

Political (1899) Department.

ORDINARY MS.

G.O., No. 103

DATED 31-1-89

INDEXED.

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Enclosure not attached
Ref. 103

[Despatch Abstract.]

Coming to the Resident
in T & C and to the Pol. Agents Pudukkottai,
Bangalore, & Sandur, for the necessary
action, for the Rev. Dept. on the Board of
Rev. issuing certain instructions to collectors
in regard to the preparation and submission
of returns of Large Industries.

P
31-1-89

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Political (1899) Department.

CURRENT No. 152

From

The Revenue Department

Order
Mis

no 103 of 31-1-99

Communicated to
the Resident in Travancore
Cochin and to the Political
Agents, Pudukkottai, Banganapalle
& Sanduru for necessary action

Mis No. 294

Dated 19th January 1899

Received

Registered 25-1-99

Enclosures 1

Spare copies

SUBJECT.

According with remarks

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue
issuing instructions to collectors in
regard to the preparation of the returns
of Large Industries.

The Resd in Trc
" P A Pudukkottai
" " Banganapalle
" " Sanduru

A to

Desb.
6.2.99.

- Revenue Dept. (911) Desb.

WITH ORDER

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

1898.

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue), MADRAS.

Printed January 4th, 1899.

Proceedings, No. 374, 15th December 1898.

DECEMBER.

Requesting Collectors to submit their returns of Large Industries in future by the 15th February, and to interest themselves personally in the matter of securing a correct return, and recapitulating the orders on the subject.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE

(SEPARATE REVENUE).

READ—the following letter from J. A. ROBERTSON, Esq., Officiating Director-General of Statistics to the Government of India, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Madras, dated Simla, the 24th June 1898, No. 409-F.C. :—

I have the honour to enclose copy of a table of Large Industries in India for the calendar year 1896, containing the particulars received with your No. 282, dated the 14th July 1897, and to request that, with the permission of His Excellency the Governor in Council, you will be good enough to have such additions and alterations made in the table, so far as concerns the Madras Presidency, as will make it correct up to the end of December 1897. The information should be collected from each district, and endeavours should be made to obtain from each concern the full particulars required for the statement. The particulars relating to oil mills should include the kind of oil produced (linseed, mustard, castor, or other, as the case may be).

2. The table should, after revision, be returned to the Statistical Bureau at Calcutta as early as practicable. I beg to observe in this connection that the tables for the year 1896 were received from some of the Provinces several months, and in one or two cases more than a year, after the close of the period to which they related, and that the publication of the volume of Financial and Commercial Statistics was delayed in consequence. It would be an advantage, therefore, if arrangements could be made to send the tables within three months after the close of the year to which they relate.

READ—the following letter from J. A. ROBERTSON, Esq., Officiating Director-General of Statistics to the Government of India, Calcutta, to the Secretary to the Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue, Madras, dated Simla, the 5th September 1898, No. 533-F.C. :—

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt, with your letter No. 3057, dated the 29th July 1898, of the tables of Large Industries for the calendar year 1897, and to observe as follows with reference to the remarks made in Board's Resolution No. 184, dated the 30th June 1898.

These tables are intended to be as complete a record as possible of the industrial progress of India, and all statistics relating to large industries, whether in British India or in the Native States, which are likely to be of general interest and are not separately treated in any other part of the volume of Financial and Commercial Statistics should be recorded in them. It is not possible to give a complete list of all the industries, and it must be left to local officers to decide what industries are of sufficient individual importance to be properly classed as large industries. The Board has properly omitted from its returns all works connected with railways or financed by Government.

READ—the following G.O., Mis. No. 4407, Revenue, dated 11th November 1898 :—

Read—the following letter from J. A. ROBERTSON, Esq., Officiating Director-General of Statistics to the Government of India, to the Secretary to the Government of Madras, Revenue Department, dated Calcutta, the 31st October 1898, No. 525-F.C. :—

In Mr. J. E. O'Connor's letter No. 65-F.C., dated the 2nd November 1897, it was suggested that, in order to save duplication of work and to secure greater accuracy, the particulars in respect of the names of factories and the average daily number of operatives as entered in the statements appended to the Report on the working of the Indian Factories Act, XI of 1891, might be made use of in preparing the returns of Large Industries published in the volume of Financial and Commercial Statistics. But it is observed that some provinces have not been able to carry out the suggestion, as the two sets of returns are not framed on the same basis. The average numbers are returned for the tables of Large Industries in accordance with the instructions contained in paragraph 6 of the Resolution of the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 72-S., dated the 17th March 1883, so as to show separately the average number of persons employed daily throughout the year and throughout the working season, while the statements relating to the working of the Factories Act make no such distinction.

2. I have, therefore, the honour, by direction of the Government of India, to say that in the returns of Large Industries the details as to the average number of persons employed daily during the working season and the months during which they are employed, need not in future be shown separately, and that the figures for the column headed "Average number of persons employed daily" should either be taken from the statements prepared under the Factories Act where these are available, or be worked out in like manner by dividing the aggregate number of daily attendances of both permanent and temporary employes by the number of days in each year during which the factory or business was working.

Order—Mis. No. 4407, Revenue, dated 11th November 1898.
Communicated to the Board of Revenue.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) G. S. FORBES,
Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue).

READ—the following G.O., Mis. No. 4422, Revenue, dated 14th November 1898 :—
Read—Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue), No. 184, dated 30th June 1898.

Order—Mis. No. 4422, Revenue, dated 14th November 1898.
Recorded.

2. It is presumed that the Government of India will supply information on the points indicated by the Board.

3. The Board should insist upon Collectors furnishing it more completely than they do with figures for columns 4 to 9 of the return. Details which cannot be

procured from those in charge of the particular industry may often be gathered from other returns in the Collector's office.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) G. S. FORBES,
Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue).

RESOLUTION—No. 374, dated 15th December 1898.

In the first of the letters read above, the Director-General of Statistics requests that the date of submission of the return of Large Industries may be altered from 1st July to 31st March, and in the second he replies to certain queries put by the Board as regards the information to be afforded by the return. In issuing orders, the Board thinks it will be as well to recapitulate, so far as possible, all the instructions that have been issued relating to this return, as much misconception seems to exist in Collectors' offices regarding them.

2. *Date of submission.*—The Collectors' returns should be in the Board's office at latest by the 15th February, so as to give it time to check and compile them and have them printed before the 31st March.

3. *Scope of the return.*—The return is for the whole Presidency and the Native States attached to it. The Collectors of Bellary, Kurnool and Trichinopoly should embody in their returns particulars relating to Sandúru, Banganapalle and Pudukkóttai. Government will be moved to instruct the Resident in Travancore and Cochin to furnish information as regards those States.

4. *Industries to be reported on.*—The return of large industries is embodied by the Statistical Bureau in the annual volume of Financial and Commercial Statistics of India, and follows on seven chapters, dealing separately with I. Salt, II. Cotton Mills, III. Jute and Hemp Mills, IV. Woollen Mills, V. Paper Mills, VI. Breweries and VII. Coal Mines. It is intended to embody particulars regarding all industries, other than these seven, statistics of which are likely to be of interest. But works connected with railways or financed by Government are to be excluded. So also, as a rule, are details of petty manufactures carried on in their houses by individual owners, except in the case of indigo vats and saltpetre manufactories. With these general rules to guide them, it is left to Collectors to decide what industries shall be included, and what shall not. A classified list showing all those included in the last volume of Financial and Commercial Statistics is appended, but it must not be taken as exhaustive, the initiative in the matter of including fresh industries being with the Collectors. Industries the reporting of which seems to need more attention in Madras are tanning, printing, fish-curing, mines and quarries, distilleries and sugar factories, and pearl and chank fisheries.

5. *Form of the return.*—The form to be adopted, as modified by the letter from the Government of India No. 525-F.C., dated 31st October 1898, is appended for ready reference.

6. *Instructions for filling the columns* (Column 3).—The nature of the industry must be stated clearly and in sufficient detail to prevent there being any mistake as to its correct classification.

7. *Column 4.*—Details as to the average number of persons employed daily during the working season and the months during which they are employed need not in future be shown separately. The figures to be entered in this column should be taken from the statements prepared under the Factories Act where these are available, and where they are not should be worked out in like manner by dividing the aggregate number of daily attendances of both permanent and temporary employés by the number of days in each year during which the business was working.

8. *Columns 6 and 7.*—Particulars of articles outturned should be clearly given and explained, if necessary, in the remarks column. In the case of oil mills, the kind of oil made must be stated. The denominations of quantity to be adopted are given in the list appended. The value given should be the actual value if possible; if not, an estimate should be made.

9. *Column 8.*—To facilitate check, particulars should here be given of concerns that have commenced or ceased work during the year, and remarks regarding concerns the proprietors of which decline to furnish information. These latter should, on no account, be omitted for that reason.

10. Collectors are requested to personally interest themselves in the matter, and see that a complete return is sent in for the current year, those for the past few years having in many instances been most inaccurate and incomplete.

(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) C. G. TODHUNTER,
Acting Secretary.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) EDMUND MILLETT,
Assistant Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.
„ all Collectors.

APPENDIX I.

Large industries not separately treated.

Denomination
in which quantity
of outturn is to be
expressed against
each industry.

Bone-crushing mills	...	...	...	...	...	...	} Weight avoirdupois.
Cement works	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Coffee works	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Cotton ginning, cleaning and pressing factories other than mills	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Cotton spinning and weaving establishments not classed as mills	...	...	...	...	...	...	Length in yards.
Cutch factories	...	...	...	...	...	...	Weight avoirdupois.
Dairy farms	...	...	...	...	...	...	Milk in quarts, butter in pounds.
Dye-works	...	...	...	...	...	...	} Weight avoirdupois.
Flour mills	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Glass-bangle manufactories	...	...	...	...	...	...	Number.
Ice factories	...	...	...	...	...	...	Weight avoirdupois.
Indigo factories	...	...	...	...	...	...	Weight in Indian maunds.
Iron and brass foundries	...	...	...	...	...	...	Weight avoirdupois.
Jute presses	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bales.
Lac factories	...	...	...	...	...	...	Weight avoirdupois.
Mineral and aerated-water manufactories	...	...	...	...	...	...	Dozens of bottles.
Mines (other than coal mines)	...	...	...	...	...	...	Weight avoirdupois.
Oil mills and wells	...	...	...	...	...	...	Gallons.
Potteries	...	...	...	...	...	...	Weight avoirdupois.
Quarries	...	...	Stone	...	...	...	} Weight avoirdupois.
			Slate	...	...	...	
			Lime	...	...	...	
Rice mills	...	...	...	...	...	...	Weight avoirdupois.
Rope works	...	...	...	...	...	...	Do.
Saltpetre refineries	...	...	...	...	...	...	Weight in Indian maunds.
Silk filatures	...	...	...	...	...	...	Weight avoirdupois.
Silk mills	...	...	...	...	...	...	Length in yards.
Soap factories	...	...	...	...	...	...	} Weight avoirdupois.
Sugar factories	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Tanneries	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Tile manufactories	...	...	...	...	...	...	Number.
Timber mills	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cubic measurement.
Tobacco farms and factories	...	...	...	...	...	...	Weight avoirdupois.
Wool-weaving establishments not classed as mills	...	...	...	...	...	...	Length in yards.

APPENDIX II.

STATISTICAL return of Industries for the year 189 .

District.	Name of work or factory.	Nature of industry.	Average number of persons employed daily.	Capital if joint stock company.	Annual outturn.		Remarks.
					Quantity.	Value.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

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REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

CURRENT No. 152

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

READ

Marched

Read ^x Proceedings of the Board of

Order thereon, Misc. No. 294 d/ 19th Jany. 1899.

Recorded.

(True Extract.)

Wharfedale

for Secretary to Government.

To the Political Department. ✓

1892
Pat. [unclear] Dept.
 Encls. No. 1
 To
 C. N. 152

When given for copying 31/1
When copied 1/2 } 1897.
When examined
When signed

READ AGAIN G.O., No. , DATED
189

CURRENT No.

ENCLOSURES TO C. No.

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT.

A A A A A A A

LETTER OF GOVERNMENT.

STATEMENT WITH DITTO

PAPERS NOT FILED UP, BRING MEANT FOR DESPATCH
IN ORIGINAL.

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