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Archaeology.

[Despatch Abstract.]

Recording letter from the Supt. Archaeological Survey, Madras, enclosing the annual report of survey operations conducted during the year 1891-92. Sprenger Copy 4 to 6 of Index & Appendix.

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R = Print, but not for monthly volume.

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overnment Archæological Survey, and Conservation of
Ancient Monuments in Southern India,

Bangalore

27th June 1892.

1707

No. 59.

From

A. REA, Esquire, M.R.A.S.,

~~Archæological Surveyor to the Govt. of Madras,~~
Superintendent,
Archæologl. Survey, Madras.

To

The Chief Secretary
to Government,

CHIEF SECRETARY'S OFFICE
20 JUN 92
MADRAS

Sir,

With reference to paragraph 2 of G.O., dated 7th August 1891, No 674, Public, I have the honour to submit the annual report of survey operations conducted during the year 1891-92.

2— During the first quarter of the field-season, work was carried on in the north of the Tanjore district, and some adjoining villages of the Trichinopoly district.(1)

(1) G.O. dated 28th October 1891, No 913, Public.

3— The temples surveyed in the Tanjore district are those at Tiruvadi, Perambalipur, Tirupanam, Kandiyur, Tirupantiruttī, Tiruchothuvai, and Tiruvedakkudi.

4— The former temple is a celebrated one, and is architecturally important. The others are nearly as large and h

- belief writing in India must be far older than has often been presumed.

The most important part of the field work was the presence of inscriptions on fine specimens of the large stone relic caskets. They present a new type of alphabet, indicative of an old split between the alphabets of the north and south. Some of the letters differ remarkably in details from the Aśoka alphabet hitherto known. These are the only inscribed caskets and the most complete collection of relics that have ever been found in Madras. The inscribed stones have been deposited in the Madras Museum. The excavations at this stūpa also showed that it had been of great size. Some sculptured marbles and the remains of a surrounding rail were found. Notes were made of some adjoining ancient sites.

10- Excavations were carried out at the Buddhist stūpa of Ghantaśala. Two small relic caskets made of pottery and containing a coin, gold leaf and beads were unearthed from the centre. Two carved marbles were found around the building and of the others,—

and Pinapadu.

12- The ancient dutch tombs at Masulipatam were inspected. Those also in the Dutch cemetery at Pulicat comprise about the finest extant collection of this class of remains. A fine set of drawings, illustrating the majority of the curious and interesting sculptures at the latter place, was made. They are sufficient for a volume.

13. A list of ancient monuments selected for conservation in the Madras Presidency was published at the beginning of the year. Lists of ancient remains in Coorg were in course of preparation at the end of the year. Full notes for a more detailed and illustrated report of the recent important Buddhist discoveries were made. A report on Chalukyan architecture was nearly completed. A translation of the Vimana Sastra is being made. Eighty-one drawings were inked in, ninety-three new drawings, twenty-three photographs, [illegible] prepared in the field.

Office, No. [illegible]

14— The following is a list of large sheet drawings, photographs, and plaster casts

Proposals for the conservation of ancient monuments not included in the standard list were received from the Collectors of Bellary, Cuddapah, Kurnool and North Arcot. These buildings will have to be inspected before the estimates are sanctioned. Estimates for the repairs to others in Ganjam, Godavari and North Arcot are received from the Executive Engineers concerned. These, on examination will be approved with such suggestions as appear necessary.

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14— [illegible] list of [illegible] photo[illegible] Casts

Public

From.

The Superintendent
Archæological Survey
Madras.

No 207

Dates 27th } Jany/92.
Rec'd 28th }

Submitting the Annual Report of Survey Operations conducted during the year 1891-92.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper :—

From A. REA, Esq., M.R.A.S., Superintendent, Archæological Survey, Madras, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Bangalore, 27th June 1892, No. 259.

With reference to paragraph 2 of G.O., dated 7th August 1891, No. 674, Public, I have the honour to submit the annual report of survey operations conducted during the year 1891–92.

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* G.O., 28th October 1891, No. 913, Public.

3. The temples surveyed in the Tanjore district are those at Tiruvádi, Perambuliyur, Tirupanam, Kandiyur, Tirupamtirutti, Tiruchothudurai, and Tiruvedakkudi.

4. The former temple is a celebrated one, and is architecturally important. The others are nearly as large and have a similar design. They all have had a Chola foundation. In the puranic history they are connected with each other, and are known as the Saptastalam.

5. A complete set of plans and other drawings, photographs, and some plaster casts were made at Tiruvádi, and such drawings as were necessary to illustrate the other buildings. A list of these will be found at the end of the report. Some interesting historical and other information was collected at Tiruvádi, and full notes with other illustrative sketches of all the above noted temples made.

6. The large temple at Tirumalavádi has some notable architectural features. It, and a smaller temple at Kirparavur, interesting on account of its great age, were both surveyed.

7. Amarávati, in the Kistna district, was visited, and the marble sculptures then remaining there were packed and sent to the Madras Museum. Sketches for fitting up in the Museum some of these stones to represent portions of the great marble rails, were afterwards made out, and submitted to Government. A number of Buddhist coins were collected during the visit.

8. The second quarter of the field season was spent in the Kistna district where some important discoveries were made.

9. The ruined Buddhist stûpa at Gudiváda was examined and some slight excavation conducted on the site. A number of Buddhist coins, which show many different inscriptions and a variety of symbols, were collected. Drawings were made of a fine Jaina image at Gudiváda, and a very curious Jaina column sculptured with four images found at Bezváda. This last was only lately discovered underground during some excavations at a house in the town. Arrangements were being made to have it secured for the Museum.

10. At the remains of the Buddhist stûpa of Bhattiprolu one of the most important of recent discoveries was made.† The upper half of the dome of the stûpa was ruined several years ago, and a relic casket was then found in the centre about the middle of the height of the dome. As,

† G.O., 22nd April 1892, No. 270, Public.

however, the most important relics are usually found near the centre of the foundations, I thought it possible that others might exist there. In the centre of the solid brick was a round well built in with bricks. I opened it out down to the foundations, or 23 feet from the present summit of the mound. The result more than exceeded my expectations, for between the depths of 14 feet 6 inches and 18 feet, I found three large boulder-caskets each formed of two stones fitted together. They contained a number of gold flowers, beads and ornaments, precious stones, small stone and crystal caskets, two of them with bone relics, a beryl cut to form a small relic-casket ; a crystal hexagon with inscriptions scratched on each of the six faces ; and a book which had been formed of a long strip of thin metal folded together. This latter was covered with a green corrosion and appeared at first to be copper. It has now been partly cleaned, and is a white metal, apparently silver. On it are Aśoka characters pricked on with a metal point. The most important part of the find was the presence of inscriptions on five of the large stone relic-caskets. They present a new type of alphabet, indicative of an old split between the alphabets of the north and south. Some of the letters differ remarkably in details from the Aśoka alphabet hitherto known. These inscribed documents of such an early date (Cir. 200 B.C.) shew that the introduction of alphabetic writing in India must be far older than has often been presumed. These are the only inscribed caskets and the most complete collection of relics that have ever been found in Madras. The inscribed stones have been deposited in the Madras Museum. The excavation at this stûpa also showed that it had been of great size. Some sculptured marbles and the remains of a surrounding rail were found. Notes were made of some adjoining ancient sites.

11. Excavations were carried out at the Buddhist stûpa of Ghantasala. Two small-relic caskets made of pottery and containing a coin, gold leaf and beads were unearthed from the centre. Two carved marbles were found around the building, and of the others, which had been removed by the villagers, a number was found in this and other villages. These include some finely-sculptured slabs, inscribed and carved piers, &c. Two antique articles—a brass chakra and trisula—recently found here were acquired for Government. The plan of the walls of the building is a curious one, and arranged unlike any other stûpa known in Madras. It has two concentric circles of brickwork, with solid square masonry in the centre, all connected with cross and radiating walls. A study of it seems to show that it must have been designed similarly to some stûpas in Ceylon. The village of Śrikakulam, the site of the first capital of the Andhra dynasty, and some ancient sites in and near Ghantasala, were examined and noted.

12. All the ancient sites in the Répalle taluk, which are entered in the catalogue of mounds in the Kistna district, were visited and noted. They are situated at the villages of Anantavaram, Buddhani, Chandavolu, Chanduru, Kondamudi, Manduru, Morukuru, Mulpuru, Peravali, and Pinapadu.

13. The ancient Dutch tombs at Masulipatam were inspected. Those also in the Dutch cemetery at Pulicat comprise about the finest extant collection of this class of remains. A fine set of drawings, illustrating the majority of the curious and interesting sculptures at the latter place, was made. They are sufficient for a volume.

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15. The following is a list of large sheet drawings, photographs, and plaster casts :—

No. *Drawings.*

880. Three-carved blackstone piers from the shrine of Tenkailasam, Panchanadesvara temple, Tiruvádi.
881. Blackstone pier and details from the shrine of Tenkailasam, Panchanadesvara temple, Tiruvádi.
882. Blackstone pier and details from the shrine of Tenkailasam, Panchanadesvara temple, Tiruvádi.
883. Longitudinal section showing elevation of Tenkailasam temple, Tiruvádi.
884. Detail drawing of a figure niche, with base and cornice, Vadakailasam temple, Tiruvádi.
885. South elevation, Vadakailasam temple, Tiruvádi.
886. Detail drawing of a figure niche, with base and cornice, Tenkailasam temple, Tiruvádi.
887. Niche and two-carved pilasters, Vadakailasam temple, Tiruvádi.
888. Ground plan of the temple, Tiruvádi.
889. Transverse section through the temple, Tiruvádi.
890. Enlarged pilaster details, Panchanadesvara temple, Tiruvádi.
891. Ornamental figure niche on main shrine, do. do.
892. Back elevation of main shrine, do. do.
893. Corner pier in the Utsavamurti mandapa and pier in the Mahamandapa, Panchanadesvara temple, Tiruvádi.
894. Bases from various shrines, Panchanadesvara temple, Tiruvadi.
895. Three piers in second prakara, Ardhamandapa and Sánesvara mandapa, Panchanadesvara temple, Tiruvádi.
896. Base of the Utsavamurti mandapa, Vaithyanathaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
897. Ground plan, Vaithyanathaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
898. Back elevation of main shrine, Vaithyanathaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
899. Two piers in Mahamandapa and Sabhamandapa, Vaithyanathaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
900. Longitudinal section, Vaithyanathaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
901. South elevation of Amman shrine, do. do.
902. Pier in Sabhanayakar mandapa, do. do.
903. Two piers, do. do
904. Bases from Utsavamurti and Sabhanayakar shrines, Vaithyanathaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
905. Pilasters from the shrines and gopuras, Vaithyanathaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
906. Ornamental details, Vaithyanathaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
907. Niche in ruined shrine and pier base from Mahamandapa of Amman shrine, Vaithyanathaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
908. Ground plan, Ghritastanesvara temple, Tillastanam.
909. Niche from the main shrine, Ghritastanesvara temple, Tillastanam.
910. Three views of piers in Ardha and Mahamandapas, Ghritastanesvara temple, Tillastanam.
911. Back elevation of main shrine, Ghritastanesvara temple, Tillastanam.
912. Longitudinal section do. do. do.
913. West elevation of main shrine, Vyagaresvaraswami temple, Perambaliyur.
914. Mandapa near chatram, Tillastanam.
915. Ground plan, Vyaghresvaraswami temple, Perambaliyur.
916. Pilaster ornaments from main shrine, Vyaghresvaraswami temple, Perambaliyur.
917. Longitudinal section do. do. do.
918. Plan and side elevation of Perumal temple, Kiraparavur.
919. Portion of inner court, Vaithyanathaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
920. Sketches of marble slabs in the Madras Museum, for constructing portions of the rails.
920 to 922. Sketches of marble slabs in the Madras Museum, for constructing portions of the rails.
923. Pier, &c., unearthed by the sea at St. Thomé and now in the Madras Museum.
924. Jaina image at Gudiváda.
925. Marble slab carved with a dagoba near Siva temple, Ghantasala.
926. Marble sculptured base near a well, Ghantasala.
927. Marble base in Jalatisvara temple do.
928. Marble umbrella in a Brahman's house do.
929. Marble pier in Jalatisvara temple do.
930. Marble base in a house near Siva temple, Ghantasala.
931. Sculptured marble slab do. do.
932. Carved marble slab do. do.

No. *Drainage*—cont.

933. Ancient brass image found at Bauddhavanam and now in Siva temple, Ghantasala.
934. Marble pier at Polimerdibha, Ghantasala.
935. Carved marble pannelled pier at Bauddhavanam, Ghantasala.
936. Two piers at the stûpa, Bhattiprolu.
937. Sculptured marble slab found at Bhattiprolu.
938. Marble pilaster capital, Bhattiprolu.
939. Portion of umbrella and sculpture, Bhattiprolu.
940. Metal dipakal found at Bauddhavanam and now in Siva temple, Ghantasala.
941. Sculptured marble slab in Siva temple, Ghantasala.
942. Do. do. representing tree worship, at Ramanagaram.
943. Do. do. near Siva temple, Ghantasala.
944. Do. do. do. do.
945. Carved Sripadu slab found in stûpa, Ghantasala.
946. Portion of a carved rail panel from stupa, Ghantasala.
947. Marble ring under a djastambha near Siva temple, Ghantasala.
948. Sculptured pier with four Jaina statues found at Bezváda.
949 to 968. Carved tombstones, Dutch cemetery, Pulicat.
969. Arched lich-gate, Dutch cemetery, Pulicat.
970. Plan of the do. do.
971. Sketches of relic caskets found in stûpa at Ghantasala.
972. Plan and section of stûpa in mound at Ghantasala.
973. Detail drawings from the stûpa at Bhattiprolu.

No. *Photographs.*

128. East gopura, Panchanadesvaraswami temple, Tiruvádi.
129. Details of a pier, Tenkailasam shrine, Panchanadesvaraswami temple, Tiruvádi.
130. The Teppakulam do. do do.
131. General view do. do. do.
132. Veranda of second prakara do. do. do.
133. Subrahmanyaswami shrine do. do. do.
134. Portion of back elevation of the Vadakailasam shrine, Panchanadesvaraswami temple, Tiruvádi.
135. Tenkailasam shrine, Panchanadesvaraswami temple, Tiruvádi.
136. Silver vahanams do. do. do.
137. Temple jewels do. do. do.
138. Do. do. do. do.
139. East gopura, Vaidyanadhaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
140. Portion of carved and inscribed wall, Vaidyanadhaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
141. Back elevation do. do. do.
142. North elevation do. do. do.
143. Amman shrine do. do. do.
144. Collection of brass utensils used in puja do. do. do.
145. East gopura, Ghritastanesvara temple, Tillastanam.
146 North elevation do. do. do.
147. Tower in the second prakara, Ghritastanesvara temple, Tillastanam.
148. Back elevation, Vyaghresvaraswami temple, Perambaliyur.
149. Ancient granary and shrine, Pushpavanesvaraswami temple, Tirupamtirutti.
150. Back elevation do. do. do.

No. *Plaster Casts.*

1. Panel on a pier, with figure and ornament, Vadakailasam shrine, Panchanadesvaraswami temple, Tiuvádi.
2. Panel on a pier, with figure and ornament, Vadakailasam shrine, Panchanadesvaraswami temple, Tiruvádi.
3. Figure scroll, Panchanadesvaraswami temple, Tiruvadi.
4. Do. do. do. do.
5. Pier panel (figure and scroll), Panchanadesvaraswami temple, Tiruvádi.
6. Do. (figure and ornament) do. do. do.
7. Do. (ornament) do. do. do.
8. Do. (figure and ornament) do. do. do.

Exd. A. Raitt.

H. M.

ORDER 15 July 92 & 493.

Recorded.

The usual addresses.

1494

Copy to the Govt of India
Rev. and Agric. dept.

To the Superintendent, Archæological Survey.
„ the Superintendent, Central Museum.
„ Dr. E. Hultzsch, Government Epigraphist.
„ all Collectors.

Copy to the Secretary, Royal Asiatic Society, London.
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„ the Secretary, Royal Institute of British Archi
9, Conduit Street, Han
„ the President, Asiatic Society, Bengal.
„ the Secretary, Madras Literary Society.
„ R. Sewell, Esq., Madras Civil Service.
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„ the Archæological Commissioner for Ceylon.
„ Henry Cousens, Esq., Superintendent, Archæol
„ Rev. Dr. W. Miller, C.I.E., Principal, Christia
„ Professor G. Bühler, L.I.D., C.I.E., 22, Stefanie
„ Pandit Natesa Sastri, M.F.L.S.

Editors' Table.

Rec'd 20.10.493
& 15-7-92

The Collectors of
~~The District Magistrates of~~

~~Madras (when necessary).~~
Madura.
Malabar, Calicut.
Nilgiris, Ootacamund.
Nellore.
Salem.
Tanjore.
Tinnevelly.
Trichinopoly.
Vizagapatam.

Anantapur.
North Arcot, Chittoor.
South Arcot, Cuddalore.
Bellary.
South Canara, Mangalore.
Chingleput, Saidapet.
Coimbatore.
Cuddapah.
Ganjam, Chatrapur.
Godavari, Cocanada.
Kistna, Masulipatam.
Kurnool.

Dept 28/7/92

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PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

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883. Longitudinal section showing elevation of Tenkailasam temple, Tiruvádi.
884. Detail drawing of a figure niche, with base and cornice, Vadakailasam temple, Tiruvádi.
885. South elevation, Vadakailasam temple, Tiruvádi.
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887. Niche and two-carved pilasters, Vadakailasam temple, Tiruvádi.
888. Ground plan of the temple, Tiruvádi.
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894. Bases from various shrines, Panchanadesvara temple, Tiruvadi.
895. Three piers in second prakara, Ardhamandapa and Sanesvara mandapa, Panchanadesvara temple, Tiruvádi.
896. Base of the Utsavamurti mandapa, Vaithyanathaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
897. Ground plan, Vaithyanathaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
898. Back elevation of main shrine, Vaithyanathaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
899. Two piers in Mahamandapa and Sabhamandapa, Vaithyanathaswami temple, Tirumalavadi
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901. South elevation of Amman shrine, do. do.
902. Pier in Sabhanayakar mandapa, do. do.
903. Two piers, do. do
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906. Ornamental details, Vaithyanathaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
907. Niche in ruined shrine and pier base from Mahamandapa of Amman shrine, Vaithyanathaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
908. Ground plan, Ghritastanesvara temple, Tillastanam.
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910. Three views of piers in Ardha and Mahamandapas, Ghritastanesvara temple, Tillastanam.
911. Back elevation of main shrine, Ghritastanesvara temple, Tillastanam.
912. Longitudinal section do. do. do.
913. West elevation of main shrine, Vyagaresvaraswami temple, Perambaliyur.
914. Mandapa near chatram, Tillastanam.
915. Ground plan, Vyaghresvaraswami temple, Perambaliyur.
916. Pilaster ornaments from main shrine, Vyaghresvaraswami temple, Perambaliyur.
917. Longitudinal section do. do. do.
918. Plan and side elevation of Perumal temple, Kiraparavur.
919. Portion of inner court, Vaithyanathaswami temple, Tirumalavadi.
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141. Back elevation do. do. do.
142. North elevation do. do. do.
143. Amman shrine do. do. do.
144. Collection of brass utensils used in puja do. do. do.
145. East gopura, Ghritastanesvara temple, Tillastanam.
146 North elevation do do. do.
147. Tower in the second prakara, Ghritastanesvara temple, Tillastanam.
148. Back elevation, Vyaghresvaraswami temple, Perambaliyur.
149. Ancient granary and shrine, Pushpavanesvaraswami temple, Tirupamtirutti.
150. Back elevation do. do. do.

No. *Plaster Casts.*

1. Panel on a pier, with figure and ornament, Vadakailasam shrine, Panchanadesvaraswami temple, Tiuvádi.
2. Panel on a pier, with figure and ornament, Vadakailasam shrine, Panchanadesvaraswami temple, Tiruvádi.
3. Figure scroll, Panchanadesvaraswami temple, Tiruvadi.
4. Do. do. do. do.
5. Pier panel (figure and scroll), Panchanadesvaraswami temple, Tiruvádi.
6. Do. (figure and ornament) do. do. do.
7. Do. (ornament) do. do. do.
8. Do. (figure and ornament) do. do. do.

ORDER—dated 15th July 1892, No. 493, Public.

Recorded.

(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Superintendent, Archæological Survey.
„ the Superintendent, Central Museum.
„ Dr. E. Hultzsch, Government Epigraphist.
„ all Collectors.
Copy to the Secretary, Royal Asiatic Society, London.
„ the Secretary, Royal Asiatic Society, Ceylon Branch.
„ the Secretary, Royal Institute of British Architects, 9, Conduit Street, Hanover Square, London, W.
„ the President, Asiatic Society, Bengal.
„ the Secretary, Madras Literary Society.
„ R. Sewell, Esq., Madras Civil Service.
„ Dr. J. Burgess, C.I.E., care of India Office.
„ V. A. Smith, Esq., Bengal Civil Service.
„ Dr. Rost, Librarian, India Office.
„ A. C. MacDonald, Esq., Deputy Keeper of the Indian Institute, Oxford.
„ J. F. Fleet, Esq., Bo. C.S., C.I.E., Acting Commissioner, S.D., Bombay.
„ Dr. G. Oppert, Madras.
„ the Archæological Commissioner for Ceylon.
„ Henry Cousens, Esq., Superintendent, Archæological Survey of Western India, Poona.
„ Rev. Dr. W. Miller, C.I.E., Principal, Christian College, Madras.
„ Professor G. Bühler, L.L.D., C.I.E., 22, Stefanie Gasse Ober Döbling, Vienna.
„ Pandit Natesa Sastri, M.F.L.S.
Editors' Table.

ENDORSEMENT—dated 15th July 1892, No. 494, Public.

Copy to the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Department.

Chief Secretary.

Exd. A. Raitt.

Govt. of {1892} Madras.

PUBLIC.

Issued

Recd. *Encl.*

G.O., &c., 15th July 1892, Nos. 493, 494.

JULY.

Archæology.

Recording letter from the Superintendent, Archæological Survey, Madras, containing the annual report of survey operations conducted during the year 1891–92.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper :—

From A. REA, Esq., M.R.A.S., Superintendent, Archæological Survey, Madras, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Bangalore, 27th June 1892, No. 259.

With reference to paragraph 2 of G.O., dated 7th August 1891, No. 674, Public, I have the honour to submit the annual report of survey operations conducted during the year 1891–92.

2. During the first quarter of the field season, work was carried on in the north of the Tanjore district, and some adjoining villages of the Trichinopoly district.*

* G.O., 28th October 1891, No. 913, Public.

3. The temples surveyed in the Tanjore district are those at Tiruvádi, Perambuliyur, Tirupanam, Kandiyur, Tirupamtirutti, Tiruchothudurai, and Tiruvedakkudi.

4. The former temple is a celebrated one, and is architecturally important. The others are nearly as large and have a similar design. They all have had a Chola foundation. In the puranic history they are connected with each other, and are known as the Saptastalam.

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141. Back elevation do. do. do.
142. North elevation do. do. do.
143. Amman shrine do. do. do.
144. Collection of brass utensils used in puja do. do. do.
145. East gopura, Ghritastanesvara temple, Tillastanam.
146 North elevation do do. do.
147. Tower in the second prakara, Ghritastanesvara temple, Tillastanam.
148. Back elevation, Vyaghresvaraswami temple, Perambaliyur.
149. Ancient granary and shrine, Pushpavanesvaraswami temple, Tirupamtirutti.
150. Back elevation do. do. do.

No. *Plaster Casts.*

1. Panel on a pier, with figure and ornament, Vadakailasam shrine, Panchanadesvaraswami temple, Tiuvádi.
2. Panel on a pier, with figure and ornament, Vadakailasam shrine, Panchanadesvaraswami temple, Tiruvádi.
3. Figure scroll, Panchanadesvaraswami temple, Tiruvadi.
4. Do. do. do. do.
5. Pier panel (figure and scroll), Panchanadesvaraswami temple, Tiruvádi.
6. Do. (figure and ornament) do. do. do.
7. Do. (ornament) do. do. do.
8. Do. (figure and ornament) do. do. do.

ORDER—dated 15th July 1892, No. 493, Public.

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(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Superintendent, Archæological Survey.
" the Superintendent, Central Museum.
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" all Collectors.
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" Editors' Table.

ENDORSEMENT—dated 15th July 1892, No. 494, Public.

Copy to the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Department.

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

Exd. A. Raitt.

Govt. of {1892} Madras.

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G.O., &c., 15th July 1892,
Nos. 493, 494.

JULY.

Archæology.

Recording letter from the Superintendent, Archæological Survey, Madras, containing the annual report of survey operations conducted during the year 1891-92, and forwarding copy to the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Department.