

1. No. 16
2. Dated 16-2-3
3. In the name of the Government
S.A. 1-1-1-1-1-1

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Public DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 136	Press Mla.
Dated 3-2-1870	

Not to be folded or roughly handled

**Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Department,
3rd February 1870.**

Read the following papers :—

No. 20. Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 6th August 1869, No. 5762.

Read the following letter from the Collector of Bellary, to the Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 23rd June 1869, No. 149.

I have the honour to enclose a letter addressed to me by Mr. S. Sasuman, the Apothecary attached to this Collectorate, in the hope that the Board of Revenue will submit, for the favourable consideration of Government, his application to be put on the same footing in the matter of house-rent and travelling allowances with the medical subordinates of his grade employed in the Military Department.

2. Under the provisions of G. O. G., No. 550, of 5th June 1865, Apothecaries on military duty are entitled to free quarters in cantonment, or when such are not available, by a subsequent ruling, to compensation in lieu of the same. On the march they are provided with camp equipage and public carriage. In addition to the above, if attached to Garrison Hospitals, or Hospitals of British Troops, or Dispensaries, they draw a staff allowance of Rupees 30 per mensem.

3. Mr. Sasuman points out that, owing to the accident of his being attached to the Collector's office, his claim to share in the privileges above enumerated, which are enjoyed by many of his juniors in the service, is disallowed. When at the Headquarter station, although available for duty under the orders of the senior Medical Officer, he has no quarters assigned to him, and although in medical charge of the members of the Revenue, Judicial, and Police Establishments, the staff allowance drawn by his brother Apothecaries in charge of Civil Dispensaries is denied to him. As in the station as when on circuit with the Collector's office no accommodation is provided for him and no carriage; but whilst actually travelling he is allowed to draw one rupee per diem, which does not cover the hire of a cart for a march of an mile.

4. Mr. Sasuman keeps a horse, and is, of course, obliged to provide himself with a cart when on circuit with the office, and I presume that other Apothecaries holding similar appointments have to do the same. I feel sure that the inferior position, so far as emoluments are concerned, in which these officers find themselves placed, owing to the accident of their having been detailed for civil duty as compared with that of their brethren in military employment, has only to be brought to the notice of Government for a removal of the grievance alluded to.

5. Mr. Sasuman has not quoted the order, but from his letter it appears that medical subordinates attached to the Revenue Survey Department are allowed compensation for quarters when stationary, and for camp equipage when marching. If he is correct in supposing this to be the case, I do not see how a similar indulgence can be denied to those of his grade attached to Collectories.

From Mr. S. RAOBAX, Apothecary in medical charge of the Collector's Establishment, to the Collector of Bellary, dated 10th June 1869.

I respectfully beg to bring the following circumstances to your notice for favourable consideration, and for submission to higher authority, should you deem it worthy of notice.

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Department,
3rd February 1870.*

2. By O. O. G., No. 550, of 5th June 1868, Apothecaries when in military or corresponding duty are furnished with free quarters, or when marching with camp equipage, and by a more recent ruling a scale of compensation is laid down when the above grades are not provided with public quarters. My claim for compensation has been disallowed by the Civil Auditor on the ground of its inapplicability to Apothecaries in civil employ, and I am thus deprived of Rupees 30 per mensem through no fault of my own. By a very recent order, medical subordinates attached to survey parties are allowed compensation for quarters or camp equipage when marching, yet I am not aware that their duties are in any way more military than those of an Apothecary attached to a Collectorate. By the same Government order above quoted, and by a subsequent order, Apothecaries attached to Hospitals of British Regiments, Garrison, Dispensaries, &c., are allowed 30 rupees staff allowance, but my claim to the same is disallowed on the plea that I am not attached to any hospital, yet I beg to state that I have charge of a Dispensary of Medicine attached to the Collectorate, and am obliged to afford medical aid to all members of the Revenue, Judicial, and Police Establishments when out on circuit, besides the civil population of the district, and I respectfully submit that my duties are in no way inferior, or less onerous, than those of an Apothecary attached to a Military or Civil Hospital.

3. Apothecaries doing military or corresponding duty are entitled to Rupees 30 per mensem besides being furnished with public carriage when marching. I draw the same allowance only when actually travelling, and I am obliged at the same time to maintain a horse and keep an extra servant, besides to hire a cart, all which entails on me a great amount of extra expenditure, far more than is covered by the rupees a day received only when travelling.

4. It clearly never was the intention of Government to deprive me of the indulgence that are enjoyed by my brethren in military employ, simply because I am doing civil duties, a circumstance over which I had no control, as being a military man I had no voice in the transfer, yet by simply transferring me from the Military to the Civil Department, I lose house-rent, the chance of staff allowance, and am put to the expense of maintaining a horse and extra establishment for a rupee a day only when actually travelling. I am confident that the matter only requires to be represented to receive a favourable consideration, and venture to express a hope that you will be pleased to forward this with your favourable support, and that you will kindly recommend that I may be granted the same rates of pay and allowances at present enjoyed by Apothecaries in military employ, or that some fixed allowance may be granted for the medical charge of the Collectorate.

Submitted for the consideration and orders of Government.

2. It appears from paragraph 15 of a Military letter from the Secretary of State, dated 30th April 1868, re-published in the *Fort Saint George Gazette* of the 19th June 1868, that all medical subordinates when on regimental or corresponding duty are furnished with free quarters.

3. This boon is not accorded to Apothecaries in civil employ. The Collector of Bellary applies for the removal of this distinction in the case of the Apothecary in medical charge of his establishment.

4. The Board are not aware whether any special grounds exist for placing Medical Officers when in civil employ on a less advantageous footing than when in cantonment.

5. The Board observe that the Apothecary in question receives little at the rate of one rupee a day when travelling.

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Department,
3rd February 1870.*

6. The Collector is in error in supposing that medical subordinates attached to the Survey Department are allowed house-rent.

(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) C. S. CROLE,
Acting Sub-Secretary.

To the Acting Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.

Referred to the Accountant General for report, with reference to the Proceedings of Government, Military Department, dated the 7th December 1869, No. 4176, communicated by Order in the Public Department, dated the 5th instant, No. 10.

(Signed) J. I. MINCHIN,
Acting Chief Secretary.

Fort Saint George,
12th January 1870.

No. 321.

MEMORANDUM

No. 21.

The undersigned has the honour to report that Apothecary Saeman's claim to compensation in lieu of house-rent, which is granted to medical subordinates when not supplied with free quarters was not, as stated by Mr. Saeman, disallowed by this department on the ground that the allowance was not payable to Apothecaries in civil employ, but because the allowance is payable by the Public Works Department in terms of O. O., No. 298, dated 21st January 1869, Military Department.

2. The staff or employed allowance of Rupees 30⁰⁰ per mensem, also claimed by Mr. Saeman, was disallowed by this office in consequence of his apparently not being in charge of a large establishment to which a separate Dispensary for Medicine is authorized.

3. The Inspector-General of the Indian Medical Department in his letter, No. 4176, dated 7th November 1868, supplied this office with a list of Civil Establishments, the charge of which qualified the Apothecary for the staff allowance alluded to, and the Apothecary attached to Collectors' Establishment is not included therein.

Fort Saint George,
12th January 1870

(Signed) F. LUSHINGTON,
Accountant General.

To the Acting Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George

No. 22. Omen number, 3rd February 1870, No. 124.

The foregoing report of the Accountant-General will be communicated to the Board of Revenue.

2. It is observed that the question, whether medical subordinates in civil employ, and apprentices attached to the Medical College, are entitled to compensation for house rent under O. O. G., No. 550 of 1868, paragraphs 16 and 12, was

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Department.
3rd February 1872.

referred to the Government of India in the letter from this department of the 16th July 1869, No. 999, but that no reply has yet been received.

(True Extract.)

Acting Chief Secretary.

To the Board of Revenue.

- „ Inspector-General of the Indian Medical Department.
- „ Collector of Bellary.

**Govt. of 1870: Affairs.
PUBLIC.**

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THE BOARD OF LAYERS
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DAVID L. LAYERS
1870

GOVERNMENT OF 1870

**FEBRUARY.
Nos. 20 - 22.**

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 6th August 1889.

Read the following letter from H. E. SULLIVAN, Esq., Collector of Bellary, to the Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated 23rd June 1889, No. 149:—

I have the honour to enclose a letter addressed to me by Mr. S. Sauman, the Apothecary attached to this Collectorate, in the hope that the Board of Revenue will submit, for the favourable consideration of Government, his application to be put on the same footing in the matter of house and travelling allowances with the medical subordinates of his grade employed in the Military Department.

2 Under the provisions of G. O. O., No. 549, of 24th June 1888, Apothecaries on Military duty are entitled to free quarters in Cantonment, or when such are not available, by a subsequent order, to quarters in line of the same. On the march they are provided with camp equipment and pack carrying. In addition to the above, if attached to Garrison Hospitals, or Hospitals of British Troops, or Dispensaries, they draw a staff allowance of Rupees 20 per mensem.

3 Mr. Sauman points out that owing to the accident of his being attached to the Collector's Office he claims to share in the privileges above enumerated which are enjoyed by many of his juniors in the service in Cantonment. When at the Muzer station, although available for duty under the orders of the Senior Medical Officer, he has no quarters assigned to him, and although in medical charge of the members of the Revenue, Judicial, and Police Establishments, the staff allowance drawn by his brother Apothecaries in charge of Civil Dispensaries is denied to him. As in the station in which he is attached with the Collector's Office no accommodation is provided for him and no carrying, but while actually travelling he is allowed to draw one Rupee per diem, which does not cover the hire of a cart for a march of ten miles.

4 Mr. Sauman keeps a horse, and is of course obliged to provide himself with a cart when on circuit with the Office, and I presume that other Apothecaries holding similar appointments have to do the same. I feel sure that the inferior position, so far as emoluments are concerned, in which these Officers find themselves placed owing to the accident of their having been detailed for Civil duty as compared with most of their brethren in Military employment, has only to be brought to the notice of Government for a removal of the grievance alluded to.

5 Mr. Sauman has not quoted the order, but from his letter it appears that Medical Subordinates attached to the Revenue Survey Department are allowed compensation for quarters when stationary and for camp equipment when marching. If he is correct in supposing this to be the case, I do not see how a similar indulgence can be denied to those of his grade attached to Collectories.

Enclosure 1.

From Mr. S. SAUMAN, Apothecary in Medical charge, Collector's Establishment, to the Collector of Bellary, dated 16th June 1889.

I enclose herewith the following circumstances to your notice for favourable consideration, and for submission to higher authority should you deem it worthy of notice.

2 By G. O. O., No. 549, of 24th June 1888, Apothecaries when in Military or corresponding duty are furnished with free quarters, camp equipment, and by a subsequent order, a scale of compensation is laid down when the above grades are not provided with public quarters. My claim for compensation has been disallowed by the Civil Auditor on the ground of his inapplicability to Apothecaries in Civil employ, and I am thus deprived of Rupees 20 per mensem through no fault of my own. By a very recent order, Medical Subordinates attached to Survey parties are allowed compensation for quarters or camp equipment when marching, yet I am not aware that their duties are in any way more Military than those of an Apothecary attached to a Collectorate. By the same Government Order above quoted and by a subsequent order, Apothecaries attached to Hospitals of British Regiments, Garrisons, Dispensaries, etc., are allowed 20 Rupees staff allowance, but my claim to the same is disallowed on the plea that I am not attached to any Hospital, yet I beg to state that I have charge of a Dispensary

of Medicines attached to the Collectorate, and am obliged to afford medical aid to all members of the Revenue, Judicial, and Police establishments when out on circuit besides the Civil population of the District, and I respectfully submit that my duties are in no way inferior or less onerous than those of an Apothecary attached to a Military or Civil Hospital.

3. Apothecaries doing Military or corresponding duty are entitled to Rs. 20 per mensem besides being furnished with public carriages when marching. I derive the same allowance only when actually travelling, and I am obliged at the same time to maintain a horse and keep an extra servant, besides to have a cart, all which entails on me a great amount of extra expenditure, far more than is covered by the Rs. 20 a day received only when travelling.

4. It clearly never was the intention of Government to deprive me of the indulgence that are enjoyed by my brethren in Military employ, simply because I am doing Civil duty, a circumstance over which I had no control, as being a Military man I had no voice in the transfer, yet by simply transferring me from the Military to the Civil Department, I lose house-rent, the chance of staff allowance, and am put to the expense of maintaining a horse and extra establishment for a Rs. 20 a day only when actually travelling. I am confident that the matter only requires to be represented to receive a favorable consideration, and venture to express a hope that you will be pleased to forward this with your favorable support, and that you will kindly recommend that I may be granted the same rate of pay and allowances as present enjoyed by Apothecaries in Military employ, or that some fixed allowance may be granted for the Medical charge of the Collectorate.

Submitted for the consideration and orders of Government.

2. It appears from paragraph 10 of a Military letter from the Secretary of State, dated 28th April 1868, republished in the Fort Saint George Gazette of the 17th June 1868, that all Medical Subordinates when in Regimental or corresponding duty are furnished with free quarters.

3. This boon is not accorded to Apothecaries in Civil employ. The Collector of Bellary applies for the removal of this distinction in the case of the Apothecary in medical charge of his establishment.

4. The Board are not aware whether any special grounds exist for placing Medical Officers when in Civil employ on a less advantageous footing than when in Militiaman.

5. The Board observe that the Apothecary in question receives both at the rate of one Rupee a day when travelling.

6. The Collector is in error in supposing that Medical Subordinates attached to the Survey Department are allowed house-rent.

(Over Office and District.)

C. C. C.
Acting Sub-Secretary.

To the Acting Secretary to Government, Revenue Department,

Copy to the Collector of Bellary, and ~~copy to the Collector of Bellary~~

Ed. T. Cardigan.

Public Department
Proceedings of the Secretary

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The foregoing report
of the Executive Council
will be communicated to the
Board of Directors.

2. I have observed that the question, whether Indian apprentices should be attached to the Medical College, are entitled to compensation for board, rent, &c. &c. was raised in the House of Commons on the 16th inst. & the Government of India in the latter part of this session. I am glad that the reply has not been given.

Sort. of 1869) Madras.

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