Govt. of {1895} Madras.

JUDICIAL.

Issued

Recd. *Encl.*

G.O., No. 2107, 11th October 1895.

OCTOBER.

Ganjam Agency.

Reviewing the report on the administration of the — during 1894–95.

No. 2760 W. 31st October 1895

Communicated to the Rlg. Engr. I Circle who will expedite the plans and estimates for the Kalingia Ghat road called for in G.O. 884 W. dated 10th April 1895, and report when they are likely to be ready.

(Sd) C.H.B.B.
D.W.

S.E. I Circle

due to a long standing disease. I, however, ascertained that while the elephant was in camp just before its death, the mahout had given insufficient supply of fodder for which he was dismissed from the service.

40. In G.O., Mis. No. 3981, Revenue, dated 17th October 1894, Government sanctioned the deputation of Mr. Battie, the District Forest-officer, for the purchase of elephants at the Sonepur fair for the Forest Branch and Vizagapatam Agent. Taking advantage of Mr. Battie's deputation, I solicited Government sanction to purchase two female elephants in place of the two which had died at a probable cost of Rs 3,000. Mr. Battie, however, found that it was quite impossible to purchase serviceable elephants at anything like this figure.

41. The five Agency elephants, namely, Motigas, Kalyani, Laknow, Gouri and Champakkalli, are reported to be in good health.

During the year Government has had under its consideration the whole question of agency elephants, and has recently in G.O., No. 1344, Judicial, dated 24th June 1895, called for further information on the subject which I hope to submit shortly.

Excluding the amount paid for forest elephants and that placed at Mr. Battie's disposal, a sum of Rs. 4,421–13–8 was spent during the year on account of the elephants against Rs. 1,866–13–10 of previous year. I am not at present able to account for this large increase, but I am calling for explanations from the Assistant Agents. Last year's expenditure was however lower than the normal. The receipts amounted to Rs. 52 against Rs. 47 of 1893–94.

42. *Boundary Disputes*.—The proposals of the Special Assistant Agent submitted to the Board of Revenue with my letter, R.C. No. 141-Ag. of 1893, dated 10th March 1894, as regards the boundary line between the ordinary and scheduled tracts of this district, have been approved in G.O., No. 526, dated 20th July 1894. In the same Government Order Government called for further report regarding the acquisition by Government of the lands in which two nullahs leading into the Doho river rise and approved my proposals concerning the settlement of the boundary between the Parlakimedi zemindari and its maliahs by the Principal Assistant Agent. A separate report on the lands above referred to is being submitted. I am recommending that they be left to the Khonds. Rs. 1,000 have been applied for in this office letter, R.C. No. 214-Ag. of 1895, dated 12th July 1895, for the settlement of the Parlakimedi boundary.

43. The Chief of Korada addressed a petition regarding the boundary between his muttah and Pondakhol to the Board of Revenue, which was referred to the Agent for report in Board's Proceedings, dated 27th July 1894, Mis. No. 4155. I submitted my report thereon in my Disposal No. 153-Ag. of 1894, dated 10th September 1894. Orders on the subject have not yet been received.

The boundary requires permanent demarcation.

44. The Rayagada and Jerungikota Bissoyis in the Parlakimedi Maliahs have for some time past been at issue regarding the boundary between the muttahs, the latter occupying some land beyond the stream, which appears to be the natural boundary between them. The Jirangi Bissoyi still continues in possession of the land in dispute. The people of Dombolo in Rayagada petitioned the Principal Assistant Agent in the matter and during his tour last year Mr. Partridge inspected the place and after examining witnesses on the spot decided against the claim of Jirangi. The decision, of course, had no legal efficacy and the Jirangi Bissoyi is not satisfied with it. Mr. Patridge has apparently told him to prefer a civil suit. I am asking the Principal Assistant Agent to report if this has been done and, if not, whether it is not desirable that he should be specially appointed to settle the boundary.

45. *Hill Chiefs*.—During the year Syamo Patro, the sub-patro of Jhiripani under the Tumribund Patro, died and I have approved of the Special Assistant Agent's nomination of Udayasingi, his grandson and next legal heir in place of the deceased.

With reference to paragraph 3 of G.O., No. 2089, Judicial, dated 29th August 1894, I have to report that the Patro of Sarangodo was removed from office during the year under report and the Special Assistant Agent's nomination of his grandson

Monda Patro in his stead was approved subject to the sanction of Government. I find that this sanction has, owing to an oversight in the office, not been sought for and the orders of Government approving of the appointment of Monda Patro in place of the deceased Patro of Sarangodo are now solicited.

46. The Bissoyi of Rayagada whose unsatisfactory conduct was commented upon in the Government Order on the last administration report, was emphatically warned by me during the year. The Principal Assistant Agent reported that he was giving no assistance to Government officials in the execution of public works and the like. His future conduct will be carefully watched and the Principal Assistant Agent be asked to report the effect of the warning.

47. The Special Assistant Agent reports that no complaints have been received during the year against the Tat Rajah of Godapur—*vide* paragraphs 15 and 16 of last year's report

One of the two men therein referred to as having been nominated by the Tat Rajah for the sub-patroship is still employed in Godapur, but ostensibly as a private servant. As, however, no complaints have been received against the man, I have not thought it necessary to interfere. The Special Assistant Agent has not reported if any one is doing the work of the sub-patro's post. He will be asked to do so.

48. The Chief of Korada addressed petitions to Government and the Agent in July 1894 complaining that he was not allowed a seat by the Special Assistant Agent when he visited that officer at his request for the settlement of a boundary dispute. The petition addressed to Government was transferred to the Agent. The Special Assistant Agent explained that the Chief did not ask him for a seat, and that as the Chief showed considerable discourtesy to him as a public servant, he did not volunteer what must be considered a mark of respect. The discourtesy complained of by Mr. Oldfield consisted mainly in great unpunctuality. I disposed of the matter by informing Mr. Oldfield that he should have given the Chief a seat and afterwards administered any rebuke he thought necessary for his discourtesy, and the Chief was informed that the Special Assistant Agent had been instructed to allow him a chair in future, but that he should behave with due courtesy to the Special Assistant Agent and attend punctually at the hour named.

49. The Patro of Luhagudi was reported to have collected Rs. 172–14–6 due to the Bodogodo estate from the Khonds and misappropriated the same. The Special Assistant Agent has been asked to obtain and submit the explanation of the Patro. His report is awaited. The General Charge Deputy Collector, Goomsur, is also making inquiries into the matter on behalf of Bodogodo estate.

50. There has been for some years past a great deal of ill-feeling between the Patro of Ramagiri and the people of the muttah. They have made very many complaints against their Patro which have been enquired into by the Special Assistant Agent. For the most part the complaints have been found to be frivolous or greatly exaggerated. Some improper acts were brought home to the Patro, but nothing sufficient, in my opinion, to justify the removal of a hereditary Patro—always a step of doubtful expediency in the maliahs. There are two factions in the muttah. The opponents of the Patro are for the most part Paiks, and, so far as I can learn, the Khonds and Souras are not much interested in the dispute though some of them side with the Paiks. The latter are very insubordinate and refuse to pay their kist to the Patro and endeavour either to pay it to the Peddakimedi Zemindar or the Deputy Tahsildar. They have been directed to pay their kist to the Patro as long as he retains the office and I have been insisting on this. If these people still continue to be disobedient I contemplate arresting some of the ringleaders under Agency warrants, but this procedure will, of course, be resorted to as the last resource. Both the Special Assistant Agent and the Deputy Tahsildar have been ordered to carefully watch the affairs of this muttah.

51. The ryots of the village of Koradasingi, in the Narayanapuramkota muttah of the Parlákimedi Agency tracts, complained to the Principal Assistant Agent that Bissoyi has been levying unusually large sums from them and that their village escaped notice of Mr. MacCartie at the time of his settling the whole taluk: *vide*

G.O., No. 1954, Judicial, dated 24th November 1882. The Principal Assistant Agent settled the customary dues payable by the villagers on the lines of Mr. MacCartie's settlement and this settlement was approved by Government in its order, No. 2418, Judicial, dated 6th October 1894.

52. The village Kolingo *alias* Dungu Dungu, in the Koipuram muttah of the Parlákimedi Maliahs, referred to in paragraph 17 of the Principal Assistant Agent's administration report embodied in G.O., No. 2089, Judicial, dated 29th August 1894, was settled by the Principal Assistant Agent in the year under report. The village was deserted at the time of Mr. MacCartie's settlement, but it has since been occupied by some Savara families. The Principal Assistant Agent made the settlement on the lines of Mr. MacCartie's, and the Government approved it in its order, No. 2121, Judicial, dated 31st August 1894.

53. In paragraph 17 of his report, Mr. Partridge brings to notice, at great length, the exactions of the Bissoyis of Koipuram and Jiranghi—especially of the latter. The report does not make it very clear how far it has been proved that the Bissoyi knew the correct demand according to Mr. MacCartie's settlement. Mr. Partridge does not seem to have believed the Bissoyis' excuse, but the Deputy Tahsildar's blunder has lent colour to it. The excuse will not be available in future, but this will not prevent exactions nor will the distribution of puttas to the Souras even do so.

I think that it is desirable that the Principal Assistant Agent should, each year when he visits the hills, make the Soura headmen (Gomangoes) attend his camp, as they do at the Agent's bhets, and should then read out and explain to them the demand of each village in the presence of the Bissoyi. If this was repeated year after year the Souras would not remain ignorant of what they had to pay, and this is, I think, all we can do to protect them.

54. The question of the status of the Bissoyis is at present before the Government of India. When orders are received, I think it will be desirable to formulate very definite orders about this right and position. They are all at present trying to usurp the position of Zemindars and Mr. Partridge has brought to my notice cases where they have been alienating villages. Their position, moreover, as regards villages below the ghât, not dealt with by Mr. MacCartie, has, so far as I can gather from the records of this office, never been defined.

55. In Jiranghi muttah, there are several new villages or recently-erected hamlets of old villages not appearing in the settlement of Mr. MacCartie.

The Principal Assistant Agent has, after due enquiry, settled the dues payable by these villagers to their Bissoyis as shown in annexed statement. The number of villages now settled is six. He has followed the same lines as Mr. MacCartie's and now solicits sanction to his proposals. I consider this would have been more conveniently dealt with in a separate communication, but as it has been sent up now and as early orders are desirable, I recommend that Mr. Partridge's proposals be approved. I therefore request Government sanction to the same so that pattas may be issued for these villages.

56. A decision regarding the Peddakimedi Patro's position could not be arrived at for want of information from the Special Assistant Agent. The frequent changes of the officers in that appointment has prevented the question being properly taken up.

57. *State Prisoners.*—There were no State prisoners during the year.

58. *Disturbances.*—There were no disturbances in the Agency tracts during the year.

The Khonds in the Nyaghur State, which adjoins our frontier, broke out again during the year in that State, and at the request of the Bengal authorities our frontiers were patrolled by our Reserve Police. Some of the Khonds implicated in the mêli sought refuge in the Khond village called Serodo of Kukulubha Muttah of the Goomsur taluk. Of these, four were made over to the Nyaghur Police at the request of the Assistant Superintendent, Tributary Mahals, Cuttack. The remaining men were set at liberty. The disturbance in Nyaghur has, I believe, been now satisfactorily settled.

59. *Forests.*—Regarding the suit brought by the Zemindar of Parlákimedi for the forests in the maliahs of that name, the final orders of Government in G.O., No. 1493 (Confidential), dated 15th July 1895, have just been received.

G.O., No. 171, Revenue, dated 21st March 1895, regarding the general question of conservancy, was received during my absence on leave. As the Forest Act has been since extended to Pondukhol, necessary steps for its demarcation from the rest of the maliahs and of the demarcation of the line between the Agency and low country settled by Mr. Elphinstone will be taken. The work should be started about the end of October when the rains are over.

One Forest Inspector on Rs. 30 and seven guards on Rs. 6 were sanctioned in Board's Proceedings, Forest No. 963, Miscellaneous, dated 24th July 1894, and entertained in November last in the Parlákimedi forests.

Permits for firewood are given on payment of fees prescribed in the notification of Madras Government, No. 326, dated 23rd August 1886. The guards have been detecting cases of theft. The establishment is entirely inadequate to protect the forests, but owing to the pendency of the suit I have refrained proposing an increase.

60. *Season and Crops.*—The season was good. There were favourable rains during the year.

61. *Gratuitous Supplies.*—Nil.

62. *Conduct of the Police.*—The conduct of the Police in the Principal Assistant Agent's Division is reported to have been satisfactory. In the Special Assistant Agent's Division, four constables were charged with allowing escapes of prisoners; two of them were convicted and the remainder discharged. There were no other complaints against the Police.

In an Agency Sessions murder case before me which ended in the acquittal of the accused, I had strong suspicions that the Station-house officer had concocted the case and brought the matter to the notice of the District Superintendent. Apparently, however, nothing sufficiently definite could be proved on which to proceed against the man.

63. *Epidemics.*—There were none.

64. *Examination of Treasuries.*—The Sub-Treasury at Balliguda was examined by Mr. Oldfield in April last and those at Ramagiri-Udayagiri and at Goomsur-Udayagiri by Mr. Moore. Everything was found correct.

65. *Maliah Post.*—The Branch Post-office at Gumma, sanctioned in G.O., No. 313, Financial, dated 28th March 1894, has not yet been opened owing to the difficulty in postal people in finding proper staff.

The Postmaster-General has had under his consideration the proposal to take over the line from Pattupur to Ramagiri-Udayagiri and has asked me to furnish him with a statement showing the reduction in Agency Postal establishment, should this line and that from Parlákimedi to Gumma be taken over from the District Post charge. The information on the subject is awaited from my Divisional officers.

66. *Markets.*—The markets at Udayagiri and Tickaballi were well attended.

67. *Subordinates.*—Mr. Bartley was the Sub-Magistrate of Balliguda throughout the year. Y. Sanjivi Naidu was at Udayagiri the whole year except for three months from September to December 1894 when he took leave, and T. Venkataramaniah Pantulu, a clerk in the Collectorate, acted for him.

Gourahari Sahu, the Sub-Magistrate of Ramagiri, who was brought down from Jayapur, in Vizagapatam Agency, in 1894, died in January 1895. The post was vacant till 13th March 1895 when Gomachendra Patro, who was appointed in his stead, joined the post. I regret to say that the new Sub-Magistrate recently reports that he has been very ill with fever. I have allowed him temporarily to do his work in Parlákimedi. There has been an appalling amount of disease and deaths among the Sub-Magistrates at this station, which is apparently the most unhealthy place in the maliahs. It is very much shut in and surrounded by hills. If it continues so

unhealthy, it may have to be abandoned as a Sub-Magistrate's head-quarters. The Police Superintendent, however, tells me that the police stationed there do not suffer in an exceptional degree.

U. V. Gopalarao Pantulu was in charge of the Parlákimedi Deputy Tahsildar's office up to the 17th March 1895, when he went on privilege leave for three months. B. Lakshmikantam Pantulu was appointed to act for him. He spent four days in Agency and was reported to have worked well.

68. I regret the delay in submitting this report. I had given instructions that it was to lie over until my return from privilege leave, *i.e.*, to July 17th, but that all statements, &c., were to be ready then. I found, however, on my return that certain returns from Deputy Inspector of Vaccination and Special Assistant Agent had not been received, and the non-receipt of these has prevented the despatch of the report earlier.

APPENDIX.

No. I.—Statement showing changes in the Administrative Staff during the year 1894–95.

Office.	Name of officer.	Period during which in charge.		Whether the charge was in addition to other duty.
		From.	To	
1	2	3	4	5
1. Agent to the Governor in Ganjám.	C. J. Weir, Esq.	1st April 1894 ..	31st March 1895.	
2. Principal Assistant Agent.	J. G. D. Partridge, Esq. ..	1st April 1894 ..	5th August 1894.	
	W. H. Michael, Esq.	6th August ,, ..	3rd November ,, ..	Sole charge.
	T. Venkatareddi Naidu, Head Clerk.	4th November ,, ..	6th ,, ,,	
	J. G. D. Partridge, Esq. ..	7th ,, ,, ..	31st March 1895.	
3. Senior Assistant Agent.	P. S. P. Rice, Esq.	1st April 1894 ..	2nd August 1894.	
	D. Sreenivasarow Pantulu Garu.	3rd August ,, ..	3rd November ,,	
	P. S. P. Rice, Esq.	4th November ,, ..	31st March 1895.	
4. Special Assistant Agent.	F. D. P. Oldfield, Esq.	1st April 1894 ..	8th September 1894..	Sole charge.
	C. J. Weir, Esq.	9th September ,, ..	20th ,, ,, ..	In addition to the duty of Agent.
	L. G. Moore, Esq.	21st ,, ,, ..	7th March 1895.	
	F. S. A. Slocock, Esq.	8th March 1895 ..	31st ,, ,,	

No. II.—Statement of tours by the Agent and his Assistants during the year 1894–95.

Name of officer.	Number of tours.	Dates for each tour. From	Dates for each tour. To	Period spent on each tour.	Locality in which tour made.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
C. J. Weir, Esq., Agent to the Governor in Ganjám.	1	1895. 16th Jan. ..	1895. 4th Feb. ..	DAYS. 20	Nedliguda, Possara, Tentuligodo, Kalmgia, Udayagiri, Raikia, Deegi, Didrubadi, Daringabadi and Gazilbadi.	
J. G. D. Partridge, Esq., Acting Principal Assistant Agent.	1	18th ,, ..	9th ,, ..	23	Munisingi, Kollakota, Gumma, Serango, Rayagada, Jerangi, Narayanapuram, Gandahatti and Narayanapuram.	
	2	27th Feb. ..	6th March ..	8	Namanagaram, Ojjaigadu, Seranglio and Gyba.	
P. S. P. Rice, Esq., Acting Senior Assistant Agent.	1	16th ,, ..	23rd Feb. ..	8	Jarada and Tumba maliahs.	
F. D. P. Oldfield, Esq., Acting Special Assistant Agent.	1	1894. 1st April ..	1894. 16th May ..	46	Bulligudá, Military road to Chendiput down by Jorow ghât.	
L. G. Moore, Esq., Acting Special Assistant Agent.	2	15th Nov. ..	8th Dec. ..	24	Jorow ghât to Udayagiri and back.	
	3	1895. 16th Jan. ..	1895. 2nd Feb. ..	18	To Chokkapad and round to Surada.	
	4	16th Feb. ..	25th ,, ..	10	To Kusadandi and back to Kalingia.	
				157		

No. III.—Statement of rainfall recorded in 1894–95 and the preceding year.

Taluk or division.	Name of station.	Average of previous years.	1893–94.	1894–95.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Parlákimedi taluk— Principal Assistant Agent's division.	..	..	..	..	There is no rain-gauge any where in this division.
Special Assistant Agent's division.	Udayagiri	55·24	63·90	59·23	
	Bailigudá	57·21	60·80	61·30	
	Udayagiri in Ramagiri taluk.	68·24	66·95	60·29	

No. IV.—Statement showing births and deaths during the year 1894–95 and the preceding year.

Name of taluk or division.	Population according to the census of February 1891. Males.	Females.	Total.	1893–94. Males.	Females.	Total.	1894–95. Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Udayagiri taluk	31,991	30,639	62,630	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bailigudá do.	57,049	50,283	107,332	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ramagiri do.	32,736	31,354	64,090	..	..	..	..	..	..
Parlákimedi maliahs	26,605	25,721	52,326	..	..	..	..	..	..
Surada do.	3,472	3,475	6,947	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sompet do.	2,979	2,754	5,733	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	154,832	144,226	299,058	..	..	..	..	..	..

Note—Births and deaths are not registered in the Agency tracts.

No. V.—Statistics of Criminal Justice for the Ganjám Agency for the year 1894–95.

Name of Court.	Trials or enquiries. Cases. Pending on 31st March 1894.	Received during the year.	Committed.	Total.	Otherwise disposed of.	Committed.	Convicted.	Total.	Received by Commitment.	Pending on 31st March 1895.	Appeals. Cases. Pending on 31st March 1894.	Received during the year.	Total.	Disposed of.	Pending on 31st March 1895.	Persons. Pending on 31st March 1894.	Received during the year.	Total.	Disposed of.	Pending on 31st March 1895.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
1. Agent to the Governor's court	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2. Principal Assistant Agent's court ..	..	..	7	7	7	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Parlákimedi Second-class Magistrate's court ..	..	..	2	2	2	..	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Senior Assistant Agent's court	..	75	..	75	56	2	58	58	17	..	..	144	144	..	..	..	144	144	..	..	..	..	..	144	144	..	..	..	..
5. Sompet Second-class Magistrate's court ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6. Special Assistant Agent's court	1	16	2	18	14	2	16	16	2	1	..	25	25	1	1	..	25	25	1	1	..	..	..	25	25	1	1	..	..
7. Bailigudá Second-class Magistrate's court ..	2	51	..	53	49	3	52	52	1	6	..	156	156	6	6	..	156	156	6	6	..	..	..	156	156	6	6	..	..
8. Udayagiri Second-class Magistrate's court ..	2	79	..	81	74	5	79	79	2	39	..	207	207	39	39	..	207	207	39	39	..	..	..	207	207	39	39	..	..
9. Ramagiri Second-class Magistrate's court ..	..	37	..	37	35	2	37	37	..	..	..	108	108	..	..	..	108	108	..	..	..	..	..	108	108	..	..	..	..
10. General Deputy Magistrate's court, Goomsur.	..	1	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
11. Surada Second-class Magistrate's court ..	..	5	..	5	5	..	5	5	..	..	..	17	17	..	..	..	17	17	4	13	..	..	..	17	17	4	13	..	..
Total of 1894–95 ..	5	264	10	279	243	14	257	257	22	46	..	658	658	46	46	..	658	658	46	46	..	..	..	658	658	46	46	..	..
Total of 1893–94 ..	13	268	9	290	274	11	285	285	5	64	..	706	706	64	64	..	706	706	64	64	..	..	..	706	706	64	64	..	..

No. VI.—Statistics of Civil Justice of the Ganjám Agency for the year 1894–95.

Name of Court.	Original Suits. Pending on 31st March 1894.	Instituted.	Received by transfer or reference.	Total.	Disposed of	Transferred to other courts.	Total disposed of.	Pending on 31st March 1895.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1. Governor's Agent's court ..	..	2	..	2	..	1	1	1
2. Principal Assistant Agent's court	..	4	..	4	2	..	2	2
3. Parlákimedi District Munsif's court	7	6	..	13	7	..	7	6
4. Senior Assistant Agent's court..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. District Munsif's court, Sompet.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6. Special Assistant Agent's court.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7. Balligudá District Munsif's court	3	10	5	18	14	..	14	4
8. Udayagiri do. do.	9	45	..	54	52	1	53	1
9. Ramagiri do. do.	9	52	2	63	49	..	49	14
10. Surada do. do.	..	9	..	9	4	4	8	1
	..	2	..	2	2	..	2	..
Total of 1894–95 ..	28	130	7	165	130	6	136	29
Total of 1893–94 ..	15	101	..	116	87	1	88	28

Name of Court.	Appeal Suits. Pending on 31st March 1894.	Instituted.	Received by transfer or reference.	Total.	Disposed of	Transferred to other courts.	Total disposed of	Pending on 31st March 1895.
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1. Governor's Agent's court ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2. Principal Assistant Agent's court	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Parlákimedi District Munsif's court	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Senior Assistant Agent's court..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. District Munsif's court, Sompet.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6. Special Assistant Agent's court.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7. Balligudá District Munsif's court	..	4	1	5	4	..	4	1
8. Udayagiri do. do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9. Ramagiri do. do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Surada do. do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total of 1894–95 ..	..	4	1	5	4	..	4	1
Total of 1893–94 ..	..	3	..	3	3	..	3	..

No. VII.—Statement showing the work of Agency hospitals and dispensaries during the year 1894–95.

Name of institution.	From what funds maintained.	Description of building.	Date when opened.	Number of patients treated, 1894–95. In.	Out.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Principal Assistant Agent's division.	..	....	..	..	..
Special Assistant Agent's division, Udayagiri (Ramagiri) hospital.	Provincial ..	The Police hospital is located in a common thatched building containing three rooms of which the right one used as store-room, the left one as surgery and the middle one as ward allowing only a space for four cots for the use of the Police in-patients.	21st July 1879 ..	50	1133
		Civil hospital—Civil patients are treated in an adjoining thatched building of two rooms.	1st Jan. 1889 ..	56	2,775
Udayagiri (Goomsur) hospital.	Do. ..	Pucca thatched building contains four rooms.	Opened on 18th Nov. 1888.	25	2,830
Balliguda hospital	Police ..	Pucca tiled building	Unknown ..	105	308

No. VIII.—Statement showing the strength and cost of vaccine establishment and the number of operations performed by them in the Agency tracts of Ganjám for the year 1894–95.

Name of taluk or division.	Deputy Inspectors. Number.	Pay per mensem.	Deputy Inspector's peons. Number.	Pay per mensem.	First-class vaccinators. Number.	Pay per mensem.	Second-class vaccinators. Number.	Pay per mensem.	Probationers. Number.	Pay per mensem.	Total cost of vaccination establishment including travelling allowance, contingencies, &c.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Principal Assistant Agent's division	..	..	..	..	1	19	..	..	..	..	323 0 0
Special Assistant Agent's division	1	60	1	6	1 1	17 20	1 1 1 1	10 10 10 10	1 1	7 8 0 7 8 0	2,289 9 4
Total of 1894–95 ..	1	60	1	6	3	56	4	40	2	15 0 0	2,612 9 4
Total of 1893–94 ..	1	60	1	6	3	55	4	40	2	15 0 0	2,285 12 6

Name of taluk or division.	Number of cases vaccinated.	Number of successful cases.	Percentage of successful cases to total number vaccinated.	Percentage of cases verified.	Average cost of each successful case.
	13	14	15	16	17
					Rs. A. P.
Principal Assistant Agent's division	1,159	1,081	93·27	90·5	0 4 9
Special Assistant Agent's division	6,033	5,499	91·14	94·41	0 6 8
Total of 1894–95 ..	7,192	6,580	91·49	92·45	0 6 4
Total of 1893–94 ..	4,247	3,824	90·04	86·53	0 8 6

No. IX.—Statement showing statistics of Agency schools during the year 1894–95.

Name of taluk or division.	Number and class of schools.	Teachers employed and their salaries.			Number of pupils on rolls on 31st March 1895.			Average daily attendance.			Number of pupils belonging to aboriginal races on 31st March 1895.		Number of schools inspected		Number of pupils examined for grants.	Number of pupils found qualified for grants.	Receipts.		Remarks.
		Number.		Amount of salary per annum.									By officers of the Educational department.	By Agency officers.			Results grants.	Fees.	
		Trained.	Total.		Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	Government Salary-results Schools.			Rs. A. P.													Rs. A. P.		
	Lower Secondary Schools.																		
Special Assistant Agent's division.	Udayagiri (Ramagiri) ..	2	2	192 0 0	45	..	45	35	..	35	1	..	1	1	31	19	80 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Chendragiri	1	2	156 0 0	32	..	32	22	..	22	..	..	1	1	24	17	79 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Chendiput	1	1	96 0 0	29	..	29	27	..	27	..	..	1	1	24	15	95 0 0	..	
Principal Assistant Agent's division.	Gumma	1	2	480 0 0	42	11	53	35	9	44	..	..	1	1	39	30	144 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Serango	1	2	360 0 0	42	1	43	41	1	42	1	..	1	1	42	26	120 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Rayagada	1	2	240 0 0	45	..	45	36	..	36	..	..	1	1	26	18	..	..	
Do. do.	Ojjaigada	1	1	96 0 0	29	..	29	24	..	24	..	..	1	1	20	10	53 8 0	..	
	Upper Primary Schools.																		
Special Assistant Agent's division.	Bakingia	1	1	106 13 6	30	..	30	22	..	22	2	..	4	..	23	11	63 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Beharagam	1	1	108 0 0	21	4	25	17	2	19	9	..	5	..	15	11	53 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Bellapodoro	2	2	216 0 0	23	..	23	17	..	17	9	..	..	..	14	5	16 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Bramanapad	2	2	216 0 0	28	..	28	12	..	12	10	..	..	..	21	4	22 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Deegi	2	2	168 0 0	33	..	33	17	..	17	11	..	..	1	17	15	173 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Donga	2	2	172 7 9	21	..	21	10	..	10	18	..	..	..	11	2	12 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Gathingia	1	2	225 10 10	19	..	19	12	..	12	1	..	3	..	14	5	22 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Kulingia	2	2	175 10 7	24	..	24	10	..	10	21	..	6	2	19	16	13 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Kavaligam	2	2	216 0 0	25	5	30	23	3	26	..	..	5	..	25	10	40 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Koingore	2	3	228 8 10	42	2	44	30	1	31	..	..	1	..	20	11	59 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Linepadu	3	4	349 2 7	71	2	73	44	1	45	32	..	5	..	58	24	139 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Luzuramundu	2	2	168 0 0	31	..	31	21	..	21	10	..	4	..	28	7	39 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Orchangi	1	1	108 0 0	13	3	16	10	2	12	13	3	..	..	12	6	32 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Possara	2	2	216 0 0	43	..	43	27	..	27	2	..	3	1	21	10	57 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Raikolla	2	2	170 6 9	10	..	10	5	..	5	9	..	2	..	7	4	14 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Sankarapholi	2	2	166 6 5	29	1	30	17	1	18	11	..	4	..	19	8	37 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Sisiballi	1	1	108 0 0	40	4	44	28	2	30	26	..	5	..	38	21	117 8 0	..	

No. IX.—Statement showing statistics of Agency schools during the year 1894–95—*cont.*

Name of taluk or division.	Number and class of schools.	Teachers employed and their salaries.			Number of pupils on rolls on 31st March 1895.			Average daily attendance.			Number of pupils belonging to aboriginal races on 31st March 1895.		Number of schools inspected		Number of pupils examined for grants.	Number of pupils found qualified for grants.	Receipts.		Remarks.
		Number.		Amount of salary per annum.									By officers of the Educational department.	By Agency officers.			Results grants.	Fees.	
		Trained.	Total.		Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	Government Salary-results Schools—cont.			Rs. A. P.													Rs. A. P.		
	Upper Primary Schools—*cont.*																		
Special Assistant Agent's division.	Tentutigodo	2	2	154 15 6	20	..	20	14	..	14	..	..	5	1	10	6	40 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Tickaballe	2	2	211 0 0	37	..	37	32	..	32	2	..	5	1	27	18	86 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Udayagiri	2	2	252 0 0	48	3	51	28	2	30	4	..	6	2	41	22	84 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Upperokhole	1	1	108 0 0	6	..	6	4	..	4	..	..	4	..	10	2	30 0 0	..	
Do. do.	*Balliguda .. ..*	*2*	*2*	*216 0 0*	*35*	..	*35*	*22*	..	*22*	*5*	..	3	1	31	14	79 0 0	..	
Do. do.	*Barakhomma .. ..*	*1*	*1*	*124 0 0*	*19*	*3*	*22*	*13*	*2*	*15*	..	..	1	..	24	11	51 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Budagudu	2	2	108 0 0	25	..	25	23	..	23	..	..	..	1	23	14	62 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Chuchedi	1	1	103 12 0	29	..	29	19	..	19	..	..	..	..	14	6	70 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Dharmapur	1	1	100 14 7	9	3	12	8	2	10	..	..	3	..	12	9	48 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Kinkuti	1	1	108 0 0	10	..	10	9	..	9	..	..	..	..	10	4	23 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Kudutuli	2	2	177 8 9	25	..	25	15	..	15	..	..	3	1	19	10	66 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Nowgam	2	2	166 10 4	26	1	27	24	1	25	..	..	3	1	22	11	83 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Passangia	2	2	168 0 0	16	..	16	13	..	13	..	..	1	..	14	8	45 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Sarangodo	3	3	316 11 11	60	3	63	44	2	46	..	..	3	1	38	21	136 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Sirtigudu	1	1	99 14 11	12	3	15	10	2	12	..	..	3	..	10	6	47 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Subarnagiri	2	2	167 11 4	32	1	33	23	1	24	..	..	..	..	19	11	61 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Tumribund	1	1	98 1 0	30	..	30	23	..	23	..	..	..	..	20	16	45 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Onaga	1	1	96 0 0	36	4	40	20	4	24	36	4	1	..	28	15	73 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Chellagodo	1	1	96 0 0	35	..	35	30	..	30	20	..	1	..	24	16	76 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Ramagiri	2	2	156 0 0	56	..	56	36	..	36	..	..	1	..	37	22	73 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Odaba	1	1	96 0 0	26	3	29	16	3	19	..	..	1	..	19	9	51 0 0	..	
Principal Assistants Agents' division.	Jerango	1	1	96 0 0	19	7	26	14	9	23	..	..	1	1	22	18	62 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Gandahatti	1	1	96 0 0	41	8	49	33	6	39	..	..	1	1	34	32	217 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Narayanapuram ..	1	2	168 0 0	43	3	46	32	3	35	1	..	1	1	21	16	77 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Gyba	..	1	96 0 0	22	..	22	20	..	20	..	..	1	1	19	10	29 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Namanagaram	1	1	96 0 0	31	2	33	27	2	29	1	..	1	1	27	18	120 8 0	..	

No. IX.—Statement showing statistics of Agency schools during the year 1894–95—*cont.*

Name of taluk or division.	Number and class of schools.	Teachers employed and their salaries.			Number of pupils on rolls on 31st March 1894.			Average daily attendance.			Number of pupils belonging to aboriginal races on 31st March 1895.		Number of schools inspected		Number of pupils examined for grants.	Number of pupils found qualified for grants.	Receipts.		Remarks.
		Number.		Amount of salary per annum.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	By officers of the Educational department.	By Agency officers.			Results grants.	Fees.	
		Trained.	Total.																
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	Government Salary-result System Schools.			Rs. A. P.													Rs. A. P.		
	Lower Primary.																		
Special Assistant Agent's division.	Rottingia	1	1	98 0 6	23	..	23	5	..	5	22	..	3	..	8	2	3 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Settingia	1	1	108 0 0	16	..	16	12	..	12	..	..	1	..	16	13	75 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Mohasingi	2	2	178 15 0	23	3	26	15	2	17	3	..	3	2	21	14	79 0 0	..	
	Result System Lower Primary Schools.																		
Special Assistant Agent's division.	Kochillagoda	1	1	..	27	..	27	20	..	20	5	..	1	..	11	8	..	..	
Do. do.	Kudutentul	1	1	..	11	41	52	6	34	40	5	16	1	..	40	3	..	..	
Do. do.	Gazilbadi	..	1	..	27	..	27	25	..	25	..	..	1	..	10	6	..	..	
Do. do.	Do.	..	1	..	19	..	19	17	..	17	19	..	1	..	11	4	..	..	
Do. do.	Kolama	..	1	..	21	..	21	20	..	20	..	..	1	..	16	9	..	..	
Do. do.	Salima	..	1	..	19	..	19	15	..	15	19	..	1	..	13	1	..	..	
Do. do.	Kattingia	..	1	..	24	..	24	18	..	18	24	..	1	..	17	10	..	..	
Do. do.	Kuttrugam	..	1	..	11	..	11	11	..	11	11	..	1	..	7	2	..	..	
Do. do.	Gadrigam	..	1	..	24	7	31	15	5	20	..	..	2	..	31	7	..	..	
Do. do.	Mahendragodo	1	1	..	32	..	32	25	..	25	14	..	1	..	16	10	39 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Chelligodo	1	1	..	35	..	35	26	..	26	17	..	1	1	18	8	34 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Rondiba	1	1	..	23	..	23	20	..	20	16	..	1	..	9	6	19 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Toborasingi	..	1	..	49	..	49	42	..	42	33	..	1	..	22	15	62 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Phokka	..	1	..	28	..	28	21	..	21	27	..	1	..	12	6	12 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Khojiripodu	1	1	..	46	..	46	30	..	30	..	..	1	..	35	12	30 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Potigovindupur ..	1	1	..	28	2	30	24	2	26	..	..	1	1	27	16	44 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Sombolopur	1	1	..	23	..	23	20	..	20	20	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	
Do. do.	Porimolo	1	1	..	31	..	31	28	..	28	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	
Do. do.	Kolamari	..	1	..	23	..	23	20	..	20	9	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	

No. IX.—Statement showing statistics of Agency schools during the year 1894–95—*cont.*

Name of taluk or division.	Number and class of schools.	Teachers employed and their salaries.			Number of pupils on rolls on 31st March 1895.			Average daily attendance.			Number of pupils belonging to aboriginal races on 31st March 1895.		Number of schools inspected		Number of pupils examined for grants.	Number of pupils found qualified for grants.	Receipts.		Remarks.
		Number.		Amount of salary per annum.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	By officers of the Educational department.	By Agency officers.			Results grants.	Fees.	
		Trained.	Total.																
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	Result System Lower Primary Schools—cont.			Rs. A. P.													Rs. A. P.		
Special Assistant Agent's division.	Bariko	1	1	..	35	5	40	34	5	39	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Principal Assistant Agent's division.	Baragungo	1	1	..	10	..	10	9	..	9	4	..	1	..	10	6	21 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Tamantoro	1	1	..	21	..	21	15	..	15	17	..	1	..	6	..	..	..	
Do. do.	Bodagam	1	1	..	7	7	14	7	2	9	..	..	1	..	2	1	..	..	
Do. do.	Lavanyakota	1	1	..	47	..	47	37	..	37	6	..	1	..	42	35	70 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Talasingi	1	1	..	16	..	16	13	..	13	..	..	1	..	10	7	20 0 0	..	
	Total of 1894–95 ..	94	113	8,801 7 1	2,214	142	2,356	1,644	111	1,755	526	23	135	29	1,553	851	3,831 0 0	..	
	Total of 1893–94 ..	71	113	8,174 5 9	2,427	206	2,633	1,859	148	2,007	573	42	174	34	2,042	1,452	4,877 10 8	..	

Note.—Two hundred and eleven Khond boys and three Khond girls, nine Pano boys and thirty Savara boys are reading in the schools. The details of the remainder are not given.

No. X.—Statement showing the progress of New Works and Repairs costing Rs. 250 and upwards in the Agency tracts of Ganjám during the year 1894–95.

Name of taluk or division.	Description of work.	Amount of original allotment for the year.	Final allotment for the year.	Expenditure. From the commencement of the work up to the close of preceding year (for new works).	Expenditure. In the year under report.	Remarks on progress.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	I.—New works.					
	(a) *Buildings.*	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Special Assistant Agent's division ..	Elephant shed at Russellkonda	..	313 0 0	680 0 0	313 0 0	
Principal do. do. ..	Hospital at Goomsur-Udayagiri	..	220 0 0	..	220 0 0	
	Rest-house at Tentutigodo	..	175 12 0	..	175 12 0	
	Rest shed at Gumma	250 0 0	310 0 0	..	310 0 0	
	Works costing less than Rs. 250	160 0 0	160 0 0	..	160 0 0	
	Total ..	410 0 0	1,178 12 0	680 0 0	1,178 12 0	
	(b) *Communications.*					
Special do. do. ..	Wooden bridge at Udayagiri	300 0 0	300 0 0	..	..	Rs. 300 savings.
Principal do. do. ..	Do. at Chokapad	..	100 0 0	..	100 0 0	
	Road from Mahendratanaya river at Burajangi to Rayagada six miles at Rs. 100 a mile.	1,600 0 0	1,430 0 0	..	1,045 8 0	,, 554–8–0 savings.
	Total ..	1,900 0 0	1,830 0 0	..	1,145 8 0	Rs. 854–8–0 savings.
	Total, New Works ..	2,310 0 0	3,008 12 0	680 0 0	2,324 4 0	Rs. 854–8–0 savings.
	II.—Repairs.					
	(a) *Buildings.*					
Special do. do. ..	Special Assistant Agent's Bungalow at Russellkonda ..	350 0 0	350 0 0	..	350 0 0	
	Do. Office building at Russellkonda ..	250 0 0	250 0 0	..	250 0 0	
	Do. Bungalow and office building at Bulligadu.	350 0 0	350 0 0	..	350 0 0	

No. X.—Statement showing the progress of New Works and Repairs costing Rs. 250 and upwards in the Agency tracts of Ganjám during the year 1894–95—*cont.*

Name of taluk or division.	Description of work.	Amount of original allotment for the year.	Final allotment for the year.	Expenditure. From the commencement of the work up to the close of preceding year (for new works).	Expenditure. In the year under report.	Remarks on progress.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	(a) *Buildings*—cont.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	
Principal Assistant Agent's division ..	Repairs costing less than Rs. 250	1,975 0 0	1,995 12 0	..	1,355 12 0	
	Works costing less than Rs. 250	528 0 0	690 0 0	..	652 15 2	Rs. 619 4 0 savings.
	Total ..	3,453 0 0	3,635 12 0	..	2,958 11 2	Rs. 619 4 0 savings.
	(b) *Communications.*					
Special do. do. ..	Kalipano road, 51 miles at Rs. 50 a mile	2,447 0 0	2,437 8 0	..	1,041 2 0	
	Sarangado road, 38 miles at Rs. 40 a mile	1,520 0 0	1,520 0 0	..	870 0 0	Rs. 1,405 14 0 savings.
	Kotghur road, 37 miles at Rs. 20 a mile	740 0 0	740 0 0	..	100 0 0	,, 650 0 0 ,,
	Linepada road, 10 miles at Rs. 30 a mile	300 0 0	300 0 0	..	300 0 0	,, 640 0 0 ,,
	Chokapad road, 16 miles at Rs. 25 a mile	400 0 0	400 0 0	..	400 0 0	
	Boad road, 18 miles at Rs. 125 a mile	1,820 0 0	1,000 0 0	..	816 2 7	Rs 1,003 13 5 savings.
	Mohangiri road, 16 miles at Rs. 40 a mile	640 0 0	640 0 0	..	100 0 0	,, 540 0 0 ,,
	Military road, 97 miles at Rs. 19 and odd per mile	1,860 0 0	1,860 0 0	..	312 0 0	,, 1,548 0 0 ,,
	Do. 36 miles at Rs. 25 a mile	900 0 0	900 0 0	..	552 0 0	,, 348 0 0 ,,
	Chelligodo-Jagadapalli road, 14 miles at Rs. 80 a mile	1,120 0 0	1,120 0 0	..	651 0 0	,, 469 0 0 ,,
	Nuvugada-Keradango road, 4 miles at Rs. 100 a mile	400 0 0	400 0 0	..	206 0 0	,, 194 0 0 ,,
	Udayagiri-Porimolo road, 8 miles at Rs. 50 a mile	400 0 0	400 0 0	..	206 0 0	,, 194 0 0 ,,
	Taptapani ghât road, 8 miles at Rs. 37½ a mile	300 0 0	300 0 0	..	..	,, 300 0 0 ,,
Principal do. do. ..	Repairs costing less than Rs. 250	1,120 0 0	1,120 0 0	..	925 0 0	,, 195 0 0 ,,
	Kimedi-Kinchilingi road 25 miles, 9 miles at Rs. 30 each; only one mile was laid out at a cost of Rs. 500.	770 0 0	770 0 0	..	770 0 0	
	Construction of a bridge on 8th furlong of 14th mile of Kimedi-Kinchilingi road.	500 0 0	500 0 0	..	500 0 0	
	Construction of a tunnel on 4th furlong of 4th mile of Jiranghi road.	400 0 0	400 0 0	..	400 0 0	
	Repairs costing less than Rs. 250	1,095 0 0	1,215 0 0	..	1,211 12 5	
	Total ..	16,732 0 0	16,022 8 0	..	9,361 1 0	Rs. 7,487–11–5 savings.

No. X.—Statement showing the progress of New Works and Repairs costing Rs. 250 and upwards in the Agency tracts of Ganjám during the year 1894–95—*cont.*

Name of taluk or division.	Description of work.	Amount of original allotment for the year.	Final allotment for the year.	Expenditure. From the commencement of the work up to the close of preceding year (for new works).	Expenditure. In the year under report.	Remarks on progress.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Principal Assistant Agent's division ..	Sanitation	..	..	..	..	
	Supervision	716 0 0	716 0 0	..	687 0 0	Rs. 29 savings.
	Miscellaneous	40 0 0	40 0 0	..	40 0 0	
	Reserve	249 0 0	77 0 0	..	..	,, 249 ,,
	Total ..	*1,005 0 0*	*833 0 0*	..	727 0 0	Rs. 278 savings.
	Total, Repairs ..	21,190 0 0	20,491 4 0	..	13,046 12 2	Rs. 8,384–15–5 savings.
	Grand Total ..	23,500 0 0	23,500 0 0	680 0 0	15,371 0 2	* Rs. 9,239–7–5, total savings.

* This sum was utilized as follows :—

		Rs. A. P.
Principal Assistant Agent's division.	1. Rest shed at Gumma	60 0 0
	2. Buildings costing less than Rs. 250	124 15 2
Special do. do.	3. Communications costing less than Rs. 250	116 12 5
	4. Elephant shed at Russellkonda	313 0 0
	5. Hospital at Goomsur-Udayagiri	220 0 0
	6. Rest-house at Tentutigodo	175 12 0
	7. Wooden bridge at Chokapad	100 0 0
	Total ..	1,110 7 7
	Amount lapsed to Government ..	8,128 15 10
	Total ..	9,239 7 5

ABSTRACT.

	Rs. A. P.
I. New works—	
(*a*) Buildings	1,178 12 0
(*b*) Communications	1,145 8 0
II. Repairs—	
(*a*) Buildings	2,958 11 2
(*b*) Communications	2,361 1 0
Sanitation	..
Supervision	687 0 0
Miscellaneous	40 0 0
Total ..	15,371 0 2

No. XI.—Statement showing the details of the works undertaken for the improvement of sanitation in the Agency tracts of Ganjám during the year 1894–95—*Nil.*

No. XII.—Statement showing the Abkári Revenue of the Agency tracts of Ganjám for the year 1894-95.

Name of Taluk or Division.	System.	Name of farm rented.	Amount of rents.	Number of shops. At the beginning of the year.	Number of shops. Newly opened during the year.	Number of shops. Total.	Demand. Arrears.	Demand. Current.	Collection. Arrears.	Collection. Current.	Remissions	Balance. Arrears.	Balance. Current.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
			Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.
Principal Assistant Agent's Division, Parlákimedi Taluk.	License ..	..	150 0 0	4	1	5	..	150 0 0	..	150 0 0	..	..	..
	Auction ..	..	171 0 0	2	..	2	..	42 12 0	..	42 12 0	..	..	..
	Farm ..	1. Gumma. 2. Rayagada. 3. Narayanapuram.	325 1 0	..	10	10	52 6 6	325 1 0	52 6 6	325 1 0	..	..	..
Special Assistant Agent's Division, Balliguda Taluk ..	License ..	..	390 0 0	13	..	13	..	390 0 0	..	390 0 0	..	..	..
	Auction ..	..	414 0 0	1	..	1	..	628 8 0	..	628 8 0	..	..	..
Udayagiri do.	Do. ..	do.	5,505 0 0	13	..	13	513 13 4	5,537 4 0	513 13 4	5,537 4 0	..	..	..
Ramagiri do.	Do. ..	do.	1,980 0 0	33	..	33	..	495 0 0	..	489 9 4	..	..	5 6 8
	Total of 1894–95 ..	..	8,935 1 0	66	11	77	566 3 10	6,568 9 0	566 3 10	6,563 2 4	..	..	5 6 8
	Total of 1893–94 ..	..	7,586 7 0	62	6	68	157 1 4	7,556 7 0	157 1 4	2,159 1 8	..	..	5,397 5 4

REMARKS.—Except in the case of Parlákimedi farms, the amount of rents in column 4 represents the rents for the calendar year 1895; but the demand, collection and balance columns 8 to 14 represent figures for the official year 1894–95. There are surplus collections of Rs. 69, Rs. 31–10–8 and Rs. 63–12–0 in Balliguda, Udayagiri and Ramagiri auction sales, which were not separately shown as there was no column provided for the same. These amounts were taken to account in subsequent months. It will also be observed that in column 14 of last year's return a balance of Rs. 5,397–5–4 was shown, whereas in column 8 of the present return only Rs. 566–3–10 was shown as balance at the beginning of the year. The difference is due to the rental of the full year 1894 having been shown at the end of March 1894 under demand before it was actually due. The mistake is now rectified and correct figures adopted. The correct balance of Rs. 5–6–8 has since been collected.

No. XIII.—Statement showing the Opium Revenue of the Agency tracts in Ganjám during 1894-95.

Name of Taluk or Division.	Number of shops.		Selling price to consumers (tolas per rupee).	Consumption in pounds.	Rents and license fees.	Remarks.
	Sold by auction.	Let on fixed license fees.		1893-94.	1894-95.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
"						8
Principal Assistant Agent's Division	..	1	3 tolas per rupee.	TOLAS. 300	..	These shops were not separately sold, but included in the rental of the plains.
Special do.	..	2	Do.	2,000	1,928	..
Total ..	..	3		2,300	2,228	..

No. XIV.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection, Remission and Balance of all sources of Revenue in the Agency tracts in Ganjám in 1894-95.

Items.	Demand.			Collection.			Remission.	Balance.		
	Arrear.	Current.	Total.	Arrear.	Current.	Total.		Arrear.	Current.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
I. Land Revenue—										
1. Permanently settled	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2. Land Revenue including miscellaneous cesses	129 7 4	2,013 15 8	2,143 7 0	32 10 6	1,992 11 4	2,025 5 10	..	96 12 10	21 4 4	118 1 2
3. Quit-rent on service inams	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Miscellaneous revenue fines	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	129 7 4	2,013 15 8	2,143 7 0	32 10 6	1,992 11 4	2,025 5 10	..	96 12 10	21 4 4	118 1 2
II. Abkári including license fees	566 3 10	6,568 9 0	7,134 12 10	566 3 10	6,563 2 4	7,229 6 2	..	..	5 6 8	5 6 8
III. Village-cess	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
IV. Opium	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
V. Ferries	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
VI. School, road and dak funds ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
VII. Stamps	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
VIII. Forests	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	566 3 10	6,568 9 0	7,134 12 10	566 3 10	6,563 2 4	7,229 6 2	..	..	5 6 8	5 6 8
Grand Total ..	695 11 2	8,582 8 8	9,278 3 10	598 14 4	8,555 13 8	9,254 12 0	..	96 12 10	26 11 0	123 7 10

No. XV.—Statement showing the number of wild animals killed in the Agency tracts of Ganjám and the rewards granted during 1894–95.

Officer granting the reward.	Tigers.		Panthers.		Bears.		Hyænas.		Total.		Number killed by wild animals.	
	Number killed.	Amount of reward.	Number killed.	Amount of reward.	Number killed.	Amount of reward.	Number killed.	Amount of reward.	Number killed.	Amount of reward.	Persons.	Cattle.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.				Rs.		
Principal Assistant Agent ..	..	..	26	435	2	10	..	..	28	445	7	3
Special „ „ ..	1	35	4	85	..	..	..	..	5	120	..	..
Deputy Tahsildar, Balliguda ..	4	125	20	450	..	12½	..	..	24	575	40	33
Do. Udayagiri ..	..	..	16	282½	3	..	..	..	19	295	2	
Do. Ramagiri ..	..	..	12	260	..	..	..	..	12	260	8	
Total of 1894–95 ..	5	160	78	1,512½	5	22½	..	..	88	1,695	57	36*
Total of 1893–94 ..	5	95	69	1,425	14	62	..	..	88	1,582	†45	58

* Two deaths by snake-bite. † One person by snake-bite.

CHATRAPUR,
10*th August* 1895.

(Signed) C. J. WEIR,
Agent.

ENCLOSURE.

From F. S. A. SLOCOCK, Esq., Acting Special Assistant Agent, Ganjám, to the Agent to the Governor in Ganjám, dated Daringabadi, 21st May 1895, No. 11-Ag.—Political.

I have the honour to submit the annual report of this division for the year 1894–95.

Changes in office.—Mr. Oldfield was in office from 1st April to 8th September; the Agent Mr. Weir, from the 9th to 20th September; Mr. Moore, from the 21st September to the 7th March 1895. I took charge on the 8th March.

2. *Tours.*—Mr. Oldfield was above ghâts from the 1st April to the 16th May, during which time he toured from Balliguda to Chendiput and down by the Jorow ghât.

Mr. Moore made three tours—

The first from November 15th—December 8th by Jorow ghât to Ramagiri-Udayagiri and back;

the second lasting 16th January to 2nd February, in company with the Agent, through Chockapad and Goomsur maliahs and down by Daringabadi and Suradá;

the third he started towards Balliguda by the Kalingia ghât on the 16th February, but had to return from Kusadandi to give over charge, and he descended the ghât on the 25th.

Altogether 98 days were spent above ghâts during the year. The deficiency is due to frequent changes of officers. No tour could be made in October as His Excellency the Governor was visiting Russellkonda.

Mr. Moore has left some notes of his tours, but Mr. Oldfield left none.

3. *Elephants.*—The two elephants Gowri and Champakalli have been in good health and were used throughout the touring. The charges and receipts on account of elephants during the year as compared with the year before were—

	1894–95.			1893–94.
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.
Charges	1,670	13	9	2,808
Receipts	80	8	0	131

4. *Boundary.*—During the year the Government approved of Mr. Elphinstone's boundary, which extends from the Daspalla boundary as far as Chinnakimedi, with a slight break near Gajilibadi. This has not yet been settled. The question whether compensation should be given to Dakpalla and other villages near Udayagiri has been reported on since the close of the year.

I will submit the paper very shortly. It has had to lie over pending return of the District Forest Officer Mr. Battie.

(Intld.) C. J. W.,
Agent.

A mark erected by Mr. Elphnistone near the Taptapani ghât road on the Bodogodo-Chinnakimedi boundary was removed during the year. It has been replaced and the cost will be recovered from the adjacent village.

There has been some question raised as to certain forests on the Daspalla frontier. The contractor for sleepers for the railway has leased certain forests from some Daspalla ryots and has on

the strength of this been cutting down trees belonging to us in Chokapad on the ground that they are in Daspalla. The matter has been settled provisionally. I will make enquiries when I am in Chokapad where I expect to go shortly.

I have received no report as yet.
(Intld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

5. *Hill Chiefs.*—The Jhiripani Patro died during the year, and the succession of his grandson Udayasingh Patro was approved by the Agent.

The Sarangado Patro mentioned in last year's report as having been convicted of giving false information has been ordered to be dismissed since the close of the year. A substitute will be recommended separately. His grandson Mondo Patro has been assisting him lately and is the best man who can be appointed in his place.

The ill-feeling between the Ramagiri Patro and his Berukos seems to have continued. Mr. Moore enquired into the matter and found that the allegations against the Patro were not well founded. The Patro has filed several suits for recovery of mamuls and has been successful in all.

The questions at issue between the Pedda Kimedi estate and the Patros of the Pedda Kimedi maliahs have not yet been disposed of.

There was some friction between the people of Nicasai and the Balliguda Patro; this appears to be an old dispute which has been revived as the Patro is young and inexperienced. I have disposed of the matter which is unimportant.

The Manager of the Bodogodo estate reported that the Luhagudi Patro had embezzled some of the money due to the estate. The matter is under consideration of the Agent. The Kuttingia Zemindar is trying to put off the payment of the debt he owes to Bodogodo estate. He asked permission to pay in instalments of Rs. 50, instead of Rs. 100, as Mr. Johnson had ordered, he was told that the Special Assistant could not interfere.

The Deputy Collector (Goomsur) is making inquiries to ascertain if there has been any embezzlement.
(Intld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

I don't believe he can pay anything.
(Intld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

The Subamagiri Patro sent a petition stating that some of his maghis have been paying mamuls to the Godapur Rajah. It was found that this was an attempt to revive the boundary dispute settled by Mr. Elphinstone and the fact was reported to the Agent.

With regard to the two low country men appointed by the Tatrajah of Godapur (*vide* last year's report), Konai Patro is still retained as a private servant of the Rajah. Regarding Sunder Rai, information was called for, but has not been furnished. No complaints have been received in this office from the Godapur people. The Rajah is continually requesting that proceedings may be taken to force Ramachendro to live in Bamimgam or elsewhere as he is afraid that he is coming into Godapur and will cause trouble. It does not appear that Ramachendro has ever yet attempted to enter Godapur. I hope to go to Godapur soon.

Raghunadho Patro has been arrested and the matter will shortly come before me judicially. There was no general disturbance.
(Intld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

The *ex*-Patro of Budagudu Raghunadho, kept quiet during the year, but he has unfortunately since broken out and caused the death of the Patro's brother.

6. *Season.*—The rains were favourable and the season was good.

7. *Criminal Justice.*—The number of criminal cases disposed of in the year as compared with the previous year is:—

	1894-95.	1893-94.
Original	184	214
Appeal	6	2

8. *Civil Justice.*—The following shows the work in the Agency Civil Courts for the year compared with the previous year:—

	1894-95.	1893-94.
Original Suits	124	81
Appeals	4	2

This shows an increase of over 50 per cent.

9. *Court-fee stamps.*—The following table shows the receipts on account of Court-fee stamps:—

Name of Court.	Receipts in 1893-94.			1894-95.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Special Assistant Agent's Court	207	13	0	298	4	0
Court of the Balliguda Deputy Tahsildar	273	2	0	473	5	0
Do. Udayagiri do.	263	15	0	258	14	0
Do. Ramagiri do.	93	13	0	31	6	0

The increase in Balliguda is noteworthy.

10. *Hospitals.*—Statement No. VII gives the particulars of hospitals.

The attendance at Balliguda is very small.

The attendance at Ramagiri, Udayagiri, shows a large increase over last year's figures. The people seem to begin to appreciate skilled medical attendance. Mr. Moore when inspecting the hospital ordered that certain articles, cots, &c., should be obtained for the use of in-patients, and these have been indented for.

The attendance at Goomsur, Udayagiri, was very poor compared with last year. This was owing to the habits of the late hospital assistant. Since the new man joined, there has been large increases. Rs. 220 were spent on constructing a new building for the hospital.

It was spent on repairs of existing building.
(Intld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

11. *Vaccination.*—During the year 6,033 cases were vaccinated as compared with 3,237 last year and the percentage of successful cases rose from 89·22 to 91·14. It may be remarked, however, that the Deputy Inspector, who was placed under suspension last December, was found to have sent false returns and to have falsified the registers; myself I believe that the percentage is really much lower. Mr. Moore in his tour had a large number of cases vaccinated before him and he found that, if the supply of lymph had not run short, many more could have been done; and he also found that many cases were unsuccessful owing to the bad quality of lymph used. I have found since I have been up here that the vaccinators are continually without any lymph at all, and I have often noticed that children who said they had been vaccinated had no marks. The vaccination in Balliguda division has been much neglected.

12. *Education.*—The statements given by the superintendents do not show the grants earned by some of the results grants schools; but even so, it is clear that there is a considerable falling off in the aggregate sum earned as results grants by the schools.

Altogether there are 64 schools in the division, of which 44 are salary-results schools and 20 are results schools. Among the latter is one school specially for girls at Kudutentuli which is not shown separately in the list.

It is unsatisfactory that one school of this class, viz., Bareko, was not inspected by the Superintendent even once during the year.

The total number of boys and girls on the rolls was 1,877 as compared with 2,105 in the previous year, while the average attendance was only 1,380 as compared with 1,569.

The number of pupils of the aboriginal races was: boys 496, girls 23, as compared with 537 boys and 42 girls in the previous year.

The grants earned amount to only Rs. 3,282 or Rs. 1,595 less than in the previous year.

Twenty schools were examined during the year by the Special Assistant Agent.

13. *Public Works.*—The total original allotment for the year was Rs. 17,295. This had to be reduced by Rs. 103, as the sanctioned budget was by that amount less than the estimate. The sum was taken from the allotment for Kalipano road.

The other change was in the Boad road. The Public Works Department having taken 10 miles, out of the 18 under their charge, only Rs. 820 were needed for the road. Rs. 820 were transferred to other works and Rs. 180 lapsed; there was also a saving of Rs. 3–13–5.

With this exception and that of a saving of Rs. 146–6–0 on the Kalipano road, the whole of the allotment in Udayagiri taluk was spent.

In Ramagiri taluk, owing to the death of the Sub-Magistrate in January, all works were stopped; a sum of Rs. 620 odd was due for work already done but not paid for, and on the new Sub-Magistrate joining he applied for a cheque but the cheque did not reach him till April; so the charge has had to be met from the allotment for 1895–96.

The total amount lapsed in Ramagiri, therefore, amounts to Rs. 2,753 out of an allotment of Rs. 5,075. This could not have been helped.

It is in Balliguda taluk that least money has been spent, viz., only Rs. 1,460 out of an allotment of Rs. 5,975; so that Rs. 4,515 lapsed.

This was due to the fact that the cheque was not applied for till the end of March. Cheques for Rs. 4,515 were sent but only reached Balliguda on the evening of the last day of March and could not be cashed till April. The amount has been met from the current year's allotment.

Mr. Oldfield left no notes as to the condition of the roads. Mr. Moore's notes show that the roads in Udayagiri except Kalingia ghât were in excellent condition; and that the road by Taptapani ghât to Ramagiri-Udayagiri, was also good.

The Kalingia ghât has, I am glad to say, been now handed over to the Department of Public Works; it is at present nearly inaccessible for bandies. It will cost a large sum to put it in good order—about Rs. 12,000.

The Mohangiri ghât I have seen in April. It will be finished before the rains set in, and as soon as the rain has set the material; it ought to be an easy ghât. Mr. Loam's bandies have already been down and up it. The central provinces people have not yet attempted to make any sort of road below the ghât. The track as far as Mohangiri I have seen; it is only a bridle path and a bad bridle path too. The ghât will be no use unless they make a road to meet it; the road

from Balliguda to Mohangiri has some bad slopes; and it would be as well that it should be diverted in some places. Mr. Loam and I have ridden over it. At present there are no bandies to use the road even when constructed.

The works at Mahasingi bridge are in progress, wells are being sunk, about half having been already sunk. The difficulty is the baling and Mr. Loam has now got sanction to have an engine up; and when it comes, this part of the work will be soon completed.

14. *Abkari.*—The renting system was extended to all the shops in Ramagiri taluk this year. Balliguda taluk (except Balliguda itself) is the only part where the old license system is in force. There is an increase of two in the number of shops. There were no convictions under the Act during the year. It was reported that there was much illicit sale in Sarangoda and Guttingia. I made enquiries while there, but nothing was discovered. The renter could not name a single case that he himself knew or had heard of. Since the end of the year there was a conviction in Ramagiri.

15. *Opium.*—The licensee has been very irregular in his attendance. There was a sale of 1,928 tolahs during the year as compared with 2,000 last year. The shop was not open in February and March.

16. *Wild animals.*—The following statement gives the number of animals killed and amount of rewards paid during this year and the year before:—

Officers granting the rewards.	Tigers.		Panthers.		Bears.		Total.	
	Number killed.	Amount of rewards.	Number killed.	Amount of rewards.	Number killed.	Amount of rewards.	Number killed.	Amount of rewards.
		Rs.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs.
Special Assistant Agent ..	1	35	4	85 0 0	..	..	5	120
Balliguda Sub-Magistrate.	4	125	20	450 0 0	..	..	24	575
Udayagiri do. ..	..	..	16	282 8 0	3	12 8 0	19	295
Ramagiri do. ..	..	..	12	260 0 0	..	..	12	260
Total ..	5	160	52	1,077 8 0	3	12 8 0	60	1,250
1893-94 ..	5	95	55	1,135 0 0	11	47 0 0	71	1,277

The number of deaths reported from the various police stations is:—

Baminigam	10	Serango	1
Daringabadi	12	Possoru	1
Balliguda	8	Udayagiri (Goomsur)	1
Mohano	2	Belghur	2
Udayagiri	3		

Two of these are from snake-bite.

The Daringabadi man-eater is responsible for many of these; he has not disappeared yet, as he killed a man here three days ago.

There is another at Belghur which is committing some havoc.

17. *Police.*—Four constables were charged with permitting escapes of prisoners; two were convicted and two discharged. There were no complaints against the police.

The Sub-Magistrate reports there are several petty thefts at Tickaballi market and requests that a police station be established there. The request is reasonable; at present people do not complain of these petty thefts as they cannot find the police.

I see no sufficient reason to recommend that a station be opened. The Police Superintendent may be asked to see that beat constables attend the market. This will suffice.

(Initld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

18. *Sub-Treasuries.*—Mr. Oldfield examined the sub-treasury at Balliguda last April; and Mr. Moore, those at the two Udayagiri's: everything was correct.

19. *Markets.*—The markets at Udayagiri and Tikaballi are well attended.

20. *Maliah post.*—The line between Ramagiri and Aska is said to be very irregular. I cannot speak from experience. I have so far heard no complaint about the other lines.

21. *Sub-Magistrates.*—Mr. Sanjivi Naidu took three months' leave and Mr. T. Venkataramaniah acted for him from September to December.

Mr. Bartley was at Balliguda the whole year.

Mr. Gourahari Sahu was at Ramagiri till January when he died. The office was vacant till 13th March, when Mr. Gowrachendra Patro joined.

The statements are appended.

From P. S. P. RICE., Esq., Acting Senior Assistant Agent, Ganjám, to the Agent to the Governor in Ganjám, dated 8th April 1895, C. No. 27-A.G.

I have the honour to submit my report on the administration of the agency tracts in my division.

2. As you are aware the Jalantra, Jarada and Mandasa maliahs contain scarcely any places of importance, I had arranged a tour from Jarada through Thumba to Mahendragiri, but sickness in my camp compelled me to return after a four days' stay in Thumba. I had not the elephant.

3. *Hill Chiefs.*—The only event of importance was the death of the Bissoyi of Thumba. There were various claimants to the office, but you decided in favour of one Vasudeva Gajendra Bissoyi, to whom a sanad has been granted. His appointment met with some opposition. This was in the nature of things. I received several petitions against him. One of these accused him specifically of various irregularities. They were none of them very important; but it seemed that in one or two cases the Bissoyi had been departing from the settlement made by Mr. Scott. I have put this right.

4. *Forests.*—The District Forest-officer has, I believe, expressed his opinion that the forests are not of great value and are past mending. The power of issuing permits was granted to the Bissoyi with the results stated in my letter, R.C. No. 25-A.G. of 1894, bearing date 4th March 1895.

The receipts have been trifling. The forests have been ruined, and as they are surrounded by other zemindari forests, timber can be easily stolen.

(Initld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

5. *Abkári.*—There is no organised abkári system. The proposal to start an abkári farm, which came from a would-be renter, did not meet with my approval. In this I was supported by the Salt and Abkári Department. The establishment of an abkári system in this agency will certainly reduce the revenue from Jarada and Budarasingi farms and will bring no corresponding accrual. Smuggling of a petty nature from these hills to the plains seems to be practised.

6. *Education and Vaccination.*—Neither schoolmaster nor doctor have made their way to these parts yet. Government have sanctioned a vaccinator and one has been sent to start work from April 1st.

7. *Other returns are blank.*—The return of wild animals is wrongly amalgamated by the Sómpéta Deputy Tahsildar with his ordinary taluk returns. This will be looked to in future.

8. I should like to add that there seems a doubt as to whether Sabakota is in the agency or no. I know Mr. Johnson thought so, and I have always been under that impression. I never heard it questioned till last year. Now however there is much difference of opinion. Government say it is not and the Deputy Tahsildar of Sómpéta says it is not, because it is not mentioned in certain hill sanad. I think it is and you seem to think so too. I do not think there is any doubt that it ought to be so included; but I request a definite decision as cases may arise in which I may find it difficult to act.

The Senior Assistant Agent will be referred to G.O., No. 101 Judicial, dated 17th January 1894 (Confidential).

(Initld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

From J. G. D. PARTRIDGE, Esq., I.C.S., Acting Principal Assistant Agent, Ganjám, to the Agent to the Governor in Ganjám, Chatrapur, dated Chicacole, 29th May 1895.

I have the honour to submit my report on the administration of the Parlákimedi Agency for 1894–95.

Changes in office.—I was in sole charge from 1st April 1894 to 5th August 1894 when I handed over charge to Mr. W. H. Michael, who held the office from 6th August 1894 to 3rd November 1894, and I resumed charge from 7th November 1894 till the end of the year.

From 4th November 1894 to 6th November 1894 the office was vacant, as Mr. Michael left the station handing over charge to my head clerk M.R Ry. T. Venkatareddi Naidu.

2. *Tours.*—Statement No. II gives the information. I spent 31 days in the agency tracts and visited all the forts (residences of Bissoyis) except Koipuram and Lavingacota.

3. *Elephants.*—The elephant Luknow was in good health during the year.

The expenditure amounted to Rs. 683–14–7 against Rs. 601–15–10 of the previous year and the receipts amounted to Rs. 5–8–0. I used the elephant for eleven days only. In my opinion the Principal Assistant Agent's elephant could be dispensed with, provided that an agreement were made that the police elephant at Kimedi should be at the disposal of the Principal Assistant Agent for one month or six weeks in the year. If a tour had to be made in the wet weather, the elephant might be very useful. I

This proposal does not commend itself to me. It may no doubt be possible to get savaras to carry necessary kit in the cold weather when all work in the fields is finished. But it would be otherwise if a tour had to be made in the rains or if there was any disturbance in the hills. The police elephant would of course in such a case be required by the Assistant Superintendent. I consider we should be prepared for such an emergency.

(Initld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

am always able to get enough savaras to carry my kit, and I only use the elephant for carrying tents. There would be a considerable saving to Government if this elephant were used elsewhere, and it does very little work during the year now.

4. *Boundary disputes.*—With regard to the dispute about the Talamunda Gumma boundary in Jerangi and the Dombolo village in Rayagada, I have reported separately to you—*vide* my letters C. No. 49-A.G., dated 13th February 1895, and Dis. No. 47*A*, dated 30th April 1895. The village has been leased to Chakrapani Dolai by the Jerangi Bissoyi at a rent of three garces and twenty putties, and he sublets it. The rent has increased, but there are no savaras in this village.

This leasing of villages by Bissoyis is quite illegal. I have dealt with this matter in my report.
(Initld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

The savaras of Readalo in Gumma muttah complained against Kattingo Gomango of Joduru, a hamlet belonging to the Parlákimedi Zemindar, to the effect that the latter overstepped the boundary between Readalo and Joduru.

The Deputy Tahsildar of Parlákimedi inspected the land in dispute. From the Gudikattu account (old village account) it appears that a channel named Joduru Gedda forms the southern boundary of Readalo and is situated within a few yards from houses of Readalo savaras. The parties have presented a rajinamah and agreed to abandon the disputed land confining to boundaries according to Gudikattu account. Joduru Gedda would be taken as boundary between two villages, and that Joduru people would not cultivate the Readalo lands but with the permission of Gumma Bissoyi.

5. *Hill Chiefs.*—There were no changes in the Bissoyis. All behaved well except Jerangi Bissoyi, whose dealings are commented on in paragraph 17. The Bissoyis of Gumma and Namanagaram are good Bissoyis and they treat their savaras properly and are always willing to help Government.

6. *State Prisoners.*—Nil.

7. *Public Works.*—Out of the budget allotment of Rs. 6,308, a sum of Rs. 5,777-3-7 was spent on the works, leaving a saving of Rs. 533-12-5. The details of expenditure are given in statement No. X.

The public works in the agency were not in a forward condition this year, and the maliah overseer has neglected his duty. He states he has been ill and that the Bissoyis will not supply him with charcoal when he wants. He could easily buy charcoal and his excuses will not be accepted in future. The agency had not been visited up to the end of February by the Deputy Tahsildar who has been suffering from severe illness and who took three months' leave from the middle of March. This want of supervision may account for the neglect of the overseer. I found that the expenditure of full allotment in previous years was effected by the overseer drawing the amount and completing the works in the subsequent year. There are very few working months in the agency which accounts for this procedure.

This is of course very irregular and should not be allowed to recur.
(Initld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

The road to Rayagada is the largest work under construction. It would be a useful road in the dry weather, but it will not be metalled at present as the cart traffic is not large and will not go on during the rains. There is one river in it which cannot be bridged with the funds at our disposal.

The rest shed at Rayagada had been burnt down and had not been repaired in nine months when I halted there. The estimate for its completion has been sanctioned and the work should be quite finished by this time. The Deputy Tahsildar of Parlákimedi has since reported its completion.

The rest shed at Gumma has been entirely rebuilt at a cost of Rs. 310 and will be of much service.

A new bridge has been sanctioned on the Kimedi-Kinchilingi road. These are the principal works of the year.

8. *Forests.*—The forests were taken by Government under G.O., No. 1480, Judicial, dated 21st July 1893.

An establishment of one Forest Inspector on Rs. 30 and seven guards on Rs. 6 each at the marginally-noted places has been sanctioned (*vide* Board's Proceedings, Forest No. 963, Mis., dated 24th July 1894, and they were not entertained till November last) *vide* your R.C. No. 319-A.G., dated 14th November 1894.

1. Kinchilingi.
2. Ondara Gumma.
3. Burajangi.
4. Bidduva.
5. Ambajari.
6. Buvanabuddi.
7. Valladu.

It has been impossible with this staff to attempt any thorough protection of the forests. But under existing circumstances, I have deemed it useless to propose any alterations.
(Initld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

Permits for firewood, &c., have been given on payment of fees prescribed in the notification of Madras Government, No. 326, dated 23rd August 1886. The guards have been detecting cases of theft. A civil suit has been filed by the Zemindar of Parlákimedi and it is still pending.

9. *Abkári.*—The necessary information is given in statement No. XII. There were six stills at the beginning of 1894 as noted in the margin on fixed fee system. A still at Talamunda Gumma was recently sanctioned. Two stills at Gumma and Serango were sold at public auction and they realized Rs. 110 and Rs. 61, respectively.

1. Gumma.
2. Serango.
3. Jerangi.
4. Ojjaigada.
5. Arida.
6. Ambulodi.

The other stills are on a fixed fee of Rs. 30 each.

I examined the stills at Gumma, Serango, Jerangi and Ojjaigada during my tour. The stills from Namanagaram and Gyba were removed to Ambulodi and Arida, as they would interfere with the sales under abkári system recently introduced.

There are three abkári farms—(1) Gumma, (2) Rayagada and (3) Narayanapuram. The lease of these farms expired on 31st March 1895 and they were put to auction by the Deputy Tahsildar on 7th May 1895. The rental of 1895-96 is 40,132 and Rs. 106, respectively as compared to Rs. 12,262 and Rs. 67 of the previous year. There was a net decrease of Rs. 63 in the sales on the whole. In the year under report 35 cases were detected against none in the previous year. This increase is attributed to the energetic working of the Abkári officers.

10. *Opium.*—Statement No. XIII gives the information. There was a shop at Kariabulli and it was transferred to Serango last year. I inspected the shop at Serango and found the accounts correct. The renter sold only twelve seers of opium.

11. *Education.*—The necessary statistics are given in statement No. IX.

There are four lower secondary schools and five upper primary schools as shown in the statement, all maintained by Government; besides there are five lower primary schools under result system. In April 1895 the result school at Lavingacota was raised to a Government salaried results school—*vide* your R.C. No. 94-A.G. dated 29th March 1895. During the year under report there are 314 boys and 32 girls in the nine salary-result system schools against 341 boys and 42 girls in the previous year. The decrease may be accounted for partly to the neglect of teachers and partly to parents in not sending their children regularly to schools.

The schools were inspected during the year by the Assistant Inspector of Schools, Deputy Tahsildar and by me. All the schools in the agency were examined during my tour. The numbers in several schools are falling off and the masters say they are unable to get the boys to attend regularly.

I think a few prizes should be offered to be given on the result of the yearly examination.

I was present when the Assistant Inspector of Schools examined the Rayagada school for the grant. He spoke to me about reducing the pay of the masters at Serango and Gumma schools and increasing the pay of the masters at the smaller schools. I agree with this and propose that the headmasters at Gumma and Serango be paid Rs. 18 each and the second masters Rs. 10 each; and that the pay of the masters at Namanagaram, Jerangi, Ojjaigada and Gandahatti be raised to Rs. 10 out of the savings effected by the reductions.

The Gandahatti school seemed to me by far the best taught and the Gyba school the worst. At the grant examination Gandahatti school earned Rs. 217-8-0 and Gyba school Rs. 29 only. The schools are supplied with books, slates, maps and furniture, except Namanagaram school, which is in a wretched shed. A Government building has been sanctioned for this school. Three savara boys are shown as reading in Serango, Narayanapuram and Namanagaram in statement No. IX; but I found only one savara reading at Serango school during my tour who could not pass the first standard.

12. *Vaccination.*—Statement No. VIII gives the particulars of the vaccine establishment so far as they can be filled up in this office.

During the year under report, 1,159 were vaccinated against 1,010 in the previous year, thus showing an increase of 149 cases.

The percentage of successful cases during the year is 93·2 against 92·6 of the previous year. The increase is so insignificant that it calls for no special remark.

With regard to vaccination, the hill vaccinator accompanied me and seems to work pretty well. He complained that the people preferred vaccination from lymph plates to vaccination from arm-to-arm. I have requested the District Surgeon to supply enough lymph from the Chicacole Depôt. During my hill tour the Medical officer of Chicacole supplied me with good lymph.

13. *Civil Suits.*—Statement No. VI gives the information.

14. *Application for execution of decrees.*—There was one application presented in the court of Principal Assistant Agent and it was disposed of. There were seven applications in all during the year in the District Munsif's Court, Parlákimedi; all of them were disposed of.

15. *Criminal Original Cases and Appeals.*—The necessary information is given in statement No. V.

Two cases were committed to this court under section 304, Indian Penal Code. Both of them were disposed of and each person was sentenced to suffer one year's rigorous imprisonment under section 325, Indian Penal Code. There were two agency appeals and they were disposed of.

Seventy-five cases with 144 persons were tried by the Sub-Magistrate of Parlákimedi against 37 cases with 68 persons of the previous year. The increase of crime is attributed to the introduction of the Abkári Act and the Forest Rules.

16. *Court Fees.*—The receipts of this court amount to Rs. 506-12-0 against Rs. 59-1-0. The increase is due to the Namanagaram Bissoyi filing two civil suits for the recovery of lands which were illegally usurped by the zemindar's ryots.

The Deputy Tahsildar has not furnished the information.

17. *Miscellaneous*—(1) *Dispute.*—During my agency tour in 1894 (January and February) I discovered that in the Koipuram and Jerangi muttahs the Bissoyis had been collecting from the savaras and other persons kist very much more than that settled in 1881 by Mr. MacCartie and approved by Government. I then thought it advisable to issue a new patta (copied from the settlement) to each village and to give a complete copy to each Bissoyi, so that they would not have any longer the excuse, which was then given, that they did not know the proper kist.

I issued these pattas sending them to the Deputy Tahsildar of Parlákimedi for delivery, as I had to return from my tour in March to Chicacole and could not personally issue the pattas to gomangoes (or headmen) of these villages.

I regret to have to report that, owing to various circumstances, my action has not had the desired effect in the Jerangi muttah, at least of stopping the illegal exactions of the Bissoyis and their Peishnias or Paiks who visit each village yearly to collect the kist.

The savaras not having the faintest knowledge of reading the patta in English and Uriya is not of the least significance, unless it is fully explained to them. Hitherto the demands of the Bissoyi and his Paiks have been in most cases rapidly increasing, and yet it will be hardly credited that not a murmur has escaped from the savaras about this injustice except in a very few villages last year to me. The Deputy Tahsildar of Parlákimedi has never brought to my notice for two years a single case of oppression, and yet he visits these maliahs for a short time every year.

In the report of Mr. MacCartie to the Agent, dated 24th November 1881, in paragraph 14, the following remark occurs:—

"For the reasons given the records contain no test by which to scrutinize the miscellaneous demands, but some ancient vernacular accounts relating to the Bissoyi's ordinary revenues in cash and paddy having recently been unearthed from the archieves of the estate, the following statement has been compiled in which these levies for 14 faslis are contrasted with the current demand which it will be observed exhibits an almost invariable increase far out of proportion to the legitimate increment ascribable to rise of prices and extension of cultivation. In fact it is quite clear that the measure of the Bissoyi's exactions has been solely the forbearance of the people whose attitute has on the whole been that of uncomplaining submission. The substantial justice of this remark receives confirmation from the discovery that though 43 villages in five muttahs are noted as having been enjoyed rent free by the savaras in faslis 1249 and 1254, they now contribute their quota to the local exchequer of each chief."

Nothing could be clearer or truer than this statement of Mr. MacCartie if applied to the present conditions of the Jerangi savaras.

Without the slightest permission the Bissoyi has been raising his rent enormously and taxing new villages, which are really hamlets of old villages but which have sprung into existence since 1881.

It will also be seen from Mr. MacCartie's report upon Jerangi, paragraph 49 of the same letter, how the Bissoyi at that time had oppressed the savaras so much in three villages—Loba, Golla and Angarasingi—that the latter were severed from the Bissoyi's jurisdiction and ordered to pay their kist (Rs. 240) to the Manager of the Parlákimedi Estate. Again in paragraph 52 he says:—

"As contrasted with previously discussed muttahs, the Paiks' grain domands are noticeable for their extent. In some cases it is observed they collect two putties per house. I think on the whole the best uniform settlement of this claim would be to restrict it to five kunchams per house for division among the Paiks allotted to the village or one putti per village each man; (the last word of this sentence should evidently be 'Paik')."

An excuse put forward by the Bissoyi for not levying the proper rent in 1894 when I had told him at the beginning of the year to do so was, that he never received the copy till December and therefore levied the previous year's kist. I asked the Deputy Tahsildar of Parlákimedi to explain why he did not deliver the copy at once as I sent to him in April last. He has replied demi-officially that the memorandum with which it was received was not explicit. When the Bissoyi asked him for a copy some time ago he addressed me on the subject and it was delivered afterwards. That his statement owing to the non-receipt of the book till December sanctioned obliged to levy more rents, is untenable. In all cases where pattas were sanctioned in December he was invariably showed them to the Bissoyi, but he would not mind the Forest Notification, and these were given to savaras they

It is very unfortunate that, owing to the ignorance of the [illegible] and [illegible] given to savaras they of my verbal orders last year to the Bissoyi, he should remember them.

The Bissoyi has kept regular account[illegible] Parlákimedi have had the chance of continuing his exactions for 1894.

His account for 1893 [illegible] existing [illegible] is useless to prove any alter[illegible]s of his receipts from the villages and I have compared [illegible] with the proper rents payable under the settlement.

He received—

		Fixed rent.
In Nakili Gumma ..	Rs. 35 0 0	Rs. 14
„ Sogam	„ 18 and 7 putties paddy	„ 18 and 5 putties.
„ Talamunda Gumma ..	39 garces and 20 putties	3 garces.
„ Raghunathapuram ..	Rs. 12 8 0	Rs. 3
„ Poltari Gumma ..	„ 25 0 0	„ 13
„ Gati Tola	„ 13 0 0	„ 4
„ Toppango	„ 10 and 3 putties	„ 7 and 3 putties.
„ Latchmipuram ..	„ 67 0 0	„ 37
„ Tondi	„ 13 8 0	„ 4

The Paiks at the same time have increased their collections enormously, but no accounts are kept.

There are several new villages or hamlets of old villages from which he is levying rent and I have had to find out from the Savaras and the Bissoyi what these rents are and what would be a fair rent, so that pattas may be issued by the Agent.

The following are the new villages.

1. *Bandusai, a hamlet of Kambarisai.*—The head Savara, Bambu Bhuyya, said that there are ten houses, that the village paid Rs. 2 cash to the Bissoyi and they worked for the Bissoyi many days. They also paid the Peishnia called Bavuri 15 kunchams of grain per house and they used to pay only 5 kunchams each. They also pay this Peishnia, 1 tavvu honey, 2 addas of jenugulu and 2 pumpkins per house.

These demands of the Peishnia are most excessive and there is not the least reason why he, a man who is not a Paik, should be allowed such an amount.

I recommend a patta for the village. To the Bissoyi Rs. 2 cash and three days' vetti in the year.

To the Peishnia 5 kunchams of grain and 2 pumpkins per house.

2. *Visampadu.*—The headman, Pandu Bhuyya, said there were 16 houses; they paid Rs. 2-4-0 for the whole village to the Bissoyi and were forced to work many days. They also paid 15 kunchams of grain, 6 annas and 1 tavvu honey per house to the Peishnias.

This is most excessive. The patta in my opinion should be for the Bissoyi Rs. 2-4-0 for the village and 10 days' vetti in the year, provided batta is paid.

For the Peishnias 5 kunchams of grain per house to be shared by them.

3. *Toboruda, a hamlet of Koruda.*—The kist of Koruda has decreased since the settlement evidently owing to the migration of some Savaras to Toboruda. If a new patta is issued for Toboruda a new patta must also be issued for Koruda. The Bissoyi wishes this. The former kist of Koruda is Rs. 24.

The Toboruda patta should be—

Rs. 10 to Bissoyi.

Rs. 2 to God.

Re. 1 to karnam and Re. 1 to Dungadu, 1 kuncham honey and 2 kunchams of jenugulu to Bissoyi for whole village.

To the Peishnias 10 kunchams of grain per house.

The Koruda patta—

Rs. 8 to Bissoyi.

Rs. 1 to God.

As. 8 to Dungadu.

One kuncham honey and 1 kuncham jenugulu to Bissoyi for the whole village. To the Peishnias 5 kunchams grain per house.

4. *Kuruguba*, a new village, there are four houses Tenkodu Kaiji is the headman. They pay Rs. 8, 1 kuncham honey and 1 kuncham jenugulu to the Bissoyi and give him six dallis and about 5 days' vetti.

They pay the Peishnias 3 putties grain in all and 1 tavvu honey and 1 adda jenugulu per house.

The patta should be for the Bissoyi, Rs. 8, 1 adda honey and 1 kuncham jenugulu, 6 dallis and 5 days' vetti for the whole village. For the Peishnia, 5 kunchams grain, 1 tavvu honey, 1 adda jenugulu per house.

5. *Koranjasai, a new village.*—There are forty houses. The headman states they pay Rs. 40 to Bissoyi and 1 rupee to God and to the Peishnias Rs. 2 and 8 putties grain for the whole village.

As this does not seem excessive I recommend a patta in those terms.

6. *Jirajira, a hamlet of Tendi.*—There are 10 houses in the village. They pay Rs. 9, 2 kunchams honey, 7 kunchams jenugulu to the Bissoyi and 10 kunchams of castor-oil seed to god for the whole village, and Rs. 2 cash, 1 kuncham honey and 5 kunchams jenugulu per village and 12 kunchams grain per house to the Peishnias besides 1 rupee to karnam and Re. 1 to Dungadu and 1 goat and six dallis to the Bissoyi.

STATEMENT showing the villages of the Parlákimedi Maliahs settled by Mr. Partridge, the Principal Assistant Agent, in 1894–95.

Name of village.	In money.	In paddy.	In rice.	In red gram.	Chillies.	Salt.	Onions.	Peishnias.			Bariki Hindia, Behura, Bijju, Paniti and Tom-tom men.	Dallies, goats and fowls.	Unpaid labour.	Miscellaneous, fish, honey pots, castor-oil seeds and jinugulu.	Gomangoes' statement.	Remarks.
								Paddy.	Honey.	Jinugulu.						
Jiranghi Muttah.																
1. Bandusai, a hamlet of Kambarisai (contains ten houses).	Rs. 2 to the Bissoyi.	..	..	..	..	..	..	Five kunchams and two pumpkins per house.	..	..	..	..	Three days in the year.	..	Rs. 2 cash to the Bissoyi, worked many days for the Bissoyi; fifteen kunchams of grain to Peishnia called Bavuri; five kunchams to Peishnia one tavva honey, two addas, jinugulu and two pumpkins per house.	Headman called Bacuba Bhuyya.
2. Visampadu (contains sixteen houses)	Rs. 2-4-0 to the Bissoyi for the village.	..	..	..	..	..	..	Five kunchams of grain per house to be shared by them.	..	..	..	..	Ten days, provided batta is paid.	..	Rs. 2-4-0 for the village to the Bissoyi and were forced to work many days; also paid fifteen kunchams of grain, As. 6 and 1 tavva honey per house to the Peishnias.	Headman Panda Bhuyya.
3. Tuburudu, a hamlet of Koruda.	Rs. 10 to the Bissoyi; Rs. 2 to god; Re. 1 to kurnam; Re. 1 to Dangada.	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ten kunchams per house.	..	..	..	..	..	One kuncham honey; and two kuncham jinugulu to Bissoyi for whole village.	....	..
Koruda	Rs. 8 to Bissoyi; Re. 1 to god; As. 8 to Dangada.	..	..	..	..	..	..	Five kunchams per house.	..	..	..	..	..	One kuncham honey; one kuncham jinugulu to Bissoyi for whole village.	.... decreased since the settlement owing to the emigration of some Savaras to Toburuda; so a new patta is to be issued to Koruda (one putta meaning an extract of settlement).	This village was settled by Mr. MacCartie in 1881. The kist of this village has

Statement showing the villages of the Parlákimedi Maliahs settled by Mr. Partridge, the Principal Assistant Agent, in 1894–95—*cont.*

Name of village.	In money.	In paddy.	In rice.	In red gram.	Chillies.	Salt.	Onions.	Peishnias.			Bariki, Hindia, Behura, Bijju, Paniti and Tom-tom men.	Dallies, goats and fowls.	Unpaid labour.	Miscellaneous fish, honey pots, caster-oil seeds and jinugulu.	Gomangoes' statement.	Remarks.
								Paddy.	Honey.	Jinugulu.						
4. Karuguba (contains four houses) ..	Rs. 8 to the Bissoyi.	..	..	..	..	..	..	Five kunchams per house.	One tavva per house.	One adda per house.	..	Six dallies for the whole village to Bissoyi.	Five days vetti for the whole village to Bissoyi.	One addu honey, one kuncham jinugulu for the whole village to Bissoyi.	Pay Rs. 8; one kuncham honey and one kuncham jinugulu six dallies and about five days' vetti to the Bissoyi. To the Peishnia three putties grain in all and one tavva honey and one adda jinugulu per house.	Tinkodo Karji is the headman.
5. Koranjusai (contains forty houses).	Rs. 40 to the Bissoyi; Re. 1 to god; Rs. 2 to Peishnia.	..	..	..	..	..	..	Eight putties for the whole village to Peishnias.	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	..
6. Jira Jira, hamlet of Tondi (contains ten houses) ..	Re. 1 per house to the Bissoyi; Re. 1 to Dangada; Re. 1 to karnam.	..	..	..	..	..	..	Five kunchams per house.	..	Five kunchams per house.	..	One goat and six dallies to Bissoyi.	Ten days' vetti to the Bissoyi.	Five kunchams caster-oil; one kuncham honey, seven kunchams jinugulu to Bissoyi.	Pay Rs. 9; two kunchams honey and seven kunchams jinugulu to Bissoyi; ten kunchams caster-oil seed to god for the whole village and Rs. 2 cash; one kuncham honey and five kunchams jinugulu per village and twelve kunchams grain per house to the Peishnia besides Re. 1 to karnam and Re. 1 to Dangadu and one goat and six dallies to the Bissoyi.	..

Order—No. 2107, Judicial, dated 11th October 1895.

No events of importance occurred in the Ganjám Agency during 1894–95 and the annual report calls for but few remarks from Government.

2. The map which accompanies the report merely shows the Agent's tours; in future the journeys taken by his assistants should also be marked.

3. The statistics relating to civil and criminal justice disclose a considerable increase in the institutions of civil suits which has not been explained and a rise in the number of pending criminal cases for which the Parlákimedi Sub-Magistrate is responsible; the Government presumes, from paragraph 26 of the report, that the accumulation of arrears on the file of this officer was due to his ill-health towards the close of the year.

4. The attendance at the Ramagiri-Udayagiri hospital advanced from 1,701 to 3,014, an increase which is in striking contrast with the fall from 4,187 to 2,855 in the number of patients who received treatment at the hospital at Goomsur-Udayagiri. The decline in the popularity of the latter institution is ascribed to the conduct of the late hospital assistant, but this explanation is somewhat inadequate in view of the fact that he was only in charge of the hospital for a short period at the beginning of the year. The proposal to establish a hospital at Banimigam should form the subject of a separate communication which should be forwarded with a regular proposition statement through the Surgeon-General and Accountant-General. With reference to G.O., No. 1963, dated 19th September 1895, it is observed that the entertainment of a compounder is inadmissible.

The statistics relating to vaccination exhibit an apparent improvement as compared with those of the preceding year, but from the remarks made in paragraph 17 of the Agent's letter and paragraph 13 of the Special Assistant's report it is evident that very little reliance can be placed upon their accuracy. The Agent should instruct his Assistants to take every opportunity of testing the vaccinators' work and scrutinizing the supervision exercised by the Deputy Inspector. Another matter to which Mr. Weir's special attention should be devoted is the supply of lymph. Satisfactory results can hardly be expected in the absence of an adequate supply of lymph of good quality. With reference to the remark made in paragraph 12 of the Principal Assistant's report the Government observes that the use of humanized lymph has been prohibited in G.O., No. 2128 L., dated 3rd September 1891.

5. The subjoined table shows the number of boys and girls reported to be receiving instruction in the Agency schools during the past four years :—

Year.	Boys total.	Aboriginal races.	Girls.	Total.
1891–92	1,873	414	99	1,972
1892–93	2,133	622	120	2,253
1893–94	2,427	573	206	2,633
1894–95	2,214	526	142	2,356

These figures show an apparent decrease, but the Government notes that the Agent distrusts their accuracy and doubts whether the fall in attendance was real. The Director of Public Instruction has not yet furnished Government with his views * on the subject of instituting scholarships in order to encourage the aboriginal races to attend Agency schools; his report should be expedited. All but four schools were examined for results grants, but the number of pupils found qualified fell from 1,452 to 851. The Director's attention will be drawn to the fact that eleven schools received no payments on this account during the year. The number of inspections by educational officers though less than in the previous year was fairly satisfactory. Ten schools were however left altogether unvisited by them. Notwithstanding the remark made in paragraph 6 of G.O., No. 2089, dated 29th August 1894, the Special Assistant again failed to examine a sufficient number of schools; the explanation of the officer responsible for this neglect should be submitted to Government.

* As requested in paragraph 6 of G.O., No. 2089, Judicial, dated 29th August 1894.

6. The outlay on public works cannot be regarded as satisfactory as no less than 34·6 per cent. of the allotment was left unexpended; the bulk of this lapsed in the Special Assistant's division in Ramagiri taluk and in Balliguda a portion of the lapse being unavoidable in consequence of the death of the Ramagiri Sub-Magistrate. As the Agent remarks, the explanation given by the Special Assistant for the short expenditure in Balliguda is far from satisfactory; the further report which has been called for from that officer should be submitted for the information of Government. The Government learns with regret that the Kalinghia ghât road is in such bad order; the Public Works Department will be requested to expedite the preparation of plans and estimates for its repair. As recommended by the Agent, the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces will be addressed on the subject of the continuation of the Mohangiri ghât road. As in the previous year's report, statement X is defective; in several cases it fails to show the extent of roads laid out or repaired during the year. The Agent's attention will be drawn to the first foot-note to statement X as prescribed in G.O., No. 648, dated 1st April 1892.

7. The Agent will be requested to report the result of his inquiries into the explanation of the increase of the expenditure on Agency elephants. The attention of the Board of Revenue will be drawn to paragraph 43 of the report with the remark that there has apparently been excessive delay in passing orders upon the chief of Korada's petition regarding the boundary between his muttah and Pondakhol.

8. There were no actual disturbances during the year, and the conduct of the Hill chiefs appears to have been, on the whole, satisfactory. With reference to paragraph 45 of the report, the Government sanctions the appointment of Monda Patro as Patro of Sarangodo. It is observed that the late Patro is reported to have died since his dismissal.

The Government agrees with the Agent in considering it desirable that the Principal Assistant should make a practice of explaining to the Soura headmen the extent of the legitimate demands of the Bissoyis. The question of the status of these Hill chiefs is fully discussed in the letter addressed to Government of India in G.O., No. 190, dated 29th January 1895, a copy of which will now be communicated to the Agent as the Government of India has in Mr. Ibbetson's letter read in G.O., No. 859, dated 25th April 1895, tacitly approved the views expressed therein. The Agent should however defer proposals for the formulation of definite orders regarding their rights and position pending the settlement of the suit which has been brought by the zamindar of Parlákimedi to establish his claim to the Maliah forests as it is possible that the inquiry into the case may throw further light on the relative position of the zamindar and the Bissoyis.

The Principal Assistant Agent's settlement of the six villages in the Jerangi muttah is approved.

9. Paragraphs 15, 32 to 36 and 59 of the report will receive consideration in the Revenue Department.

10. The administration of the Agency during the period under review appears upon the whole to have been satisfactory.

(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Agent to the Governor, Ganjám.
" " " Vizagapatam.
" Government Agent, Gódávari.
" Revenue Department.
" Director of Public Instruction.
" Inspector-General of Police.
" Public Works Department.
" Surgeon-General.
" Sanitary Commissioner.
" Financial Department.
" Local and Municipal Department.
" Hon'ble the Chief Justice, with C.L.

Esd. S. J. Pereira.

Govt. of {1895} Madras.

JUDICIAL.

Issued

Recd. *Encl.*

G.O., No. 2107, 11th October 1895.

OCTOBER.

Ganjam Agency.

Reviewing the report on the administration of the — during 1894–95.

No. 2760 W.J. 31st October 1895

Communicated to the Rptg. Supt. I Circle who will expedite the plans and estimates for the Kalingia Ghat road called for in G.O. 884 W. dated 10th April 1895, and report when they are likely to be ready.

(Sd) C. H. B. B. D.W.

S.E. I Circle

33. The three farms or rent areas of the 122 villages of the Agency lying below the ghâts to which Abkári Act I of 1886 has been extended were put up to auction for 1895–96 and fetched the following sums :—

Name of farm.	Amount of rent.	Number of shops sanctioned.
	Rs.	
(1) Gumma	40	1
(2) Rayagada	132	6
(3) Narayanapuram	106	3
Total ..	278	10

34. In the year under report there were 35 cases of illicit distillation in the Principal Assistant Agent's division against none in last year. He attributes the increase to the energetic work of the abkári officers. There were no prosecutions in the Special Assistant Agent's division.

The abkári leases in the Agency tracts run for the calendar year. This is found inconvenient for the purpose of statement No. XII to accompany this report, which is for the official year. I therefore propose to change the leases into official year and sell the next leases for fifteen months ending 31st March 1897.

The variation in the abkári statement have been explained in the remark column of statement No. XII.

35. *Opium.*—The consumption in the three shops—two at Udayagiri and Tickaballi in Goomsur Maliahs and one at Serangho in Parlákimedi Maliahs—was 2,228 tolas against 2,300 tolas during last year. These three shops were not separately sold, but were included in the rental of the Goomsur and Chicacole farms respectively. The decrease is small and is said to be due to irregularity on the part of the licensee in the Goomsur Maliahs in not opening his shop for February and March 1895.

36. *Demand, Collection and Balance of all sources of Revenue.*—It will be observed from this statement that there is a balance of Rs. 118–1–2 against items 2 and 3 under I. Land Revenue. This appertains to the Chokkapad khandam in the Special Assistant Agent's division. It is not reported how much of this balance has since been recovered. The balance is small, but however I am directing the Special Assistant Agent to recover the same at an early date.

The balance of Rs. 5–6–8 against abkári revenue has since been recovered.

37. *Wild Animals.*—The number of wild animals killed and the amount of rewards paid was 88 and Rs. 1,695 respectively against 88 and Rs. 1,582 respectively for the previous year. The number of persons and cattle killed by wild animals during the year was 57 and 36 respectively against 45 and 58 of last year.

The Daringabadi man-eater is responsible for many of these deaths. He is still alive and killed a man very recently. He had killed two men near Daringabadi shortly before my visit there in January. The Khonds do not seem at all anxious to assist any sportsmen to shoot him and as the country is very densely wooded for the most part, there does not seem to be much prospect of his being shot.

It is also reported that another man-eater has appeared at Belghur.

38. *Snake-bites.*—There were only two deaths in the Special Assistant Agent's division and none in the Parlákimedi Maliahs from snake-bites.

39. *Elephants.*—The old elephant, Bheeman, referred to in paragraph 9 of my report embodied in G.O., No. 2059, Judicial, dated 29th August 1894, died on the 7th August 1894. His death was reported to Government in my letter disposal No. 136-A.G. of 1894, dated 14th August 1894. His tusk was sent to Vizagapatam for sale and fetched Rs. 150. The proceeds were credited to Government.

Out of the two elephants of the Forest Department purchased last year, one, Jang Bahadur, died of dropsy on the 5th November last. His death was reported to Government in my R. C. No. 401-A.G. of 1894, dated 11th November 1894. There was a *post mortem* examination held and Mr. Reay was of opinion that death was

prejudices of the Uriyas against giving calves for the purpose, great difficulty was experienced in the supply of lymph last year, not only to the Agency tracts, but for all the district. These difficulties have been partly overcome by paying higher prices for calves and removing the main depôt to Chicacole in the Telugu part of the district.

17. In G.O., No. 2832, Judicial, dated 23rd November 1894, an additional vaccinator was sanctioned for the Senior Assistant Agent's division with effect from 1st April 1895. The increase in the number of cases vaccinated in the Special Assistant Agent's division is remarkable and would be very gratifying if the figures could be fully accepted.* The late Special Assistant, Mr. Moore, checked in several villages the vaccinators' work and found no traces of vaccination on many children entered as successful cases. These cases had been certified to by the Deputy Inspector himself, and I therefore for this and for general neglect of duty which had been noticed by Government in their review of last year's report (*vide* paragraph 39 of last year's administration report embodied in G.O., No. 2089, Judicial, dated 29th August 1894), placed him under suspension and reported the case to the Sanitary Commissioner.

* The Special Assistant Agent doubts their correctness and I fear with reason.

The Deputy Inspector pleaded that in the cases tested by Mr. Moore owing to inferior lymph the traces of vaccination might have disappeared, and this plea seems to have found acceptance with District Sanitary and Medical officer and Sanitary Commissioner, who considered that his carelessness would be sufficiently punished by the suspension he had undergone ; he was accordingly directed to resume charge of the office. He has been once more warned that he will be reduced in the event of his duties not being conducted with greater care and zeal.

18. *Education.*—Statement No. IX gives detailed information regarding education.

Principal Assistant Agent's division.

During the year under report there were in the Principal Assistant Agent's division four lower secondary schools with 158 boys and 12 girls and five upper primary schools with 156 boys and 20 girls, all maintained by Government. The aggregate number of pupils on the rolls by the end of the year is 314 boys and 32 girls against 341 boys and 42 girls for the previous year.

In addition to the above nine schools, there are also five lower primary schools with 101 boys and 7 girls on result system. The average daily attendance ranged from 24 at Oggaigadu to 44 at Gumma in the lower secondary school, from 20 at Gyba to 39 at Gandahatti in upper primary schools, and from nine at Badagam to 37 at Lavanyakota in the lower primary schools. There were only eight trained men of the thirteen teachers employed for these schools. Rs. 823–8–0 was earned as results grants in the Government salary result-system schools. The school at Gandahatti stands first in the list and that at Gyba last in earned grants.

All these schools were inspected by the Principal Assistant Agent, Deputy Tahsildar, Parlákimedi, and Assistant Inspector of Schools.

A sum of Rs. 361 was sanctioned by the Director of Public Instruction for books and furniture required for the schools in the Parlákimedi Maliahs—*vide* Director's Proceedings, dated 3rd September 1894, No. 8241.

In April 1895, the result school at Lavanyakota was raised to a Government salaried results school—*vide* Director of Public Instruction's letter, dated 18th March 1895, No. 3229.

The Principal Assistant Agent reports that he met the Assistant Inspector of Schools when examining Rayagada school; that he suggested reduction of pay of the teachers at Serangho and Gumma schools and increasing the pay of those at the smaller schools; that he agrees with the suggestion and proposes that the head masters of Gumma and Serangho be paid Rs. 18 each and the second masters Rs. 10 each and that the pay of the teachers of Namanagaram, Jerangi, Ojjaigada and Gandahatti be raised to Rs. 10 out of the savings effected by these reductions. I am asking the Principal Assistant Agent to give his reasons for these proposed changes.

19. In the Special Assistant Agent's division, there were three lower secondary schools with 106 boys, 38 upper primary schools with 1,095 boys and 45 girls, three lower primary schools with 62 boys and 3 girls and twenty lower primary schools on results grants with 536 boys and 55 girls aggregating in all to 1,799 boys and 103 girls on the rolls by the end of the year. The average daily attendance in the lower secondary schools varied from 22 at Chendragiri to 35 at Udayagiri, in the upper primary schools from four at Upperkhole to 46 at Sarangodo, in the lower primary schools from 5 at Rottingia to 17 at Mahasingi and in the lower primary schools on result system from 11 at Kutrugam to 42 at Toborosingi. There were 75 teachers employed in the schools on the salary result system, of whom 71 are trained. Only 10 out of 20 are trained teachers in the result schools aided by Government. The amount of result grants earned during the year in the salary result system schools was Rs. 2,654–8–0, of which the school at Deegi earned Rs. 173. The Special Assistant Agent examined only 20 schools during the year. He has been asked to report why the inspection was so limited.

Special Assistant Agent's division.

20. The total number of boys and girls on the rolls on 31st March 1895 in the Agency tracts was 2,214 and 142 against 2,427 and 206 of the previous year. There has been thus a sensible decrease. The Principal Assistant Agent proposes to stimulate education by offering prizes to be given at the examination of the schools, but I cannot say that the proposal commends itself particularly to me. A certain amount of suspicion always attaches itself to Maliah statistics and it may be doubted if there is any real decrease. Further, I do not consider that as long as the schools are practically only used by settlers from low country, any artificial stimulus is necessary. Out of the total of 2,214 boys and 142 girls, 526 and 23 are returned as belonging to the aboriginal tribes. Of these 211 are shown as Khond boys, 3 as Khond girls, 9 as Pano boys and 30 as Savara boys. Details of the remainder are not given and I have doubts about their being aborigines. Mr. Partridge only found one Savara boy in the schools in his division.

Local officers of experience appear to think it is impossible to expect the Khonds or Savaras at least for years to come to avail themselves largely of our schools.

21. The 71 teachers out of 113 shown as trained in last year's report was a correct figure. They were reported to have been trained in Government training schools.

The results schools referred to as unaided by Government in the last year's report are those schools that do not receive aid in the shape of results grants.

22. In the year under report Narayana Patnaik, the Superintendent of Hill schools, Northern range, resigned his post and one Pitambar Patnaik, clerk in the District and Sessions Court, Ganjám, was appointed sub. *pro tem.* in his stead by the Director of Public Instruction in his Proceedings, dated 14th December 1894, No. 12206.

23. *Public Works.*—Rs. 23,500 was sanctioned on account of petty construction and repairs in the Agency tracts during the current official year—*vide* G.O., dated 28th September 1893, No. 959 F. This grant was distributed as follows:—

	Rs.
Principal Assistant Agent	6,308
Special Assistant Agent	17,192
Total ..	23,500

The expenditure incurred in the divisions of Principal and Special Assistant Agents is given below :—

No. 2107, JUDICIAL, 11TH OCTOBER 1895.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper :—

From C. J. WEIR, Esq., Agent to the Governor in Ganjám, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Chatrapur, 10th August 1895, Dis. No. 178-Ag.

I have the honour to submit my report on the administration of the Hill tracts of Ganjám for 1894–95, together with the prescribed statements as well as the reports of the Assistant Agents.

2. *Changes in Administrative Staff.*—I held the office of the Agent to the Governor throughout the year. The other changes are shown in statement No. I.

There were three officers during the year in charge of the Special Assistant's division. Such frequent changes involve necessarily a great loss in efficiency. It is very important that the Special Assistant Agent should know the people in his division, especially the troublesome ones, and this knowledge is only to be gained by touring about and cannot easily be picked up from records. It is to be hoped that Mr. Slocock will remain in the division for some time.

3. *Tours.*—Statement No. 2 shows the tours of the Agency officers. As regards my own tour, though I was only twenty days actually inside the Agency, I was from January 13th to February 15th either in the Agency or on its borders engaged for the most part in matters connected with the Agency. The disturbances in the Nyagarh State and the troubles we had had last year with the Goomsur Khonds necessitated my visiting the forests of East Goomsur on my way into the Maliahs. I accordingly proceeded by Telisingi and Gallery to Chokkapad in the Agency tracts, where I was met by Mr. Peet, the Conservator, and Mr. Battie. Here we spent some days mainly taken up in examining the forests and making arrangements about the felling and removal of the sâl timber for sleepers on the East Coast Railway. At Possara I held a bhet and from thence went to Udayagiri *viâ* Tentuligodo and Kalingia, examining the Kalingia ghât *en route*. At Udayagiri we proceeded *viâ* Raikia, Deegi and Didrubadi to Daringabadi. The latter part of this journey is a very difficult one. The route was chosen with the object principally of seeing how far denudation had progressed in this tract.

4. After a halt of some days at Daringabadi, we descended the ghât to Gazilbadi, where two days were spent in examining the forests of the Pondakhol muttah to which the Forest Act has just been extended. Here I had to leave the Agency as I had to examine the Bodogodo estate forests and also examine an important irrigation scheme which had been proposed for that estate. The tour thence was along the foot of the hills through Bodogodo, Sergada and Chinnakimedi hills to Pudamari. This is a very difficult country entirely unprovided with roads, and heavy and unseasonable rains caused much discomfort and illness. From Pudamari I rode up to Govindupur and examined the trace for the road to connect Pudamari with the Taptapani ghât, and returned from thence *viâ* Digupudi to Chatrapur with the intention of proceeding thence to Parlákimedi maliahs.

On my arrival at Chatrapur I was, however, laid up with a sharp attack of fever—probably the result of the heavy rains in Bodogodo—and was obliged to remain at head-quarters for a week or ten days. I then proceeded to Parlákimedi, but I was still in indifferent health; and as there was no urgent reason for my visiting the Parlákimedi maliahs, I abandoned, under medical advice, this part of the tour. At Parlákimedi, however, I met Mr. Partridge, who had just come down from the hills and discussed Agency matters with him.

Govt. of {1895} Madras.

JUDICIAL.

Issued

Recd. *Encl.*

G.O., No. 2107, 11th October 1895.

OCTOBER.

Ganjam Agency.

Reviewing the report on the administration of the — during 1894–95.

No. 2760 W. dt. 31st October 1895

Communicated to the Supdg. Engineer, I Circle who will expedite the plans and estimates for the Khaliqhia ghat road called for in G.O. 884 W. dated 10th April 1895, and report when they are likely to be ready.

(Sd) C. H. B. B. D. W.

Copy with Cw 9773 dt 6 Nov 28 B. 11. 96

S. E. I Circle

No. XI.—Statement showing the details of the works undertaken for the improvement of sanitation in the Agency tracts of Ganjám during the year 1894-95—*Nil.*

No. XII.—Statement showing the Abkári Revenue of the Agency tracts of Ganjám for the year 1894-95.

Name of Taluk or Division.	System.	Name of farm rented.	Amount of rents.	Number of shops.			Demand.		Collection.		Remissions	Balance.	
				At the beginning of the year.	Newly opened during the year.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Arrears.	Current.		Arrears.	Current.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
			Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.
Principal Assistant Agent's Division, Parlákimedi Taluk.	License ..	..	150 0 0	4	1	5	..	150 0 0	..	150 0 0	..	..	..
	Auction ..	..	171 0 0	2	..	2	..	42 12 0	..	42 12 0	..	..	..
	Farm ..	1. Gumma. 2. Rayagada. 3. Narayanapuram.	325 1 0	..	10	10	52 6 6	325 1 0	52 6 6	325 1 0	..	..	..
Special Assistant Agent's Division, Balliguda Taluk ..	License ..	..	390 0 0	13	..	13	..	390 0 0	..	390 0 0	..	..	..
Udayagiri do.	Auction ..	..	414 0 0	1	..	1	..	628 8 0	..	628 8 0	..	..	..
Ramagiri do. ..	Do. ..	..	5,505 0 0	13	..	13	513 13 4	5,537 4 0	513 13 4	5,537 4 0	..	..	..
	Do. ..	..	1,980 0 0	33	..	33	..	495 0 0	..	489 9 4	..	..	5 6 8
Total of 1894-95 ..	..	..	8,935 1 0	66	11	77	566 3 10	6,568 9 0	566 3 10	6,563 2 4	..	..	5 6 8
Total of 1893-94 ..	..	..	7,586 7 0	62	6	68	157 1 4	7,556 7 0	157 1 4	2,159 1 8	..	..	5,397 5 4

Remarks.—Except in the case of Parlákimedi farms, the amount of rents in column 4 represents the rents for the calendar year 1895; but the demand, collection and balance columns 8 to 14 represent figures for the official year 1894-95. There are surplus collections of Rs. 69, Rs. 31-10-8 and Rs. 63-12-0 in Balliguda, Udayagiri and Ramagiri auction sales, which were not separately shown as there was no column provided for the same. These amounts were taken to account in subsequent months. It will also be observed that in column 14 of last year's return a balance of Rs. 5,397-5-4 was shown, whereas in column 8 of the present return only Rs. 566-3-10 was shown as balance at the beginning of the year. The difference is due to the rental of the full year 1894 having been shown at the end of March 1894 under demand before it was actually due. The mistake is now rectified and correct figures adopted. The correct balance of Rs. 5-6-8 has since been collected.

No. X.—Statement showing the progress of New Works and Repairs costing Rs. 250 and upwards in the Agency tracts of Ganjám during the year 1894-95—*cont.*

Name of taluk or division.	Description of work.	Amount of original allotment for the year.	Final allotment for the year.	Expenditure. From the commencement of the work up to the close of preceding year (for new works).	Expenditure. In the year under report.	Remarks on progress.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Principal Assistant Agent's division ..	Sanitation	..	..	..	..	
	Supervision	716 0 0	716 0 0	..	687 0 0	Rs. 29 savings.
	Miscellaneous	40 0 0	40 0 0	..	40 0 0	
	Reserve	249 0 0	77 0 0	..	..	„ 249 „
	Total ..	1,005 0 0	833 0 0	..	727 0 0	Rs. 278 savings.
	Total, Repairs ..	*21,190 0 0*	*20,491 4 0*	..	*13,046 12 2*	*Rs. 8,384-15-5 savings.*
	Grand Total ..	23,500 0 0	23,500 0 0	680 0 0	15,371 0 2	* Rs. 9,239-7-5, total savings.

* This sum was utilized as follows :—

		Rs. A. P.
Principal Assistant Agent's division.	1. Rest shed at Gumma	60 0 0
	2. Buildings costing less than Rs. 250	124 15 2
	3. Communications costing less than Rs. 250	116 12 5
Special do. do.	4. Elephant shed at Russellkonda	313 0 0
	5. Hospital at Goomsur-Udayagiri	220 0 0
	6. Rest-house at Tentutigodo	175 12 0
	7. Wooden bridge at Chokapad	100 0 0
	Total ..	1,110 7 7
	Amount lapsed to Government ..	8,128 15 10
	Total ..	9,239 7 5

Abstract.

	Rs. A. P.
I. New works—	
(*a*) Buildings	1,178 12 0
(*b*) Communications	1,145 8 0
II. Repairs—	
(*a*) Buildings	2,958 11 2
(*b*) Communications	9,361 1 0
Sanitation	..
Supervision	687 0 0
Miscellaneous	40 0 0
Total ..	15,371 0 2

The increase in Balliguda is noteworthy.

10. *Hospitals.*—Statement No. VII gives the particulars of hospitals.

The attendance at Balliguda is very small.

The attendance at Ramagiri, Udayagiri, shows a large increase over last year's figures. The people seem to begin to appreciate skilled medical attendance. Mr. Moore when inspecting the hospital ordered that certain articles, cots, &c., should be obtained for the use of in-patients, and these have been indented for.

The attendance at Goomsur, Udayagiri, was very poor compared with last year. This was owing to the habits of the late hospital assistant. Since the new man joined, there has been large increases. Rs. 220 were spent on constructing a new building for the hospital.

It was spent on repairs of existing building.

(Initld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

11. *Vaccination.*—During the year 6,033 cases were vaccinated as compared with 3,237 last year and the percentage of successful cases rose from 89·22 to 91·14. It may be remarked, however, that the Deputy Inspector, who was placed under suspension last December, was found to have sent false returns and to have falsified the registers; myself I believe that the percentage is really much lower. Mr. Moore in his tour had a large number of cases vaccinated before him and he found that, if the supply of lymph had not run short, many more could have been done; and he also found that many cases were unsuccessful owing to the bad quality of lymph used. I have found since I have been up here that the vaccinators are continually without any lymph at all, and I have often noticed that children who said they had been vaccinated had no marks. The vaccination in Balliguda division has been much neglected.

12. *Education.*—The statements given by the superintendents do not show the grants earned by some of the results grants schools; but even so, it is clear that there is a considerable falling off in the aggregate sum earned as results grants by the schools.

Altogether there are 64 schools in the division, of which 44 are salary-results schools and 20 are results schools. Among the latter is one school specially for girls at Kudutentuli which is not shown separately in the list.

It is unsatisfactory that one school of this class, viz., Bareko, was not inspected by the Superintendent even once during the year.

The total number of boys and girls on the rolls was 1,877 as compared with 2,105 in the previous year, while the average attendance was only 1,380 as compared with 1,569.

The number of pupils of the aboriginal races was: boys 496, girls 23, as compared with 537 boys and 42 girls in the previous year.

The grants earned amount to only Rs. 3,282 or Rs. 1,595 less than in the previous year.

Twenty schools were examined during the year by the Special Assistant Agent.

13. *Public Works.*—The total original allotment for the year was Rs. 17,295. This had to be reduced by Rs. 103, as the sanctioned budget was by that amount less than the estimate. The sum was taken from the allotment for Kalipano road.

The other change was in the Boad road. The Public Works Department having taken 10 miles, out of the 18 under their charge, only Rs. 820 were needed for the road. Rs. 820 were transferred to other works and Rs. 180 lapsed; there was also a saving of Rs. 3–13–5.

With this exception and that of a saving of Rs. 146–6–0 on the Kalipano road, the whole of the allotment in Udayagiri taluk was spent.

In Ramagiri taluk, owing to the death of the Sub-Magistrate in January, all works were stopped; a sum of Rs. 620 odd was due for work already done but not paid for, and on the new Sub-Magistrate joining he applied for a cheque but the cheque did not reach him till April; so the charge has had to be met from the allotment for 1895–96.

The total amount lapsed in Ramagiri, therefore, amounts to Rs. 2,753 out of an allotment of Rs. 5,075. This could not have been helped.

It is in Balliguda taluk that least money has been spent, viz., only Rs. 1,460 out of an allotment of Rs. 5,975; so that Rs. 4,515 lapsed.

This was due to the fact that the cheque was not applied for till the end of March. Cheques for Rs. 4,515 were sent but only reached Balliguda on the evening of the last day of March and could not be cashed till April. The amount has been met from the current year's allotment.

Mr. Oldfield left no notes as to the condition of the roads. Mr. Moore's notes show that the roads in Udayagiri except Kalingia ghât were in excellent condition; and that the road by Taptapani ghât to Ramagiri-Udayagiri, was also good.

The Kalingia ghât has, I am glad to say, been now handed over to the Department of Public Works; it is at present nearly inaccessible for bandies. It will cost a large sum to put it in good order—about Rs. 12,000.

The Mohangiri ghât I have seen in April. It will be finished before the rains set in, and as soon as the rain has set the material; it ought to be an easy ghât. Mr. Loam's bandies have already been down and up it. The central provinces people have not yet attempted to make any sort of road below the ghât. The track as far as Mohangiri I have seen; it is only a bridle path and a bad bridle path too. The ghât will be no use unless they make a road to meet it; the road

the strength of this been cutting down trees belonging to us in Chokapad on the ground that they are in Daspalla. The matter has been settled provisionally. I will make enquiries when I am in Chokapad where I expect to go shortly.

I have received no report as yet.

(Intld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

5. *Hill Chiefs.*—The Jhiripani Patro died during the year, and the succession of his grandson Udayasingh Patro was approved by the Agent.

The Sarangado Patro mentioned in last year's report as having been convicted of giving false information has been ordered to be dismissed since the close of the year. A substitute will be recommended separately. His grandson Mondo Patro has been assisting him lately and is the best man who can be appointed in his place.

The ill-feeling between the Ramagiri Patro and his Berukos seems to have continued. Mr. Moore enquired into the matter and found that the allegations against the Patro were not well founded. The Patro has filed several suits for recovery of mamuls and has been successful in all.

The questions at issue between the Pedda Kimedi estate and the Patros of the Pedda Kimedi maliahs have not yet been disposed of.

There was some friction between the people of Nicasai and the Balliguda Patro; this appears to be an old dispute which has been revived as the Patro is young and inexperienced. I have disposed of the matter which is unimportant.

The Manager of the Bodogodo estate reported that the Luhagudi Patro had embezzled some of the money due to the estate. The matter is under consideration of the Agent. The Kuttingia Zemindar is trying to put off the payment of the debt he owes to Bodogodo estate. He asked permission to pay in instalments of Rs. 50, instead of Rs. 100, as Mr. Johnson had ordered, he was told that the Special Assistant could not interfere.

The Deputy Collector (Goomsur) is making inquiries to ascertain if there has been any embezzlement.

(Intld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

I don't believe he can pay anything.

(Intld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

The Subamagiri Patro sent a petition stating that some of his maghis have been paying mamuls to the Godapur Rajah. It was found that this was an attempt to revive the boundary dispute settled by Mr. Elphinstone and the fact was reported to the Agent.

With regard to the two low country men appointed by the Tatrajah of Godapur (*vide* last year's report), Konai Patro is still retained as a private servant of the Rajah. Regarding Sunder Rai, information was called for, but has not been furnished. No complaints have been received in this office from the Godapur people. The Rajah is continually requesting that proceedings may be taken to force Ramachendro to live in Bamimgam or elsewhere as he is afraid that he is coming into Godapur and will cause trouble. It does not appear that Ramachendro has ever yet attempted to enter Godapur. I hope to go to Godapur soon.

The *ex*-Patro of Budagudu Raghunadho, kept quiet during the year, but he has unfortunately since broken out and caused the death of the Patro's brother.

Raghunadho Patro has been arrested and the matter will shortly come before me judicially. There was no general disturbance.

(Intld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

6. *Season.*—The rains were favourable and the season was good.

7. *Criminal Justice.*—The number of criminal cases disposed of in the year as compared with the previous year is:—

	1894–95.	1893–94.
Original	184	214
Appeal	6	2

8. *Civil Justice.*—The following shows the work in the Agency Civil Courts for the year compared with the previous year:—

	1894–95.	1893–94.
Original Suits	124	81
Appeals	4	2

This shows an increase of over 50 per cent.

9. *Court-fee stamps.*—The following table shows the receipts on account of Court-fee stamps:—

Name of Court.	Receipts in 1893–94.			1894–95.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Special Assistant Agent's Court	207	13	0	298	4	0
Court of the Balliguda Deputy Tahsildar ..	273	2	0	473	5	0
Do. Udayagiri do.	263	15	0	258	14	0
Do. Ramagiri do.	93	13	0	31	6	0

the strength of this been cutting down trees belonging to us in Chokapad on the ground that they are in Daspalla. The matter has been settled provisionally. I will make enquiries when I am in Chokapad where I expect to go shortly.

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The questions at issue between the Pedda Kimedi estate and the Patros of the Pedda Kimedi maliahs have not yet been disposed of.

There was some friction between the people of Nicasai and the Balliguda Patro; this appears to be an old dispute which has been revived as the Patro is young and inexperienced. I have disposed of the matter which is unimportant.

The Manager of the Bodogodo estate reported that the Luhagudi Patro had embezzled some of the money due to the estate. The matter is under consideration of the Agent. The Kuttingia Zemindar is trying to put off the payment of the debt he owes to Bodogodo estate. He asked permission to pay in instalments of Rs. 50, instead of Rs. 100, as Mr. Johnson had ordered, he was told that the Special Assistant could not interfere.

The Deputy Collector (Goomsur) is making inquiries to ascertain if there has been any embezzlement.
(Intld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

I don't believe he can pay anything.
(Intld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

The Subamagiri Patro sent a petition stating that some of his maghis have been paying mamuls to the Godapur Rajah. It was found that this was an attempt to revive the boundary dispute settled by Mr. Elphinstone and the fact was reported to the Agent.

With regard to the two low country men appointed by the Tatrajah of Godapur (*vide* last year's report), Konai Patro is still retained as a private servant of the Rajah. Regarding Sunder Rai, information was called for, but has not been furnished. No complaints have been received in this office from the Godapur people. The Rajah is continually requesting that proceedings may be taken to force Ramachendro to live in Bamimgam or elsewhere as he is afraid that he is coming into Godapur and will cause trouble. It does not appear that Ramachendro has ever yet attempted to enter Godapur. I hope to go to Godapur soon.

Raghunadho Patro has been arrested and the matter will shortly come before me judicially. There was no general disturbance.
(Intld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*

The *ex*-Patro of Budagudu Raghunadho, kept quiet during the year, but he has unfortunately since broken out and caused the death of the Patro's brother.

6. *Season.*—The rains were favourable and the season was good.

7. *Criminal Justice.*—The number of criminal cases disposed of in the year as compared with the previous year is:—

	1894-95.	1893-94.
Original	184	214
Appeal	6	2

8. *Civil Justice.*—The following shows the work in the Agency Civil Courts for the year compared with the previous year:—

	1894-95.	1893-94.
Original Suits	124	81
Appeals	4	2

This shows an increase of over 50 per cent.

9. *Court-fee stamps.*—The following table shows the receipts on account of Court-fee stamps:—

Name of Court.	Receipts in 1893-94.			1894-95.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Special Assistant Agent's Court	207	13	0	298	4	0
Court of the Balliguda Deputy Tahsildar ..	273	2	0	473	5	0
Do. Udayagiri do.	263	15	0	258	14	0
Do. Ramagiri do.	93	13	0	31	6	0

The increase in Balliguda is noteworthy.

10. *Hospitals.*—Statement No. VII gives the particulars of hospitals.

The attendance at Balliguda is very small.

The attendance at Ramagiri, Udayagiri, shows a large increase over last year's figures. The people seem to begin to appreciate skilled medical attendance. Mr. Moore when inspecting the hospital ordered that certain articles, cots, &c., should be obtained for the use of in-patients, and these have been indented for.

The attendance at Goomsur, Udayagiri, was very poor compared with last year. This was owing to the habits of the late hospital assistant. Since the new man joined, there has been large increases. Rs. 220 were spent on conIt was spent on repairs of existing building.
(Intld.) C. J. W., *Agent.*
structing a new building for the hospital.

11. *Vaccination.*—During the year 6,033 cases were vaccinated as compared with 3,237 last year and the percentage of successful cases rose from 89·22 to 91·14. It may be remarked, however, that the Deputy Inspector, who was placed under suspension last December, was found to have sent false returns and to have falsified the registers; myself I believe that the percentage is really much lower. Mr. Moore in his tour had a large number of cases vaccinated before him and he found that many cases were unsuccessful owing to the bad quality of lymph used. I have also found that, if the supply of lymph had not run short, many more could have been done; and he found since I have been up here that the vaccinators are continually without any lymph at all, and I have often noticed that children who said they had been vaccinated had no marks. The vaccination in Balliguda division has been much neglected.

12. *Education.*—The statements given by the superintendents do not show the grants earned by some of the results grants schools; but even so, it is clear that there is a considerable falling off in the aggregate sum earned as results grants by the schools.

Altogether there are 64 schools in the division, of which 44 are salary-results schools and 20 are results schools. Among the latter is one school specially for girls at Kudutentuli which is not shown separately in the list.

It is unsatisfactory that one school of this class, viz., Barako, was not inspected by the Superintendent even once during the year.

The total number of boys and girls on the rolls was 1,877 as compared with 2,103 in the previous year, while the average attendance was only 1,380 as compared with 1,569.

The number of pupils of the aboriginal races was: boys 496, girls 23, as compared with 537 boys and 42 girls in the previous year.

The grants earned amount to only Rs. 3,282 or Rs. 1,595 less than in the previous year.

Twenty schools were examined during the year by the Special Assistant Agent.

13. *Public Works.*—The total original allotment for the year was Rs. 17,295. This had to be reduced by Rs. 103, as the sanctioned budget was by that amount less than the estimate. The sum was taken from the allotment for Kalipano road.

The other charge was in the Board road. The Public Works Department having taken 10 miles, out of the 18 under their charge, only Rs. 820 were needed for the road. Rs. 820 were transferred to other works and Rs. 180 lapsed; there was also a saving of Rs. 3-13-5, of the allotment in Udayagiri taluk that of a saving of Rs. 146-6-0 on the Kalipano road, the whole With this exception and that of a saving of Rs. 146-6-0 on the Kalipano road, the whole In Ramagiri taluk, owing to the death of the Sub-Magistrate in January, all works were stopped; a sum of Rs. 620 odd was due for work already done but not paid for, and on the new Sub-Magistrate joining he applied for a cheque but the cheque did not reach him till April; so the charge has had to be met from the allotment for 1895-96.

The total amount lapsed in Ramagiri, therefore, amounts to Rs. 2,753 out of an allotment of Rs. 5,075. This could not have been helped.

It is in Balliguda taluk that least money has been spent, viz., only Rs. 1,460 out of an allotment of Rs. 5,975; so that Rs. 4,515 lapsed.

This was due to the fact that the cheque was not applied for till the end of March. Cheques for Rs. 4,515 were sent but only reached Balliguda on the evening of the last day of March and could not be cashed till April. The amount has been met from the current year's allotment.

Mr. Oldfield left no notes as to the condition of the roads. Mr. Moore's notes show that the roads in Udayagiri except Kalingia ghât were in excellent condition; and that the road by Tapatpani ghât to Ramagiri-Udayagiri, was also good.

The Kalingia ghât has, I am glad to say, been now handed over to the Department of Public Works; it is at present nearly inaccessible for bandies. It will cost a large sum to put it in good order—about Rs. 12,000.

The Mohangiri ghât I have seen in April. It will be finished before the rains set in, and as soon as the rain has set the material; it ought to be an easy ghât. Mr. Loam's bandies have already been down and up it. The central provinces people have not yet attempted to make any sort of road below the ghât. The track as far as Mohangiri I have seen; it is only a bridle path and a bad bridle path too. The ghât will be no use unless they make a road to meet it; the road

due to a long standing disease. I, however, ascertained that while the elephant was in camp just before its death, the mahout had given insufficient supply of fodder for which he was dismissed from the service.

40. In G.O., Mis. No. 3981, Revenue, dated 17th October 1894, Government sanctioned the deputation of Mr. Battie, the District Forest-officer, for the purchase of elephants at the Sonepur fair for the Forest Branch and Vizagapatam Agent. Taking advantage of Mr. Battie's deputation, I solicited Government sanction to purchase two female elephants in place of the two which had died at a probable cost of Rs 3,000. Mr. Battie, however, found that it was quite impossible to purchase serviceable elephants at anything like this figure.

41. The five Agency elephants, namely, Motigas, Kalyani, Laknow, Gouri and Champakkalli, are reported to be in good health.

During the year Government has had under its consideration the whole question of agency elephants, and has recently in G.O., No. 1344, Judicial, dated 24th June 1895, called for further information on the subject which I hope to submit shortly.

Excluding the amount paid for forest elephants and that placed at Mr. Battie's disposal, a sum of Rs. 4,421–13–8 was spent during the year on account of the elephants against Rs. 1,866–13–10 of previous year. I am not at present able to account for this large increase, but I am calling for explanations from the Assistant Agents. Last year's expenditure was however lower than the normal. The receipts amounted to Rs. 52 against Rs. 47 of 1893–94.

42. *Boundary Disputes.*—The proposals of the Special Assistant Agent submitted to the Board of Revenue with my letter, R.C. No. 141-Ag. of 1893, dated 10th March 1894, as regards the boundary line between the ordinary and scheduled tracts of this district, have been approved in G.O., No. 526, dated 20th July 1894. In the same Government Order Government called for further report regarding the acquisition by Government of the lands in which two nullahs leading into the Doho river rise and approved my proposals concerning the settlement of the boundary between the Parlakimedi zemindari and its maliahs by the Principal Assistant Agent. A separate report on the lands above referred to is being submitted. I am recommending that they be left to the Khonds. Rs. 1,000 have been applied for in this office letter, R.C. No. 214-Ag. of 1895, dated 12th July 1895, for the settlement of the Parlakimedi boundary.

43. The Chief of Korada addressed a petition regarding the boundary between his muttah and Pondakhol to the Board of Revenue, which was referred to the Agent for report in Board's Proceedings, dated 27th July 1894, Mis. No. 4155. I submitted my report thereon in my Disposal No. 153-Ag. of 1894, dated 10th September 1894. Orders on the subject have not yet been received.

The boundary requires permanent demarcation.

44. The Rayagada and Jerungikota Bissoyis in the Parlakimedi Maliahs have for some time past been at issue regarding the boundary between the muttahs, the latter occupying some land beyond the stream, which appears to be the natural boundary between them. The Jirangi Bissoyi still continues in possession of the land in dispute. The people of Dombolo in Rayagada petitioned the Principal Assistant Agent in the matter and during his tour last year Mr. Partridge inspected the place and after examining witnesses on the spot decided against the claim of Jirangi. The decision, of course, had no legal efficacy and the Jirangi Bissoyi is not satisfied with it. Mr. Patridge has apparently told him to prefer a civil suit. I am asking the Principal Assistant Agent to report if this has been done and, if not, whether it is not desirable that he should be specially appointed to settle the boundary.

45. *Hill Chiefs.*—During the year Syamo Patro, the sub-patro of Jhiripani under the Tumribund Patro, died and I have approved of the Special Assistant Agent's nomination of Udayasingi, his grandson and next legal heir in place of the deceased.

With reference to paragraph 3 of G.O., No. 2089, Judicial, dated 29th August 1894, I have to report that the Patro of Sarangodo was removed from office during the year under report and the Special Assistant Agent's nomination of his grandson

33. The three farms or rent areas of the 122 villages of the Agency lying below the ghâts to which Abkári Act I of 1886 has been extended were put up to auction for 1895–96 and fetched the following sums :—

Name of farm.	Amount of rent.	Number of shops sanctioned.
	Rs.	
(1) Gumma	40	1
(2) Rayagada	132	6
(3) Narayanapuram	106	3
Total ..	278	10

34. In the year under report there were 35 cases of illicit distillation in the Principal Assistant Agent's division against none in last year. He attributes the increase to the energetic work of the abkári officers. There were no prosecutions in the Special Assistant Agent's division.

The abkári leases in the Agency tracts run for the calendar year. This is found inconvenient for the purpose of statement No. XII to accompany this report, which is for the official year. I therefore propose to change the leases into official year and sell the next leases for fifteen months ending 31st March 1897.

The variation in the abkári statement have been explained in the remark column of statement No. XII.

35. *Opium.*—The consumption in the three shops—two at Udayagiri and Tickaballi in Goomsur Maliahs and one at Serangho in Parlákimedi Maliahs—was 2,228 tolas against 2,300 tolas during last year. These three shops were not separately sold, but were included in the rental of the Goomsur and Chicacole farms respectively. The decrease is small and is said to be due to irregularity on the part of the licensee in the Goomsur Maliahs in not opening his shop for February and March 1895.

36. *Demand, Collection and Balance of all sources of Revenue.*—It will be observed from this statement that there is a balance of Rs. 118–1–2 against items 2 and 3 under I. Land Revenue. This appertains to the Chokkapad khandam in the Special Assistant Agent's division. It is not reported how much of this balance has since been recovered. The balance is small, but however I am directing the Special Assistant Agent to recover the same at an early date.

The balance of Rs. 5–6–8 against abkári revenue has since been recovered.

37. *Wild Animals.*—The number of wild animals killed and the amount of rewards paid was 88 and Rs. 1,695 respectively against 88 and Rs. 1,582 respectively for the previous year. The number of persons and cattle killed by wild animals during the year was 57 and 36 respectively against 45 and 58 of last year.

The Daringabadi man-eater is responsible for many of these deaths. He is still alive and killed a man very recently. He had killed two men near Daringabadi shortly before my visit there in January. The Khonds do not seem at all anxious to assist any sportsmen to shoot him and as the country is very densely wooded for the most part, there does not seem to be much prospect of his being shot.

It is also reported that another man-eater has appeared at Belghur.

38. *Snake-bites.*—There were only two deaths in the Special Assistant Agent's division and none in the Parlákimedi Maliahs from snake-bites.

39. *Elephants.*—The old elephant, Bheeman, referred to in paragraph 9 of my report embodied in G.O., No. 2089, Judicial, dated 29th August 1894, died on the 7th August 1894. His death was reported to Government in my letter disposal No. 136-A.G. of 1894, dated 14th August 1894. His tusk was sent to Vizagapatam for sale and fetched Rs. 150. The proceeds were credited to Government.

Out of the two elephants of the Forest Department purchased last year, one, Jang Bahadur, died of dropsy on the 5th November last. His death was reported to Government in my R. C. No. 401-A.G. of 1894, dated 11th November 1894. There was a *post mortem* examination held and Mr. Reay was of opinion that death was

prejudices of the Uriyas against giving calves for the purpose, great difficulty was experienced in the supply of lymph last year, not only to the Agency tracts, but for all the district. These difficulties have been partly overcome by paying higher prices for calves and removing the main depôt to Chicacole in the Telugu part of the district.

17. In G.O., No. 2832, Judicial, dated 23rd November 1894, an additional vaccinator was sanctioned for the Senior Assistant Agent's division with effect from 1st April 1895. The increase in the number of cases vaccinated in the Special Assistant Agent's division is remarkable and would be very gratifying if the figures could be fully accepted.* The late Special Assistant, Mr. Moore, checked in several villages the vaccinators' work and found no traces of vaccination on many children entered as successful cases. These cases had been certified to by the Deputy Inspector himself, and I therefore for this and for general neglect of duty which had been noticed by Government in their review of last year's report (*vide* paragraph 39 of last year's administration report embodied in G.O., No. 2089, Judicial, dated 29th August 1894), placed him under suspension and reported the case to the Sanitary Commissioner.

* The Special Assistant Agent doubts their correctness and I fear with reason.

The Deputy Inspector pleaded that in the cases tested by Mr. Moore owing to inferior lymph the traces of vaccination might have disappeared, and this plea seems to have found acceptance with District Sanitary and Medical officer and Sanitary Commissioner, who considered that his carelessness would be sufficiently punished by the suspension he had undergone ; he was accordingly directed to resume charge of the office. He has been once more warned that he will be reduced in the event of his duties not being conducted with greater care and zeal.

18. *Education.*—Statement No. IX gives detailed information regarding education.

Principal Assistant Agent's division.

During the year under report there were in the Principal Assistant Agent's division four lower secondary schools with 158 boys and 12 girls and five upper primary schools with 156 boys and 20 girls, all maintained by Government. The aggregate number of pupils on the rolls by the end of the year is 314 boys and 32 girls against 341 boys and 42 girls for the previous year.

In addition to the above nine schools, there are also five lower primary schools with 101 boys and 7 girls on result system. The average daily attendance ranged from 24 at Oggaigadu to 44 at Gumma in the lower secondary school, from 20 at Gyba to 39 at Gandahatti in upper primary schools, and from nine at Badagam to 37 at Lavanyakota in the lower primary schools. There were only eight trained men of the thirteen teachers employed for these schools. Rs. 823–8–0 was earned as results grants in the Government salary result-system schools. The school at Gandahatti stands first in the list and that at Gyba last in earned grants.

All these schools were inspected by the Principal Assistant Agent, Deputy Tahsildar, Parlákimedi, and Assistant Inspector of Schools.

A sum of Rs. 361 was sanctioned by the Director of Public Instruction for books and furniture required for the schools in the Parlákimedi Maliahs—*vide* Director's Proceedings, dated 3rd September 1894, No. 8241.

In April 1895, the result school at Lavanyakota was raised to a Government salaried results school—*vide* Director of Public Instruction's letter, dated 18th March 1895, No. 3229.

The Principal Assistant Agent reports that he met the Assistant Inspector of Schools when examining Rayagada school; that he suggested reduction of pay of the teachers at Serangho and Gumma schools and increasing the pay of those at the smaller schools; that he agrees with the suggestion and proposes that the head masters of Gumma and Serangho be paid Rs. 18 each and the second masters Rs. 10 each and that the pay of the teachers of Namanagaram, Jerangi, Ojjaigada and Gandahatti be raised to Rs. 10 out of the savings effected by these reductions. I am asking the Principal Assistant Agent to give his reasons for these proposed changes.

19. In the Special Assistant Agent's division, there were three lower secondary schools with 106 boys, 38 upper primary schools with 1,095 boys and 45 girls, three lower primary schools with 62 boys and 3 girls and twenty lower primary schools on results grants with 536 boys and 55 girls aggregating in all to 1,799 boys and 103 girls on the rolls by the end of the year. The average daily attendance in the lower secondary schools varied from 22 at Chendragiri to 35 at Udayagiri, in the upper primary schools from four at Upperkhole to 46 at Sarangodo, in the lower primary schools from 5 at Rottingia to 17 at Mahasingi and in the lower primary schools on result system from 11 at Kutrugam to 42 at Toborosingi. There were 75 teachers employed in the schools on the salary result system, of whom 71 are trained. Only 10 out of 20 are trained teachers in the result schools aided by Government. The amount of result grants earned during the year in the salary result system schools was Rs. 2,654–8–0, of which the school at Deegi earned Rs. 173. The Special Assistant Agent examined only 20 schools during the year. He has been asked to report why the inspection was so limited.

Special Assistant Agent's division.

20. The total number of boys and girls on the rolls on 31st March 1895 in the Agency tracts was 2,214 and 142 against 2,427 and 206 of the previous year. There has been thus a sensible decrease. The Principal Assistant Agent proposes to stimulate education by offering prizes to be given at the examination of the schools, but I cannot say that the proposal commends itself particularly to me. A certain amount of suspicion always attaches itself to Maliah statistics and it may be doubted if there is any real decrease. Further, I do not consider that as long as the schools are practically only used by settlers from low country, any artificial stimulus is necessary. Out of the total of 2,214 boys and 142 girls, 526 and 23 are returned as belonging to the aboriginal tribes. Of these 211 are shown as Khond boys, 3 as Khond girls, 9 as Pano boys and 30 as Savara boys. Details of the remainder are not given and I have doubts about their being aborigines. Mr. Partridge only found one Savara boy in the schools in his division.

Local officers of experience appear to think it is impossible to expect the Khonds or Savaras at least for years to come to avail themselves largely of our schools.

21. The 71 teachers out of 113 shown as trained in last year's report was a correct figure. They were reported to have been trained in Government training schools.

The results schools referred to as unaided by Government in the last year's report are those schools that do not receive aid in the shape of results grants.

22. In the year under report Narayana Patnaik, the Superintendent of Hill schools, Northern range, resigned his post and one Pitambar Patnaik, clerk in the District and Sessions Court, Ganjám, was appointed sub. *pro tem.* in his stead by the Director of Public Instruction in his Proceedings, dated 14th December 1894, No. 12206.

23. *Public Works.*—Rs. 23,500 was sanctioned on account of petty construction and repairs in the Agency tracts during the current official year—*vide* G.O., dated 28th September 1893, No. 959 F. This grant was distributed as follows:—

	Rs.
Principal Assistant Agent	6,308
Special Assistant Agent	17,192
Total ..	23,500

The expenditure incurred in the divisions of Principal and Special Assistant Agents is given below :—

13. In G.O., No. 503, Judicial, dated 27th February 1894, Government declined, owing to financial pressure, to open a hospital at Serangho, but directed the Agent to renew the proposal at some future date, and, in doing so, to consider before addressing Government again whether a better locality for a hospital than at Serangho could not be suggested as this village was only at a short distance from Ramagiri-Udayagiri and at 22 miles from Parlákimedi, where there are hospitals, while there is a great stretch of country between Ramagiri-Udayagiri and Goomsur-Udayagiri which is entirely destitute of hospitals. With reference to this order of Government I would propose Banimigam as the best place to locate a hospital at. The District Medical and Sanitary officer concurs in this recommendation. The village in question is 57 miles from Goomsur-Udayagiri and 52 miles from Ramagiri-Udayagiri. There is a Police station at the place and the population according to census of 1891 is 650. The large villages of Panigonda, Godapur, Kotamah, Hattimunda and Kolingore are situated near. The following would be the approximate cost of starting a dispensary :—

	Per mensem.	Per annum.
	Rs.	Rs.
One first-class hospital assistant	55	660
Charge allowance	10	120
Local allowance	15	180
One compounder	10	120
Local allowance	10	120
One waterman	6	72
One sweeper	6	72
Medical stores	..	500
Contingencies	10	120
Furniture	..	100
Total ..	..	2,064

Additional expenditure will have to be incurred for the erection of a suitable building of three rooms on the smallest scale, viz., one for surgery, one for store-room and the other for a ward for the in-patients.

14. During the year 1894 the District Surgeon recommended the entertainment of compounders in the Maliah hospitals to prevent the hospitals being closed when the hospital assistants fell sick. In this office R.C. No. 81-A.G. of 1895, dated 21st June 1895, the proposal was recommended to Government. Orders thereon are awaited.

15. During the year under report 5 lb of quinine was supplied to the Principal Assistant Agent for the use of the hill people in his division from Government Botanist, Cinchona Plantations, Ootacamund, at a cost of Rs. 73–15–0. The Principal Assistant Agent reports that the quinine distributed last year has been used by the Bissoyis who report that the people have taken it freely and would like more. He will be asked to state how much is needed.

16. *Vaccination.*—The following statement compares the number of cases vaccinated and those successful in 1894–95 with those in 1893–94 :—

Divisions.	Number in 1894–95.		Number in 1893–94.		Difference.	
	Vaccinated.	Successful.	Vaccinated.	Successful.	Vaccinated.	Successful.
Principal Assistant Agent's division.	1,159	1,081	1,010	936	+ 149	+ 145
Special Assistant Agent's division ..	6,033	5,499	3,237	2,888	+ 2,796	+ 2,611
Total ..	7,192	6,580	4,247	3,824	+ 2,945	+ 2,756

The Special Assistant Agent reports that had the supply of lymph made to him not run short, many more cases would have been vaccinated and that, owing to the bad quality of lymph many cases were unsuccessful. Owing to the deeply rooted