

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Political DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 162

Press

~~Mis~~

Dated 25-4-1918

Not to be folded or roughly handled

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Political Department,
25th April 1862.*

No. 42. Proceedings of Government, dated 25th April 1862, No. 162.

Resolved that the Hindoo Law Officers of the Court of Sudr Adawlut be called on for their opinion on the following question :

1. On the death of a Hindoo of the Sudra caste without a male heir by birth or adoption, but leaving several widows and an unmarried daughter ; who is by Hindoo Law his heir ? If his widows, does the senior widow—the widow first married to him—inherit the real and personal property solely, or do all the widows share, and if so, in what proportions ? If the senior widow or all the widows take, on what conditions as to the support of other members of the family, &c., do they take, and under what limitations as to power to encumber or sell or otherwise alienate the property ?

2. Is the Hindoo Law in this respect the same for Marattahs, as for other Hindoos—or are there any usages prevalent among the Marattah races which modify the Law of inheritance in the case above stated, as it obtains among other Hindoos ?

(Signed) T. PYCROFT,
Chief Secretary.

Exd. F. Cartledge.

PROCEEDINGS of the MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Dated 25th April 1862. N^o 162

Resolved that the Hindoo Law Officers of the Court of Sudder Adawlut be called on for their opinion on the following question-

1. On the death of a Hindoo of the Sudra Caste without a male heir by birth or adoption, but leaving several widows and an unmarried daughter, who is by Hindoo law his heir? If his widows, does the Senior widow- the widow first married to him- inherit the real and personal property solely, or do all the widows share, and if so, in what proportions? If the Senior widow or all the widows take, on what conditions as to the support of other members of the family?

How do they take -
under what limitation
to power to encumber
sell or otherwise alienate
the property?

2. Is the Hindu law in
this respect the same
Marattahs, as for other
Hindus - or are there
usages prevalent among
the Marattah races which
modify the law of inheritance
in the case above stated
as it obtains among
Hindus? -

To the Judges of the Court of Sudder Adalat. Despatch 25th

16.9.13

4.3.16

Col. L. to Eng. 26th Sept

2^d 14 of 1862

13-9-24

57124

1-9-25

Political 1862. Department

No. 102

PROCEEDINGS of the MADRAS
GOVERNMENT.

Dated 25 April 1862

Calling upon the
Hindoo Law Officers of
the Court of Sudder Adalat
- but for their opinions
relating to the laws of
inheritance amongst
the Hindus and the Marattah
caste.

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