

Public Works (1897) Department.

G.O., No. 530 W

DATED 23 February 1897

[Despatch Abstract.]

Collector's Office, Trichinopoly: Pro: Revenue
Dept transferring with remarks Board Pro:
reporting that the construction of a mud wall
round the — may be sanctioned in lieu
of plain wire fencing. Comd to S.E. with
a plan & estimate ordered to be submitted.

IN THE PROVINCE OF

B

FURTHER PAPERS.

FURTHER PAPERS.

Public Works (1897) Department.

CURRENT No. 1315

From

The Revenue Dept.

Commenced to

No. 554.

The Super. Sup. VI Circle,
with reference to his letter
May 1884 J.C. D. 6 Nov-
1896. A plan & estimate
for a new wall with
a tiled coping shown
accordingly be submitted

Dated 28. 1. 97

Received 5.2.97

Registered 5.2.97

Enclosures

Spare copies

SUBJECT.

Transferring, with remarks,
to the P. W. D. B. P. reporting that
the construction of a mud wall
round the Collector's Office, Trichi-
-nopoly, may be sanctioned in lieu
of plain wire fencing.

24/7/9

Resolution.

2. The Board, however, ventures to add that its opinion as to the neatness, economy and efficiency of wire fencing remains unaltered.

as to the neatness, economy
remains unaltered.
Read also Office Note from the P.W.D. No. 319C, d^y 20th January 1897.
January 1897.

Order thereon Mis.No.554 d/28th.January 1897.

(True Extract)

Ag:Secy. to Govt.

46.
3/2/17

Govt. of {1896} Madras.
REVENUE.

To

Dated

Recd.

Encl.

Mis. G.O., 1896, No.
R.

SUBJECT.

Public Works (1897) Department.

CURRENT No. 3/0

1/2 319C of 20.1.97

The undersigned has the honour to state that a mud wall, with tiled coping, of 1096 feet in length would cost about Rs. 400, against the Executive Engineer's estimate of Rs. 700 for a plain wire fence, of probably the same length. The latter would no doubt be the neater, but taking into consideration the great difference in cost, the undersigned recommends the provision of the former.

(Sd) S. M. C.
W.

20/1/97

From

The Revenue Dept.

No. O. N. No. 1

Dated 5-1-97

Received 11-1-97

Enclosures 4 with 3 original G.O.s.

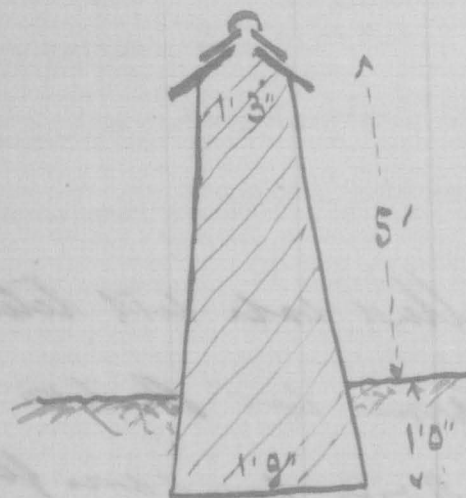
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SUBJECT.

Requesting information regarding the relative efficiency of a wire fence and a mud wall to be constructed round the Collector's office at Trichinopoly and the difference in cost.

To

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.
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Current 310

Notes

Kind walking, as per section in
margin, for a length of 1090 feet, vide
Collection letter embodied in Board's
Proceedings dated 10th July 1856 No.
3156 this will amount as under.

Excavation $1090 \times 1.9'' \times 1.0'' = 1907$

Walking $1090 \times 1.6 \times 6.0 = 9,810$

Plastering 1090 x 10.0' : 10900

Tiled ceiling 1090 ——— 1090

1907 Apr. 4, Incubation at 82° per 1000 = 84.

9810 Cpr of walking with mud, 2 per 100. 196

10900 G. y. C. during flowering. alt. 4000. 22

White washing throat — } at 400 : 27

1090 Rfr. a Tiled Ceiling at 2.50 Rfr. : 190

White Ls 397

or buy for 400 against the E.E. when

cost of \$2,000 for plain wire fence, to

held in the summer length of 1000 feet

2. $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$

The amount of Rs 700 or Rs 3390

note appears to be high for plane.

was false, when compared with

Messrs. Richardson Brothers & Co.

Specification of Rs 2000 per month for

fencing with 6 lines of galvanized

plain wire with the necessary standard

Training part is complete.

21

It is therefore submitted that mud walling is much cheaper than wire fence though it is not as neat as the latter. In regard to durability both require constant repairs & the initial cost of wire fence is almost double that of mud walling. It is thought that walling will be a more efficient barrier than a fence.

Ans
W. J.

On

For orders, with reference to the Rev. Secy Office letter of 5.1.97 (current no. 310)

Ce
16.1.97

A plain mud wall would probably become shabby and unsightly after rains, and it can, it is submitted, in no way be considered a permanent structure.

comd
10/97

Mud wall not taken up
was not for 4 or 5 years
for the same fencing.

The latter was on the
the north but taking
into consideration the near
difference in the ground
the south of the former

18/1/97

Public Works (1896) Department.

CURRENT No. 10126

N^o 4085C of 13-11-96

Order Encl.

Referred to the
Revenue Dept for
consideration, with advertisement
to its Endorsement No. 2933 in
dated 23rd July 1896.

From

S. E. VI Circle

No. 1804 D.C

Secy D. M. N. C

W.

Dated 6. 11. 96

Received 10. 11. 96

Enclosures

Spare copies

10/11

SUBJECT.

Collector's Catchment at Diche.
- nobody: Inquiring that
plain wire fence along
South & South West boundary
of the — is useless &
suggesting that a mud wall
with tiled coping, be built

1/11
15/11

14/11

BACK PAPERS.

FURTHER PAPERS.

(1896 .)

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

From

The Board of Revenue,
Land Revenue.

Dated 10th July 1896.

Received 14th July 1896.

Enclosures

No. 3156 Mis.

SUBJECT.

No 2157W, 0731-8-94
.. 1762W, 0713-7-94

P.T.O.

ABSTRACT.

Endorsement No. 2933 Mis.

Approved and transferred to the
Public Works Department for the issue
of the necessary orders.

Ag. Under Secretary to Govt.

Ootacamund,
23rd July 1896.

B²³¹³
No: 2343 W. d/12 August 96

Communicated to
the Safety & Hyg. III Circle
for submission of the required
estimate.

36/7/94

Ch. T. 1465
S. S. VI C. 1465 ✓ 13/6
Rev. Sept 13/6

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.
(Land Revenue)

Dated 10th July 1896, No. 3156 Mis.

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Read the following letter from J. Andrew Esquire,
Collector of Trichinopoly, to the Secretary to the Commission-
ers of Land Revenue, Madras, C.No. 1983/Rev. of 1896, dated 25th
June 1896:-

I have the honour to inform you that the south
and south-west boundary of this office compound about 1090 ft.
in length-i.e. the side on which the Treasury and Account De-
partment block is situated, is quite unprotected, there being
no wall or fence to prevent cattle and men from straying into
the compound. I consider that at least a plain wire fence
should be put up for the length in question. The Executive
Engineer thinks it would cost about Rs. 784. With reference to
B.P. No. 643 L.R., dated 5th November 1892, I have the honour
to request that the Board will be pleased to obtain the approv-
al of Government for the work in view of its execution being
estimated for and taken in hand by the P.W.D.

Resolution:-

Submitted to Government with the recommendation
that orders may be issued in the Public Works Department for
the preparation of an estimate for putting up a plain wire
fence about 1090 feet in length along the south and south-
west boundaries of the Collector's Office, Trichinopoly.

(True Copy and Extract)

/Sd/ R.C.C. Carr,

Ag. Secretary.

To

The Secretary to Government, Reve. Dept.

The Collector of Trichinopoly.

RS.

Date.

BUILDINGS AND ROADS.
CIVIL WORKS.

Govt. of {1894} Madras.
PUBLIC WORKS.

Dated August, 31st.

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 31st Aug. 1894, No. 2151 W.

AUGUST.

Wire fencing

Stating that the Government order direct-
ing the substitution of plain instead of
barbed — for Government lands or build-
ings was not intended to have retrospective
effect, but that proposals for such substitu-
tion will be favorably considered where
barbed wire may be found to be specially
objectionable.

31st AUGUST 1894, No. 2151 W., PUBLIC WORKS.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Buildings and Roads.
Civil Works.

READ—the following paper:—

From Major O. V. BODDY, R.E., Superintending Engineer, VI Circle, to the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, dated Trichinopoly, 22nd August 1894, No. 849 T.C.

I have the honour to request that you will be good enough to inform me if G.O., No. 1762 W., dated 13th July 1894, directing that when wire fencing is provided for Government lands or buildings, it should be of plain, not barbed, wire, is to have retrospective effect.

2. The compound of the new taluk cutcherry at Musiri in the Trichinopoly division has been fenced with barbed wire, which was purchased before the receipt of the Government Order quoted above, but the Head Assistant Collector has asked for plain wire to be put up.

3. In my opinion the barbed wire is preferable.

ORDER—dated 31st August 1894, No. 2151 W., Public Works.

G.O. No. 1762 W. of 13th July 1894 was not intended to have retrospective effect, and the Government is not prepared to incur the expense of substituting plain wire for barbed wire to all existing buildings, but will be prepared to consider favorably proposals for such substitution in cases where barbed wire may be found to be specially objectionable.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. PENNYCUICK, Colonel, R.E.,
Secretary to Govt., P.W.D.

- To the Superintending Engineer, VI Circle.
- „ all other Superintending Engineers.
- „ the Chief Engineer for Irrigation.
- „ the Consulting Architect to Government.
- „ the Departments of the Secretariat.

Exd. C. A. Munisawmy.
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BUILDINGS AND ROADS.
CIVIL WORKS.

Govt. of {1894} Madras.
PUBLIC WORKS.

Dated July, 13th.

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 13th July 1894, No. 1762 W.

JULY.

Wire Fencing

Directing that when — is provided for Government lands or buildings, it should be of plain, not barbed, wire.

13TH JULY 1894, No. 1762 W., PUBLIC WORKS.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Buildings and Roads.
Civil Works.

READ—the following papers :—

From the Executive Engineer, Kistna Northern Division, to the Superintending Engineer, II Circle, dated 21st June 1894, No. 70 S.E.

With reference to your No. 744 K.S., dated 14th June 1893, I have the honour to state that I have a great objection to barbed wire fencing on purely humanitarian grounds.

To my own knowledge, if the wire fencing round the Public Works Department compounds at Bezwada had been barbed, three horses would have been cut to bits during the past three years.

Horses are quite unable to see wire until too late and (as happened to myself a few weeks ago) go straight into it before they can be stopped.

District officers must often have to leave their horses standing in the compounds of the civil buildings now being built at Narasaraopet and elsewhere, and, if one gets frightened and breaks loose, it is absolutely certain that he will gallop straight on to the wire. If the wire is barbed the horse is sure to get seriously injured.

On these grounds I request sanction to substitute plain for barbed wire fencing.

No. 721 K.S.

Forwarded to the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, with a strong recommendation that the use of barbed wire should not be encouraged.

2. The undersigned a few months ago saw its effects on a valuable horse, the wounds having the appearance of large gashes made with an axe. In this case the barbed wire fencing had no effect in confining the animal, and it is almost certain that plain wire is as effective in keeping out trespassers, while, when an accident does happen, the results are not as serious.

30th June 1894.

(Signed) W. L. C. BADDELEY, Major, R.E.,
Superintending Engineer, II Circle.

ORDER—dated 13th July 1894, No. 1762 W., Public Works.

The Government agrees in the views expressed in the foregoing correspondence, and directs that when wire fencing is provided for Government lands or buildings, it should be of plain, not barbed, wire.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. PENNYCUICK, Colonel, R.E.,
Secretary to Govt., P.W.D.

To Superintending Engineers.
„ the Chief Engineer for Irrigation.
„ the Consulting Architect to Government.
„ Departments of the Secretariat.

Exd. S. J. Pereira.
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