M.R.O. 1—38,000—16-10-29.

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Political DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No.	566. 567	Press ~~Mis.~~
Dated	1—9— ~~19~~ 1838	

Not to be folded or roughly handled

D 32

No. 7. Despatch from the Honorable the Court of Directors, dated 7th July in the Political Department, No. 5 of 1858, Paras. 5 and 6.

No. 8. Minute by the Honorable W. ELLIOT, Esq., dated 25th August 1858.

I should have preferred the communication to the Government of India, to have stood in the shape in which it was first draughted.* It will now of course be altered to meet the views of the Right Honorable the President.

* Confined to a simple recommendation, that on the grounds noticed by the Honorable Court, the Prince's stipend should be raised to the amount suggested 1½ Lac per annum, and offered to the Prince in arrears.

I feel it however to be due to myself, in conformity with the opinion expressed regarding Prince Azeem Jah on a former occasion ; [Minute,† 23rd October 1857] to state that I see nothing in his behaviour which should induce the Government to withhold their ready assent to the proposition of the Honorable Court, or to hesitate in giving full effect to the Court's liberality by paying the full amount of the allowance now proposed for him with arrears.

† Copy forwarded to the Government of India with letter, dated 5th Nov. 1857, No. 944.

I cordially concur in supporting the Grant of the larger sum, both because it is more suited to the Prince's position, as the principal member of his family, and because a higher scale of allowance (Rs. 1,44,000 per annum) was assigned to his late mother, Saeed Oon Nissa Begum, and to the widow of the late Nawab. The conduct of the Prince, as far as I am aware, has been simply that of a man suffering under severe disappointment, and striving by legitimate applications in those quarters to which an appeal properly lay, to obtain redress.

There is no question that the Mahomedan population of Southern India, shared largely in the excitement caused by the events of the past year. It would have been singular if they had not. Nor would it have been very surprising, if many of them had taken an active and a hostile part, had the peace of the country been broken. No doubt the precautionary measures adopted by the Right Honorable the President, tended very materially to preserve tranquillity, and to restrain the evil designs of the ill-disposed. But I have no reason to believe that the Prince should be included in this number. On the contrary all his proceedings have been marked by moderation and by a retiring submissive spirit. Notwithstanding the advice openly tendered by the public journals recommending him to follow the example of the Tanjore Rani, and to have recourse to legal proceedings, he has contented himself with appealing to the authorities in India, and afterwards in England, in his endeavors to procure more favorable terms. In every point of view, I should greatly prefer, therefore to see the boon now granted by the liberality of the Honorable Court, bestowed in a frank and generous spirit. This could easily be done consistently with the Right Honorable the President's views, by conceding it as a work of consideration for the Prince personally, and without reference to the Mussulman population generally. The Court have probably felt that the quiet demeanor of the Mahomedans, was owing to Azeem Jah's personal influence. Doubtless, his example has not been without its effect. But his weight with his fellow-countrymen is not great, and I feel confident that whatever evil counsels were debated in Triplicane, originated with persons over whom he had no influence, and with whose proceedings he was little acquainted.

25th August 1858. (Signed) WALTER ELLIOT.

No. 9. Minute by the Honorable W. A. MOREHEAD, Esq., dated 26th August 1858.

I would communicate to the Court, Lord Harris' opinion of the causes that chiefly tended to keep under control the Mahommedan residents of Triplicane.

I quite concur with Mr. Elliot, in thinking that the increase of allowances recommended by the Court, should be, as far as this Government can act, accorded with all arrears to Prince Azeem Jah.

I make no comments on the previous acts of Government, but I strongly object to any proceedings being now adopted that may tend to counteract the present desire of the Court to ameliorate, in some degree, the position to which Prince Azeem Jah, has been reduced.

(Signed) W. A. MOREHEAD.

No. 10. ORDER THEREON, No. 566.; dated 1st September 1858.

Resolved that the following letter be despatched.

To the Secretary to the Government of India, (Here enter 1*st September* 1858.*)*

Resolved also, that, in replying to the passages above recorded from the Honorable Court's Despatch, the Court be informed, that the quiet conduct of the Mahommedan population, to which they have referred, was not the result of their own satisfaction with, or attachment to the British Government, but was the result of the vigilance and display of power on the part of Government and of the evident preparations made to suppress any hostile movement which tended to intimidate and overawe them, and that had this determination not been thus manifested, there is no reason to suppose that they would have been so orderly.

(Signed) T. PYCROFT,

Chief Secretary.

No. 11. From T. PYCROFT, Esq., Chief Secretary to the Government of Fort St. George, to C. BEADON, Esq., Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, dated the 1st September 1858, No. 567.

SIR,

Para: 5. To Prince Azeem Jah, in lieu of 48,000 *Rupees per annum which he received from the late Nawab one Lac of Rupees per annum has been assigned. This Stipend the Prince has hitherto refused to receive, and you have informed him that, if he persists in his refusal, the Stipend will not at any future period be paid to him in arrear.*

Para: 6. Considering the high rank of the Prince, the influence of his name and position over the numerous Mahomedan population of Madras, the excellent conduct of that population during our recent difficulties, and considering also that the Prince was accustomed to receive not only 4,000 *Rupees per month from the Nawab, but* 3,000 *Rupees per month from his mother, Sueed Oon Nissa Begum, making* 84,000 *Rupees per annum, not much short of the Lac of Rupees which you have assigned to him; you may perhaps be inclined to think that a larger Stipend, amounting perhaps to a Lac and a half per annum, might with propriety be assigned to him for life. Should you be of this opinion, and should the Government of India concur in it, we authorize you to act on that opinion without further reference to us.*

In their Despatch to this Government, Political Department, No. 5 of 1858, 7th July, on the affairs of the Carnatic Family, the Honorable the Court of Directors, paras: 5 and 6, (for more convenience reference given in the margin) after noticing the Stipend of one Lac of Rupees per annum, which at the instance of this Government* had been assigned to Prince Azeem Jah Bahadoor, Uncle of the late Nawab, authorize the Stipend being raised to a Lac and a half Rupees per annum, if this Government should be inclined to think that such an increased allowance might with propriety be assigned to him for life, and should the Government of India concur in it.

* To Government of India, Political Department, 17th June 1856, Para: 5.

From Government of India, 17th Sept. 1856, Para: 4.

2. This Government I am instructed to state are not prepared to recommend that the Prince's Stipend be augmented as proposed, on the considerations stated by the Honorable Court; viz, the excellent conduct of the Mahomedan population of Madras during the recent difficulties, in consequence of the influence exercised over them by Prince Azeem Jah.

They do not believe that the Prince did exert any influence for this object, and they are led to ascribe the quiet demeanor of the Mahomedan population, not to any attachment on their part to our rule, but to the vigilance and display of power manifested by this Government, but for which, they would not have remained so orderly. The Governor in Council would be willing that the enhanced Stipend should be granted to the Prince prospectively, not in consideration of his own good conduct, but as a mark of the liberality of Government. Prince Azeem Jah, however, it is to be remarked, has hitherto refused to receive the Stipend, Rupees 1,00,000 per annum, originally assigned him, and has been informed that if he persisted in his refusal, it would not at any future period be paid to him in arrear. The Governor in Council would not wish to press that resolution but he is of opinion that, if the Stipend now authorized is allowed to be paid in arrear, the disbursal of the arrears should be contingent, on application being made for them by the Prince, and that in a becoming manner. This Government would desire to be permitted to exercise their discretion in this respect.

3. I have to add that the above views are not fully assented to by all the Members of Government, and I have to request attention to the Minutes which have been recorded on the subject by the Honorable Mr. W. Elliot, and the Honorable Mr. Morehead.

(Signed) T. PYCROFT,

Chief Secretary.

Colt, Aug: 20.

My dear Pearce

Lord Harris makes an observation upon para 6 of Despatch No 5 of 1858 Polit. Dept dated 7th July 1858 — He thinks the Court record too favourable a picture of the state of Mahomedan feeling in Malabar, & that they speak as if nothing was due to the vigilance of Govt — He thinks in replying to this Despatch Govt should inform the Court that the quiet conduct of the Mahometan population was not the result of their

own satisfaction neither attack
ment to our Government, but
the result of the vigilance
& display of power, & an
caution to suppress any
hostile movement on the part
of Gok; and had this not
been exercised there is no
reason to suppose that
they would have been so
quiet. -

[illegible]

Yours sincerely
D. A. Bagley

August 29. 1858

My dear George

With reference to my Telegram
of to day, L^d N. wishes me to
explain that he is quite will
ing to postpone to the Supr.
but that Agoam Jah should
have his 12 lacks; but he think
we should not be too ready
to give him the pressure without
his asking, & that to in a
becoming manner.
Consider that if one is to
taken, it may be supplied
he gets his increase in con-

sequence of the Court having
Complimented the Mahom
dans of Madras on their
good conduct. I have
already told you that I
wished it to be distinctly
intimated to the Court
that good conduct was
to their being armed by
the preparations made by
Govt, & not from their own
inclination. If therefore
the increased pensions
given to Azeem Jah, if he
be shown that
consideration for his good
conduct (for his conduct

H says would very bad / but as
an increased liberality on
the part of Govt. Perhaps
it will be well to obtain the
authority of the Govt of India
to give him in arrear if
the Madras Govt think it
right to do so. I H has
no objection to this proviso.

I hope you will find room
one instead of Walhouse to
go to Trichy.

L^d H started at 11 this
for Kotegherry,

yours sincerely
W H Bayley

[Copy]

Ooty, Aug. 20.

My dear Pycroft.

Lord Harris wishes me to acquaint you with his remarks on para 6 of Despatch No 5 of 1858 Political Department dated 7th July 1858. He thinks the Court record too favourable an opinion of the state of Mahomedan feeling in Madras, and that they speak as if nothing was due to the vigilance of Govt. He thinks in replying to this Despatch Govt. should inform the Court that the quiet conduct of the Mahomedan population was not the result of their own satisfaction with or attachment

to

to our Government but the rest
of the vigilance, and display,
power, and inclination to suppress
"any hostile movement on the
part of Govt; and how this not
been exercised there is no reason
to suppose that they would have
been so quick

Lord H is getting on capitally
and his pulse is now down to
84. He has been twice out for
a drive, but people observe he
altered and ill he looks.

Yours Sincerely
p/d/ W. H. Boyd

Original returned to Wm. Bayley 7/9/58

[illegible]

August 21. 1858.

My dear Peyroft

With reference to my
Telegram of today, Lord H wishes
me to explain that he is quite will-
-ing to propose to the Supreme
Govt that Arjeendah should
have his pattahs, but he thinks
he should not be too ready to
give him the arrears without
his asking, and that too in a be-
-coming manner. He considers
that if care is not taken, it may
be supposed he gets his increase
in consequence of the Court
chasing

having complimented the
Commandant of Madras on the
good conduct. I have already
told you that Lord H wishes is
to be distinctly intimated to
this Court, that their good conduct
was owing to their being borne
by the preparations ~~they had made~~
for it, and not from their own
inclinations. If therefore the
increased pension ~~is given to~~
Agent Lab, it should be clear
that it is not in consideration
of his good conduct (for his con-
duct Lord H says was very bad
but as an increase ~~of liberality~~

on the part of Govt. Perhaps it would be well to obtain the authority of the Govt of India to give him his arrears if the Madras Govt think it right to do so. Lord D has no objection to this proviso.

I hope you will find some one instead of Walhouse to fill Trichinopoly.

Lord D started at 11 A. M. for Roterglierry, looking very cheerful - Robinson & others think him very much altered in appearance

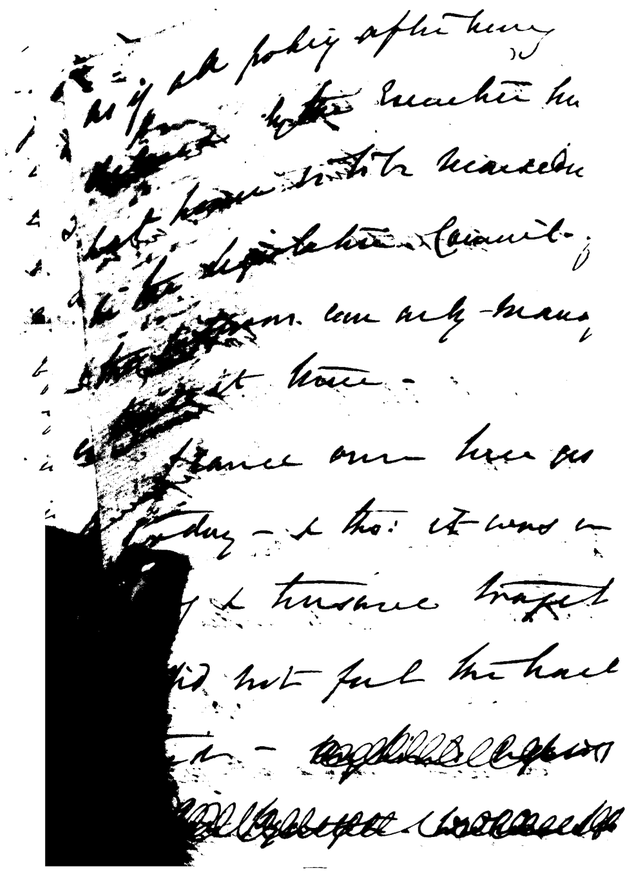
Original returned
H. W. Bayley 1/9/58

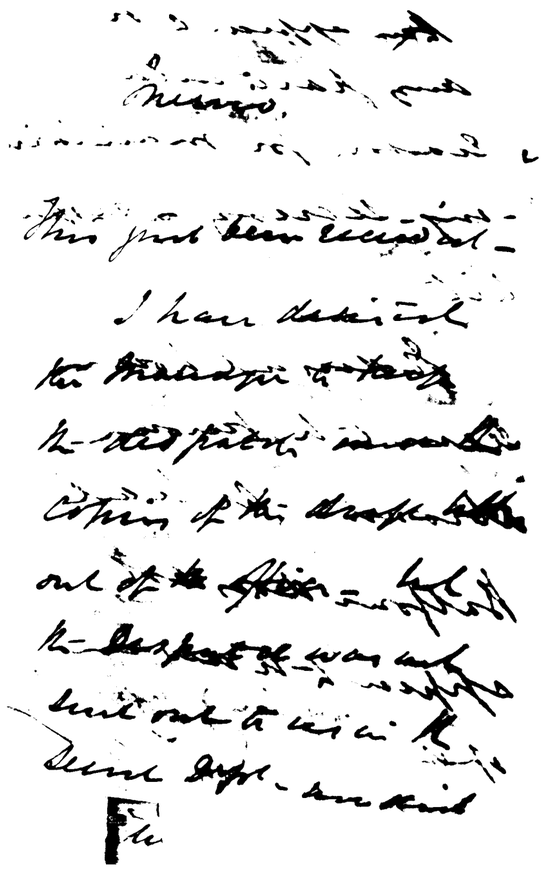
Yours Sincerely
H. B. Bayley

Aug 22

[illegible] hand - which I did not see
[illegible] hope at the time - which
[illegible] I think - is of great [illegible]
[illegible] as to keep God from
[illegible] especially in the appearance
[illegible] to what appeared to be
[illegible] natural - that is
[illegible] his decision - his will
[illegible] he spoke as did
[illegible] under that name
[illegible] practical - in which

coming to Egypt [illegible] this
book - I think - this will be
the probable effect -
scripture - that God
instructed Israel to [illegible]
the direction of the Supreme
G. the tents at present
standing [illegible]
house - if the Sabeans
still keep it just
as at present it appears





there appear to be
any particular
reason for maintain-
-ing secrecy in resp-
-ect.

~~[illegible]~~
~~[illegible] Known~~
~~[illegible]~~ [illegible]
~~[illegible]~~
appear to be ~~[illegible]~~
[illegible]

Ifend fr. a week wh
Rashid ud Daulah paid
me this forenoon to enquire
what arrangement was to
be made abt the family
[illegible]mbs, that the news of
the family desire to increase
the Princes Stipend is
already Known to the
family & I believe
generally to the people
of the town! [initials]
28/8/58

1855 - Sch - 4
563 - 3
563 - 5

of Council yesterday I gather that they, or at least the Hon. Mr Elliot in particular, do not take to [illegible] the views of the Court of the Princes & of the Mahomedan population of India, as would seem to be entertained by the R.t H.ble President —

It will scarcely be possible to draw up a letter to the Court of India, under the circumstances which shall correctly convey the views of the Collective Govt — Then if each Member writes a letter to the Court of Directors, with [illegible]

Member of Govt separately — or what, is a question of no small importance, would be far preferable, that each Member should record his opinion individually — & that Communications should be sent to the Govt of India, with whom it would rest to transmit them to the Court of Directors as they saw fit & [illegible]

JP

25-8-58.

I would communicate
to the Court [illegible]
the Cause [illegible] to
bear [illegible] but the Circumstances
existent of Misfeasance-
I give the Court to Understand, in Answering
that the Witness of the Cause [illegible]
of the Court [illegible] as the Court
cause [illegible] to Swear
to Answer Again Sake-
I make no Statement of the Circumstances
I Went to Court Thereby [illegible] to any fur-
ther Reading being now adjusted that any
Could to Counteract the Present Decis-
ion of the Court to Annihilate the Issue de-
cided, the Defendant Vehicle Prince
Again Sake

I should have proposed the Communication
to the Court of Rees to leave them in the
Book in which it was first draughted – X
It now of course be altered to meet the
views of the Hon.ble the President

I feel it however to be due to myself
in conformity with the opinion expressed
regarding Prince Azimtah on a former
occasion [Minute 23rd Octr 1857] to state that
I see nothing in his behaviour which should induce
the Court to withhold their ready assent to
the proposition of the Hon.ble Court to
restore in giving full effect & strong practically
to paying the full amount of the allowance
now proposed for him with arrears –
I cordially concur in supporting the Prayer
of

of the larger sum both because of his more
united to the Princes position as the
principal member of his family & because
a higher scale of allowance (£140,000
per annum) was appropriated to the late Prince
based on etiquette & to the feelings
the late & Female - The conduct of the Prince
as far as I am aware has been simply
that of a man suffering under severe
disappointment & showing by legitimate
application to those quarters to which an
appeal properly lay to obtain redress -
There is no question that the Mahomedan
population of southern India & have
largely in the excitement caused by the
events of the last year - It would have
been singular if they had not - & Yet

1

would have been surprising if many
of them had taken an active & hostile
part had the peace of the country been
broken - The double precautionary
measures adopted by the Govt & the Police
tended very materially to preserve tranquility
& to restrain the evil designs of the ill
disposed - But I have no reason to
believe that the Prince should be included
in those who have been marked by moderation & by a strong
& standing the advice openly tendered by the
Public Journals recommending him to follow
the example of the Emperor Paul & to
have recourse to legal proceedings
instituted himself with appealing to the
authorities in India & afterwards in
England in his endeavours to procure
more favorable terms - In every point of view

view I shd. greatly prefer therefore to see
the boon now granted & the liberality of
the Hon.ble Court bestowed in a manner &
Generous Spirit — The Govt. might do it now
consistently, in the 1st place & the Rajah to meet it,
by conceding it as a mark of consideration
for the Prince personally & without reference
to the Mussulman population generally.
The Court have probably fresh that the spirit
& demeanor of the Mohamedans was owing to
Jahn's personal influence — Doubtless his
example has not been without its effect — Both
his wealth with his fellow-Country men is
not great & I feel confident that whatever
Civil Counsels were debated in Privy Council
persons over whom he had no influence
& with whose proceedings he was little
acquainted —

Walter Scott

25/8/58

Thanks for the Memorandum

Political Department

No 576

Extract from the Minutes of Council dated 1st September 1858.

Read Despatch from the Secretary of State for India dated 7th July 1858. No 5 of 1858. Minute by the Hon'ble Walter Ellis (dated 25th August 1858) Resolved that the following letter be despatched to the Secretary of State for India under

Resolved that in reply to the despatch of the Secretary of State for India dated 7th July 1858 No 5 of 1858, the Secretary be instructed to state that the Government of Bengal, the Council of India, and the Lieutenant Governors of the North Western Provinces and Punjab, the Chief Commissioner of Oudh, and the Commissioner of Mysore, have been consulted by the Government of India on the subject of the proposed changes in the Civil Service Examinations, and that the Government of India has carefully considered the opinions of the above authorities, and has also considered the subject in all its bearings, and has arrived at the conclusion that the proposed changes are not expedient, and that the present system should be maintained.

Political 1858 Department

No.

Minute by the Hon'ble Walter Ellis Esquire

dated 26th August 1858.

Submits his views on the propositions contained in paras 5 & 6 of the Hon. the Secretary of State's Despatch dated 7th July No 5 of 1858.

8?

be assigned to him for life and should the Govt of India
Cancer in it.

2. The Government Sam
instructed to state are not
prepared to recommend that
the Prince's stipend be aug-
-mented as proposed, on the
considerations stated by the
Madras Govt, by the excellent
conduct of the Nabob and
punctual discharge of his pecuniary
engagements, in consequence of the influence
exercised over them by Prince
Azeem Jah. They do not be-
-lieve that the Prince did
exert any influence for
that object and they see no
reason for granting the pro-
-posal of the Nabob's
population, not to augment
the stipend on that ground
and

and display of power main-
-tained by this Government.
but for which they would not
have remained so orderly.
The Governor in Council would
be willing that the enhanced
stipend should be granted to
the Prince prospectively. and
in consideration of his now
good conduct. but as a mark
of the liberality of Govern-
-ment. Prince Azeem Jah
however, it is to be remem-
-bered, has hitherto refused
to receive the stipend, Rupees
1,00,000 per annum, originally
assigned him, and has been
informed that if he persisted
in his refusal it would not
at any future period be paid
to him in arrear. The Go-
-vernor in Council would
not wish to press that resol-
-ution. but he is of opinion

that

made to suppress any hostile movement which tended to intimidate and overawe them - and that had this determination not been thus manifested, there is no reason to suppose that they would have been so orderly.

Dispatch 1st Sept.

Political Department

No 567 21

To C. Beadon Esq.
Secretary to the Govt of India.
in the Foreign Department.

Sir,

In their Despatch to this Government, Political Department No 5 of 1858, 7th July on the affairs of the Carnatic Family, the Court of Directors paras 5 and 6 (for more convenience reference given in the margin) after noticing the stipend of one Lac of Rupees per annum, which at the instance of this Government had been assigned to Prince Azeem Jah by Nabob Mungly the late Nawaub, authorizing the stipend being raised to Lac and a half Rupees per annum, if this Government should be inclined to think that such an increased allowance might with propriety be

Para 5. To Prince Azeem Jah out of the [illegible] Rupees per annum which he received from the late Nawaub one Lac of Rupees per annum two Lacs assigned [illegible] have hearts reposed to receive [illegible] have impounded hopes that, if he [illegible] fend will not at any future

Para 6. Considering the high rank of the Prince, the influence of the numerous Mahomedan [illegible] cellent conduct of that Prince [illegible] Rupees, and considering also [illegible] receive not only 4,000 Rs per month [illegible] month from his mother Shaad [illegible] short of the sum of Rupees which [illegible] may perhaps be inclined to [illegible] a larger stipend, [illegible] a half per annum, might with [illegible] life. Should you be of this opinion [illegible] we authorize you to act as that opinion [illegible]

To Govt of India Pol. Dept. 17th June 1858 Para 5

To Govt of India 17th Sept 1856 Para 4

that if the stipend now au-
-thorized is allowed to be paid
in arrear, the disbursal of
the arrears should be con-
-tingent on application
being made for them by
the Princes and that in a le-
-coming manner. This Govt
would desire to be permitted
to exercise their discretion
in this respect.

3. I have to add that the
above views are not fully
assented to by all the Mem-
-bers of Government, and
I have to request attentio
to the Minutes which has
been recorded on the s
-ject by the Honorable Mr.
W. Elliot & the Honble Mr.
Morehead.

Pol. Dept
1 Sept 56.

Pol. 1858 Dept

No. 567.

From C. Brandon Esqre
Secy Legn Buenos
Foreign Affairs

Dated Montevideo 1st Sept 1858.

7 to 11