

ORDINARY, PRINTED.

Pub. DEPARTMENT.
G.O., DATED 13th July 1894
No. 509-10

INDEXED.

~~First copy sent to Press.~~

~~Returned for signature.~~

Despatched in print. 16 July 1894.

[Despatch Abstract.]

Commissioned Medical
Officers

Considering that
it will be most read-
able and detrimental
to the public interest
to remove the — who
are at present in
of the Civil Surgeon
of Chingleput and Anand-
pur, and accordingly
the Govt I on the sub-

✓ 1.12.03.

✓ 23-5-04

27-1-08

30-8-12 ✓

14-11-13 ✓

27-5-14 ✓

24-2-16 ✓

FURTHER PAPER, No. 2363 re para 6 of 94

2383 re non-
remit app.

2597 re para 3 of order

80701
22-9-94

2754 of 94 280776
17-9-94

3347 of 94 - para 6 of 94

1915
1916

Public. Current 1681

This is a matter more
the Military than the
Public Dept. but in for-
warding the current
or disposal some re-
marks will be necessary
in regard to the appts.
mentioned in para. 9
which fall under "Civil".
They are the Surgeonies
at Cochin, Calicut, and
and an assistant; and
two additional medical
officer, General Hospital.

The Professorship of
Biology is quite an outside
appointment and the
Secy of State would certainly
not consent to recruit an
officer of the Indian Medl.
Service for it. Surge. Lieut.
Miot's appt. is temporary
only, and if his services
could not be spared by
Mily without a substitute
it was open to Mily to
refuse to give them.

In regard to the other
appts. a reference to the

HEAD MAIN ORDER OF GOVERNMENT, DATED
18 30.

ENCLOSURES.

CURRENT No.

STATEMENT WITH DITTO.

ORDER, &c., OF GOVERNMENT - A.

PAPERS KEPT OUT OF FILE FOR DESPATCH IN ORIGINAL
(not paged).

NUMBER OF COPIES
REQUIRED. { Order complete. 45.
Letter only. 30
Order complete with Letter. 30.

N.B. -
A = Print in full.
B = Not to be printed.
P = Print abstract only.
Q = Print heading only.
R = Print, but not for monthly volume

several times.
 When the S. S. says it is all right
 but India will not listen to me
 because and the present is a very
 important moment for Russia
 216 179 9/1/46

So filled & there are Comd. Med. offrs to have. Considering the important & varied nature of the duties discharged by our District Medical and Sanitary Officers (called "Civil Surgeons" for short), the fact that almost all of them have medical charges of one or more hospitals, & that all have a number of medical subordinates, of dispensaries, & hospitals to control (in G.O. 1336 d. 8.6.85. all which aspects I don't know) I imagine their duties are of a wider scope than the duties of District Surgeons in other parts of India). I envision that every district would not have one Comd. Med. Officer. On this principle Chingput and Amantapur shd be moved to Dist. & should Cochin be, if the Civil Surgeon there is now the head of the Med. Dept. of the Native State. I believe at one time the Civil Surgeon did ~~in~~ superintend the med. affairs of the Native State, but I cannot find that in his address now. On the contrary, in his letter in f.p. 3/13/85, all that D. N. Singh says was that the Native State derived political importance from its proximity to the Native States of Cochin & Trav. (at that time in which I don't agree) and that there was a considerable European popn. which seems to me to be a matter in which Govt. is in no way concerned. I haven't mistaken the Raja of Cochin for his own doctor out from here. I really cannot see why Cochin shd. not be in Dist. II. If the European popn. is not satisfied with the presence of an "uncos. med. off.", let it make its own arrangements. It would be a great move in advance if we had reputable medical practitioners on whom we were not entirely dependant on the Govt. Med. Estt. The med. officer having, however, been provided for each district, would be content, & help under special circumstances all other med. charges should be in the hands of uncos. med. men. On this being so, where Chittoor, Coimbatore and Coonoor Dist. II. ~~is not a satisfactory situation~~ I don't think there can be much doubt about Coimbatore & Coonoor. As a common, I can imagine that there will be a great deal of opposition. ^{the Govt.} will take away a pleasant station from the Madras Medical Dept. - It is not however the business of Govt. to provide hill stations for doctors to live at. It will also be said that there is a large uncos. popn. - As to this I can only repeat what I have said before, that the uncos. popn.

[illegible]

Please read the heading to List II - and with reference thereto peruse G.O. of 11.4.93, No. 1293. India's strong point is that medical officers are ^{permanently} employed in List II appointments, which were intended for them only, if they were surplus after all the List I appts. had been filled. Consequently, no permanent addition to the cadre will

be sanctioned until
the List II appts. are
all by uncovenanted
in some of the stations
however so important
it have had time?
as far as long that the
region general is
roughly opposed to their
or being transferred
uncov. men.

SB
13/6
13/6/94
① ~~to be~~ to the third post-
ponement of this class just as
we are proceeding to give
listed appts. members of
the Pool C.S. - The I. G. of
the first appear to have resisted
the policy of expansion and
the employment of the locally
trained article. I think we
ought to insist on it being
given a fair trial.

BB
14/6/94
Circ

See separate paper

BB
14/6

Medical Officers

Hon. Mr. Bliss C. I. G.

Circ

c14/6

C 1681

I agree with what is said in
the note about the Prog. of Medical
Surge. Lieut. Elliot. The other
civil appointments mentioned in
para 9 of the I. G.'s letter are
those at Cochin, Chingleput &
the ADL officer at the General Hospital
Anantapur. I have the opinion
of the Hon. Mr. Bliss that
Chingleput & Anantapur
ought to be transferred from
List II to List I, & that Cochin
and not be transferred from
List II to List I unless the Doctor
there is at the head of the Med.
Dep't. of the Cochin State. I do
not think he is, but the I. G. might
be asked about this.

I also think that the appoint-
ment at Coimada (the Surgeon
of the Godavari district is at
Rayachoti) may be transferred
from List I to List II, but I do
not think such a transfer should
be made in the case of Chittoor
or Coonoor. The Surgeon of the
Narcot district is, I believe,
stationed at Chittoor. There is
another Surgeon at Vellore but
he is in Med. charge of a
Central Jail. The Surgeon at
Coonoor has charge of Koda-
as well. It is true that Co-
imada is the Sanatorium
proper and that it is well supplied
with Med. officers, but many

servants whose health has
and on the plains are sent
their doctors to Coonara or
again as likely to transfer them
cases when the climate of
Coomara would be inevitable.
The population is a shifting one
and no such an could engage a
good private practitioner. I
think Govt. should help.

The G. of I. may all over as
transfer an out a pair of
Sunglaput to Lark I in place
of Coonara.

I quite agree with the Hon
Mr. Bliss about the style of the
G. G.'s correspondence. His letter
is most difficult to understand &
deal with, & I tremble at the
thought that we may get many
more of the same sort.

JG
1876

H. E. the Governor

In regard to the Surgeon at
Cochin H. E.'s attention is re-
spectfully invited to G.O.s of
2.93, 81; 19.1.93, No. 313 and
1.94, No. 82 - all Political.
The Surgeon is Medical Officer
of the State of Cochin & receives
Rs. (200 + 41 boat allowance) 241 from
the State. It will be seen from
the Resident's letter in G.O. 81
that the State contemplated
obtaining a European medical
officer of its own, but no action
as apparently been taken yet.
The Govt. therefore has no objection
withdrawing the Cochin Surgeon
on reasonable notice. 18/6/94

CHIEF SECRETARY
18 JUN. 1894
GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS
My dear Sir

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OOTACAMUND.

18 June 1894.

I return Sir Thomas' letter

of 14. inst. G.O. 1789. with corrected

pages. H. E. the Govt. has not written

any thing, but he wants these

pages to be brought up in Council

on Friday next. I hope to be

present. Will you please write

him. If you think it necessary

let H. E. know. Yours truly
C. M. S. S. S. S.

, PUBLIC.

OF MADRAS.

ARTMENT.

Government of Madras, to the Chief
Madras, 2nd June 1894, No. 398.

factory state of the administration of the
owing to the inadequacy of the establishment
Medical Service sanctioned for this Presidency
rs.

14th June 1894, No. (Tour) 25.

ised distribution list of officers of the Indian

blic.

the Surgeon General represents the
issioned Medical Officers of the Indian
ncy.

of it the Government is constrained to
orders of Government are quoted in it
s being afforded. This renders the
ld and to deal with, and leaves to the
hole of the papers alluded to ascertain in
ection with which they are quoted. It
rs, but only for possible reference as to
be given so that the facts stated or
without a perusal of the whole of the
nently contains points which are not
posals. As Surgeon General Sibthorpe
is opportunity is taken of bringing the
ts that the foregoing remarks will
the future.

3035, Military, it appears that the
a this Presidency on the 1st April
rinted as an appendix to these Pro-
which these 159 officers are sanctioned.
to verify the list. In addition to these,
rs are required for the Civil Surgeoncies
the appointment of additional Medical
be observed that the Civil Surgeoncies
tains "appointments for Uncovenanted

This P.O. contains no reference to the
portion of my note of 14/6/94 which
have marked with blue pencil.
help my fellow colleagues do not
concur with the opinion therein expressed
I think it should find a place
herein.

29/6/94

I concur in the opinion & think it
should be repeated in the GO

W 29/6/94
4 July

The Govt. think that the S.G. will not be
future arrangements. These remarks are made

TH JUNE 1894

GOVERNMENT
PUBLIC D

READ—the following papers:—

From the Surgeon General with
Secretary to Government, dated

ABSTRACT.—Bringing to notice the un-
Medical Department, both Civil and Militar
of Commissioned Medical Officers of the India
and forwarding a distribution list of these offi

From the same officer, dated Ootacamund

ABSTRACT.—Forwarding, with remarks, a r
Medical Service.

ORDER—dated th June 1894, No.

In his earlier letter recorded abo
inadequacy of the establishment of Com
Medical Service sanctioned for this Presi

2. Before dealing with the subject
remark on this letter itself. Numerous
without any indication of their conte
communication most difficult to underst
Government the burden of ~~perusing~~ the
what way they bear on the subject in co
is often necessary to refer to previous or
details. Their purport should invaria
arguments adduced may be apprehend
previous correspondence, which very
relevant to the particular subject under
~~has recently assumed charge of his office~~
~~matter to his notice and the Government~~
~~act as a guide in all his communications~~

3. From ~~P.O.~~, dated 18th May 189
strength of the Indian Medical Depar
last was 159. It is understood tha
ceedings contains the appointments fo
The Military Department will be request
the Surgeon General states that four offi
of Cochin, Chingleput and Anantapur
Officer at the General Hospital. It w
named are included in List II, which

Co. 2nd

f

The decision to abolish must come from
India. I would say "decided to recommend
the abolition of"
slavery

...

9/8 The ...

...

9/8 The ...

61576 / 027
R 517

PUBLIC.

MENT.

GOVERNMENT OF
FORT ST. GEORGE.

MENT OF INDIA,
HOME DEPARTMENT.

1, dated the 4th August 1893, and
ward copy of the Proceedings of this
ch it will be observed that His
vinced of the urgent necessity for
at Chingleput and Anantapur that
vacancies in List I for the two
Medical Officer at Ootacamund and
or to List II.

proposals
e accorded to these arrangements at

have the honor to be,

Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

27/8/94

Why not mention the
no. of dispensaries &
hospitals in each district
& the population. Reference
shd. also be made to
vaccination.

24
for Commission to
and dispensaries. The
in the two districts was
figures are available - 36,715
24. These figures are available
at the end of the year.

Rom ~~that~~
Rom considers that vacancies shd. be created

2. The reasons which have prompted
this decision are that Chingleput is one
of the chief towns of the district of that
name and an important hospital
and a Reformatory for juveniles are
situated there. It is also the head quar-
ters of the District Judge and the Sub-
Collector. The Chingleput district con-
-tains, besides Cojaveerum which is a
town of very large size, many consider-
-able villages and ~~many~~ ^{several} dispensaries
which require careful inspection. The
services of a Comd. Medl. Offr. are indis-
-pensable for the proper medical admin-
-istration of the district. Anantapur is
the principal town of that district and
the headquarters of the Collector and
other European officials. The town and
district are fast developing from a
medical point of view.

28/8/94

Medical Officers when no Covenanted Medical Officers have been permanently employed. Government of India has recently pointed out that appointments were held by Commissioned Officers only when no appointments were held by Commissioned Officers available for duty, and it has accordingly decided to have List I as long as any List II appointments are available for duty.

4. After careful consideration that it would be most inadvisable and that the Commissioned Medical Officers of the Surgeoncies of Chingleput and Anantapur have been so frequently recorded that it is to provide for the inclusion of these two Surgeoncies, been decided to abolish the Government of India will be addressed

5. In regard to the Civil Surgeon on occasion when permission was sought for an Officer to the Cochin State it was pointed out that the State should be free to make a months' notice as it contemplated employment. As no further communication in regard to the Resident will be directed to inform the draw the Commissioned Medical Officer of the Durbar should procure—with the assistance of the Medical Officer of its own from England in the event of his being allowed to remain in the whole cost of the present Civil Surgeoncy action in this matter will be taken in

6. The letters from the Surgeon with their endorsement to the Military Department Military Medical matters therein referred to

7. The following letter will be a

[Here enter letter No.]

(True)

To the Surgeon General.

„ Military Department (with two copies)

Medical Officers.

on, Cocanada.
Coimbatore.
Coonoor.
Cuddalore.
Cuddapah.
Kurnool.
Madura.
Mangalore.
Masulipatam.
Nellore.
Ootacamund.
do.
Rajahmundry.
Salem.
Tanjore.
Tinnevely.
Trichinopoly.
Vellore.
Vizagapatam.

Department, three
Civil Surgeons in Central Provinces.
do. in British Burma + four

Military.
Civil Surgeons in Berar. 127
Total number of appointments ... 32
serve at 25 per cent. ... 32

Total... 159

no Covenanted Medical Officers are

Surgeon, Negapatam.
Tellicherry.

Total ... 7

The decision to abolish must come from India. I would say "decided to recommend the abolition of" obligation

, PUBLIC.

al Officers are available." Commissioned
in several List II appointments, but the
out that those appointments should be
ever it ~~should~~ happen that all the List I
ed Officers and other officers were still
ly declined to approve any additions to
ts are permanently held by Commissioned

Government has come to the conclusion
rimental to the public interests to remove
o are at present in charge of the Civil
ur. The grounds for this decision have
necessary to recapitulate them here. To
appointments in List I it has after due
appointment of second Medical Officer at
the Civil Surgeony of Chittoor. The
ccordingly.

of Cochin, it is observed that on the last
appoint the Civil Surgeon to be Medical
cularly stipulated by the Dewan Peishcar
er arrangements on the expiration of six
ing a European Medical Officer of its own.
d to the matter has been received, the
Cochin Durbar that it is proposed to with-
r from Cochin, and to suggest that the
tance of ~~the~~ Government—a competent
The Resident will ascertain whether—in
the Durbar would be willing to meet the
a's pay and allowances. The necessary
Political Department.

eneral recorded above will be forwarded
y Department for disposal as regards the
to.

essed to the Government of India:—

, dated th June 1894].

Extract:—

J. F. PRICE;

Chief Secretary.

(and enclosures in original).

As regards Cochin. I understood that we agreed
with the S.G. as to the inadvisability of getting
out a special officer from England for this post.
as the difficulty of replacing him if whenever he went
away on leave or furlough was insurmountable.
Besides we fully recognized the importance of
getting as many medical covenanted officers
as possible supplied with civil posts, in order
that they might be on the spot in the event of
a war breaking out, and I thought it was
decided to get the Cochin Durbar to agree to
the entertainment at the expense of the
Durbar of a covenanted medical officer, one
whose services they might always count, except
in the event of a war. This is anyhow the line
which in my opinion, we should now adopt.
Para 5 sh^d. be altered
accordingly.

W
4 July

Medical Officers when no Covenanted Medical Officers have been permanently employed Government of India has recently pointed out that appointments were held by Commissioned Officers only when no appointments were held by Commissioned Officers available for duty, and it has accordingly decided to place List I ~~as~~ long as any List II appointments are available for duty.

4. After careful consideration that it would be most inadvisable and that the Commissioned Medical Officers of the Surgeoncies of Chingleput and Anantapur have been so frequently recorded that it is necessary to provide for the inclusion of these two Surgeoncies in the deliberation, been decided to abolish the Ootacamund and to relegate to List II Government of India will be addressed

5. In regard to the Civil Surgeon's office on the occasion when permission was sought for the transfer of the Civil Surgeon to the Cochin State it was pointed out that the State should be free to make such arrangements as it may see fit. As no further communication in regard to this matter has been received from the Resident will be directed to inform the Government of India to draw the Commissioned Medical Officer from the Durbar should procure—with the assistance of the Medical Officer of its own from England in the event of his being allowed to remain in the whole cost of the present Civil Surgeon's office in this matter will be taken in

6. The letters from the Surgeon General with their endorsement to the Military Department in regard to Military Medical matters therein referred to

7. The following letter will be sent

[Here enter letter No.]

To the Surgeon General.

„ Military Department (with two letters)

The decision to abolish must come from India. I would say "decided to recommend the abolition of"
 relegation

I. Appointments to be held

Surgeon General with the Government of Madras.
 Secretary to do. do.
 Sanitary Commissioner.
 Deputy Sanitary Commissioner.
 Surgeon to the Governor.
 Principal Medical Storekeeper.
 Four Deputy Surgeons-General.
 Secretary to Surgeon-General, Her Majesty's Forces.
 Garrison Surgeon, Bangalore.
 Sappers and Miners.
 Three Cavalry Regiments.
 Thirty-two Infantry Regiments.
 Staff duties, Secunderabad.
 Four appointments under the Foreign department, Government of India.
 One appointment under the Financial department, Government of India.
 Ten Regiments, Hyderabad Contingent.
 Nine Medical College appointments.
 Four Presidency Surgeons.
 Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, Madras.
 Physician to His Highness the Rajah of Travancore.
 Civil Surgeon, Bellary.
 Do. Berhampore.
 Do. Calicut.
 Do. Cannanore.
 Do. Chittoor.

II. Appointments for Uncovenanted Medical

Civil Surgeon, Chingleput.
 Do. Cochin.
 Do. Chatrapur.
 Do. Guntur.
 Do. Anantapur.

TH JUNE

PUBLIC

LETTER—from

THE CHIEF SECRETARY

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE

SIR,

With advertence to your letter of the 10th inst. in previous correspondence, I am directed by the Government No. of this date to inform Your Excellency the Governor in Council that the services of Commissioned Medical Officers have been decided upon with regard to appointments by the abolition of the relegation of the Civil Surgeons.

2. I am to request that you will send an early date.

OOTACAMUND,
11th June 1894.

I don't approve of this draft. I consider that the reasons why we desire that Comm. Medical Officers should be retained at Cpt & Quarters should be fully stated. We require our subordinates to state their cases fully & not to compel us to make more cases & previous correspondence than we are obliged to. Why should we have the G.O. in a different way from that in which we require our subordinates to treat us? I have before pointed out that this very skimpy way of writing letters may often be attributed in failure to get India to assent to our proposals.

29/6/94

Why say "with regret"? The G.O. as amended is going to express our anxiety to create well paid appointments for native medicals. I cannot see why we should express regret in this particular matter.

number of persons in 1892-1893-1894 and 1895

Resubmitted to Hon'ble
Members with reference
to further notes by S.E. the
Governor.

The following is proposed
to be added as para: 5 of
the order:-

5. In this connection,
but independent of the
revision of List II, the
Govt: is strongly of opinion
that efforts should be
made to obtain the
services of duly qualified
unencumbered officers
for appts: included in
List II. The improvement
and numerical increase
of the indigenous medical
men are matters which
are urgently called for,
and with these objects
in view better paid
appts: shd: be thrown
open to men of the class.
There appears to have
been considerable
resistance ^{hitherto} on the part
of the higher medical
authorities to this policy
of

passion and of the
employment of men
in this country.
Govt. desires to
express on the Surgeon
General's ^{high} ~~view~~ that
the system shall be
"a fair trial".

88
577/94

h. J. ...
...
...

13TH JULY 1894, No. 509, PUBLIC.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.
PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following papers :—

From the Surgeon General with the Government of Madras, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Madras, 2nd June 1894, No. 398.

ABSTRACT.—Bringing to notice the unsatisfactory state of the administration of the Medical Department, both Civil and Military, owing to the inadequacy of the establishment of Commissioned Medical Officers of the Indian Medical Service sanctioned for this Presidency and forwarding a distribution list of these officers.

From the same officer, dated Ootacamund, 14th June 1894, No. (Tour) 25.

ABSTRACT.—Forwarding with remarks, a revised distribution list of officers of the Indian Medical Service.

ORDER—dated 13th July 1894, No. 509, Public.

In his earlier letter recorded above the Surgeon General represents the inadequacy of the establishment of Commissioned Medical Officers of the Indian Medical Service sanctioned for this Presidency.

2. Before dealing with the subject of it the Government is constrained to remark on this letter itself. Numerous orders of Government are quoted in it without any indication of their contents being afforded. This renders the communication most difficult to understand and to deal with, and leaves to the Government the burden of going through the whole of the papers alluded to to ascertain in what way they bear on the subject in connection with which they are quoted. It is often necessary to refer to previous orders, but only for possible reference as to details. Their purport should invariably be given so that the facts stated or arguments adduced may be apprehended without a perusal of the whole of the previous correspondence, which very frequently contains points which are not relevant to the particular subject under disposal. The Government trusts that the Surgeon General will in his future communications bear these remarks in mind.

3. From G. O., dated 18th May 1894, No. 3035, Military, it appears that the strength of the Indian Medical Department in this Presidency on the 1st April last was 159. It is understood that List I (printed as an appendix to these Proceedings) contains the appointments for which these 159 officers are sanctioned. The Military Department will be requested to verify the list. In addition to these, the Surgeon General states that four officers are required for the Civil Surgeoncies of Cochin, Chingleput and Anantapur and the appointment of additional Medical Officer at the General Hospital. It will be observed that the Civil Surgeoncies named are included in List II, which contains "appointments for Uncovenanted Medical Officers when no Covenanted Medical Officers are available." Commissioned

Officers have been permanently employed in several List II appointments, but the Government of India has recently pointed out that those posts should be held by Commissioned Officers only whenever it might happen that all the List I appointments were held by Commissioned Officers and other officers were still available for duty, and it has accordingly declined to approve any additions to List I so long as any List II appointments are permanently held by Commissioned Officers.

4. After careful consideration the Government has come to the conclusion that it would be most inadvisable and detrimental to the public interests to remove the Commissioned Medical Officers who are at present in charge of the Civil Surgeoncies of Chingleput and Anantapur. The grounds for this decision have been so frequently recorded that it is unnecessary to recapitulate them here. To provide for the inclusion of these two appointments in List I it has, after due deliberation, been decided to recommend the relegation of the appointment of second Medical Officer at Ootacamund and the Civil Surgeoncy of Chittoor to List II. The Government of India will be addressed accordingly.

5. In this connection, but independently of the revision of List II, the Government is strongly of opinion that efforts should be made to obtain the services of duly qualified Uncovenanted officers for appointments included in List II. The improvement and numerical increase of the indigenous medical men are matters which call for immediate attention, and, with these objects in view, better paid appointments should be thrown open to men of the class. The Government desires to impress on the Surgeon General its wish that the system shall be given a fair trial.

6. In regard to the Civil Surgeoncy of Cochin, it is observed that on the last occasion when permission was sought to appoint the Civil Surgeon to be Medical Officer to the Cochin State it was particularly stipulated by the Dewan Peishcar that the State should be free to make other arrangements on the expiration of six months' notice as it contemplated employing a European Medical Officer of its own. The Government, however, considers that such a stipulation would be inadvisable as the difficulty of replacing the officer whenever absent on leave would be insurmountable. It would be preferable for the Durbar to employ a Government officer on whose services it could always rely, except, of course, in the event of their being required with a military force in the field. The Resident will ascertain whether the Durbar is willing to meet the whole cost of the present Civil Surgeon's pay and allowances. The necessary action as regards this matter will be taken in the Political Department.

7. The letters from the Surgeon General recorded above will be forwarded with their enclosures to the Military Department for disposal as regards the Military Medical matters therein referred to.

8. The following letter will be addressed to the Government of India:—

[Here enter letter No. 510, dated 13 th July 1894].

(True Extract):

Chief Secretary.

To the Surgeon General.

Military Department (with two letters and enclosures in original).

Political Dept
(para 6)

Desd
16/7/94.

APPENDIX.

held by Covenanted Medical Officers.

I. Agent of
Surgeon General with
Madras.
Secretary to do
Sanitary Commission
Deputy Sanitary f.
Surgeon to the Cal.
Principal Medical Officer, Her Majesty's
Four Deputy St
Secretary to St
Garrison Surg
Sappers and
Three Cavalry regiments.
Thirty-two Jabad.
Staff duties under the Foreign depart-
ment of India.
Four appoi
ment, under the Financial depart-
ment, of India.
ment, Hyderabad Contingent.
Ten Regollege appointments.
Nine My Surgeons.
Four Pt, Lunatic Asylum, Madras.
Superior His Highness the Rajah of Tra-
Physi
vason, Bellary.
Civil Berhampore.
Calicut.
Cannanore.
Chittoor.

Civil Surgeon, Cocanada.
Do. Coimbatore.
Do. Coonoor.
Do. Cuddalore.
Do. Cuddapah.
Do. Kurnool.
Do. Madura.
Do. Mangalore.
Do. Masulipatam.
Do. Nellore.
Do. Ootacamund.
Do. do.
Do. Rajahmundry.
Do. Salem.
Do. Tanjore.
Do. Tinnevely.
Do. Trichinopoly.
Do. Vellore.
Do. Vizagapatam.

Jail Department, three
Seven Civil Surgeons in Central Provinces.
Eight do. in British Burma + four
for Military.
Two Civil Surgeons in Berar.
Total number of appointments... 127
Reserve at 25 per cent. ... 32

Total... 159

Appointments for Uncovenanted Medical Officers when no Covenanted Medical Officers are available.

Civil Surgeon, Chingleput.
Do. Cochin.
Do. Chatrapur.
Do. Guntur.
Do. Anantapur.

Civil Surgeon, Negapatam.
Do. Tellicherry.

Total ... 7

2/0 from the P. S.

Submitted to Hon:
Members - with the
e - for information.

18/6/94

35B.
18/6

MADRAS.

MENT.

Government of Madras, to the Chief
 Secretary, 2nd June 1894, No. 398.

to state of the administration of the
 in the inadequacy of the establishment
 of service sanctioned for this Presidency

4th of 1894 No. (Tour) 25.

and distribution of officers of the Indian

The Surgeon General represents the
 of Commissioned Medical Officers of the Indian

the Government is constrained to
 of Government are quoted in it
 being afforded. This renders the
 and to deal with, and leaves to the
 penalluded to ascertain in
 which they are quoted. It
 for possible reference as to
 so the facts stated or
 perusal of the whole of the
 points which are not
 Surgeon General Sibthorpe
 nity is taken of bringing the
 that the foregoing remarks will
 future.

1895, Military, it appears that the
 this Presidency on the 1st April
 as an appendix to these Pro-
 these 159 officers are sanctioned.
 ify the list. In addition to these,
 required for the Civil Surgeoncies
 appointment of additional Medical
 served that the Civil Surgeoncies
 "appointments for Uncovenanted

*The Government trusts that the Surgeon
 General will in his future communi-
 cation bear these remarks in mind.*

P U

READ—the following paper
 From the Surgeon
 Secretary to Govt

ABSTRACT.—Bringing to
 Medical Department, both of
 of Commissioned Medical Officers
 and forwarding a distribution

From the same officer, dated
 ABSTRACT.—Forwarding with
 Medical Service.

ORDER—dated 11th June 1894

In his earlier letter
 inadequacy of the establishment
 Medical Service sanctioned

2. Before dealing with
 remark on the letter itself
 without any indication of
 communication most difficult
 Government the burden of
 what way they bear on the
 is often necessary to refer to
 details. Their purport shows
 arguments adduced may be
 previous correspondence, and
 relevant to the particular sur-
 has recently assumed charge
 matter to his notice and to
 act as a guide in all his commu-

3. From #. 4., dated 1st
 strength of the Indian Medical
 last was 159. It is understood
 proceedings contains the appoint-
 The Military Department will
 the Surgeon General states that
 of Cochin, Chingleput and
 Officer at the General Hospital
 named are included in List

G. O.

Rou -

Com -

recommended
relegated

5. In this connection, but in deference
of the revision of List II, the Govt: is
of opinion that efforts should be made
to obtain the services of duly qualified
unencumbered officers for appointment
included in List II. The improvement
and numerical increase of the
indigenous medical man are
which call for immediate attention
with these objects in view, better
appointments should be thrown
to men of the class. The Govt:
to impress on the Surgeon General
that the system shall be
a fair trial.

Medical Officers when no Covenanted Officers have been permanently. Government of India has recently held by Commissioned Officers of appointments were held by Com. available for duty, and it has as List I as long as any List II appointed Officers.

4. After careful consideration that it would be most inadvisable and the Commissioned Medical Officers Surgeoncies of Chingleput and Andhra been so frequently recorded that it provide for the inclusion of these deliberation, been decided to abolish Ootacamund and to relegate to the Government of India will be addressed.

5. In regard to the Civil Surgeon occasion when permission was sought Officer to the Cochin State it was that the State should be free to make months' notice as it contemplated. As no further communication in the Resident will be directed to inform draw the Commissioned Medical Officer Darbar should procure with the Medical Officer of its own from England the event of his being allowed to remain whole of the present Civil Surgeon action in this matter will be taken.

6. The letters from the Surgeon with their endorsement to the Military Medical matters therein referred to.

7. The following letter will be

[Here enter letter]

(T)

enclosures

recommended the
relegation of

5. In this connection, but independently of the revision of List II, the Govt. is strongly of opinion that efforts should be made to obtain the services of duly qualified uncovenanted officers for appointments included in List II. The improvement and numerical increase of the indigenous medical man are matters which call for immediate attention, and with these objects in view, better paid appointments should be thrown open to men of the class. The Govt. desires to impress on the Surgeon General its wish that the system shall be given a fair trial.

To the Surgeon General.

„ Military Department (with two)

„ Poll Dept.

PUBLIC.

Officers are available." Commissioned
General List (II) appointments, but the
that those appointments should be
or it should happen that all the List I
Officers and other officers were still
declined to approve any additions to
are permanently held by Commissioned

*Rome
posts
might*

Roman

Government has come to the conclusion
essential to the public interests to remove
at present in charge of the Civil
The grounds for this decision have
necessary to recapitulate them here. To
appointments in List (I) it has, after due
appointment of second Medical Officer at
the Civil Surgeoncy of Chittoor. The
accordingly.

Roman

to list

Cochin, it is observed that on the last
point the Civil Surgeon to be Medical
rly stipulated by the Dewan Peishcar
arrangements on the expiration of six
a European Medical Officer of its own.
~~the matter has been received, the~~
~~in Durbar that it is proposed to with-~~
~~om Cochin, and to suggest that the~~
~~of the Government a competent~~
~~the Resident will ascertain whether in~~
~~Durbar would be willing to meet the~~
~~pay and allowances. The necessary~~
~~Medical Department.~~

ral recorded above will be forwarded
Department for disposal as regards the

ed to the Government of India:—

ated th June 1894].

act.)

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

enclosures in original).

*The Govt. however, considers that such a step wd.
be inadvisable as the difficulty of replacing the
officer whenever absent on leave would be
inconvenient. It would be preferable for
the Durbar to employ a Govt. officer on whose
services it could always rely. Except, of course,
in the event of their being required with a military
force in the field. The Resident will ascertain
whether the Durbar is willing to meet the
whole cost of the present Civil Surgeon's pay
and allowances. The necessary action as
regards this matter will be taken in the
Political Dept.*

Unappointed Medical Officers.

1	Civil Surgeon, Cocanada.	
1	Do. Coimbatore.	
1	Do. Coonoor.	
1	Do. Cuddalore.	
1	Do. Cuddapah.	
1	Do. Kurnool.	
1	Do. Madura.	
1	Do. Mangalore.	
1	Do. Masulipatam.	
1	Do. Nellore.	
1	Do. Ootacamund.	
1	Do. do.	
1	Do. Rajahmundry.	
1	Do. Salem.	
1	Do. Tanjore.	
1	Do. Tinnevely.	
1	Do. Trichinopoly.	
1	Do. Vellore.	
1	Do. Vizagapatam.	
	Department, three	
	Unappointed Civil Surgeons in Central Provinces.	
8	Do. do. in British Burma + four	
	for Military.	
	Civil Surgeons in Berar.	
	Total number of appointments ..	127
	Reserve at 25 per cent. ...	32
	Total...	159

Unappointed when no Covenanted Medical Officers are

1	Civil Surgeon, Negapatam.	
1	Do. Tellicherry.	
	Total ...	7

MENT.

GOVERNMENT OF
FORT ST. GEORGE.

MENT OF INDIA,
HOME DEPARTMENT.

dated the 4th August 1893, and
rd copy of the Proceedings of this
it will be observed that His
rined of the urgent necessity for
at Chingleput and Anantapur that
vacancies in List I for the two
Medical Officers at Ootacamund and
r to List II.

*he considers that vacancies should be created in
List I by the delegation to List II of the appointments
of Second Medical Officer at Ootacamund and the
Civil Surgeon of Chingleput.*

ccorded to these arrangements at

ve the honor to be,

Sir,

our most obedient servant,

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

Medical Officers when no Covenanted
Officers have been permanently
Government of India has recent
held by Commissioned Officers of
appointments were held by Com.
available for duty, and it has ac
List ~~as~~ long as any List II appoi
Officers.

50/

recommended the
relegation of

5. In this connection, but independently
of the revision of List II, the Govt. is strongly
of opinion that efforts should be made to
obtain the services of duly qualified
Uncovenanted officers for appointments
included in List II. The improvement
and numerical increase of the
indigenous medical man are matters
which call for immediate attention, and
with these objects in view, better paid
appointments should be thrown open
to men of the class. The Govt. desires
to impress on the Surgeon General its
wish that the system shall be given
a fair trial.

4. After careful consideration
that it would be most inadvisable at
the Commissioned Medical Officers
Surgeoncies of Chingleput and An
been so frequently recorded that it
provide for the inclusion of these
deliberation, been decided to ~~abolish~~
Ootacamund and ~~to relegate to~~ the
Government of India will be address

6. In regard to the Civil Surge
occasion when permission was sought
Officer to the Cochin State it was
that the State should be free to mak
months' notice as it contemplated
~~As no further communication in~~
~~Resident will be directed to inform~~
~~draw the Commissioned Medical Of~~
~~Darbar should procure with the~~
~~Medical Officer of its own from Eng~~
~~the event of his being allowed to re~~
~~whole cost of the present Civil S~~
action in this matter will be taken in

6. The letters from the Surge
with their endorsement to the M
Military Medical matters therein re

7. The following letter will be

[Here enter letter]

(TM)

enclosures

To the Surgeon General.
,, Military Department (with two
,, Poll Dept

I. Appointments to be held

Surgeon General with the Government of Madras.

Secretary to do. do.

Sanitary Commissioner.

Deputy Sanitary Commissioner.

Surgeon to the Governor.

Principal Medical Storekeeper.

Four Deputy Surgeons-General.

Secretary to Surgeon-General, Her Majesty's Forces.

Garrison Surgeon, Bangalore.

Sappers and Miners.

Three Cavalry Regiments.

Thirty-two Infantry Regiments.

Staff duties, Secunderabad.

Four appointments under the Foreign Department, Government of India.

One appointment under the Financial Department, Government of India.

Ten Regiments, Hyderabad Contingent.

Nine Medical College appointments.

Four Presidency Surgeons.

Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, Madras.

Physician to His Highness the Rajah of Mysore.

Civil Surgeon, Bellary.

Do. Berhampore.

Do. Calicut.

Do. Cannanore.

Do. Chittoor.

II. Appointments for Uncovenanted Medical Officers

Civil Surgeon, Chingleput.

Do. Cochin.

Do. Chatrapur.

Do. Guntur.

Do. Anantapur.

LETTER—from

THE CHIEF SECRETARY

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE

SIR,

With advertence to your letter of previous correspondence, I am directed by Government No. of this date to inform the Excellency the Governor in Council that the services of Commissioned Medical Officers have been decided to be continued with regular appointments by the abolition of the relegation of the Civil Surgeons.

2. I am to request that you will send an early date.

OOTACAMUND,
13th June 1894.

20.
clean proofs of
corrected please.
- will be sent
corrections tomorrow.

75B

6/7

Note: Page 2 has two Sub-headers without numbers.

2. The reasons which have prompted this decision are that Chingleput is one of the Chief towns of the district of that name, and an important hospital and a Reformatory for juveniles are situated there. It is also the head-quarters of the District Judge and the Sub-Collector. The Chingleput district has a population of 1,006,928; it contains - besides Conjeevaram which is a town of very large size - many considerable villages and fifteen hospitals and dispensaries. In 1892/3 the number of persons vaccinated was 36,715.

It will be seen from the foregoing particulars that the services of a Commissioned Medical Officer are indispensable for the proper medical administration of the district.

Anantapur is the principal town of that district, and is the headquarters of the Collector and other European officials. The town and district are fast developing from a medical point of view. The town has a population of 708,549, and contains eleven hospitals and dispensaries. The number of persons vaccinated in 1892/3 was

LETTER—from

THE CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF
FORT ST. GEORGE.

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
HOME DEPARTMENT.

SIR,

With advertence to your letter No. 471, dated the 4th August 1893, and previous correspondence, I am directed to forward copy of the Proceedings of this Government No. 509 of this date, from which it will be observed that His Excellency the Governor in Council is so convinced of the urgent necessity for the services of Commissioned Medical Officers at Chingleput and Anantapur that he considers that vacancies should be created in List I by the relegation to List II of the appointment of Second Medical officer at Ootacamund and the Civil Surgeoncy of Chittoor.

2. The reasons which have prompted this decision are that Chingleput is one of the chief towns of the district of that name, and an important hospital and reformatory for juveniles are situated there. It is also the Headquarters of the District Judge and the Sub-Collector. The Chingleput District has a population of 1,136,828; it contains—besides Conjeeveram which is a town of very large size—many considerable villages and fifteen hospitals and dispensaries. In 1892-93 the number of persons vaccinated was 36,715.

Anantapur is the principal town of that District, and is the Headquarters of the Collector and other European officials. The town and district are fast developing from a medical point of view. The latter has a population of 708,549, and contains eleven hospitals and dispensaries. The number of persons vaccinated in 1892-93 was 16,261.

It will be seen from the foregoing particulars that the services of commissioned officers are indispensable for the proper medical administration of the districts named.

3. I am to request that sanction may be accorded to these proposals at an early date.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

OOTACAMUND,
13th July 1894.

Chief Secretary.

clear proofs
lease.J.B.
9/11/949/
42,432/
d/
1893-94/J.B.
10/11/94.Desd.
6/10/94w
12/11

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h/

1893-94/

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19,710/