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MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Public DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No.	1496	Press Mis.
Dated	3-10	1871.

Not to be folded or roughly handled

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

No. 1496.

FROM

THE HON. R. S. ELLIS, C.B.,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Fort St. George,

TO

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
HOME DEPARTMENT.

SIR,

I am directed to submit, for the decision of the Government of India, the question raised in the enclosed copy of a letter addressed to this Government by a Junior Civilian.

2. I am to state that His Excellency the Governor in Council sees no objection to the modification proposed "that the second month's leave be allowed, at the convenience of Government, to reckon from the date on which the same is availed of after official notice of its having been granted."

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Captain, R. E.,

*Acting Joint Secretary, P. W. D.,
for Chief Secretary.*

OOTACAMUND,
3rd October 1871.

From the Acting Collector of Chingleput, to the Chief Secretary to Government,
Fort St. George, dated Saidapet, 13th September 1871, No. 222.

I have the honour to forward, for the favourable consideration and orders of Government, copy of a letter from my late Assistant, Mr. Kough, on the subject of leave granted to Junior Civil Servants in consideration of their passing a successful examination for reward in an Oriental language.

2. According to the Rules, as interpreted by the Accountant-General in the enclosed copy of a letter, No. 3490, dated 25th ultimo, the second month's leave must be taken in extension of the first; consequently, as pointed out by Mr. Kough, if the first month is availed of some time before the examination, with a view to preparation, it is impossible for the Assistant to know whether he has been successful or not on its expiry, and he has to rejoin; subsequently, on the declaration of the result, if successful, he applies for his second month, which, according to existing rulings, will include the intermediate days spent on duty; this seems to be hard in practice, and could not, I think, have been intended.

From C. KOUGH, Esq., Assistant Collector of Chingleput, to the Acting Collector of Chingleput,
dated Saidapet, 17th August 1871, No. 73.

I have the honour respectfully to request that you will be good enough to bring the following considerations relative to the rules for examination leave, granted to Junior Civilians under Financial Resolution of the Government of India, No. 2749, of the 24th September 1867, to the notice of Government for their favourable consideration.

2. It has, I believe, been ruled in the case of Mr. J. H. Nelson that the second month allowable after a successful examination can only be granted strictly in *extension* of that given in order to enable a Civilian to attend such examination.

3. Now, in the majority of cases, a Civilian, owing to the very limited time which he can find for study, apart from his official duties, is obliged to take the first month's leave at a date as far prior as possible to that of the examination to permit of his devoting that portion of it not actually occupied in travelling to final preparation for the examination. It thus happens that prior to the official declaration of the result, and consequently prior to the time at which he can apply for an extension of leave, he is compelled on the expiry of the first month to rejoin his appointment. Under the present construction of the rules this interval of duty between rejoining and the granting of the second month must be reckoned as a portion of the entire two months' leave so as to render the second month strictly in extension of the first.

4. As this construction seems inconsistent with the liberal spirit of encouragement in which the rules were originally framed, I would respectfully submit that Government would be pleased so far to modify the ruling as to admit of the second month's leave being allowed, at the convenience of Government, to reckon from the date on which the same is availed of after official notification of its having been granted.

From the Officiating Deputy Accountant-General, Madras, to the Acting Collector of Chingleput,
dated Fort St. George, 25th August 1871, No. 3490.

Audit Department.

Vide your office letter, No. 446, dated 21st instant, to the address of the Secretary to the Committee for the Examination of Civilians transferred to this office for disposal.

2. The undersigned has the honour to forward, as requested, the accompanying copies of the orders* of the Madras Government passed in Mr. J. H. Nelson's case, and referred to in Mr. Kough's letter (herewith returned as desired), from which it will be perceived that the examination leave for two months should be taken in one period.

* Dated 1st March 1870, No. 251, Pub.
,, 13th April ,, ,, 445, ,,

Home 1871 Dept.

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From Government of

Fort St. George.

Dated 3rd Oct. 1871.

No.

Enclosures

R.

Spare copies

D. No.

Procs.

D.

L. No. 1496.

No.

Requesting to allow the two months' leave to Junior Civilians for examinations for rewards in Oriental languages, to reckon, at the convenience of Government, from the date it is availed of after official notice of its having been granted.

22/10

Public Department.
No. 1496.

To

The Secretary to Government

of India,

Home Department.

Sir,

I am directed to submit, for the decision of the Government of India, the question raised in the enclosed copy of a letter addressed to this Government by a Junior Civilian.

2. I am to state that His Excellency the Governor in Council sees no objection to the modification proposed "that the second month's leave be allowed, at the convenience

Convenience of Govt.,
to reckon from the
date on which the
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official notice of its
having been granted.

Cotacummet
3^d Oct - 1871

Mr. R's argument
is that owing to the
delay which ne-
cessarily occurs in
deciding & in a thing
known the result of
an examination - a
man often cannot
make the advantage
of the second month's
leave. I think this
is reasonable.

The rules are, as far
as I can see - silent
on the point of when

Memo for order.

Under the provisions of the
Rules - a person who
who goes up for examination
allowed one month's leave
on full salary for the purpose
of being examined.
If the person may be allowed
similar leave for another
month.
Mr. R says that there
two months need not be
inducted into the service.
He points out that the
entire first month is required
for going to the office - & that
that the result is not immediately
known after the first month
has elapsed. & that the Civilian
should be allowed to take
the 2nd month whenever he likes.

It is submitted that the
proposed alteration is an
- necessary

A man going up for honours
which ought not to require
to cram to the very last

What is required of him
is a scholarly knowledge
of a language. This ought
to be secured & slowly acquired

He should be fully
prepared & by the time
his first months have been
drawing to an end he
would have the result
of the Exam?

the second result
is the better

10-1

we had better
deserve it in earnest
travelling

By N

It would add to the
inconvenience of studying
in absence place - if the
Exam? have is taken
in broken periods.

Atk

Public

Address

of the

Refugee
of the

A. J. Arden

Recd of 6 Oct 1871

File 1871, Department

No. *1496*.

To
The Secretary to the
Government of *India*
Home Department

Cons 89 Oct 1871 15 July
Dated *1871*

*Regarding to allow
the 2 months leave to junior
officers for leave.
- from for periods no
less than 14 days, to
be taken, at the convenience
of Govt, from the date of
is awarded of, after
official notice of the
having been granted*