

1. Number of pages. 36
2. Date of repair. 10. 1. 36
3. Initials of Ref. *P*
M.R.O. 1-22,400-22-11-30.

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Pension DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 563

~~Press~~
Mis.

Dated 28-6-1882

Not to be folded or roughly handled

R.K.

2800-1823/82-

No. A. D. K.
10

(TREASURY ACCOUNT DEPARTMENT,
PENSION VERIFICATION BRANCH,

Fort Saint George,
Accountant-General's Office,

FROM

H. F. Chestnut Esq. 20th April 1882
OFFICE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL.

TO

MADRAS,

THE

*Collector of
South Canara.*

SIR,

With reference to your application for ^{pension} ~~redundancy~~ on behalf of *Manjeshwar Venkita, late Wigher, Sea Customs house Thessergas*

I have the honor to inform you that the final disposal of the application is delayed for want of Nos. 8, 9, 17, 23, 24 and 25.

2. I particularly request that the required information may be supplied without delay, this letter being retransmitted for submission to Government along with the other papers connected with the case.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant

183 Nov 1882

Assistant to the Accountant-General,
for Accountant-General.

1. House or country name of the applicant and that of his father.
2. Insertion in the column headed "How verified," on the second page of the application herewith returned, the class of records from which the applicant's services have been verified.
3. Explanation of apparent breaks and degradation opposite to No. 2 on the third page of the application herewith returned.
4. Insertion in detail, in the service book herewith returned of the several kinds of leave of absence other than privilege or casual leave enjoyed by the applicant.
5. Insertion in the service book herewith returned of the reason of termination of service on and for attestation of the entries thus made by the Head of the Office.
6. Insertion of the certificate opposite to No. 5 on the third page of the application that the applicant is inefficient owing to age or infirmity.

Applicant
7. Signature of the Head of the Office in the appropriate columns of the accompanying service book.

- X 8. Transmission of the true copy of the correspondence in connection with the applicant's ^{dismissal} ~~dismissal~~ in 1886 and ^{of the 40 sanctioning resolution of the applicant's appointment} ~~of the 40 sanctioning resolution of the applicant's appointment~~
- X 9. Explanation of the cause of delay of nearly ^{months} ~~months~~ in the submission of the application.
10. Explanation why the applicant was retained in service up to ^{when the} ~~when the~~ medical certificate declaring him to be unfit for further service was dated the

11. Explanation why the applicant was removed from the service before his incapacity for further service was duly established by a certificate.

12. Explanation why the medical certificate is post-dated to the extent of ^{days} _{months} the applicant having ceased to do duty on.

13. Information as to whether the applicant applied for his ^{pension} _{gratuity} during his life time; if so, when he applied and when he died.

14. Information as to the name of the applicant's heir entitled to receive the gratuity or the amount of arrears of pension due to him.

15. Revision of the affidavit and contemporary evidence. The evidence should contain information on the following points:—

(a.) Whether the applicant was in permanent employ of Government.

(b.) Whether there were any breaks in the continuity of his service and whether he was at any time absent on leave other than privilege; if so, the nature of such breaks and the duration of such leave of absence should, as far as possible, be specified.

16. Information as to whether the appointment of ^{to} _{in which the applicant is stated to have} been acting from ^{to} _{was fully vacant, and whether any person, save the applicant,} counted service in it during that period.

17. Information as to whether any endeavours were taken to provide a suitable appointment for the applicant. The amount of saving effected to Government by the abolition of his appointment in the Revision of Establishment should be stated.

18. Insertion of the several rates of acting allowance separately from pay.

19. A few more personal marks to facilitate identification.

20. Certificate to the effect that the applicant appeared before a Medical Officer in view to his being examined as to whether he has or has not the normal prospects of life, vide Rule 5, Section 105 of the Civil Pension Code.

21. Specific report as to the nature of the investigation made and the conclusion arrived at by the Head of the Office, in respect of the portion of service not verifiable from office records.

22. Information as to whether the applicant's detachment on temporary duty from ^{to} _{was on the understanding that when the temporary duty should cease, he would revert to his substantive} appointment. Copy of any departmental order on the subject should also be forwarded.

23. Information as to why the applicant's name does not appear in the ^{Annual Return} _{on record in this office.} ^{for 1877}

The name of one Appanna is however shown in place of the Applicant.

24. Information as to the dates from and up to which the Applicant was absent without leave, in consequence of which he was dismissed from his appointment in June 1866.

25. Information as to whether there exists any objection on the part of the Collector's Office to the Applicant being granted an Invalid instead of a Compensation pension as proposed by the Collector, in consideration of the Applicant being more than 60 years of age.

N^o 1015 Replies

8. A translation of the order N^o 33/66 directing the Applicant's dismissal and a copy of G.O.

N^o 653.

dated 27th May 1881, N^o 838, Revenue directing the abolition of his appointment are herewith forwarded.

9. The delay in the submission of the application is due to the necessity for references & re-references to subordinate Officers in connection with the verification of the Applicant's services.

17. The amount of saving effected to Government by the abolition of the Applicant's post is Rs 6 per mensem.

23. The Annual Return for 1877 does not contain the names of menial servants whose posts alone are indicated therein and accordingly the Applicant's post of peon stands entered in the Office copy of the above Return maintained in this Office. The name of one Kilpadi Appannaiah (and not Appanna) is shown against the entry "Shroff" and not in

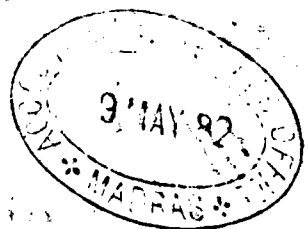
place of the applicant.

24. The Applicant is reported to have been absent without leave from the 22^d to the 25th April 1866.

25. As the Applicant's case fulfils the required conditions, there is no objection to granting him an Invalid instead of a Compensation Pension.

South Canara
Collector's Office
Mangalore
4th May 1882

J. Hurroth
Ag. Collector



Translation of an

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Extract from the Shakhboshi of the Salt Dy
Collector for 1866. N^o 33.

Mangalore 28th May 1866.

To The Salt Superintendent at Nileshwar.

Order on Arjee N^o 31. The above said Venkata absented without leave and proceeded on private affairs. Besides this he also stated that he was on leave, which is a falsehood. He is therefore not fit to be trusted. I therefore do not deem it proper to keep this man in the service, and accordingly, I order his dismissal. A competent man will be appointed to his post and sent to you. The enclosures of your Stillah are returned. Till the arrival of the man who will be appointed in lieu of him you will employ the Ag. man on his work and pay him the full salary of the post. These changes should, as usual, be entered in the Barawards (Pay abstracts).

True Translation

J. Hurroth
Ag. Collector

[27th June 1881, No. 1,174.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE, dated 27th June 1881.
No. 1,174.

Read—the following Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department, dated 27th May 1881, No. 838.

Read the following papers:—

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 11th January 1881, No. 20.

Read the following letter from H. W. BLISS, Esq., Commissioner of Salt Revenue, to C. A. GALTON, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Madras, 23rd December 1880, No. 8,629:—

By the Government Order marginally noted it was ordered that bonded warehouses be maintained for the reception of dutiable salt at the following ports on the West Coast:—

South Canara.

Kundapur.
Hangerkatta.
Mulki.
Mangalore.
Kásaragód.

Malabar.

Cannanore.
Tellicherry.
Calicut.
Beypore.
Badagara.
Ponáni.
Cochin.

2. The quantity of salt actually bonded at these places has been as follows in the last two years:—

<i>South Canara.</i>			<i>Malabar.</i>		
		Maunds.			Maunds.
Kundapur	...	...	Cannanore	...	...
Hangerkatta	...	...	Tellicherry	...	...
Mulki	...	...	Calicut	...	30,048
Mangalore	...	46,920	Beypore	...	8,466
Kásaragód	...	11,580	Badagara	...	3,630
			Ponáni	...	68,626
			Cochin	...	10,381

3. Since, however, the above Government Order was passed the Portuguese treaty has put a stop to the import on the West Coast of dutiable salt from Goa and Damaun, and the only dutiable salt likely to be received in future is the very small quantity which occasionally comes in from Arabia (655 maunds only in the last two years) and salt imported from Bombay under the new rules (*vide* G.O., 9th April 1880, No. 425, Revenue Department). It will not be warrantable to continue to incur the heavy expense of keeping up the bonded warehouses, of which the pay of the Police guards forms the chief item, for the sake of the dutiable salt from Arabia.

Mangalore.
Cannanore.
Tellicherry.
Calicut.

Beypore.
Badagara.
Ponáni.
Cochin.

That from Bombay can only be imported at the ports noted in the margin. I have the honor, therefore, to suggest that the bonded warehouses at the other ports be closed, and the guards (where entertained)

withdrawn, as soon as the stock of Goa, &c., salt which they now contain is cleared for consumption. If this suggestion is approved, a notification will be required to be published by Government in the *Fort St. George Gazette* under Sections 14 and 205 of Act VIII of 1878.

4. I may mention that as yet no dutiable salt has come in from Bombay under the new rules above referred to. If the trade does not soon take advantage of them, I think their extension to the ports mentioned above should be withdrawn, for it is not reasonable that Government should be put to the expense of maintaining guards and bonded warehouses for an indefinite time for the convenience of a trade which neglects to avail itself of their existence.

SUBMITTED for the orders of Government.

2. The Board support Mr. Bliss' proposal.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) C. A. GALTON,
Secretary.

No. 25.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM.

WITH reference to the Salt Commissioner's letter embodied in the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 11th instant, No. 20, the undersigned is directed to inquire why the bonded warehouses at Cannanore and Tellicherry, where no salt has been bonded during the last two years, should not also be closed.

2. It should be stated whether any Police guards are maintained at the two ports above named and at Kundapur, Hangerkatta and Mulki, and what the expense incurred for keeping up bonded warehouses, other than the cost of Police, is.

20th January 1881.

To the Commissioner of Salt Revenue.

(Signed) C. G. MASTER,
Secretary to Government.

From H. W. BLISS, Esq., Commissioner of Salt Revenue, to the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, dated Madras, 31st March 1881, No. 2994.

REFERRING to Official Memorandum, No. 25, dated 20th January 1881, I have the honor to state that I did not recommend the closing of the bonded warehouses at Cannanore and Tellicherry, as they are two of the ports to which the system of exporting salt under bond from Bombay has been extended (*vide* G.O., 9th April 1880, No. 425, Revenue Department). As I have already pointed out,* the Bond Rules have never been properly promulgated, nor has the Bombay Government apparently taken the necessary steps to allow of their being brought into force. No definite conclusion can therefore be formed as to the retention or otherwise of the bonded warehouses at these or any of the other ports named in Mr. Crole's letter recorded in the Government Order quoted above until the Bond Rules have had a fair trial.

2. A Police guard of one (third grade) Head Constable and of three Constables, one of each grade, has been sanctioned for the guarding of each of the bonded warehouses on the West Coast. The guards at Cannanore and Tellicherry are still maintained, as there are still uncleared stocks of Government salt; but those for the other three ports mentioned in paragraph 2 of the Official Memorandum appear to have been employed on port watch duty, as their services are not now required for the guarding of the warehouses which have been cleared of the salt stored in them. These port watch guards should evidently be charged to Customs.

3. The other expenses incidental to the keeping up of the bonded warehouses are the cost of the establishment and the repairs, &c., to the buildings. There have been no separate establishments sanctioned to look after the bonded warehouses; but the Collectors of Malabar and South Canara state that if the bonded warehouses are closed, reductions in the amalgamated Salt and Sea Customs Establishments are feasible to the extent shown in the enclosed statements.

4. The expenditure on works has been as follows on the average of the past two years:—

	South Canara.	RS.
Mangalore...	...	1,578
Other Depôts, &c.	...	1,150
Total ...		2,728

[27th June 1881, No. 1,174.]

	Malabar.	RS.
Cannanore ...	...	665
Tellicherry ...	...	122
Calicut ...	...	437
Bey pore ...	...	485
Badagara ...	...	51
Ponani ...	...	592
Cochin ...	...	61
Total ...		2,413

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

Letter from H. W. BLISS, Esq., Commissioner of Salt Revenue, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Madras, 24th March 1881, No. 2,644.

I HAVE the honor to submit the report called for in the Board's Proceedings, No. 259, dated 14th February 1881.

2. I fail to see that O. Cannan has in any way suffered by his appointment as Assistant Commissioner of Salt Revenue on the same pay as he drew as Deputy Collector, nor do I think that he can in future suffer. Considering his length of service and his age, and that he is no longer physically equal to much work, I should think that, if he was replaced in the Deputy Collectors' list, he was not likely to remain in the service long enough for the slow rate of promotion among the Deputy Collectors to bring him up to second class before his retirement.

3. Mr. Logan proposes that he shall be allowed to revert to the Deputy Collectors' list and be appointed to the charge of the Ponani Division. Considering the probability of early action being taken with the view of the establishment of a Departmental Preventive Force in the Malabar District, in the organization of which Cannan's long experience of the district should be most useful, I consider that it will be better to retain him in the Salt Department until the new system is fairly established. Should he then desire to leave the department (say about June next year), I should raise no objection.

4. The reason why no dutiable salt is being imported under the Bond Rules appears to be that the Bombay Government has not yet withdrawn the requirement of the prepayment of duty. It is difficult to understand how this can be, for in their letter printed with G.O., 11th June 1880, No. 643, they distinctly stated that orders had been issued to bring the Bond Rules into force. The merchants say, however, that their Bombay Agents inform them that the prepayment of duty is still insisted on, and no reason is apparent for their not speaking the truth. I would suggest that application be made to the Bombay Government on the subject.

5. In connection with this question, I may mention that I find on inquiry that, though the leading salt merchants on the West Coast appear to be aware of their purport, the Bond Rules have never been properly promulgated in the districts to which they apply. I enclose draft of a notification on the subject which I propose to publish in the local District Gazettes, and request instructions as to whether I should refrain from doing so pending the reply to the reference above recommended to be made to the Bombay Government.

6. In the mean time I do not think it can be concluded that dutiable imports have permanently ceased. They seem to me likely to revive, especially in the Malabar District. The Mangalore salt merchants complain that they cannot take advantage of the Bond Rules because vessels of 300 tons burden cannot pass the Mangalore Bar, and because the expense of landing cargo in boats will be so great as to neutralise the benefit of the removal of the requirement of the prepayment of duty. This seems to me to be very doubtful. But no definite conclusion can be formed until the Bond Rules have had a fair trial. If the Mangalore merchants see that the rules are practically beneficial in Malabar, they will no doubt endeavour to take advantage of them.

7. Mr. Logan next proposes that, because the only duty of the salt establishments, after the final cessation of dutiable imports, will be the suppression of illicit manufacture, that duty should in future be entrusted to the Collector. With respect to this, it occurs to me as possible that, owing to his recent absence on furlough, Mr. Logan has not followed the discussions which have led to the decision to establish a Departmental Salt Preventive Force throughout the Presidency. I do not think that it requires any argument to show that salt preventive work can on the average and in the long run be far more efficiently performed in any given district by a force forming a part of a complete and powerful organization whose operations extend to the whole Presidency than by a separate and weakly local force without *esprit de corps* or the incentive of emulation, and destitute of the advantage of a centralised administra-

tion by officers who have no other duties to occupy their time and thoughts. It was on these very considerations that the appointment of Commissioner of Salt Revenue was created and jurisdiction in matters relating to the salt revenue withdrawn from Collectors; and that the District Magistrates were formerly relieved of the duty of working, each for himself, a District Police of notorious inefficiency because so worked, and the whole duty of Police administration placed in the hands of a single officer assisted by a competent staff. The beneficial results of the latter measure are too well known to require recapitulation. Time is required to show whether the creation of the Salt Department will lead to a success as great as that of the Police. But the new system should be allowed a fair chance. Mr. Logan's proposal to abandon it before it has been fully developed appears to me as inadvisable as would have been a proposal by his predecessor, in (say) 1860, to withdraw Malabar from the operation of the Mofussil Police Act, and to resubject it to the system under which the Collector was Policeman as well as Magistrate, and which had been proved to be a failure.

8. As to the concluding portion of Mr. Logan's letter, I remark that the question of the control of the West Coast Sea Customs is now before Government, and that the appointment of a gazetted officer to the charge of the Salt and Customs Departments in Malabar will not be necessary if they are pleased to adopt my views on the subject.

9. The enclosures to the Board's Proceedings under reply are herewith returned.

ENCLOSURE No. 2.

STATEMENT showing the Proposed Reductions in the Amalgamated Salt and Sea Customs Departments in the District of Malabar.

Stations.	Appointments.	Monthly Salary.	Total.
Cannanore ...	1 Assistant Superintendent ... 2 Peons, at Rs. 6 each ...	RS. 30 12	RS. 42
Tellicherry ...	1 Assistant Superintendent ... 2 Peons, at Rs. 6 each ...	30 12	42
Badagara ...	1 Assistant Superintendent ... 1 Shroff ... 1 Weigher ... 2 Peons, at Rs. 6 each ...	30 15 7 12	64
Calicut ...	1 Assistant Superintendent ... 1 Fourth Clerk ... 1 Weigher ... 4 Peons, at Rs. 6 each ...	50 15 7 24	96
Bey pore ...	1 Assistant Superintendent ... 1 Second Clerk ... 1 Shroff ... 1 Weigher ... 2 Peons, at Rs. 6 each ... 1 Masalchi ...	30 15 15 7 12 5	84
Ponani ...	1 Assistant Superintendent ... 1 Weigher ... 2 Peons, at Rs. 6 each ...	30 7 12	49
Chowghat ...	1 Clerk ... 1 Masalchi ...	15 5	20
Cochin ...	1 Assistant Superintendent ... 1 Peon ...	30 6	36
Grand Total ...			433

ENCLOSURE No. 3.

STATEMENT showing the Proposed Reductions in the Amalgamated Salt and Sea Customs Departments in the District of South Canara.

Stations.	Appointments.	Monthly Salary.	Total.
Kundapur ...	1 Shroff ... 1 Peon ... 1 Weigher ...	RS. 10 6 6	RS. 22
Hangerkatta ...	1 Shroff ... 1 Peon ... 1 Weigher ...	10 6 6	22
Mulki ...	1 Shroff ... 1 Peon ... 1 Weigher ...	10 6 6	22
Kasaragód ...	1 Assistant Superintendent* ... 1 Peon ... 2 Weighers† on Rs. 6 each ...	20 6 12	38
Grand Total ...			104

* The services of the Assistant Superintendent will be required until the salt at present in the bonded warehouse is cleared.

† One of these weighers has already been dispensed with in consequence of the abolition of the Salt Depot at Nileshwar.

Order thereon, 27th May 1881, No. 836, Revenue.

Separate Revenue, No. 43.

Salt.

* Kundapur. | Mulki.
Hangerkatta. | Kasaragód.

THE Government observe that the Salt Commissioner's proposal to close the bonded warehouses is restricted to the four ports* named in the margin. At the first three of these, it is stated, there is no salt whatever, the old stocks having been cleared. The bonded warehouses at these ports may be accordingly closed. It does not appear whether any old warehoused salt still remains at the fourth, viz., Kasaragód. If there is any, the bonded warehouse there may be closed as soon as it is cleared. The approved reductions of establishment will be made when the warehouses are closed.

2. As regards guards, it appears that those at the first three of the ports above named have been detached to other duty, viz., port watch, and Mr. Bliss considers that their cost should be debited to Customs. The port watch, however, is apparently intended chiefly, if not solely, for the protection of the Salt Revenue, to which is credited the import duty on salt; but before deciding as to the necessity of retaining these guards at all, the Government desire to have the Board's opinion as to whether, under the operation of the Salt Transport Act and the Goa Treaty, any need still exists for port watch.

3. The Board will also consider whether it is really necessary to maintain guards at places where there is no salt in bond, simply because these are places where imports under bond are allowable and may hereafter take place, though there have been none hitherto, and whether it will not suffice if guards are entertained when actually required.

4. The Government await the Board's remarks on the important facts now casually brought to their notice by Mr. Bliss, to wit, that the concession as to salt being imported under bond from Bombay has never been properly promulgated, and that merchants complain that prepayment of duty is still insisted on at Bombay.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) C. G. MASTER,
Offg. Chief Secretary.

Resolution—

COMMUNICATED to the Commissioner of Salt Revenue.

2. The Collectors of Malabar and South Canara are requested to report with reference to paragraphs 2 and 3 of the Order.

3. With regard to paragraph 4, the Board beg leave to refer Government to paragraph 2 of their Proceedings, dated 12th April 1881, No. 653, wherein, upon receipt of Mr. Bliss' letter, dated 24th March 1881, No. 2,644, they suggested that the Government of Bombay should be addressed with regard to the export of salt under bond.

(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) E. GIBSON,
Acting Secretary.

To the Commissioner of Salt Revenue.

„ Collector of Malabar.

„ Collector of South Canara.

„ Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.

Exd. A. F. Goodall;

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1 o	2 a	3 a	4 x	5 x	6 e	7 e	8 v	9 f	10 o	11 o	12 o
Name of appointment. ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಹೆಸರು.	Nature, i.e., whether substan- tive or acting, permanent or temporary. ರೀತಿ ಅಂದರೆ : ಸ್ವಂತವೇ ಬದಲಿ ಯೇ ಖಾಯಮೇ ಹಂಗಾಮಿಯೇ ಯಂಬದು.	Substantive appointment, if the new appointment be acting only. ಹೊಸ ಉದ್ಯೋಗವು ಬದಲಿಮಾತ್ರ ವಾಗಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಸ್ವಂತ ಉದ್ಯೋಗ.	Pay. ಸಂಬಳ.	Acting allow- ance. ಬದಲಿ ಅಲೀಯ ವು.	Date of ap- point- ment. ಮೊಕರ ರಾಯಿ ತಾರೀಖು.	Signature of Officer. ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ನ ದಸ್ತು.	Character of Officer. ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಯೋಗ್ಯತೆ. No entry need be made in this Column except when there is any thing either good or bad to be recorded. Suspensions should be noted here when the order of suspension is passed. ಒಳ್ಳೆದಾಗಿರಬೇಕಾದ ಕೆಲವು ದ್ದಾಗಿರಬೇಕಾದ ಇದ್ದ ರೇನೇನೆಯಾದ ಯಾವ ಖತಾಯಿಯನ್ನೂ ಈ ಮದ್ದಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆದಿರಬೇಕಾದದ್ದು. ಸಸ್ಪೆನ್ಷನ್ ನುಗಳನ್ನು ಸಸ್ಪೆನ್ಷನ್ ಹುಕುಂ ಕೊಟ್ಟಾಗ ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆಯತಕ್ಕದ್ದು.	Signature and design- ation of immediate head of the Office. ಅಧೀನದಲ್ಲಿ ನೇರ ಮೇಲಿನ ಮುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥನ ದಸ್ತು-ವ- ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಹೆಸರು.	Date of termina- tion of ap- pointment. ಉದ್ಯೋಗ ಅಂತ್ಯದ ತಾರೀಖು.	Reason of termi- nation, e.g., transfer, promotion, return of permanent incumbent. ಅವೈಕಲ್ಯಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬ ಬ ಅಂದರೆ :—ವರ್ಗ ವೇ- (ಪ್ರೋಮೋಷನ್) ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಉದ್ಯೋಗಕ್ಕೆ ಹೋದ್ದೇ- ಕಾಯಂ- ಅಸಾಮಯಾ ವಾಪಸ್ ಬಂದಬಿಟ್ಟು ನೇ ಯಂ ಬದು.	Signature and design- ation of immediate head of the Office. ಅಧೀನದಲ್ಲಿ ನೇರ ಮೇಲಿನ ಮುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥನ ದಸ್ತು-ವ- ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಹೆಸರು.
Kolkar in Man- jeshwar Salt Depot	Permanent	—	4	—	18 Dec 1834		A. Suspended for 1 month & 17 days from 13 th January to end of February 1846, for neglect of duty while a peon in ledwag.		30 Nov Promotion 1839		
Measur in Ban- khal Salt Depot	Ditto	—	4. 8	—	1 st Dec 1839				10 th Apr Transfer 1840 at his own request.		
Kolkar in ditto	Ditto	—	4	—	11 th Oct 1840				13 Dec Ditto 1840		
Kolkar in Man- jeshwar d:	D:	—	4	—	11 th Dec 1840		B. Suspended for 3 months from 15 th July to 11 th Oct 1840 (while a peon in the Fort at the Tappal Station) for having delayed the mail for two hours in its transit.		31 st Jan Promotion 1842		
Tappal Peon at Manjeshwar	D:	—	5	—	1 st Feb 1842				31 st May Transfer 1845		
Ditto at Adma	D:	—	5	—	1 st June 1845				11 Jan 1846		
Tappal peon at Permanent Adma.	—	—	5	—	1 st March 1846		C. Dismissed from service on 1 st June 1846 for having absented himself from his duty without leave and falsely attested that he was on leave in consequence whereof he was found untrustworthy. (See Salt Deputy Collector's order N ^o 34 dated 28 th May 1846.)		31 st July Transfer 1846		
Ditto at Mangalore war.	D:	—	5	—	1 st Aug 1846				30 June Ditto 1847		
Ditto at Perlabetta in Bandwal Taluk	D:	—	5	—	1 st July 1847				11 th July 1856		
Tappal peon at Perlabetta	D:	—	5	—	15 th Feb 1850				20 Nov Transfer 1851		
D: at Anucha madka.	D:	—	5	—	21 st Nov 1851				30 June Ditto 1851 at his own request.		
Police Peon in Panthar Taluk.	D:	—	4	—	1 st July 1854				31 st Jan Ditto 1855		
Kolkar in Man- jeshwar Salt Depot	D:	—	4	—	1 st Feb 1855				30 Nov Promotion 1860		
Revenue peon Kasara Taluk	D:	—	5	—	1 st Jan 1860				8 th March Transfer 1861 at his own request.		

Handwritten notes and signatures in the right margin, including 'A. Suspended for 1 month & 17 days from 13th January to end of February 1846, for neglect of duty while a peon in ledwag.' and 'Dismissed from service on 1st June 1846 for having absented himself from his duty without leave and falsely attested that he was on leave in consequence whereof he was found untrustworthy. (See Salt Deputy Collector's order N^o 34 dated 28th May 1846.)'

1 o	2 a	3 a	4 a	5 a	6 a	7 a	8 a	9 a	10 a	11 a	12 a
Name of appointment. ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಹೆಸರು.	Nature, i.e., whether substan- tive or acting, permanent or temporary. ರಿತೆ ಅಂದರೆ: ಸ್ಥಾಂತವೇ ಬದಲಿ ಯೇ ಖಾಯಮೇ ಹಂಗಾಮಿಯೇ ಯೆಂಬುದು.	Substantive appointment, if the new appointment be acting only. ಹೊಸ ಉದ್ಯೋಗವು ಬದಲಿವಾತ ವಾಗಿಯಾದರೆ ತನ್ನ ಸ್ಥಾಂತ ಉದ್ಯೋಗ.	Pay. ಸಂಬಳ.	Acting allow- ance. ಬದಲಿ ಅಲೋಯ ನ್ನು.	Date of ap- point- ment. ಮೊಕರ ರಾಯ ತಾರೀಖು.	Signature of Officer. ಉದ್ಯೋಗ ನ ದಸ್ತುತ.	Character of Officer. ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಯೋಗ್ಯತೆ. No entry need be made in this Column except when there is any thing either good or bad to be recorded. Suspensions should be noted here when the order of suspension is passed. ಒಳ್ಳೆಯದಾಗಿಯಾಗಲಿ ಕೆಟ್ಟದ್ದಾಗಿಯಾಗಲಿ ಇದ್ದ ರೇನೇನೆಯಾದ ಯಾವ ಖತಾಯತಿಯನ್ನೂ ಈ ಮುದ್ದಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆದಿಡಕೂಡದು. ಸಸ್ಪೆನ್ಷನ್‌ಗಳನ್ನು ಸಸ್ಪೆನ್ಷನ್ ಹುಕುಂ ಕೂಡಲ್ಪಟ್ಟ ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆಯತಕ್ಕದ್ದು.	Signature and design- ation of immediate head of the Office. ಅಧೀನದಲ್ಲಿ ನೇರವೇರಿನ ಮುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥನ ದಸ್ತುತ-ವ- ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಹೆಸರು.	Date of termi- nation of ap- pointment. ಉದ್ಯೋಗ ಅಖಿರಾದ ತಾರೀಖು.	Reason of termi- nation, e.g., transfer, promotion, return of permanent incumbent. ಅಖಿರ ಆದ್ದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಬ ಬ ಅಂದರೆ:-ವರ್ಗ ವಿ- (ಪ್ರೋಮೋಷನ್) ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಉದ್ಯೋಗಕ್ಕೆ ಹೋದ್ದೇ- ಕಾಯಂ ಅಸಾಮಿಯು ವಾಪಸು ಬಂದಬಿಟ್ಟನೇ ಯಂ ಬದು.	Signature and design- ation of immediate head of the Office. ಅಧೀನದಲ್ಲಿ ನೇರವೇರಿನ ಮುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥನ ದಸ್ತುತ-ವ- ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಹೆಸರು.
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Name. *Mangeshwar Venkata*
 Caste or Race. *Yerriger*
 Residence. *Changanur, District of Channarayana*
 Name. *Yerriger*
 Residence. *Changanur*
 Date of birth. *15 January 1812*
 Date of birth. *15 January 1812*

End 1783/18
 SERVICE BOOK
ಸರ್ವಿಸ್ ಬುಕ್

No 653

APPLICATION FOR PENSION OR GRATUITY.

1. Name of Applicant. *Mangeshwar Venkata.*
2. Father's name. *Bantu.*
3. ^{Place} Sect or Caste. *Cilimonger (Hindu).*
4. Residence. *Shoring Bangra Mangeshwar in Kasan*
Village & Pargannah - god Taluk.
5. Present or last employment. *Higher, Sea Customs House,*
including name of establishment Kasaragod.
6. Date of beginning service. *18 December 1834.*
7. Date of end of service. *31st October 1881.*
8. Length of service including breaks ...

	Y.	M.	D.
of which superior	...	...	...
inferior	...	...	...
non-qualifying and breaks	...	...	...
9. Class of {pension} applied for, and cause of application* ... *Compensation and Invalid Pension under Section 117 Cl. 6 of the Civil Pension Code*
10. [Average] emoluments or pay. *Rs. 6.*
11. Proposed pension. *Rs. 3.*
12. Proposed gratuity. *"*
13. Date from which to commence. *1st November 1881*
14. Place of payment. *Taluk Treasury, Kasaragod*
15. Age of Applicant on this date. *15th January 1812.*
by Christian era
16. Height. *5 Feet and 2 Inches.*
17. Marks. *A Scar of an ulcer on the front of the leg 3 inches below the knee. Two circular marks each about an inch long on the abdomen.*
18. Date. *21 March 1882.*

* If the application is for a compensation, pension or gratuity, the nature of the change of establishment which has given rise to the claim should be fully stated.

31 MAR 82
 Signature of the Head of Office.

HISTORY OF THE SERVICE (SHOWING BREAKS) OF
Managerial Services, Inc.

[illegible]

Tajpal Room of Vidma -	5	1st March 31st July 1846	5			
Tajpal Room of Manginwar	5	1st August 30th June 1846	11			
Tajpal Room of Parla -	5	1st July 1849 14th July 1850	1	114		
Better -						
Tajpal Room of Parla Better	5	15th October 20th November 1850 1851	1	6		
Tajpal Room of Amchandra	5	21st November 30th June 1851 1854	2	10		
Room in the Guljar Tank	4	1st July 1854 31st January 1855	7			
Cut Cherry	4	1st February 30th November 1855 1856	10			
Holkar in the Salt Debt at Manginwar in Bekal Taluk	4					
Revenue - Bom, Bekal Taluk Cut cherry	5	1st December 8th March 1860 1861	3	8		

28TH JUNE 1882, No. 563, PENSION.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

PENSION DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following papers :—

From the Acting Collector of South Canara, dated 21st March 1882.

Certificate and report from H. F. CLOGSTOUN, Esq., Officiating Accountant-General, to the Under Secretary to Government, Pension Department, dated Fort St. George, 15th June 1882, No. A.D.J.-68 :—

Certified that, should Government be pleased to condone the break caused by dismissal intervening between 1st June and 31st August 1866 and to commute the applicant's absence without leave from 22nd to 25th April 1866 into leave without allowances, qualifying service in inferior grades will be duly proved for forty-six years, one month, and five days, and an invalid pension not exceeding Rs. 3 per mensem, equal to half-pay, will be admissible under Sections 103 and 117 (b) of the Civil Pension Code, 5th Edition.

2. The calculations have been duly verified.

3. The delay in the submission of this application is explained by the Collector in his reply to this office objection memorandum, No. A.D.K.-10, dated 20th April 1882.

4. In accordance with Rule 4 under Section 130, the attention of Government is respectfully solicited to Section 65 of the Code.

5. Although the applicant's removal from the service was due to reduction of establishment and he was therefore entitled to a compensation pension, yet, as his age is more than sixty years, this office has deemed it proper to recommend the grant of an invalid, in lieu of a compensation, pension. This recommendation has the approval of the Collector.

ORDER—dated 28th June 1882, No. 563, Pension.

Under Sections 103 and 117 (b) of the Civil Pension Code (5th Edition), the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to grant to Manjeshwar Venkta, late Weigher, Sea Custom House, Kásaragód, South Canara District, an invalid pension of Rs. (3) three per mensem, payable at Kásaragód from 1st November 1881, in consideration of his qualifying inferior service of forty-six years, one month, and five days.

2. Under Section 98 (a) of the above Code, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to condone the interruption of three months, from 1st June to 31st August 1866, in the service of the above individual.

APPLICATION FOR { PENSION OR GRATUITY —

Date of Application. 21st March 1882

Name of Applicant. M. Venkta

Last Appointment. Weigher Sea Custom House Kásaragód

Class of { pension or gratuity

Amount of pension sanctioned.

Amount of gratuity sanctioned.

Date of commencement.

Date of sanction.

With order 563 of 82

2

. 28TH JUNE 1882, No. 563, PENSION.

3. The period of absence without leave, from 22nd to 25th April 1866, has also been commuted into leave without allowances under Rule 7, Section 93, of the above Code.

(True Extract.)

J. D. REES,
Acting Under Secy. to Govt.

To the Accountant-General, with Register.
„ Collector of South Canara.

Exd. J. W. Fischer.

Gobt. of (1882) Madras.
PENSION.

Order, dated 28th June 1882, No. 563.

Pension.—Granting an invalid pension of Rs. 3 per mensem to M. Venkta, late Weigher, Sea Custom House, Kasaragod, South Canara District.

PENSION DEPARTMENT.

Proceedings of the Madras Government.

Read the following papers:—

From the *Ag. Collector of South Canara dated 21 March 1882*
Accountant-General, dated *15th June 1882 No. A.O.S. 68.*

ORDER THEREON, *28th June/82 No. 563*

UNDER Sections *103 and 117 (b)*
of the Civil Pension Code (5th Edition), the
Right Honorable the Governor in Council is
pleased to grant to *Manjeshwar*
Venkta late Weigher, Sea
Customs House
Kasaragod South Canara
District an invalid pension
of Rupees (*3*)
Three per mensem

payable at *Kasaragod* from
1st November 1881
in consideration of his qualifying *Superior*
service of *Forty six* years, *one*
months and *five* days.

2 Under Section 98(a) of the
above code, the Right Honorable
the Governor in Council is
pleased to condone the
interruption of 3 months,
from 1st June to 31st Aug 1866,

To the Accountant-General, with Register.

Collector of S. Canara
The
10th Sept 6-7-82

in the Service of the above individual.

3. The period of absence without leave, from 22^d to 28^d April 1866, has also been commuted into leave without allowances under Rule 7 Section 93 of the above Code.

24-6-89
26/6

[Faint, mostly illegible handwritten text, possibly bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]

23/

Anthony

Gobt. of (1882) Madras.

PENSION.

To

THE ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL,

&c., &c., &c.

Dated

28th June 1882

Despd.

8th July

Reed.

G.O., 28th June 1882 No 563

Granting an annual pension

of Rs 3 per mensem to M.
Venkata late Meighen & Co
Customs House Kavaratti
South Canara District

23/