M.R.O. 1—38,000—16-10-29.

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Political DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 780 Press ~~Mis.~~

Dated 24. 12. ~~11~~ 1859

Not to be folded or roughly handled

Read again Memorial from GHOLAM HYDER *alias* HYDER ALLY KHAN, dated 18th ultimo.

No. 11. Read the following letter from Major P. T. SNOW, Assistant Government Agent at Chepauk; to T. PYCROFT, Esq., Chief Secretary to Government, Fort Saint George, dated 5th December 1859, No. 1718.

With reference to an Order of Government, dated 28th November 1859, on a petition dated 18th ultimo, from Gholam Hyder *alias* Hyder Ally Khan, I have the honor to return the accompanying petition with its enclosures and to report to His Excellency the Governor in Council, that the Memorialist is a natural son of the late Mujeed-ood-Dowlah, the grand son of the Newaub Wallajah, and No. 207 of Carnatic Stipendiaries, in receipt of a monthly stipend of 35 Rupees.

2. By Government Order of 30th November 1846, he was granted 3 years' leave to proceed to Mecca, and on the 22nd January 1850, he obtained 2 years extension of leave, which extension terminated on the 30th November 1852, and from this date, he being absent without leave, his stipend ceased in pursuance to paragraph 6, leave rules, for Carnatic Stipendiaries, sanctioned by Extract Minutes of Consultation, No. 370, dated 16th August 1850, and continued so, until he returned to Madras on the 21st April 1854, after a prolonged absence of 7½ years or 16 months in excess of the leave granted to him.

3. The case of this individual was reported to Government in a letter from this Office, No. 12, dated 31st January 1857, and Government in Extract Minutes of Consultation, No. 127, dated 12th February 1857, disallowed his claim.

4. The claimant's final leave expired on the 30th November 1852, and the date of 1st certificate signed at Allahabad is the 9th of March 1854, or 15 months after the leave was over, from which circumstance it is evident that his absence was premeditated. Irrespective of the very unsatisfactory reasons adduced by the claimant for visiting the upper provinces, which if true, amounts to a virtual abandonment of his pension for the uncertain gains of vagrancy, and on the other hand lays the claimant open to suspicion, I would merely remark that in consequence of the numbers of stipendiaries who were continually applying for leave to Mecca, Government for Political reasons, and for the purpose of limiting the number of such absentees, in Extract Minutes of Consultation, No. 370, dated 16th August 1850, issued Rules on the subject, limiting the period of absence in all cases to 3 years at the utmost.

5. With reference to these Rules, and the expediency of enforcing compliance therewith, and taking into consideration the unsatisfactory reasons given for the prolonged absence of the claimant, I cannot recommend the Government to take any further notice of the case.

No. 12. ORDER THEREON, 24th December 1859, No. 750.

The Governor in Council is pleased, upon a review of all the circumstances of the case, to authorize the payment to Gulám Haidar *alias* Haidar Ali Khan of the arrears of his stipend for the period he overstayed his leave of absence from Madras, *viz.*, 30th November 1852 to 30th April 1854.

2. The Government observe that by the Rules sanctioned on the 16th August 1850, the pensions of Stipendiaries overstaying their leave are to cease from the date of its expiration till their return; and that by the Orders of 28th May 1850, No. 240, paragraph 3, if the return be unnecessarily protracted without satisfactory cause being shown, the absentees forfeit the amount of Stipend held in deposit. Payment of the Stipend should certainly be suspended on the expiration of the leave granted. It appears, however, to Government, on reconsideration, that if the Stipendiary does come back, it is not necessary to scrutinize the cause of his absence, but that on his return, his arrears may in all cases be disbursed to him, provided that his identity is established to the entire satisfaction of the Chepauk Agent.

3. Payment of these arrears will hereafter be passed by the Civil Auditor on the certificate of the Agent, and no reference need be made to Government.

(Signed) T. PYCROFT,
Chief Secretary.

Exd. F. Cartledge.

To

The Right Honorable Sir Charles Wood Bt.

Secretary of State for India

R 23-11-57 L.R.

The humble Petition of Golam Hy
alias Hyder Allee Khan, son of the
late Ayzdeen Cawlah the Shady
Grandson of His Highness the Nabob
Walajah and Connected Stipendia
now drawing his Stipend at Vell
through the Brigade Commande
that Station-

Sheweth-

1 That your Petitioner most respectfully begs to submit his humble appeal against the decision of the Madras Government passed in Minute of Consultation 1127. dated 12th February 1857 from their reliance upon the mistaken report of the Government Agent, entertaining a sanguine hope that your Lordship in letting the Circumstance of his case into your Lordships benign Consideration by a full examination of the papers Connected therewith, render him justice-

2 That your Petitioner has heard that the Government Agent in Reporting upon the Petition submitted by your Petitioner to the Government of Madras through the Commanding Officer at Vellore on the 16th December 1856 related certain facts alleging to have been contained in the said Petition and in regard to which

It does be remarkable that the account had entirely disappeared under his apprehension. Consequently the copy of the Petition with its appendencies are herewith submitted for your Lordships perusal.

3. Your Petitioner has to observe that he did not grounded his claim as stated by the Agent on the plea that while absent without leave he was on the Lands for which leave was granted in 1826, but the ground upon which the Petitioner set forth his claim was that he reached India from his pilgrimage in 1831. One year prior to the expiration of the leave which was then on the 29th November 1832 and not one day prior as stated by the agent; there having been ample time before him, he had formed a design of visiting some of the principal Cities in India during the unoccupied portion of his leave and proceed to Madras at the end of that period. Unfortunately Your Petitioner was overtaken by indisposition and he was in consequence detained there beyond the customary period of leave and in substantiation of this fact he had obtained 3 Certificates marked B.C.D. from the Deputy Magistrate, Superintendent of Prisons and the Commissioner at Allahabad which corroborate that the cause of the detention of Your Petitioner is attributable to illness. This is all what had been stated and contained in the 2nd Petition in the Petition and the Persian Petition to the address of the late Lord which is now under the Control of the Agent and the translation of which was appended with Mark A to the enclosed Petition. It is much to be regretted that the Local authority had not bestowed due attention.

4 It would be manifest from these Circumstances that the act of the Petitioner in having overstayed the Leave was not in any way intentional but unavoidable having had one year before him after the close of his pilgrimage, he wished to avail that opportunity by visiting some of the principal places in India but sickness overtook him and occasioned his detention at Allahabad for beyond his Leave; hence it is nothing but Reasonable that Your Petitioner should be exempted from the forfeiture of the Allowance and the Stipend for the overstayed period, be granted to him.

5 Also the case of Your Petitioner's brother Gulam Valleyoolah annexed, cited by Your Petitioner in his enclosed Petition, as one parallel to his for forming one of the grounds of his claim, is not-

much the same as your Petitioner- Yet your Petitioner has fortunately the advantage in quoting the Case of his other brother Goolam Ally Abdool Aujeem who returned to Madras from Arabia after 15 years and obtained the Arrears for one half of that period which was passed away without leave by Extract Minutes of Consultation dated 3d July 58

6. A fit opportunity to observe that the said Goolam Ally Abdool Aujeem had submitted a Mahazer signed by some of the Noblemen at Bagdad, shewing the Cause of his detention for such a long period and that the Political Agent has Certified on it only as to the character of those Individuals who attested the document and not the fact mentioned in the Mahazer. It is surprising that the document of this description should be approved of by Government and the Cause of his detention while not being so much admissible as that of your Petitioner be passed of. Your Petitioner who holds testimonials from three European Officials at all dated as to the Cause of his detention should be so hardly treated and the Cause this over stay only for 16 months and stated in the above document and more particularly in one of them, marked D., should not be admitted.

7 Under the Circumstances above set forth your Petitioner earnestly requests your Lordship would be highly pleased to take his Case into your deliberate Consideration and recommend for the payment of the Arrears accumulated during your Petitioners over stay of his Leave

8 For which act of kindness your Petitioner shall as in duty bound Ever Pray.

18 November 1859

No 1

To

The Right Honorable George Lord Harris

Governor in Council

Fort St George

The humble Petition of Goolam
Hyder Alli alias Hider Ally
Khan son of the late Muzdoor
Dowla and as Comatic Stipend
now drawing his stipend at
Vellore through the Brigadier
Commanding that station.

Most Humbly Sheweth.

That your Petitioner after his travels had arrived at Madras in the 21st April 1854, and in Sept of the same year had presented a Petition to the Curator of the Nizamut the late Nabob of the Carnatic stating the circumstances under which he was detained & later on his travelling from the period of the leave granted to him and requesting to forward the same to the Government with recommendation for the payment of the arrears of his stipend accumulated during his unauthorized leave. The English translation of which is hereunto appended with mark A. To confirm the truth of your Petitioner's inability to return to this country at the expiration of the leave owing to his indisposition & other causes, your Petitioner had enclosed 2 certificates hereunto appended with mark B & C, granted by the Deputy Surgeon of Allahabad & the Supt of Dinapore Depot respectively, and as Persian letter from Robert Luther Esqr the Commissioner (as per annexed with the translation marked D).

Agreeably to your Petitioners wish the
Curator

Senior Commissioner. The Petition to Government
of even date for the purpose of being submitted
to the Right Honorable the Governor for his
favourable consideration, that the Government
Agent declined doing so and wrote a letter
to His Highness the late Nabob stating his
reasons for not complying with the Petitioners
request, the English translation of which is
herewith appended marked B.

In regard to the reasons assigned by the
Government Agent for not recommending
the case of your Petitioner, your Petitioner
begs to represent some following observations

1st Firstly The favour was shown by the
Government in granting leave to your Petitioner
twice, but this could not be cited as a
particular case, while in those days such
indulgence was frequently even more
than twice by certain Carnatic stipendiaries
under this benign Government.

2nd Whilst it is in the consideration of the
Government Agent that your Petitioner travelled
through the cities of India was a vain
wandering yet in reality your Petitioner was
induced to undertake this journey with
the express purpose of getting his condition
by obtaining means for the support of his
large family harassed by poverty and all
its concomitant evils owing to the inadequacy
of your Petitioners present allowance of 35 Rupees.

3rd It would have been highly improper in the
part of your Petitioner were he to commence
his travel, thro the said cities after the expiration
of his leave granted by the Government for
the

the second time, but your poor petitioner having
finished his pilgrimage to Arabia appeared before
the expiration of his leave, which was to have
ended on the 29th November 1852, reached the
British Dominions by an arrival at Bombay. He
had there entertained a thought of visiting some
of the cities in India during the period of the
unexpired portion of his leave and returning
to Madras at the close of that period. Your
Petitioner was unfortunately detained there by
sickness and consequently not only his further
design were put an end to, he was forced to
resign. The rules of Government prescribed for
granting leave. For the confirmation of the
statement, your Petitioner has a statement
and for further particulars, your Petitioner
begs your Lordships kind perusal of the
appendices marked A. B. C. D. which
would clearly prove that no blame whatever
could be attached to your Petitioner for his
having overstayed his leave.

4th Your Lordships Petitioner begs leave
to state that he was not absent from Madras
for 2½ years but only 16 months and 21
days without leave on account of sickness
excluding 5 years the period of his leave
which terminated on the 29th November 52
and he arrived at Madras on the 21st April
1854. Your Petitioner having thus stated all
the circumstances thus connected with his
case, begs to refer your Lordship to the
following instances quite similar to that
of your Petitioner in which the Government
allowed

extended to their Lieutenancies generally.

Although your Petitioner has that Gholam Ullee Gholla Khan & Abdool Vallee Khan had arrived at Madras from his travels on the 19th June/56 and overstayed his leave by 22 months & 11 days, & the Government with their wonted generosity granted leave & allowances ordered in the M/c 31/4 June/56, not only for the continuance of his stipend but for the payment of the arrears of stipend accumulated during his unauthorized leave.

Under these circumstances your Lordships Petitioner entertains a strong hope that your Lordship would graciously please to take the circumstances of his case into your Lordships favourable consideration and issue orders for the payment of his arrears, which for the Government would be a trifling amount but to your Poor Petitioner in his present distressed conditions, would be a great relief by enabling him to discharge the debts contracted in distant countries.

16 December 1856

Translation of Lt. Col. Sykes Highness the Nabob of the Carnatic

To

With due respect and submission your Petitioner begs to state that he had finished travels in Arabia a year before the expiration of his leave which was to have ended on the 29th November 1852 and reached the British Kingdom by an arrival at Bombay whence he travelled over to Cawnpoor and other cities of India with an intention of finishing this journey within unexpired portion his leave and reaching Madras at the close of it. He was unfortunately taken ill at Cawnpoor whence he proceeded to Lucknow to undergo the medical treatment there. After his recovery he set back to Cawnpoor with an intention of proceeding to Madras. He was taken ill again there, proceeded to Allahabad to establish his health.

In short in these districts he felt the sickness in so severe a degree that he neither had the strength to travel any further nor to return to Madras.

Besides he was merely to be prevented from setting out from those places by the pressing demand of his creditors for the payment of the debts contracted by him during for undergoing expences of his sickness and family maintenances in consequence of the stoppage of his pension. He having satisfied his creditors by requesting some of his friends to stand securities to his debts and having recovered his health started out from the places in March 185[illegible] and reached Madras on the 21st April of the same year.

Your

Your Petitioner is enclosing herein 2 English certificates dated 9th March 1854 obtainable by him on quitting Allahabad from the D.C. Aruby (Deputy Magte of the said city and from the S.G. Asst Supt of the Emission Press dated 9th March 1854 certifying that his ill health was the cause of his delay in coming down to Madras, and a letter from Mr. Ruther Coud. of the Allahabad Division dated 10th March 1854 stating the full particulars regarding his sickness, entertains a firm hope that your Highness will be most graciously pleased to recommend your Petitioners case to Government for the payment of the arrears of his stipend accumulated from the 30th November 1852 up to the 20th April 1854 thereby enabling your Petitioner, who is quite innocent and deserves to be excused in account of his late indisposition, to be liberated from the hearing bondage of his debts above alluded to.

Your Petitioner would thank your Highness and the Government.

What more could your Petitioner respectfully than this

B

Dated 9th March 1854

Certified that Golam Hyder Ali Khan has been introduced to me this day by Nawab Mozuffer Hossain Khan, and has requested of me this life certificate. It appears that he has been detained in these parts by my indisposition.

Allahabad N.W.P.
March 9th 1854

(Signed) D.C. Aruby
Dy. Magte

C

2
Dated 9th March 1854

Goolam Hyder Ali Khan was introduced to me by Nawab Mozuffer Hossain Khan, and at the request of the latter I have much pleasure in stating this fact and also that his appearance confirms the statement made by him that he has been detained by ill-health from returning to his home in Madras. He seems to have been benefitted by a residence of 2 or 3 months here with his friend Nawab Mozuffer Hossain Khan.

Allahabad
March 9th/1854

(Signed) S.G. Asst
Supt Miss. Press.

D

R. Southey
Consul for Persia
Alleppo &c
1/0 March
1845

My Dear Khan Saheb D

After presenting my compliments I have to inform you that you came became accompanied by the Nabob Mooneer Hoopain Khan Bahadoor, I received your with much pleasure, I am happy to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of 10th March of the current year and intimate to you that the said Khan Saheb assured me that you were sick, and stayed first at Cawnpoor for procuring medical aid, that afterwards you proceed to Lucknow for the same purpose, that after recovering your health you came to Cawnpoor for preparatory starting unto to Madras. but you had there a relapse of sickness and at Allahabad where you [illegible] house of the said Khan Saheb, and that in this district you fell sick again and were treated by Doctor Alexander Hutpson Khan, and Doctor Mungo Aulin Ally Saheb the Deputy Magistrate of the district of Arneil. As you were through ill health obliged to stay at Cawnpoor, Lucknow, and Allahabad, the Ruling authorities of Madras will take this as a palliating circumstance and accept your excuse, since your face itself shows that you were unwell. there is no necessity for any other person of furnishing you with any other certificate as the medical certificates you are in possession of would suffice to vouch for your sickness and justify the consequent delay that has unavoidably taken place in your coming to Madras. I hope you will after your return to your Country. Kindly communicate to me by a letter the state of your health and your safe return and continue to write your letters to me in future and oblige.

10th March 1854

[Signed] Robert Lowther
Commissioner of
the Allahabad Division.

Robert Lowther
Bahadoor

E

Government Agents letter to Arabob.
dated 5th July 1854.

The Government agent presents his Compliments to His Highness the Arabob of the Carnatic and regrets that he cannot recommend to Government on behalf of the application made by Gholam Hyder. This individual in addition to the leave of 3 years granted to him in Co. Lr. 6 dated 30th November 1846 to proceed to Macca on Pilgrimage obtained an extention of leave for 2 years on the 2d January 1850. for the same purpose, which expired on the 30th November 1852 - His present letter shews that he had been wandering all the time in the territories of India lying opposite to Macca - As he has returned to Madras after an absence of 4 Years and a half, the Government Agent sees no Reason to recommend the relaxation of Rules in his favor -

R 20-11-57 L D

To His Majesty's Ministers of State for India

The humble Petition of Govind Rao Alias Govind Rao Alias Govind Rao Khanjee son of the late Hurdoo Rao Dewlakur the sharp grandson of Dhoo Pungwa the late Nabob Wallajah, and Consequently Stipendiary now drawing his stipend through the Brigadier Commanding Mhad Station

Humbly Sheweth.

1. That your Petitioner most respectfully begs leave to submit his humble appeal against the decision of the Madras Government contained in Military Letter No 127 dated 10th February 1857 from Fort St George upon his memorial to the Court of the Government regarding his claim to the Nabobship of Arcot. Your Petitioner hopes that your Lordship in Council will be pleased to take the circumstances of his case into your Lordships favourable consideration by an impartial examination of the papers connected therewith, and render him justice.

2. That your Petitioner has heard that the Government Agent in Carnatic to whom the Petition was submitted by your Petitioner to the Government of Madras has the same opinion at College on the 11th December 1857 to be certain facts relating to the Case contained in the said Petition which are [illegible]

be now brought to that the Agent has evidently
misunderstood misapprehension consequently
the copy of the said Petition was not forwarded
as herein most humbly prayed for your Excellency's
perusal.

3. Your Petitioner has to observe that
he has not grounds in his claim as stated
by the Agent in the plea that while
absent without leave, he was on the
leave for which leave was granted in
1851, but the leaves upon which the Petition
sets forth his claim was that he reached
India from his pilgrimage in 1851. One
year prior to the expiration of the leave
which was to be on the 29th November,
1852 and not one day prior as stated by
the Agent. There having been ample time
before him, he has formed a design of
visiting some of the principal Cities
in India during the over five months portion
of the leave and to return to Bombay at the
end of that period, unfortunately your
Petitioner was overtaken by illness and
he was in consequence detained there
beyond the aforesaid period of leave
and in substantiation of this fact, he
has obtained 3 certificates marked B. No (1.
from the Deputy Inspector, Superintendent
of Invasion Press and the Commissioner at
Allahabad which corroborate that
the cause of the detention of your Petitioner

is attributable to illness. This is a
fact that has been stated and contained in
3 Para of the enclosed Petition and the
Persian Petition to the address of the late
Nabob which is now in the custody
of the Agency. The translation of which
was appended with that of A. to the enclosed
Petition. It is much to be regretted that
the Local Authority has not been drawn
due attention.

4 It would be manifest from
these circumstances that the act of
Petitioner in having over stayed the leave
was not in any way intentional but
unavoidable. Having been one year before
him after the close of his pilgrimage,
he was able to avail that opportunity by
visiting some of the principal places
in India but sickness ever took him
on occasions his detention at Allahabad
beyond his leave; hence it is nothing
but reasonable that your Petitioner should
be exempted from the force of the Rules
and the stipend for the over stay period
be granted to him.

5 All this the case of your Petitioner's
brother Goolam Vahiyoodeen abovenamed
cited by your Petitioner in his enclosed
Petition, as one parallel to his former
one of the grounds of his claim, is not
much the same as your Petitioner, your Petitioner

has fortunately the advantage in such a case of his brother Gholam Ally Abdool Aseem who returned to India from Arabia after 15 years and obtained the arrears for one half of that period which was passed away without leave by Extract Minutes of Consultation dated 3rd [illegible]

6. It is fit opportunity to observe that the said Goolam Ally Abdool Aseem has submitted a Kabalaya signed by some of the Gentlemen at Bagdad shewing the cause of his detention for such a long period, and that the Political Agent has certified on it only as to the Character of those Individuals who attested the document and not the fact mentioned in the Kabalaya it is so surprising that the document of this description should be approved by Government as the cause of his detention which not being so much in dispute as that of your Petitioner the passing of Your Petitioner who had testimonials from three European officials at Allahabad as to the cause of his detention should be so hardly treated and the cause of his over stay only for 16 months as stated in the above documents and those Kabalas. I...

in one of them may be ... (D. should not be ...

Under the circumstances above ... your Petitioner earnestly requests ... Lordship would be highly pleased ... his case into your deliberate ... nation and issue order for the ... ment of the arrears accumulated ... your Petitioners over stay of ... years

For which act of kindness your ... ners etc. etc. as in duty bound ...

Geo. Pay

357

To the Right Honorable George Lord Pigot
Governor in Council
Fort St George

The humble Petition of Goolam
Hyder Alli alias Hyder Ally
Khan son of the late Mahfooz
Dowla and a carnatic stipendiary
now drawing his stipend at
Vellore attending the Brigades
Commanding that station.

Most Humbly Sheweth.

That your Petitioner after his
travels had arrived at Madras in the 2d
April 1851, and in July of the same year
had presented a Petition to the cutcha
of His Highness the late Nabob of the
Carnatic stating the circumstances
under which he had detained, later
in his travels than the period of the
leave granted to him and requesting
to forward the same to the Government
with recommendation for the payment
of the arrears of his stipend accumu-
lated during his unauthorized leave
The English translation of which is
hereunto appended with mark A.
To confirm the truth of your Petitioners
inability to return to this country
At the expiration of the leave owing
to his indisposition and other causes
your Petitioner has enclosed 2 certificates
herewith

wherein the appendix with the marks
B and C / granted by the Governor
Magistrate of Allahabad and the
Certificate of Dismission (Dismissal) respectively
and a Pension letter from Robert
Further Page the Commissioner in
appendix with the translation marked
D /

Agreeably to your Petitioners
wish the case was forwarded the Petition
to Government Agent for the purpose
of being submitted to the Right
Honorable the Governor for his favourable
consideration, but the Government
Agent declined doing so and
wrote a letter to His Highness the
late Nabob stating his grounds
for not complying with the Petitioners
request, the English translation of
which is herewith appended with the
mark E.

In regard to the reasons assigned
by the Government Agent for not
recommending the case of your Petitioner
Your Petitioner begs to represent some
following observations.

1st Verily the favor was shown by
the Government in granting leave
to your Petitioner twice, but this
could not be cited as a particular
case, while in those days such
indulgences

indulgences was experienced even more
than twice by certain Canadian officers
-diaries under this heading Government
2d Although it is in the consideration
of the Government Agent that your
Petitioner travelled through the cities of
India was a vain wandering yet really
your Petitioner was induced to under-
-take this journey with the express
purpose of better his condition
by obtaining means for the
support of his large family, increasing
by Society and all the concomitant
evils arising to the insufficiency of
your Petitioners present allowances
of 35 Rupees.

3d Although it did not happen in
person in the part of your Petitioner
to commence his travel this
the said cities after the expiration
of his leave granted by the Govern-
-ment for the second time but your
poor petitioner having finished his
pilgrimage to Arabia a year before
the expiration of his leave which was
to have ended on the 29th November
1852, reached the British empire
by arriving at Bombay. He had
there entertained a thought of visiting
some of the cities in India during
the period of the unexpired portion
of his leave and returned to this

at the close of that period. Your Petitioner was unfortunately detained there by sickness and consequently not only his further designs were put an end to, he was forced to infringe the rules of Government fixed for granting leave. For the confirmation of these statements, your Petitioner's said statement and for further particulars, your Petitioner begs your Lordship's perusal of the appendicies marked A.B.C.D. which would clearly prove that no blame whatever could be attached to your Petitioner for his having overstayed his leave.

4. Your Lordship's Petitioner begs leave to state that he was not absent from Madras for 2½ years but only 16 months and 21 days without leave or account of sickness excluding 5 years the period of his leave which terminated on the 29th November 1852 and he arrived at Madras on the 21st April 1854. Your Petitioner having thus stated all the circumstances thus connected with his case, begs to refer your Lordship to the following instance quite similar to that of your Petitioner's in which the Government extended their benevolence and Generosity.

Although your Petitioner's brother Apollan Dalle Jhollah a Hindu a native of Hydrabad Dallee Khan had arrived at Madras from his travels on the 19th May 54 and overstayed his leave by 2 months & 4 days, yet the Government with their utmost generosity and benevolence ordered in the case of 1/4 share 450 Rs. not only for the continuance of his stipend for the payment of the arrears of stipend accumulated during his unauthorized leave.

Under these circumstances your Lordship's Petitioner entertains a strong hope that your Lordship would be most graciously pleased to take the circumstance of his case in your Lordship's favourable consideration and issue orders for the payment of his arrears which for the Government would be a trifling amount sent to your poor Petitioner in his present distressed condition would be a great relief by enabling him to discharge the debts he contracted in the Land Countries

16. December 1855

Translation of Petition to His Highness the President of the United States of India in Council

Most respectfully sheweth

That your Petitioner begs to state that he had the misfortune to lose his travels in Arabia a year before the expiration of his leave which was to have ended on the 29th December 1857, and reached the British Kingdom by an arrival at Bombay whence he travelled over to Conjeveram and other cities of India with an intention of finishing his journey within the prescribed portion of his leave and reaching Madras at the close of it. But was unfortunately taken ill at Conjeveram whence he proceeded to Madras to undergo the medical treatment there. After his recovery he set out to Conjeveram with an intention of proceeding to Madras but was taken ill again there, proceeded to Allahabad to establish his health.

In short in these districts he felt the air was in a more severe degree that he was then had the strength to travel any further or to return to Madras.

Besides he was nearly to the premises from setting out from those places by the pressing demands of his creditors for the payment of the debts incurred by him for undergoing the expenses of his sickness his own & family maintenance in consequence of the absence

pension. He having satisfied his creditors
by requesting some of his friends to take
securities for his debts and having recovered
his health he came out from the place
in March 1854 and reached his friends in
the 21st April of the same year.

Your Petitioner in enclosing herein
2 English certificates dated 9th March
1854 obtained by him on quitting Allahabad
from Mr. D.C. Mackay Medical Storekeeper
of the said city and from Dr. Key
Supt. of the Lunatic Asylum dated 9th March
1854 certifying that his ill health
and the cause of his delay
in coming down to England as per
letter from Dr. Luther, Comptr. of Mi
Allahabad Division 10th March 1854
stating the full particulars regarding
his misfortune, entertains a firm hope
that your Highness will be most
graciously pleased to recommend your
Petitioners case to Government for the
payment of the arrears of his stipend
accumulated from the 30th November 1852
up to the 20th April 1854 thereby enabling
your Petitioner, who is quite innocent
and deserves to be excused in account
of his late indisposition, to be relieved
from the harassing bondage of his debts

and

also alluded to.

Your Petitioner would thank
your Highness and the Government
that more encouraging than this.

B. ~~L. A. 1850 of 1858.~~

Certified, that Goolam Ayder Ali Khan has been introduced to me this day by Hamed Mozuffer Hoossain Khan and has requested of me this certificate. It appears that he has been detained on these parts by indisposition

Allahabad N. W. P.
March 29 1858

Signed P. C. Armley
Dr Magte

C. ~~L. A. 1850 of 1858~~ 2

Goolam Ayder Ali Khan was introduced to me by Hamed Mozuffer Hoossain Khan, and at the request of the latter I have much pleasure in stating this fact and also that his appearance confirms the statement made by him that he has been detained by ill health from returning to his home in Cabul. He seems to have been benefitted by a residence of 2 or 3 months here with his friend Hamed Mozuffer Hoossain Khan

Allahabad
March 29/1858

Signed S. C. Ady
Supt. Mis. Press

D

My Dear Khan Sahib,

After presenting my Compliments & I have to inform you that you came to see me accompanied by the Nabob Mooyuffur Hoossain Khan Bahadoor, I received you with much pleasure - I am happy to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of 10th March of the current year, and intimate to you that the said Khan Sahib apprised me that you were sick, and stayed first at Cawnpoor for procuring medical aid, that afterwards you proceeded to Lucknow for the same purpose that after recovering your health you came to Cawnpoor preparatory to sitting out to Madras, but you had there a relapse of sickness, and went to Allahabad, where you had put up in the house of the said Khan Sahib, and that in this district you fell sick again, and were treated by Doctor Abool Hasan Khan and Doctor Mirza Aulad Ally Sahib the deputy Magistrate of Amil - As you were through ill health obliged to stay at Cawnpoor, Lucknow and Allahabad the ruling authorities of Madras will take this as a palliating circumstance and admit your excuse, since your face itself shows that you were unwell - There is no necessity for another person of furnishing you with any other certificate, as the

the Medical Certificates you are in possession of would suffice enough for your sickness, and justify the consequent delay that has unavoidably taken place in your Coming to Madras -

I hope you will after your return to your County kindly communicate to me by a letter the state of your health and your safe return and continue to write your letters to me in future and oblige.

10th March 1843

/Signed/ Robert Lowther
Commissioner 4th
Allahabad Division

Robert Lowther

E.

Government agents letter to Nabob
dated 27th July 1854.

The Government agent presents his Compliments
to His Highness the Nabob of the Carnatic and regrets
that he cannot recommend to Government
the application made by Ghulam Hyder - this
individual in addition to the leave of 3 years
granted to him in Bellary dated 30 November
1846 to proceed to Mecca on Pilgrimage obtained
an extension of leave for 2 Years on the 2d January 1850
for the same purpose which expired on the 30th Novr
1852 - the present letter shews that he had been
wandering all the time in the territories of India
lying opposite to Mecca - As he has returned
to Madras after an absence of 4½ years and a half
the Government agent sees no reason to recommend
the relaxation of Rules in his favor.

B

Dom. P. 1000 of 1858

Certified that Golam Hyder Ali Khan has been introduced to me this day by Nawab Mozuffer Hossein Khan, and has requested of me this life certificate — It appears that he has been detained in these parts by indisposition —

Allahabad N.W.P.
March 9th 1854

S. C. Wauly
D. Magt.

Vol 59 of
In lo 9182
" " 9852

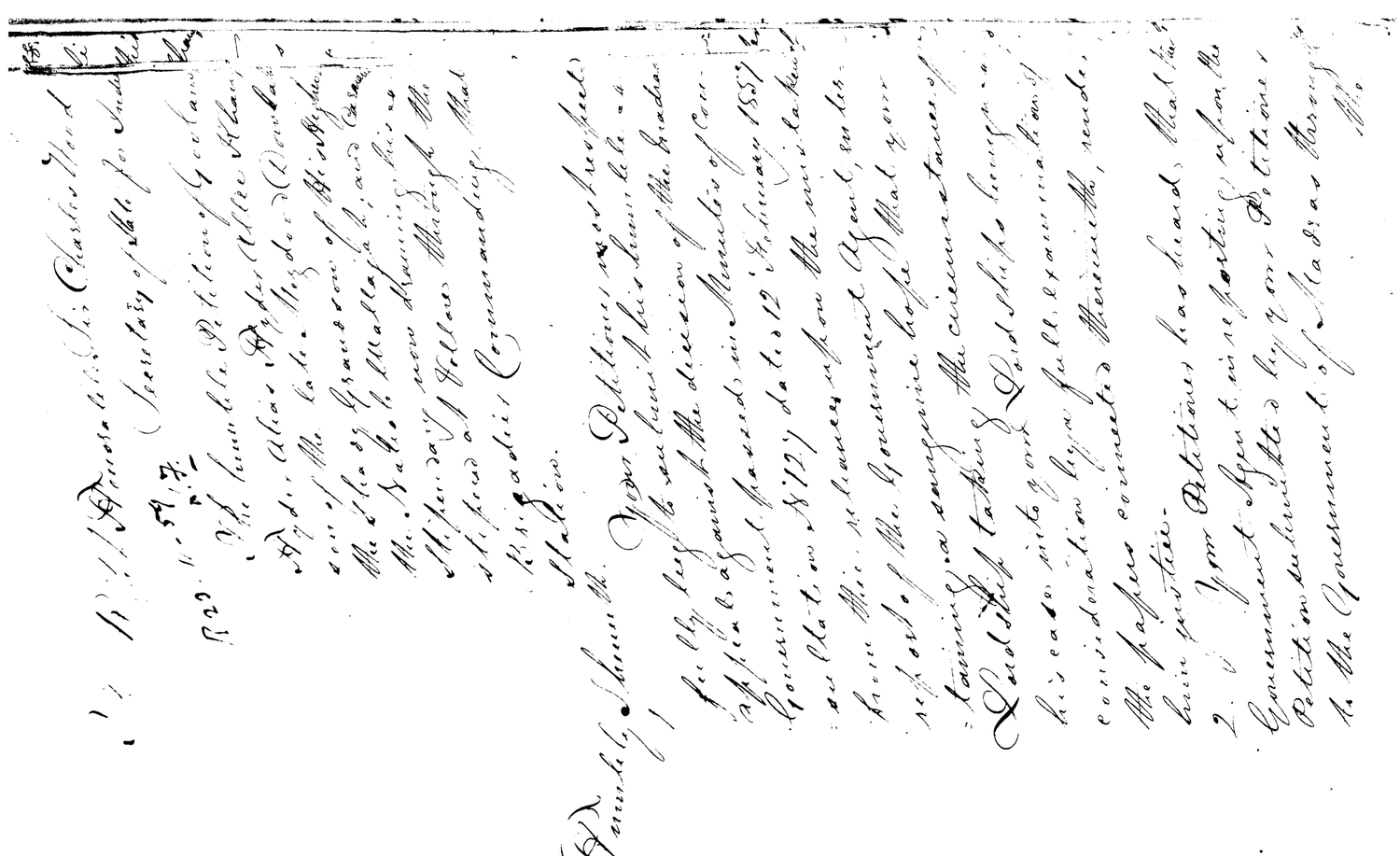
C

Encl to 1800 of 1858

Golam Hyder Ali Khan was introduced to me by Saiad Nasuffer Hosein Khan, and at the request of the latter I have much pleasure in stating that facts, and also that his appearance confirms the statement made by him, that he has been detained by ill-health from returning to his home in Madras. He seems to have been benefitted by a residence of 2 or 3 months here with his friend Saiad Nasuffer Hosein Khan.

R. Gibbon
Supt. Indep. Ops.

Allahabad
Nov. 9/1858.



Pol/69 Ok
Ju Reg 19.-952.

the Commanding officer at Velore
on the 16th December 1856, related,
certain facts alleging to have been
contained in the said Petition and
in regard to which he has to remark
that the Agent had entirely laboured
under a misapprehension, consequently
the copy of the said Petition with its
enclosures are herewith transmitted for
your Lordship's perusal.

3 Upon Petitioner has to observe
that he had not grounded his claim
as stated by the Agent on the plea "that
while absent without leave he was
on the travels for which leave was
granted in 1846, but the reasons upon
which the Petitioner rested his claim
was that he reached Madras from his
pilgrimage in 1851, One year prior to
the expiration of the leave which was
to be on the 29th November 1852 and not
one day prior, as stated by the Agent there
having been ample time before him,
he had formed a design of visiting some
of the principal cities in India
during the unexpired portion of
the leave and return to Madras at
the end of that period, unfortunately
Your Petitioner was overtaken by
indisposition and he was in consequence
detained

beyond the authorized
period of leave and on which latter account
it is that he has stated in
certificates marked B & D from
the Collector Magistrate, subscribed
and Post Master Press and the commis-
sioner at Alla had which
corroborate that the cause of the detention
of your Petitioner is as stated by him
in the enclosed Petition and the Persian
Petitioner to the address of the late
Nabob which is now under the
control of the Agent and the trans-
lation of which is sent with mark
A. to the enclosed Petition. It is
much to be regretted that the local
authority had not been induced due
attention.

4. It would be manifest from
these circumstances that the act of
the Petitioner in having overstayed
the leave was not in any way a
international and unavoidable
having had one year before him
after the close of his pilgrimage
he wished to avail that opportunity
by visiting some of the principal
places

cases in India but sickness over
which your Petitioner had no control
of. Allahabad is far beyond his leave;
how can it is nothing but reasonable
that your Petitioner should be exempted
from the force of the Rules and
the Sikkim of for the overstayed period,
be granted to him.

5. That the Case of your Petitioner's
brother Goolam Ally Abdool Hussein
cited by your Petitioner in his en-
closed Petition, as one parallel
to his for forming one of the grounds of
his claim, is not much the same as
your Petitioner yet your Petitioner
has fortunately the advantage in
quoting the case of his other brother
Goolam Ally Abdool Auzeem who
returned to Madras from Arabia
after 15 years and obtained the re-
wards for one half of that period
which was passed away without
leave by extract Minutes of
Consultation dated 3rd

6. It is fit opportunity to observe
that the said Goolam Ally Abdool
Auzeem had submitted an Enabazer
signed by some of the Noblemen at
Bagdad shewing the cause of
his detention for such a long
period, and that the Political
Agent

Agent has certified it only as to
the character of those individuals
who attested the document and
not the fact mentioned in the en-
closed Enabazer it is surprising that
the document of this description
should be approved of by Govern-
ment and the cause of his detain-
ment not being as much admis-
sible as that of your Petitioner's
he passed of your Petitioner who
had as testimonials from three
European officials at Allahabad
as to the cause of his detention
should be so heard treated and
the cause of his over stay only for
the causes stated in the above en-
closures particularly of
documents and more particularly if
in one of them marked (A. should
not be admitted.

Under the circumstances
above set forth your Petitioner
earnestly requests your Lordship
would be highly pleased to take
his case into your deliberate
consideration and issue orders for
the payment of the arrears
accumulated during your Petitioner
on

over a day of his leave.

8. For which act of kindness your Petitioner shall as in duty bound

Ever Pray.



Petitioner

To

His Right Honorable George Lord Harris

Governor in Council

Fort St. George

The humble Petition of Godfrey Hyder alias Hy der Ally Khan son of the late Mysoor Khan Dowla and a Carnatic suspending now drawing his stipend at Vellore through the Brigadier Commanding Thal ee Ghaut

Most humbly Sheweth.

That your Petitioner after his travels had arrived at Madras in the 21st April 1851, and in July of the same year had presented a Petition to the viceroy of His Highness the late Nabob of the Carnatic stating the circumstances under which he was detained later on his travels than the period of the leave granted to him and requesting to forward the same to the Government with the recommendation for the payment of the arrears of his stipend accumulated during his unauthorized leave. The English translation of which is hereunto appended with the mark A. In support of the truth of your Petitioner's allegation

unable to return to this country
at the expiration of the leave owing
to his indisposition and other causes
your Petitioner has enclosed certificates
herewith Appended and marked B
and C granted by the Deputy Magistrate
of Allahabad and the Superintendent
Presidency Prison respectively and a Pension letter
from Robert Sutherland Esqr the Commissioner
Appended and marked B/.

Agreeably to your Petitioner's
wish the circumstances stated in the Petition
the Government Agent for the purpose
of being submitted to the Right
Honorable the Governor for his favourable consideration but
the Government Agent declined
doing so and wrote a letter
direct to His Excellency the late Nabob
stating his grounds for not complying
with the Petitioner's request; the
English translation of which is
herewith Appended and marked
E.

As regards the reasons urged
by the Government Agent it is not
necessary regarding the case of your
Petitioner. Your Petitioner begs to
represent some following observations.

1st. That by the favor was shown by the
Government in granting leave to your
Petitioner twice, but this could not
be either as a particular case, while
in Mecca days such indulgences were
frequently given more than twice by
certain Native Stipendiaries under
this benign Government.

2d. That it is in the consideration
of the Government Agent that your
Petitioner travelled through the cities
of India was a vain wandering yet
reality your Petitioner was induced
to undertake this journey with the
express purpose of bettering his con-
dition by obtaining means for the
support of his large family harassed
by poverty and all its concomitant
evils owing to the inadequacy of
your Petitioners present allowance
of 35 Rupees.

3d. It would have been highly im-
proper in the part of your Petitioner
were he to commence his travels
through the said cities after the ex-
piration of his leave granted by
the Government for the second time
but your poor petitioner having
finished

finished his pilgrimage to Arabia a year before the expiration of his leave which was to have ended on the 29th November 1852, reached the British empire by an arrival at Bombay. He had there entertained a thought of visiting some of the cities in India during the period of the unexpired portion of his leave and returning to Madras at the close of that period. Your Petitioner was unfortunately detained there by sickness and consequently not only his further designs were put an end to, he was forced to infringe the rules of Government fixed for granting leave for the confirmation of the statements, Your Petitioner's statement, and for further particulars, Your Petitioner begs Your Lordship's perusal of the appendicies marked A B C D. which would clearly prove that no balance whatever could be attached to your Petitioner for his having overstayed his leave.

4 Your Lordship's Petitioner begs leave to state that he was not absent from Madras for 2½ years but only 16 months and 21 days without leave in account of sickness excluding 5 years the period of his leave which terminated on the 29 November 1852 and he arrived at Madras on the 21st April 1854. Your Petitioner having thus stated all the circumstances thus connected with this case, begs to refer Your Lordship to the following instances quite similar to that of Your Petitioners in which the Government have evidence and extended their liberality.

All the Your Petitioners brother Gollam Vallee Joollah Mahomed Gollam Vallee Joollah Khan had alias Abdool Vallee Khan had arrived at Madras from his travels on the 19th May 56 and overstayed his leave by 22 months and 4 days yet the Government with their utmost generosity and benevolence ordered in the M/C d/4 June 56 not only for the continuance of his stipend for the payment of the

of the arrears of stipend accumulated during his unauthorized leave.

Under these circumstances your Lordship's Petitioner entertains a strong hope that your Lordship would be most graciously pleased to take the circumstance of his case in your Lordship's favourable consideration and issue orders for the payment of his arrears which for the Government would be a trifling amount but to your poor Petitioner in his present distressed ~~circumstances~~ conditions would be a great relief by enabling him to discharge the debts contracted in distant countries.

16. December 1858

Translation &c &c.

~~Dated 1858~~ 1858.

With due respect and sm. Syed Ali Petitioner begs to state that he has his travels in Arabia a year before the ex of his leave which was to have ended on the 29th November 1857, and reached the British Kingdom by an arrival at Bombay, whence he travelled over to Cawnpoor and other cities of India with an intention of finishing his journey within unexpired portion of his leave and reaching Madras at the close of it. He was unfortunately taken ill at Cawnpoor whence he proceeded to Lucknow to undergo the medical treatment there. After his recovery he set back to Cawnpoor with an intention of proceeding to Madras. He was taken ill again there and proceeded to Allahabad to establish his health.

In short in these districts he fell ill in sickness in so severe a degree that he neither had the strength to travel any further nor he returned to Madras.

Besides he was nearly to be prevented from setting out from those places by the pressing demands of his creditors for the payment of the debts contracted by him for undergoing the expenses of his sickness and family maintenance in consequence of the stoppage of his pension. He having satisfied his creditors by requesting some of his friends to stand securities to his debts and having recovered his health started out from the places in March 1858 and reached Madras on the 21st April of the same year.

Your Petitioner incloses herein 2 English certificates dated 9th March 1858 obtained

claims by him on our Govt. Allahabad from W. R. C. Arnsby Esq. Deputy Magte of the said City and from Lieut. V. G. Hay. Supt of the Mission Press dated 9th March 1854 certifying that his ill health was the cause of his delay in coming down to Madras, and a Persian letter from W. D. Thos Comr of the Allahabad Division dated 10th March 1854 stating the full particulars regarding his sickness, entertains a firm hope that your Highness will be most graciously pleased to recommend your Petitioner's case to Government for the payment of the arrears of his stipend accumulated from the 30th November 1852 up to the 20th April 1854 thereby enabling your Petitioner, who is quite innocent and deserves to be excused on account of his late indisposition, to be relieved from the heavy pressure of his debts alone alluded to.

Your Petitioner would thank &c. your Highness and the Government.

What more could your Petitioner represent than this.

B

Dated 2nd 1800 of 1858.

Certified that Goolam Hyder Ali Khan has been introduced to me this day by Nawab Mozuffer Hoossain Khan and has requested of me this Certificate. It appears that he has been detained in these parts by ill disposition.

Allahabad N.W.P. } Signed P. C. Arnsby
March 9 1854. } (Dt. Magte

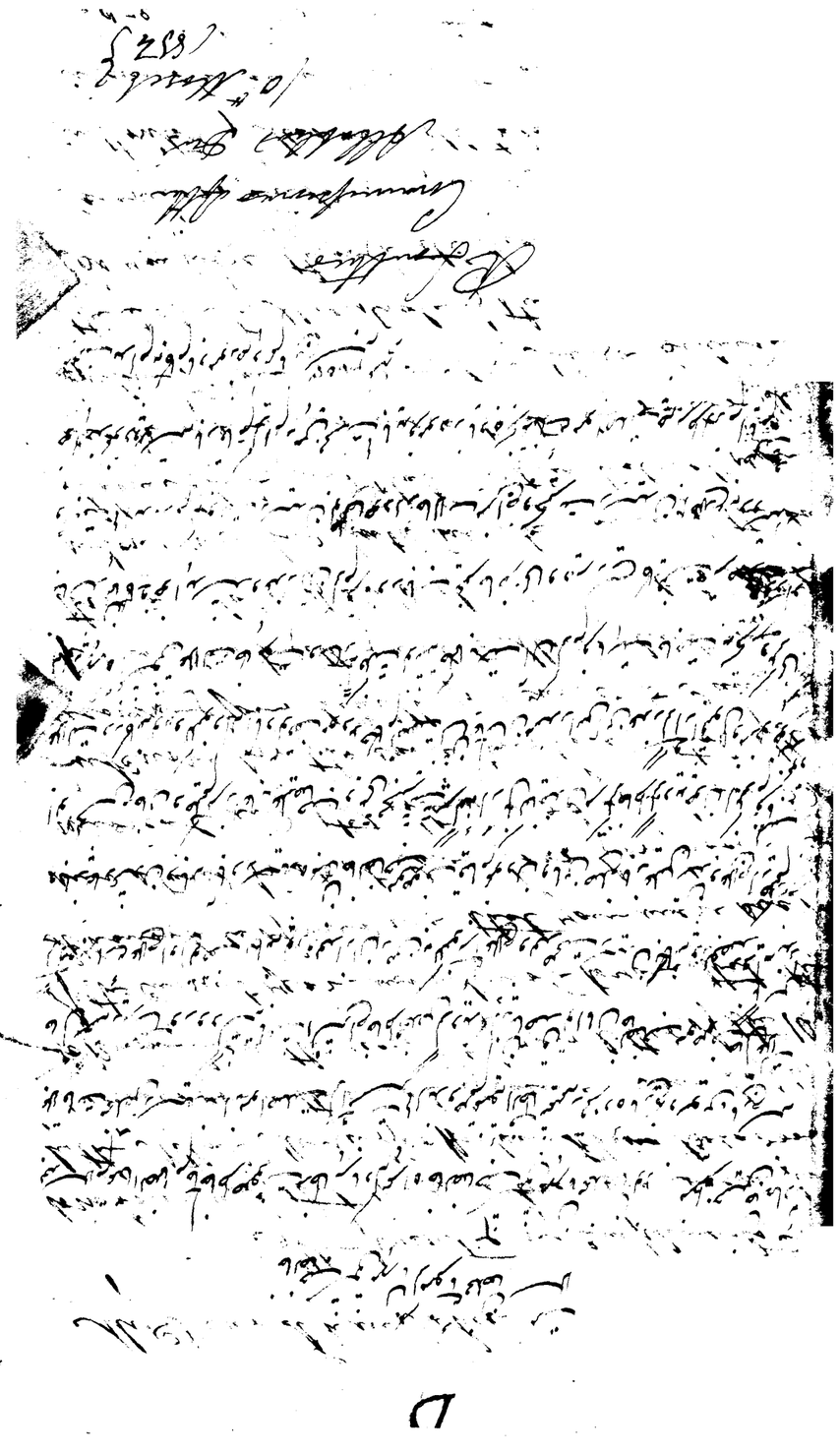
C

2
Dated 1800 of 1858.

Goolam Hyder Ali Khan was introduced to me by Nawab Mozuffer Hoossain Khan, and at the request of the latter I have much pleasure in stating this fact and also that his appearance confirms the statement made by him that he has been detained by ill health from returning to his home in Madras. He seems to have been benefitted by a residence of 2 or 3 months herewith by his friend Nawab Mozuffer Hoossain Khan.

Signed S. G. Hay
Supt Miss Press

Allahabad }
March 9th 1854 }



Khan Sahib

1

My Dear Khan Sahib

After presenting my Compliments I shall
inform you, that you came hence accompanied
by the Natal Mooktyar Hurgain Khan Bahadoor
I received you with much pleasure I am happy to
acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 11th March
of the current year - and intimate to you that the said
Khan Sahib assured me that you were sick
and stayed first at Cawnpoor for procuring
medical aid, that afterwards you proceeded to
Lucknow for the same purpose, that after
recovering your health you came to Cawnpoor
preparatory to setting out to Madras, but you had
there a relapse of sickness, and went to Allahabad
where you took participate the house of the said
Khan Sahib, and that in this district you fell
sick again, and were treated by Doctor Abool
Hussun Khan, and Doctor Mirza Aulad Ali Sahib
the Deputy Magistrate of the district of Oriel
As you were through ill health obliged to stay at
Cawnpoor, Lucknow, and Allahabad, the ruling
authorities of Madras will take this as a palliating
circumstance and admit your excuse since your
face clearly shows that you were unwell -

There

There is no necessity for another person
of [illegible] you with any other certificate
than usual certificates you are in hope from
[illegible] would suffice [illegible] and justify the consequent delay that has
unavoidably taken place in your coming
to Madras - I hope you will after your
return to your Country Kindly communicate
to me by a letter the state of your health
and your safe return, and Continue to
write your letters to me in future
and oblige

10th March 1854

[Signed] Robert Saunes
Commissioner of
the Allahabad Division

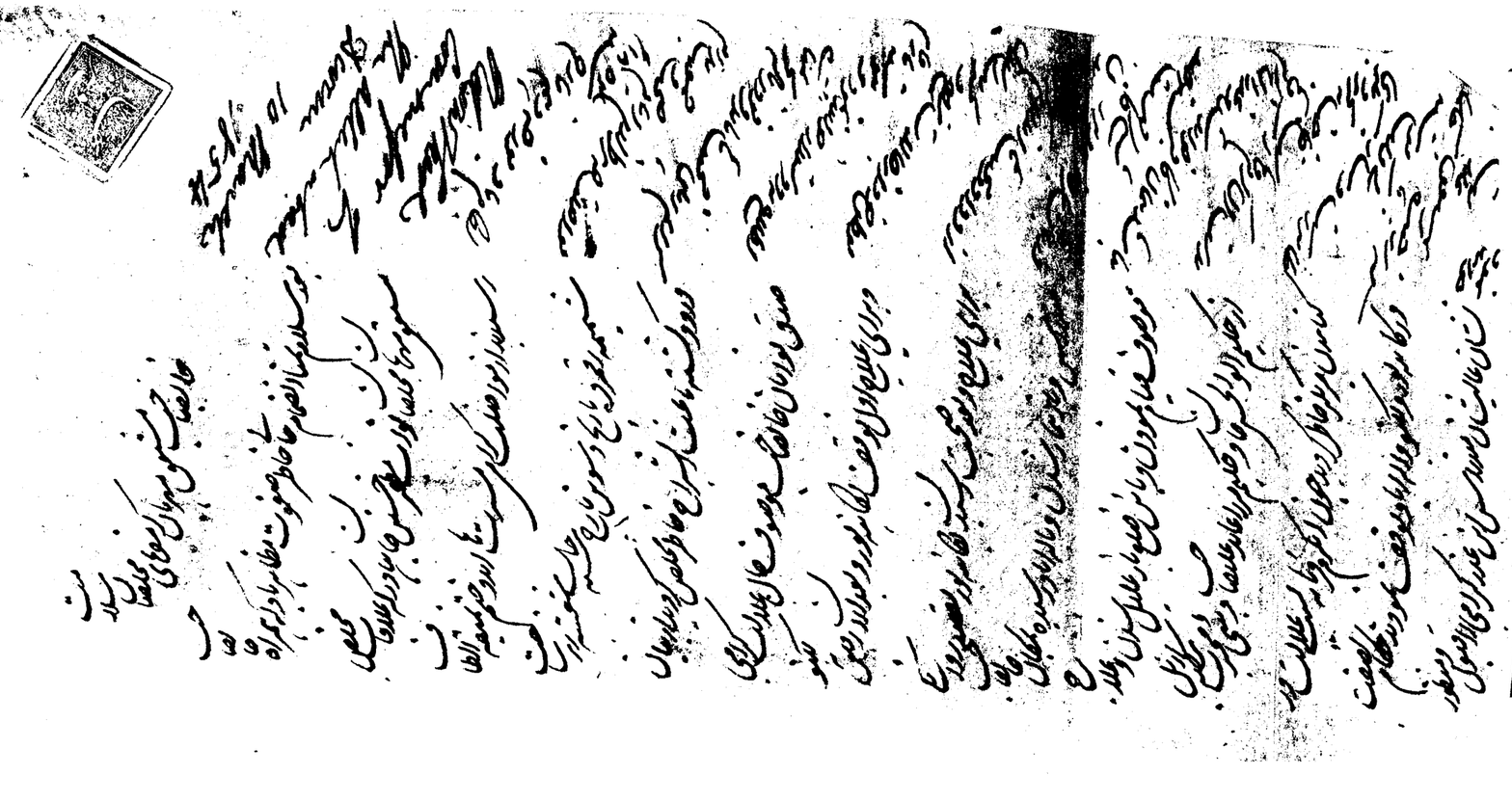
Robert Saunders
Boloby

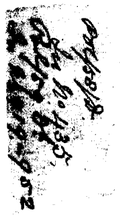
E

Government Agents Letter to Sabbo-
dated 27th July 1854-

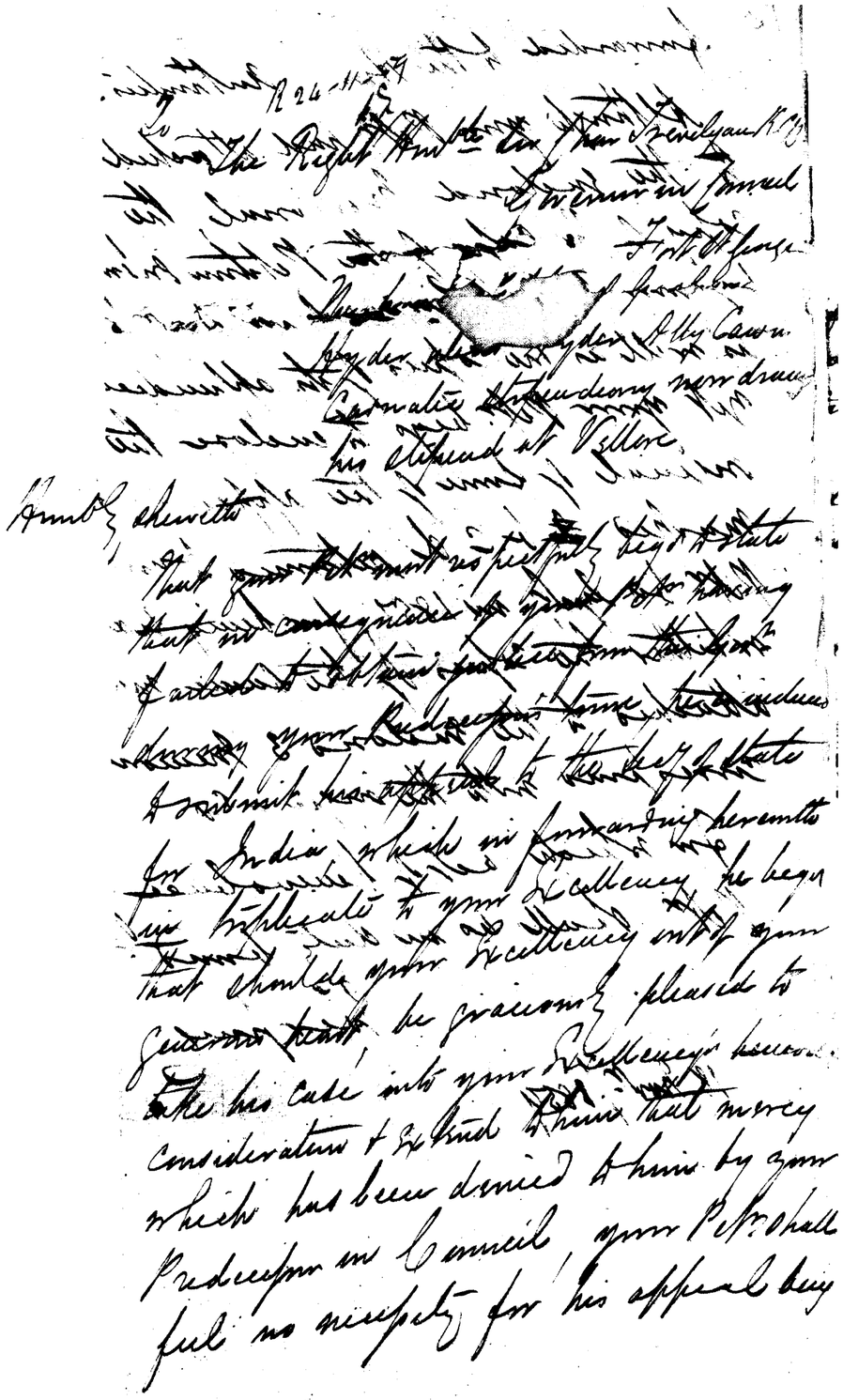
[illegible] the Government agent [illegible] Canadian
[illegible] to His Highness the [illegible] the Canadian
[illegible] respects that [illegible] Government Government
[illegible] behalf of the application made by Abraham Ryder
[illegible] individual in addition to the [illegible]
[illegible] to proceed to Macca in [illegible]
[illegible] elevation of [illegible] 2 years in the [illegible]
1854 for the same purpose which expired on
the [illegible] June 1852- The present Letter should be
read when wandering in the Lines in the Territories
of Saudi Lying opposite to Yambo - As he had
returned to Madras after an [illegible]
[illegible] a day, the Government [illegible]
Medina & recommend the renewal [illegible]
two years-

D









forwarded to the House of Lords

Although your Petitioner had attached to the said Memorial the Copy of the Petition submitted by your Petitioner in Dec[r] 56 as well as the Copies of the Appendices yet your Petr begs to enclose the original & some of the Appendices marked the [illegible] by your Petr to Spain in 1857, the latter the Copies of the Documents attached to the said Memorial Copies print with the original

for which act of Remembrance your Petr shall do his duty [illegible]

[redacted]

18 June 1859

No 5662 of 59.
Political 1859 Depart

From.

Goolam Hyder - alias
Hyder ally Khan, a
Caracatee Stipendiary

Nov 18
Dep 25 } Nov 1859.

Memorial in triplicate
&
3 Enclos:

No 919

Forwards a Memorial in triplicate to the address of the Rt Hon: the Secretary of State soliciting under circumstances stated, the payment of the arrears accumulated during his overstay of his leave. States that, if his prayer will be taken into consideration by the Govt he shall find no necessity for his appeal being forwarded through Bombay Authorities.

Read in Order

Ordered that the Memorial submitted with the above address be referred to the Govt Agent at Chepauk for his report

Chief Secretary.

November 28th 1859

To the Govt Agent at Chepauk } dated 28.
with 3 enclosures.

No. 208

Penang Government Office
Pallam 15 June 1863

41

From

Wm. M. Caddell Esquire
Government Agent, Penang

To

J. Dyerson Esquire
Chief Secretary to Government
Fort Saint George.

Sir,

I have the honor to solicit the in-
structions of Government on the following
subject.

2 The Pensioners belonging to the
Hazzy Lamboh 1
Dowlat Lamboh 2
Dowlat Sahib Pillay 3
three × minor Establishments of the late
Raj, and who are paid monthly in my
Office are, as the Government are aware
very numerous, and as a matter of course
some of them, on various occasions, leave
their pensions in arrears for several years

3 I am not aware of there existing
any restrictive rules in the Political
Department as to the period within
which arrears of Pension can be paid
by the disbursing Officer without the
sanction

sanction of Government and in the absence
of such * I have adopted the rule in
force in the Revenue Department
in regard to Pensions under which
the arrears due for any particular
6 months are payable by the Collector
within the next 6 months, the effect
of which is that all arrears within
12 months from the date of last pay-
ment are discharged by myself and those
which exceed this limit are withheld also
with the current pension as requiring the
sanction of Government. For the
present the payment of Individu-
als is held under suspension.
I am however in doubt
as to by what rules I should be
strictly guided, I beg to be fur-
nished with the instructions of
Government on the subject.

In

* Vide Rev. Board C.O. Draft Page 416

5 In the event of the Government deciding that the above shall be the limit, beyond which no arrears can be paid without the sanction of Government I beg to solicit that sanction for discharging the arrears and continuing the current pensions of the individuals above referred to. A statement showing their names and the period for which the pensions are in arrear, in each case, together with the reason assigned by each individual for his having failed to appear within 12 months is herewith annexed.

No. of Schedule	Nos.	Names of Pensioners	Monthly Amount		No. of months for which it is in arrear	
1253	M.P.	Dansingalloh Chetty	2	"		Had proceeded to Madras but he was detained by sickness —
1502	D.C.	Nangamah Gangadu	2	8	13	has resided in the Provincial School at Combaconum 4 years thereafter unable to come to Jaggi Had proceeded to Hyderabad on 12 months leave obtained from the late Govt Agent but owing thereto detained longer by sickness —
24	D.L.C.	Syed Mohiedeen Syed Mohiedeen	2	4	21	
1778	D. P.	Vital Naik Offa Naik	2	"	18	Had proceeded to Bellary in Ceding to the District Office detained by sickness —
101	M.P.	Cami Pan Offaji Father	"	13	15	Had been to Bangalore Do: Do: —
3244	M.P.	Pratasampillai	1	8	16	Had been to Madura Do: Do:
1132	M.P.	Venkatachaland Perumaldaw	1	8	21	Had been to Conjeveram Do: Do: —
1571	D. P.	Nagammal wife of Muttusami	1	8	14	Do: Do: —

I have

I have the honor to be

Sir

Your most Obedient Servant

[illegible signature]

Government Agent

C.H. Lane
128.

93.

No 458.

Solicits the instructions of Government as to what rules are to be guided in disbursing amounts to the Pensioners the late Sanyasi [illegible]

S.O. No 402

Fol. 1867 Department
From
The Government Agent
To
The Chief Secretary
to Government
Fort Saint George
Dated 15th
Received
No 208

Political Department.

Proceedings of the Madras Government.

Read again Memorial from Ghulam Ryder alias Ryder Ally Khan, dated 18th ult.

Read the following letter from the Assistant Government Agent at Chepauk.—

(Received 5th Dec. 1859, No. 1718.)

Order thereon 24th December 1859 No. 750.

The Governor in Council is pleased, upon a review of all the circumstances of the case, to authorise the payment to [redacted] alias [redacted] Khan &c. of the arrears of his Stipend for the period he overstayed his leave of absence from Madras viz: 30th November 1852 to 20th April 1854.

2. The Government observe that by the Rules sanctioned on the 16th August 1850 the pensions of Stipendiaries overstaying their leave are to cease from the date of its expiration till their re-turn; and that by the Orders of 28th May, 1850- No. 240, para. 3, if the return be unnecessarily protracted without satisfactory cause being shown, the absentees forfeit the amount of Stipends held in deposit. Payment of the Stipend should certainly be sus-pended on the expiration of the leave granted- It appears however to Govern-ment on reconsideration, that if the Stipendiary does come back, it is not necessary to scrutinize the cause of his absence, but that on his return, his arrears may in all cases be disbursed to him, provided that his identity is established to the entire satisfaction of the Chepauk Agent.

3. Payment of the arrears will hereafter be passed by the Civil Auditor on the certificate of the Agent, and no re-ference need be made to Government.—

JP

To the Asst. Govt. Agent for Chepauk
Civil Auditor

Disp 26th

15-3-K
2-2-15

Proc of Govt 31st Decr
Political 1857 Sept 16

No 750

Proceedings of Govt

Dated 24 Decr 1857

Authorizing the payment to Gulcheen Haidar alias Haiderali Khan of the arrears of his stipend for the period he overstayed his leave of absence from Madras Dated 30th November 1853 to 20th April 1854 observing that it appears to Govt that if the stipendiary who overstays his leave does come back it is not necessary to scrutinize the Cause of his absence but that on his return his arrears may in all cases be disbursed to him. Authorize the Civil Auditor to pass for Payment these arrears on the Certificate of the Government Agent and no reference need be made to Government.