

ORDINARY, PRINTED.

Public DEPARTMENT.	
G.O., DATED	13-5-92
No.	330

INDEXED.

First copy sent to Press. 13-5-92

Returned for signature. 19-5-92

Despatched in print. 20-5-92

[Despatch Abstract.]

Govt. Presidency Hospital
Lunatic Asylum

Approving of the rules
for working the system
recently ordered, of pur-
chase of articles of dress
for the —

13/5
14-11-03

25-9-07

16-8-12

4-1-13

17-7-14

Govt. of {1892} Madras.
PUBLIC.

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 13th May 1892, No. 330.

MAY.

**Government Presidency Hospitals
and Lunatic Asylums.**

Approving of the rules for working the system,
recently ordered, of purchase of articles of diet for
the —.

RULES.

Under instructions from Government, the following rules regarding the working of the system of purchase of articles of diet, the introduction of which has been recently ordered, are issued for the guidance of Medical officers in charge of Government Presidency Hospitals and Lunatic Asylums:—

1. Medical officers will publish advertisements from time to time inviting tenders for the supply of "perishable" articles required. The duration of contracts for the supply of these articles is left entirely to the discretion of the Medical officers concerned, who will fix it in each case with the view of obtaining the most advantageous terms; e.g., if the state of the market is very favorable the contract should be fixed for a longer period than if the rates obtainable at the time that it is made are high. The articles named below will be regarded as "perishable":—

Perishable Articles.

Beef.	Fish.	Mint and parsley.
Bread.	Flour, wheat.	Mutton.
Butter.	Ghee.	Mangoes.
Butter-milk.	Ginger, green.	Onions.
Calves' feet.	Hoppahs.	Oranges.
Chicken or fowl.	Ice.	Plantains.
Chillies, green.	Limes.	Potatoes.
Eggs.	Milk.	Vegetables, green.

2. "Non-perishable" articles (a list of which is appended) should be purchased in bulk. In lieu of contracts as heretofore, tenders should be invited at a time when prices are the most favorable for the supply of such quantities as will fill the storage accommodation available. The advertisement should call for the delivery of the whole of the quantity of the article required within a specified and early date.

Non-perishable Articles.

Almonds.	Cinnamon seed.	Rice.
Arrowroot.	Dhall.	Salt.
Barley.	Firewood.	Spice.
Cocoa.	Ginger, dry.	Sugar.
Coffee.	Garlic.	Sago.
Chillies, dry.	Gingelly oil.	Tamarind.
Corn-flour.	Mustard seed.	Tea.
Coriander.	Pepper.	Turmeric.
Cinnamon.	Poppy seed.	Vendium.

3. Tenders should be opened by the Medical officer in the presence of the tenderers on a date and at an hour to be mentioned in the advertisement.

4. The Medical officer in charge will be held personally responsible that all necessary precautions are taken before any tender is accepted or contract entered into. He should by every possible inquiry and by reference to the Revenue officials do all that is in his power to ascertain from time to time the ruling market price of each article required. There should be a separate tender for each article.

5. Medical officers should bear in mind that the responsibility of adjudicating on tenders and of accepting or rejecting them has been specially imposed upon them by Government. They will furnish the Surgeon-General with copies of the schedules to the contracts entered into by them and statements of the quantities of the articles purchased in bulk and the rates paid for them.

6. Storekeepers should be furnished by the medical officer in charge with a statement of their duties in detail. This should be strictly confined to instructions as to the receipt, safe keeping and issue of articles placed in their charge, and the proper maintenance of such books and accounts connected with them as may be necessary. Storekeepers should have absolutely nothing to do with the purchase of articles.

13TH MAY 1892, No. 330, PUBLIC.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.
PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following papers :—

From the Surgeon-General, dated 8th March 1892, No. 219.
Reference, dated 7th April 1892, No. 645.
From the Surgeon-General, dated 20th April 1892, No. 326.

ORDER—dated 13th May 1892, No. 330, Public.

The rules printed as an appendix to these Proceedings are approved for issue by the Surgeon-General.

(True Extract.)

Chief Secretary.

To the Surgeon-General.
" Revenue Department (with reference to rule 4).
" Sanitary Commissioner.

Exd. C. M. Brisson.

[Appendix.

Proof 6/5

Under instructions from Government, the following rules regarding the working of the new system of purchase of articles of diet are issued for the guidance of Medical officers in charge of Government Presidency Hospitals and Lunatic Asylums:—

(The introduction of which has been being made)

1. Medical officers will publish advertisements from time to time inviting tenders for the supply of "perishable" articles required. The duration of contracts for the supply of these articles is left entirely to the discretion of the Medical officer concerned, who will fix it in each case with the view of obtaining the most advantageous terms; e.g., if the state of the market is very favorable the contract should be fixed for a longer period than if the rates obtainable are necessarily high. A Medical officer should therefore fix his contract with the object of being able to take advantage of any more favorable state of the market which may reasonably be expected to occur. The articles named below will be regarded as "perishable":—

Perishable Articles.

Beef.	Fish.	Mint and parsley.
Bread.	Flour, wheat.	Mutton.
Butter.	Ghee.	Mangoes.
Butter-milk.	Ginger, green.	Onions.
Calves' feet.	Hoppahs.	Oranges.
Chicken or fowl.	Ice.	Plantains.
Chillies, green.	Limes.	Potatoes.
Eggs.	Milk.	Vegetables, green.

2. "Non-perishable" articles (a list of which is appended) should be purchased in bulk. In lieu of contracts as heretofore, tenders should be invited at a time when prices are the most favorable for the supply of such quantities as will fill the storage accommodation available. The advertisement should call for the delivery of the whole of the articles required within a specified and early date.

Non-perishable Articles.

Almonds.	Cinnamon seed.	Rice.
Arrowroot.	Dhall.	Salt.
Barley.	Firewood.	Spice.
Cocoa.	Ginger, dry.	Sugar.
Coffee.	Garlic.	Sago.
Chillies, dry.	Gingelly oil.	Tamarind.
Corn-flour.	Mustard seed.	Tee.
Coriander.	Pepper.	Turmeric.
Cinnamon.	Poppy seed.	Vendium.

3. Tenders should be opened by the Medical officer in the presence of the tenderers on a date and at an hour to be mentioned in the advertisement.

4. The Medical officer in charge will be held personally responsible that all necessary precautions are taken before any tender is accepted or contract entered into. He should by every possible inquiry and by reference to the Revenue officials do all that is in his power to ascertain from time to time the ruling market price of each article required. There should be a separate tender for each article, and Medical officers should be in a position to check the rates quoted.

5. Medical officers should bear in mind that the responsibility of adjudicating on tenders and of accepting or rejecting them has been specially imposed upon them by Government. They will keep the Surgeon-General informed of what action they have taken in regard to supplies, whether "perishable" or "non-perishable," in view to due notice being taken in the event of there having been any want of care or precaution on their part.

6. Storekeepers should be furnished with a statement of their duties in detail. It should be drawn up by Medical officers on the assumption that the duties will be strictly confined to the receipt, safe keeping and issue of articles placed in their charge, and the proper maintenance of such books and accounts connected with them as may be necessary. Storekeepers should have absolutely nothing to do with the purchase of articles.

(Hence)

(by the Medical Officer in charge)

The rules have been revised, and a proof is submitted for approval. Attention is invited to para. 4 of the Surgeon-General's letter.

The S. G. has sent up revised rules and an attempt has been made to put them into working shape. It is submitted that the above may be tried. It is suggested that these be sent to S. G. for further revision.

CURRENT NO. 1085
Public (1892) DEPARTMENT

From

THE SURGEON GENERAL WITH THE

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS,

No. 326

Dated

20th

April 1892.

Reed.

21st

Recd. 22nd

Encls. one

No.

Quote all
Current 670, Ref: d/7.4.92,
and Current 1085.

Order. 13 May 92 A-330

The rules printed
as an appendix to
these proceedings are
approved for issue by
the Surgeon General.

(from orders).

J.B.B.
11/5.

12 Mar.

Subject.

Submits revised rules
regarding the working
of the new system of dieting
patients, for the approval
and early orders of Govt.

To the Surgeon: Genl. 6
" Revenue Dept. 7
(with ref. to rule 4)
" Sanitary Council.

Enclosed
J.B.B.
11/5

WITH ORDER

OFFICE OF SURGEON-GENERAL

WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS,

Port St. George, 20 April 1892.

No. 326

From

THE SURGEON-GENERAL WITH THE

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS,

Port St. George,

CHIEF SECRETARY
21 APR 92

To

THE Chief Secy. to Government
Public Department.

SIR,

With reference to Public Department no: 645 dated the 7th instant, I have the honor to submit revised Rules for the approval and early orders of Government.

2. In the original Rules Medical Officers were allowed to make arrangements for a whole year's supply as usual for perishable articles as in para 2 of G. O. no. 402. Public dated the 22nd May 1891 it was stated that "everything excepting perishable articles be purchased in bulk and that for their daily supply contracts may be allowed". It was inferred from these remarks that as regards the supply of perishable articles no change of procedure was to be made. The Rule has however been

been amended in the light of the remarks now made by Government.

3. The original Rule provided for the Medical Officers submitting to the Surgeon General for his approval any tenders they may have selected and this provision was based on the Order of Government that "the tenders should be adjudicated on by the Principal Officer in charge of each Institution subject to the Control of the Surgeon General". The words underlined seemed to indicate that the confirmation of the Medical Officers' selection rested with the Surgeon General in accordance with the orders of Government the above provision has been withdrawn:

4. With reference to the remarks of Government on Original Rule No. 5, I have to represent that the Deputy Collector Madras has refused to comply with the request made by some of the Presidency Medical Officers asking for the current market prices of articles of diet, in stating that he has referred the question

question to the Board of Revenue as to whether it was a part of his duty or not to afford this information. Up to date no intimation has been received by the Medical Officers.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

W. H. F. A. S. S. S.

S. M. General

Surgeon General

with the Govt. of Madras.

11

will be confined to the receipt, safe keeping and issue of articles placed in their charge, and the proper maintenance of such books and accounts connected with them as may be necessary. [They should have absolutely nothing to do with the purchase of articles.]

J. M. G. G. G.
J. M. G. G. G.

Surgeon General
with the Govt. of Madras

26

as specially fixed the responsibility]. They will keep the Surgeon General informed of what [they have done] [when unsatisfactory prices have been accepted notice of this will be taken by the Surgeon General.]

5. Storekeepers [for Hospitals newly sanctioned by Government] should be furnished with a [list of] their duties which should be drawn up by Medical Officers [according to the needs and circumstances of their respective Hospitals]. The duties of Storekeepers

will be]

[fixed] date and hour
which should be men-
-tioned in the [Notifica-
-tion].

4. The [Chief] Medical
Officer [of each Hospital]
is held responsible that
all necessary precautions
are taken before any
[contract] is accepted, and
that he should by every
possible enquiry and by
reference to the Revenue
Officials do all that is
in his power to ascertain
from time to time the
ruling market price
of each article.

5. The Contracts should
be adjudicated on and
signed by the Medical
Officers concerned on
whom the Government
has

Coffee.
Chillies, dry.
Corn-flour.
Coriander.
Cinnamon.
Cinnamon Seed.
Dhall.
Fire-wood.
Ginger, dry.
Garlic.
Gingelly oil.
Mustard Seed.
Pepper.
Poppy seed.
Rice.
Salt.
Spice.
Sugar.
Sago.
Tamarind.
Tea.
Turmeric.
Vendium.

Tenders should be
opened in the presence
of the [Competitors] on a

[fixed].

2. "Non-perishable"
 articles (a list of which
 is appended [below])
 should be purchased
 in bulk. In lieu of
 contracts as heretofore,
 tenders should be invited
 [for the purchase of these
 articles at a time when
 prices are the most
 favorable for the
 supply of such quantities
 as will fill the storage
 accommodation available
 at the Hospital. The ad-
 -vertisement should call
 for the delivery of the
 whole of the articles within
 in a specified and
 early date.

Non-perishable articles.

Almonds.
 Arrow-root.
 Barley.
 Cocoa.

advantageous terms. Perishable Articles.

Beef.
 Bread.
 Butter.
 Butter-milk.
 Calf's feet. (Calves?)
 Chicken or fowl.
 Chillies, green.
 Eggs.
 Fish.
 Flour, wheat.
 Ghee.
 Ginger, green.
 Hoppers.
 Ice.
 Limes.
 Milk.
 Mint and Parsley.
 Mutton.
 Mangoes.
 Onions.
 Oranges.
 Plantains.
 Potatoes.
 Vegetables green.

Under instructions from Government
the following Rules regarding the work-
-ing of the new system of dieting
patients are issued for the informa-
-tion and guidance of Medical Officers
in charge of Govt. Presidency Hospitals
and Lunatic Asylums.

1. Medical Officers
will issue Notifications
from time to time in-
-viting tenders for the
supply of perishable
articles required for
their respective Hospitals.
The articles named
should be regarded
as "perishable". The
duration of the Contract
for these articles is left
to the discretion of the
Medical Officers concerned,
who should fix it in
each case with the view
of obtaining the most
advantageous

No 645
77 April 1892

The second half of Rule 10
as it stands is objectionable.
A stores keeper should have
absolutely nothing to do with
the purchase of articles. His
duties should be confined to the
receipt, safe keeping, and issue of
articles placed in his charge,
and the proper maintenance of
such books and accounts connect-
ed with them as may be necessary.

J.D.B.
11/4/92

S.
4. 11/4/92

To the Surgeon General }
with Encls. } Dec 7/4/92
1/4

^{it is superfluous}
~~say the least of it, unreasonable.~~

Rule 6 should be omitted.
There should be a separate
tender for each article and the
prices quoted for it should
be adjudicated on
without reference to the offers
for other articles. If the
Medical Officer is not satis-
fied it should be optional
with him to strike out what is
objectionable, to call upon the
tenderer to alter any figure,
or to summarily reject the
tender.

Rule 7 is also not required.
The Government has specially
fixed the responsibility on the
medical officers, and the Surgeon
General is ~~not~~ required neither
to adjudicate in the matter
nor to sign contracts. It will
be sufficient for medical
officers to keep the Surgeon
General informed of what they
have done ~~in the matter~~ in view to
his taking notice of cases in
which unsatisfactory prices
have been accepted.
The.

~~unprofitability of business~~
~~being carried out for six months~~

Draft rules 1 & 3 contradict each other, and the last sentence of rule 3 is quite unnecessary. The rules apply to the subjects of diets only and can therefore have no connection with clothing, furniture, &c. Rule 4 might stand, but it is in violation of every call for tenders.

The object of rule 5 is not apparent. It is as a matter of course that tenders should be carefully scrutinized, but it seems necessary only to say that the Chief Medical Officer will be held responsible that all necessary precautions are ^{when} ~~made~~ before any contract is accepted, and that he should by every possible enquiry and by reference to the Revenue Officials do all that is in his power to ascertain what the ruling market price of each article is. To lay down that no tender should be accepted, which exceeds the ^{then} ~~current~~ rates is ^{affirming} ~~redundant~~.

for non-perishable articles. —
Tenders should be invited, ^{at a time} when prices are the most favorable, for the supply of such quantities

~~as will fill the storage accommodation available.~~ as will fill the storage accommodation available. The advertisement should not necessarily be issued in February, ~~but into the~~ ~~most favorable time~~ ^{regarding} prices, and it should call for the delivery of the whole of the articles ~~within~~ within a specified & early date.

The Surgeon General should decide, and ^{insert} ~~specify~~ in the rules, which articles in general use should be regarded as perishable and which ~~as~~ non-perishable.

The duration of the contracts for perishable articles should be left to the discretion of the medical officers concerned, who should fix it in each case with the view of obtaining the most advantageous terms ^{which it is quite possible} ~~might be attained by having periods less than one year~~ ~~would be no economy in fixing~~ ~~contracts for a year if the~~

Public Accounts No 670

References. 27 April 1892 No 645

The draft rules received from the Surgeon General with his letter recorded above cannot be approved in their present state. They are returned for revision, with the following remarks.

~~The Government has~~
issued no orders regarding a system of contracts for district patients as supposed by the Surgeon General. G.O. dated 22nd May 1891, No 402, refers to the purchase of articles of diet, and the object of Government is to abolish, as far as possible, the system of contracts and the employment of purveyors.

There is no authority for No 1 of the draft rules. Contracts for the supply of perishable articles only are permissible, while non-perishable articles are to be purchased in bulk. There is also no direction in either case that arrangements should be made for an whole year's supply. In lieu of contracts

Rules for working the new diet system.

~~Reference to the d.g.~~

~~from the d.g.~~

==

Pub 330-13-5-92

0.25/3

R 27/3

to form an idea of the Rules which are necessary with staff employed for the - rooms, but [I submit that] the concluding portion of Rule 10 is very objectionable [This is calculated to promote fraud and jobbery] A store keeper should have nothing whatever to do even in the remotest degree with the purchasing of the articles required for hospitals whether perishable or nonperishable. His duties should be confined to the receipt, safe keeping and issue of such articles as are placed in his charge, and the prop-

NOTE:

Insistence on the receipt, safe keeping and issue of such books and accounts

connected with these as may be necessary.

It is submitted that

it is calculated to

25 March

26 March

26 March

26 March

Vide supra

objectionable call upon the tenderer to alter any figure that the Medical Officer may seem fit, or summarily reject the tender. There is [I submit] no reason for Rule 7. [The less fuddling up with statements, &c., there is the better.] It is not for the Surgeon General to adjudicate; that lies with the Medical Officer, make it otherwise would be to shift a responsibility which Government has

definitely fixed. There is no necessity the for Surgeon General to sign the contracts.

Rules 7 & 8 seem calculated to give rise to a lot of unnecessary and harassing work and the procedure laid down is eminently calculated to occasion delay.

It is submitted that ^{AC most} [it is submitted] Medical Officers should be required to send up to the Surgeon General copies of the schedules to the contracts entered into by them and statements of the quantities of the articles purchased in bulk and of the rates fixed for these. The Surgeon General's duty [it is submitted] should extend only to a scrutiny of these and to taking to task the Officer who pays unsatisfactory prices.

As regards Rules 9, 10, and 11 it is impossible for any one but a person acquainted with the working of a Hospital

bread, & so on. [This would cut out the general contractor and save Middle-Man's profits.]

Rules 1 & 3 contradict one another and the ^{last sentence} of Rule 3 is ^{unnecessary} [absurd]. The Rules apply to the subject of diets and diets alone; clothing, furniture, &c, have not [the remotest] connection with this. Rule 4 might stand, though it is a condition of every call for tenders when issued.

[What the ^{The} object of Rule 5 is [is] not apparent. It is a matter of course that tenders should be carefully scrutinized, but it seems necessary only to say that the Chief Medical Officer will be held responsible that all necessary precautions are used before any contract is accepted and that he should by every possible enquiry and by reference to the Revenue Officials do all that is in his power to ascertain what the ruling market price of each article is. To lay down that no tender should be accepted which exceeds the bazaar rates is [ridiculous.] ^{to say the least it is unreasonable}

Rule 6 appears useless. The offer made for each article should be adjudicated on separately, and, if the Medical Officer is not satisfied, it should lie with him to either strike out what seems

such quantities of them as can be stored at one time. Thus, saying for instance that the storerooms of the General Hospital will contain 500 bags of rice, the Principal Medical Officer should, at a fitting time, not necessarily February, call for tenders for this amount to be delivered at once or within a specified date. The Surgeon General should [I submit] lay down to begin with that purchases of all non-perishable articles should be in bulk, those of perishable ^{articles} being by contract. He should state what should be considered as non-perishable and what perishable articles and direct that purchases of the former should be made by tenders in quantities according to the storage room available and as far as possible at a time when prices are most favourable. There seems to be no necessity to make contracts for perishable articles for a whole year. This ^{should} [might] be left to the discretion of Medical Officers. It is quite possible that more advantageous terms might in some instances be obtained by making half yearly instead of yearly contracts. It should be specified that Medical Officers have authority to call separate for tenders and make separate contracts for such perishable articles as they may see fit - e. g. native vegetables, milk,

There should be separate
tenders for each article

Public Law - 1916-670.

vide separate ~~reference~~.

[The draft rules are it is submitted disgracefully bad; the Surgeon General appears to be utterly and hopelessly at sea.

It is submitted that it is not the business of the Secretariat to do the Surgeon General's work for him and that the crude production should be returned for thorough

The draft rules are returned to the revision. Surgeon General for revision with the following remarks

The Government never issued any orders regarding the "system of contract for dieting patients".

Its orders referred to the system of purchase of articles of diet and the object of these was to ^{discontinue} ~~to~~ ^{abolish} ~~get rid of~~ contracts & purveyors. Rule I is not warranted by the orders of Government. Contracts for perishable articles have been allowed but for them only. Non-perishable articles are to be obtained by purchase in bulk, and there is nothing whatever in the orders of Government laying down that these purchases are to be by a contract which is to extend over a year.

What Government required ^{was} ~~was~~ that in lieu of contracts for non-perishable articles tenders ^{shall} ~~should~~ when prices are at the most favourable point, be called for for

Rule 9. For a list of their duties "read" a statement showing the details of their duties.

Rule 10. It is submitted that storekeepers should not tie themselves up in any way with the fixing of prices. That would at once open the door to abuses which the Govt. wishes to stamp out.

Rule 11. This would no doubt be included in the statement of duties under Rule 9.

It is submitted that the Surgeon General has failed to carry out the wishes of Govt. There should be little difficulty in drawing up an intelligible and workable set of rules for the guidance of medical officers; & it would also be possible and desirable to have one statement of duties for the guidance of all storekeepers. The same books should be kept in each institution in which the new system is worked,
for orders.

Rules for the guidance of medical officers in working the new diet system.

Hon. Mr. Stollers C.S.D.

on 25/3

now put up.
28/3

30/3.
19/3

instruction would probably prove unworkable in many cases. particularly in regard to ~~perishable~~ articles, which are not supplied in bulk.

Rule 6. This is, it is subd., a most extraordinary rule to propose, and is no doubt the outcome of the recent case at the Lying-in Hospital. Non-perishable articles are to be delivered at once in bulk, and the statement of requirements would therefore contain only such articles as are actually in constant use. So also should the list of perishable articles to be supplied daily. It is, however, essential that the list be drawn up with great care, and based on ^{the} data as to past consumption which should be available in each institution.

Rules 7 & 8. These rules are opposed to the expressed intention of Govt: to make the Principal Medical Officer responsible in each case. Please see the instructions issued. "Subject to the control of the Surgeon General" was not intended to mean that he was to do this work - in fact it was distinctly stated that the heads of the institutions were to make the purchases.

*
note

Elaborate agreements in the case of non-perishable articles are not necessary. The tender should be for immediate delivery in bulk.

or thought, and in their present form are, it is submitted, quite unfit for issue for guidance.

Rule 1. Tenders for perishable ~~and non-perishable~~ ^(apparently) articles are to be invited for a year's supply. But see Rule 3.

Rule 2. Tenders for perishable articles should be invited for the whole year's supply. Is not this provided for in Rule 1? but, in any case, is it not a mistake to fix rates for daily supplies for so long a time. There must be considerable variations in prices in a year.

Rule 3. Tenders for non-perishable articles should be invited from time to time for the supply of as much as there is room to store up to a maximum of six months' supply. This rule is in direct opposition to Rule 1, and is not in accord with G.O. d. 4. 3. 92, no 144, in which the S. G. was informed that in all cases purchases should be made up to the limit of storage capacity.

Rule 4. Nothing is said about the form of tender or the payment of security money.

Rule 5. The meaning of the first portion of this rule is not clear. The concluding

instructions would probably

Public Law 670.

To facilitate the disposal of this matter the instructions issued to the Surgeon General are briefly summarised. He was directed to draw up a set of rules for the guidance of those concerned in the working of the new system of purchasing articles of diet at hospitals, lunatic asylums &c. Under this system everything except perishable articles must be purchased in bulk, stored & issued as required. Contracts may be made for the daily supply at fixed rates of fresh meat & vegetables, milk &c. but grain, oil & condiments should be purchased in bulk. Orders are adjudicated on by the principal medical officer of the institution, subject to the control of the Surgeon General, and purchases should in all cases be made by and on the responsibility of the heads of the several institutions.

vide G.O. 422.5.91, vol. 402.

attention is invited to the draft set of rules prepared & submitted by the Surgeon General. They seem to have been drawn up with but little care.

FOR WHAT
CURRENT NO. 670

1892. Public Dept.

From

The Surgeon Major-General
to Govt. of Madras
Madras

No. 219

Dated 8th } March 1892.
Received }

Regd. 11th

No.



Subject

Submits for approval
a set of rules drawn
up for the guidance
of Medical officers
in charge of Govt.
Presidency Hospitals
regarding the working of the
new system of contract for
dressing patients

instruction would proba

Office of Surgeon-General
with the Government of Madras
Kungumbakum 8th March 1892

N^o 219

670

From. Major-General
The Surgeon-General
with the Government of Madras.
Madras.

To. The Secretary to Government.
Public Department.

Sir,
With reference to para 3 of G. O.
N^o 402 Public dated the 22nd May 1891,
I have the honor to submit for the
approval of the Government a set of rules
drawn up for the guidance of Medical
officers in charge of Government
hospitals regarding the
presidency of the new system of contract
working of patients.
for dictating

I have the honor to be
Sir,

Most Obedt Servant

Your

W. V. C. Surgeon-Major
The Surgeon-General

HEAD-AGENCY ORDER No. GOVERNMENT, DATED

ENCLOSURES

CURRENT No.

670
Ref No 7/4/92 No 645-
1083-

STATEMENT WITH DITTO.

ORDER, &c., OF GOVERNMENT-A.

LETTER OF GOVERNMENT.

PAPERS KEPT OUT OF FILE FOR DESPATCH IN ORIGINAL
(not paged).

NUMBER OF COPIES
REQUIRED.

Order complete.
Letter only.
Order complete with Letter or Endorsement.

N.B.-

A = Print in full.
B = Not to be printed.
F = Print abstract only.
Q = Print heading only.
R = Print, but not for monthly volume.