.	Date of arrival.	Language.	Date of Examination.
Mr. F. H. Wilkinson.	10th Nov. 1863.	Telugu.	13th Jan. 1864
,, A. J. Stuart.....	27th Oct. ,,		
,, H. W. Bliss.....	15th Dec. ,,		

3. The marginal table* exhibits, in the order of merit, the names of the gentlemen reported qualified for the Public Service in Telugu—none having passed in Tamil. The usual Tabular Statement, copy of which accompanies, has been forwarded to the Fort Saint George Gazette for publication.

4. The gentlemen named in the margin† who presented themselves for the major reward are considered by the Board to have fully attained the prescribed standard.

† Mr. J. W. Best, } Tamil.
,, E. Storr,
,, J. G. Horsfall, } Telugu.
,, B. Horsbrugh,

5. Referring to paragraphs 16 and 25 of the Rules§ for the Examination of newly appointed Members of the Madras Civil Service, I am directed to request that the usual donation of Rupees 1600 may be awarded to each of the gentlemen named in paragraph 4, and that the first increased rate of allowances may be passed to Messrs. Wilkinson, Stuart, and Bliss from the date of examination, viz., 13th January 1864. The necessary provision has been made in the Budget.

§ Published at page 820 of the Fort Saint George Gazette of 21st July 1854.

6. Mr. P. L. Roberts, Assistant Collector of South Arcot, who has been reading with the Board's permission for the minor reward also appeared for examination in Hindustani on the 13th instant. The Board consider that he has attained the proficiency required by the rules, and recommend the grant to him, under Rule XVII, of the usual donation of Rupees 800, for which due provision has been made in the Budget.

7. Messrs. Storr, Best, Horsfall and Horsbrugh are available for the Public Service. The Board have permitted the three last named gentlemen to take up a third language in view to obtaining the minor reward.

Tabular Statement showing the names of the Junior Civil Servants who have passed the Examination in Telugu held on the 13th January 1864.

No.	Names.	Date of arrival.	Date of examination.	Remarks.
1	Mr. F. H. Wilkinson.....	10th November 1863.	13th January 1864.	
2	„ A. J. Stuart.....	27th December „		
3	„ H. W. Bliss.....	15th „ „		

Board of Examiner's Office,
26th January 1864.

(Signed) C. G. MASTER,
Secretary.

Order thereon, 2nd February 1864, No. 119.

The Governor in Council has much satisfaction in conferring the Honorary reward of Rupees 1600 on Messrs. J. W. Best, E. Storr, J. G. Horsfall, and B. Horsbrugh, the first two for their proficiency in the Tamil language, and the two last for their proficiency in the Telugu language. He also sanctions the grant of the minor reward of Rupees 800 to Mr. P. L. Roberts, who has passed the prescribed test of qualification in the Hindustani language.

2. The first increased rate of allowances will be passed to Messrs. Wilkinson, Stuart and Bliss from the 13th ultimo, the date of their examination.

3. Of the five junior Civil Servants who are now available for employment in the Public Service, Mr. Horsbrugh has been already appointed an Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Vizagapatam. The Governor in Council resolves to attach Messrs. Storr, Best and Horsfall to public offices at the Presidency for a period of six months from this date; and he requests that the Board of Examiners will notify to each of the junior Civil Servants now prosecuting their studies under the Board's orders, that they will be similarly employed at the Presidency for a period of six months after having passed their examinations in the Vernacular languages. It is very desirable that junior Civil Servants, before being employed in the Provinces, should gain some insight into the manner in which business is transacted in the Presidency offices, and that they should have the opportunity which will be thus afforded to them of becoming known to the heads of the Presidency offices.

The following are the Offices to which junior Civil Servants will in future be attached :—

The Government Secretariat.
Registrar's Office, High Court, Appellate Side.
Board of Revenue.
Office of the Inspector General of Madras Police.
Accountant General's Office.
Advocate General's Office.
The period of such employment will be strictly limited to six months.

Messrs. Storr, Best and Horsfall will be employed respectively under the undermentioned Officers :—

Mr. Storr.....Chief Secretary.
Mr. Best.....Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.
Mr. Horsfall.....Board of Revenue.

They will be treated as Junior Civil Servants while thus employed, their salaries being drawn for them by the Board of Examiners.

(True Extract.)

G. J. Cumberland
Chief Secretary.

To the Board of Examiners.
„ Accountant General.
„ Civil Paymaster.
„ Honorable the Judges of the High Court.
„ Board of Revenue.
„ Inspector General, Madras Police.
„ Advocate General.
„ Revenue Department.

2 spare copies

Exd. T. O'Connor.

FINANCIAL RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 15th January 1864, No. 241:—

Read again letter from the Acting Collector of Cuddapah, dated 2nd, in Consultation 5th September 1863, No. 5767.

Read also letter from the same Officer, dated 10th, in Consultation 16th December 1863, No. 8113.

With reference to the Board's Proceedings,* dated 24th September 1863, No. 6101, I have the honor to inform you that the well in question properly comes under Class B, as the Railway Department have retained the well, and use the water for the works now in progress, and consequently the sum of Rupees 70 must be re-imbursed to Government by the Railway Department.

* A revised Statement is herewith sent.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

ABSTRACT.—Register of land taken up for Railway purposes in the District of Cuddapah during the 1st and 2nd quarters ending 30th June 1863.

The Board are of opinion that the well in question falls under *Class C*, and not B, as it was taken for a "purpose contingent on the actual execution of the works on the line," and its cost is, as the Acting Collector himself states, re-payable by the Railway Company. The cost of lands, &c., taken under Classes A and B, is alone borne by Government—Vide Standing Circular, dated 16th August 1861.

2. Ordered accordingly that the necessary alteration be made in the Statement, and that it be submitted to Government with the Board's recommendation that the charge of 70 Rupees, incurred by the Acting Collector on account of the Railway in the 1st and 2nd quarters of the past year, be sanctioned.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) W. HUDLESTON,
Secretary.

To J. D. Sim, Esq., Secretary to Government, R. D.,
with copy of Board's Proceedings, 24th September 1863, *No.* 6101, *and a Statement.*

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 24th September 1863, No. 6101.

Read letter from H. G. SMITH, Esq., Acting Collector of Cuddapah, to W. HUDLESTON, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 2nd September 1863, No. 137.

I have the honor to transmit a Statement of compensation paid in the 1st and 2nd quarters of 1863, on account of a well taken for Railway purposes, which was omitted to be reported by the Tahsildar of Sidhavatam Taluk, and request that you will obtain the sanction of Government for the amount of Rupees 70, as specified in the above Statement.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

ABSTRACT.—Register of land taken up for Railway purposes in the District of Cuddapah, during the 1st and 2nd quarters ending 30th June 1863.

Ordered that the Statement be returned to the Acting Collector for revision.

2. It is not sufficient to state in the column headed "Purpose for which required" that the well was taken "For the use of the Railway Department," which statement must be true of all classes of land, &c., and not only of Class B. The Acting Collector will please to be more explicit in order to enable the Board to judge whether the property appropriated is properly entered under Class B, which is to be provided at the expense of Government.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) W. HUDLESTON,
Secretary.

To H. G. Smith, Esq., Acting Collector of Cuddapah,
with Statement returned.

ORDER THEREON, 2nd February 1864, No. 58.

His Excellency the Governor in Council sanctions the amount of compensation, viz., Rupees (70) seventy, paid by the Collector of Cuddapah on account of lands taken up for Railway purposes under Class C, during the 1st and 2nd quarters of 1863, the cost being re-payable by the Railway Company.

(True Extract.)

G. J. Cumberland

Chief Secretary.

To the Board of Revenue.
" Consulting Engineer for Railways,
(with Statement.)
" Deputy Auditor and Accountant General.
" ~~Civil~~ Paymaster.
" Revenue Department.

2 spare copies

Exd. J. Tulloch.

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department,
11th February 1864.

No. 233. Read the following letter from Colonel A. J. M. BOILEAU, R. E., Superintending Engineer, 4th Division, to Colonel C. A. ORR, R. E., Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, dated Palmanair, 5th February 1854, No. 4,903 :—

SIR,

1. With reference to the Proceedings of Government No. 298, dated 28th January 1864, I have the honor to point out that the annual cost of the Conservancy Establishment for North Arcot, as sanctioned on the 16th idem, is Rupees 3,504, and not Rupees 5,877 as given in the statement from the Secretary to the Board of Revenue. This latter amount includes Rupees 2,472 on account of an Establishment that had been proposed to be employed in future for the Palar Anicut, but the sanction of which I did not think it advisable to recommend.

In Proceedings No. 163.

2. The Establishment entered in the list in question for the Madras District is correct, that for the Cumbum Cal (not Kurubumkal) Channel having been sanctioned in the Proceedings of Government No. 3,818, dated 23rd December 1863.

No. 234. ORDER THEREON, 11th February 1864, No. 421.

1. Ordered to be recorded.

2. The statement referred to in paragraph 1 was prepared by the Controller and Auditor of Public Works Accounts.

(True Extract.)

Colonel, R. E.,
Secretary to Government.

To the Revenue Department.
„ Superintending Engineer, 4th Division.
„ Controller and Auditor of Public Works Accounts.

Exd. S. T. Augustin.

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department, 11th February 1864.

No. 239. Read the following Proceedings of the Madras Government in the Revenue Department:—

Sanctioning the transfer of the Chunambat Salt Pans to the South Arcot District, and requesting the issue of final orders in respect to the direction of the road from that Station. } (Here enter 1st February 1864, No. 175.)

No. 240. ORDER THEREON, 11th February 1864, No. 424.

1. The question of the transfer of the Chunambat Salt Pans to South Arcot having now been definitively settled, it remains for the Government in this Department to consider the proposals of the Collector of that District submitted by the Superintending Engineer, 4th Division, in his letter recorded in Proceedings, dated 12th December 1863, No. 3,671. These are:—

First.—Connecting the Chunambat Pans with Trunk Road No. VIII near Ongoor, a village on the southern branch line leading to Pondicherry.

Second.—Constructing a direct road to Mercanum from the Pans.

2. The Board of Revenue will be requested to report its opinion on these propositions. It appears from Colonel Boileau's letter dated 4th December 1863, No. 3,782, that a communication already exists between the Pans and Mercanum, but being rather circuitous a direct line is now proposed. The Board will consider whether the importance of the Chunambat Pans will justify the outlay for a new road.

(True Extract)

Colonel, R. E.,
Secretary to Government.

To the Superintending Engineers, 4th and 5th Divisions.
" Board of Revenue.
" Revenue Department.

Exd. S. T. Augustin.

No. 6,191.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 16th September 1862.

Read the following letter from the Honorable D. ARBUTHNOTT, Collector of Salem, to W. HUDLESTON, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Madras, dated 18th August 1862, No. 190 :—

1. I have the honor to forward for the orders of the Board of Revenue the enclosed copy of a letter from the Acting Sub-Collector of Salem dated the 24th ultimo, No. 162, recommending the dismissal from the service of Bheema Row, Tahsildar of the Dharampury Taluk.

1. Letter from the Acting Sub-Collector to the Collector, dated July 1862.
2. Do. from do. dated 8th August.
3. Extract from Inspection list.
4. Letter from the District Engineer to Sub-Collector, dated 7th June.
5. Translation of deposition given by the Tahsildar of Dharampury
6. Mr. Knox's order to the Tahsildar.

2. The papers connected with this case, as specified in the margin, are enclosed for the Board's information.

First charge.

3. The charges brought against this Tahsildar by the Acting Sub-Collector are two; first, neglect of duty; second, making a false report in the case of an irrigation channel.

4. In support of the first charge the Sub-Collector enumerates several instances in which the Tahsildar had shown utter indifference to the orders of his superiors and gross neglect of his duties.

Second charge.

5. The particulars of the case in which the Tahsildar made a false report are given in paragraphs 17 to 19 of the Sub-Collector's letter. I find that the removal of the bund was ordered not only by the Sub-Collector, but also by my predecessor in an order dated the 20th February last, a copy of which he sent to the Sub-Collector with other correspondence relating to a complaint made by the Anasagoorem Ryots regarding a bund, which they alleged the Engineering Department had constructed, and requested the Sub-Collector to see the spot personally and enquire of the matter.

Vide enclosure No. 3, District Engineer's Inspection list, dated 28th April 1862.

6. The Sub-Collector inspected the locality personally, when he fined the Ryot who had constructed the bund, which the officers of the Public Works Department stated to be dangerous, and directed the Tahsildar to have it removed. The Tahsildar reported that the bund had been removed according to the Sub-Collector's orders, while it was not actually removed.

* Vide enclosure No. 5.

† Vide enclosure No. 4, District Engineer's letter, dated 7th June 1862, No. 28.

7. The Tahsildar's defence* is that as much of the bund as was erected by the Ryots was removed, but that Captain Gahagan, the District Engineer, had permitted the Ryots to reconstruct it. The District Engineer states† that he never gave any such permission, and it is not likely that he would have done so, while he and his subordinates repeatedly urged on the Collector and the Sub-Collector the immediate removal of the bund.

‡ Vide enclosure No. 2.

8. With reference to paragraph 21 of the Sub-Collector's letter, I wrote to him on the 29th ultimo, and requested him to give the Tahsildar an opportunity of retiring on pension, but the Sub-Collector reports‡ that the Tahsildar had refused to chose that course.

9. I am not personally acquainted with Bheema Row, but have reason to believe that my predecessor did not entertain a good opinion of him. He was considered both by Mr. Brett and by Mr. Knox, the late Officiating Collector, an idle and careless man. I find an order issued by Mr. Brett to this Tahsildar on the 4th January last, quoting the several instances in which the Tahsildar was fined and reprimanded, and stating that if he did not show more care and zeal in the discharge of his duties he would be degraded to a lower post. Mr. Brett issued this order in consequence of a letter from the Sub-Collector, Mr. Smith, recommending the suspension of the Tahsildar from office for six months owing to neglect in the collection of old arrears.

10. From the above the Board will observe that this Tahsildar has been time after time warned, fined, and lastly threatened with degradation to a lower office without effect, and that this officer has for many years continued to show the same persistent want of zeal and contempt of the orders of his superiors, and lastly, that he has made a deliberately false statement to his immediate superior the Sub-Collector. I need scarcely add that public business cannot be satisfactorily carried on under such a state of things, and I therefore request that the Board will be pleased to order his removal from a situation he is unfit to hold.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

From H. S. THOMAS, Esq., Acting Sub-Collector of Salem, to Honorable D. ARBUTHNOTT, Collector of Salem, dated Usur, 24th July 1862, No. 162.

1. I have the honor to reply to your letter No. 326, dated 23rd June 1862.

2. Mr. Smith left no final orders in the matter of the Dharampury Tahsildar, and when I took charge I was not made aware that any personal inquiry had been held at all; your letter under reply was the channel by which I was first informed.

3. In the meanwhile I had issued an order, a copy of which I have the honor to enclose. Being now better informed of the past conduct of this Tahsildar, I am free to confess that my order has not at all met the requirements of this case. Arriving in the District with an erroneously high opinion of this Tahsildar's character, and having only a portion of the information before me, my judgment leaned too much to mercy's side; and willing to make every allowance for oversight and casual negligence, I sent him a last warning.

4. But subsequent inquiry instituted on the receipt of your letter shows that this Tahsildar has received several last warnings, and that his chronic state of utter indifference to the orders of his superiors and neglect of his duties is not only incorrigible but growing worse.

5. I am informed from memory that a reference to the service register in your office will show you that Mr. Knox, a late Collector, and an officer who was peculiarly happy in his [illegible] of character graphically described this Tahsildar as "idle and useless, having neither sense of "duty nor justice."

6. To quote all the orders in which this Tahsildar's incapacity and indolence are remarked upon would be tedious in the extreme. Their name is legion. A few leading orders will suffice.

Order by Mr. Brett, 27th May 1858. Order by Mr. Hathaway, 24th January 1859.

7. Rupees 50 were found missing in the Tahsildar's treasury, and on inquiry the explanation was submitted that it had been lost in some inexplicable manner between the Taluk Shroff and the Golah. The Tahsildar was ordered that the loss being the consequence of his irregular manner of transacting his business, he was to refund the amount.

8. Upwards of a year after it was found that he had not paid the slightest attention to this order, and that the money remained unrefunded. He was further told that every thing in his

Order by Mr. Knox, 19th March 1860.

office was done in such an indolent manner that he ought to be dismissed, and he (Mr. Knox) only left it to his successor to carry out on the amalgamation of the Taluk. But why Mr. Brett did not carry out these definite arrangements does not appear. There may possibly be some record in your office. Of this order I am told there is an English draft in your office prepared by Mr. Knox himself.

9. Mr. Hathaway remarks on his not having reported for four years

10th January 1859.

the death of certain village servant (a Toty) and the transfer of the Maniem. The same officer soon after points out that his reasons for extraordinary delay in another case are

29th January 1859.

quite inadmissible, and eleven days later fines him Rupees 2 for three years' delay in a third case.

10. The consequence is that in the next year in a similar case of delay

12th March 1860.

this Tahsildar withholds the records which show his delay, and this I am informed is his constant expedient. In this order the then Collector, Mr. Knox, reprimands him severely for making a false excuse about the delay, and withholding the documents which showed it, for causing a Curnum to be kept under suspension for a longer period than he was authorized, by failing to report that he had paid up certain arrears, for causing loss by delaying to release property from attachment after the arrears due had been paid; for a frivolous excuse for disobeying an order to sell a Ryot's land, saying it was not in that Ryot's name, but his father's and grandfathers; when both father and grandfather were dead, and the said Ryot was enjoying it.

11. A month later he was fined Rupees 5 for accumulating arrears of

10th April 1860.

unanswered orders, though repeatedly warned.

12. With every ensuing year the number of condemnatory orders only

9th January 1861.

thickens. The year 1861 is commenced with an order from Mr. Smith, expressing his opinion that he is utterly careless of his duties, and ordering him specially with reference to a torch light robbery, in which four days wanton delay had occurred before putting the Police on the track of the robbers, to report weekly what steps he

28th January 1861.

was taking. This order like all others was disobeyed, and he was then fined Rupees 5, and ordered to submit his report by return of post. But he

4th February 1861.

treats that order too with sovereign contempt, upon which he is fined Rupees 5 again and at last tardily obeys.

13. After little more than a month there is another order showing

1st April 1861.

that in 55 cases disposed of by endorsement in this office, he had completely neglected to forward a single one to the parties concerned, which came to knowledge by the parties repeating their complaints before the office.

14. In the next month he is found incorrigible in the matter of his

31st May 1861.

revenue accounts, and threatened with suspension if he persisted in not making up his Demand, Collection and Balance Statement. He nevertheless neglected to obey this order also, and was fined Rupees 10, and again reprimanded for his repeated carelessness and ignorance of his duties. This

186[illegible]

is one of his many last warnings.

15. But all warnings are wasted on him. Mr. Smith's order at the clos

t October 1861.

of the year, calling his attention to the arrears in his office particularizes the cases, and amongst them I note a number of the simplest matters still unattended to, so that it is evident this Tahsildar has made up his mind that nothing shall induce him to discharge his duties.

16. In the one month that I have been in charge of this office besides a multitude of ignorances of Police duties, I find two simple cases of trespass delayed 2 and 2½ years, so that the parties have sustained great loss. These have been since quietly brought on the revenue side and thus got rid of, though for about two years they were called criminal cases.

17. To close all there is the case to which you refer in connection with the Maliamputty channel. A bund had been erected across the channel which the Public Works Department reported was very dangerous, in that it carried the rush of water against the opposite side of the channel. This Mr. Smith ordered him to remove. He reported that he had removed the bund raised by the villagers, but a subsequent report from the Public Works Department showed that he had done nothing of the sort. The top of the bund had been the least amount lowered, and thrown on both sides so that the bund was really as dangerous as ever. The Public Works Department saw the emergency, could wait no longer, and removed the bund themselves to prevent the supplying channel of one of the finest tanks in Salem from being breached.

18. The Tahsildar's quibble was that he had removed as much as had been erected by the Ryots; the rest he said had been silted up during the late freshes, but about this silt he had remained quite silent till his deceit was detected, and he was in want of an excuse to palliate it.

19. It was worthy of note that the land which is benefitted by this bund belongs to the Tahsildar's son-in-law and one other Ryot. Hence the reason for the Tahsildar's having so much

interest in first permitting without report the erection, and then disobediently and deceitfully supporting the maintenance of a bund, which was calculated to ruin those interests of Government which he was in a measure paid to protect.

20. Considering therefore that this Tahsildar is by long trial shown to be not only impracticable beyond the furtherest limits of hope and forbearance, but now positively corrupt in sacrificing the valuable interests of Government to private advantage, I have the honor to propose his dismissal from the public service.

21. He has served upwards of 25 years by which he would under other circumstances be entitled to a pension of one-third of his salary of Rupees 75, and should this consideration be granted him, he will have ample cause to thank the clemency which extended to him more than in my opinion he has any claim to.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) D. ARBUTHNOTT, Collector.

ENCLOSURE No. 2.

From H. S. THOMAS, Esq., Acting Sub-Collector of Salem, to Honorable D. ARBUTHNOTT, Collector of Salem, dated Usur, 8th August 1862.

1. In reply to your letter No. 414, dated 29th July 1862, I have the honor to inform you that in accordance with your request, I sent for Bheema Row, Tahsildar of Dharampury, and recommended him to withdraw of his own accord from the public service on the pension due to him. He represented that several years must pass before he would be entitled to full pension, and said that then and not till then would he be willing to give in his resignation. I gave him most clearly to understand that such a proposal could not for a moment be entertained, and that it was now and only now that the alternative was offered him. He was however determined.

2. I have the honor therefore to request you will be good enough to press upon the Board the necessity of getting rid of a man so impracticable, as I have shown Bheema Row to be, since reporting to you even, several cases of inordinate delay, utter disregard of orders, neglect of duty have occurred, for all of which he should be fined (vide Board's Circular Order, volume 1, page 41, note 2 appended to the Circular Order* of the Board of Revenue dated 28th July 1825, I am precluded from constantly fining a Tahsildar, and it is only left me earnestly to press upon you the importance of relieving the District of such an incubus.

* Vide Board's Circular Order, volume 1, page 41.

3. I enclose the final deposition taken by my predecessor, Mr. Smith. The point to be explained is clearly enough put to the Tahsildar; but explanation he offers none; he simply evades the question because he has none to offer; and his verbal explanation offered before me was just the same; unmeasuring and self-condemnatory, in that it is evasive.

4. I exceedingly regret that this and all the other records connected with this case were not enclosed in my last letter. I gave the most explicit and repeated orders to the despatch Clerk in person that they should be, and I have fined him for his negligence, and now enclose them with a Tamil and English list.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) D. ARBUTHNOTT, Collector.

ENCLOSURE No. 3.

Extract from Inspection List of Captain T. E. GAHAGAN, District Engineer of Salem, for the month of April 1862.

" Channel . . . . . " 28th April, Malliampatty.

" The Officer in charge of the Salem Range having reported to me that a bund which had some time before been thrown across this Channel by certain Ryots, and the immediate removal of which by the persons who constructed it had been ordered by the Sub-Collector of Salem (who took the trouble to inspect the work in person) had *not* been removed, and that the Tahsildar of Dharampury would not pay any attention to the Taluk Overseer's representations on the subject, I proceeded to the channel myself, and found, as Mr. Norfor had reported, a bank, about four feet high and five *yards* thick, stretching almost entirely across the channel, the opening left for the passage of water to the Anasagaram tank being only two and a half yards wide instead of seven or eight (as it ought at least to be).

2. Knowing the very stringent orders which the Sub-Collector had left with the Tahsildar of Dharampury for the immediate removal of this bund, I reported the result of my inspection to the Sub-Collector on my arrival at Ossoor; and was not a little astonished when that Officer put into my hands an Arzi bearing a date prior to that of my inspection of the channel from the Tahsildar, stating that in accordance with the Sub-Collector's orders he had *seen* the bund *entirely* removed; either this statement is grossly untrue, or the objectionable bund must have been re-constructed after the departure of the Tahsildar.

3. It is a curious fact that the objectionable bund, although quite certain to cause a breach in the supplying channel of one of the finest tanks in the Salem District is calculated to benefit some land held by the Tahsildar's brother-in-law.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) T. E. GAHAGAN, Capt., District Engineer.

Forwarded for the information of the Sub-Collector of Salem.

(Signed) T. E. GAHAGAN, District Engineer.

2nd May 1862.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) H. S. THOMAS, Acting Sub-Collector.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) D. ARBUTHNOTT, Collector.

ENCLOSURE No. 4.

From Captain T. E. GAHAGAN, District Engineer of Salem, to H. G. SMITH, Esq., Sub-Collector of Salem, dated 7th June 1862, No. 28.

1. I have the honor to reply to your letter No. 47 of the 3rd instant, forwarding for my remarks a deposition taken from the Tahsildar of Dharampury regarding the cross bund in the Mallayamputty channel.

2. I am unable to reconcile any part of the Tahsildar's statement with the real facts of the case. It was in consequence of Mr. Norfor's *reiterated* complaints of the *Tahsildar's disregard* of your order for the immediate removal of the cross bund, that I went in person to inspect the work on the 28th April last. I found there a regularly made bank with a flat top and sloping sides blocking up almost the whole of the water way of the channel, and I ordered its immediate removal putting in at the same time with my own hands two or three pegs to show the Ryots what I considered the *minimum* width of the bed of the channel could be consistently with the safety of the banks.

3. The idea of silt being brought down the bed of the channel and formed into a bank in the manner described by the Tahsildar, appears to me preposterous; and the statement that I marked out, and ordered the construction of a new cross bund is false.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) H. S. THOMAS, Acting Sub-Collector.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) D. ARBUTHNOTT, Collector.

ENCLOSURE No. 5.

Translation of a deposition given before the Joint Magistrate of the Salem District, on the 29th May 1862, by Bheema Row, Tahsildar of Dharampury Taluk.

QUESTION.—In paragraph 4 of your Urzi dated the 22nd March 1862, written in reply to my Takeed dated the 7th idem, directing you to remove the bund raised by Vanna Gounden and others across the Malayemputti Channel running into Annasagarum tank, you have stated that according to my orders the bund raised by Vanna Gounden and others had been entirely removed by themselves, and that you have personally seen the removal of the bund. But subsequently, on the 28th April last, the District Engineer inspected the channel and having found the bund still standing, informed me that the bund raised by the Ryots was not at all removed; that the bund measured 4½ feet in height, and 5 yards in breadth; that there was a gap measuring in breadth 2½ yards for the water to run through; and that Mr. Norfor has also reported to him that the bund was not removed. What have you to say?

ANSWER.—As stated in the above question, the Ryots removed the earth bund to the height to which they had raised it, and I have reported the same to you. Vanna Gounden and others informed me that on their complaining to Mr. Norfor that the Assistant Overseer had, in diverting the channel contrary to usage, threw earth which formed into mounds or bund which extended from the place referred to in the above question to the lands of Vanna Gounden and others, Mr. Norfor proceeded to the spot and inspected it; that on the request of the Ryots who were present then on the spot, Mr. Norfor permitted them to put up a bund along or adjoining the mounds; that the Ryots requested Mr. Norfor to construct the bund at the expense of Government, as they were not able to do so owing to their lands having been injured, and that Mr. Norfor refused to comply with this request. Mr. Norfor sent for me and told me that he had permitted the Ryots to construct a bank, and that he had also directed the Overseer to divert the channel 12 yards higher up (near Mullyemputti) to secure the lands from being injured by the floods. I have made a report in detail regarding it as a reply to the Collector's order. Mr. Norfor has also written to me an Yadast regarding the diversion of the channel 12 yards. It came to my notice that Captain Gahagan told the Ryots to raise a bund on the same spot from which the Engineer removed the former bund, and that for this purpose he had marked by pegs. About this and [illegible] the Overseer having accordingly raised a bund, I have made reports to you giving the measurements of the bund.

(True Translation.)

(Signed) D. ARBUTHNOTT, Collector.

ENCLOSURE No. 6.

ORDER to the Tahsildar of Dharampury.

The Officiating Collector having finished the settlement of Dharampury Taluk must inform the Tahsildar that he is of opinion that the state of his Office and Taluk is most disgraceful, and the Tahsildar has proved himself either the idlest or the most ignorant Officer in his grade, and as a natural consequence his subordinates are as idle as himself.

The arrears are very great, work not done, money not collected and nothing can be more disgraceful and indeed injurious to Government than the arrears of Durkasts for land extending over two and three years, the number unknown.

Orders disregarded, even an order of the Board of Revenue was not obeyed for one year, and apparently the orders in the Gazette not even read, and this being a man who has been constantly fined and reprimanded.

The Officiating Collector would have no hesitation in removing from his position such a idle and incapable Tahsildar, and may yet be necessary to do so, but he has no hesitation in recording his opinion that on the reduction of the Tahsildars from 14 to 10 the Dahrampury one must *go*, and it is only this prospect of his speedy removal that induces the Officiating Collector to allow of his remaining in his present responsible position. It will give him a chance of meriting some minor appointment when his Tahsildarship is abolished. He is also warned that a copy of this is to be shown Mr. Brett should the reduction take place after his arrival.

(Signed) T. J. KNOX, Collector.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) D. ARBUTHNOTT, Collector.

---

1. It is evident from the foregoing letter and its enclosures that Bheema Row, Tahsildar of the Darampuri Taluk, has for years past shown gross negligence in the discharge of his duties; and that in the case of misconduct which forms the subject of the second charge referred to by Mr. Arbuthnott, he disobeyed a very important order, and subsequently made a false report on the matter, in order to serve his own private interests.

2. Under these circumstances, as the Tahsildar has shown himself unfit for his office, and unworthy of all confidence, the Board have no hesitation in directing his dismissal from the public service.

(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) C. G. MASTER,
Acting Sub-Secretary.

To Honorable D. Arbuthnott, Collector of Salem.

Exd. J. Wright.

Enclosure 1st in the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue to the Secretary to Government Revenue Department dated 8th January 1864.

1862. Department.

No.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE,

Dated 16th September 1862.

No. 6,191.

Directing the dismissal of Deema Row Tahsildar of the Dharampury Taluq from the public service.

Rev 72/64.

No. 8,334.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 22nd December 1862.

Read the following Memorandum from P. GRANT, Esq., Collector of Coimbatore, to W. HUDLESTON, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Ootacamund, 12th December 1862, No. 259:—

1. In reply to Petition No. 3,305 of 1862, the Collector encloses for the information of the Board copy of a decision passed by him in the case of Lako Ram late Sub-Magistrate of Anamally.

2. The Petition is herewith returned.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

Mari Goundon.

The Sub-Magistrate of Anamalay Lako Ram by name was accused of having illegally detained one Mari Goundon for eight days, and with having endeavoured to extort from him Rupees 150 or 3 Cawnies of land.

Prosecutor deposed before the Deputy Magistrate, Southern Division, that he went to Sub-Magistrate to complain against certain parties who had allowed their sheep, about 150 in number, to enter in his land and graze in them, but that the Sub-Magistrate instead of listening to him received a complaint from the opposite parties, and demanded the money or land as stated above.

The Deputy Magistrate dismissed this case, as the evidence was unsatisfactory.

The Sub-Magistrate acknowledges that the case of the sheep was inquired by him, and that when the Prosecutor was not present, the Peons went and called him.

This case, whatever its merits may be, was evidently by the Sub-Magistrate's own showing carried on irregularly. Peons instead of Police Constables seem to have been employed, and the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code to have been disregarded.

Mari Goundon charges the Sub-Magistrate of Anamalay Lako Ram with refusing to sell him a stampt paper, and also with retaining the Rupee which he gave for the same. The Deputy Magistrate examined the case, but did not consider that there was evidence sufficient to warrant his punishing the Sub-Magistrate for breach of Section 40, Act X of 1862.

Prosecutor gave his Rupee and asked for a stampt paper which was produced, the Sub-Magistrate then asked him, who it was for. Prosecutor gave the man's name, on which he declared that he should not have the stamp, that the purchaser himself must come and get it, and that Prosecutor had no right to purchase the land which he (Sub-Magistrate) wanted.

The Gumastah gave evidence to the payment of the money, and to the refusal of the stamp. The Sub-Magistrate acknowledged the tender of the money and its refusal afterwards, on the grounds that the seller of the land must come and buy it. The Sub-Magistrate's course of conduct was in opposition to the rules laid down for his guidance, he had no business to refuse the stampt paper, and the motives imputed to him (viz., wishing to purchase the land for the conveyance of which to a third party the stamp was required by Prosecutor), throw strong suspicion on his conduct.

Highway robbery Case.

One Appavoo Chetty had been robbed; he informed the Sub-Magistrate of the fact, and inquiries were instituted in view to discover the perpetrators of the crime; the houses of certain suspected parties were searched; whilst the Sub-Magistrate was engaged in this duty, one Canacan, an apparent spectator came on the stage; the Sub-Magistrate asked the Chetty whether he did not suspect him, he replied not, but still his house was searched; he was subsequently taken to the Sub-Magistrate's Office, and according to his statement, there shown the

handcuffs, and told that if he did not pay 125 Rupees as a doceur for the release of the Prisoners, he would have them put on, and be committed to Court; he then promised to bring the money, was released for the purpose, but on getting away, changed his mind, sent one Petition to the Magistrate's Office, and went in person to lay a complaint before the Deputy Magistrate Southern Division.

Before the Deputy Magistrate the Sub-Magistrate in his deposition acknowledged that Canacan came to him, and told him that if he would promise to release the prisoners he would bring the money (property), pay it to the man who had been robbed, and settle matters with him; that he (Sub-Magistrate) did agree to these terms; that Canacan failed in hi[illegible]ss; that he (Sub-Magistrate) then committed the Prisoners to the Session Court (where they were all released), and issued a warrant for Canacan's apprehension for having deceived him.

That Canacan's house had been searched, although his name was not amongst those of the suspected parties, and that up to that time he and Canacan were good friends.

The Deputy Magistrate tried the Sub-Magistrate under Section 166 of the Penal Code for knowingly disobeying a direction of Law, &c., and acquitted him giving him advantage of every doubt; but, at the same time, he considered his conduct so reprehensible that he reported the same to this Office.

The Prosecutor Canacan is an Accountant of the Samatoor Poligar; the suspected parties, released by Court, are his Ryots. Canacan from his position would be likely to know every thing about the robbery, and therefore was made the willing or an unwilling medium through whom the restoration of property, or the payment of a doceur was to be carried out. Whether the Sub-Magistrate was actuated by pure, although irregular motives, or by illegal ones, it is difficult to say exactly. I believe that the latter prevailed, and having on a perusal of the records in three cases, been forced to conclude that he is unequal to, and unfit for, his position if he is not even corrupt, which I fear is the case, and combining with this the very bad character which the Sub-Magistrate has in the part of the country in which he has had charge, I resolve to dispense with his public services.

(Signed) P. GRANT, Magistrate.

(A true Copy.)

(Signed) P. GRANT, Magistrate.

ENCLOSURE No 2.—Petition.

Ordered accordingly that the following Endorsement be passed on the Petition in question:—

"The Board have received a report from the Collector on the subject of this Petition, and "understand that he has done all that is necessary in the matter."

(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) R. A. DALYELL,
Sub-Secretary.

To P. Grant, Esq., Collector of Coimbatore.

MS. copy of Endorsement to Petitioner.

Exd. J. Wright.

Revenue Department

No. 2

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue.
dated 8th January 1864.

Read Proceedings of the Madras Government dated 17th December 1863. No. 2316.

(Inform: 18th December 1863. No. 8190.)

The Board's Proceedings alluded to in para 2 and 3 of the order will accordingly be submitted for the information of Government.

(Here Endorse.)

To
J. D. Sim Esqre
Secretary to Government
Revenue Department.

with Copy of Board's Proceedings dated 16th September & 22nd 1862 No. 6191 & 8334.

Enclosure No 2 in the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue to the Secretary to Government R.P. dated 8 January 1864.

1862. Department

Rev: 72/64.

No.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE,

Dated 22nd December 1862.

No. 8,334.

Passing Endorsement on Petition No 3,305 of 1862.

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following letter from W. H. KERR, Esq., Supervisor, Government Press; to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated 26th January 1864.

I have the honor to submit with this a statement of the arrangements which I would propose for the printing of Secret Papers in the Government Press, and which might, if approved, be adopted as the Rules for the guidance of the Superintendent. I propose as the best means of securing secrecy, to employ as few men as possible and to pay them well enough, to make the employment an object of ambition to the best men in the Press, and at the same time leave no room for cavilling, should the Government find it necessary to execute the threat of summary dismissal held out as the consequence of the contents of a paper being disclosed. The rate of pay recommended to be given to the men employed is higher than I originally intended to propose; but taking into consideration the additional restraint which will be imposed on the men, and the risk of dismissal, is not I think more than is necessary to make the employment sought after, as I think it ought to be. It has been fixed too on the supposition that the number of papers so printed will be very limited, none being marked "Secret" unless its secrecy is of great importance.

2. It will be seen that I have made the dismissal of the whole of the Compositors employed the penalty to follow the disclosure of the contents or part of the contents of any secret paper. This will not of course be enforced if the offence can be brought home to any one of them, but as a *rule* is I think preferable to attempting to make each Compositor responsible for the paper or part of the paper given to him, as the latter plan might have the effect of inducing the men to think they might make public a paper given to their neighbour with impunity. It would also necessitate the screening off of one Compositor's desk from another, which I doubt being ever very effectual.

3. The allowance of one Rupee per mensem, which I propose to give to each man whose name is down in the Register, being a permanent charge, must be shown in the Pay Abstract of the fixed Establishment, and will require therefore the sanction of the Government of India.

Rules to be observed in Printing Secret Papers.

I. The Superintendent will see that the room, which has been set apart for the printing of secret papers, contains at the time that the printing of any paper is commenced every requisite for a complete detached Printing office.

NOTE.—To economize space in the Printing rooms, marginal lines may be printed in Small Pica.

II. The names of ten* Compositors will be registered by the Superintendent in the Press Order Book, and these men will, if approved by the Supervisor, be the only men eligible for employment in the Secret Printing room.

* The Secret Printing room will hold 7 or 8.

They will be selected as the best workmen and the men of the best character in the Press, and will be allowed a retaining fee of one Rupee per mensem, whether employed in printing secret papers during the month, or not.

The retention of their names in the Register will of course be subject to their general good behaviour.

III. On receiving a paper marked "Secret," which will always be sent direct in a sealed cover, the Superintendent will select from among these ten Compositors, as many hands as from the quantity, or the urgency of the work required, he may think advisable, and set them to work in the Secret Printing room.

17 Dec. 63 No 3203 - 304.

Pay = 1864 - Office Secretary. Proceedings of Board of Revenue

Dated 8 Dec. 1863
Dep. 8
Rec. 29
2.2.

Public Work. The Board of Revenue called for with the orders of Govt dated 17 Dec. 1863 No 2316, remarking, and the Return of clerks &c Public Servants submitted the Board for the latter half of 1862.

12 inclosures.

RECORDED.

IV. With the exception of the *Rough-reading* of the proofs which will be done by the Superintendent, and the *examining*, which will be done either by the Superintendent or one of the Secretaries to Government, the whole work connected with the printing of a paper, including striking proofs and fair copies, washing the type prior to distribution, &c., will be done by the Compositors selected to print each paper, no one else being admitted to the Secret Printing room under any pretence whatever, while such printing is going on.

NOTE (*a*).—One of the Compositors will be selected on each occasion as the head of the working party, and will be employed in making up the pages, &c. He will be chosen as the best workman of the party, and will be paid the highest rate of wages earned by any one of them.

NOTE (*b*).—Special cases, when from press of work, &c. the above arrangement regarding rough-reading of proofs, &c. may not be practicable, should be reported for the orders of the Supervisor.

V. The Compositors employed in the Secret paper printing will be paid by the piece at Rupee 1 and Annas 2 per page, or double the ordinary rate; but it will be understood, and should be clearly explained to each individual Compositor, that this is paid on condition of the strictest secrecy being observed, and that, should the contents of any secret paper be disclosed, all the Compositors employed will be summarily dismissed. The contents of a secret paper will, as a rule, be known only to the writer,* the Superintendent, and the Compositors employed, so that this penalty will be strictly enforced.

* Or one of the Secretaries to Government.

NOTE.—In cases when, on the representation of the Superintendent, the Supervisor may think it necessary to appoint a *Foreman*, or *Rough-reader*, or both, they will receive double pay while so employed, subject to the same condition.

VI. The Superintendent will keep the Secret Printing room, as much as possible, under his own immediate supervision, and will be responsible that every proof of a secret paper, of which a corrected copy has been struck off, is immediately destroyed.

VII. The Superintendent will register the names of the Compositors employed in the printing of each secret paper in a book to be kept for that purpose, noting in it the particular paper or part of a paper given to each Compositor.

VIII. The Deputy Superintendent will, if necessary, act for the Superintendent in superintending the printing of any paper.

(Signed) W. H. KERR,
Supervisor.

ORDER THEREON, 11th February 1864, No. 155.

The Governor in Council sanctions the arrangement proposed in the foregoing letter for the Secret Department of the Government Press.

2. The charge, viz., Rupees 10 per mensem, will be entered in the monthly Statement of fresh charges, &c., submitted to the Government of India, with a request that it may be included as a permanent charge in the Budget Estimate for 1864-65, which will then be before them.

(True Extract.)

G. J. Campbell

Chief Secretary.

To the Supervisor, Government Press.
" Civil Paymaster.
" Accountant General.
" Revenue Department

Exd. J. Tulloch.

Press Copies

No. 891.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 9th February 1864.

Read the following letter from the Collector of Salem, dated 29th January 1864, No. 11 :—

1. With reference to the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated the 22nd December last, communicating Order of Government under date the 18th December 1863, No. 2,322, I have the honor to report that Mr. Cammiade has agreed to take up the Karara Sholah under the conditions proposed by the Government.

2. Copy of Mr. Cammiade's letter is herewith submitted.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

From J. CAMMIADE, Esq., to Honorable D. ARBUTHNOTT, Collector of Salem, dated 23rd January 1864.

I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated 4th instant, requesting me to state whether I am willing to take the Karara Sholah on the terms laid down by the Orders of Government dated 18th December last, and in reply to inform you that I am quite prepared to abide by that decision and ready to pay you the consideration on your favoring me with a title to my land.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) D. ARBUTHNOTT, Collector.

Submitted for the information of Government with reference to their Order quoted by the Collector.

(True Copies and Extract.)

Secretary.

To J. D. Sim, Esq., Secretary to Government, R. D.
Copy to Honorable D. Arbuthnott, Collector of Salem.

Exd. J. Wright.

Peon's 1861-62 Charges Rs. 1-13-0
Copy of Cammiade's Letter
Proceedings of the Board of Revenue
Dated 9th Feby. 1864
Received 16th Feby. 1864
No. 155.

Sanctioning certain arrangements proposed by the Superintendent Coorg Police Corps Rs. 362
29th February 1864
RECORDED.

13 vide 1a 4to.

No. 5,568.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 5th September 1863.

Read the following letter from the Honorable D. ARBUTHNOTT, Collector of Salem, to W. HUDLESTON, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Senkerry droog, 19th August 1863, No. 149;—

1. With reference to my letter dated the 26th February 1863, No. 30, forwarding copy of the Decree passed in Original Suit No. 13 of 1862 by the Principal Sudder Amin at Salem, I have the honor to forward for the information of the Board, translation of an appeal plaint filed by the original Plaintiff Sookoovana Mudali of Salem in the Civil Court in Appeal No. 61 of 1863.

2. I will instruct the Government Vakeel to appear at the hearing of the appeal and to urge what is necessary.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

Translation of a Memorandum of Appeal in Original Suit No. 13 *of* 1862, *on the file of the Principal Sudder Amin's Court at Salem.*

Principal Sudder Amin's Court at Salem.

Sookavana Mudali of Salem (*Plaintiff*) — *Appellant.*

1. Tiruvengadiah, Village Munsiff of Salem,
2. Venkit Ramanihen, Zufti Ameen, resident of Salem.
3. Ambojee, resident of Salem,
7. Abdul Khader, resident of the Fort at Salem,

(*Defendants*) — *Respondents.*

5. Mr. Boalth, Deputy Magistrate of Salem,
6. Ramasamiah, Deputy Magistrate of Salem,

(*Supplemental Defendants and Respondents.*)

This is an appeal to the Civil Court against the Decree (of the Principal Sudder Amin's Court) passed on the 7th February 1863, depriving me (the Plaintiff) of Rupees 600 claimed on account of defamation of character and damages, Rupees 75 on account of costs, and Rupees 75 on account of fines levied contrary to law, making a total in all Rupees 750.

1. As Act XVIII of 1850 does not prevent (parties) to sue the Collector either for levying tax not becoming due according to law, or for any of his proceedings done in his official capacity, I have brought this case against the Defendants and Supplemental Defendants on account of defamation of character and damages.

2. Section 43 Regulation IX of 1816, and the rulings contained in the Sudder Court's Decree No.— of 1857, page 154, provide to sue the Magistrates in the Civil Courts for levying fines illegally; I have therefore brought the Suit for the recovery of the fines also. The above authorities were pointed out by me in the first hearing in the Mufty Sudder Amin's Court, and the Mufty Sudder Amin has accepted them.

3. In the first instance I made a complaint to the 2nd Supplemental Defendant that the 1st and 2nd Defendants demanded of me more tax than I ought to pay, and also asked him to receive the tax that I ought to pay. The 2nd Supplemental Defendant told me not to pay more tax than what was due by me and took from me only the notice. He neither investigated my complaint, nor received the tax which I wished him to receive.

4. The 2nd Supplemental Defendant in the way of aiding caused the 1st and 2nd Defendants to distrain my property for the extra tax which they wanted me to pay, and thus disgraced me. He also received a complaint from the 1st and 2nd Defendants against me, and subjected me to the operation of warrant and also to disgrace.

5. Contrary to the diary orders of the Mufty stating that as the case was pending before a Civil Court the 1st Supplemental Defendant should not interfere in the case under the Foujdari Circular dated the 7th December 1853, No. 200, the 1st Supplemental Defendant subjected me to investigation, to the operation of warrant, and fined me, and thus disgraced me.

Dated 9th February 1864.

No. 891

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 387 Department.

Rev. 1864.

Submitting letter from the Collector of Salem reporting that Mr. Cammiade has agreed to take up the Karara Sholah under the conditions prescribed by Government.

7. While I have detailed all these in my plaint, the allusion in the decree that no act which would disgrace the Plaintiff was committed by the Defendants, is contrary to the plaint. The allusion in the Decree that the act of the Supplemental Defendants in upholding the conduct of the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th Defendants was not illegal, is contrary to the Sudder Court Proceedings (dated 2nd December 1834) contained in the rules of practice. The allusion that an appeal should have been preferred instead of a Civil Suit is contrary to Section 43, Regulation IX of 1816, also to the Proceedings of Sudder Court dated the 25th January 1851 and to the rulings containcd in a Decree of 1857, Sudder Rulings, page 154.

7. The allusion that no notice was given under Section 245 (Act XXXII of 1860) for the act done contrary to Section 195 Act XXXII of 1860 is improper. The proceedings of the Supplemental Defendants in aiding for the distraint made contrary to law and for the complaint preferred against me are not borne out by Section 215 Act XXXII of 1860. This is apparent from Section 220 Act XXXII of 1860, as I was fined under Regulation IX of 1816. I brought the original Suit under Section 43, Regulation IX of 1816, Sudder Proceedings dated the 25th January 1851, and rulings contained in a Decree of 1857 published in Sudder Rulings page 154. According to these regulations no notice is required to be given. Under these circumstance. I request that justice may be rendered to me.

Admitted on the 28th March 1863. (Signed) SOOKANANA MUDALI.

(True Translation.)

(Signed) D. ARBUTHNOTT, Collector.

The Board approve the Collector's intention as reported in paragraph 2 of the above letter.

(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) W. HUDLESTON,
Secretary.

To Honorable D. Arbuthnott, Collector of Salem.

Exd. J. Wright.

Dated 5th September 1863.

No. 5,568.

Approving of the Collector's intention to instruct the Government Vakeel to appear at the hearing of the Appeal No 61 of 1863 and urge what is necessary.

Returned to the Collr of Salem & Govt Solr 9. Dec 1863 with Mr. No. 840.

1863. Department.

Rec: 381/64.

No.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE,

No. 840.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 6th February 1864.

Read again letter from the Collector of Salem, No. 149, dated 19th August 1863, forwarding translation of an Appeal No. 61 of 1863, in Original Suit No. 13 of 1862, on the file of the Principal Sudder Ameen's Court at Salem.

Read also Board's Proceedings, No. 5,568, dated 5th September 1863, approving the intention of the Collector of Salem to instruct the Government Vakeel to appear at the hearing of the Appeal No. 61 of 1863 in the Civil Court, and to urge what is necessary.

Read also the following letter from the Collector of Salem, dated Ahtur, 11th January 1864, No. 3:—

1. With reference to the Board's Proceedings dated the 5th September last, No. 5,568, sanctioning the defence in Appeal Suit No. 61 of 1863, on the file of the Civil Court at Salem instituted by the Plaintiff Sookavana Moodelly, I have the honor to forward for the information of the Board copy of the Decree passed by the Civil Judge, confirming the Decree of the lower Court on the grounds therein set forth.

2. Costs both in original and appeal will be recovered from the Plaintiff.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

Appeal Suit No. 61 of 1863, from the Decree of the Principal Sudder Amin of Salem in Original Suit No. 13 of 1862.

In the Civil Court at Salem.

Present—J. W. CHERRY, Esq.

	In the Court of first instance.	In the Appellate Court.
	Plaintiff.	*Appellant.*
Sookavana Moodelly.		

By Vakeel Mohamed Minnoodeen Saib.

1. Teroovengadien, ...	Defendants.	Respondents.
2. Vencatara manien, ...		
3. Ambojee, ...		
4. Abdul Kader, ...	Supplemental Defendants.	
1. W. Boalth, Esq., ...		
2. Tahsildar of Salem, ...		

Government Vakeel Narasiah.

Judgment.

The Court concurs with the lower Court in considering that there are no grounds for the institution of this Suit, and is of opinion that it has been rightly dismissed by the lower Court whose decision is upheld. The Appeal is dismissed with all costs.

SALEM, 17th November 1863.

(Signed) J. W. CHERRY, Civil Judge.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) D. ARBUTHNOTT, Collector.

ENCLOSURE No. 2.

Appeal Suit No. 61 of 1863, from the Decree of the Principal Sudder Amin of Salem in Original Suit No. 13 of 1862.

In the Civil Court at Salem.

Present—J. W. CHERRY, Esq.

	In the Court of first instance.	In the Appellate Court.
Sookavana Moodelly....	*Plaintiff.*	*Appellant.*

By Vakeel Mohamed Minnoodeen Saib.

1. Teroovengadien, ...	Defendants.	Respondents.
2. Vencataramanien,...		
3. Ambojee, ...		
4. Abdul Kahder, ...		
1. W. Boalth, Esq., Deputy Magistate, ...	Supplemental Defendants.	
2. Tahsildar of Salem, ...		

Government Vakeel Narasiah.

Grounds of Appeal.

I. That the Act XVIII of 1850 does not bar him from bringing a Suit against Collector for acts done in his official capacity.

II. That Section 43, Regulation IX of 1816 does not prohibit the entertainment of a Suit against a Magistrate for the recovery of a fine imposed by him.

III. That he laid a complaint before the 1st Supplemental Defendant (Deputy Magistrate) against the 1st and 2nd Defendants to the effect that he was taxed in excess, but he failed to make an inquiry into the subject matter of it.

IV. That the 1st Supplemental Defendant abetted the 1st and 2nd Defendants to attach his property in satisfaction of excess tax, and thereby defamed him.

V. That in reference to Foujdari Circular No. 200, dated 7th December 1853, the Munsiff during the pendency of the Suit sent an order to the 1st Supplemental Defendant prohibiting him from interfering with the subject matter of the Suit ; but the 1st Supplemental Defendant, without complying with such order of the Munsiff, fined him (Appellant).

VI. That the Court below in its decision remarks that the Supplemental Defendants upheld the conduct of the Defendants one to four, which is opposed to the Sudder Proceedings of 2nd September 1830.

Decree.

The Civil Judge upholds the decision of the Lower Court, and dismisses the Appeal with all costs.

Costs incurred by Appellant in the Appeal Suit.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Value of Stamp papers...	33	0	0			
Pleader's fees...	37	8	0			
Batta for Summons Peon	4	14	0			
				75	6	0
Costs incurred by 5th and 6th Respondents in the Appeal Suit.						
Pleader's fees...	37	8	0			
				37	8	0
				112	14	0
Amount of costs already paid by Appellant... ...				75	6	0
Amount of Appeal costs to be paid by Appellant to Respondents.				37	8	0

Decree sealed and signed on the 17th November 1863.

Term for special appeal expires on the 15th February 1864.

(Signed) J. W. CHERRY, Civil Judge.

No process of execution will be issued to enforce the Decree unless some proceedings shall have been taken to keep the same in force within three years next preceding the application for such execution.

The period for preferring a special appeal from this Decree will expire on the 15th February 1864, within which time the application for special appeal, accompanied by copies of the several decrees previously passed in the case, must be presented to the High Court, or the application will be rejected.

(Signed) J. W. CHERRY, Civil Judge.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) D. ARBUTHNOTT, Collector.

1. Ordered that the above papers be submitted for the information of Government in continuation of the Board's Proceedings, No. 1,336, dated 18th March 1863.

2. Government will perceive that an Appeal to the Civil Court from the Decree of the Principal Sudder Ameen was made by the Plaintiff in Original Suit No. 13 of 1862, which was instituted by one Sukavana Moodelly, an inhabitant of Salem, to recover certain sums of money as damages, &c., from certain servants of Government including Mr. Boalth and Ramasamiah, Deputy Magistrates of Salem, and that the Judge of the Civil Court has dismissed the Appeal with all costs declaring that he "concurs with the Lower Court in considering that there are "no grounds for the institution of this Suit," and that he "is of opinion that it has been rightly "dismissed by the Lower Court."

(True Copies and Extract.)

Secretary.

To J. D. Sim, Esq., Secretary to Government, R. D.,
with copy of Board's Proceedings dated
5th September 1863, No. 5,568.

Copy to Honorable D. Arbuthnott, Collector of Salem.

Exd. J. Wright.

Po. 9 June/63 No. 149-50
18 June/62--1-25-253
4 July 1862 to 6-6-63

Rev. Department.

Rev. 1864.

No. 381-

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE

dated 6th February 1864.

Rec. 12-2-
P.C.

Submitting letter from the Collector of Salem forwarding the Decree passed by the Civil Judge in Appeal Suit No 61 of 1863 in O. S. No 13 of 1862 instituted by Sookavana Moodelly of Salem

Certified to be
True Extract
for Secretary

15 Jan 1864.

No. 840.

36

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following letter :—

From the Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

Requesting to be furnished with a copy of Government Order, No. 3932, dated 10th December 1863, Military Department. } Here enter 27th January 1864, No. 97.

ORDER, No. 552, *17th February* 1864.

Resolved that a copy of the Order, dated 10th December 1863, No. 3932, applied for by the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, be furnished to him.

2. The Governor in Council observes that Act VI of 1849, exempts Pensions from "seizure, attachment or sequestration by process of any Court, at the instance of a creditor, for "any demand against the Pensioner, or in satisfaction of a decree or order of any such Court," and declares all "assignments, agreements, orders, sales and securities made by any such Pensioners, on account of any such Pension, or for giving or assigning any future interest therein, "to be null and void."

3. The power possessed by Government, in respect to Pensioners, is set forth in the Regulations transcribed in the margin; and it has been the practice, with reference thereto, to cancel, reduce and suspend Pensions.

Pension Regulations, Section 2.

Paragraphs 34 and 72. "European and Native Pensioners on conviction by a Civil tribunal of Felony or of any vicious or disgraceful conduct, forfeit all claim to Pension; Government being vested with discretionary power of restoring the Pensioner, either to his original Pension, or to a part of it."

Extract from instructions for the guidance of Chelsea Out-Pensioners in drawing their Pension.

"Any Pensioner guilty of violence or outrage towards the Staff Officers or other persons employed under them in paying the Pensioners, will be punished by the loss, either of a part or of the whole of his Pension, in addition to any other punishment which the Law may inflict."

Any Pensioner convicted of Felony or of any attempt to commit a fraud in the receipt of Pension or Prize Money, will be struck off the Pension List."

4. It will be understood that the Orders of Government, dated 10th December 1863, No. 3932 and 16th January last, No. 196, were issued in consequence of its having been brought to the notice of Government that Pensioners, to whom Maintenance Orders had been issued by Magistrates, had, by leaving the jurisdiction of such Magistrates, evaded the Maintenance Orders in question.

5. To remove all grounds, however, for any complaint of infraction of the provisions of Act VI of 1849, His Excellency in Council directs that, henceforth, no further step be taken by the Superintendent of Pensions or Pension Paymasters, in cases such as those referred to in the Orders of 10th December and 16th January last, beyond refusing to any Pensioner to whom a Maintenance Order is issued, leave of absence beyond the jurisdiction of the Magistrate issuing the Order, unless the Pensioner furnishes a guarantee that the terms of the Order will be duly complied with; or, if he has already obtained leave, cancelling the same, except on the condition above specified.

(True Extract.)

Secretary to Government.

To the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, with copy of Proceedings, dated 10th December 1863, No. 3932.
" Superintendent of Pensions.
" Adjutant General,.....
" Controller of Military Finance,..... } for information.
" Examiner Pay Department,..... ...
" Judicial Department,.....
" Revenue " ..... With 10 spare Copies

Exd. T. Stubbs.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following letter from J. L. LUSHINGTON, Esq., Acting Deputy Auditor and Accountant General; to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated 21st January 1864, No. 336.

Budget Department.

With reference to paragraph 6 of a Bill introduced for the levy of a Cess in lieu of Village Service Fees, published in the Fort Saint George Gazette, I have the honor to draw your attention to the ruling of the Government of India in their Resolution, No. 4095, dated 27th August 1863, under the head "Village Service Funds," which, for ready reference, is subjoined:—"All fees or quit-rents received by the Government for the payment of Village servants "should be credited to 'Land Revenue,' and the corresponding payments should be charged "to 'Allowances to District and Village Officers, B III.'" From this you will observe that the proceeds of the Cess in question cannot be thrown into a General Fund and be distributed as proposed in the above Bill.

No. 4095.

FORT WILLIAM, FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT, DATED 27TH AUGUST 1863.

RESOLUTION.

The Honorable the President in Council is pleased to give the following directions in reference to the undermentioned heads in the Madras Accounts:—

"*General Education Fund.*"

The interest on a non-transferable 4 per cent. Government Treasury Note purchased with a contribution from Government, forms the annual credit to this head, from which the cost of construction and repair of Educational Buildings is met.

As the Government will be prepared to grant, from year to year, the full amount that may be required for Educational Buildings under the existing Rules, this special appropriation is no longer necessary, and the non-transferable Note should, therefore, be cancelled, and the expenditure for Educational Buildings should be provided for in the Annual Budget Estimate.

"*Fines Fund of the High Court.*"

This Fund is composed of Fines paid into the Treasury by the Clerk of the Crown, and the costs of prosecution in criminal cases form the debits.

The Fines should be credited to Revenue under "Law and Justice," and the cost of prosecution should be provided for in the Annual Budget Estimate under the corresponding head.

"*Village Service Funds.*"

All Fees or Quit-rents received by the Government for the payment of Village servants should be carried to "Land Revenue," and the corresponding payments should be charged to "Allowances to District and Village Officers," B III.

"*Government Agency Deposits.*"

These are the unclaimed Trust Deposits with the late Government Agency.

2. The President in Council desires that a special Report may be made as to these Deposits, and as to the proper mode of disposing of them.

Ordered that a copy be transmitted to the Officiating Deputy Auditor and Accountant General at Madras, in order that he may give effect to these arrangements in communication with the Local Government.

(Signed) ——————

Secretary to the Government of India.

ORDER THEREON, 30th January 1864, No. 75.

Communicated to the Legislative Department.

(True Extract.)

G. J. Cumberland

Chief Secretary.

To the Revenue Department.

To the Legislative Department.

Exd. J. Tulloch.

Recd 1864 Judl Dept
Judl Part Feb 330.
Copy of the Proceedings
from Govt to the
Govt Law Officers.

Recd 30th Jany 1864
Recd Yesterday
No 75.

Communicating
letter from the Commissioner
General on the subject
of obtaining all practicable
assistance from the
Police Force
in favour of Village Ser-
vants who
would be Land Revenue

No. 362.

29th Jany
1864

Recd 1864

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following papers :—

Proceedings of Government in the Revenue Department.

Referring, for consideration and orders, paragraph 6 of a letter from the Government Pleader requesting the aid of the Police for obtaining information respecting the character, &c. of certain witnesses, to enable him to cross-examine them before the Small Cause Court on behalf of defendant in O. S. No. 103 *of* 1855 *on the file of the late Masulipatam Civil Court.* (Dated 8th February 1864, No. 213.)

Referred to the Commissioner of Police for report.

(Signed) A. J. ARBUTHNOT,
Chief Secretary.

FORT SAINT GEORGE,
15*th February* 1864.

From Lieutenant Colonel W. J. WILSON, Commissioner of Police; to the Honorable A. J. ARBUTHNOT, Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated Madras, 16th February 1864, No. 28.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the Proceedings of Government noted in the margin, and to submit the following report upon the 6th paragraph of Mr. Dale's letter.

Revenue Department, 8th February 1864, No. 213.

2. On the 31st January last I received a note from that gentleman, requesting me to afford him assistance in obtaining information regarding the character and antecedents of certain persons named by him.

3. The extensive nature of the inquiry sought to be made will appear from the extract from Mr. Dale's letter herewith annexed, and there is nothing whatever in that communication which could have led me to suppose otherwise than that the services of men belonging to the Police Force were required. Had Mr. Dale requested me to recommend some intelligent person who might be employed on payment, there would not have been any difficulty in the matter, but no such request was made.

4. The ordinary manner in which information of the nature in question is procured by members of the legal profession is by employing men for the purpose at their own cost, and I could not detach any of the Police for such duties without serious inconvenience; besides which I am of opinion that the less they have to do with these matters the better. The same objections would not apply to men specially employed upon the terms mentioned in the latter part of the paragraph under report.

COURT HOUSE, *January* 30*th*, 1864.

No. 15.

"I hope I am not improperly asking your assistance; in England it would not be so considered, but I remember Edward Elliot was not very consistent in that respect, sometimes holding that the Police should not give assistance, at others affording it. If you can comply with my request, I shall feel much obliged by your doing so; if not, I must try and get the information by other means, though how it is to be attained I do not know.

* * * * *

The defendant has procured a commission from the Guntoor Court, directing the Small Cause Court to examine four witnesses.

1. Chintala Puty Viswanadum.
2. Mr. Marcellus Burke.
3. Gumparthy Narasyah; and
4. The Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

Of the three first I know nothing, and at the Small Cause Court I cannot even get their address beyond "Madras." From papers sent to me by the Collector, I find Mr. Marcellus Burke

resides at No. 68 in Condapah Moodelly's Street at Pursewaukum. Thursday next the 4th is fixed for the examination, and I must attend to cross-examine: to enable me to do which I require information regarding the character, profession, or means of livelihood of these parties, their antecedents, where they have been residing, what means they would have of knowing that the father Cavally Lutchmiah had advanced this money, and in fact any circumstances which would enable me to test the truth of their testimony, or would impugn their character, if not of the brightest hue.

The transactions are said to have commenced in 1810. A judgment was procured in 1839, and Mr. Burke is to prove something relating to Colonel Mackenzie being mixed up with the transaction. Colonel Mackenzie was Surveyor General of India, who, I believe, died 8th May 1821, and his letter is dated 1st February 1811, so any witness to speak to his having had any thing to do with the transaction must be an ancient."

(True Extract.)

(Signed) W. J. WILSON,
Commissioner of Police.

ORDER THEREON, 24th February 1864, No. 243.

The Governor in Council directs that Lieutenant Colonel Wilson's letter be communicated to the Government Pleader.

2. The Government concur in the opinion of the Commissioner that the employment of the Police in inquiries connected with Civil Suits is open to objection.

(True Extract.)

H. J. Courthope
Chief Secretary.

To the Commissioner of Police.
" Government Pleader.
" Revenue Department.

Exd. J. Tulloch.

Copy of this

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department, 7th September 1863.

No. 124. Read the following Memorandum from the Acting Consulting Engineer Irrigation and Canal Company, dated Saint Thomé, 1st September 1863, No. 50 :—

Read the following letter from F. AGNEW, Esq., Agent Madras Irrigation and Canal Company to Lieutenant-Colonel S. O. E. LUDLOW, R. E., Acting Consulting Engineer Irrigation and Canal Company, dated Madras, 15th July 1863, No. 514.

SIR,

Replying to your letter No. 75 of the 22nd June last, requesting my opinion on the subject of the transfer of irrigation under the Nundial tanks to the Company, I have the honor to state that the matter is now under reference to the Board of Directors, and that on receipt of their reply I shall communicate further with you.

1. Submitted to Government for information with reference to their Proceedings No. 1,033 of the 13th June 1863.

2. The result of the Agent's reference to the Board on the subject of the proposed transfer of certain tanks in Kurnool, to the Company, when received, will be duly communicated to Government.

(Signed) S. O. E. LUDLOW, Colonel, R. E.,
Acting. Cons. Engr., I. & C. Company.

No. 125. ORDER THEREON, 7th September 1863, No. 2,578.

Communicated to the Revenue Department with reference to the Order in that Department No. 1,033, dated 13th June 1863.

(True Extract.)

Colonel, R. E.,
Secretary to Government.

To the Revenue Department.

Exd. S. T. Augustin.

1864 Dec

Mo 115 - No. 215 - Dt - 4-12-1864

Jr. 26/10/64

4 25/12+18

In the Court 1863 pp 711-712

Pol = 1863 Copy
Bo. St. Con. for Feb.
Pl. to 2 Nullo
Proceedings of the
Madras Govt in
the P. W. Dept.

Dated 7th Feby
Received 9th " 1863.

No 2578.

From the Consulting Engr
Lpte 163 Cr 2172
29th Feby 64 362

Communicating
a Memorial from the Commissioner
Engineer, GC Company stating
that the agreement of the Agent
with the proposed transferring
Certain land &c in Carnac
to the Company will be
substantially carried Pl. 362

RECORDED.

Withdrawn.
29th July 1864.

Ordered to be recorded

Pl

1/1/63