

Political (1896) Department.

ORDINARY MS.

G.O., No. 796

Dated 12-11-96

INDEXED.

*Print reading
also rules
Please the
12-11-96*

[Despatch Abstract.]

Informing Muhammad Said Khan
of Kurruol that the Govt is unable
to comply with his request to be
granted some help towards defray-
ing the marriage expenses of his three
daughters.

86
12-11

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Government {1896} of Madras. POLITICAL.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Recd.

Regd.

} 1900.

Enclosures

Spare copies

G.O., No. 796, 12th November 1896.

NOVEMBER.

Marriage Expenses.

Informing Muhammad Dáúd Khán of Kurnool that the Government is unable to comply with his request to be granted some help towards derryaying the — of his three daughters.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

Petition from MUHAMMAD DÁÚD KHÁN Bahadur, representative of Kurnool, to His Excellency the Governor of Fort St. George, dated Kurnool, 22nd October 1896.

SHEWETH,—That the petitioner is very anxious to pay his humble respects to His Excellency, but on account of rheumatism, from which he is suffering for many years, he is not able to carry out his desire.

2 The petitioner has three grown-up unmarried daughters. Marriage engagements are being received from Hyderabad, Deccan. The marriage of one of the petitioner's daughters has been settled with one of the respectable Amirs of His Highness the Nizam's Dominions, and the said Amir is a Jaghirdar. The cases of the petitioner's remaining daughters will be settled soon. The Amirs require that a shadi should be performed in such a manner as will keep up their dignity. They require elephant, horse, apparel, *sirpaich* (head ornament) for the bridegroom, but besides these there are many other things which are unavoidably to be given to the bride during marriage as a part of her dowry, but this is not the time for the petitioner to do all the things in order to maintain his forefather's name or the dignity of the bridegroom.

3. From Nawab Ibráhím KHÁN Bahadur, the first Nawab of Kurnool, down to the petitioner there have been six generations and the mothers of all these were *nicca* wives, and in fact all the mothers of the Nawabs of Kurnool who came to the musnad were *nicca* wives. The truth of this statement will be evinced by a reference to the letter of Mr. Kough, the Collector, to the Madras Government regarding the *nicca* and *shadi* of the family of Nawab Alif KHÁN Bahadur.

4. Fearing the expenses and with a view to observe the custom prevailing in the family of the ancestors of the petitioner, he thinks to perform only the *nicca* rite of the three daughters and even then the petitioner cannot avoid giving the requisite things above alluded to to the bridegroom and the bride. Even granting that ordinary, though not the best, things and very few in number are to be given and considering that food is to be distributed among the followers of the bridegroom, the expenses would not possibly in any way be less than Rs. 4,000 for each daughter's marriage. If the petitioner were to lessen the expenses to any degree he will be an object of laughter and considered very low and mean in the eyes of the bridegroom's elders, besides adding a stigma to his forefather's name.

5. It will not be out of place to mention here that this benign Government shewed mercy and helped the poor and unfortunate like the petitioner on many occasions of a similar nature.

6. The petitioner has no parents and he considers Her Majesty, the Queen-Empress of India, in their stead and leaves his desires to the generosity and liberality of the benign Government.

7. For which act of kindness the petitioner shall ever pray.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O., NO. 796, POLITICAL, DATED 12TH NOVEMBER 1896.

From Muhammad Dáúd KHÁN, dated 22nd October 1896.

For the Chief Secretary—

Muhammad Dáúd KHÁN solicits the help of Government towards defraying the marriage expenses of his three daughters.

He is in receipt of a pension of Rs. 400 per mensem besides an additional allowance of Rs. 300 per mensem granted in 1881 for the education of his three sons (G.O., No. 350, Political, dated 8th July 1881). The Government of India also sanctioned*

* G.O., Nos. 187, 88, Political, dated 18th March 1898. a lump sum of Rs. 500 to cover entrance fees and travelling expenses of his sons when they entered the Aligarh College.

† Of much interest.

(Intld.) A.T.A.

A history of the family will be found in the note† appended to letter to the Government of India, No. 373, dated 20th July 1889, and an account of the steps taken by this Government for the education of Muhammad Dáúd KHÁN's sons is given in the note in G.O., No. 381, Political, dated 13th June 1896.

In his present petition Muhammad Dáúd KHÁN appears to request that he may be granted Rs. 4,000 towards defraying the marriage expenses of each of his three daughters. He went to Hyderabad in Yes, i.e., Rs. 12,000 in all, paragraph 4. 1891 to arrange for the marriage of his daughters (*vide* paragraph 9 of Mr.

(Intld.) A.T.A.

Kough's letter in G.O., Nos. 183, 184, dated 3rd April 1891).

It is submitted that, considering that the Government has made ample provision for his sons and is prepared to provide them with suitable appointments if they qualify themselves by passing examinations, Muhammad Dáúd ought to have been able to save something towards the marriage expenses of his daughters. The grant of any pecuniary assistance will require the sanction of the Government of India and it is very improbable that India will accede to any recommendation.

(Intld.) C.M.S.

6-11-96.

His Excellency the Governor—

Considering the disloyalty of petitioner's grandfather, he has been treated with singular kindness. Petitioner was only a *nikahi* son.

Moreover, there is the drawback that the recipient considers such grants as a concession to what he considers his rights and a ground for further demands in the future.

(Intld.) A.T.A.

7-11-96.

Note by His Excellency the Governor.

I do not think a case has been made out for such a grant.

(Intld.) A.E.H.

9-11-96.

ORDER—No. 796, Political, dated 12th November 1896.

The Government regrets that it is unable to comply with Muḥammad Dáúd Khán's request.

(True Extract.)

A. T. ARUNDEL,
Chief Secretary.

To Muḥammad Dáúd Khán,
through the Collector of Kurnool.

Political (1896) Department.

CURRENT No. 1409

From M. Ahmed Daud Khan
Bahador, Karnool

Order

No.

Dated 22
Received 23 } - 20 - 96
Registered 24
Enclosures - 2
Spare copies. - nil

Ref 26/10
SUBJECT.

Praying for the help of Govt
towards defraying the
marriage expenses of
his 3 daughters

Requesting that the ac-
companying petition re the
expenses of the marriage of his
daughters may be forwarded
to H. C. the Governor

R.O.
any papers please

27/10
R.O. papers recd 2/11/96

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.
381	13.6.96	papers marked	

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.



L.

Print

The Right Honorable

Sir Arthur Havelock. K. C. M. G.
Governor of Fort Saint George
Madras.

The Humble petition of Muhammad
Dawood Khan Bahadur representative
of the late Nawab of Karnool.

Sheweth.

That the petitioner is very anxious
to pay his humble respects to H. Excellency
but on account of Rheumatism from which
he is suffering for many years he is not
able to carry out his desire.

2. The petitioner has three grown up un-
married daughters. Marriage engagements are
being received from Hyderabad Deccan. The
marriage of one of the petitioner's daughters has
been settled with one of the respectable Amirs
of H. H. The Nizam's Dominions, and the said
Amir is a Jaghiredar. The Cases of the petitioner's
remaining daughters will be settled soon. The
amirs require that a Shadi should be performed
in such a manner as will keep up their dignity.
They require elephant, horse, apparel, sirpaich (head

Not by the Government
It is not the Government
a good. 8.9.96 9.11.96

education of Muhammad
Dawood Khan's sons is given

ornament) for the bridegroom, but besides these there are many other things which are unavoidably to be given to the bride during marriage as a part of her dowry, but this is not the time for the petitioner to do all the things in order to maintain his fore-father's name or the dignity of the bridegroom.

3. From Nawab Ibrahim Khan Bahadur the first Nawab of Kurnool down to the petitioner there had been six generations and the mothers of all these were nicca wives and in fact all the mothers of the Nawabs of Kurnool who came to the Musnad were nicca wives. The truth of this statement will be evinced by a reference to the letter of Mr. Krough the collector, to the Madras Government regarding the nicca + share of the family of Nawab Ali Khan Bahadur.

4. Fearing for the expenses and with a view to observe the custom prevailing in the family of the ancestors of the petitioner he thinks to perform only the nicca rite of the three daughters and even then the petitioner can not avoid giving the requisite things above alluded to to the bridegroom and the bride. Even granting that ordinary though not the best things and very few in numbers are to be given and considering that food is to be distributed among the following of the bridegroom the expenses would not possibly in any way be less than Rs 4000 for each daughter's marriage. If the petitioner were to lessen the expenses

Relate to the given
It is not think to come here made work for much
a good. 8.9.11. 9.11.26

education of Mubamm
Daud Khan's sons is given

to any degree he will be an object of laughter
and considered very low and mean in the eyes
of the bridegroom's elders, besides adding a stigma
to his forefather's name.

5. It will not be out of place to mention
here that this benign government showed mercy
and helped the poor and unfortunate like the
petitioner on many occasions of the similar nature.

6. The petitioner has no parents and he considers
Her Majesty the Queen Empress of India in their stead
and leaves his desires to the generosity and libera-
lity of the benign government.

7. For which act of kindness the petitioner
shall ever pray.

Kurnool
22nd Octob^r 1896

Mohammed Dawood Khan
Bahadur
of Kurnool

for the
education of Muhammed
Dawood Khan's sons is given

Not by the Govt
It is not the Govt's duty to give money to the poor
a good
8.9.96
9.11.96

12. The Govt

Muhammad Daud Khan's request
for marriage expenses of his daughters

no 1409

Political Dept

796 P.A. 2/12/11 96

From Muhammad Daud Khan 22-10-96

For orders.

(1)

Muhammad Daud Khan
solicits the help of Govt. towards
defraying the marriage expenses
of his three daughters

He is in receipt of a pen-
sion of Rs: 400 per mensem besides
an additional allowance
of Rs 300 per mensem granted
in 1881 for the education of
his three sons (82 or 360 Rs
28 July 1881). The Govt. of
India also sanctioned a
bursary of Rs: 500 to cover
entrance fees and travelling
expenses in connection of
with the sending of ^{his} ~~three~~ of
Muhammad Daud Khan's
sons ^{when they entered} to the Aligarh College.

A history of the family will
be found in the note
appended to letter to the
Govt. of India no 378 of 20 July
and an account of ^{the same} ~~what~~
taken by this Govt. ~~has done~~ for the
education of Muhammad
Daud Khan's sons is given

+ A V

or II

+ Of much interest
H.A.

+ B.W. in a
copy

Considering the hospitality
of Pater's grandfather, he has
been treated with singular
kindness. Pater was only
a nikahi son. (A)

Not to be taken as a rule for such
a case. 8.11.96

in the note in the original
80. no 381 PSE & 13 June 1896.

In his present petition
appears to request that

he may be granted Rs 4000

towards defraying the marriage
expenses of his daughters.

He went to Hyderabad in

1891 to arrange for the marriage

of his daughters (vide para 9

of Mr Kongli's letter in 80. no

33-4 & 3rd April 1891.)

It is submitted

that, considering that the

Govt. has made ample

provision for his sons and

is prepared to provide them

with suitable appointments if

they qualify themselves by

passing examinations,

Muhammad Daud ought to have

been able to save something

towards the marriage expenses

of his daughters. The grant of

any pecuniary assistance will

require the sanction of the

Govt. of India and it is

very improbable that Govt.

will listen to any recommendation

in the future.

Rs 12000 in all. para 4.

IV

Moreover there is the drawback
that the recipient considers such
grants as a concession to what
he considers his rights and
a ground for further demands
in the future.

At 7. 11. 96

Lo.

The Honorable Mr
Arundel Jagg Arundel

23 OCT. 1896
GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

Sir,
I beg to enclose here in a
memorial to H. E. the Governor
and request you to be pleased
to oblige me by arranging for its
due delivery to the addressee.

Yours truly
Mohamed Daud Khan
Bahadur
of Kurnool

Don't print

Kurnool
22nd October 1896
CURRENT NO. 1409

LITERARY DEPARTMENT.

Muhammad Daud Khan

6 of 12-11-96

government regrets
unable to
Muhammad Daud
Kurnool.

(From orders)

At 12. 11. 96

Muhammad Daud Khan (P.)
thru' Collr, Kurnool

ceedings:—

No.

No.

, from Muhammad Daud Khan

"

"

No. 796 of 12-11-96

The government regrets
that it is unable to
comply with Muhammad Daud
Khan's request.

(From orders)

MS
10.11.96

MA
12.11.96

Muhammad Daud Khan (L.)
Thro' Collr, Kurnool

TESTIMONIALS.

NAWAB MAHOMED DAVOOD KHAN BAHADOOR, is the grandson of the late Nawab of Kurnool, and if the Principality were still in existence would be the reigning Nawab. I had the pleasure of knowing him intimately during the four years I was at Kurnool, and have kept up my acquaintance with him by correspondence and through his occasional visits to Madras. He is possessed of considerable intelligence and is of courteous and agreeable manners and has always borne a high character as a Loyal Subject of the Crown. He has a recognized position among the Khandan or family of the late Nawab as its leading member and representative.

(Signed) L. C. INNES.

MADRAS, 18th March 1881.

I have known this gentleman for some time, but not so long as Mr. Justice Innes knew him. I believe him to be all that gentleman described him as being—and hope all my friends will treat him with kindness and consideration.

(Signed) D. F. CARMICHAEL.

12th December 1883.

NAWAB MAHOMED DAVOOD KHAN BAHADUR was introduced to me by Mr. Justice Innes as a gentleman of distinguished birth and high character.

He has frequently visited me and enabled me from personal acquaintance with him to corroborate the opinion of my colleague.

(Signed) C. A. TURNER.

Political DEPARTMENT.

6
eedings:—

No.

No.

from Muhammad Daud Khan

"

"

No. 796 of 12-11-96

The government regrets that it is unable to comply with Muhammad Daud Khan's request.

(From orders)

ms
10.11.96

MA
12.11.96

Muhammad Daud Khan (P.)

Thro' Collr, Kurnool

Papers to be read in proceedings :—

Again G.O., dated

189 , No.

Again G.O., dated

189 , No.

Current No. 1409

of 1896, dated 22/10, from Muhammad Daud Khan

" "

" 189 , " , "

" "

" 189 , " , "

1896
Pol. Dept.
Enclos. No. 1
To
G.O. 1409

ORDER. No. 796 of 12-11-96
mis

The government regrets
that it is unable to
comply with Muhammad Daud
Khan's request.

(From orders)

mis
12.11.96

MA
12.11.96

Muhammad Daud Khan (L).

Thro' Collr, Kurnool

Given for copying — 12
Copied — 13/11
Examined — 16/11
Signed —
189 .

AGAIN G.O., No. DATED
189 ,

MENT No.

ENCLOSURES TO G. No

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT

A A A A A A A

LETTER OF GOVERNMENT.

STATEMENT WITH DITTO.

PAPERS NOT FILED UP, BEING MEANT FOR DESPATCH
IN ORIGINAL.

N.B.—
A = Copy in full.
B = Not to be copied.
P = Copy abstract only.
Q = Copy heading only.