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2. Date of receipt 3-3-37
3. Initials of Referencer
M.R.O. 1-39,000-10-10-37

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Public DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No.

897

Press
Mis.

Dated

21-6-

19 1871

Not to be folded or roughly handled

14

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Department,
21st June 1871.*

Read the following papers :—

No. 192. From the Inspector-General of Police, to the Acting Chief Secretary to Government, Fort St. George, dated Ootacamund, 22nd May 1871, No. 3207.

In reply to your reference of the 10th instant on paragraph 2 of G. O., No. 1514, of the 6th instant, Military Department, I have the honour to state that, owing to the objections raised by the Medical Authorities and Dispensary Committees, the practice of treating the Police as in-patients in Civil Dispensaries has been generally discontinued.—*Vide* G. O., No. 1414, dated 19th December 1863, and G. O., No. 1004, dated 27th September 1865.

2. An arrangement could, perhaps, be made whereby the Police might be treated as in-patients in the dispensary on payment of a certain sum for each patient per diem. This plan would be more economical than a separate establishment for the Police, and would at the same time be remunerative to the Dispensary.

3. A 2nd Dresser was appointed to attend upon the Police and the convicts of Vellore Jail by G. O., No. 489, dated 5th April 1866.

—

Referred to the Inspector-General, Indian Medical Department, for report.

FORT ST. GEORGE,
30th May 1871.

(Signed) H. E. STOKES,
Under Secy. to Govt.

No. 193. From the Acting Inspector-General, Indian Medical Department, to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort St. George, dated Fort St. George, 8th June 1871, No. 192.

I have the honour to re-enclose the letter from the Inspector-General of Police referred to me for report.

2. In its 2nd paragraph, the Inspector-General's observations convey the impression that he considers that pecuniary considerations led to the Police being excluded from Government Civil Dispensaries; but it will be seen, by a reference to paragraph 31 of the Order of Government of 7th October, No. 1132 of 1864, that the presence of the Police was supposed to be a hinderance to the medical work of the Civil Institutions.

3. I was, however, serving at Bangalore, in Mysore, at the time that order was issued, when the Police were treated in a ward of the Civil Dispensary, and I have since served in the Ceded Districts, and inspected at Bellary and Kurnool and Cuddapah; again served at Bangalore, and since at Secunderabad, where also the Police were at one time treated in the Civil Dispensary; but, in 1868, a small ward was built for them within the jail grounds, as the jail was deemed by me the proper institution to bear the Police sick expenses. About the year 1865, the Police sick at Bellary were ordered by some authority to be treated at the Garrison Hospital. At Rangoon and Moulmein, the Police sick were treated at the jail. I myself have never seen any cause for objection being taken to the treatment in Civil Dispensaries of the Police. Where there is a jail, a separate pavilion or ward should be appropriated or built in the jail grounds for the Police. At places where there is no jail there cannot, in my opinion, be any objections to their being treated

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Military Department,
6th May 1871.*

Read the following papers :—

No. 114. From the Inspector General, Indian Medical Department, to the Secretary to Government, Military Department; dated Fort Saint George, 29th December 1870, No. 327.

I have the honor to submit, for the sanction of Government, an application for permanent establishment for the Garrison Hospital at Vellore.

2. Since the date of the resolution of the Government of India, as communicated in the Proceedings of the Madras Government, marginally noted, servants, as required, were procured on monthly indent, on the Commissariat; but the Examiner of Medical Accounts now suggests, that, as the charge has been continuously incurred, it is desirable that Government should be moved for a permanent establishment.

3. The patients treated in the Garrison Hospital at Vellore, consist of the sick of the European pensioners, the Native details and the Police of the station; and I have ascertained in communication with the Deputy Inspector General of the Division and the Medical Officer at Vellore, that the smallest establishment compatible with efficiency, would be

1 Cook...	...	...	...	5 Rupees per mensem.
1 Ward cooly	...	...	...	do.
1 Toty...	...	...	...	do.

15

4. It is proposed not to employ a separate surgery cooly, now engaged from time to time, when any European patients are treated in hospital, but instead thereof, as the cook has seldom many Europeans to cook for, to utilize his services as surgery cooly, without prejudice to his own proper duties. The establishment above laid down seems to me to be absolutely necessary, and I would therefore respectfully solicit that it may receive the sanction of Government.

Letter from Examiner Medical Accounts, No. 1531 of 14th November 1870.
Letter from Deputy Inspector General, Presidency Division, No. 5364 of 9th December 1870.
Letter from Medical Officer, Vellore, No. 207 of 6th December 1870.

5. The correspondence that has taken place on the subject is submitted for reference, if required.

No. 115. *With report from the Controller of Mily. Accounts, 19th April 1871, A.*

No. 116. ORDER THEREON, 6th May 1871, No. 1514.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council directs that the Garrison Hospital at Vellore be closed on the 31st May 1871.

2. The question of the arrangements to be made for the sick of the Police at the station will be considered in the Judicial Department.

3. The existing establishment of the Garrison Hospital or such portion (if any) of it, as may be required for the Police, will be available for that purpose, from the 1st June next, the cost being debitable to the Civil Department.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) A. C. SILVER, Colonel,
Offg. Secretary to Government.

To the Inspector General, Indian Medical Department.
with three enclosures,
,, Controller of Military Accounts, with five enclosures.
,, Judicial Department.

Exd. F. P. Joachim.

Cost of 11871 3/4

PUBLIC.

To
THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL,
INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT,
&c., &c., &c.

Dated June, 21st.

Recd.

Exd.

G. O., 21st June 1871, No. 897.

JUNE.
Nos. 192-194.

Making certain inquiries with a view to the reception and treatment of the Police sick in the Civil Dispensary at Vellore.

Office of the Inspector General
of Police
Potalamund 22nd May 1871
No 3207.

From

The Inspector General of Police

To

The Acting Chief Secretary
to Government
Fort Saint George.

Sir

In reply to your reference
of the 10th instant on Para 2 of
G. O No 1514 of the 6th instant
Military Department I have
the honor to state that owing to
the objections raised by the
Medical Authorities and
Dispensary Committees the practice
of treating the Police as in-patients
in Civil Dispensaries has been
generally

Subt. of 1871

MILITARY.

To

THE CONTR. OF MILY. ACCOUNTS.

cc. cc. cc.

Dated May, 6th.

Recd.

Encl.

G. O., 6th May 1871, No. 1514.

S.

MAY.

Nos. 114-116.

Directing that the Garrison Hospital at Vel-
lore be closed on the 31st May 1871.

6/7/71
6/7/71

generally discontinued. vide
G. O. No 1414 dated 19th December
1863 and G. O. No 1004 dated
27th September 1865.

2. An arrangement could
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Police might be treated as in-
patients in the Dispensary on
payment of a certain sum for
each patient per diem. This
plan would be more economical
than a separate establishment
for the Police and would at
the same time be remunerative
to the Dispensary.

3. A 2nd Dresser was
appointed to attend upon
the Police and the Convicts
of

of Vellore Jail by G. O. No.
489 dated 5th April 1866.

I have the honor to be
Sir,

Your most obed^t. servant

Shund

Inspector General of Police

Fort St. George
30 May 1871. }

H. C. Stokes
Under Secretary.

Dec 9 29 1861
 Post: 500/1000/1000-1000/1000
 0-500/1000/1000-1000/1000

De 302. 1871. 1871. 1871.

the Director General
of Police

My chief clerk says
he cannot
find it. I am sorry
to hear that.

80 10/8

John. Perry

Dec 25th } heavy 1891

Rec'd of T. B. 3204

What is the number of

waiting the Police no inhibition

generally, determined

ment & objection being,

to suggest that an individual

the house to break the Police's en-
tire line of communication.

No. 192

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT,

Fort Saint George, 8 June

187/

From

The acting Inspector General, Indian Medical Department,

Fort Saint George,

To

The Chief Secretary to Government
Public Department
Fort Saint George

SIR,

I have the honor to reenclose the letter from the Inspector General of Police, referred to me for report.

2 In its 2nd paragraph, the Inspector General's observations convey the impression that he considers that pecuniary considerations led to the police being excluded from Government Civil Dispensaries; but it will be seen by a reference to para. 31 of the Order of Government of 7 October N^o 1132 of 1864, that the presence of the police was supposed to be a hindrance to the medical work of the Civil Institutions.

3 I was, however, serving at Bangalore in Mysore, at the time that order was issued, when the police were treated

in

but

Charles M. Rogers, Lt. Genl
Acting Inspector General
Indian Medl Department.

CA

Public
The Insp. Genl. Int. Ind. Dept.

Recd.

Encl.

G. O. 21 June, 1871, No. 897.

Nos. 192. 194

making certain inquiries with
a view to the reception and
treatment of the Police sick
in the Civil Dispensary at
Alore.

361-261 28/6

1874. Asplenium.

Dec. 17 June 1863 - ch. 88-49
 Jan. 13 Grand 1863 - 114-115.
 Jan. 27 York 1865 - 122.
 April 1st April 1866 - 128-129
 June 27 Oct 1864 - 122



From

Inspector General,

Indian Medical Department,

Fort Saint George,

To

Dated 8 June 1971

No 1186

Na 492

Submits opinions regarding
the treatment of patients and
in Civil Disobedience.

Writ an Order

Recd 70071018 dt 1106
 Order No. 8977 is sent by letter thru
 the Govt. & is returned by letter thru
 is sent in the Govt. disbursement as follows
 for the making of the State book
 2. It was in the U.S. Nat. Acad. Oct. 24. 9.5.
 of the same date when in their opinion
 it is a very odd one thing for man for doing
 it. It should also be made by letter the
 but during the time as a former book
 cannot be sent in a letter by letter, when the
 the Govt. many in person with the Govt. of the
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1. Number of pages. 1-16
2. Date of repair. 1-5-37
3. Initials of Reference.
M.R.O. 1-22/10-18-10-37

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE

Government of Madras.

Public DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No.

895

Press
Mis.

Dated

21-6

19 1871

Not to be folded or roughly handled

Read the following :—

No. 188. Proceedings of a Committee, under the order of His Excellency the Governor of Madras in Council, dated 10th May 1871, assembled to inquire and report whether quarters for the House Surgeon of the Civil Hospital may be provided in the General Hospital itself, where it is believed that, at present, a much larger share of accommodation is assigned to the British Department than is really necessary.

President.—Inspector-General Samuel Currie, C.B., M.D., Inspector-General of Hospitals, British Medical Service.

Members.—Colonel John Carpendale, Secretary to Government, Department of Public Works, and Deputy Inspector-General Edward Balfour, Acting Inspector-General of Hospitals, Indian Medical Department.

The Committee, having assembled and examined the buildings, find that there is room in the General Hospital building to accommodate the Resident Assistant Surgeon, but his location there would necessitate the erection of a cook-room for which there is no convenient site, also his bath-room and other conveniences would be very close to his sitting-room; and his residence within the Hospital building would compel adherence to the rules needed for the care and discipline of the sick.

2. The restraint placed on him by a residence there would be so irksome that, whatever inconveniences there may be in the present quarters, these would be preferred to rooms within the building, and Assistant-Surgeon Brockman himself expressed that opinion.

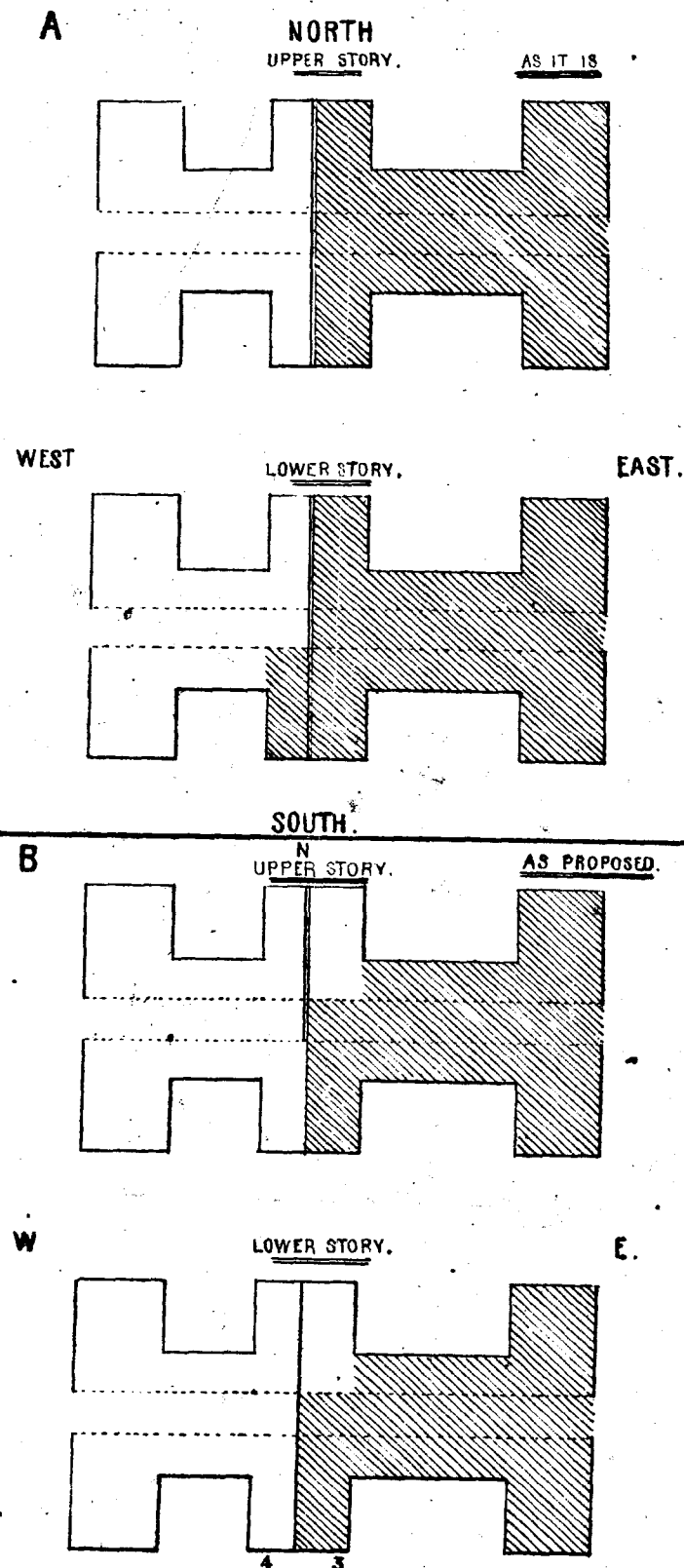
3. The cook-room of the Regimental Hospital is inconveniently near the Resident Assistant Surgeon's quarters, coming quite close to the corner of his house, and, up to the patients' dinner hour, the noise of the cooks and the smell of the cooking are annoying. This could be remedied, at a small expense, by removing the cook-house to the north-east corner of the Hospital grounds in a line with the cook-house of the Civil General Hospital.

4. The only remaining cause of discomfort to the Resident Assistant Surgeon and to the Hospital Sergeant is in the proximity of the latrines of the Medical College. But we are of opinion that, with due care, these could be kept entirely free from all smell. Our inquiries, however, elicited the information that the menial servants of the Medical College are all allotted to respective departments, and that no particular individual has the general superintendence of the latrines. This could be remedied by nominating one of the College coolies to the duty of attending to the sanitary condition of all the out-houses of the Medical College and along the neighbouring banks of the Cooum river.

5. The Hospital Sergeant of the Civil Hospital resides in a bungalow immediately to the west of the Medical College. He complains of indifferent health and that his wife is similarly ailing, and he attributes this to the mal-odours that come from the latrines and dissecting-room and from a small tank to the east of the Medical College. We have expressed our belief that, with due conservancy and care, the latrines and dissecting-room can be kept free from all offensive emanations. The tank gave forth no bad smell whilst we were there, but on inquiry we were informed that annually, in the month of April, the water putrefies and gives out a disagreeable stench for four or five days.

6. The Sergeant's quarters, as also those of the Resident Assistant Surgeon on the extreme south-east of the Hospital, are very inconveniently situated as regards their duties which are in the western half of the building, but the Hospital Sergeant likewise said that he, too, would greatly prefer remaining where he is, to being quartered in the General Hospital.

7. With reference to the remark in the Order of Government that "at present a much larger share of accommodation is assigned to the British Department than is really necessary," we find that the accommodation allotted for the Regimental sick is greater than is needed, and that a portion of it can be transferred for the civil sick who are now cramped for space. We place in the margin two diagrams—A showing the building as it is, and B as we propose it should be, transferring by the change the ward in the upper storey known as "the Ophthalmic Ward;" those immediately



mediately below it, in the lower storey, styled the "special wards," and "No. 4" in the lower storey immediately under the Civil Sick Officers' ward. The space thus to be transferred is sufficient to accommodate forty-two European sick.

8. In the re-arrangements which will be requisite, in order to re-construct the separation of the Civil and Military and to utilize the transferred wards, an alteration will be needed in the line of rails, partition walls will need to be removed in the opthalmic and special wards, and one erected in No. 4. ward.

No. 189. ORDER THEREON, 21st June 1871, No. 895.

His Excellency the Governor in Council approves the proposals of the Committee for the erection of a cook-room for the Military Hospital in juxtaposition with the cook-room of the Civil Hospital, and for the transfer of certain wards of the Military Hospital to the Civil Department.

2. Plans and estimates for these works, as well as for those adverted to in paragraph 8 of the Committee's report, will be called for from the Superintending Engineer, 4th Division, through the Public Works Department.

3. An estimate will also be called for for filling up the small tank in the compound of the College.

4. His Excellency in Council does not doubt that the nuisance caused by the latrines and dissecting-room in the vicinity of the Resident Surgeon's and Hospital Sergeant's quarters might be obviated by scrupulous cleanliness. The latrines should be placed under the special control of a servant appropriated for that purpose, who will be under the general supervision of the Hospital Sergeant.

5. The thanks of Government will be conveyed to the Committee for their report.

(True Extract.)

Acting Chief Secretary.

To the Public Works Department.

„ Inspector-General, British Medical Service.

„ Inspector-General, Indian Medical Department.

To Colonel J. Carpendale.

Exd. J. Wright.

5
Proceedings of a Committee, under the order
of His Excellency the Governor of Madras in
Council dated 10th May 1871, assembled to inquire
and report whether quarters for the House
Surgeon of the Civil Hospital may be provided
in the General Hospital itself, where, it is believed
that, at present, a much larger share of accommoda-
tion is assigned to the British Department
than is really necessary.

President

Inspector General Samuel Carris C.B. M.C. Insp^r Genl Hosp^{ls} BMS

Members

Colonel John Harpendale. Secy to Government. Secy to Public Works
Deputy Inspector General Edward Balfour. Acting Insp^r Genl of Hosp^{ls}
Indian Med^l Depart^{mt}

The Committee having assembled and examined the build-
ings, find that there is room in the General Hospital building
to accommodate the Resident Assistant Surgeon, but
his location there would necessitate the erection of a
cookroom for which there is no convenient site, also
his bath room and other conveniences would be
very close to his sitting room; and his residence
within the hospital building would compel
adherence to the rules made for the care and
discipline of the Sick.

The restraint placed on him by a

Govt of 1871 Madras.

PUBLIC.

THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,
Secy, &c., &c.

Dated June, 21st.

Recd.

G. O. 21st June 1871. No. 895.

JUNE

Nos. 188-189.

Passing orders on the report submitted by the
Committee appointed to inquire whether quarters
for the House Surgeon of the Civil Hospital may
be provided in the General Hospital itself.

residence there would be so irksome that whatever inconveniences there may be in the present quarters, these would be preferred to rooms within the building, and Assistant Surgeon Brockman himself, expressed that opinion.

3. The Cookroom of the Regimental Hospital is inconveniently near the Resident Assistant Surgeon's quarters, coming quite close to the corner of his house, and up to the patients dinner hour the noise of the cooks and the smell of the cooking are annoying. This could be remedied at a small expense, by removing the Cookhouse to the N. E. Corner of the Hospital grounds in a line with the Cookhouse of the Civil General Hospital.

4. The only remaining cause of discomfort to the Resident Assistant Surgeon and to the Hospital Serjeant, is in the proximity of the latrines of the Medical College. But we are of opinion that, with due care, these could be kept entirely free from all smell. Our inquiries, however, elicited the information that the menial servants of the Medical College, are all allotted to respective departments, and that no particular individual has the general superintendence of the latrines. This could be remedied by nominating

one of the college coolies to the duty of attending to the sanitary condition of all the outhouses of the Medical College, and along the neighbouring banks of the Coorn river.

5. The Hospital Serjeant of the Civil Hospital resides in a bungalow immediately to the West of the Medical College. He complains of indifferent health and that his Wife is similarly ailing and he attributes this to the mal-odours that come from the latrines and dissecting room and from a small tank to the East of the Medical College. We have expressed our belief that with due conservancy and care the latrines and dissecting room can be kept free from all offensive emanations. The tank gave forth no bad smell whilst we were there but on enquiry we were informed that annually in the month of April the water putrefies and gives out a disagreeable stench for four or five days.

6. The Serjeant's quarters, as also those of the Resident Assistant Surgeon on the extreme S. East of the hospital, are very inconveniently situated as regards their duties which are in the Western half of the building, but the hospital Serjeant likewise, said that he, too, would greatly prefer remaining

Hospital Sergeant for some ^{in connection with} ~~reasons~~
his improvement. I cannot help
thinking that the nuisance which is
caused by the vicinity of the latrine
disputing room of the College might be
obviated by scrupulous cleanliness, the
nuisance for the room is connected to the
side of the General Hospital. The
small tank in the compound of the
College should be filled up. It makes
a bad smell at a certain season of the
year is unsightly.

I would approve of the proposals
of the Committee for the transfer
of certain wards of the Military
Hospital to the Civil Dept. &
call for an estimate of the
cost of the arrangements contemplated.

If the quarters of the House
Surgeon & the Hospital Sergeant
continue to be noisome & unsuitable some
steps should be taken for the relief afforded
by the removal of the kitchen
Steps must eventually be taken for the
construction of new quarters.

The latrine of the College should

be placed under the special control
of a servant appointed for that
purpose.

to the House
Surgeon & the
Hospital Sergeant
may be done.

N.
J. O.

12/5
1871

submitting their
report on the subject of
provision for the house
of the Civil Hospital being
provided in the General
Hospital itself.

11/11/88

Public Works Department
The Committee appointed
under G.O. 10.895-
21 June 1871
10.895-
21 June 1871
10.895-
21 June 1871

For order

Send first to the
Govt. with the
report.

13

Public Department.

PROCEEDINGS of the MARDAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following letter from

the Committee appointed
under G.O. dated 10th
May 1871 No. 614. dated

Order thereon - 10.895- 21 June 1871.

His Excellency the
Governor in Council ap-
proves the proposals of
the Committee for the
erection of Cook Room for
the Military Hospital in
juxta position with the
Cook Room of the Civil
Hospital, and for the trans-
fer of certain wards of
the Military Hospital to
the Civil Department.

J. P. S.

2. Plans and Estimates for these works, as well as for those adverted to in paragraph 8 of the Committee's report, will be called for from the Superintending Engineer 4th Division, thro' the P. W. Department.

3. The Estimate will be called for filling up the small tank in the Compound of the College.

4. His Excellency in Council ~~thinks~~ ^{is of opinion} that the nuisance caused by the Latrines and dissecting room in the vicinity of the Resident Surgeon and Hospital Sergeant ~~is to be removed~~

Quarters might be obviated by scrupulous cleanliness. The Latrines shall be placed under the special control of a servant ~~appointed~~ ^{appropriately} for that purpose, who will be under the general supervision of the Hospital Sergeant.

5. The thanks of Govt will be conveyed to the Committee for their report.

J. B.

To
The P. W. Dept.
" Insp. Genl British Medicine
" Insp. Genl I. Med. Dept.
" Col. J. Carpendale
" Military Department dated 10/1/22

Cont. of 1871; 20 pages.

Public

The Public Health Act.

Date Recd.

1871, No. 89

28 Nov. 1871.

Received by the
Committee appointed to
inquire whether
for the House Surgeon
the Civil Hospital may
be provided in the ground
occupied by

1.4.3)