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MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Rubbie DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No.	<i>600</i>	Press Mis.
Dated	<i>29-5</i>	<i>1867</i>

Not to be folded or roughly handled

No. 191. Read the following letter from the Inspector General, Medical Department, to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George; dated Fort Saint George, 9th May 1867, No. 179.

Referring to Proceedings of Government, with Order thereon, dated 22nd March 1867, No. 308, I have the honor to submit, for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, a report* upon the sanitary measures recently adopted at the annual festival at Humpi.

2. I have much pleasure in bringing to notice the evident ability with which Dr. Fry, of this Department, and Captain Hicks, of the Police, together with the Medical and Civil Subordinates, conducted their duties.

3. The experience afforded in recent years, by the festivals of Humpi and Conjeveram, as to the value of the early adoption of sanitary precautions to prevent the development of epidemic disease on these occasions, is strongly confirmative of the conclusions of the recent Cholera Conference at Constantinople. I would beg to suggest that the papers recording the results of the precautionary measures adopted at these places should be made known to all Collectors, or other officials, within whose ranges of authority fairs, festivals or pilgrimages, or any other agglomerations of people, are likely to take place.

From Assistant Surgeon W. FRY, 34th Regiment, C. L. I., to the Senior Medical Officer, Ceded Districts, Bellary: dated——.

I have the honor to report that, in compliance with your order, I left Bellary on the evening of the 9th instant, en route to Humpi, to afford medical aid, &c., to the pilgrims about to assemble there to celebrate the annual festival. I arrived at Kamlapore on the morning of the 10th, and visited Humpi the same evening.

2. On arrival, I found that the Tahsildar of the Taluk, Doraswamy Iyer, acting under instructions from the Head Assistant Magistrate of the District, had employed a number of coolies to dig latrines in various parts of the town. I inspected them, and found they were well adapted for the purpose, the sites well chosen (being a convenient distance from the main streets), and yet not too far away to render it irksome for the Natives to visit them. There were seven in all, four for males and three for females, each consisting of six trenches, 60 yards long and four feet deep. The earth thrown out I ordered to be well pulverized, and kept at the edges of the trenches. All the latrines were surrounded with a fence of milk hedge, which rendered them private. The Tahsildar had also caused the main channel (which, cut in the solid rock, runs through the principal Pagoda and street of Humpi, and supplies drinking water to the inhabitants) to be thoroughly cleansed, and had ordered all the rubbish to be collected and burnt.

3. The town presented a very clean appearance, and there were no nuisances existing which called for my interference, with one exception, to which I will allude hereafter.

4. I suggested to the Tahsildar that certain rules and regulations which I considered necessary on sanitary grounds (a copy of which I enclose) should be translated into the vernacular, and circulated by oriers amongst the pilgrims, and should also be posted up in conspicuous places, so that every one might readily become acquainted with them, which suggestion he immediately carried out.

5. The pilgrims began to assemble in large numbers about the 15th instant, and on the 18th, the principal day of the festival, about 60,000 people were present. The greater portion went away on the 20th and 21st, but large numbers remained to buy and sell. I remained in Humpi until the 27th. On the 28th, the town had resumed its natural appearance, and, deeming it no longer necessary for me to remain, I returned to Bellary.

6. I am happy to state not a single case of Cholera, or any other epidemic disease, occurred during the whole of the festival. Many people applied for medicines for fever, and various other minor ailments; but none of these diseases were the result of their sojourn in Humpi, but had been contracted by them previous to their arrival.

7. I think these good results were attributable in a great measure to the strict sanitary arrangements enforced. The latrines were filled in twice a day with well powdered earth; a large number of sweepers were employed, night and day, in collecting the rubbish and burning it; the ashes were placed in carts, and emptied into the latrines; and the town, during the whole of the festival, presented a very clean appearance. Several Natives were arrested by the Police, and fined by the Native Magistrate, for disobeying the regulations; but the majority readily adapted themselves to the new order of things, and frequented the latrines.

8. The Superintendent of Police, Captain Hicks, and myself had frequent conversations with influential Natives regarding the regulations. They all stated the Natives were favorably impressed with the arrangements, and the comfort resulting from them. The only rule at all obnoxious was the one not allowing bandies, &c., into the town. They all admitted, however, that it would be impossible to keep the place clean were they permitted to enter, and could not suggest any better plan.

9. With reference to paragraph 3, I beg to bring to notice the existence of a tank called Munmutheonda, situated between the large temple and one of the main streets of Humpi. It is in a filthy condition, full of stagnant water and weeds, and, in my opinion, ought either to be thoroughly cleansed, or filled up without delay, as it is quite sufficient in itself to cause sickness. I thought it best not to disturb it, as there was not time to fill it in properly before the pilgrims arrived, and half measures would have been worse than useless. I would strongly recommend that some steps should be taken regarding it before the next annual festival.

10. I have much pleasure in recording the aid I received from Captain Hicks, Superintendent of Police, who was with me during the whole of the festival. He was always ready to assist me with his advice. The large body of Police under his orders strictly enforced the rules laid down, promptly arresting any persons disobeying them, and there was not the slightest disturbance during the festival, and only a few cases of petty theft.

11. Doraswamy Iyer, Tahsildar of the Taluk, also rendered me every assistance. He carried out, without the slightest delay, all my suggestions, and was most willing and obliging. I have much pleasure in bringing to notice his valuable services.

12. Mr. Meneaud, the Assistant Apothecary detailed to accompany me, proved very useful, and conducted himself in a highly satisfactory manner. He was constantly about the town, and reported to me immediately any irregularity he discovered. He remained with the hospital tent in the main street of Humpi, and was thus accessible to the pilgrims night and day.

13. In conclusion, I would mention that, finding the distance from Kamlapore to Humpi too far for me to be able to effectually supervise everything, Captain Hicks and myself left the bungalow at the former place on the 14th instant, and remained in tents at Humpi, until the 24th. I was thus enabled, from being on the spot, to see that all sanitary regulations were strictly carried out.

Rules to be observed by pilgrims attending the Humpi festival.

No one, on any pretence whatever, will be allowed to bring any elephants, camels, horses, bullocks, or carts into the town of Humpi during the festival. Suitable sites for encamping have been marked in the dry paddy fields outside the entrance gate, for pilgrims arriving from Kamlapore and Hospett; and for those from the Nizam's territory, on the opposite bank of the river. The pilgrims are informed that large numbers of coolies are stationed at these halting places to carry their goods into the town.

2. No one is allowed to commit a nuisance in the town. Latrines have been made for the convenience of the pilgrims, both in the town and at the bandy-stands. No male will be allowed to frequent female latrines, and *vice versa*.

3. The river above a certain boundary is to be exclusively kept for drinking purposes; no one is allowed to wash or otherwise pollute the stream at that part. Ample space for washing exists below the boundary.

4. No one is permitted to wash in the fresh water supply channel running through the temple and main street of Humpi; this supply is to be used only for drinking and cooking purposes.

5. Any one disobeying the above orders will render themselves liable to the penalties provided for in Section 48, Act XXIV in the Penal Code.

6. No one is permitted to expose for sale any articles of food in an unfit state for consumption. Bad meat, stale or unripe fruit, vegetables, sour toddy, &c., will be immediately confiscated, and the vender will render himself liable to the penalties provided for in Section 273, Penal Code.

7. All animals are to be slaughtered in the place set apart for the purpose near the river. All bones, offal, &c., must be buried, and the blood covered with well powdered earth.

8. No persons suffering from sickness will be allowed to enter the town, until they have been seen by the Medical Officer or Apothecary. The Police have strict orders to detain such cases, and to report the same immediately to the Medical Officer.

9. The pilgrims are informed that a Medical Officer and Apothecary, with an ample supply of medicines, have been directed to attend the festival, and they are strongly recommended to apply immediately, should they require medical aid, and medicines will be issued gratis.

No. 192. ORDER THEREON, 29th May 1867, No. 600.

The Governor in Council is glad to learn that the sanitary precautions adopted at the annual festival at Humpi, in the Bellary District, have again proved so successful in warding off epidemic disease. Copies of the foregoing letter and its enclosure, and also of the Proceedings of Government under date the 20th March,

23rd May, and 11th June 1866, with reference to the arrangements made with the same object last year, will be furnished to all Collectors, in order that similar precautions may be taken on the occasion of similar festivals in their respective Districts.

Nos. 275, 529, and 535.

(True Extract).

Chief Secretary.

To the Collector of
Inspector General, Medical Department.

No. 72. Read the following Proceedings of Government in the Military Department.

Read letter from the Controller of Military Accounts, Fort Saint George, to the Secretary to Government, Military Department, Fort Saint George; dated 14th March 1866, I.

I have the honor to forward a letter from the Magistrate of Bellary, under the Quarter Master General's docket, dated 14th March 1866, No. 2852, recommending that a conservancy establishment for

Humpi, during the 15 days of the annual festival, should be sanctioned, with a view to the prevention of Cholera, and of its introduction into Bellary.

2. The maintenance of such an establishment, however, appears to be entirely a civil matter, as the festival is an institution with which the Military Department has no direct connection.

3. If it supplies any military guards required, and the medical aid recommended, it appears to be all that can be done by it.

4. There appears to be no objection to the Deputy Inspector of Hospitals' visit, should the local authorities require his services, and Government consider it advisable to grant them.

From A. HATHAWAY, Esq., Magistrate of Bellary, to the Major General Commanding the Ceded Districts, Bellary; dated Guntacul, 7th March 1866, No. 133.

I have the honor to suggest the advisability of Government being addressed, through the Military Department, on the subject of making some temporary provision for the adoption of sanitary measures during the annual festival, which commences on the 28th instant at Humpi, in the Taluq of Hospett, in this District.

2. As you are aware, during the last three or four years, arrangements have been made by me, in communication with the Officer Commanding H. M.'s Infantry Regiment and the Superintendent of Police, to establish a cordon, whereby parties returning from the festival are prevented from approaching the lines of the Regiment. This, however, does not prevent persons returning to the bazaars by a circuitous route.

3. Cholera may thus be introduced into the bazaars, which are freely frequented by the soldiery.

4. Last year, Cholera broke out at Humpi, towards the termination of the festival, and continued with fatal results for some time in the adjacent towns of Hospett, Kamlapore and Daroji, so that I felt it necessary to send out the Apothecary attached to my office, with suitable medicine, to attend to those stricken with the disease. I believe, also, there were cases in the Barracks; but of this I have no distinct recollection.

5. It appears to me that, with a view, if possible, to check, at its fountain head, the sources of a disease, which, when once generated spreads itself through the towns visited by infected parties, it would be wise for Government to adopt at Humpi some such sanitary measures as were employed, and apparently with very beneficial results, at the great festival held at Conjeveram in May 1864, as shown at page 64 in the Proceedings of the Sanitary Commission at Madras for (I think) August 1864.

6. As you are aware, there is scarcely any permanently resident population at Humpi; so that a place which, during the annual festival, presents to the eye a motley population of perhaps 200,000, during the rest of the year appears little more than a collection of ruined cloisters, &c.

7. The frequenters of the festival (merchants and pilgrims) are, as may be judged from the example of Conjeveram, not likely to contribute towards the expenses of any sanitary arrangements, though the experiment to collect something from them might be tried.

8. I would, therefore, propose, on the grounds, mainly, of the benefits which may indirectly result therefrom to the soldiery quartered at Bellary, but also of general humanity, that Government authorize the employment, by the Tahsildar of Hospett, during the festival, of not less than 12 carts and 30 coolies, under the supervision of two Superintendents, two Maistries, and six Peons, for the removal of sweepings; that pits be dug on sites to the leeward of Humpi, and the sweepings deposited there and burnt; that a suitable number of temporary latrines be made, and Section 48 of Act XXIV of 1859 enforced.

9. A spot for a bandy-stand might be selected, in which all bullocks, tattoos, &c., should be picketed; and, if possible, an Apothecary be located at Humpi with suitable medicines.

10. The existence of Cholera at Herioor, on the Bangalore road, has been reported; and, considering the present high prices of necessities of life, the prevalent scarcity of water in this District, and the present great heat, I think it more than probable that Cholera will rage during the festival, and be communicated elsewhere by infected parties, unless some such precautionary measures as the above be adopted.

11. Could the Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals manage to previously visit Humpi, he might be able to give valuable suggestions as to what should be done. It is necessary, however, that early action be taken in the matter, so that, if the Government acquiesce in the proposed expenditure, early notice be given, with a view to admit of the necessary arrangements being completed in time.

12. The festival lasts 15 days, and the total expenditure might probably be covered by 600 Rupees.

No. 2852.

MEMORANDUM.

Forwarded to Government, with the Commander-in-Chief's strong recommendation that the measures proposed be authorized. Mr. Hathaway's letter was received through the Officer Commanding Ceded Districts.

FORT SAINT GEORGE,
QUARTER MASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
14th March 1866.

To the Secretary to Government, M. D.

(By Order).
(Signed) F. H. SCOTT, Lieut. Col.,
Quarter Master General.

Order, 17th March 1866, No. 1017.

The Governor in Council concurs in the views expressed by the Controller of Military Accounts in the foregoing report, which, with Mr. Hathaway's letter, will be communicated to the Public Department, for early consideration and orders.

(True Extract).
(Signed) H. MARSHALL, Major General,
Secretary to Government.

No. 73. ORDER THEREON, 20th March 1866, No. 275.

Concurring in the opinion of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, as to the expediency of adopting the measures recommended by the Magistrate of Bellary, with the view of preventing an outbreak of Cholera during the approaching festival at Humpi, in the Taluq of Hospett, in the Bellary District, the Governor in Council sanctions the employment by the Tahsildar of Hospett of 12 carts and 30 coolies, under the supervision of the establishment recommended by the Magistrate. His Excellency in Council sanctions, also, the erection of such number of temporary latrines as may be deemed necessary, and directs the strict enforcement of the provisions of Section 48 of Act XXIV of 1859. The Tahsildar will further be

instructed to select a suitable spot for a bandy-stand for picketing all bullocks, tottoos, &c., that may be brought by persons attending the festival. For these several objects, he is authorized to incur an expenditure not exceeding Rupees (600) six hundred.

2. The Principal Inspector General, Medical Department, will instruct the Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, Ceded Districts, to proceed at once to Humpi, and, on his arrival there, to suggest to the Magistrate such further precautionary measures as he may deem advisable. He will also detail, without delay, a Medical Subordinate to Humpi, with a sufficient supply of medicines.

(True Extract).

(Signed) A. J. ARBUTHNOT,

Chief Secretary.

No. 133. Read the following letter from Surgeon Major J. M. JACKSON, Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, Ceded Districts, to the Secretary to the Principal Inspector General, Medical Department; dated Bellary, 2nd April 1866, No. 1253.

I have the honor to report that, on receipt of telegram, on Thursday, 21st March 1866, at 5½ p. m., I addressed, on Friday, a letter to Mr. Hathaway, the Magistrate, then on duty between Ghooty and Cuddapah, copy of which I enclose. On Friday evening I left by dawk for Humpi, which I visited on Saturday. The only persons I could find to communicate with, or offer any suggestions to, were the Curnum and Peishkar of the village, to whom I mentioned the purpose of my visit, but they appeared afraid to act, as the Tahsildar was absent; but, after some trouble and my promising to write to the Tahsildar, and that he would be sure to come and sanction what they did, they set to work. My first injunctions were, to have the whole place thoroughly swept and cleansed; all channels to be thoroughly cleared out; all rank vegetation, brush-wood, and dead leaves to be collected into heaps and burnt; all the cess-pools to have two or three feet of earth taken out, and fresh put in—all of which they promised to do at once. I returned to Kamlapore, about two miles distant, and wrote to the Tahsildar, who was at Hospett.

2. On Sunday morning I visited Humpi, and the work of cleansing was rapidly going on. I was much pleased by the energy displayed by these two officials, and they accompanied me to the river, and over the whole village, passing through and inspecting every small lane, pointing out whatever I considered objectionable. I returned to Kamlapore at mid-day.

3. The Tahsildar came in, said he had received my letter, but could do nothing, as he had received no instructions from superior authority. I handed to him my telegram, and also informed him that I had seen the Proceedings of Government and Order thereon, sanctioning carts and sweepers, at a cost not exceeding 600 Rupees; that I was prepared to take all blame and responsibility on myself if he would only act; that the time left was but very short. He hesitated until I gave him written instructions, when he at once proceeded to Humpi. To him I repeated the instructions verbally, and in writing, which I had given to the two other village authorities, adding that I wished all cows, buffaloes, bullocks, camels, elephants, &c., &c., be sent across the river, and be kept there until the feast was over; that all

parties coming to the feast from the opposite side of the river should not be permitted to bring their bandies, or cattle of any kind, to this side, and likewise those coming from Bellary, on this side, should not take their bandies and cattle to within half a mile of the temples;—and as, since my first visit, the river had fallen half a foot, viz., from three feet to two and a half, I suggested he should throw up a temporary embankment across the middle of the river, so as to stop its rapid flow, and cause the water to accumulate in a large pool. I also wrote a note to Major Moberly, Superintending Engineer of the Division, expressing my fears of a scarcity of water, and asked if he could open the mouth of the channel leading from the Hospett tank, to flush all the channels within the temples, to which he acceded.

4. Sunday evening,—visited Humpi again; found the Tahsildar had endeavoured to procure carts and coolies; could only get a few of the latter, but promised an ample supply on the following morning; found several large bonfires of the rubbish collected; the minor squares of the temple all nicely swept—indeed a very great improvement in every respect—the dirtiest portion, the road from the large Gopuram to the river, which was scarcely passable, was now clean and perfectly devoid of all bad odour; walked over every part of the place and suburbs.

5. 26th March 1866, Monday morning,—again visited Humpi. I should have remarked that Kamlapore has been my Head Quarters, about two miles from Humpi; but I have visited the temples twice daily. This morning, on my way, I found the main channel from Hospett, leading to the temples, had a large stream of fresh clean water; on inquiring, I found that Major Moberly must have opened the head of the sluice I had written about. I made a very close inspection of all my previous ground, and found everything most satisfactory; an additional 50 coolies at work, and more constantly coming. Visited all the arrack shops, and tasted the arrack, which was of excellent quality; visited the distillery, found all correct; could find no toddy-shops, but directed the 2nd Apothecary, Mr. M. Netscher, to be watchful over them—if at all sour, or decomposed, to have it destroyed; everything was so satisfactory, and the coolies working with a will. Having given the Tahsildar my full written instructions, and there being no proper authority for me to communicate with, the Collector being some 90 miles away, and the Assistant Collector at Bellary on duty, I left 2nd Apothecary M. Netscher at Humpi, and returned myself to Bellary.

6. I may mention that, during the whole of my visits to Humpi, I never saw but one Police Peon, and that, on the last visit, I heard of two murders during the three days I was there; for one I can vouch, as my Apothecary saw the man just before his death.

7. On Tuesday, Mr. Lilly, the Assistant Collector, called on me. I told him of all the instructions I had given to the Tahsildar and other authorities (he had been supplied by the Tahsildar with a copy of my instructions). I stated to him (Mr. Lilly) that, as I had returned, so much had been already done, and the work in full force, I saw no necessity for his proceeding there, the more so, as I had been favored just then with a letter from Mr. Hathaway, saying the Tahsildar had been written to, to attend on me and carry out all my suggestions. As the place will be so thoroughly clean before the pilgrims arrive, there will remain nothing to do, but keep the place clean by the aid of the coolies during the festival. As there was no time or implements to dig ditches, I impressed on the Tahsildar the necessity of compelling all

the people to proceed half a mile on the other side of the river, for the purposes of nature. I had been given to understand that a great many of the Soucars and merchants of Bellary have determined not to visit Humpi festival this year, owing to my suggestions to Mr. Hathaway having been tom-tomed in the bazaar—indeed, that not one-fourth of the usual number will go, as compared with previous years.

8. I trust the steps I took will be approved of by the Principal Inspector General, Medical Department, and meet with the approval of Government. I labored hard, and did all I considered at all likely to ward off disease and that could tend to the comfort of the pilgrims; and I feel assured my labors will be crowned with success, if my suggestions are fully carried out, particularly, to me, *the two most essential ones* of halting the bandies and animals on the other side of the river (Hyderabad side), and on this side beyond the main channel, which is about three-quarters of a mile from the place of gathering, as, by their returning to their bandies at night, a great relief will be experienced in the over-crowding, which would otherwise take place at the temples. In previous years, human beings, bandies, and bullocks have been indiscriminately mixed together; this year, to a very great extent, they will be entirely separate.

* Copy dated 30th March 1866.

P. S.—I enclose the last Report received from Mr. Netscher. * I wish instructions if I am to proceed to Humpi again.

From Surgeon Major J. M. JACKSON, Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, Ceded Districts, to the Collector and Magistrate of Bellary; dated Bellary, 22nd March 1866, No. 1231. I have the honor to bring to your notice that, last evening, I received orders from Government to proceed at once to Humpi, and, on my arrival there, to suggest to the Magistrate such further precautionary measures as I may deem advisable. Kindly inform me where I am to find the Magistrate to whom I am to make my suggestions, as the time is but short before the feast commences (six days from this).

2. The first suggestion I have to make to you is that, if possible, the inhabitants of Bellary be prevented going there, as, if they go, and Cholera breaks out, they will return to their houses, bring the disease with them, and thus it will become disseminated over the town. I presume it would be easier to prevent them going than to prevent them coming back.

3. I require to know what suggestions you have made, and what establishments you propose; and I shall require some responsible person to be always present with me during my stay there, who will carry my suggestions out, and that myself and subordinate are provided with the common necessities of life on payment.

From Mr. M. NETSCHER, Second Apothecary, to Surgeon Major J. M. JACKSON, Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, Ceded Districts; dated Kamlapore, 30th March 1866.

Ninety coolies were employed yesterday. Humpi is now well swept and cleaned. The rubbish all along the banks of the river, for about 400 yards, has been burnt; the streets, the little Sawmy Houses, every rest place, the Temple, and its garden (the dirtiest spot in Humpi) have all been cleaned out. It now only remains to maintain this standard of cleanliness.

2. From yesterday afternoon to 10 this morning, there has been a pretty continuous current of carts, bullocks, and tattoos; but the show of people is still small.

3. Water continues to flow in abundance, and is good.

4. Mr. Bowell is progressing favorably.

No. 129.
MEMORANDUM.

Forwarded to the Chief Secretary, for the information of Government, in reference to their Proceedings in the Public Department, No. 275, dated the 20th March 1866.

FORT SAINT GEORGE,
6th April 1866.

(Signed) J. SHAW,
Inspector General of Hospitals,
for Prinl. Insp. Genl., Medl. Dept.

No. 134. ORDER THEREON, 23rd May 1866, No. 529.

The arrangements reported in the foregoing letter from the Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals are approved.

2. Mr. Jackson appears to have done all that was in his power to carry out the orders of Government, and the Governor in Council trust that his exertions were followed by satisfactory results.

3. The Acting Sub-Collector in charge of the District will report on this point. The Governor in Council resolves to call the attention of the Inspector General of Police to the statement made in Dr. Jackson's letter, paragraph 6, to the effect that, during the whole of his visits to Humpi, he saw only one Police Peon, and that, during the three days he was there, he had heard of two murders, for one of which he could vouch.

(True Extract).

(Signed) A. J. ARBUTHNOT,
Chief Secretary.

No. 63. Read the following letter from the Acting Sub-Collector in charge, Bellary, to the Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George; dated Bellary, 1st June 1866, No. 39.

With reference to the Order of Government, Public Department, No. 529, of the 23rd ultimo, I have the honor to report that there was no Cholera at all at Humpi this year. This was, without doubt, due to Dr. Jackson's measures; but there is not the slightest doubt that large numbers* of pilgrims have objected to go to Humpi this year on account of these measures.

* Usual number of pilgrims from 100,000 to 200,000.
Number this year about 20,000.

No. 64. ORDER THEREON, 11th June 1866, No. 585.

Communicated to the Officiating Principal Inspector General, Medical Department, who will convey the acknowledgments of Government to Dr. Jackson for his services on the occasion.

(True Extract).

(Signed) J. D. SIM,
Acting Chief Secretary.

Exd. J. H. Burns.

PROCEEDINGS of the MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following letter
from the Auditor of the
Government Prep. Accounts in
(Here enter 3^d December 1866)

Order thrown 13th February 1867 N: 162.

In the foregoing
letter Mr. Macleod reports
the result of his audit of
the accounts of the Government
Prep. for the year 1865-66.

2 The Income and
Expenditure of the Prep.
during the year under review,
as compared with the Receipts
and Disbursements during
the previous year, is shown
in the margin.

3 The chief increase
in expenditure has been
caused

Income

1864-5 11,254-10-7
1865-6 10,167-15-11
Increase 1196-10-8

Expenditure

1865-6 15,289-12-3
1864-5 13,197-14-7
Increase 2,092-13-8

Wm

From 13th Feb 1867
to 16th 55

Subscribed 15000000

caused by the employment
of extra hands rendered
necessary by the unusual
pressure of work of an
emergent nature, consequent
on the demands for new
Forms required for every
Department throughout
the Presidency under the
new system of Accounts.
The increase owing to this
cause amounts to Rupees
10,813; while 14,177 has been
spent on the purchase
of Plant, in excess of the
sum expended in 1854-5.
It is also remarked that
the whole amount paid
for Plant during one
year cannot fairly be
charged against the out-
turn of work for that
year only, but should be
a

9
a proportionate charge against
the work done each year as
long as the plant is
serviceable.

4. A separate Memorandum
explanatory of the great
increase of expenditure has
also been submitted by the
Off. Superintendent. Orders
will be passed upon this
shortly, when the scheme
for effecting the radical
changes in the Establish-
ment now contemplated
is ^{being} ^{final} under consideration.

5. The sums received
and expended on account of
oil and extra labor connected
with the Printing expenses
of the Police would, as re-
marked by the Auditor,
have been more properly
exhibited in the Press
Accounts.

Credit

6 Credit will, in future,
be given for such charges
and the amount disbursed
will be debited per contra.
The Government do not con-
sider it desirable that
such sums should be
paid away without the
intervention of the Pref.

7 The amount at debit
of Plant on the 1st May
1865 has been reduced by
Rupees 27,794-3-2. Further
reductions will be made
as material becomes
unservicable. During the
present year large reductions
will it is believed be effected.

8 The Government
desire that Mr. Macleod
will report what grounds
he has for considering
it likely that the sum
does not represent the full
value

R. 27,794. 3. 2.

value of Type and other
material condemned from
time to time.

9 With regard to the
suggestions contained in the
11th para of the Report
the Government consent in
considering it desirable
that a fresh valuation of
the stock of Plant should
be made, the measure will
be imperative in the event
of the whole or greater part
of the Printing now done in
the Government Press being
given out on contract.

10 The Government approve
of the suggestions for the
simplification of the Press
Accounts: the only Books
required under the revised
system will be a Cash Book,
a Day Book and a Ledger,
the Journal having been
found

found to be practically
useless. New Books
will accordingly be opened
from the 1st April next
the commencement of the
 ensuing official year
and kept in the manner
recommended in paras
15 and 16 of the Auditor's
report.

" Three hundred (300)
Papers will be paid to
Mr. Macleod as remunera-
tion for his services as
Auditor, that sum being
debited to the Government
Crédit.

7B.

G. H. Macleod Esq
Auditor for the
Government of Ceylon
24 of Claims

Balance Sheet for the Year ending 30th April 1866
D.

Debit	Amount	Credit	Amount
Plant	465 122279 6 8	Government of Port	
Store	466 25737 2 3	Smith George	464 148684 11 7
Cash	469 208 7 6	Postage	462 279 1 3
Subscribers	461 154 . .	Spence P. B. O. S. A. C.	466 4 12 2
Administrative General	465 54 2 .	Messrs. Dwyer & Co.	
Secy to Treasury	471 1 9 .	and Partners	467 33 4 .
W. M. M. M. M. M. M.	537 2 3 .	Pring & Co.	468 2 . .
A. M. M. M. M. M. M.	539 14 . .	A. M. M. M. M. M.	469 2 10 .
M. M. M. M. M. M.	540 . 1 .	Shaw & Aldrich	475 . 9 .
L. R. R. R. R. R. R.	540 . 9 .	T. P. M. M. M. M. M.	538 . 4 .
L. R. R. R. R. R. R.	546 1 . .	Messrs. Scott & Co.	546 1 8 .
Messrs. G. M. M. M. M.	523 7 5 .	Agent to Messrs. M. M. M.	1 12 .
L. R. R. R. R. R. R.	625 1 8 .	G. P. M. M. M. M. M.	546 7 . .
Port P. A. S. M. M.	1 . .	G. P. M. M. M. M. M.	547 . 15 9
W. M. M. M. M. M. M.	627 7 11 8	Messrs. C. M. M. M. M.	621 . 4 .
H. M. M. M. M. M. M.	1 8 .	Messrs. M. M. M. M. M.	623 8 7 .
Port P. M. M. M. M.	634 2 6 .	T. M. M. M. M. M.	640 1 2 .
T. M. M. M. M. M. M.	1 12 .	Secy Madras Trading Co.	641 1 . .
Mr. M. M. M. M. M.	1 8 .	Messrs. M. M. M. M. M.	1 5 .
Secy M. M. M. M. M.	635 13 5 .	R. M. M. M. M. M.	1 6 .
G. M. M. M. M. M. M.	2 9 .	Port P. M. M. M. M.	642 . 6 .
President of M. M. M. M.	636 2 4 .	Mr. J. M. M. M. M.	1 12 .
Sowing M. M. M. M.	10 .	W. M. M. M. M.	4 . .
Mr. M. M. M. M. M.	6 .	L. M. M. M. M. M.	643 4 12 .
W. J. M. M. M. M. M.	637 . 1 .	Captain J. M. M. M.	1 8 .
R. M. M. M. M. M. M.	14 . .	T. M. M. M. M. M.	1 4 .
J. M. M. M. M. M. M.	6 12 .	Messrs. M. M. M. M. M.	644 . 7 9
C. M. M. M. M. M. M.	1 . .	M. M. M. M. M. M.	1 7 .
Correct Over	1779 1	Correct Over	149241 13 4

Names	Total Amount	Names	Total Amount
Brought forward	148767 9 1	Brought forward	149241 13 4
M. Munguchi Pau— 638	2 5 "	Kristianowicz Pelly— 646	" 3 "
J. Munguchi Moody— "	3 " 3	Arsonchellie— 645	2 10 "
Deutnant F. H. Thomas 639	5 10 "	M. C. Apperdy Pelly "	1 8 "
Vincete Pau— "	2 " "	M. C. Apperdy Pelly (H.C.) "	" 14 "
M. C. Apperdy Pelly— "	415 12 3	Deutnant F. H. Thomas— 646	3 2 "
Mr. C. D. Wetz— 640	76 " "	M. Vincetara Pelly— "	2 14 "
J. D. Wetz— 681	1 4 9	Pangasoway Syer— "	3 13 6
		Pitchevich Kaidoo— 647	3 13 "
		Amboe Bayee— "	" 13 "
		Syran Pau— "	2 8 "
		A. Thomas Pau— 648	1 2 "
		J. Vanderpoolstadon "	4 1 "
		W. S. Aubitt & Co. — "	" 6 "
		Bureau of the Land Dept— 649	" 2 "
		M. C. Apperdy Pelly— 1	8 "
		M. C. Apperdy Pelly— 650	" 1 "
		Mr. A. B. Thomas— "	" 12 "
		C. C. Apperdy Moody— 653	" 14 "
		P. Pangasoway Moody 657	" 14 "
		V. C. Apperdy Pau— 674	" 3 "
Total	149273 9 4	Total	149273 9 4

Fort Saint George
 Government Press Office
 1st May 1866
 Pres. G.

J. M. Moryer
 Auditor.
 Acting Superintendent.

Public Department.

PROCEEDINGS of the MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following letter from
the Inspector General Medical
Department
/ Here enters 9 May 1867 No 1791

Under the date 29 May 1867 No 1791.

The Governor in Council
is glad to learn that the
Sanitary precautions adopted
at the annual festival at
Kumpli in the Bellary Dis-
trict have again proved so
successful in warding off
epidemic disease. Copies of the
foregoing letter and its enclosure,
and also of the Proceedings of
Government under date the
20 March, ~~22~~ May and 11 June
1866 with reference to the
arrangements made with the
same object last year, will
be furnished to all Collectors
in

J.P.

No 275. 529 & 528

W.P.

25/11/12

Under the date 1867. Department.

No. 152

PROCEEDINGS OF GOVERNMENT.

No. 247 of 1867.
" " 1709 " "

Dated 13 February 1867.

505-56

201-817

in order that similar
precautions may be taken
on the occasion of similar
festivals in their respective

Collection of all debts - dep 1/6/7 -
Inspector Genl - let - Dep - dep 3/5

Secretary of the Interior
Washington

191. 192.

Public 1864. Department.

No. 600.

PROCEEDINGS OF GOVERNMENT.

Dated. 29 July 1864

Pro: 29th
May 1860