

Political (1896) Department.

ORDINARY PRINTED.

G.O., No. 460-61

Dated 23rd July 1896

INDEXED.

[Despatch Abstract.]

LACCADIVE ISLANDS.

Informing the Accountant-General that the advances drawn from te time to time by the Collector of Malabar for carrying on the administration of the-----must be viewed as loans taken on behalf of Sultan Musa Ali Raja and that they should be classed as "advances to landlords and notabilities"; and submitting copy of the proceedings to the Government of India.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.
	1367.	745 h 26-10-96	1896				

Nos. 460, 461, POLITICAL, 23RD JULY 1896.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—again the following papers:—

G.O., No. 275, Political, dated 28th May 1890.

Read—the following paper:—

Resolution of the Board of Revenue (Land Revenue), No. 175, dated 22nd March 1890.

9. In paragraph 15, the Collector (Malabar) points out that three sets of accounts are at present maintained in connection with the administration of these islands (Laccadives), and that no two of them agree with each other. He explains the reason for the disagreement, and, to avoid it in future, suggests that either he may be allowed a small amount as working balance out of the profits of the year or that the whole of the profits should be paid in liquidation of the arrears of peishcush, and that he should be given a temporary loan from Government to be recouped as soon as the stock of coir has been sold out. The Collector prefers taking a loan to retaining a portion of the profits, and apparently would not charge any interest on these small temporary loans. The Board sees no objection to the loan, but thinks that it should be charged with interest at such rate not exceeding 6 per cent. as may be fixed upon by Government, and be repaid as soon as the coir is sold and the value realized. As to the demand, collection and balance accounts referred to, the island administration has nothing to do with them. The demand, collection and balance statement should, however, under the head "Interest" show from month to month the amount of interest outstanding against the islands as well as on account of the other heads of revenue in the district. This course should be followed in future.

(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) M. HAMMICK,
Secretary.

Order—No. 275, Political, dated 28th May 1890.

Recorded.

2. The Government has nothing to add to the remarks made by the Board of Revenue.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Board of Revenue.

Copy to Revenue Department.

G.O., No. 203, Political, dated 17th March 1896.

ABSTRACT.—Stating that the amount to the credit of the Laccadives should be held in deposit instead of being utilised towards liquidating the arrears due on account of the lands in Cannanore which are held by Sultan Musa Ali Raja in ordinary revenue terms.

READ—also the following papers :—

From F. C. HARRISON, Esq., Officiating Accountant-General, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Fort St. George, 9th April 1896, No. 1043.

In forwarding the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, No. 1280, dated 16th March 1896, I have the honour to state that, under the arrangement proposed in paragraph 9 of Board's Proceedings recorded and approved in G.O., No. 275, Political, dated 28th May 1890, the Collector of Malabar draws from the treasury such sums as he requires for carrying on the administration of the Laccadives till he can obtain funds by the sale of coir and returns the money into the treasury with interest at 6 per cent. per annum.

2. The total amount thus advanced during the last five years is given in the margin and is shown in the accounts as special advances, while the interest is credited to XII. Interest—Miscellaneous (Provincial).

Years.	RS.
1890-91	23,000
1891-92	17,500
1892-93	25,500
1893-94	15,000
1894-95	23,500

3. There cannot, I think, be a doubt that these transactions are of an unusual character. I therefore submit, with refer-

ence to article 116, Civil Account Code, that the sanction of the Government of India must be obtained to the present or any modified arrangement.

4. It seems to me that these loans are not of the character of those referred to in article 122, Civil Account Code. In this case the Local Government is acting as agent to the Imperial Government. That Government has to receive a tribute from these islands. It cannot realise this, and therefore takes over the administration, sells the produce of the islands, reimburses itself for out of pocket expenses, takes the tribute, and hands over the difference, if any. All this work is undertaken by the Local Government for the benefit of Imperial revenues. I think, therefore, the advance should be from Imperial funds and the interest wholly credited to Imperial.

ENCLOSURE.

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Land Revenue), Mis. No. 1280, dated 16th March 1896.

Read—the following papers :—

From F. C. HARRISON, Esq., Officiating Accountant-General, to the Collector of Malabar, dated Fort St. George, 16th October 1895, No. I.B.F.—424.

With reference to your letter, No. 138, dated the 4th October 1895, I have the honour to observe that proposal should be made to the Government through the Board so that formal orders may be passed regularizing these advances for the administration of the Laccadives. The matter will have to be threshed out in connection with articles 116, 119 (3), 122, 125 and 129 of the Civil Account Code. It seems probable that, with the sanction of the Government of India, a special arrangement will be necessary.

From J. HEWETSON, Esq., Acting Collector of Malabar, to the Secretary to the Commissioners of Land Revenue, dated Calicut, 24th February 1896, Dis. No. 12-Is.

I have the honour to submit the following case for the consideration and orders of the Board and Government.

2. Ever since the issue of the G.O., No. 275, Political, dated 28th May 1890, the special sanction of Government was not obtained for the temporary loans obtained from Government for meeting the working expenditure incidental to the administration of the Laccadive Islands. These loans are usually repaid from the sale-proceeds of the coir and other monopoly products of the islands.

3. The Accountant-General, in his letter No. I.B.F.—389, dated the 28th September last, inquired if there was any authority other than the Government Order above quoted for the loans, in question, as, in his opinion, the Government Order did not authorise the loans, and on his being informed that there was none, he has, in his letter, dated 16th October last, No. I.B.F.—424 (copy enclosed), requested me to move the Government to accord the necessary sanction.

4. The system of keeping the island accounts does not appear to have been clearly understood, the chief difficulty being in the calculation of interest. The Board, in its Proceedings, Mis. No. 7320, dated 10th August 1885, revised the accounts, and Government, in its order No. 620, Political, dated 3rd September 1885, approved of these accounts. The novel feature in this revision is the allowance of counter-interest or what is the same thing the adjustment of the annual surplus balance towards the arrears due from Ali Raja.

5. It might, and did, happen owing to the necessity of paying the islanders then and there for the coir and the difficulty for disposing of the coir promptly, that the accounts showed a large balance due from the Raja, while a considerable quantity of coir remained unsold. Interest was levied on this balance. Mr. Winterbotham considered this inequitable and to reconcile the several sets of accounts, he proposed a system which is detailed in paragraph 17 of his letter, No. 638, dated 28th February 1890, printed in G.O., No. 275, Political, dated 28th May 1890.

6. The Board, in its Proceedings, No. 175, dated 22nd March 1890, printed in Government Order above quoted, approved of the above proposals and the accounts submitted therewith and stated that "it sees no objection to the loans, but thinks that it should be charged with interest at such rate not exceeding 6 per cent. as may be fixed upon by Government and be paid as soon as coir is sold and the value realized." Upon this Government passed the order quoted in paragraph 2 of this letter and this Government Order is silent as to rate of interest to be charged.

7. It will thus be observed that though the Government has not specifically sanctioned the taking of the loans and the rate of interest, the Collector has interpreted the Government Order as authorising such loans and as laying down the rate of interest at 6 per cent., and also that for the several faslis the Board and Government have passed the accounts prepared on this basis. The Accountant-General, too, has hitherto passed them without question.

8. In his letter, No. I.B.F.—424, dated 16th October last, the Accountant-General wishes the matter to be threshed out with reference to articles 116, 119 (iii), 122, 125, and 129 of the Civil Account Code. It appears to me that the previous sanction of the Government of India is not necessary for loans of this nature and that the loans already taken seemed to be covered by clause 3 of article 119 of the Civil Account Code. I herein enclose, for the information of Board and Government, a list of all the loans raised since the issue of the Government Order with particulars of dates of borrowing and repayment and the interest paid, and request that Government may be moved to accord a general sanction for these temporary loans in future and to fix the rate at which interest should be levied.

List of loans raised since the issue of G.O., No. 275, Political, dated 28th May 1890, for meeting the working expenditure of the Island administration.

Date of loan.	Amount of loan.	Interest.	Total.	Date of repayment.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	
2nd July 1890 ..	1,000 0 0	6 12 5	1,006 12 5	12th August 1890.
19th December 1890 ..	1,000 0 0	27 12 9	1,027 12 9	5th June 1891.
8th January 1891 ..	9,000 0 0	221 6 10	9,221 6 10	Do.
19th February " ..	2,000 0 0	35 9 5	2,035 9 5	Do.
24th March " ..	10,000 0 0	121 5 11	10,121 5 11	Do.
14th April " ..	7,000 0 0	60 5 0	7,060 5 0	Do.
Total ..	30,000 0 0	473 4 4	30,473 4 4	
1st July 1891 ..	500 0 0	30 0 0	530 0 0	30th June 1892.
16th January 1892 ..	2,000 0 0	55 2 7	2,055 2 7	Do.
28th " ..	3,000 0 0	76 15 0	3,076 15 0	Do.
3rd March " ..	5,000 0 0	98 6 2	5,098 6 2	Do.
Total ..	10,500 0 0	260 7 9	10,760 7 9	
4th July 1892 ..	500 0 0	27 4 2	527 4 2	The interest was first calculated up to 10th June last, on which date Rs. 27,000 plus Rs. 618-3-2 (interest) was paid in liquidation. The balance of Rs. 5,000 plus Rs. 16-10-8, being the interest from 10th to 30th June, was paid on the latter date.
10th December 1892 ..	10,000 0 0	285 7 9	10,285 7 9	
4th March 1893 ..	5,000 0 0	72 9 3	5,072 9 3	
14th " ..	2,500 0 0	32 4 2	2,532 4 2	
17th " ..	2,500 0 0	31 0 10	2,531 0 10	
22nd " ..	5,000 0 0	58 1 0	5,058 1 0	
5th April " ..	5,000 0 0	46 10 8	5,046 10 8	
15th " ..	1,500 0 0	11 8 0	1,511 8 0	
Total ..	32,000 0 0	564 13 10	32,564 13 10	
5th July 1893 ..	500 0 0	7 14 5	507 14 5	This is interest up to the 25th June, on which date a sum of Rs. 9,700 was credited to the Imperial treasury. Deducting interest, Rs. 342-9-4, from Rs. 9,700, the principal paid off is Rs. 9,357-6-8. The balance of principal to be paid therefore is Rs. 5,642-9-4. For six days the interest on this sum amounts to Rs. 5-10-3. The total amount adjusted at the end of the fasli is therefore Rs. 5,648-3-7.
11th October 1893 ..	5,000 0 0	140 2 7	5,140 2 7	
13th March 1894 ..	3,000 0 0	81 4 9	3,081 4 9	
10th May " ..	6,500 0 0	113 3 7	6,613 3 7	
Total ..	15,000 0 3	342 9 4	15,342 9 4	
23rd July 1894 ..	500 0 0	22 14 8	522 14 8	The loans taken during the fasli amounts to Rs. 67,000. On the 17th April 1895 a sum of Rs. 10,000 with interest up to date, viz., Rs. 193-1-4, was credited into the Imperial treasury, leaving a balance of Rs. 7,000, out of which Rs. 4,000, with interest on Rs. 7,000, viz., Rs. 93-5-4, was credited on the 29th June 1895. This left a balance of loan of Rs. 3,000 for the next fasli.
20th December 1894 ..	5,000 0 0	90 13 4	5,090 13 4	
2nd February 1895 ..	1,000 0 0	11 0 0	1,011 0 0	
8th " ..	5,000 0 0	50 0 0	5,050 0 0	
19th March " ..	5,500 0 0	18 5 4	5,518 5 4	
Total ..	17,000 0 0	193 1 4	17,193 1 4	

Resolution—Mis. No. 1280, dated 16th March 1896.

Submitted to Government, with the Board's recommendation, that the present system of taking temporary loans from Government bearing interest at 6 per cent. in connection with the administration of the islands may be allowed to continue.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) R. C. C. CARR,
Acting Secretary.

To the Chief Secretary to Government, Political Department,
through the Accountant-General.

Copy to the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM No. 919, dated 30th April 1896.

The Accountant-General is requested to state to what head the *tribute* referred to in paragraph 4 of his letter and to what *detailed* head the *interest* on the special advances are credited. He is also requested to report whether there is any objection

to bring the transaction under class I of the Provincial Loan and Advance Account with effect from the current official year and to budget for the special advances in future under that account.

(Signed) J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Land Revenue), Mis. No. 2018, dated 1st May 1896.

Read—the following paper :—

G.O., No. 203, Political, dated 17th March 1896.

Resolution—Mis. No. 2018, dated 1st May 1896.

Communicated to the Collector of Malabar for information and guidance.

2. His attention is invited to the remarks of the Board at paragraph 3 of its Proceedings printed at page 3 of G.O., No. 54, Political, dated 30th January 1894, in which it is pointed out that the Laccadive Islands are held by Sultan Musa Ali Raja on an entirely different tenure from that on which he holds the Cannanore lands. As the Board then said, the latter are held by him as an ordinary British subject and are liable to an assessment payable to Government. This distinction should be explained to the Raja, as also the principle on which the peishchush due from him and the Amindivi compensation payable to him by the Government are apportioned between the lands and the islands at Cannanore. He should also be informed that it is proposed to maintain separate accounts in respect of each part of his estate.

3. The Board presumes that the annual payment of Rs. 11,383-0-0 to be claimed from the Raja in respect of the islands should be credited in future to "XI. Tributes from Native States," the balance payable on the main land being shown as heretofore under "I. Land Revenue." The orders of Government are solicited on the point.

4. The island account, as now revised by the Government, exhibits a surplus income of Rs. 18,203-15-4 to the Raja's credit at the end of fasli 1304. This figure, however, requires to be slightly altered. In the account of receipts and charges of the islands for fasli 1304 appended to paragraph 2 of Board's Proceedings, No. 48, dated 3rd February 1896, credit is taken for the whole of the Amindivi compensation of Rs. 5,250 instead of Rs. 3,984, which is the proportionate amount due to them. Rectifying this error, there is a deficit of Rs. 1,260 at the end of the year, which should be set off against the surplus shown above. The correct amount to the Raja's credit is thus Rs. 16,943-15-4, which should be held in deposit by the Collector.

5. The total peishchush due on the Cannanore lands at the end of fasli 1304, as revised in the Government Order, amounted to Rs. 79,928-14-4. This figure requires to be still further revised as shown below.

In the first place the portion * of the Amindivi compensation to be credited to the Cannanore account for fasli 1304 should be set off against the outstanding balance. Secondly, when the surplus income from the islands erroneously credited to the Cannanore account is retransferred to the islands account and the balance on the former is raised by an equal amount, interest will have to be charged retrospectively on the sum, by which the revised balance exceeds the original figure. The subjoined statement shows how the account printed at page 5 of G.O., No. 510, Political, dated 24th July 1894, should be revised :—

* Rs. 5,250—Rs. 3,984 or Rs. 1,266.

Gobt. of {1896} Madras.
POLITICAL.

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., &c., Nos. 460, 461,
23rd July 1896.

JULY.

Laccadive Islands.

Informing the Accountant-General that the advances drawn from time to time by the Collector of Malabar for carrying on the administration of the — must be viewed as loans taken on behalf of Sultan Musa Ali Raja and that they should be classed as "Advances to landlords and notabilities"; and submitting copy of the proceedings to the Government of India.

CURRENT NO. 496
~~Political~~ (189) DEPARTMENT.

From

THE ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL,

MADRAS,

To

THE *Chief Secy to Govt*
Political Dept

No. 1043

Dated

9 *april 96*

Received

10th
Regd 11th
Enc 4

No.

Supposing that the sanction
of the Govt of India should
be obtained to any
modified or present
system viz taking
temporary loans
from Govt at 60%
for the administration
of the Laccadives.

W. S. C.
80275 228-5-90 +
connected before of any. + paid

W. S. C.
16/4/96

28
difference if any. All this work is under-
taken by the Local Government for the
benefit of Imperial revenues. I think
therefore the advance should be from
Imperial funds and the interest wholly
credited to Imperial.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedt. servant,
W. Michael
for Offg. Accountant General.

W.M.

[G]
69
1000-15-8-05.



Financial DEPARTMENT.
88
Memorandum. No 919
730.4.96.
C. No. 496
21/5/96

Read the following

With reference to this
letter No. 1000 dated 1st April
1896, the Accountant General
is requested to state to what
head the tribute referred to
in para. 4, and to what ^{other letter} ~~stated~~
head the interest on the special
advances, are credited. He is
also requested to ^{report} ~~state~~ whether
there is any objection to bring
the transaction under Class I
of the Provincial Loan & Advances
account with effect from the
current official year and to
budget for the special advances
in future under that account.

Note

I have ascertained from
the Sd. office that the
so-called tribute is the
principal credited to Land
Revenue. The interest on the
advances is shown under III
Interest - Interest on advances
to cultivators - Interest on other
advances. This settles the case
to some extent. It is submitted
that we should hear further
from the Sd. before orders are
passed.

To the Acct. Genl. dated
6/5/96
22/4/96

C.S.
21/5/96

20/4/96

W.S.
21/5

Advances for
Administration of the
Land Revenue

Office

H-6

Please issue from Madras +
return papers

12/1
30/4/96

CURRENT NO. 618

1896. Poll

Board of Revenue

(Land Revenue),

MADRAS.

For
To put in type & please
send two 86 203 11/5
173-96
54
30-1-94
510

The Chief Secretary

to Government

Political Depart-

ment.

SECRETARY
-8 MAY 1896
GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

Proceedings, dated 1st May 1896,
No. 2018, Mis. Routine Enclosures.

Recd 8/5
Rpt 5/5 Subject.

Communicating to the
Collector of Malabar G.O. with remarks
stating that the amount
to the credit of the Laccadives
should be held in de-
posit and not be utilised
towards liquidating the ar-
rears due on account of the
lands in Cannanore which are
held by Sultan Musa Ali Raja
in ordinary revenue tenure,
making certain alterations in
the surplus to the credit of the
Laccadives and the balance
outstanding against the Can-
nanore lands & soliciting the
orders of Govt. as to whether the
revenue due on the islands
should be credited to Tribute
from Native States.

11
CURRENT NO. 787
Financial (1896) DEPARTMENT. *Pill*

From

THE ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL,

MADRAS,

To

THE Chief Secy to Govt
Financial Dept

No. 1733

Dated

8

Received

10

Regd

10

Recd

10 June 96
CHIEF SECRETARY
10 JUN. 1896
GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

Subject.

stating that the advances
made for meeting the
working expenditure
incidental to the admini-
stration of the Laccative
Islands cannot be
~~over~~ classified with
advances to Cultivators
or landowners and a *subsidy*

Per. 4,000-18-5-95.

13/6

C. 11/7

1. H.E. the Governor
2. Hon. Mr Bliss, C.S.

Political Department.

C.Nos. 496, 618 & 787.

FOR ORDERS

In the above currents the following two points call for orders:-

(1) The heads to which the peshkash and tribute paid by Sultan Musa Ali Raja of Cannanore should be credited.

(2) The heads under which the advances required by the Collector of Malabar for carrying on the administration of the Laccadives are to be shown and whether these advances require the sanction of the Government of India.

2 As regards (1), reference is solicited to paras. 2 to 4 of the Government's letter No. 778, Political, dated 9th November 1894 which summarizes the present arrangement under which the peshkash payable by the Ali Raja which was fixed

in 1796 at Rs. 15,000 per annum is apportioned in the proportion of Rs. 11,383 to the Laccadive islands and Rs. 3,617 for the mainland, ~~the~~ peshkash on the islands being considered as tribute whilst that on the mainland is treated as ordinary land revenue - vide also G.O. No. 54, Pol. dated ~~330~~ 30th January 1894 and para 6 of the precis of 1889, which embodies the instructions of the Court of Directors. The Board's presumption in para 3 of

*
Page 4 of the printed
currents.

C.No.618 - that the annual payment of Rs.11383 to be claimed from the Raja in respect of the islands should be credited to "XI Tributes from Native States" the peshkash payable on the mainland being shown under "I Land Revenue" appears to be correct.

3 As to the advance taken by the Collector for the administration of the islands the Accountant General argues in his first letter that these loans are not of the character of those referred to in article 122, Civil Account Code;

*
C.No.496 (page 1 of the printed currents.)

But in every financial matter the Local Govt. is merely the Agent of the Govt. of India. It has no fund of its own but such as the Govt. of India chooses to assign to it for admin.

MS

that in this case the Local Government is acting as agent to the Imperial Government; that the Government of India has to receive a tribute from these islands which being unrealizable it has taken over the administration, sells the produce of the island, reimburses itself for out-of-pocket expenses, takes the tribute and hands over the difference, if any; that all this work is undertaken by the Local Government for the benefit of Imperial revenue, and that therefore the advance should be from Imperial funds and the interest should be wholly credited to Imperial. Against this opinion of the Accountant General's it may be concluded that if the Local Government undertakes a work for the benefit of Imperial revenues it should be remunerated therefor, and that this is a reason for the loan being made, and the interest credited to From Provincial funds.

4 Again in his second letter the Accountant General maintains that as the

*
C.No.787 (Page 5 of the printed currents.)

I think this is the right view of the case. The transaction may be regarded as

a Provincial.

14.7.96

MS
17/7/96

** I submit that this should be done in view of the fact that the islands are over handed over this may form a subject for dispute or at any rate discussion and Govt. may then be asked why if there was doubt a reference was not made and definite order obtained*

Collector states that these advances are made for "meeting the working expenditure incidental to the administration of the Laccadive islands" they cannot from their peculiar character be classed as "Advances to cultivators or to landlords and notabilities". The grounds for this conclusion are not clear. If the Raja administered his own property and took the loans they would obviously be classed as "loans to landholders and notabilities". In the present case the Government is merely acting as the agent to the Raja and the loans are taken as it were on his behalf. It seems reasonable therefore to conclude that they should be similarly classed. This may it is submitted be pointed out to the Accountant General and copy of the proceedings forwarded to the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department, or the Government of India may be separately addressed on the point.

5 As regards the interest the head to which it should be credited will depend on the decision as to the classification of the advance.

CS.
9.7.96

MS
11/7/96

(FOR ORDERS)

H.E. the Governor

Hon. Mr. Bliss, C. 24

No 460-61

Pl 23-7-96

[G.]
24.
1,000-15-11-95.

Political DEPARTMENT

Papers to be read in proceedings:—

Again G.O., dated 17 — 3 — 1896, No. 203 - 4F
 Again G.O., dated 28. 5. 1890, No. 275 (Bds. Proc. para 9, A. GO. A)
 Current No. 496 of 1896, dated 9/4, from A.G.
 " " 618 " 1896, " 1/5 " Bd. of Rev.
 " " 787 " 1896, " 8/6 " A.G.

ORDER. No 460 of 23rd July 1896.

With reference to the letter
 from the Act. Genl read above
 it will be pointed out to that
 effect that

the advances drawn from
 time to time by the Govt.
 of Malabar for carrying
 on the administration of
 the islands must be
 viewed as

~~The Accountant General will~~
~~be informed that this Govt is~~
 merely acting as Agent to Sultan
 Musatti Raja in ^{the matter of the} ~~carrying on the~~
~~management~~
~~administration~~ of the Laccadive

Islands and that, ^{the Raja's} the loans
 taken on his behalf - It is the
 Governor in Council therefore
 considers that the loans should
 be classed as "advances to
 landlords and notabilities"

2. A copy of these proceedings
 will be ^{submitted} forwarded to the Govt.
 of India, Fin & Com. Dept.
 for confirmation.

3. The Board's presumption in
 para 3 of its proceedings No. 2018
 dated 1st May 1896 - viz that
 the annual payment of Rs.
 11383 to be claimed from Sultan
 Musatti

Musa Ali Raja in respect of the islands should be credited in future to "X1 - Tributes from Native States", the balance payable on the mainland being shown as heretofore under "Land Revenue" - is correct.

(From orders)

CS
20.7.96
23/7/96

Board of Rev, LR 21
Rev Supt. 7
Acctt Smt 4
Int. Dept 1
3rd Div
Dated 12/8/96
Copy to the Govt of India
Finance & Commerce Dept

CS
20.7.96

Laccadive

FROM ORDERS.

C. S.
PS

H. L.
Please return clean copies for signature + issue here. The S. A. wants to see the printed copies before despatch. Tell the Press, please, not to strike spare copies till you hear from me.

PSA
23/7/96

Proof shown to S. A.

PSA
23/7/96

First copy sent to Press.

Returned for signature.

Despatched in print.

REPLY AGAIN G.O., No.
129

DATED

CURRENT NO.

ENCLOSURES TO C. No.

ORDER OF GOVERNMENT

LETTER OF GOVERNMENT

STATEMENT WITH DATES

PAPERS NOT FILLED UP, BEING MEANT FOR DESPATCH IN ORIGINAL

N.B. -

- A = Print in full.
- B = Not to be printed.
- P = Print abstract only.
- Q = Print heading only.

NUMBER OF COPIES REQUIRED. { Order complete.
Letter only.
Order complete with Letter.