Political (1897) Department.

ORDINARY PRINTED.

G.O., Nos 133-4

DATED 1- 3- 97.

[Despatch Abstract.]

Chemico-legal examination of substances from Native States.

Approving the Resident's suggestion as to the procedure to be adopted in forwarding substances from Travancore to Cochin for examination by the Chemical Examiner at Madras and ordering, with certain remarks, transmission to Native States written and bordering upon those Presidency, of the rules on the subject in force here.

[Letter Abstract]

—. Requesting that the names of the officers on whose orders the Administration would wish the Chemical Examiner to act may be communicated to the Madras Govt in the event of the proposed arrangement for — meeting with the approval of the

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Government {1897} of Madras.

POLITICAL.

Recd. } 1897. *Enclosures*

Regd. } *Spare copies*

G.O., No. 133, 1st March 1897.

MARCH.

Chemico-legal Examination of Substances from Native States.

Approving the Resident's suggestion as to the procedure to be adopted in forwarding substances from Travancore and Cochin for examination by the Chemical Examiner at Madras; and ordering, with certain remarks, transmission to Native States within and bordering upon this Presidency of the rules on the subject in force here.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—again the following papers:—

G.O., Mis. No. 114, Political, dated 15th February 1896.

Abstract.—Requesting the Resident in Travancore and Cochin to draw the attention of the Cochin Darbar to the unsatisfactory conduct of the local magistracy and police in a case of suspected poisoning in the Trichur Cantonment, and transferring to the Public Department the questions relating to Surgeon-Major Pemberton's conduct in the case.

G.O., Mis. No. 284, Public, dated 25th February 1896.

Abstract.—Communicating to the Surgeon-General Proceedings, Political Department, regarding a case of suspected poisoning in the Trichur Cantonment, and requesting him to obtain and submit a full explanation from Surgeon-Major Pemberton of his conduct in the matter and to report on the relationship which should exist between the Chemical Examiner and (1) the authorities of Native States and (2) British officers circumstanced as Surgeon-Major Pemberton was.

G.O., Mis. No. 703, Political, dated 1st October 1896.

Abstract.—Requesting the Resident in Travancore and Cochin to report as to the procedure to be adopted in future in Native States in forwarding suspected matter to the Chemical Examiner, Madras, for examination.

Read—also the following paper:—

From F. A. NICHOLSON, Esq., Acting Resident in Travancore and Cochin, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Trivandrum, 1st February 1897, Ref. on C. No. 3412.

Referring to G.O., No. 703, Political, dated 1st October 1896, I have the honour to reply that, in my opinion, the procedure to be adopted in forwarding substances from Travancore and Cochin for chemico-legal examination at Madras should be that prescribed in No. 2 of the rules printed in G.O., No. 685, Public, dated 24th August 1893, the Resident taking the place of the Magistrate, Superintendent or Assistant Superintendent of Police. As the Resident may be on distant circuit, as in North Travancore, it will be well, in order to avoid delay, to rule that the Assistant Resident shall be authorized to make the order, which is of a formal nature, "for" the Resident in cases of urgency, where the telegraph is not available, the matter being, of course, reported forthwith to the Resident.

2. If this suggestion is approved, I will issue the necessary instructions to British medical officers within the two States, and give intimation of the same to the Darbars.

3. I understand that the cases contemplated are only those in which the medical officers enquiring are medical officers in the British service; all other cases will be dealt with by the local authorities in the usual way.

Order—No. 133, Political, dated 1st March 1897.

In his letter read above, the Resident in Travancore and Cochin suggests that, so far as British medical officers are concerned, the procedure to be adopted in forwarding substances from Travancore and Cochin for chemico-legal examination at Madras should be that prescribed in the second of the rules printed in G.O., No. 685, Public, dated 24th August 1893, the Resident (or in his absence the Assistant Resident) taking the place of the Magistrate, Superintendent, or Assistant Superintendent of Police. This course is approved and the necessary additions to the rule referred to above will be made in the Public Department.

2. It is observed that there are no definite rules regulating the transmission of substances for examination by the Chemical Examiner from Native States, in cases where no British medical officer intervenes. His Excellency the Governor in Council, therefore, deems it desirable that Native States within and bordering upon this Presidency should be informed of the rules on this subject which it has laid down for the guidance of its own officers, and that the Chemical Examiner is authorised to undertake work on their behalf at the scale of fees laid down in G.O., No. 1733, dated 26th December 1877. Steps will be taken to invite the Administrations of Native States to communicate to Government the designations of the officers, corresponding to those named in rule 2, on whose order they would wish the Chemical Examiner to take action.

3. The Residents in Mysore and Hyderabad will be addressed.

[Here enter letter, No. 134, Political, dated 1st March 1897.]

(True Extract.)

J. F PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Surgeon-General.
" Chemical Examiner.
" Resident in Travancore and Cochin.
" Political Agent, Pudukkóttai.
" " Banganapalle.
" " Sandur.

Encl. A. Reitt.

Government {1897} of Madras.

POLITICAL.

Recd. / Regd. } 1897. — Enclosures / Spare copies

Letter, No. 134, 1st March 1897.

MARCH.

Chemico-legal Examination of Substances from Native States.

Requesting that the names of the officers on whose orders the Administration would wish the Chemical Examiner to act may be communicated to the Madras Government in the event of the proposed arrangement for the — meeting with the approval of the Darbar.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Letter—to

The Resident $\frac{\text{at Hyderabad}}{\text{in Mysore}}$.

Sir,

I am directed to inform you that, in a recent case of suspected poisoning at Trichur, in the Cochin State, there was a serious failure of justice owing to the absence of any definite orders in regard to the relations obtaining between the authorities of Native States and the Chemical Examiner at Madras.

It has, in consequence of what occurred in connection with this case, been suggested that it would be advisable that these relations should be the same as those existing between the Chemical Examiner and the Magistracy and Police in British India.

2. I am accordingly to forward a copy of the rules on the subject in force in this Presidency, together with an extract from the marginally-noted Government order, and to request that, should the arrangement commend itself to you, you will kindly ascertain from the Darbar whether it would be willing to adopt it and, if the reply is in the affirmative, communicate to this Government the names of the officer or officers on whose orders the Administration would wish the Chemical Examiner to act.

G.O., No. 1733, dated 26th December 1877.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

Fort St. George,
1*st March* 1897.

Ed. A. Raith.

G.O., No. 1733, Public, dated 26th December 1877.

Read—the following paper :—

From Surgeon-General G. SMITH, M.D., Indian Medical Department, dated 6th December 1877, No. 753.

Enclosure.

APPENDIX A.

List of Substances likely to be received for analysis from Foreign Governments, Municipalities, and Private Parties.

	Rs.
Ores of iron, lead, copper, and other minerals including coal Soils Manures Organic analysis of grains, &c.	40
Medico-legal cases	25
Malt liquors Spirits Wines Raw sugars Potable water Drugs (Assay of)	20
Soils (Partial analysis of) Manures (do. do.) Oil cake Tan barks Tea	
Lime-stones Salts Nitre Waters (Qualitative examination of) Petroleum oils Acids Animal charcoal	10

Order—No. 1733, Public, dated 26th December 1877.

	Rs.
Ores, &c.	40
Medico-legal cases	25
Malt liquor, &c., &c.	20
Lime-stones, &c., &c.	10

The Governor in Council sanctions the proposed scale of fees which the Chemical Examiner may receive from Foreign Governments and private parties for analyses described in Appendix A submitted with the letter above recorded.

Political (1897) Department.

CURRENT No. 201

1330 1400 1334
1891-3 97

From The Chief Secretary to Government of Madras and Cochin

Order

Ref: our No. 3412 of 96

Dated 1st February 97.
Received 5th February 97.
Registered 5th February 97.
Enclosures
Spare copies

CHIEF SECRETARY'S GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS 5-FEB. 1897

SUBJECT.

Stating that the procedure to be adopted in forwarding Substances from Travancore and Cochin for Chemico-Legal Examination at Madras should be that prescribed in G.O. No. 685 Public

BACK PAPERS

G.O.	No.	Department.
703:	1.10.96	Pol
969:	7.9.96	Pub.
284:	25.2.96.	Pub.
114:	15.2.96.	Pol
685:	24.8.93	Pub ✓

R15/2/19

[G. 25] 8-10-95.

Political Department.

C. No. 201.

Procedure to be adopted in forwarding substances from Travancore & Cochin for examination by the Chemical Examiner.

H.E. the Governor.

Hotwalla Esq. Blue C.P.?

FOR ORDERS.

M

In G.O. No. 114 d. 15 Feb. 1896 it was decided that the Public Dept. should consider the relations which should exist between the Chemical Examiner and (1) the Authorities of Native States and (2) British Officers circumstanced as Surgeon Major Pemberton was in the case referred to in that G.O. A full history of the case will be found printed in G.O. No. 969 Pub 7.9.96 (flagged C.)

The opinion of the Surgeon Gen. was asked (vide B) and a suggestion of the C.S. for dealing with future cases was approved (vide A. before mentioned) As however it was considered wiser to return the matter to 'Political' for decision & orders in accordance with these suggestions which were not received, but the Resident

Travancore & Cochin has asked for his opinion on the matter. He replies in the current that as far as British medical Officers in Cochin (1) & Travancore are concerned the Resident or in his absence the Assist. Resident) might be empowered to grant the order which in British India is granted by a Magistrate, Superintendent or Assist. Supt. of Police. He adds that in cases when the medical officer wishing an examination to be made and not actual Officer the local authorities would act in the usual way.

It was pointed out in the note flagged A that British medical Officers could only be concerned in Travancore and Cochin in cases which concerned Cantonments or within the Residency limits.

The question of making Cochin & Cantonment is now under consideration (vide paragraph marked G in the brief dated 11th Sept. 1911). If they become cantonments they will be « British cantonments

Magistrate and it will not be necessary to refer to the Resident in so far as those places are concerned; but the procedure in regard to cases within Residency limits to be settled. in Travancore & Cochin will require settlement. It is submitted therefore that the Residents proposal may be accepted in principle: his powers would for the present apply to Cochin & Travancore but would be removed in so far as those places are concerned, when they become Cantonments.

The Resident was not specially asked to say that the relations should be between the authorities of Native States & the Chemical examiner, in cases where no British medical officer intervenes. The Surgeon Genl reported that in his opinion those relations should be the same as those existing between the Chemical Exam^r & the Magistracy & Police in British India.

The note at B shows that there are no clear orders on

The rules under which the Chemical Exam^r examines substances sent him from Native states. It is submitted that it would be desirable to frame orders on this subject. The rules at present in force in British India might, it is submitted, be communicated to the Durbars, which might be invited to have their officers or those they would wish, the Chemical Exam^r to accept. It would take away much of difficulty between the Chemical Exam^r & the Customs & Mint authorities leading to such delay as occurred in Mr Neville's case.

Printed as G.O. No 685 Pub. d. 24.8.93 D

The suggestions made appear to provide for all that can be done

LO
11/2/93

The suggestions are approved.

A.St
13.2.97

NOTE FOR THE Chief Secy.

As no mention is made about fees in the note for orders on Pleasure, nothing has been said about them in the draft from orders submitted.

For the scale of fees to be levied for analysis of substances received from foreign Courts for pleasure see G.O. 1733 Pub^d 26.12.77 (F) and the note for orders in G.O. 994 Pub^d 11-4-96

This is for consideration whether the former G.O. (1733 of 77) should not also be forwarded with the Rules in G.O. 686 Pub^d 24.8.93 to the Durbars.

CWS
17.2.97

AHM
17/2/97

...wo probably ...ine in intro. ...y the rules.

J.D.B.
17.2.97

[G/79]
4,000—13-6-08.

Chief?

NOTE FOR THE ~~UNDER~~ SECRETARY.

Please see
the portion I have ringed
in the proof.
The C. was
apparently under
the impression
that the J.D.
was issuing,
in Public,
his
Heroic
address
"Step will be taken
in the Pol Dept'ts".

C.V.
25/2/07

J.K.
25/2/07

I have struck
the Standing words
out. I thought
Rucker asked
for the
words to be left
in. Will see
26.2.07.

G. 24. 28-10-96.

Political DEPARTMENT.

58

Papers to be read in proceedings:—

Again G.O., dated 15th February 1896, No. 114 Poll (P)
" " 25th February 1896, No. 284 Pub. (P)
Again G.O., dated 1st October 1896, No. 703 Poll (P)
Current No. 261 of 1897, dated 1.2, from Thudy Resdt in T. & C. (a)
" " " 189 , " , "
" " " 189 , " , "

ORDER.

A

To the Public Dept. for favour of counterinitials.

2813 16.2.97

In his letter read above the Resident in Travancore and Cochin suggests that, so far as British Medical Officers are concerned, the procedure to be adopted in forwarding substances from Chemico-legal examination at Madras should be that prescribed in ~~the Rules~~ printed in G.O. 685 Public, dated 24th August 1893, the Resident (or in his absence the ~~Asst.~~ Resident) taking the place of the Magistrate, Superintendent, or Asstt. Superintendent of Police. This course is approved and the necessary additions to the rule ~~in G.O. 685 Public, dated 24th August 1893~~ referred to above will be made in the Public Department.

~~The powers thus conferred on~~ the Resident will for the present apply also to Quilon and Trichur but would cease so far as those places are concerned when they become cantonments.

2. It is observed that there are no definite orders as to the relation between the authorities of native states and the Chemical Examiner where no British Medical officer is near.

The Govt. therefore resolve that the rules in force in British territory in this Presidency (printed in G.O. No. 685 Pub., dated 24th Aug. 1893) should be communicated to the Durbars of the Native States within, and contiguous to, its borders, with a view to their naming the officers on whose orders they would wish the Chemical Examiner to act.

3. The Residents in Mysore will be addressed.

(From orders)

AK. 7/2

cw. 16/2/97

To The Public department /5
The Surgeon-General. /3
" Chemical Examiner. /4
" Resdt. in T. & C. /1
" Poll. Agent, Pudukkottai. /2
" Banganapalle. /2
" Sandur. /1

P.T.O

Hyderabad 1733 d. 26-12-77 and Papers will be sent in the DK Despatch to Dewan-sahib

Dewan-sahib to state to Government

despatch of this office

corresponding to this Letter

in para 2, a close watch

they would wish the Chemical

Examiner to take action.

AK. 7/2/97

Note

This is not specially taken from this order but it is submitted that it is required to make this matter quite plain to the Durbars.

AK 7/2/97

Note for CS

It is submitted that with these rules might go a extract from G.O. No 1733 d. 26/12/77 (F)

showing the fees to be charged.

AK. 7/2/97

Consider with this case

LETTER

To The Resident at Hyderabad in Mysore

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It has been suggested that it would be well to rule that these relations should be the same as those existing between the Chemical Examiner and the Magistracy and Police in British India.

2. I am accordingly directed to forward a copy of the rules on the subject in force in this Presidency, together with an extract from the Gazette and to request that should the arrangement commend itself to you, you will ascertain from the Durbar whether it would be willing to adopt it and if the reply is in the affirmative communicate to this Govt. the names of the officers on whose orders the administration would wish the Chemical Examiner to act.

(From orders)

AK. 18/2/97

cw. 16/2/97 AK. 7/2/97

Queries marked on this proof.

1 13 Proofs : 4

1337 1st March 25/2/97

No. , Political, February 1897.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Pol 1337 9/3/97

Acln & statistics 60 copies of the G.C. & two further proofs & letter with Proof 4 6/3 1/3/97

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3. The Residents in Mysore and Hyderabad will be addressed.

[Here enter letter, No. , Political, dated February 1897].

To the Surgeon-General.
" Chemical Examiner.
" Resident in Travancore and Cochin.
" Political Agent, Pudukkóttai.
" " Banganapalle.
" " Sandur.

S. The Public Dept

No. 134, Political, 1st March 1897.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Letter—to

The Resident at Hyderabad / in Mysore.

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G.O., No. 1733, dated 26th December 1877.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

Fort St. George,
~~*th February*~~ 1897.

[G / 14]

4,000—13-5-95.

Asst.

NOTE FOR THE CHIEF SECRETARY.

The GO is issuing
I called for a further
proof of the letter with
reference to its appendix.
Please say whether the
Appendix has been correctly
printed.

Gbi
10/3/97.

Yes. Will strike out
Dillon Surgeon.
AK. (5/3/97)

Have the rules
been reprinted?