FAMINE STATEMENT D (*Supplementary to C.*)

[*To be submitted to the Government of India by 1st September, 1st December, 1st March, while relief-works are open.*]

N.B.—Numbers to be shown in "thousands."

District.	Maximum number of persons for whom relief may be required daily in the event of serious famine.	NUMBER OF PERSONS PROVIDED FOR BY RELIEF-WORKS ON THE PROGRAMME DAILY FOR THREE MONTHS.				Remarks.
		Large works.		Small works.		
		Sanctioned.	Not sanctioned	For relief of agricultural population in neighbourhood of villages.	Others.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Note (*a*).—It is not necessary that the sub-division of "small works" into columns 6 and 7 should be made, and if it is preferred, only the total under head of "small works" need be given.

Entries in columns 4, 5, 6 and 7 should be based on calculations similar to that given in the following example—

Example (*b*).—If a large work is estimated to provide labour for 12,000 men for nine months at the ordinary rate of progress, the estimate for the purposes of column 4 or 5 will be 12,000.

If under pressure, it can and is intended to be completed in six months, the estimate will be $\frac{9}{6} \times 12{,}000 = 18{,}000$.

If it can and is intended to be completed in three months, the estimate will be $\frac{9}{3} \times 12{,}000 = 36{,}000$.

(*c*).—As it is desirable that in the event of serious famine those to whom relief is given should be concentrated as far as possible on large works, care should therefore be taken that the entries in columns 4 and 5 should be materially larger than those in columns 6 and 7.

(*d*).—If through paucity of sanctioned works, the number of persons entered in column 4 under the head of "sanctioned works," is small in proportion to the total number for whom provision is made under other columns, measures should be taken to bring more large works under sanction as soon as possible, and information should be given in the column of remarks to show what steps are being taken for the purpose.

FAMINE STATEMENT C.

[*To be submitted to the Government of India not latter than the 1st June of each year.*]

N.B.—Numbers to be shown in "thousands."

District.	Population.	Maximum number of persons for whom relief may be required daily in the event of serious famine.	NUMBER OF PERSONS PROVIDED FOR BY RELIEF WORKS ON THE PROGRAMME DAILY FOR THREE MONTHS.				Remarks. (A brief description, without details, of the general character and utility of works under each head and of the prospects of their completion either within or soon after the period of scarcity should be given in this column).
			Large Works.		Small Works.		
			Sanctioned.	Not sanctioned.	For relief of agricultural population in neighbourhood of villages.	Others.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

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Example (b).—If a large work is estimated to provide labour for 12,000 men for nine months at the ordinary rate of progress, the estimate for the purposes of column 4 or 5 will be 12,000. If under pressure it can and is intended to be completed in six months, the estimate will be $\frac{9}{6} \times 12{,}000 = 18{,}000$.
If it can and is intended to be completed in three months, the estimate will be $\frac{9}{3} \times 12{,}000 = 36{,}000$.

(c).—As it is desirable that in the event of serious famine those to whom relief is given should be concentrated as far as possible on large works, care should therefore be taken that the entries in columns 4 and 5 should be materially larger than those in columns 6 and 7.

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27th August 1894, No. 2129 W., Public Works.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Buildings and Roads.
Civil Works.

Read—the following paper :—

G.O., dated 14th August 1894, Mis. No. 1533 L., Local and Municipal.

Read—the following letter from the President, Taluk Board, Pollachi, dated 31st July 1894, Ref. No. 103 D.B. :—

With reference to your order, dated 12th June 1894, Mis. No. 1072 L., on G.O., dated 18th May 1894, No. 1226 W., Public Works, I have the honour to submit herewith an extract from the Proceedings of this Board, dated 23rd July 1894.

Enclosure.

Proceedings of the Taluk Board, Pollachi, at a meeting held on the 23rd July 1894.

* * * * *

VI. G.O., dated 12th June 1894, Mis. No. 1072 L., on the irregular outlay in the Coimbatore division.

Resolution.—The Board resolves to accept the building on the conditions stated in G.O., dated 18th May 1894. The Board, however, observes that the conditions under which buildings were handed over in G.O., dated 13th August 1884, have been altered; in another point, besides on the question of repairs, viz., in G.O., dated 13th August 1884, it is stated that the buildings should be handed back whenever they ceased to be used for educational objects, whereas in G.O., dated 18th May 1894, it is laid down that the building is to be given back whenever, after due notice, Government requires it.

* * * * *

Order—dated 14th August 1894, Mis. No. 1533 L., Local and Municipal.

Communicated to the Public Works Department with reference to paragraph 2 of G.O., dated 18th May 1894, No. 1226 W.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

Order—dated 27th August 1894, No. 2129 W., Public Works.

The building at Udamalpet occupied by the taluk school will be made over to the Taluk Board on the conditions stated in paragraph 2 of G.O., No. 1226 W., dated 18th May 1894.

(True Extract.)

Under Secy. to Govt., P.W.D.

To the Superintending Engineer, IV Circle.
" Examiner, Public Works Accounts.
" Local and Municipal Department.
" Educational Department.

Exd. C. A. Munisawmy.
Spare Copies

BUILDINGS AND ROADS.
CIVIL WORKS.

Govt. of {1894} Madras.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Dated August, 27th.

Read. *Encl.*

G.O., 27th Aug. 1894, No. 2129 W.

AUGUST.

Government Building at Udamalpet

Orders directing that the — in the Coimbatore district occupied by the taluk school be made over to the Taluk Board on certain conditions.

[25]
2,000—2-2-94.

Local and Municipal Department.

CHIEF SECRETARIAT MADRAS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

READ the following paper :— 1P

G O dated 14 Aug. 1894, Mis No 1533 L M.

From the President, taluq board, Pollachi, dated 31st July 1894. —

Ref. No. 103/DB. —

"With reference to your order dated 12th June 1894, No. 1072 L. Mis. on G. O. dated 18th May 1894, No. 1226 W. Public Works, I have the honor to submit herewith an extract from the Proceedings of this board dated 28th July 1894.

Enclosure.

Proceedings of the taluq board, Pollachi, at a meeting held on the 28th July 1894.

Present.

× × × ×

× × × ×

VI. G. O. dated 12th June 1894, No. 1072 L. Mis. on the irregular ope[ning] day in the Coimbatore division

The board resolves to accept the building on the conditions stated in G. O. 18th May 1894. The board, however, observes that the conditions under which buildings were handed

handed over in G.O. 13th August 1884, have been altered; in another point, besides on the question of repairs, viz. in G.O. 13th August 1884, it is stated that the buildings should be handed back, whenever they ceased to be used for educational objects, whereas in G.O. 18th May 1894, it is laid down that the building is to be given back whenever, after due notice, Government requires it.

× × × ×

Order dated 14th August 1894, No. 1533 L. Mis.

Communicated to the Public Works Department with reference to para. 2 of G.O. dated 18th May 1894, No. 1226 P.W.

(True extract)

A. Francis

Ag. Assistant Secretary.

for Chief Secretary.

To

The Public Works Department

P. W. CURRENT No. 6235

Govt. of {1894} Madras.

Local and Municipal Department.

To

The Public Works Department

Rec: 26-8-94

Proceedings, dated 14th August 1894,
No. 1533 Pubs

Subject.

Building

Communicating to the P.W.D letter from the Presidt Taluk Board Pollachi reg: the Govt ——— at Udamalpet occupied by the Taluk School.

No 1226 W dy 18-5-94
217 W dy 24-1-94

Pub Wks & Road
Civil Works

No: 212 gb. dy 27 August 1894

A & Govt

The building at Udamalpet occupied by the Taluk School will be made over to the Taluk Board on the conditions stated in para 2 of G.O. No. 1226 W. dy 18th May 1894.

Govt

Cross 24/8/94

DESPATCHED
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S.E. III circle
Exr. P.W. accts.
Gl. Dept.
Educl. Dept.

O.L.S. 302
R 27/8

1894. File No. 36.
Serial No. 1.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

To

ALL LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

Circular No. 16/36.

Dated Simla, the 30th July 1894.

SUBJECT.

Observance of the principle that all professional agency works in the programme of relief works should be sanctioned works.

Amendment of Famine Statements C and D.

G. C. Press, Simla.—No. 263 R. & A. D.—28-5-94.—752.

Circular No. $\frac{16}{36}$.

FROM

DENZIL IBBETSON, ESQ., C.S.,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India,

TO

Dept. of Rev. & Agri.
Famine.

Simla, the 30th July 1894.

SIR,

With reference to the 4th clause of paragraph 5 of this Department's Resolution No. 35—33, dated the 24th August last, advising the abandonment of the terms "professional agency" and "civil agency" as applied to famine relief works, I am directed to state that, in doing away with this distinction the Government of India had no intention of abrogating the principle involved in Section 67, Chapter IV of the Provisional Famine Code, which required that all professional agency works, designed for famine relief, should be "sanctioned" works, whether funds are provided for their execution or not, and I am to request that this principle may be applied to all "large works." These orders need not be held to preclude the entry of unsanctioned works of the kind in the programme; but it is obviously desirable that the plans and estimates should be brought under sanction at the earliest opportunity. The sanction of the plans and estimates does not, of course, carry with it sanction to undertake the work, which cannot be commenced until an appropriation of funds has been obtained to cover the expenditure involved or until it is required as a famine relief work. I am accordingly to suggest that, in view of recent orders directing retrenchment of expenditure, the opportunity should be taken, during the partial cessation of construction duties, to utilize the permanent establishments in preparing plans and estimates for all large works that may be designed for famine relief, and in bringing the programmes of relief works generally up to date.

2. It is suggested that in the programmes submitted under rules II and IV appended to this Department's Resolution No. 8 of 21st March 1892, columns should be included with appropriate heads in which the circumstance whether the plans and estimates of large works have been sanctioned may be noted, as well

as any other remarks indicating the progress, if any, made in the execution of the work. The Statements C and D prescribed by Nos. V and VII of the same rules should be submitted hereafter in the revised forms appended to this Circular, and it is requested that in carrying out the revision of the Famine Codes ordered by this Department's Resolution of 24th August 1893, a rule (to be repeated as a note to the Forms) may be inserted in the following terms:—"If through paucity of sanctioned works, the number of persons entered under the head of "sanctioned works" is small in proportion to the total number for whom provision is made under other columns, measures should be taken to bring more large works under sanction as soon as possible, and information should be given in the column of remarks to show what steps are being taken for the purpose."

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

DENZIL IBBETSON,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

FAMINE STATEMENT C.

[*To be submitted to the Government of India not latter than the 1st June of each year.*]

N.B.—Numbers to be shown in "thousands."

District.	Population.	Maximum number of persons for whom relief may be required daily in the event of serious famine.	NUMBER OF PERSONS PROVIDED FOR BY RELIEF WORKS ON THE PROGRAMME DAILY FOR THREE MONTHS.				Remarks. (A brief description, without details, of the general character and utility of works under each head and of the prospects of their completion either within or soon after the period of scarcity should be given in this column).
			Large Works.		Small Works.		
			Sanctioned.	Not sanctioned.	For relief of agricultural population in neighbourhood of villages.	Others.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

Note (*a*).—It is not necessary that the sub-division of "small works" into columns 6 and 7 should be made, and if it is preferred, only the total under head of "small works" need be given.

Entries in columns 4, 5, 6 and 7 should be based on calculations similar to that given in the following example:—

Example (*b*).—If a large work is estimated to provide labour for 12,000 men for nine months at the ordinary rate of progress, the estimate for the purposes of column 4 or 5 will be 12,000.

If under pressure it can and is intended to be completed in six months, the estimate will be $\frac{9}{6} \times 12{,}000 = 18{,}000$.

If it can and is intended to be completed in three months, the estimate will be $\frac{9}{3} \times 12{,}000 = 36{,}000$.

(*c*).—As it is desirable that in the event of serious famine those to whom relief is given should be concentrated as far as possible on large works, care should therefore be taken that the entries in columns 4 and 5 should be materially larger than those in columns 6 and 7.

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FAMINE STATEMENT D (*Supplementary to C.*)

[*To be submitted to the Government of India by 1st September, 1st December, 1st March, while relief-works are open.*]

N.B.—Numbers to be shown in "thousands."

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File No. 36.
Serial No. 1.

1894.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

To

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Circular No. $\frac{16}{36}$.

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