

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Revenue DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 770	Press ~~Mis.~~
15.36	
Dated 5.5.19	186

Not to be folded or roughly handled

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
5th May 1863.*

No. 35. Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 8th April 1863, No. 2,020.

Read the following letters:—

From A. WEDDERBURN, Esq., Collector of Cuddapah, to W. HUDLESTON, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Muddenpully, 19th June 1862, No. 85.

SIR,

1. With reference to the Proceedings of the Madras Government and Order* thereon, dated 1st May 1862, No. 933, paragraphs 13 and 14, I have the honor to report on the working of the Conservancy Department in the Jungles of this District, and to submit a Statement† of the revenue realized from the Forests, and charges incurred for the three years prior to the organization of the Department, and in each subsequent year.

2. It is with much regret that I report that the working of the Cuddapah jungles under Mr. Assistant Conservator Morison has been a failure. That Officer appears to have disregarded the rules of his Department, and a full report of the inquiry into his proceedings held by my Head Assistant is already before Government.

3. The account which is now sent will show that licenses were granted by the Collector during the three years for a considerable amount of timber, which was required by the Railway Department. In the expectation of the Forests being duly examined and reported on by the Conservancy Department, and in order that the Forests might not be exhausted by indiscriminate cutting, there was an interval of some months in 1860,‡ during which permission to cut timber was held in abeyance.

4. After the capabilities of the Forests in the eastern section had been reported on, licenses were issued by the Conservancy Department; but as the rules of the Department which require the previous payment of the seigniorage into a Talook Treasury were set at naught by Mr. Morison, and as with the exception of a license book for the year 1862, which was recovered by my Head Assistant, no records were found with Mr. Morison's Office people, to show what timber had been cut or money realized; and as no receipts appear to have been given to the payers of the seigniorage by the Assistant Conservator, all the date of receipts from seigniorage are derived from a Memorandum of payments by the Department into the Talook Treasuries.

5. In working a Government Forest two things are required.

1st. That the Collector should have the financial control of the Department.

2nd. That a provision be made for checking waste of timber, preventing smuggling and making new plantations.

Under the former system, there was no charge whatever of expense to Government, but the system was imperfect. It could not prevent the improper cutting of young trees, check the carrying off more than were licensed, or organize new plantations. The Conservancy Department, by local inspection, &c., could therefore show a vast field for reform.

6. I am not disposed to think, without the check of a separate Department over the Revenue subordinates, I mean the heads of villages, that waste of timber can be prevented. I do not think that giving 20 per cent. of the collections to the head of a village will conserve the jungle; rather the contrary it is an inducement to ruinous felling, but from my experience of the village Officers in revenue matters, in which they are more capable of control and supervision, I am disinclined to give them any such trust or authority.

7. From the low state of morality prevalent, I consider that no Government revenue is safe except under the control of the most efficient checks; and if the Village Officers are Forest Rangers, who is there to check them; who is to know how much they collect, or what connivance they have with smugglers. Self-interest leads them to make the most of their position; when they rob Ryots, Ryots complain, but the forests have no representatives; with little honesty and no public spirit, Village Officers cannot be trusted.

8. If this be admitted, the question next is what agency of conservation should be adopted; of course, under Revenue administration, an energetic Tahsildar might here and there detect a store of wood in a village cut without license, and informers may start up, provided they have not been bribed previously to effectual silence, but this is not an effective system.

9. The system of a rival Department, as a preventative agency, appears to me to be the most suitable. Such an agency, under the control of a respectable Assistant, to act as an excise to mark timber which may be cut, to check by the stump system, to demand passports, and to seize contraband timber, is the system I would support.

10. But the granting of licenses should be in the Collector's hands alone. His Tahsildar receives the seigniorage into his Treasury, reports to the Collector, who thereupon forwards a printed license passport in the vernacular for delivery to the applicant; the counterpart in English being forwarded by the Collector to the Assistant Conservator; all temptation from the receipt of money by the Conservancy Department working, as it must be, under a very distant and ineffective check of the Conservator, is thus obviated.

11. The Conservator's Peons may either collect the vernacular passport on the frontier of the District, or mark it, as seen, if it is required to be shown in other Districts; a means may be employed by noting the date of inspection on it, so as not to allow of its being used again. This seems to me to be the most effective way; indeed, the date and issue of the license would be a check upon its further use, for, a rule might be passed, that all licenses expire within 1, 2 or 3 months after date, according to the circumstances of each application.

12. I object both to the system of making the Village Officers Conservators of the jungles, and to the issue of licenses by the Forest Department; a further trial of the Forest license system will not, I think, after recent events, be thought either judicious or prudent. A subordinate unchecked Department ought to be placed out of temptation, or else placed under the immediate control of the local authorities.

13. Another Department in which the services of an Assistant Conservator and Peons might be beneficial, is the organization, if practicable, of new plantations. I can hold out no hopes of this measure being efficiently or economically performed by the Revenue Department. It is a special service, and requires a special knowledge and care, which are not to be had without training.

14. But whether new plantations are feasible or not, a subject which the Conservator should report on, I am of opinion that a respectable Officer and 12 Peons acting as preventives on the waste of timber, would be beneficial to the District.

15. Should Government however not be inclined to incur this expense, I believe I shall be able, in communication with the Inspector General of Police, to arrange that Police Constables at the frontier stations should call for the passport licenses, and forward them to head quarters stopping all unlicensed timber, until orders were received for its disposal.

16. But the Board will perceive that this does not provide for the preservation of the Forests which the stump system of the Forest Department ensures; it only prevents smuggling and carrying off timber by the high road.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

ABSTRACT.—Statement showing the Receipts and Charges relating to each Forest under the Forest Conservancy Department in the District of Cuddapah, during the three years preceding the organization of the Separate Conservancy Department in the District, and in each subsequent year up to 1861-62.

From P. GRANT, Esq., Collector of Coimbatore, to W. HUDLESTON, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Ootacamund, 8th August 1862, No. 162.

SIR,

1. With reference to your letter of the 19th May 1862, No. 3,209, I have the honor to forward a Statement in the prescribed form of the revenue realized from the Forests in this District, and the charges incurred during each of the last three years prior to the organization of the Separate Conservancy Department, and in each subsequent year.

Say a European Overseer on
Rupees 60
And 12 Peons at Rupees 6...72
Rupees per mensem.... 132

2. The only Forests in this District where the working has been conducted to any considerable extent for a series of years, are those in the Anamally Forest. Under the designation of the Superintendent malics, and there was already a separate Officer* in charge of them previous to the organization of the Separate Conservancy Department, sanctioned in Extract from Minutes of Consultation of 19th December 1856, No. 1,332. This Officer was under the control of the Collector, through whose office all the reports and orders relating to the transactions of the Forests passed. At the end of March 1857 the Forests were formally made over to the Conservator's Department, consequently the Forests must be considered as having been under the Collector up to the end of the official year 1856-57. The Revenue realized and charges incurred during the last three years preceding the official year 1857-58, are accordingly shown in the Statement as referring to the period prior to the organization of the Conservancy Department.

3. Under the orders of Government the accounts of the Superintendent of the Anamally Forests were closed to the end of the official year 1854-55, with reference to which the Statement now submitted is prepared for the official years instead of the Faslis as ordered by the Board, for the period prior to the organization of the Conservancy Department.

4. The Segoor Forests were taken charge of by the Conservancy Department in 1860-61, previous to which there was no working under the management of Government Officers. The sums entered under the head of Revenue from 1854-55 to 1857-58, are the proceeds realized by the Collector's Department by leasing out the privilege of cutting Teak and Blackwood in the above Forests to private individuals, and no expenditure was incurred by Government previous to 1860-61.

5. The Moodoomallay Forests belong to the Rajah of Nellore, and according to the accounts of this office it is only since 1860-61 that they have been worked by the Conservancy Department; they were formerly worked, I believe, on account of the Jackatallah Barrack buildings under Captain Campbell's responsibility.

6. For the preservation of the Sholas in and about Ootacamund a small Establishment was kept up; the charges incurred on this account are shown under their respective years. From 1860-61 these Sholas have been conserved by the Forest Department.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

ABSTRACT.—Statement showing the Receipts and Charges relating to each Forest under the Forest Conservancy Department in the District of Coimbatore, during the three years preceding the organization of the separate Conservancy Department in the District, and in each subsequent year up to 1861-62.

From V. H. LEVINGE, Esq., Collector of Madura, to W. HUDLESTON, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 16th August 1862, No. 172.

SIR,

With reference to your letter, No. 3,209, dated 19th May last, I have the honor to forward herewith a Statement in the form annexed thereto, showing the revenue realized from the Forests in this District, and charges incurred during each of the last three years prior to the organization of the Separate Conservancy Department, and in each subsequent year up to 1862-63.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

ABSTRACT.—Statement showing the Receipts and Charges relating to Forests in the District of Madura.

Official Memorandum from the Honorable D. ARBUTHNOTT, Collector of Salem, to W. HUDLESTON, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 23rd June 1862, No. 145.

The Collector begs to forward the Statement prepared in accordance with the directions of the Board of Revenue in their Proceedings dated the 19th May 1862, No. 3,209. As a Comparative Statement of the working of the new Conservancy Department, the Board will observe that his Statement is of no value, as no tax on timber was imposed in any part of this District, except Denkencottah alone, prior to the appointment of the present Conservancy Department. It is also to be remarked that a large portion of the sums carried to the credit of the latter Department, consists of seigniorage paid by the Railway Department, an item which will not again rise to the same magnitude.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

ABSTRACT.—Statement showing the Receipts and Charges relating to each Forest in the Forest Conservancy Department in the District of Salem, during the three years preceding the organization of the Separate Conservancy Department in the District, and in each subsequent year up to 1861-62.

From A. P. HODGSON, Esq., Acting Collector of South Canara, to W. HUDLESTON, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Cundapur, 1st July 1862.

4 *Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department, 5th May 1863.*

STATEMENT showing the Receipts and Charges relating to each Forest under the Forest Conservancy Department in the District of South Canara, during the three years preceding the organization of the Separate Conservancy Department in the District, and in each subsequent year up to 1861-62.

Forest or Talooks or Villages containing Forests, now in charge of Forest Conservancy Department.	Years up to 1861-62, subsequent to the organization of the Forest Department in the District.												Remarks.				
	Three years prior to the organization of the Conservancy Department in the District.				Official year 1858-59.				Official year 1859-60.					Official year 1860-61.		Official year 1861-62.	
	Fasli 1265.		Fasli 1266.		Fasli 1267.		Receipts.		Charges.		Receipts.			Charges.		Receipts.	
Uppinangadi Talook.	Rs. 2,811	Rs. 1,337	Rs. 929	Rs. 40	Rs. 1,522	Rs. 904	Rs. 3,202	Rs. 1,243	Rs. 2,423	Rs. 1,426	Rs. 1,038	Rs. 1,682	Rs. 3,161	Rs. 2,869	The large forests are chiefly in the Talook of Uppinangadi. In Fasli 1265 Rupees 2,189 were realized by the sale of confiscated timber, and in Fasli 1267 Rupees 1,215 on the same account, the receipts consequently were comparatively large in those Faslis.		
Cassergode do.	Rs. 231	Rs. 30	Rs. 223	Rs. 2	Rs. 518	Rs. 0	Rs. 296	Rs. 0	Rs. 734	Rs. 0	Rs. 517	Rs. 0	Rs. 464	Rs. 0			
Udipi do.	Rs. 139	Rs. 0	Rs. 22	Rs. 0	Rs. 37	Rs. 0	Rs. 168	Rs. 0	Rs. 2,354	Rs. 0	Rs. 8,249	Rs. 0	Rs. 4,947	Rs. 70			
Cundapur do.	Rs. 16	Rs. 0	Rs. 7	Rs. 0	Rs. 232	Rs. 0	Rs. 926	Rs. 0	Rs. 740	Rs. 0	Rs. 746	Rs. 0	Rs. 2,789	Rs. 207			
Mangalore do.	Rs. 0	Rs. 0	Rs. 54	Rs. 0	Rs. 31	Rs. 0	Rs. 169	Rs. 0	Rs. 3,139	Rs. 52	Rs. 147	Rs. 0	Rs. 23	Rs. 0			
Total.	Rs. 3,197	Rs. 1,367	Rs. 1,235	Rs. 42	Rs. 2,340	Rs. 904	Rs. 4,761	Rs. 1,243	Rs. 9,390	Rs. 1,478	Rs. 10,697	Rs. 1,682	Rs. 11,384	Rs. 3,146	The charges are mostly the expenses incurred in bringing wood to the sea board.		
An Overseer was appointed on the 8th October 1858. The charges of Conservancy, since that date, appear against the Uppinangadi Talook.																	
The receipts from Sandalwood Sills in the Udipi Talook, previously brought to account under the head of "Moturpha," have been credited to the Forest Department since 1859-60.																	
Rupees 3,109, out of the receipts credited to the Mangalore Talook were collected on wood cut in the District of North Canara previous to its separation from this District.																	

An Overseer was appointed on the 8th October 1858. The charges of Conservancy, since that date, appear against the Uppinangadi Talook. The receipts from Sandalwood Stills in the Udipi Talook, previously brought to account under the head of 'Moturpha,' have been credited to the Forest Department since 1859-60. Rupees 3,109, out of the receipts credited to the Mangalore Talook were collected on wood cut in the District of North Canara previous to its separation from this District.

Forwarded with reference to Board's letter dated 19th May 1862, No. 3,209.

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department, 5th May 1863. 5

From G. A. BALLARD, Esq., Collector of Malabar, to W. HUDLESTON, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Calicut, 26th June 1862, No. 129.

SIR,

1. With reference to your Official Memorandum of the 21st instant, I have the honor to forward a Statement showing the Receipts and Charges relating to the Forests under the Conservancy Department in this District, called for in the Board's Proceedings dated the 19th ultimo, No. 3,209.

2. The delay in the submission of this Statement has arisen from the necessity of tracing the revenue realized from each Forest from the Talook vernacular accounts, as the English accounts in the Office show only the amount derived from all the Forests in gross.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

ABSTRACT.—Statement showing the Receipts and Charges relating to the Forests under the Conservancy Department in Malabar.

1. Resolved that the foregoing letters with their enclosures be submitted for the information of Government, with reference to their Proceedings marginally noted. An Abstract Statement prepared from the Collectors' replies above recorded showing the revenue realized from the Forests in each District, and the charges incurred during each of the three years prior to the organization of the Separate Conservancy Department, and in each subsequent year, is also submitted. The transactions for the former period relate to the Fasli year for which the accounts were then closed, while subsequent to the formation of the Conservancy Department, the receipts and charges entered in the Statement are for the official years. The Returns furnished by the Collectors do not however in all respects agree with those received annually from the Conservator of Forests.

2. CUDDAPAH.—The Forests in this District were taken in charge by the Separate Conservancy Department in 1860-61, and the average gross annual receipts while they were under the management of the Collector amounted to Rupees 2,060, which has increased to Rupees 4,968, since the assumption of the Forests by the Conservancy Department. In the latter period however the expenses amounted to 50 per cent. of the proceeds, while when under the Revenue Department no separate charge for management was incurred.

3. In paragraphs 5 to 15 of his letter above recorded, Mr. Wedderburn explains fully his views as to the best mode of conserving the Forests in his District, and the agency which he considers to be the most suitable. He recommends that the system of a rival Department under the control of a respectable Officer to act as an excise, to mark timber which may be cut, to the control of a respectable Officer to demand passports and seize contraband timber, is best calculated to promote the public interests, but that beyond this, the granting of licenses and receiving payment of seigniorage should be entrusted, the former to the Collector himself, and the latter to the Tahsildars, thus removing temptation to embezzlement from the Conservancy Department.

4. MADURA.—In Madura, the Conservancy Department was organized in July 1860, and the receipts subsequently rose considerably, but the charges have likewise risen, and amounted in 1861-62 to a little more than 33 per cent. of the receipts.

5. COIMBATORE.—Of the Forests in Coimbatore, the Animalies were for several years prior to the organization of the Conservancy Department in charge of a separate Officer, under the designation of Superintendent of the Animaly acting under the orders of the Collector. At the

end of March 1857, the Forests were made over to the Separate Conservancy Department. The transactions of the period prior to this date entered by the Collector refer to the official years. The Seegoor and Moodoomaly Forests came under the Conservancy Department in 1860-61, and the receipts from the former for the previous years, from 1854-55 to 1857-58 shown in the Collector's Return, are stated to have been realized through the Revenue Department by leasing out the privilege of cutting Teak and Blackwood to private individuals. The Moodoomaly Forests were at first worked on account of the Jackatallah Barracks under Captain Campbell's orders, and consequently no receipts or charges on account of them are entered for years prior to 1860-61. No receipts were obtained from the Neilgherry Sholas prior to 1860-61, but charges were incurred during that period for a small Establishment of Peons maintained to preserve them.

6. The largest amount of revenue, viz., Rupees 2,59,842, was brought to account in 1859-60 from the Animal Forests. In that year the receipts were swelled by the inclusion of the price of timber sold in former years, but only then realized and brought to account. The charges amounted to Rupees 22,764, or 8½ per cent. nearly on the receipts, but owing to the circumstance above explained, which has swelled the revenue for the year, the per centage of charge was unduly diminished. A correct comparison of the average annual receipts and expenditure, calculated with reference to the transactions of the three years prior to, and the five years subsequent to the formation of the Conservancy Department in the District, is shown to the margin.

	Receipts.	Charges.	Per centage.
Average of three years prior to the organization of the Separate Conservancy Department.	72,526	39,506	54
Do. of five years subsequent to do.....	1,01,057	47,804	47

7. SALEM.—The Forests in this District were transferred to the Conservancy Department in 1858-59. It appears that prior to this no tax was imposed on timber in any part of the District except in the Talook of Deekentottah, and consequently no comparison can be instituted between the receipts in this period and in subsequent years. It further appears that of the receipts entered for the latter period, a large portion consists of seigniorage paid by the Railway Department, an item not likely to yield in future so large an amount as in past years, as the use of iron-pot sleepers is being generally introduced.

8. SOUTH CANARA.—The principal large Forests in South Canara are in one Talook, and the receipts from them have gradually risen since the charge was transferred to the Conservancy Department. The receipts from Sandalwood Stills previously brought to account under the head of Moturpha, having been credited to the Forest Department since 1859-60, account partly for the increased revenue in that and subsequent years. The charges in 1861-62 amounted to a little more than 27 per cent. upon the receipts.

9. MALABAR.—The Wynaad Forests in Malabar were taken in charge by the Conservator in 1860-61. The subsequent large sales of Timber account for the enhanced receipts in 1861-62. The receipts from the Ernaad Forests have increased since 1858-59. The apparent falling off in 1861-62 is in consequence of the trees thinned out not having been sold till after the close of the year.

(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) W. HUDLESTON, Secretary.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT showing the Receipts and charges relating to each Forest under the Forest Conservancy Department in the several Districts of the Madras Presidency, during the three years preceding the organization of the Separate Conservancy Department, and in each subsequent year.

Districts.	Prior to the organization of the Conservancy Department.	Subsequent to the organization of the Forest Department.	Receipts.	Charges.
			RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Cuddapah.	Fasli 1267		1,373 0 1	...
	" 1268		2,750 15 0	...
	" 1269		2,057 13 6	...
		1860-61	4,455 2 8	1,257 9 6
		1861-62	5,481 13 3	2,759 1 10
Madura.	Fasli 1267		0 8 4	...
	" 1268		67 3 0	18 12 0
	" 1269		19 7 2	...
		1860-61	2,568 5 1	1,517 5 4
		1861-62	6,526 7 10	2,154 0 0
Coimbatore.	1854-55		6,177 1 0	30,974 0 9
	1855-56		1,51,602 7 5	31,445 0 6
	1856-57		59,797 15 1	56,098 5 7
	1857-58		82,171 8 10	35,818 3 9
	1858-59		9,835 8 0	27,322 1 10
	1859-60		2,59,842 4 3	22,764 9 4
	1860-61		62,657 14 7	60,584 11 10
	1861-62		90,779 4 0	92,529 9 3
Salem.	Fasli 1265		1,434 0 0	294 0 0
	" 1266		578 0 0	351 0 0
	" 1267		529 0 0	324 0 0
		1858-59	3,040 0 0	2,968 0 0
		1859-60	31,957 0 0	4,376 0 0
		1860-61	21,379 0 0	4,447 0 0
		1861-62	13,652 0 0	4,018 0 0
South Canara.	Fasli 1265		3,197 0 0	1,367 0 0
	" 1266		1,235 0 0	42 0 0
	" 1267		2,340 0 0	904 0 0
		1858-59	4,761 0 0	1,213 0 0
		1859-60	9,390 0 0	1,478 0 0
		1860-61	10,697 0 0	1,682 0 0
		1861-62	11,384 0 0	3,146 0 0
Malabar.	Fasli 1263		915 3 8	3,152 9 7
	" 1264		543 8 4	3,551 12 6
	" 1265		736 14 5	3,115 5 10
		1857-58	953 6 5	2,603 1 0
		1858-59	2,593 5 6	2,664 8 1
		1859-60	4,850 0 0	3,011 0 1
		1860-61	4,738 6 8	5,041 0 2
		1861-62	6,197 13 9	6,424 5 2

3 *Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
5th May 1863.*

No. 36. ORDER THEREON, 5th May 1863, No. 770.

1. With these Proceedings the Board of Revenue submit a Statement of Revenue realized by Collectors from the forests, and the charges incurred during each of the last three years prior to the organization of the Forest Department and in each subsequent year, as called for in paragraph 14 of the Order of Government, dated 1st May 1862, No. 933, in order to enable Government to decide whether more economical management cannot be introduced into the Forest Department. A copy of these Proceedings will be furnished to the Acting Conservator with a request to submit the further information to the same end promised in paragraph 6 of his letter, dated 5th May 1862, No. 11, at an early date together with the report called for in the Order dated 28th April 1863, No. 736.

2. The attention of the Collector of South Canara and of Mr. Brett will be called to paragraph 13 of the Order above alluded to.

(Signed.) J. D. SIM,
Secretary to Government.

Abstract Statement showing the Receipts and Charges relating to each Forest under the Forest Conservancy Department in the several Districts of the Madras Presidency, during the three years preceding the organization of the Separate Conservancy Department, and in each subsequent year.

Districts.	Prior to the organization of the Conservancy Department.	Subsequent to the organization of the Forest Dept.	Receipts.			Charges.		
			RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
Cuddapah.	Fasli 1267		1,373	0	1	...	...	...
	" 1268		2,750	15	0	...	...	...
	" 1269		2,057	13	6	...	...	...
Madura.		1860-61	4,455	2	8	1,257	9	6
		1861-62	5,481	13	3	2,759	1	10
Coimbatore.	Fasli 1267		0	8	4	...	...	...
	" 1268		67	3	0	18	12	0
	" 1269		19	7	2	...	...	...
Salem.		1860-61	2,568	5	1	1,517	5	4
		1861-62	6,526	7	10	2,154	0	0
South Canara.	1854-55		6,177	1	0	30,974	0	9
	1855-56		1,51,602	7	5	31,445	0	6
	1856-57		59,797	15	1	56,098	5	7
Malabar.		1857-58	82,171	8	10	35,818	3	9
		1858-59	9,835	8	0	27,322	1	10
		1859-60	2,59,842	4	3	22,764	9	4
Salem.		1860-61	62,657	14	7	60,584	11	10
		1861-62	90,779	4	0	92,529	9	3
Salem.	Fasli 1265		1,434	0	0	294	0	0
	" 1266		578	0	0	351	0	0
	" 1267		529	0	0	324	0	0
South Canara.		1858-59	3,040	0	0	2,968	0	0
		1859-60	31,957	0	0	4,376	0	0
		1860-61	21,379	0	0	4,447	0	0
Malabar.		1861-62	13,652	0	0	4,018	0	0
South Canara.	Fasli 1265		3,197	0	0	1,367	0	0
	" 1266		1,235	0	0	42	0	0
	" 1267		2,340	0	0	904	0	0
Malabar.		1858-59	4,761	0	0	1,243	0	0
		1859-60	9,390	0	0	1,478	0	0
		1860-61	10,697	0	0	1,682	0	0
Malabar.		1861-62	11,384	0	0	3,146	0	0
Malabar.	Fasli 1263		915	3	8	3,152	9	7
	" 1264		543	8	4	3,551	12	6
	" 1265		736	14	5	3,115	5	10
Malabar.		1857-58	953	6	5	2,603	1	0
		1858-59	2,593	5	6	2,664	8	1
		1859-60	4,850	0	0	3,011	0	1
Malabar.		1860-61	4,738	6	8	5,041	0	2
		1861-62	6,197	13	9	6,424	5	2

19 *Thalassidroma* — 383

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No. 844.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE,

Dated, 8th April 1863.

Despatched, 13th Dec.
Received, 14th Dec.

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NO. 2,020.

Submitting with remarks letters from certain Collectors, and an abstract statement showing the revenue realized from the Forests in each District, and the charges incurred during each of the three years prior to the organization of the separate conservancy department, and in each subsequent year.

Ms. A. 9. 2. 5. May

21 May 1944

11 With these things the Board of Revenue in brief statement of Revenue the realized by Collectors from the Forests, and it charges incurred during each of the last three years, from the organization of the Forest Department and in each subsequent year, as set forth in para 14 of the order of Sept 3/1st May 1862: & 93 towards the Revenue paid to the Government for the management of the Forests introduced into the Forest Dept. History of these things was furnished to the Government with a copy to submit the further information to the same Board promised in para 6 of his letter of 5th May 1862, & set our early date together with the report called for in the order of 28th April 1863.

order of 285 April 1873.

2. *Attention of the collector of South American*

and of U²-13 net will be called to figure 13 of the order above, plus,

Board of Revenue with Sir J. G. Macdonald,
the Commissioner of Goods &
Gifts of the Court of Wards & Escheats

✓

3/3/94 RH
3029/RH/S4