Political (1898) Department

ORDINARY PRINTED

No. 136

Dated 22. 2. 98.

Despatch (Abstract)

Laccadives.

Recording proc: Board of Revenue (Land Revenue) submitting report on the administration of the Malabar — for fasli 1306.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Government {1898} of Madras.

POLITICAL.

Recd. } 1898. *Enclosures*

Regd. } *Spare copies*

G.O., No. 136, 22nd February 1898.

FEBRUARY.

Laccadives.

Recording Proceedings, Board of Revenue (Land Revenue), submitting report on the Administration of the Malabar — for fasli 1306.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following paper :—

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Land Revenue), No. 23, dated 26th January 1898.

Read—the following letter from G. W. DANCE, Esq., Collector of Malabar, to the Secretary to the Commissioners of Land Revenue, Madras, dated Ponnáni, 1st November 1897, Dis. No. 134 :—

I have the honour to submit my report on the administration of the Laccadive islands attached to this district for fasli 1306.

2. I enclose two statements showing the receipts and charges under the different heads. The net receipts amounted to Rs. 74,735–13–6, and the charges to Rupees 67,608–1–5 against Rs. 83,670–10–7 and Rs. 63,081–13–3 in the previous fasli.

3. The charges have been swollen by Rs. 14,364–8–6, being the cost of rice sent over to Minicoy in November and May. Of this sum, only Rs. 4,000 were recovered during the year. It will therefore be obvious that, but for the advance of rice made to the Minicoy islanders, there would have been a much larger balance to the credit of the Rajah. In addition to the outstandings on this account during the past fasli, a sum of Rs. 1,546–10–2, is still outstanding on account of rice furnished to the islanders through the Amin in October 1895.

4. I do not think that Government should import rice for the support of the Minicoy islanders. Government supplies rice to none of the other Laccadive islands. However, the precedent has been set, and the people of Minicoy decline to help themselves in this matter. Relying on the Government, they failed to provide themselves with a sufficient stock of rice before the monsoon of 1896. In answer to their urgent appeals for assistance I sent over 700 bags of rice in November. The islanders were starving. Yet, they refused to land it (*vide* my letter, No. 47, dated 15th April 1897). While they were still sulking, a cyclone swept over the island, uprooting hundreds of cocoanut trees and wrecking many houses. One of the items in the list of damages was the destruction of 100 bags of the rice which had been sent over by the Government, and which had either not been landed or had been insecurely housed. The cyclone was followed in January by a fire which destroyed some 200 houses. I was therefore obliged, in May last, to send over a further consignment of 1,000 bags of rice. Last month a deputation came over to complain of the quality of the rice and the price at which it was sold, and at the same time to demand a further supply. I told them that they should arrange for future supplies themselves. But they are a stiff-necked people, and I have little doubt that they will passively await the approach of famine, knowing that the Government would never actually allow them to starve.

5. I subjoin a statement showing the quantities of coir imported from the different islands during the last five years :—

Islands.	Quantities in candies of 560 lb. each.						Increase or decrease as compared with the average.
	Fasli 1302.	Fasli 1303.	Fasli 1304.	Fasli 1305.	Average.	Fasli 1306.	
Agathi	248	241	228	216	233	189	— 44
Kavarathi	485	364	285	368	360	316	— 44
Androthi	529	132	418	268	337	256	— 81
Kalpeni	333	372	381	325	353	392	+ 39
Minicoy	85	182	51	21	85	..	— 85
Total ..	1,630	1,291	1,363	1,198	1,368	1,153	— 215

The Amins of Agathi and Androth put off sending over a great deal of their coir until it was too late to send it. The Amin of Kavarathi will be called upon to explain the decrease in the imports from his island when he next visits the coast. No coir was imported from Minicoy probably because a good deal was destroyed in the fire. Moreover, so many cocoanut trees were blown down by the cyclone that a large decrease must be anticipated in the supply of coir from that island for some years to come.

6. All the coir imported was sold during the fasli except 41 candies which have been since disposed of. The price averaged Rs. 34–6–5 per candy against Rupees 28–6–2 in the previous fasli. The increase is attributable to a rise in the price of coir in the local markets.

7. The quantity of cowries imported amounted to 9 candies and 11 lb. against 7 candies 14 maunds and 15 lb. in the previous year. This, together with the last year's stock, was put up to auction, but not sold because no reasonable bid was obtained.

8. A loan of Rs. 128 was taken from the Imperial treasury on the 11th July 1896, to meet expenses incidental to the administration of the islands. It was repaid with interest at 6 per cent. on the 18th December 1896. Subsequent to this date, advances were taken from the amount that was held in deposit, in the treasury, in favour of the Rajah.

9. When the accounts were adjusted on the last day of the fasli, after paying the peishcush due on account of the islands, it was found that there was a balance of Rs. 7,127–12–1 to the credit of the Rajah. This amount has been held in deposit as per Board's Proceedings, Mis. No. 2018, dated the 1st May 1896. The balance at the end of the fasli in favour of the Rajah is as follows :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Balance at the end of fasli 1305	37,379	2	8
Deduct loans taken to meet the working expenses in fasli 1306.	20,000	0	0
Balance ...	17,379	2	8
Add balance in favour of the Rajah at the end of the fasli ...	7,127	12	1
Total ...	24,506	14	9

10. The islands were not visited during the year.

Enclosure No. 1.

Receipts.

Items.	Agathi. Quantity or weight.	Agathi. Amount or value.	Kavarathi. Quantity or weight.	Kavarathi. Amount or value.	Androth. Quantity or weight.	Androth. Amount or value.	Kalpeni. Quantity or weight.	Kalpeni. Amount or value.	Minicoy. Quantity or weight.	Minicoy. Amount or value.	Mainland. Quantity or weight.	Mainland. Amount or value.	Grand Total. Quantity or weight.	Grand Total. Amount or value.
Revenue from Monopoly article.	C. M. LB.	RS. A. P.	C. M. LB.	RS. A. P.	C. M. LB.	RS. A. P.	C. M. LB.	RS. A. P.	C. M. LB.	RS. A. P.	C. M. LB.	RS. A. P.	C. M. LB.	RS. A. P.
Coir—														
Balance of last year stock—														
First class	..	..	1 3 12	41 4 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 3 12	41 4 0
Second class	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Third class	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Portion of current year's stock sold within the year—														
First class	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,072 15 0	37,166 3 4
Second class	188 15 4	6,660 13 5	306 13 3	10,575 12 8	244 15 28	8,449 5 3	382 10 26	11,480 4 0	..	..	..	..	39 3 2	1,081 10 11
Third class	0 4 14	6 6 3	9 9 20	261 2 0	11 10 10	316 4 0	17 18 14	497 14 8	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cowries	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total of monopoly articles	188 19 18	6,667 3 8	317 6 7	10,878 2 8	256 6 5	8,765 9 3	350 9 12	11,978 2 8	..	..	..	..	1,113 1 14	38,289 2 8
Miscellaneous Revenue.														
Cocoanuts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,743 4 0
Rents	..	950 0 0	..	414 3 6	..	379 0 6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	59 15 6
Fines	..	..	..	0 9 6	..	59 6 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Poll-tax	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30,531 7 9	..	30,531 7 9
Sundries *	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total of miscellaneous revenue	..	950 0 0	..	414 13 0	..	438 6 6	..	..	..	..	..	30,531 7 9	..	32,334 11 3
Receipts other than ordinary.														
Proportionate Amini compensation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,984 0 0	..	3,984 0 0
Loans	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	128 0 0	..	128 0 0
Total of receipts other than ordinary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,112 0 0	..	4,112 0 0
Grand Total	188 19 18	7,617 3 8	317 6 7	11,292 15 8	256 6 5	9,203 15 9	350 9 12	11,978 2 8	..	..	..	34,643 7 9	..	74,735 13 6

* The details of the items under sundries are given below :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
(1) The working balance of the fasli	153	10	0
(2) Advance taken from the amount lying to the Raja's credit	20,000	0	0
(3) Price of coal recovered from Government	3,250	0	0
(4) Advance recovered from the Hospital Assistant Syed Muhaddin	200	0	0
(5) Amount of rice money recovered from Minicoy contractor Poker Haji	4,000	0	0
(6) Value of rice paid by the Minicoy Amin	2,500	0	0
(7) Value of Pandârom jaggery remitted by the Minicoy Amin	412	13	9
(8) Value of rice recovered from the late Tidal observatory clerk Francis	15	0	0
Total	30,531	7	9

Enclosure No. 2.

Charges.

Items.	Agathi. Quantity or weight.	Agathi. Amount or value.	Kavarathi. Quantity or weight.	Kavarathi. Amount or value.	Androth. Quantity or weight.	Androth. Amount or value.	Kalpeni. Quantity or weight.	Kalpeni. Amount or value.	Minicoy. Quantity or weight.	Minicoy. Amount or value.	Mainland. Quantity or weight.	Mainland. Amount or value.	Grand Total. Quantity or weight.	Grand Total. Amount or value.
Charges on account of Monopoly articles.	C. M. LB.	RS. A. P.	C. M. LB.	RS. A. P.	C. M. LB.	RS. A. P.	C. M. LB.	RS. A. P.	C. M. LB.	RS. A. P.	C. M. LB.	RS. A. P.	C. M. LB.	RS. A. P.
Coir—														
First class	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,114 11 4	33,315 14 6
Second class	188 15 4	5,875 14 6	306 13 3	9,207 0 3	244 15 23	7,386 1 0	374 7 2	10,847 13 0	..	..	..	..	39 3 2	916 13 8
Third class	0 4 14	5 4 1	9 9 20	223 1 4	11 10 10	269 2 11	17 18 14	419 5 4	..	..	..	..	9 0 11	350 4 0
Cowries	..	..	..	..	0 3 23	10 9 0	8 16 14	339 11 6	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total of monopoly articles.	188 19 18	5,881 2 7	316 2 23	9,430 1 7	256 10 2	7,665 12 11	401 2 2	11,606 13 4	..	..	..	..	1,162 14 17	34,583 0 2
Miscellaneous charges.														
Cocoanuts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	187 7 5	..	187 7 5
Sea-customs charges	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	26 0 0	..	63 3 6
Travelling allowance and contingencies	..	11 6 0	..	..	..	9 0 6	..	16 13 0	..	..	..	15,407 1 7	..	15,408 4 3
Visit to the islands	..	..	..	..	..	1 2 8	..	..	..	..	..	798 0 0	..	2,754 4 7
Sundries *	..	..	..	..	..	636 0 0	..	268 14 7	..	139 6 0	..	..	..	..
Establishment salary	..	456 0 0	..	456 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total of miscellaneous charges	..	467 6 0	..	456 0 0	..	646 3 2	..	285 11 7	..	139 6 0	..	16,418 9 0	..	18,413 3 9
Special payments.														
Repayment of loans	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	130 1 3	..	130 1 3
Peishcush arrears	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,383 0 11	..	11,383 0 11
Municipal tax on behalf of Rajah	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,098 11 4	..	3,098 11 4
Total of special payments.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14,611 13 6	..	14,611 13 6
Grand Total	188 19 18	6,748 8 7	316 2 23	9,886 1 7	256 10 2	8,312 0 1	401 2 2	11,892 8 11	..	139 6 0	..	31,030 6 6	1,162 14 17	67,608 1 5

* The chief items under "sundries" are detailed below :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
(1) Refund of fine to the Agathi islands	5	0	0
(2) Freight paid to a Kavarathi islander who brought some flotsam in 1891	6	9	1
(3) Expenses of the Agathi Amin from Mangalore to Calicut and back	69	10	0
(4) Balance of rice amount returned to the Hospital Assistant Mahomed Ibrahim.	1	8	0
(5) Advance to the Minicoy compounder	50	0	0
(6) Advance to the Minicoy Amin to meet expenses on the island	600	0	0
(7) Packing and railway charges of articles sent to the Indian Museum, Calcutta.	9	14	0
(8) Expenses incurred by the Androth Amin for feeding a prisoner for 14 days	1	2	8
(9) Advance paid to the Hospital Assistant Mr. Fernandez	300	0	0
(10) Price of 1,700 bags of rice supplied to the Minicoy islanders in October 1896 and April 1897, including cartage, freight, &c.	14,364	8	6
Total	15,408	4	3

Resolution—No. 23, dated 26th January 1898.

The Board resolves to submit to Government the report of the Collector of Malabar on the administration of the Laccadive islands during fasli 1306 (the year ending 30th June 1897).

2. The Collector states that the net receipts amounted to Rs. 74,735, but includes in this sum Rs. 20,000 taken from the Island surplus fund to meet a deficit in the year under report. The account should show at a glance the true receipts and charges of the year, which are exhibited in the following statements:—

Statement No. I.—Receipts.

Items.	Fasli 1305. Weight or quantity.	Fasli 1305. Amount or value.	Fasli 1306. Weight or quantity.	Fasli 1306. Amount or value.
	CANDIES.	RS.	CANDIES.	RS.
1. Monopoly articles .. (a) Coir	2,228	63,241	1,113	38,289
(b) Cowries	..	..	..	..
(c) Tortoise-shell	..	..	..	..
Total ..	2,228	63,241	1,113	38,289
	NO.			
2. Miscellaneous Revenue .. (a) Cocoanuts	55,665	1,163	..	..
(b) Rents	..	3,522	..	1,743
(c) Fines	..	273	..	60
(d) Poll-tax	..	218	..	..
(e) Sale of jaggery	..	219	..	413
(f) Sundries	..	7,284	..	* 9,965
Total ..	..	12,679	..	* 12,181
3. Other than ordinary .. (a) Temporary loans from Government	..	2,500	..	128
(b) Compensation for Amindivi islands	..	5,250	..	3,984
Total ..	..	7,750	..	4,112
Grand Total ..	..	83,670	..	54,582

* Excludes a sum of Rs. 20,000 withdrawn from the surplus *at credit of the island administration* to meet working expenses, and a sum of Rs. 154, which the Collector includes under "sundries," but which being a portion of the surplus of fasli 1305, *should have been transferred to the surplus held* in deposit under Government Order, No. 203, Political, dated 17th March 1896.

Statement No. II.—Charges.

Items.	Fasli 1305. Weight or quantity.	Fasli 1305. Amount or value.	Fasli 1306. Weight or quantity.	Fasli 1306. Amount or value.
	CANDIES.	RS.	CANDIES.	RS.
1. Price paid for monopoly articles. (a) Coir	1,199	29,140	1,154	34,234
(b) Cowries	8	291	9	350
(c) Tortoise-shells	..	..	..	..
Total ..	1,207	29,431	1,163	34,684
2. Establishment and miscellaneous charges. (a) Establishment and contingencies	..	3,702	..	2,818
	NO.			
(b) Freight on cocoanuts	55,665	112	..	..
(c) Sea-Customs house charges	..	446	..	187
(d) Visit to the islands	..	4,461	..	..
(e) Sundries	..	6,741	..	15,408
Total ..	..	15,462	..	18,413
3. Special payments .. (a) Credit of the proportionate Amindivi compensation to the mainland arrears.	..	1,266	..	..
(b) Repayment of temporary loans	..	5,539	..	130
(c) Credit towards peishcush	..	11,383	..	11,383
(d) Payment of municipal-tax on behalf of the Raja	..	..	..	3,098
Total ..	..	18,188	..	14,611
Grand Total ..	..	63,081	..	67,608

3. The ordinary receipts (Rs. 50,470) show a decrease of Rs. 25,450 as compared with the previous year, owing chiefly to the sale * of only 1,113 candies of coir against 2,228 candies in fasli 1305. The large decrease in the quantity of coir sold during the year under review is due to the fact that the quantity sold during fasli 1305 included a considerable unsold balance (1,031 candies) of fasli 1304, while very little coir remained unsold at the beginning of fasli 1306. The report shows that no income accrued during the year from the island of Minicoy, and the Collector leaves it to be inferred that this was due to a succession of calamities from which the island has suffered. A cyclone swept over the island in the month of November 1896 uprooting hundreds of cocoanut trees and doing great damage. In January a disastrous fire broke out in the village, which consists of thatched buildings closely packed together, and about two hundred houses are reported to have been burnt down. Probably, as the Collector surmises, this involved the destruction of the greater part of the stock of coir on which the islanders chiefly rely for procuring rice from the mainland.

	C.	M.	Lb.
* Balance of the previous year.	1	3	12
Imports of the year ...	1,153	14	6
Total ...	1,154	17	18
Quantity sold during the year	1,113	1	14
Balance remaining unsold at the end of the year ...	41	16	4

The import of coir, which in fasli 1305 was found to be below the average, shows a further fall in the year under review as will be seen from the marginal statement. Excluding Minicoy, the largest decrease relates, as in fasli 1305, to the island of Androth. The Collector's explanation for the short import from Androth in fasli 1305 is recorded in Government Order, No. 147, Political, dated 8th March 1897, and is to the effect that most of the owners of the vessels, in which the monopoly products are brought to the mainland, awaited the arrival of the Collector, who was then expected to visit the islands, until it was too late in the season to convey the coir to Calicut. The explanation offered by the Collector for the short import during fasli 1306 is much to the same effect, viz., that the Amins of Agathi and Androth put off sending over a great deal of their coir until it was too late to do so. Presumably, the coir referred to is that payable to Government as the rent of Pandâram lands. Androth was one of the islands, the population of which was so terribly reduced during the cholera outbreak of 1893–94, and the Board understands from non-official sources that the number of women who twist the coir is even now insufficient to turn out the usual quantity. The continued falling off in the import from Androth and Agathi requires further investigation, and should receive the attention of the officer next visiting the islands. Kalpeni, which in Mr. (afterwards Sir William) Robinson's time, and long afterwards, was considered the most backward of the islands, and its inhabitants the least energetic and enterprising, alone brought to Calicut a quantity of coir considerably in excess of its average importation.

Islands.	Quantities in candies of 560 lb. each. Fasli 1302.	Fasli 1303.	Fasli 1304.	Fasli 1305.	Average.	Fasli 1306.	Increase or decrease as compared with the average.
Agathi ..	248	241	228	216	233	189	— 44
Kavarathi ..	435	354	265	368	360	316	— 44
Androth ..	529	482	418	268	337	256	— 81
Kalpeni ..	333	372	381	325	353	392	+ 39
Minicoy ..	85	182	51	21	86	..	— 86
Total ..	1,630	1,281	1,363	1,198	1,368	1,153	— 215

The average price per candy of coir realized during the year shows a satisfactory rise as will be seen from the particulars given in the margin. The monopoly price paid to the islanders was rather over Rs. 29–10–0 per candy on the average.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Fasli 1301	33	10	7
„ 1302	33	0	0
„ 1303	30	11	9
„ 1304	28	14	6
„ 1305	28	6	0
„ 1306	34	6	5

4. Exclusive of special payments, the expenditure amounted to Rs. 52,997, or Rs. 8,104 more than that of fasli 1305. This is the result, mainly, of the high

price of rice in which the monopoly coir is partly paid for, and of an increase under the head "sundries." Under the monopoly system the islanders receive a fixed quantity of rice, and a sum in money, for every candy of coir; and the cost of the coir thus varies in proportion to the price at which Government buys the rice. The famine prices of last year thus explain the considerable increase in the cost of the coir, notwithstanding a decrease in the quantity imported. The increase under sundries arose from the necessity of supplying a large quantity of rice for sale in Minicoy, as explained in paragraph 4 of the Collector's letter.

The charges include a payment of Rs. 3,098 on account of municipal tax due by Sultan Musa Ali Rajah. The Collector is requested to state the authority under which the charge was incurred. In its order, No. 342, Political, dated 24th May 1895, Government declined to pay the municipal taxes due by the Rajah for the year 1894–95.

5. The Collector considers that Government should not, in future, intervene to supply the Minicoy islanders with food when they have failed to procure their usual stock of rice from Balasore or elsewhere. He remarks that Government supplies rice to none of the other islands. This is not correct, as Government has, in past years, repeatedly been forced to do so, to avert distress; but doubtless, in so far as the help tends to prevent the Minicoy islanders from relying on their own resources, it influences them injuriously. Unfortunately, as has often been pointed out, the circumstances of the island are quite unique. The Northern Laccadives are much closer to the coast, and the prevailing winds in the fine season almost always enable the islanders to make two voyages to and fro in small vessels. In the case of Minicoy the difficulties of navigation are far greater, and the few sea-going vessels of which the island can boast were fashioned in the days when the food-supply was obtained from Orissa, or Bengal, by a voyage which lasted nine months, and are all the property of one or two individuals. For many years the supply of rice has depended on the vessels and resources of one leading islander, and it is believed that the newest of these trading vessels must be nearly thirty years old.

The Board doubts whether the combined resources of the islanders would now enable them to build a sea-worthy vessel capable of carrying on the old trade with Bengal. The officer next visiting the island should make special enquiry as to what trading vessels are at present in a sea-worthy condition, and to whom they belong. Until it can be shown that the islanders have the means of bartering their island products for grain as of yore, Government cannot but intervene, when the necessity arises, to protect them from starvation. The high price which is charged for rice supplied from Calicut, and the heavy loss which accrues from selling the Minicoy products on the West Coast where they are not in demand, constitute a strong motive to prevent the islanders from applying to Government for rice if the usual channels of trade can, any how, be kept open.

6. The net financial result of the administration of the year was a deficit of Rs. 13,025–13–11, and this was met from the surplus of previous years, which accordingly fell from Rs. 37,532–12–8 * at the end of fasli 1305 to Rs. 24,506–14–9 at the end of fasli 1306.

* Includes Rs. 154, a portion of the surplus of fasli 1305, which the Collector has shown as sundry receipts of fasli 1306.

7. The islands were not inspected during the year. Arrangements are now being made for the Sub-Collector to pay them a visit early in 1898 (*vide* Board's Proceedings, Mis. No. 4640, dated 4th December 1897).

Order—No. 136, Political, dated 22nd February 1898.

Recorded.

(True Extract.)

A. T. ARUNDEL,
Chief Secretary.

To the Board of Revenue (Land Revenue).

Exd. P. Seetharam.

[G/24]
1,600—22-11-97.

Pull DEPARTMENT.

Papers to be read in Proceedings:—

Again G.O., No. , dated 189 .

Again G.O., No. , dated 189 .

Current No. 223 of 1898, dated 26 January 1898, from the Bd of Revenue (L.R.)

" " " 189 , " , "

" " " 189 , " , "

ORDER. No 136 of 22.2.98

P.S.

Recorded

18.2.98

To The Board of Revenue (Land Revenue)

Note.

No action on the part of Govt is required with reference to the current read above in which the Bd of Revenue submits the Collector's report on the administration of the Laccadives for fasli 1306. The letter to the Govt of India which will cause shortly deals with the financial position of the islands up to the end of fasli 1305. It is subs that

the results of the administration of fasli 1306 need not be incorporated in the letter as that would only complicate matters

JRL 18.2.98.

Poll

Final copy sent to Press.

Returned for signature.

Despatched in print.

Final issue G.O., No. 133 ; Date

Current No. 233 — A

Enclosures to C. No.

Number of copies required: Letter complete. 30
Letter only.
Order complete with Letter.

1 copy for Signature
29 spare copies.

Cross reference

Letter of acknowledgment

Statement with letter.

Returns not filled up. Issue apart for signature in original.

N.B.—
A = Print in full.
B = Not to be printed.
P = Print abstract only.
Q = Print heading only.