

Public Works (1897) Department.

G.O., No. 3063 W

DATED 4. November 1897

5/11/97

[Despatch Abstract.]

Lamine Battha, Pro: Revenue Dept re-
plying in the affirmative ^{and in the Revenue Dept} the query of the
Examiner as to whether - is admissible
to temporary employees Comd to the
Examiner P. W. Accounts.

220/14 H. M. S.

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Proceedings, Revenue Department, replying in the affirmative and with remarks the query of the Examiner as to whether — is admissible to temporary employes, communicated to the Examiner, Public Works Accounts.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General.
Account.

READ—the following papers:—

G.O., No. 781, Revenue, dated 13th September 1897.

Read—the following letter from F. C. HARRISON, Esq., Officiating Accountant-General, to the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, dated Fort St. George, 24th August 1897, No. 2580:—

Questions having been raised whether the famine batta sanctioned in G.O., No. 603, Revenue, dated 21st July 1897, can be allowed to (1) acting officers holding no substantive appointments, (2) members of temporary establishments, including those entertained under the Famine Code, and (3) punkah-pullers belonging to hot weather establishments, I have the honour to solicit orders of Government in the matter.

2. I would mention in this connection that in G.O., No. 303, Revenue, dated 6th May 1897, famine batta was sanctioned to certain temporary establishments in the Ganjam district. During the famine of 1877, however, it was ruled by Government that the batta should not be granted to servants temporarily entertained or to those entertained whether directly or indirectly on account of relief operations (*vide* G.Os., No. 1829-B, Revenue, dated 28th May 1877, and No. 2598-A, Revenue, dated 28th August 1877), but I do not know whether Government desire that the same rule should now be observed.

3. As regards the grant of batta to officers falling under classes (1) and (3), no orders are traceable. I would, however, observe that officers falling under the latter class do not draw any fixed pay from Government, but are remunerated by wages which are charged to contingencies; and that they are not therefore entitled to famine batta under the provisions of article 72, Civil Account Code.

Order—No. 781, Revenue, dated 13th September 1897.

The Government is of opinion that officers of the classes (1) and (2) mentioned in paragraph 1 are entitled to famine batta.

2. The view expressed in paragraph 3 is correct.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) G. STOKES,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

G.O., Mis. No. 5387, Revenue, dated 20th October 1897.

Read—the following papers:—

Office-note from the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, dated Madras, 30th September 1897, No. 668 A./E.

With reference to the marginally-noted orders of Government in the Revenue Department, communicated with G.Os., Nos. 1394 W. and 2303 W., dated 25th May 1897 and 23rd August 1897, respectively, sanctioning the grant of famine batta to Government servants under article 72 of the Civil Account Code, I would ask that the orders of Government may be obtained on an early date as to whether the allowance is admissible to temporary employés.

2. The Government of India have decided that substitutes of permanent whole-time menial servants absent on leave are not entitled to the extra allowance (*vide* copy of their letter, No. 1698 G., dated 28th April 1897, to the address of Accountant-General, Public Works Department); but no definite orders appear to exist as to the admissibility of the allowance to temporary men, and article 72 of the Civil Account Code apparently refers only to men on the permanent establishment.

Endorsement of the Public Works Department, dated 7th October 1897, No. 1616 D.

Order—Mis. No. 5387, Revenue, dated 20th October 1897.

The enquiry in paragraph 1 of the Examiner's office-note, dated the 30th September 1897, No. 668 A./E., will be answered in the affirmative.

2. The decision of the Public Works Department of the Government of India referred to in paragraph 2 of the note is in conflict with the ruling in G.O., No. 781, dated the 13th September 1897. A reference will be made to the Department of Finance and Commerce on the point.

(True Extract.)

(Signed)

N. E. MARJORIBANKS,
Ag. Under Secy. to Government.

ORDER—No. 3063 W., dated 4th November 1897.

Communicated to the Examiner, Public Works Accounts.

(True Extract.)

Under Secretary to Government.

To the Examiner, Public Works Accounts.
„ Superintending Engineers.

Exd. T. K. Narayana Aiyangar.

Public Works (1897) Department.

CURRENT No. 10650

3063 W 4-11-97

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Order

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UP

From

The Revenue Department

Communicated to
the Genl P.W. account

No. 5387 Ins.

On

W. H. L.
2.11.97

Dated 20th Oct/97.

Received

Registered

26-10-97

Enclosures 1

Spare copies

SUBJECT.

Replying in the
affirmative the query by
the Examiner of P.W. Accounts
as to whether the
hotta is admissible for
temporary employees.

Encl. not ✓
Super ✓
13/11/97

BACK PAPERS.

FURTHER PAPERS.

KEEP-WITH

CURRENT No.

GOVT. }
OF MADRAS. }

1897.

E. No .27.
1,000—6-9-97.

{ P. W.
{ DEPT

EXAMINER, P. W. ACCOUNTS.

dated

189

Madras, November 1897.

OFFICE NOTE NO. 668 *A/E* dated
30 September '97

To *Secretary to Government P. W.*
Department.

With reference to the Marginally
Noted orders of Government in the Revenue
Department Communicated with G. O's
Nos 1394 W and 2303 W dated 25 May '97
& 23 Augt '97 respectively, Sanctioning
the grant of Famine batta to Government
Servants under Art 72 of the Civil
Account Code, I would ask that the orders
of Government may be obtained on an
early date as to whether the allowance
is admissible to temporary employes.

2. The Government of India have decided that Substitutes of permanent whole-time menial servants absent on leave are not entitled to the extra allowance vide Copy of their letter No. 10984 dated 28 April '97 to the address of Accountant General P. W. Department; but no definite orders appear to exist as to the admissibility of the allowance to temporary

Men and art 12 of the Civil Account
Code, apparently refers only to men
on the permanent Establishment.

W. E. A. Dampy.

C.

(True Copy)

11/15/97
Muhammad Yacoob
Superintendent General
Branch.

Government {1897} of Madras.
REVENUE.

Recd.

Enclosures

1897.

Regd.

Spare copies

G.O., No. 781, 13th September 1897.

SEPTEMBER.

Famine Batta.

Stating that acting officers holding no substantive appointments and members of temporary establishments, including those entertained under the Famine Code, are entitled to —.

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1065-2/57

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following letter from F. C. HARRISON, Esq., Officiating Accountant-General, to the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, dated Fort St. George, 24th August 1897, No. 2580:—

Questions having been raised whether the famine batta sanctioned in G.O., No. 603, Revenue, dated 21st July 1897, can be allowed to (1) acting officers holding no substantive appointments, (2) members of temporary establishments, including those entertained under the Famine Code, and (3) punkah-pullers belonging to hot weather establishments, I have the honour to solicit orders of Government in the matter.

2. I would mention in this connection that in G.O., No. 303, Revenue, dated 6th May 1897, famine batta was sanctioned to certain temporary establishments in the Ganjam district. During the famine of 1877, however, it was ruled by Government that the batta should not be granted to servants temporarily entertained or to those entertained whether directly or indirectly on account of relief operations (*vide* G.Os., No. 1829-B, Revenue, dated 28th May 1877, and No. 2598-A, Revenue, dated 28th August 1877), but I do not know whether Government desire that the same rule should now be observed.

3. As regards the grant of batta to officers falling under classes (1) and (3), no orders are traceable. I would, however, observe that officers falling under the latter class do not draw any fixed pay from Government, but are remunerated by wages which are charged to contingencies; and that they are not therefore entitled to famine batta under the provisions of article 72, Civil Account Code.

ORDER—No. 781, Revenue, dated 13th September 1897.

Miscellaneous.

The Government is of opinion that officers of the classes (1) and (2) mentioned in paragraph 1 are entitled to famine batta.

2. The view expressed in paragraph 3 is correct.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) G. STOKES,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Accountant-General.

Exd. Shaik Karim..

30 Copies.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read Endorsement of the Public Works

Dept., No:1616,D,d/7th Oct: '97 on the Office Note from the Examiner of P.W.Accounts,Madras,No:668 A/E,d/30th Sept:'97.

Order thereon.No:5387 Mis,dated the 20th October 1897.

The enquiry in para 1 of the Examiner's Office Note dated the 30th September 1897 No:668 A/E will be answered in the affirmative.

2. The decision of the Public Works Department of the Government of India referred to in para 2 of the Note is in conflict with the ruling in Government Order No:781,dated the 13th September 1897;a reference will be made to the Department of Finance and Commerce on the point.

(True Extract.)

Under
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To

The P.W.D. with a copy of G.O.781,d/13th Sept:'97.