

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Political DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No.

487

Press

~~Mis.~~

Dated

5. 11. 1918

Not to be folded or roughly handled

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*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Political Department,
5th November 1861.*

Read the following papers:—

No. 5. From GOOLAM NABEE ALLI styled NASEER JUNG, a Carnatic Stipendiary; to J. D. SIM, Esq., Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated 23rd October 1861.

With reference to the Extract from the Minutes of Consultation dated 28th September 1852, Political Department, No. 354, I beg most respectfully to forward a petition to the address of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, setting forth therein a claim based upon the Order of Government dated 24th December 1859, No. 750, for the arrears of my pay accumulated from 27th November 1850, to 24th July 1852, the period I had overstayed my leave, and trust that you will submit for the best consideration of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

To the Right Honorable Sir W. DENISON, K.C.B., Governor in Council, Fort Saint George.

The humble Petition of GOOLAM NABEE ALLI styled NASEER JUNG BAHADUR, a Carnatic Stipendiary and a Shady great grandson of the Nabob WALLAJAH.

HUMBLY SHEWETH,

Order of Government, 15th May 1847.

That Petitioner having under the Orders of Government obtained leave of absence to proceed to Holy Cities, left this place on the

27th November 1849, owing to some inconveniences which caused the delay.

2. Petitioner proceeded to Bagdad in Turkish Arabia, with an intention, that after performing the necessary ceremonies to the Tombs there to travel to Mecca, and from there to return to Madras, before the expiration of the leave.

3. While Petitioner was prepared to quit Bagdad, he was prevented from leaving the place by forcible means employed by Mothahin Ally Khan Hissa Mool Moolk, a Stipendiary of Rupees 50,000 a year, and the grand-father of Petitioner's wife. Petitioner in consequence, had on the 3rd February 1849, addressed three petitions from Kurbola at Bagdad, one to His Highness the Nabob, one to Government, and one to Government Agent; soliciting that the Government may write to the British Resident in Turkish Arabia, for Petitioner's unmolested return to Madras.

4. The Chepauk Agent in submitting the above petition to Government in his letter to Government, requested the Government to ascertain the authenticity of Petitioner's statement in the petition, and to take measures to prevent any interference with Petitioner's freedom.

From Government Agent to Government, 5th October 1849.

5. The Government in accordance wrote a letter to the Political Agent in Turkish Arabia on the subject, and that functionary whereupon summoned Petitioner and the said Mootabur Ally Khan to his presence, and at the investigation before him Mootabur Ally Khan, admitted the fact of his having detained Petitioner and although the cause of his having so done was on account of his unwillingness to be separated from his grand-daughter (the Petitioner's wife) yet he having concealed the true case, stated before the Political Agent, that Petitioner was indebted to him, and until the debt be liquidated he has sought his detention.

6. It was true, that owing to the deceit of Petitioner's Vakeel here at that time, in not having remitted to Petitioner at Bagdad his stipend monthly, Petitioner was obliged to acquire

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some pecuniary means from the said Motabur Ally Khan, but this circumstance did not in any way constitute for him any right to detain Petitioner there. If Petitioner had been allowed to come down, he would no doubt have tried to liquidate his debt by monthly remittances.

7. However according to the desire of the Political Agent, Petitioner has granted documents promising to pay the said Motabur Ally Khan, half of his stipend monthly towards his debt.

8. The Political Agent submitted these matters to this Government in March or April 1850 and requested for instruction being given to Government Agent at Chepauk to adopt measures for the fulfilment of Petitioner's promise of paying the debt. Pending the result of this communication, both the Political Agent and Motabur Ally Khan detained Petitioner there.

9. The Government whereupon having referred the matters to the Chepauk Agent, and on the receipt of his report wrote to the Political Agent at Bagdad on the 7th February 1851, stating that they have resolved carefully to abstain from any interference with the debts of the Carnatic stipendiaries, and requesting to inform the Petitioner that under the existing rules, Petitioner's pension has been stopped from the expiration of his leave, viz., from 15th May 1850.

10. On the receipt of this answer Petitioner was either in June or July 1851, allowed to quit Bagdad, but owing to pecuniary embarrassments, ill-health, and no steps being then available, Petitioner reached Madras on the 25th July 1852 one year after, which circumstances were often communicated by your Petitioner and his Vakeel, and by the Vakeel at Mecca of His Highness the late Nabob of the Carnatic, to the Dewan of the Carnatic.

11. Independent of the above reasons for entitling Petitioner to be excused on account of his overstaying his leave, there is another also worth being stated. His application for extension of leave were often brought to the notice of Government through the Political Agent in Turkish Arabia and through His Highness the Nabob of the Carnatic and rejected under the orders of Government although the dependant of Petitioner's grand-father late Muzdood Dowlah were favored with this indulgence by Extract from Minutes of Consultation 22nd January * 1850 and 19th † March 1851, and many of those who were allowed the extension of leave by the latter order were such as have left Madras with the Petitioner on the 27th November 1847.

12. It is sorry to say that the Government Agent in reporting to Government in his letter of 14th September 1852 the arrival of the Petitioner here, did not recommend for the payment of the arrears accumulated for the period of his overstaying his leave, notwithstanding as above stated there existed more satisfactory and tangible reasons for Petitioner being excused for his overstay.

13. Petitioner takes this opportunity to state that under the very grounds which the Chepauk Agent has urged in the above report of 14th September 1852 for the renewal of his pension, viz., in consideration of Petitioner being the Shady grand-son of the late Muzdood Dowlah being young, his absence from the Presidency at the time, the long leave rules were introduced and his ignorance of the same consequently until the receipt of the Government letter dated 7th February 1851, to the Political Agent in Turkish Arabia, the propriety of paying to Petitioner the arrears, would be obvious. But the Government without giving attention to this, acceded only to the recommendation of the Agent in Extract Minutes Consultation to continue to Petitioner only the pension.

14. After the arrival of Petitioner here, Goolam Ally Abdool Auzim the Nicca son of your Petitioner's grand-father the late Muzdood Dowlah Bahadoor who overstayed his leave by 7 years

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came back in 1858. While so, his pension was not only continued to him, but the arrears for 7 years were also granted to him by Extract Minutes of Consultation, notwithstanding his inability to show such a good cause for his overstaying his leave as your Petitioner, and notwithstanding, the Chepauk Agent having recommended for not giving him arrears.

15. Another instance your Petitioner is happy to state here. Goolam Hyder styled Hyder Ally Khan, another Nicca son of your Petitioner's grand-father overstayed his leave by 2 years, and after his arrival at Madras in 1854, his pension was only continued to him and his claim for arrears was often rejected by the Agent and the Government. He afterwards submitted an appeal to the Secretary of State for India, and the Government in their Order sanctioned the payment of his arrears without forwarding his appeal to England.

16. The Government in sanctioning the above arrears in the said order, depose.—“That it appears to Government on re-consideration that if the Stipendiary does come back, it is not necessary to scrutinize the cause of his absence, but that on his return, his arrears may in all cases be disbursed to him provided that his identity is established to the entire satisfaction of the Chepauk Agent.”

17. Although the recent Order of Government, 24th December 1859, which disallows scrutinizing the cause of overstaying of the leave, is sufficient to comply with Petitioner's request, yet as your Petitioner has legitimate grounds to urge for his being excused, he has done so for the satisfaction of Government.

18. Petitioner lastly solicits, that the Honorable the Governor in Council, taking his humble case into consideration, will be graciously pleased to order for the arrears of his pay accumulated from 27th November 1850, to 24th July 1852, being about 20 months, (the period he had overstayed his leave) being disbursed to Petitioner, for which act of benevolence your Petitioner shall as in duty bound, ever pray.

23rd October 1861.

(Signed) GOOLAM NABEE ALLI, styled
NASEER JUNG BAHADOOR,
A Carnatic Stipendiary.

No. 6.

ORDER THEREON, 5th November 1861, No. 487.

Referred to the Government Agent at Chepauk for report, with reference to the Order of Government dated 24th December 1859, No. 750.

(Signed) J. D. SIM,
Secretary to Government.

Exd, F. Cartledge.

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Political Department.

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PROCEEDINGS of the MADRAS GOVERNMENT

Read the following letter from
Naseer Jung Bahadur.

(Dated) 23 October 1861)

Order thereon 5th November 1861 No 1187

Referred to the Lt. Agent
at Chepauk for report, with
reference to the Order of Lt.
dated 24 December 1859 No 750.

JDS

To Lt. Agent at
Chepauk } dis 26th

W. H.

No. 6 July 58 - 1-2
24 Dec 89 - 11-12
List of 1861

Political 1861 Departs
Position of Kaseer Lung
Bahadur for pay & expenses
of his stipend.

No. 487

Proceedings of Govt.

Dated 5th Novr 1861.

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