

8-2-3
of Reference
M.R.O. 1-52,400-22-11-80
F

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Public DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No.	1536	Press Mis.
Dated	10/11-	1869

Not to be folded or roughly handled

Cattle brought for sale to about double that number or about twenty thousand, daily.

4. Of the ten thousand pilgrims above alluded to, about three thousand belong to the Brachmin Clafs and these find lodging & accommodation in or near the houses of their caste people situated near the Pagoda. No temporary arrangement for the shelter of these people is therefore required.

5. Of the remaining seven thousand, about three thousand people consist partly of dealers in cattle and partly of petty traders who bring different commodities for sale. As these people generally remain for a long time until they have disposed of all their cattle & merchandize, they themselves provide beforehand the necessary shelter required by them and no outlay is therefore necessary on this account on the part of Government.

6. The actual number of bona fide pilgrims, other than those mentioned in the preceding para and the Brachmins in para 4, is assumed at about four thousand people. For the accommodation of these, about two hundred temporary sheds, capable of accommodating about twenty persons in each, appear necessary. Two suitable spots have been selected for this purpose near the Pagoda, & the cost of levelling and clearing these of brushwood & erecting the sheds is estimated at Rs 240. There are eight partially ruined old wells on one of these spots which require to be cleaned and fenced at an outlay of Rs 32.

7. The cattle will be encamped on two separate spots close by a branch of the Humantary river

about two miles to the north of the Pagoda.

8. Six latrines for the use of those who put up near the Pagoda, twelve for the pilgrims mentioned in para 6, and six more for the cattle traders &c alluded to in para 5, or in all twenty four latrines together with sixteen pits in different localities for deposit of filth and rubbish, have to be provided at a cost of Rs 88.

9. The services of twenty sweepers for clearing the streets & encamping grounds of rubbish and refuse & ten Lories to be employed in connection with the latrines are also required. The wages of these men are estimated at Rs 90.

10. I beg to enclose an estimate of the probable cost of all these arrangements, amounting to Rs 450 in all, and as the necessary preparations are to be made without delay, I request that the sanction of Government both to this & the estimate submitted for the Jathra at Dharmastalla with my letter of the 7th instant, No 1307, may be communicated to me at as early a date as possible.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most Obedt Servt.
M. Thumant.
Jy. Magistrate.

Jy. 1877

N^o 1354.

Magistrate's Office on Circuit
Siradi in Koppinangadi Taluk,
20th October 1867.

From

H. S. Thomas Esq^r
Magistrate of South Canara

To

The Honble R. S. Ellis C. B.
Chief Secretary to Government,
Fort St George.

Sir,

In continuation of my letter of the 7th instant, N^o 1307, I have the honor to submit proposals for the Sanitary arrangements to be made on the occasion of the Subramany Jathra in this District which commences on the 30th Proximo and will last till the 15th December 1867.

2. The above is the most renowned Hindoo festival in South Canara, and is resorted to in large numbers by pilgrims from all parts of the District, as also from the adjoining Districts of Mysore, Coorg and even Malabar, North Canara and other more distant places. An extensive Cattle mart which takes place on the occasion of the festival, and at which almost the whole of the annual supplies of the agricultural stock of this District is purchased by the inhabitants, also adds much to its importance, and contributes to swell the concourse of the people that gather on the occasion.

3. From a calculation made on enquiry on the spot, the number of pilgrims & visitors of all descriptions who assemble at this festival, is estimated at upwards of thirty thousand. During the more crowded days, the highest number of visitors is said to amount to about ten thousand, and the number of

Cattle

742 2296.

Nov. 10th Nov 189.

Public-1869 2448

From the Dept. of Agriculture
of the U. S. Bureau
of the Chief Clerk, Longmont
-West 1869-1870

10. 15-36.
Date 20th October 1869,
Hon. ay ()
No 2379

1869

Enclosure two

742 2448

Submits proposals for the
standard arrangements to be
made on the occasion of the
celebration of the
Bicentennial

742 2448

du Pub: 2448 189.

Budget & Revenue DEPARTMENT.

No. 240

Fort Saint George,
Accountant General's Office,
5 November 1869.

FROM

The

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL,

TO THE GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

TO THE

*Chief Secretary to Government
Fort Saint George*

SIR,

** Enclosure to
that herewith
returned.*

With reference to the Under Secretary's
Official Memorandum No. 453 dated 29. October
1869, I have the honor to state that no provision
seems to have been made by the Collector of
South Canara for the charges in question. The
actuals on account of ~~conveyance~~ charges
to which head the proposed expenditure
should be debited amount already to Rupees
5209 against a provision of Rupees 2500.

I have the honor to be
Sir

Your most obedient servant

F. Rushington
Accountant General

G. H. Harrison
Comptroller

742 2379

13

Mar. 10. Mar. 1/69
William D. Spaulding

Samuel
The Connecticut General

The City of New York

March 6. 1869
New York City

William D. Spaulding

1869

1869

It is that there
are no savings to
quit the amount
beforehand

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Department,
10th November 1869.

Read the following papers :—

No. 63. From the Acting Magistrate of South Canara, to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated Siradi, 20th October 1869, No. 1354.

In continuation of my letter of the 7th instant, No. 1307, I have the honour to submit proposals for the sanitary arrangements to be made on the occasion of the Subramani Jathra in this district, which commences on the 30th proximo, and will last till the 15th December 1869.

2. The above is the most renowned Hindoo festival in South Canara, and is resorted to in large numbers by pilgrims from all parts of the district, as also from the adjoining districts of Mysore, Coorg, and even Malabar, North Canara and other more distant places. An extensive cattle-mart, which takes place on the occasion of the festival, and at which almost the whole of the annual supplies of the agricultural stock of this district is purchased by the inhabitants, also adds much to its importance, and contributes to swell the concourse of the people that gather on the occasion.

3. From a calculation made on inquiry on the spot, the number of pilgrims and visitors of all descriptions, who assemble at this festival, is estimated at upwards of thirty thousand. During the more crowded days, the highest number of visitors is said to amount to about ten thousand, and the number of cattle brought for sale to about double that number, or about twenty thousand daily.

4. Of the ten thousand pilgrims above alluded to, about three thousand belong to the Brahmin class, and these find lodging and accommodation in or near the houses of their caste people situated near the Pagoda. No temporary arrangement for the shelter of these people is, therefore, required.

5. Of the remaining seven thousand, about three thousand people consist partly of dealers in cattle, and partly of petty traders who bring different commodities for sale. As these people generally remain for a long time until they have disposed of all their cattle and merchandize, they themselves provide beforehand the necessary shelter required by them, and no outlay is, therefore, necessary on their account on the part of Government.

6. The actual number of *bona fide* pilgrims, other than those mentioned in the preceding paragraph and the Brahmins in paragraph 4, is assumed at about four thousand people. For the accommodation of these, about two hundred temporary sheds, capable of accommodating about twenty persons in each, appear necessary. Two suitable spots have been selected for this purpose near the Pagoda, and the cost of levelling and clearing these of brushwood and erecting the sheds is estimated at Rupees 240. There are eight partially ruined old wells on one of these spots which require to be cleaned and fenced at an outlay Rupees 32.

7. The cattle will be encamped on two separate spots close by a branch of the Kumardary river, about two miles to the north of the Pagoda.

8. Six latrines for the use of those who put up near the Pagoda, twelve for the pilgrims mentioned in paragraph 6, and six more for the cattle traders, &c., alluded to in paragraph 5, or in all twenty-four latrines together, with sixteen pits in different localities for deposit of filth and rubbish, have to be provided at a cost of Rupees 88.

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Department,
10th November 1869.*

9. The services of twenty sweepers for cleaning the streets and encamping grounds of rubbish and refuse, and ten toties to be employed in connexion with the latrines, are also required. The wages of these men are estimated at Rupees 90.

10. I beg to enclose an estimate of the probable cost of all those arrangements, amounting to Rupees 450 in all, and as the necessary preparations are to be made without delay, I request that the sanction of Government both to this and the estimate submitted for the Jathra at Dharmastalla with my letter of the 7th instant, No. 1307, may be communicated to me at as early a date as possible.

No. 64. From the Accountant-General, to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated Fort Saint George, 5th November 1869, No. 240.
Budget and Resource Department.]

With reference to the Under Secretary's Official Memorandum, No. 453, dated 29th October 1869, I have the honour to state that no provision seems to have been made by the Collector of South Canara for the charge in question. The actuals on account of conservancy charges, to which head the proposed expenditure should be debited, amount already to Rupees 5209, against a provision of Rupees 2500.

No. 65. ORDER THEREON, 10th November 1869, No. 1536.

The Government sanction the sanitary arrangements proposed to be made on the occasion of the approaching festival at Subramani; but direct that the Collector will keep the expenses for this, and also for the festival to be shortly held at Dharmastalla, within the lowest possible limits.

(True Extract.)

Chief Secretary.

To the Collector of South Canara.
„ Accountant-General, with the estimate.

Exd. J. Wright

Public Department.

PROCEEDINGS of the MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following letter

From the Collector of Tanjore. H.E. 20th October/69. N. 1354
— Accountant General. H.E. 8th November/69. N. 240.

Order thereon 10 November 1869. N. 1536

The Government
sanction the sanitary
arrangements proposed
to be made on the occasion
of the approaching Festival
at Subramani, but
direct that the Collector
will keep the expenses
for this, and also for the
festival, to be shortly
held at Thammastala,
within the lowest possible
limits.

To the Col. S. Panara }
Accts. General } 10th Nov 1869
with the Estimate }

Phil

Govt. of 1869; 2000

PUBLIC.

To

THE COLLECTOR OF SOUTH CANARA.
Cc., Cc.,

Dated November, 10th.

Encl.

Recd.

G. O., 16th November 1869, No. 1536.

NOVEMBER.
Nos. 63—65.

Sanctioning the sanitary arrangements proposed to be made on the occasion of the approaching festival at Subramani, but directing that the expenses for this and also for the festival to be shortly held at Dharmastala be kept within the lowest possible limits.

Out. of 1869. *Am. Mus.*

17.

To

the Mother of the Nation
for.

Dated *Nov. 10.*
Recd. }
18 *69*, No. *1536*.

Nos. 63-65.

fracturing the British
independent postage
of the world on the ocean
of the approaching global
revolution, but
according to the system
for the world's future
the world will be a
world of the light and
the world's future will
be the world's future.

Jan 23 Nov 199