M.R.O. 14—10,000—21-4-22

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Revenue **DEPARTMENT.**

G.O. No. 1422-23 Press
Mis.
236-238

Dated 18 — 7 — 1861.

Not to be folded or roughly handled

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department, 18th July 1861.

No. 236. Read the following letter from Captain H. R. MORGAN, Officiating Conservator of Forests, to J. D. SIM, Esq., Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, Fort Saint George, dated Camp Hurroor, 10th June 1861, No. 510 :—

SIR,

1. In reply to the G. O. of 30th April 1861, No. 970, paragraph 6, calling upon me, after communication with the Collector of Salem, to report what Establishment will be sufficient, what localities should be placed under it, and what rules should regulate its proceedings, I have the honor to forward for the sanction of Government a revised Establishment with a list of the Táluqs to be occupied, and a new set of rules to regulate its proceedings. The above, as per accompanying letter, have been approved of by the Collector.

2. In my former letter, No. 440, dated 11th April 1861, I recommended 6 Rupees a month as the pay of the Peons, their duties being more onerous than those of a Táluq Peon.

3. I did not take into account any returns from sleepers, as from this date only 12 per cent. on the original demand can be fairly reckoned upon ; sleepers averaging eight years. This would amount to but Rupees 3,000 against Rupees 24,000 in former years.

4. In reply to paragraph 4, I would explain, that guarding the outlets of forests is a principal means of conservation, as no wood but that approved of by the Department is allowed to pass, all saplings, &c., cut contrary to orders are seized and sold for the benefit of Government.

5. The trees suitable for felling in the Salem Jungles grow so far apart, that to mark the trees would require a Peon for each man taking out a license, the average number of licenses out, at one time, used to be more than 500.

Statement showing the present and proposed Establishments required for the Conservancy in the District of Salem.

Táluqs.	Collections in Fasli 1268.	Collections in Fasli 1269.	Collections in the 6 months during the current Fasli.	Present Establishment.	Amount.			Proposed Establishment.	Amount.			Total Amount.		
					Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Attúr	85	50	1,152	3 Revenue Peons...	10	8	0	1 Pygust	7	0	0	42	0	0
Salem	1,413	3,077	239	5 do.	17	8	0	7 Peons at 5 Rupees each...	35	0	0			
Namkul	15	109	12	6 do.	21	0	0	1 Pygust	10	0	0	50	0	0
Utengeri	559	1,856	883	7 do.	24	8	0	8 Peons at 5 Rupees each...	40	0	0			
				1 Daloyet	7	0	0	1 Pygust	7	0	0	37	0	0
								6 Peons at 5 Rupees each...	30	0	0			
Tripatore	91	200	217	4 Peons	14	0	0	1 Pygust	7	0	0	27	0	0
								4 Peons at 5 Rupees each...	20	0	0			
								1 Gumáshta	8	0	0			
								1 Pygust	7	0	0	45	0	0
								6 Peons at 5 Rupees each.	30	0	0			
								1 Gumáshta...	8	0	0			
								1 Pygust	7	0	0	45	0	0
								6 Peons at 5 Rupees each...	30	0	0			
								1 Gumáshta	8	0	0			
								1 Pygust	7	0	0	55	0	0
								8 Peons at 5 Rupees each.	40	0	0			
												301	0	0
								1 Assistant Conservator ...	200	0	0			
								1 Overseer	80	0	0			
								1 do.	60	0	0			
								1 Writer	20	0	0			
								4 Peons at 6 Rupees each.	21	0	0			
												384	0	0
												685	0	0
				Total Revenue Establishment...	94	8	0	Deduct amount of present Establishment...				513	0	0
				Present Conservancy Establishment. *Vide* Letter No. 388, dated 23rd February 1861.	418	8	0	Increase Rupees.....				172	0	0
				Total...	513	0	0							

(Signed) H. R. MORGAN, Captain,
Officiating Conservator of Forests.

Rules for the Conservation of the Salem Jungles.

1. No license to be granted for less than twenty-five bándies. The money to be paid in advance. The time allowed in each license to be limited to two months.

2. The license and tickets to be shown when the carts pass the Tannah stations. Each piece of wood to be marked by the Peons, and the number of bandy loads to be entered on the back of the license.

3. If Satin-wood is cut the Department Peons to point out the trees. The seignorage on this kind of wood to be 3 Rupees per bandy load.

4. Acha Marum, Valli Naga, Vengay Muddee, Kul Muddee and Black-wood, to be charged 2 Rupees per bandy load.

5. The license to specify the name of the wood to be cut.

6. No wood except Satin-wood to be felled when the tree is less than three feet in circumference at three feet from the base.

7. Peons to proceed with the wood merchant and mark the timber when practicable.

8. The charge for fire-wood to be 6 Annas a bandy load.

9. Bamboos to be charged as follows: A bandy load of bamboos of the larger kind, termed in Tamil Valai, 12 Annas the load of forty-eight. A bundle of bamboos of the smaller kind, termed in Tamil Múngil, 6 Pie per bundle.

10. Persons requiring to cut bamboos to take out a license.

SALEM,
7th June 1861.

(Signed) H. R. MORGAN, Captain,
Officiating Conservator of Forests.

From H. A. BRETT, Esq., Collector of Salem, to Captain H. R. MORGAN, Officiating Conservator of Forests, dated Salem, 7th June 1861, No. 17.

SIR,

1. In reply to your letter of to-day's date, I have the honor to state that the Establishment now proposed for the Salem Jungles will, I think, be sufficient for the required purpose, if, as you have informed me, the plan of marking trees cannot be carried out with any adequate advantage in this District. The localities at which you proposed to station Peons seem to me to be judiciously chosen.

2. The new rules comprise, I consider, full information in respect to the terms on which the public will in future be allowed to cut timber, firewood, and bamboos. The rates to be charged on bamboos are moderate. At present a tax on bamboos is confined to the Denkinkotta Táluq. It seems perfectly fair that a similar charge should be extended over the whole District. Large quantities of bamboos are supplied to other Districts from the Shervaroy Hills, the Kollimalay Hills, and the Javady Hills, in addition to the supplies carried to Mysore from Denkinkotta.

3. The rate you propose to levy as seignorage on timber, viz., Rupees 2 a bandy load, though higher than that hitherto levied, will not be excessive compared with the present value of the wood, which, on an average, may be reckoned at 15 or 20 Rupees a load in the Salem market.

No. 237. ORDER THEREON, 18th July 1861, No. 1,422.

1. The revised Establishment proposed, the stations at which the servants are to be located, and the rules suggested for the future conservation of the Salem Jungles, are approved.

2. Ordered that the following application be made to the Government of India for their sanction to the increased Establishment exhibited in the Statement accompanying this letter.

To the Secretary to the Government of India.

Here enter 18th July 1861, No. 1,423.

(Signed) J. D. SIM,
Secretary to Government.

Ordered that the following letter be despatched.

No. 238. From J. D. SIM, Esq., Secretary to the Government of Fort Saint George, to the Secretary to the Government of India, dated 18th July 1861, No. 1,423.

SIR,

	Rs.	
Proposed Establishment.	685	
Hitherto maintained.....	513	
Increase...	172	per mensem.
	12	
	2,064	per annum.

1. I have the honor, by order of the Governor in Council, to forward for submission to the Government of India, the accompanying application in the prescribed form, for an increase of Establishment for the effectual conservancy of the Salem Forests, amounting to 172 Rupees per mensem, or 2,064 Rupees per annum, above the cost of the Establishment hitherto maintained.

2. An attempt to conserve the Salem Jungles has been maintained since 1858, when an Assistant Conservator (Mr. Blenkinsop) was appointed to the District; but he was almost unprovided with Establishment, and although a system of felling under license was established, yet the licenses were notoriously abused, and no means could be taken to prevent the cutting of young trees, which is, in fact, the primary object of conservation. Even under this very defective system however, the receipts were much more than sufficient to maintain an efficient Establishment; the produce of the license fees having been 6,680 Rupees in 1860, while the amount of seignorage on railway sleepers in the official year 1859-60, was no less than 23,471 Rupees, or a total of 30,000 Rupees a year. It is true that the receipts under the latter head must materially fall off, because the sleepers once laid down, are expected to last eight years, but the annual demand for sleepers will still be large, and Captain Morgan, the Officiating Conservator, estimates the future revenue from this source at 3,000 Rupees a year, or one-eighth the income realized in 1859-60.

3. The conservation of jungle timber is a matter of great and increasing public importance; and the attention of this Government has been very strongly drawn to this subject, especially in the case of the Salem District, by recent reports of Captain Morgan. The following quotations, from that Officer's last report, fully explain the nature of the evil to be guarded against:—

"In the valley running west at the base of the Chittairy Hills, there were a few good Acha and Muddree trees. The soil in this valley was superior. I observed some young Acha trees newly felled; they could not have been more than twenty years old, and only squared to six inches. It is this system of cutting young trees that is destroying the jungles; what with young trees for posts, for rafters, purlines, pandals, &c., the jungles stand a fair chance of becoming exterminated. To stop this pernicious system, the most stringent measures must be had recourse to; and a notice in the Salem Gazette has been issued, declaring all bandy loads of saplings liable to confiscation. This system of cutting saplings was particularly observable amongst the Satin-wood trees. None but very old or very young trees were left; all others had been cut for posts."

"From Nantopollum to the banks of the Cauvery, thousands of fine Acha trees fit for felling were seen, and it is from this source that we must look for our future supply of timber: here also, by the roadside, we found hundreds of Acha saplings had been cut by the herdsmen in the months of April and May, to supply food to their cattle: this pernicious practice, and the pollarding of the old Acha trees for the same purpose, has been strictly forbidden. The road all through is very steep and stony."

"The wood merchants at Penagram and in the neighbourhood have hitherto been in the habit of cutting young trees and bringing them up the Ghát on men's heads."

4. These extracts show how the timber resources of the Salem District have suffered from the practice of felling saplings and half grown trees. The great object of the Conservancy Establishment in such Districts as Salem, must therefore be to check this ruinous practice; and though in Districts of this character the forests cannot be of much importance as a source of

revenue, they can be made to pay for the means of preventing waste and the eventual destruction of the timber and fuel supply. At the same time it must be remembered that as many of the forests of Salem are very valuable, there is every reason to suppose that the income derivable from them will materially increase under efficient conservancy. At present, owing to the insufficient number of servants, much valuable property of Government is destroyed, and the State is defrauded of its just dues. The Collector reports that, in consequence of the present Establishment being too small to admit of trees being selected and marked for felling, any person wishing to cut timber is permitted, provided he took out a license, to cut down any tree he pleased, subject only to a seignorage charge of 3 Annas a sleeper when the timber is cut for sleepers, or to a charge of 1 Rupee a bandy load if the timber is felled for ordinary purposes. Mr. Brett believes that this license system has been much abused; more wood being passed in some cases than the licenses properly cover; and in others the tax being altogether evaded, owing to the want of an effective Establishment, while under pretence of cutting sleepers for the railway, the licensed cutters fell timber for market purposes, and thus defraud the Government.

5. Hitherto also, assistance was obtained from the Tahsíldárs of the different Táluqs; but in consequence of the general reduction of the Revenue Establishment wherever the new Police has come into force, the Táluq Peons have of necessity been withdrawn, and the Forest Department must now look to its own resources for the protection of its interests. Independently, therefore, of an enlarged agency as compared with that hitherto maintained, the proposition for the conservancy of the Salem Jungles has to provide for the Peons of the Revenue Establishment who have thus been withdrawn. With all this, however, the excess is only 172 Rupees a month, which will be amply covered by the revenue of the forests taken at its lowest estimate. An examination of the Conservator's Budget Statement as sanctioned by the Government of India, shows a total allotment of Rupees 9,754 for 1861-62 for the Salem Jungles, made up of the items noted in the margin.* The cost of the increased agency now proposed is 8,220 Rupees per annum, while, on the other hand, the income from the jungles at the lowest estimate is Rupees 9,680,† or Rupees 1,460 in excess of the proposed charge.

	Rs.
* Assistant Conservator at 200...	2,400
Assistant's Establishment.	
2 Clerks above 50 Rupees... ...	1,440
12 Servants.....	864
Contingencies.....	50
Working charges.....	5,000
	9,754
Cost of proposed Establishment.	8,220
† License fees.....	6,680
Seignorage on sleepers.....	3,000
Total...	9,680
Deduct cost of proposed Establishment.....	8,220
Surplus...	1,460

6. It must not be forgotten that the object in view is not a matter of revenue, so much as the conservation of the forests, and the prevention of waste, and of the eventual destruction of the timber and fuel supply. At the same time it is reasonable to suppose that, under the effective superintendence proposed, the income from the Salem Forests will materially increase.

No. 1,423.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—*Statement of Increase to Establishment in this Department recommended for the sanction of the Government of India.*

Year.	Charges. Ordy.	Charges. Etrdy.	Charges. Total.
......	......	......	......

Extract from Home Dept. of Govt. of India. No.	Extract from Home Dept. of Govt. of India. Date.	Office to which the proposition refers.	Nature of Charge. Present Scale.	RS.	A.	P.	Nature of Charge. Proposed scale.		RS.	A.	P.	Proposition. Permanent. Increase per month. RS. A. P.	Proposition. Permanent. Decrease per month. RS. A. P.	Proposition. Temporary. Period.	Proposition. Temporary. Increase per month. RS. A. P.	Proposition. Temporary. Period.	Proposition. Temporary. Decrease per month. RS. A. P.	Casual or Extraordinary.	Grounds of Proposition.	Local Government's recommendation.	Orders of the Govt. of India. Home Dept. Remarks.	Orders of the Govt. of India. Finl. Dept. Remarks.	Orders of the Govt. of India. Finl. Dept. Orders.
		Conservator of Forests.	*Establishment for Salem Jungles.*																				
			Attúr Táluq.				*Tripatore Táluq.*																
			3 Revenue Peons	10	8	0	1 Pygust	7															
			Salem Táluq.				7 Peons at 5 Rupees each	35															
			5 Revenue Peons	17	8	0			42	0	0												
			Namkul Táluq.				*Utengeri Táluq.*																
			6 Revenue Peons	21	0	0	1 Pygust	10															
			Utengeri Táluq.				8 Peons at 5 Rupees each	40															
			7 Revenue Peons	24	8	0			50	0	0												
			1 Daloyet	7	0	0	*Salem Táluq.*																
			Tripatore Táluq.				1 Pygust	7															
			4 Peons	14	0	0	6 Peons at 5 Rupees each	30															
									37	0	0												
				94	8	0	*Attúr Táluq.*																
			Present Conservancy Establishment	418	8	0	1 Pygust	7															
							4 Peons at 5 Rupees each	20															
									27	0	0												
							Namkul Táluq.																
							1 Gumáshta	8											*Vide* letter to the Secretary to the Government of India, dated 18th July 1861, No. 1,423.	Favorable.			
							1 Pygust	7															
							6 Peons at 5 Rupees each	30															
									45	0	0												
							Dharmapori Táluq.																
							1 Gumáshta	8															
							1 Pygust	7															
							6 Peons at 5 Rupees each	30															
									45	0	0												
							Denkincotta in Usur Táluq.																
							1 Gumáshta	8															
							1 Pygust	7															
							8 Peons at 5 Rupees each	40															
									55	0	0												
									301	0	0												
							1 Assistant Conservator	200															
							1 Overseer	80															
							1 Do.	60															
							1 Writer	20															
							4 Peons at 6 Rupees each	24	384	0	0												
			Total...	513	0	0	Total...		685	0	0												
							Deduct present Establishment		513	0	0												
							Net Increase...		......	...	...	172 0 0											

FORT SAINT GEORGE,
18th July 1861.

(Signed) J. D. SIM,
Secretary to Government.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your Most Obed^{t} Servant
W Morgan Capt^{n}
Offg. Conservator of Forests

R. Pro: 30th April 1861 No 494 &
497.

Rec'd 1861.
Pro: of Govt. 2 for July
From No 1476.
The Offg. Comr. of Forests.

To The Secy to Govt
R. D.

(Dated 10th
Rec'd 22nd
June 1861.

No 1422. 18th July

From Govt of Madras 29 Oct/61
Enclosure. three.
No 2086-
Forwarding a new set of
Rules and a revised list
of Establishments for
the sanction of Govt.
for the conservation of the
Salem Jungles.
With an order

Pro: of the Bd of Rev: 6th July
June 1862 C. No. 1734

No 236 & 237.

C. 11 Jul. R. 13.

No 1422.

The revised establishment proposed, the stations at which the servants are to be located, and the rules suggested for the future conservation of the Salem Jungles, are approved.

2 Ordered that the following application be made to the Govt of India, for their sanction to the increased establishment exhibited in the statement accompanying that letter.

18th July 1861

To The Offg Conservator of Forests Copy-18
Board of Revenue for information

Revenue Department. Statement of Increase to Establishment in this Department recommended for the Sanction of the Govt of India.

Year | Charges Ordinary | Extry | Total
" " " "

Extract from Home Dept. of Govt of India

Nature of Charge

Proposition — Permanent: Increase per month | Decrease per month; Temporary: Increase per month | Decrease per month

Grounds of Proposition

Orders of the Govt of India — Home Dept. | Financial Dept.

No. | Date | Heads under which proposition refers

Present Scale | Rs. A. P. | Proposed Scale | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | Rs. A. P. | Remarks | Remarks. | Orders.

Establishment for Salem Jungles

Attur Taluq

3 Revenue Peons — 10 8 ..

Salem Taluq

5 Revenue Peons — 17 8 ..

Namkul Taluq

6 Revenue Peons — 21 .. ..

Utengeri Taluq

7 Revenue Peons — 24 8 ..
1 Daloyet — 7 .. ..

Tripatore Taluq

4 Peons — 14 .. ..

Present Conservancy Establishment — 418 8 ..

Total 573 .. ..

Conservator of Forests

Tripatore Taluq

1 Pyguet — 7
7 Peons at 5 Rs each — 35 42 .. ..

Utengeri Taluq

1 Pyguet — 10
8 Peons at 5 Rs each — 40 50 .. ..

Salem Taluq

1 Pyguet — 7
6 Peons at 5 Rs each — 30 37 .. ..

Attur Taluq

1 Pyguet — 7
4 Peons at 5 Rs each — 20 27 .. ..

Namkul Taluq

1 Gunnasta — 8
1 Pyguet — 7
6 Peons at 5 Rs each — 30 45 .. ..

Dharmapori Taluq

1 Gunnasta — 8
1 Pyguet — 7
6 Peons at 5 Rs each — 30 45 .. ..

Denkinicottah in Attur Taluq

1 Gunnasta — 8
1 Pyguet — 7
8 Peons at 5 Rs each — 40 55 .. ..
1 Asst. Conservator — 200
1 Overseer — 80
1 do — 60
1 Writer — 20
4 Peons at 6 Rs each — 24 384 .. ..

Total 685 .. ..
Deduct present Establishment 513 .. ..
Nett Increase 172 .. ..

Vide letter to the Secy to the Govt of India dated July 1861 No.

Favorable

Lt. Col. Govt Commissioner

Lt. & Asst Gen.
18th July 1861

Rev Dept

No 1423

From Secretary Govt of India,

To Chief Commr of Coorg

Dispatched 5th Nov 26

Sir,

1. I have the honor, by order of the Govt in Council, to forward for submission to the Govt of India, the accompanying application in the prescribed form, for an increase of establishment for the effectual Conservancy of the Salem forests, amounting to 172 Rs per mensem, or 2,064 Rs per annum, above the cost of the establishment hitherto maintained.

2. An attempt to conserve the Salem jungles has been maintained since 1858, when an Assistant Conservator (Mr. Rencastle) was appointed to the

	Rs.
Proposed Establishment	685
Hitherto maintained	513
Increase	172 per mensem
	12
	Rs 2064 per annum

district; but he was almost unprovided with establishment, and as to a system of felling under licence was established, yet the licences were notoriously abused, and no means could be taken to prevent the cutting of young trees, which is in fact the primary object of conversation. Even under this very defective system however the receipts were much more than sufficient to maintain an efficient establishment; the produce of the licence fee having been 6,680 Rs in 1863, while the amount of leinorage on Railway sleepers in the official year 1859/60 was no less than 23,471 Rs, on a total of 30,000 Rs a year. It is true that the rents under the latter head must materially fall off

because the sleepers on which are expected to last
duty will only require renewal after eight years, the
Collector's opinion
duration, but annually the annual demand for sleepers will still be large and equipping as they will be found in
time, and Capt Morgan, the Off. Conservator, estimates the future revenue from this source at 3000 Rs a year, or one eighth the income realized in 1859/60.

3. In the conservation of single timber is a matter of great and increasing public importance; and the attention of this govt has been very strongly drawn to this subject, especially in the case of the Salem district, by recent reports of Capt Morgan. The following quotations from that Officer's last report

fully explain the nature of the evil to be guarded against.

"In the valley running west at the base of the Chickairy hills, there were a few good Neka and Muddree trees. The soil in this valley was superior. I observed some young Neka trees newly felled; they could not have been more than twenty years old, and only squared to six inches. It is this system of cutting young trees that is destroying the jungles; what with young trees for posts, for rafters, purlins, handals &c., the jungles stand a fair chance of becoming exterminated. To stop this pernicious system, the most stringent measures must be had recourse to; and a notice in the Salem Gazette has been issued declaring all bandy loads of saplings liable to confiscation. This system of cutting saplings was particularly observable among the Salem wood trees. None but very old or very young trees were left; all others had been cut for posts."

"From Nankopollium to the banks of the Cauvery, thousands of fine Neka trees fit for felling were seen; and it is from this source that we must look for our future supply of timber. Here also, by the roadside, we found hundreds of Neka saplings had been cut by the herdsmen in the months of April and May, to supply food to their cattle. This pernicious practice and the pollarding of the Neka trees for the same purpose has been strictly prohibited. The road all through is very steep and stony."

"The wood merchants at

Penaprum and in the neighbourhood has hitherto been in the habit of cutting young trees and bringing them up the ghát on mens heads."

4. These extracts shew how the timber resources of the Salem district have suffered ~~and continue to suffer~~ from the practice of felling saplings and half grown trees. The great object of the Conservancy Establishment in such districts as Salem, must therefore be to check this ruinous practice, and in districts of this character the forests cannot be of much importance as a source of revenue, but they can be made to pay for the means of preventing waste and the eventual destruction of the timber and fuel supply. At the same time it must be remembered that as many of the forests of Salem are very valuable, there is every reason to suppose that the income derivable from them will materially increase under efficient Conservancy. At present, owing to the indifference natural to the habits of servants ~~in charge of forests~~, much valuable property of Govt is destroyed, and this take is defended by the Collr reports that, in consequence of the present establishment being too small to admit of trees being selected & marked for felling, any person wishing to cut timber is permitted, provided he took out a license, to cut down any tree he pleased, subject only to a Government charge

of 3 annas a sleeper
when the timber is cut for
sleepers, or to a charge of one
rupee a bandy load if the
timber is felled for ordinary
purposes. Mr. Britt Lebrée
that this licence system has
been much abused, Ramasseu.
one word being added
~~slipped in between the top~~
in some
~~cases passed some trees as many~~
~~cases more than~~ licences properly
Mrs
covered; ~~and in the above~~
~~case is reason to believe that the~~
two being altogether
two have been evaded ~~by such~~
~~a fraud~~, owing to the want of an
effective establishment &c.
And
~~have found the collectors~~; while
under pretence of cutting sleepers
for the railway, the licensed
cutters fell timber for market
purposes, and thus defraud
~~cheat~~ the
Govt. ~~of the duties imposed~~

5. Rittrudu also, assistance
was obtained from the Tahsildar

of the different talugs; but
in consequence of the general
reduction of the Revenue Establ.
lishment wherever the new
Police has come into force
of necessity
the talug peons have been with-
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with that hitherto maintained,
the proposition for the conser-
vancy of the Salem jungles
has to provide for the loss of
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who have been thus withdrawn.
With all this, however, the excess
is only 172 Rs a month, which
will be amply covered by the saving
of the forests taken at its lowest
estimate. An examination of
the Conservator's Budget Statement
as sanctioned by the Govt of India

shews a total allotment of 9,754 Rs. for 61/62 for the Salem Jungles, made up of the items noted in the margin. The cost of the increased agency proposed, is 8220 Rs per annum, leaving on the total allotment of 1534 Rs; while, on the other hand, the income from the jungles at the lowest estimate is 6,630 Rs, or Rs 1460 in excess of the proposed charge.

Apt. Conservator @ 200 — 2400
Asts Establishment
2 Clerks above 50 Rs — 1440
12 Servants — 864
Contingencies — 50
Working Charges — 5000
9754
Cost of proposed Establt. 8,220

× Licence fees — 6,680
Seignorage on Sleepers 3,000
Rs 9,680
Deduct cost of proposed Establishment — 8,220
Surplus Rs 1,460

6. It must not be forgotten that the object in view is not a matter of revenue, so much as is the conservation of the forest and the prevention of waste and the eventual destruction of the timber & fuel supply. At the same time it is reasonable to suppose that under the effective superintendence proposed, the income from the Salem forests will materially increase. Recommended with this.

Bd. of Rev: 18th Feby 1861

this, I am to submit a set of rules proposed by the Conservator and approved by this Govt, for the better conservation of the jungles in question; and under the foregoing explanation, to solicit the sanction of the Govt of India to the increased establishment asked for, which has been already authorized in part in anticipation of their orders.

To
Govt of India
Increased Establishment
for Salem Juncties

Note. This is in
accordance with
G.O of 30 April 1861.

C. 11 Jug. R 13=

Revenue 1861. Separate
Pros: of Govt for July

No. 1423.

To
The Secretary to the
Govt of India.
Dated 18th July 61.

From Do Dated 29th Octo/61 C No 2686

Submitting for sanction an application to the Govt of India for an increase of establishment for the effectual conservancy of the Salem Forests.

No. 238.