Решение Лебанчика

Учителя 4 Специальных

школ 1 вида

Ф.И.О. _____

Класс _____

Дата _____

No. 57. Read the following Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue; dated 30th October 1857, No. 3706.

Read letter from the Acting Collector of Malabar dated 17th October 1857.*

**In Consultation 30th October 1857.*

(Here enter No. 152.)

Resolved that the foregoing be submitted for the orders of Government, with reference to Extract Minutes Consultation 16th March last, Revenue Department, No. 263 A.

Para. 1.

2. Mr. Robinson reports that after ineffectual endeavours to procure salt at lower prices, he has in communication with the Commissioner of Customs at Bombay advertised the rates given in the margin for salt shipped up to the 30th proximo. At these prices Mr. Robinson expects that supplies will be received.

Per 120 *Indian Maunds.*	Rs.
Cannanore, ...	39
Tellicherry, ...	
Calicut, ...	40
Ponany, ...	41
Cochin, ...	42

In the subsequent paras. of his letter Mr. Robinson urges the danger of discontinuing Government imports in January next.

Paras. 3 *and* 4.

The experiment of manufacturing salt gives promise of ultimate success, but no salt has been actually produced and delivered into store, and Mr. Robinson apprehends that a considerable quantity cannot be expected for two or three years.

Paras. 5 *and* 6.

The average requirements of the District range from 30,000 to 32,400 Indian Maunds monthly. During the months of February, March and April the market may be supplied by private traders (though at prices much in excess of those charged by Government) but by the first May next there must be a stock in store of from 1,80,000 to 2,40,000 Indian Maunds to provide for the period during which trade is suspended by the South West Monsoon.

Para. 5.

Mr. Robinson can get no assurance from the Mercantile community of embarking freely in the trade, and they declare they cannot do so profitably unless they can realize from Rs 1-8 to Rs. 1-10 per Indian Maund. The large amount of capital which must be invested in the speculation to make it a paying one lead Mr. Robinson to doubt whether reliance can yet be placed on private agency to supply the demand of the District in any material degree.

Para. 10.

He therefore urges that the withdrawal of Government from the import trade in foreign salt should be deferred for another year, or if this proposition be disapproved, that a sufficient stock for the monsoon of 1858 should be laid in, the Government godowns being closed during the open months of February, March and April.

Dated 20th In Cons. 30th Oct. 1857, No. 1339.

To enable the Government to form a better judgment on the matter, the Board herewith submit the quarterly Statement of salt sold in Malabar between July and September of this year.

It will be seen that the sales for home consumption have been higher by Indian Maunds 7,163, while those for the Inland trade have been lower by 10,901 Indian Maunds than in the corresponding quarter of 1856.

The net result is a decrease in sales of Indian Maunds 3,737, but owing to the higher price now charged for salt, an increase of revenue to the extent of rupees 13,725.

The balance in store however on the 1st Instant was only Indian Maunds 69,107, or less than 3 months' supply, excluding of course the quantity which may be in the hands of private traders.

Para. 10.

Under the circumstances above detailed, the Board concur with the Acting Collector in deprecating the closing of the Government godowns in January next, and considering the important interests at stake, and the less sanguine opinion now entertained by him of the early success of the home manufacture they recommend that this measure be deferred for another year. With the certainty that the wants of the District cannot be supplied by the home manufacture within the year and good reason to apprehend that private merchants will not immediately embark in the trade to any considerable extent, the Board think any measure short of this imprudent and useless. They are averse to recommend that the Government sales should be suspended during the

செப்பனிடுபவர் பெயர்
செப்பனிடுவதற்காக எடுத்துக்
கொள்ளப்பட்ட நாள்
செப்பனிட்டு முடித்த நாள்
சரிபார்க்கும்
ஆராய்ச்சி உதவி
முதன்மை பார்வையாளர்
கையொப்பம்

there open markets,* because the knowledge or apprehension that Government will do so after contract with them will deter Merchants from importing salt on their own account to any material extent, mainly because closing the godowns while still containing salt which can be advantageously sold by Government at prices considerably lower than (as there is every reason to believe) private traders will demand, will create much dissatisfaction among the people. The increased price now charged for salt though only the aggregate of duty and cost is, Mr. Robinson states, regarded by the people as an increase of taxation and it would be matter of some difficulty to get them to understand the justice of being left at the mercy of private traders for three months while Government possess salt saleable at more reasonable prices than these require. The Board think it unadvisable to endeavour to force the trade on the mercantile community at the expense of the people, though when the home manufacture is sufficiently advanced to meet the requirements of the District to a reasonable extent, or to clear up all doubts of its eventually succeeding, Government can with perfect propriety leave the supply of foreign salt to the foreign trader on his own terms.

* *Para.* 10 *Collector's letter.*

Para. 9.

The Board recommend that the enhanced prices advertised by Mr. Robinson may be sanctioned.

(A true Extract.)
(Signed) J. D. SIM, *Acting Secretary.*

No. 58. ORDER THEREON, No. 1205; dated 24th November 1857.

Under the apprehensions expressed by the Acting Collector of Malabar, of a serious deficiency in the supply of salt for the consumption of the District during the ensuing monsoon, owing to the backwardness still exhibited by private merchants to import salt from Bombay to any considerable extent, and to the small prospect of obtaining a sufficient supply from the home manufacture, within the next two or three years; the Right Honorable the Governor in Council resolves, in conformity with the recommendation of the Acting Collector and the Board, further to extend the period for discontinuing the importation of Bombay salt on Government account, from 31st January 1858 to 31st January 1859. His Lordship in Council is gratified to observe, that the Acting Collector has expressed his intention not to relax his endeavors to revive the home manufacture, and he persuades himself that Mr. Robinson will not spare any pains to effect an object which, under the circumstances of the trade, is now so much to be desired.

2. The Governor in Council sanctions the enhanced rates, advertised by the Acting Collector, for salt shipped up to the 30th instant, as given in the margin of para. 1 of his letter.

3. Ordered that a copy of the foregoing Extract and of these Proceedings, and of the previous correspondence noted in the margin, be communicated for the information of the Government of Bombay, with reference to the letter to that Government dated 15th February 1856 No. 180.

From Bd. of Rev. 13*th March* 1857 *No.* 776.
Ext. Min. Cons. 16*th* „ „ „ 263 *A.*

(Signed) H. FORBES,
Acting Secretary to Government.

Ordered in consequence that the following letter be despatched.

No. 59. From H. FORBES, Esq., Acting Secretary to the Government of Fort Saint George; to J. D. INVERARITY, Esq., Acting Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay; dated 24th November 1857, No. 1206.

SIR,

With reference to Mr. Bourdillon's letter of the 15th February 1856, No. 180, and to Mr. Young's replies of the 31st March and 19th April following, I am directed by the Right Honorable the Governor in Council to forward, for the information of the Government of Bombay, a copy of the correspondence noted in the margin, from which it will be seen that, under the circumstances represented, this Government have extended the period fixed for discontinuing the importation of Bombay Salt for the supply of the District of Malabar, to the 31st January 1859.

From Board of Rev. 13*th March* 1857; *No.* 776.
Ext. Mind. Cons. 16*th* „ „ „ 263 *A.*
From Board of Rev. 30*th October* „ „ 3706.
Ext. Mind. Cons. 24*th Nov.* „ „ 1205

Revenue Consultation
2c
57-59
No. 3706.
Extract from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated 30th October 1857.
Read letter from the Acting Collr. & Co. 30 Oct. 1857, Collector of Malabar, dated 19th October 1857.
(Here Insert No. 263)
Resolved that the Government be addressed for the orders of Government with reference to the Collector's recommendation that after the present Season the Government should withdraw from the Salt Trade, and that the Government should retire from the Salt Trade, and that the Government should retire from the Salt Trade.
Ayes 5
Nays 1
Collector
Acting Sub Collr.
Collector
Treasury
Cochin
Read the Letter from the Secretary to Government, Fort St. George, dated 24th November 1857, No. 1206.
Ordered that the Government be addressed for the orders of Government with reference to the Collector's recommendation that after the present Season the Government should withdraw from the Salt Trade, and that the Government should retire from the Salt Trade.

4759

No. 21.

51-59

1205

Extract from the Minutes of proceedings

held at the 24th November, 1857

Read the following

extract from the Proceedings of

the Board of Revenue

Held at Fort St George

Under the appro-

bation expressed by the

Hon'ble Court of Directors

of the various Expiring in the

course of the Fasli during the

existing revenue arrang-

ments the Collectorate shall exhibit

by Fasli's Accounts to com-

prise all from

to every Zemindaree Estate

and to the Fasli previous to

obtaining a Sufficient Security

from the Zemindar Accountable

within the next two or three

years

[illegible] the Right Honourable
the Governor in Council Madras
in Conformity with the recommendation of the Acting
Collector and the Board of Revenue
to extend the period for the
collection of the Sayer Duties
to 31st January 1858 the Undersigned
in Council most gratefully acknowledges
that the Acting Collector have
suspended his instructions until he
can have an opportunity of
representing himself that
the Ribbonmen will not appear
any further to effect their
object, under the circumstances
of the case, it would be
useless to be desired.

The Governor in
Council therefore authorizes
under, instructed by the Acting
Collector

From Bd of Rev. 15 Dec. 1857 ¶ 116
Col. Sec. Ltr. 16th [illegible] 963 to

Collector of [illegible]
of the 31st instant [illegible]
[illegible] of the Sayer
[illegible] of the Collector
[illegible] of the Sayer Collect
[illegible] of the Ribbonmen
[illegible] of the Government
to the [illegible] to
[illegible] for the repor
[illegible] of the Government
[illegible] Bandicoys with reference
to the Collr. to the Govern
[illegible] dated 25th February
1858 ¶ 180

883

[illegible] Superintendent of Police Bandicoys
[illegible]
To the Govt Sayer Bandicoys

Revenue 1857 Octr
Cons: 24th Novr

No 1266

To
The Acting Coll of Customs
& Pte Govt of Bombay
Dated 24th Novr 1857.

1857
1859

Forwarding copy of
correspondence, from which
it will be seen that the Govt
have extended the period
fixed for discontinuing the
inspection of Bombay built
for the entitling of the Owners
of Vessels to the Privileges
of British built Vessels.

No 59.
1859.