(1) பக்கங்களின் எண்ணிக்கை 28

(2) புதுக்கித் திருப்பிய நாள் 3-90

(3) ஆதாரங்குறிப்பவர் கருக்கொப்பம்

தமிழ்நாடு ஆவணக் காப்பகம்.

தமிழ்நாடு அரசு

P&O துறை

அரசாணை எண். —
மு. கோப்புத் தாள் எண். 50

அச்சகம்
பலவகை

நாள் : 11.1.1893 198 .

மடிக்கவோ கண்டபடி கையாளவோ கூடாது

ஆவண, ஆ7-1—18,000—15-8-87.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE
(Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture).

Mr. Clogstoun.

Read—the following G.O., dated 8th April 1892, No. 344, Revenue :—

Read—the following extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Department, dated 21st March 1892, Circular No. 8-52 :—

Read—

Government of India Circular No.	6-G.,	dated	8th December	1881.
" " "	57-F.,	"	1st October	1886.
" " "	65-F.,	"	11th "	1887.
" " "	25-F.,	"	10th September	1891.

Resolution.—In their Resolution No. 57-F., dated the 1st October 1886, the Government of India laid down the procedure to be followed in applying for sanction to railway projects intended to be utilized as famine relief works.

2. In Circular No. 65-F., dated 11th October 1887, the Government of India called for an annual statement of the number of persons for whom it is estimated that employment on relief works can be found in each district.

3. In paragraph 12 of their Circular Resolution No. 25-F., dated 10th September 1891, the Government of India adverted to the necessity of precise rules for the revision of lists of relief works, and in the extract from paragraph 2 of despatch No. 6 (Revenue), dated 14th January 1892, quoted below, the Secretary of State has, in commenting on this resolution, drawn prominent attention to the importance of maintaining an efficient scheme of famine relief works :—

"I regard the maintenance and yearly revision of a scheme of famine relief works in every district as most important. And I suggest for your consideration that the Commissioner . . . should at the proper season either notify in the local Gazette or report to the Local Government the revision of the relief works scheme for each district as soon as completed."

4. As there has been some irregularity in the character of the information supplied and action taken under the circulars above quoted, and in order to give effect to the directions of the Secretary of State, the Government of India have framed the appended rules in supersession of previous instructions and direct that they be incorporated with the Provincial Famine Codes.

Order.—Ordered that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Local Governments and Administrations noted on the margin for information and guidance.

Madras.	Burma.
Bombay.	Assam.
Bengal.	Coorg.
North-Western Provinces and Oudh.	Ajmere-Merwara.
Punjab.	Hyderabad.
Central Provinces.	

Ordered also that a copy be forwarded to the Foreign Department for information and for communication to Political officers of Native States and to the Public Works and Finance Departments for information.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. MUIR MACKENZIE,
for Secy. to the Govt. of India.

To the Secretary to the Government of Madras.

APPENDIX.

RULES FOR MAINTAINING A PROGRAMME OF RELIEF WORKS.

Rules to be observed in ordinary times.

I. In accordance with the instructions of Resolution No. $\frac{6}{340-56}$G., dated 8th December 1881, the Agricultural Department is responsible for collating information (1) as to the liability of each district to scarcity and famine, and (2) as to the general character of the protective measures which appear to be needed.

II. The Commissioner of the division, or if there be no Commissioner the Collector, is responsible for deciding, after such communication with District officers, the Public Works Department and the Agricultural Department as may be necessary and subject to such rules as the Local Government may prescribe,—

A—the number of persons for whom it is requisite that relief works should be provided in the event of serious famine;

B—the programme of relief works which is to be adopted.

III. The estimate A and programme B will be annually revised, due regard being given (1) to the increased protection afforded during the past year by new irrigation works, improved communications or otherwise; (2) to the exhaustion of relief works since the issue of the programme last published.

IV. Revised statements A and B shall be submitted to the Local Government not later than the 1st of May in each year.

V. A statement shall be submitted to the Government of India not later than the 1st of June in each year in the form C appended to these rules.

Rules to be observed in times of famine.

VI. When relief works have been opened in any district, a supplementary programme shall, while such works are open, be submitted to the Local Government at the beginning of every quarter, that is to say, on the 1st August, 1st November and 1st February, showing—

(*a*) to what extent works on the published programme are exhausted;

(*b*) what new relief works, if any, are added to the programme.

VII. A statement in form D annexed and revised in accordance with the supplementary programmes prescribed under rule VI shall be submitted to the Government of India by the 1st September, 1st December and 1st March of each year.

VIII. In deciding upon the character and number of works to be open at any one time regard shall be had to their prospective utility and to the possibility of their completion within or soon after the period of scarcity.

Special rules for Railways.

(*applicable also to other works requiring Imperial sanction*).

IX. A railway project should not, except for grave reasons, be included in a programme of relief works in view—

(1) of the small ratio which the expenditure on unskilled labour bears to the total cost of a railway,—about one-third of the whole cost being incurred in England, and of the balance only a small percentage being spent on unskilled labour;

(2) of the large financial liabilities which the commencement of railway works involves;

(3) of the loss which may be incurred if, after being commenced as a relief work, the project or alignment may be subsequently abandoned or condemned.

X. When for reasons considered sufficient it is desired to include a railway project in the programme of relief works, a report should be submitted to the Government of India in the Revenue and Agricultural Department, showing—

(*a*) the liability of the districts through which the railway passes, to famine;

(*b*) the advantages of the railway as a permanent protection of the districts affected by it against famine;

(*c*) the number of persons for whom it is requisite that relief works should be provided in the event of serious famine;

(*d*) the number that can be provided for by works other than the railway;

(*e*) the reasons why the railway is required as a relief work in supplement or preference to other works;

(*f*) the number of persons for whom work of suitable kind can be provided for by the railway;

(*g*) the proportion of the cost of such relief work to the whole cost of the line.

XI. If the railway or any part of it is accepted by the Government of India as admissible in the programme of relief works on general grounds, the necessary reconnaissances or surveys should be undertaken and the alignment submitted to the Government of India in the Public Works Department and their approval obtained to the project before it is finally entered in the programme of relief works.

XII. If the alignment is approved, measures should be taken to secure the land required for the railway.

XIII. If, after the inclusion of the project in the programme, it should at any time be, in the opinion of the Local Government, desirable that the railway should be utilized as a relief work, a report should be submitted to the Government of India in the Revenue and Agricultural Department, setting forth the reasons why the work should be commenced.

XIV. In the event of such sanction being accorded, the Local Government should transmit punctually and regularly to the Government of India in the Public Works Department the ordinary monthly and quarterly "Narrative Progress Reports" together with a memorandum showing the maximum, minimum and average number of labourers employed and the total cash issues during the month, and should also communicate with that Department upon all professional and engineering questions and submit all the usual estimates, accounts, &c., as in the case of a railway in progress under ordinary circumstances.

FAMINE STATEMENT C.

[*To be submitted to the Government of India not later than the 1st of June of each year.*]

N.B.—Numbers to be shown in "thousands."

District.	Population.	Maximum number of persons for whom relief may be required daily in the event of serious famine.	Number of persons provided for by relief works daily for three months.			Remarks.
				Others.		
			Large works for which professional agency is required.	Simple works which District officers can carry out with ordinary staff.	Works for relief of agricultural population in neighbourhood of villages.	A brief description without details of the general character and utility of works under each head and of the prospects of their completion either within or soon after the period of scarcity should be given in this column.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Note (*a*)—This form is adapted from the form in use in the North-Western Provinces. But it is not necessary that the sub-division of "Others" in columns 5 and 6 should be made, and if it is preferred, only the total under the head of "Others" need be given.

Entries in columns 4, 5, 6 should be based on calculations similar to that given in the following example:—

Example (*b*)—If a large work is estimated to provide labour for 12,000 men for nine months at the ordinary rate of progress, the estimate for the purposes of column 4 will be 12,000.

If under pressure it can and is intended to be completed in six months, the estimate will be $\frac{3}{4} \times 12{,}000 = 18{,}000$.

If it can and is intended to be completed in three months, the estimate will be $\frac{3}{4} \times 12{,}000 = 36{,}000$.

(*c*)—As it is desirable that in the event of serious famine those to whom relief is given should be concentrated as far as possible on large works, care should therefore be taken that the entries in column 4 should be materially larger than those in columns 5 and 6.

FAMINE STATEMENT D (*Supplementary to C*).

To be submitted to the Government of India by 1st September, 1st December, 1st March while relief works are open.

N.B.—Numbers to be shown in "thousands."

District.	Maximum number of persons for whom relief may be required daily in the event of serious famine.	Number of persons provided for by relief works daily for three months.			Remarks.
		Large works for which professional agency is required.	Others.		
			Simple works which District officers can carry out with ordinary staff.	Works for relief of agricultural population in neighbourhood of villages.	
1	2	3	4	5	6

Order—dated 8th April 1892, No. 344, Revenue.

Miscellaneous.

Communicated to the Commissioner of Revenue Settlement and Director of Land Records and Agriculture for the issue of the necessary instructions and submission of a draft set of rules for the preparation of programmes of relief works under clause II of the rules appended to the Resolution. The rules will be incorporated with the Provincial Code when it is revised—*vide* G.O., dated 4th March 1892, No. 213. They supersede the instructions issued in G.O., dated 24th February 1891, No. 140.

2. The programmes of relief works should be drawn up by Collectors in communication with the officers of the Department of Public Works and the Local and Municipal authorities and should comprise professional agency as well as civil agency works.

3. The statements prescribed by Rules V and VII should be forwarded by the Commissioner of Settlement to the Government of India direct on the dates specified, copies being submitted for the information of Government.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) C. A. GALTON,
Secretary to Government.

To the Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture.
" Public Works Department.
" Local and Municipal Department.
Copy to the Financial Department.
" " Commissioners of Land Revenue.

READ—the following G.O., dated 25th April 1892, Mis. No. 2110, Revenue :—

Read—the following letter from the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Department (Famine), No. 724—52, dated 14th April 1892.

In continuation of Government of India Circular Resolution, No. 8-F., dated the 21st ultimo, laying down rules for maintaining a programme of relief works, I am directed to forward a full copy of paragraph 2 from despatch No. 6, Revenue,

dated 14th January 1892, addressed to the Government of India by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India and with reference to his Lordship's suggestion to ask that the rules may be suitably modified so as to fit in with the administrative arrangements existing in the Madras Presidency.

2. The Government of India will be glad to be furnished in due course with copies of any rules that may be framed by the Government of Madras.

ENCLOSURE.

[Extract paragraph 2 from despatch.]

2. I regard the maintenance and yearly revision of a scheme of famine relief works in every district as most important and I suggest for your consideration that the Commissioner, or in Madras the Revenue Board, should at the proper season either notify in the local Gazette or report to the local Government the revision of the relief works scheme for each district as soon as it is completed.

Order—dated 25th April 1892, Mis. No. 2110, Revenue.

Communicated to the Commissioner of Revenue Settlement and Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture in continuation of G.O., dated 8th April 1892, No. 344, for information and for the necessary action with reference to paragraph 1.

2. The request contained in paragraph 2 has been noted.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) R. H. CAMBELL,
Ag. Asst. Secy. to Government.

To the Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture.
" Public Works Department.
" Local and Municipal Department.
" Financial Department.

READ—the following G.O., dated 20th May 1892, Mis. No. 2461, Revenue :—

Read—the following G.O., dated 10th May 1892, No. 1460 W., Public Works :—

Read—again the following paper :—

Proceedings in the Revenue Department, No. 344, dated 8th April 1892, communicated with G.O., No. 1285 W., dated 22nd April 1892.

Read—also the following paper :—

Office-note from the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, dated 5th May 1892, No. 61.

Order—dated 10th May 1892, No. 1460 W., Public Works.

With reference to the orders read above, officers of the Public Works Department are informed that the separate programme of professional agency works suitable for famine relief, submitted to Government under G.O., No. 472 W., dated 10th February 1888, will be no longer required, the requisite information being in future supplied to Collectors instead.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. PENNYCUICK, Colonel, R.E.,
Secretary to Govt., P.W.D.

To Superintending Engineers.
" the Chief Engineer for Irrigation.
" the Consulting Engineer for Railways.
" the Examiner, Public Works Accounts.
" the Revenue Department.

Order—dated 20th May 1892, Mis. No. 2461, Revenue.

Recorded.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) C. A. GALTON,
Secretary to Government.

To the Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture.

Resolution—dated 7th June 1892, No. 411.

Communicated to all Collectors for information and guidance.

2. Under the rules contained in G.O., dated 22nd February 1891, No. 140, Collectors were required to submit programmes of Civil Agency works calculated to give employment to 5 per cent. of the population of their districts for one year at 2 annas per head. The Government of India rules require that the programme shall include works sufficient to give employment for three months to the maximum number of persons for whom relief may be required daily in the event of serious famine. Under the recent orders, contained in G.O., dated 8th April 1892, No. 344, Collectors are required to include in their programmes all Professional Agency works as well as Civil Agency works in their districts, and with this larger list of works to select from, the Board considers it advisable that the numbers for whom relief may be required daily in the event of serious famine should be taken at 20 per cent. of the population. The maximum percentage of the population for which employment has had to be found in the seven worst affected taluks during the present period of distress has been as noted on the margin, but in the famine of 1876—78 the numbers resorting to works in several taluks of Bellary and Kurnool were not less than 30 per cent. of the population, and that within a very short period of the commencement of relief operations. The numbers resorting to employment during the recent famine in Ganjam were never very large *, but if any argument is to be drawn from the enormous numbers † seeking gratuitous relief at particular periods, a want of employment must have been felt by very large numbers.

Márkápur	9 per cent.
Cumbum	12 "
Adóni	2 "
Alúr	7 "
Ráyachóti	3 "
Badvél	6 "
Tiruchengód	3 "

* Maximum number employed on works, 25th May 1889 ...	22,723
† Maximum number on gratuitous relief, 3rd August 1889 ...	110,234

3. Employment to be given to labourers at the cost of Provincial or Imperial funds can best be given on the construction or repair of irrigation works wherever these works exist in any size or in any numbers, and it should therefore be the aim of Collectors to see that in each taluk every irrigation work on which expenditure can with advantage be incurred, whether to bring it into repair or to enlarge its capacity, shall find a place in the famine programme.

Any project which has been proposed for the improvement of irrigation in a taluk should be noted in the famine programme, but unless a project is in a forward state of preparation, it should be shown in the programme as an item of work additional to those entered as being suitable to give employment for three months.

Next to irrigation works, the fencing of forest reserves should be provided for, but when irrigation works and forest works are exhausted, recourse must generally be had to road works, and there is perhaps no work more suitable than road-work for the employment of famine labour. Employment can always be given to large numbers of people in breaking and stacking metal and storing gravel at the sides of roads. The construction of new roads will also provide suitable employment, but the multiplication of roads is undesirable unless the Local Boards are likely to be in a position to maintain them after the famine.

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In calculating the numbers for which a particular work will provide employment, the average wage of a labourer on a relief work may be taken at $1\frac{1}{2}$ annas.

4. Revised programmes for the current year, embodying Professional Agency as well as all other works, should at once be submitted by all Collectors with the exception of the Collectors of South Canara and Madras. The programme should be drawn up talukwar in form A annexed, and accompanied by an abstract in form C.

5. The following draft rules will be submitted for the approval of Government:—

Famine Relief Works Programmes.

(1) The Collector of each district is responsible for the maintenance for his district, of a programme of works suitable for relief works and adequate to the requirements of the district.

(2) The programme should include all works in the district on which famine labour can be suitably employed, whether Professional Agency or Civil Agency works. It is essential that the programme should show works capable of giving employment to 20 per cent. of the population for three months, but the programme should aim at including all useful works in the district, and no important work that is needed in any taluk should be omitted from the programme on the ground that its construction would not be required in the first three months of a famine.

(3) The programmes should be drawn up by taluks in form A given in the appendix and should be accompanied by an abstract in form C.

(4) Works costing Rs. 5,000 and upwards should be entered in A in full detail. Those costing less than Rs. 5,000 may be grouped together and given in the lump.

(5) Works for which estimates are ready should be clearly specified together with the amounts involved.

(6) Works should be entered in the programme either as:—

(*a*) Those large works for which professional aid is required, whether the professional aid be provided by the Public Works Department or the Local Fund Board.

(*b*) Other simple works which district officers can carry out with the ordinary staff, which will include repairs of minor irrigation works, forest fencing, and other miscellaneous works.

(7) In calculating the amount of employment that any large work is capable of affording, particular attention should be paid to the instructions appended to form C. The average pay of a labourer on a relief work may be taken at $1\frac{1}{2}$ annas.

(8) The estimates for works for which Professional agency is required will be prepared either by the Public Works Department or, in the case of Local Fund and Municipal works, by the Engineering establishments maintained by those bodies. In the case of other simple works usually carried out by the Revenue Department, the staff of maistries at present employed for carrying out the repairs to minor irrigation works should prepare rough estimates which will be sufficiently accurate for all practical purposes. In special cases, when the Collector considers that the estimates prepared by any department should be scrutinized by the professional officers, he can consult the Superintending Engineer of the Circle for such advice and assistance as may be required.

(9) In the selection of works, attention should be given in the first place to the irrigation works. As Provincial funds can most profitably be spent on these works, it is desirable that the circumstances of every irrigation work in each taluk should be considered and a sufficient sum provided for putting each into thorough repair. A statement in form B given in the appendix should accordingly accompany the annual programme giving detailed information regarding all irrigation works.

Clearance of silt from the beds of irrigation tanks should be excluded from the programme save in exceptional cases where the Public Works officers consider it desirable.

Every known project for the improvement of irrigation should be noted in the programme (A), but unless the project is in a forward state of preparation, it should be shown as an item of work additional to those entered as being available for famine

relief. The entry should in every case be accompanied by a note of the latest correspondence regarding the project.

(10) Next to irrigation works, the fencing of forest reserves should be provided for, but the Conservators should in all cases be referred to before the fencing of any forest is proposed.

(11) Breaking metal and stacking gravel on existing roads should be preferred to the starting of new roads, the maintenance of which by the Local Boards after the famine ceases is doubtful. When new road works are included their actual length should invariably be stated.

(12) No railway works should be included by Collectors in their programmes.

(13) Large projects for Municipal improvements, such as drainage or water-supply, should be excluded from the programmes unless the projects have been inquired into and are in a forward state of preparation.

(14) The erection of buildings, which is not work of a character to afford employment for large numbers of unskilled labourers, should as far as possible be avoided as unsuitable in a list of works designed for famine relief.

(15) The programme should be revised annually and should be submitted punctually so as to reach the Board by the 1st April each year.

(16) When relief works have been opened in any district, statements should be submitted before the 1st July, 1st October, 1st January each year during the continuance of relief operations, showing (1) the works exhausted on the relief-list A; (2) new works which may be added to the programme during the quarter. This should be accompanied by a revised abstract in form C.

(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) P. RAJARATNA MUDALIAR,
Secretary.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) I. SARABHALINGAM NAIDU,
First Assistant.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.
" all Collectors.

Exd. W. J. Lewis

5/50.

APPENDIX.

Form A.

Detailed statement of works available for Famine relief in the District during 189 -9 .

Taluk.	Name or description of work.	Large works requiring professional agency.		Simple works to be executed by district officers with the ordinary staff.		Remarks.
		Approximate cost.	Amount of detailed estimate.	Approximate cost.	Amount of detailed estimate.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Total for the district ..						

In this list the works should be entered separately for each taluk, and classified in the following order:—

1. Irrigation works.
2. Forest fencing-works.
3. Road works—
   (a) Breaking and stacking metal and storing gravel along the sides of existing roads.
   (b) New roads.
4. Miscellaneous works.

Separate totals of the cost of the works included under each class should be entered.

Irrigation projects which are not in a forward state of preparation should be shown in the programme as additional to those available for famine relief together with a note of the latest correspondence regarding each project.

In columns 4 and 6, the cost of works for which detailed estimates are ready should be entered. Their amounts will appear also in columns 3 and 5 respectively.

relief. The entry should in every case be accompanied by a note of the latest correspondence regarding the project.

(10) Next to irrigation works, the fencing of forest reserves should be provided for, but the Conservators should in all cases be referred to before the fencing of any forest is proposed.

(11) Breaking metal and stacking gravel on existing roads should be preferred to the starting of new roads, the maintenance of which by the Local Boards after the famine ceases is doubtful. When new road works are included their actual length should invariably be stated.

(12) No railway works should be included by Collectors in their programmes.

(13) Large projects for Municipal improvements, such as drainage or water-supply, should be excluded from the programmes unless the projects have been inquired into and are in a forward state of preparation.

(14) The erection of buildings, which is not work of a character to afford employment for large numbers of unskilled labourers, should as far as possible be avoided as unsuitable in a list of works designed for famine relief.

(15) The programme should be revised annually and should be submitted punctually so as to reach the Board by the 1st April each year.

(16) When relief works have been opened in any district, statements should be submitted before the 1st July, 1st October, 1st January each year during the continuance of relief operations, showing (1) the works exhausted on the relief list A; (2) new works which may be added to the programme during the quarter. This should be accompanied by a revised abstract in form C.

(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) P. RAJARATNA MUDALIAR,
Secretary.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) I. SARABHALINGAM NAIDU,
First Assistant.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.
" all Collectors.

Exd. W. J. Lewis

5/50.

APPENDIX.

FORM A.

DETAILED statement of works available for Famine relief in the District during 189 -9 .

Taluk.	Name or description of work.	Large works requiring professional agency.		Simple works to be executed by district officers with the ordinary staff.		Remarks.
		Approximate cost.	Amount of detailed estimate.	Approximate cost.	Amount of detailed estimate.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Total for the district ..						

In this list the works should be entered separately for each taluk, and classified in the following order:—

1. Irrigation works.
2. Forest fencing-works.
3. Road works—
   (a) Breaking and stacking metal and storing gravel along the sides of existing roads.
   (b) New roads.
4. Miscellaneous works.

Separate totals of the cost of the works included under each class should be entered.

Irrigation projects which are not in a forward state of preparation should be shown in the programme as additional to those available for famine relief together with a note of the latest correspondence regarding each project.

In columns 4 and 6, the cost of works for which detailed estimates are ready should be entered. Their amounts will appear also in columns 3 and 5 respectively.

4

FORM B.

STATEMENT showing the State of the Irrigation works in the District and the provision made for their repair.

Talukas.	Total number of works under				Provision made for the repair of works under						Remarks.
	Public Works Department.		Revenue Department.		Public Works Department.		Revenue Department.		Total.		
	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	
						Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Total for the district ...											

NOTE.—Special care should be taken to see that the number of works in and out of repair is correctly ascertained. The Public Works Department officers should be consulted as regards all irrigation works under their control.

FORM C.

ABSTRACT statement of programme of relief works in the District for the year 189– 9.

Talukas.	Population by census of 1891 in thousands.	Maximum number of persons for whom relief may be required daily in the event of serious famine.	Persons provided for by relief works daily for 3 months. Numbers on: Large works for which Professional agency is required.	Other works which District officers can carry out with ordinary staff.	Total per cent. of population.	Irrigation works. New. Number.	New. Amount.	Repairs. Number.	Repairs. Amount.	Forest fencing works. Number.	Forest fencing works. Amount.	Road works. New. Number.	New. Miles.	New. Amount.	Repairs. Number.	Repairs. Amount.	Miscellaneous works. Drinking-water supply. Number.	Drinking-water supply. Amount.	Others. Number.	Others. Amount.	Total. Number.	Total. Amount.	Grand total. Number.	Grand total. Approximate cost.	Works for which estimates are ready. Number.	Works for which estimates are ready. Cost.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
							Rs.		Rs.		Rs.			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
District Total ..																											

Note—

1. Entries in columns 4 and 5 should be based on calculations similar to that given in the following example :—
   If a large work is estimated to provide labour for 12,000 men for nine months at the ordinary rate of progress, the estimate for the purposes of column 4 will be Rs. 12,000.
   If under pressure it can and be intended to be completed in six months, the estimate will be $\frac{9}{6} \times 12{,}000 = 18{,}000$.
   If it can and is intended to be completed in three months, the estimate will be $\frac{9}{3} \times 12{,}000 = 36{,}000$.
2. In the case of small works it will suffice to divide the estimated cost of the works by the estimated wages for a relief cooly for three months.
3. As it is desirable that in the event of serious famine those to whom relief is given should be concentrated as far as possible on large works, care should be taken that the entries in column 4 should be materially larger than those in column 5.
4. Entries in columns 7—27 should be made on two lines for each taluk according as the works fall under column 4 or column 5, *i.e.*, the totals of columns 3 and 5 in Form A should be given on separate lines.

B 50

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

1892.

Board of Revenue

(Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture),

MADRAS.

Printed June 22nd.

Proceedings, dated 7th June 1892, No. 411.

Issuing revised instructions for the preparation of programmes of famine relief works.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE

(Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture).

Read—the following letter from C. D. MACLEANE, Esq., Collector of Nellore, to the Secretary to the Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture, dated 2nd November 1892, No. 5050-Ver. :—

I have the honour to forward the programme for 1892–93 with abstract statements A, B and C, with reference to instructions contained in Proceedings, No. 411, dated 7th June 1892, and subsequent orders.

ENCLOSURE No. 1.

FORM C.—ABSTRACT Statement of programme of relief works in the Nellore district for the year 1892-93.

Taluks.	Population by census of 1891 in thousands.	Maximum number of persons for whom relief may be required daily in the event of serious famine.	Persons provided for by relief works daily for three months. Numbers on: Large works for which professional agency is required.	Other simple works which District officers can carry out with ordinary staff.	Land improvement works.	Total per cent. of population.	Irrigation works. New. Number.	Amount.	Repairs. Number.	Amount.	Forest fencing works. Number.	Amount.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
			92,933	..	..			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Ongole	225	45,032	..	24,096	..	52·5	2	69,000	3	27,000	.. 1	2,472
			..	..	1,208		..	..	22	38,420	..	..
			56,509	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..
Kandukúr	149	29,725	..	9,065	..	44·5	3	66,200	6	36,115	.. 6	30,000
			..	..	667		..	..	16	16,250	..	..
			47,833	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..
Kanigiri	131	26,252	..	3,295	..	39·2	3	21,000	1	20,000	.. 6	6,012
			..	..	333		..	..	4	2,100	..	..
			5,600	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..
Podili division	68	13,678	..	4,533	..	14·8	..	..	..	..	..	..
			..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..
			24,133	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..
Darsi division	85	16,962	..	933	..	20·9	..	..	..	..	..	..
			..	..	..		..	..	12	45,600	.. 26	21,864
			44,040	..	..		..	..	41	8,680	..	..
Rápúr	61	12,256	..	6,707	..	82·8	..	..	..	..	..	..
			..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..
			20,500	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..
Venkatagiri division	57	11,295	..	5,883	..	64·3	..	..	..	..	..	..
			..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..
			28,347	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..
Pólúr division	56	11,174	..	4,696	..	59·1	..	..	8	3,89,544	.. 9	8,724
			..	..	..		..	..	3	370	..	..
			117,196	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore	196	39,195	..	9,991	..	64·9	..	..	19	1,19,000	.. 9	8,398
			..	..	..		1	8,000	42	19,860	..	..
			102,160	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..
Gúdúr	150	29,934	..	7,713	..	73·4	..	..	..	..	.. 17	15,216
			..	..	..		..	..	28	8,305	..	..
			39,280	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..
Udayagiri	100	20,042	..	4,100	..	43·3	..	..	..	..	..	..

Abstract statement of programme of relief works in the Nellore district for the year 1892-93—*cont.*

Taluks.	Road works. New. Number.	Miles.	Amount.	Repairs. Number.	Amount.	Miscellaneous works. Drinking water-supply. Number.	Amount.	Others. Number.	Amount.	Total. Number.	Amount.	Grand total. Number.	Amount.	Works for which estimates are ready. Number.	Amount.
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Ongole	16	176	4,80,800	7	1,06,200	..	..	2	86,800	2	86,800	30	7,69,800	8	1,21,000
	..	..	..	..	..	143	1,12,206	99	27,400	242	1,39,606	265	1,86,492	165	92,292
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	53	9,060	53	9,060	53	9,060	53	9,060
Kandukúr	11	117½	2,44,000	9	77,500	..	..	..	..	..	..	29	4,23,815	4	51,200
	..	..	..	..	..	14	19,620	8	2,120	22	21,740	44	67,990	36	33,990
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	5,000	20	5,000	20	5,000	20	5,000
Kanigiri	5	90	1,33,250	7	1,84,500	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	3,58,750	1	12,260
	..	..	..	..	..	32	7,700	34	7,900	66	15,600	76	24,712	76	24,712
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	2,500	10	2,500	10	2,500	10	2,500
Podili division	3	37	97,000	4	63,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	1,60,000	1	42,000
	..	..	..	..	..	63	20,000	66	14,000	129	34,000	129	34,000	129	34,000
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Darsi division	6	55	1,84,000	8	47,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	1,81,000	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	20	2,400	30	4,600	50	7,000	50	7,000	50	7,000
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rápúr	30	121	2,27,800	6	55,900	..	..	..	..	..	..	48	3,39,300	3	29,000
	..	..	..	..	..	53	13,048	23	6,788	76	19,836	143	50,304	126	43,604
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Venkatagiri division	9	80	1,31,400	5	97,350	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	2,28,750	2	83,000
	..	..	..	..	..	31	30,249	4	12,500	35	43,749	35	43,749	32	32,749
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pólúr division	12	48	97,300	14	1,15,300	..	..	..	..	..	..	26	2,12,600	1	6,300
	..	..	..	..	..	69	31,969	9	3,250	78	35,219	78	35,219	78	35,219
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore	17	88	3,21,300	19	1,63,125	..	..	1	5,000	1	5,000	45	8,78,969	26	4,31,669
	..	..	..	..	..	191	49,324	52	16,513	243	65,837	255	74,931	65	31,552
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gúdúr	26	164½	36,900	9	65,500	..	..	2	2,04,700	2	2,04,700	57	7,66,200	10	3,36,700
	..	..	..	..	..	64	29,087	30	10,000	94	39,087	146	57,845	76	34,225
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Udayagiri	7	107	1,43,000	16	1,46,600	..	..	..	..	..	..	23	2,89,600	6	1,10,400
	..	..	..	..	..	26	4,146	29	3,030	46	7,176	91	30,747	58	23,977
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

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Abstract statement of programme of relief works in the Nellore district for the year 1892-93—*cont.*

Taluks.	Population by census of 1891 in thousands.	Maximum number of persons for whom relief may be required daily in the event of serious famine.	Persons provided for by relief works daily for three months. Numbers on: Large works for which professional agency is required.	Other simple works which District officers can carry out with ordinary staff.	Land Improvement works.	Total per cent of population.	Irrigation works. New. Number.	Amount.	Repairs. Number.	Amount.	Forest fencing works. Number.	Amount.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Atmakúr	101	20,236	49,240	..	..	51·1	2	Rs. 32,000	3	Rs. 18,000	..	Rs. ..
			..	2,457	..		..	..	14	4,522	4	2,950
Kávali	83	16,595	33,032	..	..	45·2	..	..	..	..	..	..
			..	5,295	..		..	..	5	22,740	..	..
			..	..	..		..	..	14	10,228	..	..
Táluk not known (*vide* last page of Form A).	Professional Agency works only.		17,267	..	..	..	..	..	2	46,500	..	..
Total for the District ..	1,462	292,376	688,070	..	..	53·3	11	1,06,200	59	7,25,499	..	..
			..	88,714	..		..	..	184	1,00,209	78	95,636
			..	..	2,208		..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	1,96,200	243	8,25,708	78	95,636

Abstract statement of programme of relief works in the Nellore district for the year 1892-93—*cont.*

Taluks.	Road works. New. Number.	Miles.	Amount.	Repairs. Number	Amount.	Miscellaneous works. Drinking water-supply. Number.	Amount.	Others. Number.	Amount.	Total. Number.	Amount.	Grand Total. Number.	Amount.	Works for which estimates are ready. Number.	Amount.
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
Atmakur	14	139	Rs. 2,86,000	11	Rs. 33,300	..	Rs. ..	..	Rs. ..	..	Rs. ..	30	Rs. 3,69,300	5	Rs. 50,000
	..	..	..	..	..	54	7,330	25	3,637	79	10,967	97	18,439	99	17,829
Kavali	6	53	94,000	7	71,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	60,000	1	60,000	19	2,47,740	7	1,06,740
	..	..	..	..	..	41	28,483	2	600	43	29,083	57	39,311	42	38,911
Táluk not known (*vide* last page of Form A).	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	83,000	1	83,000	3	1,29,500	3	1,29,500
Total for the District ..	162	1,276	27,58,850	122	12,26,275	..	..	7	4,39,500	7	4,39,500	361	53,46,324	77	14,35,009
	..	..	..	..	..	801	3,55,556	402	1,13,338	1,203	4,68,894	1,465	6,64,739	1,023	4,56,060
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	83	16,560	83	16,560	83	16,560	83	16,560
Total ..	162	1,276	27,58,850	122	12,26,275	801	3,55,556	492	5,69,398	1,293	9,24,954	1,909	60,27,623	1,183	1,96,329

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Resolution—dated 15th November 1892, No. 741.

The programme of relief works for 1892–93, received from the Collector of Nellore, will be submitted for the information of Government, in continuation of Board's Proceedings, No. 738, dated 14th November 1892.

2. The programme includes 11 new irrigation works estimated to cost 1·96 lakhs of rupees and repairs to existing works at a cost of 8·26 lakhs; forest fencing works ·96 lakh; the construction of 1,276 miles of new roads 27·59 lakhs, and repairs to roads at a cost of 12·26 lakhs; works calculated to improve drinking-water supply to cost 3·56 lakhs; and other miscellaneous works, including only 83 works to be executed by the aid of loans, for 9·25 lakhs. The total approximate estimated cost of all the works amounts to Rs. 60,27,623. These works are calculated to afford employment for a period of three months to 778,992 persons, or about 53 per cent. of the population of the district according to the recent census.

3. The percentage of population for whom provision is made in the several taluks and divisions is ample, being considerably over the 20 per cent. minimum fixed by the rules except in Darsi where it is 21 per cent. and Podili where it is 15 per cent. It should, however, be definitely reported how far the Local Board could undertake to maintain the proposed new roads if they were made.

4. Estimates are reported to be ready for works estimated to cost Rs. 19,66,329.

5. For private works to be undertaken under the Land Improvement Loans Act, small provision is made in three taluks only as noted on the margin. This should be amplified and explanation given why similar provision has not been made in the other taluks.

	Rs.
Ongole	9,060
Kandukúr	5,000
Kanigiri	2,500
Total ...	16,560

6. For the Buckingham Canal extensions and improvements, and for the ordinary minor works for which lump provisions of Rs. 83,000 and Rs. 40,000 have been respectively added, the Collector should have obtained talukwar particulars from the Public Works Department and given them against the respective taluks.

7. The irrigation works which need repair have not been fully provided for in the Kandukúr, Kanigiri, Atmakur, Rápúr, Nellore and Gúdúr taluks. This requires attention. A revised statement B should be submitted. The statement now received shows a much smaller number of works than was reported in statistical return No. 53 in the case of several taluks.

	Population in thousands as given in.	
	Census returns.	Form C.
Gúdúr	136	150
Pólúr	70	56
Total ...	206	206

8. The population given in form C for Gúdúr and Pólur differs from the census returns as noted on the margin though the totals of the two agree. This should be explained.

(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) P. RAJARATNA MUDALIAR,
Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department,
" Collector of Nellore. with programme in manuscript.

Exd. J. Henricus.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

1892.

Board of Revenue

(Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture),

MADRAS.

Printed November 22nd.

Proceedings, 15*th November* 1892, *No.* 741.

Submitting to Government programme of famine relief works in Nellore for 1892–93.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE

(REVENUE SETTLEMENT, LAND RECORDS AND AGRICULTURE).

READ—the following letter from F. D'A. O. WOLFE-MURRAY, Esq., Acting Collector of Cuddapah, to the Secretary to the Commissioner of Revenue Settlement and Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture, dated Cuddapah, 9th November 1892, Current No. 1153-Eng.:—

I have the honour to furnish a revised programme of famine relief works for 1892–93 in accordance with Board's Proceedings, No. 411, dated 7th June 1892. The delay in the submission of it has already been explained in my letter, Reference on Current No. 1153-Eng., dated 29th October 1892. The return from the President, District Board, was received on 31st ultimo and that from the Deputy Collector, Sidhout Division, on the 2nd instant.

Hastinapuram tank, Ráyachóti taluk.
Koonur-Konapuram tank, Pullampet taluk.
Nagaripad tank anicut, Pullampet taluk.

	As shown in Board's Proceedings, No. 412, dated 8th June 1892.	As shown in the statement.
Sagilér project, Badvél taluk	240,000	311,000
Pedda-Pasupula project, Jammalamadugu taluk.	23,240	34,860
Patnam Ranganayani tank, Kadiri taluk ...	11,000	6,150
Kamalapuram tank supply channel, Cuddapah taluk	10,931	5,000

2. Of the works referred to in Board's Proceedings, No. 412, dated 8th June 1892, the marginally-noted ones have been omitted as they are reported by the Executive Engineer to have been nearly completed.

3. With reference to Bandapalle tank, the Executive Engineer says that the project has been abandoned with reference to Superintending Engineer's No. 3759, dated 21st March 1892.

4. The figures for the marginally-noted works vary considerably from those shown against them in the Board's Proceedings above referred to. But the Executive Engineer says that the figures now furnished are the correct ones.

Enclosure No. 1.
Form C.

Taluk.	Population by Census of 1891 in thousands.	Maximum number of persons for whom relief may be required daily in the event of serious famine.	Persons provided for by relief works daily for three months. Number. Large works for which professional agency is required.	Other simple works which District officer can carry out with ordinary staff.	Land improvement carried out by the aid of loans.	Total per cent. of population.	Irrigation works. New. Number.	Amount.	Repairs. Number.	Amount.	Forest fencing works. Number.	Amount.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
								Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Pullampet	149	29,800	11,501	26,605	1,028	26	..	..	25	1,72,526	..	..
			..	..	..		..	..	28	16,838	3	34,000
Sidhout	66	13,200	1,026	17,285	1,300	29	2	12,000	4	3,398	..	..
			..	..	..		..	..	30	11,682	4	17,000
Badvél	93	18,600	21,444	22,958	6,933	55	1	3,11,000	7	10,664	..	..
			..	..	..		..	..	29	12,900	5	16,400
Cuddapah	153	30,800	6,066	57,956	2,000	43	1	6,000	15	85,000	..	..
			..	..	..		..	..	61	32,292	3	14,000
Cuddapah Municipality	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
			..	..	..		..	..	..	..	..	..
Proddutur	98	18,200	15,078	15,731	4,800	38	1	2,00,000	9	26,190	..	..
			..	..	..		..	..	2	1,710	3	18,750
Jammalamadugu	101	20,200	6,167	25,121	2,000	32	2	79,860	7	12,650	..	..
			..	..	..		1	1,000	10	6,194	3	54,100
Pulivendla	105	21,200	1,494	22,016	2,667	25	2	16,000	4	6,400	..	..
			..	..	..		..	..	36	20,458	2	22,000
Kadiri	135	26,944	1,176	52,770	2,000	41	..	..	7	17,640	..	..
			..	..	..		..	..	60	13,495	5	59,500
Ráyachóti	113	23,629	..	36,429	..	33	..	..	35	20,325	8	4,154
			..	..	2,000		..	..	..	..	..	..
Váyalpád	125	25,002	394	..	..	..	..	..	5	5,891	..	..
			..	43,296	..	37	..	..	145	26,330	3	11,000
Madanapalle	127	25,365	1,141	..	3,250	..	..	..	10	17,113	..	..
			..	57,969	..	48	..	..	123	45,650	4	34,350
			..	..	2,000		..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	1,266	251,940	65,487	378,136	29,878	37	10	6,25,860	652	5,65,346	43	2,85,254

* This figure has been arrived at by taking the rate of a man's wages at 1 anna 4 pies for well-sinking; but as a matter of fact the wages paid by private individuals for well-sinking are far higher. During the recent famine the wages of Wodders were as high as 4 to 8 annas per day.

Form C—*cont.*

Taluk.	Road works. New. Number.	Miles.	Amount.	Repairs. Number.	Amount.	Miscellaneous works. Drinking water-supply. Number.	Amount.	Others. Number.	Amount.	Total. Number.	Amount.	Grand Total. Number.	Approximate cost.	Works for which estimates are ready. Number.	Cost.
1	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Pullampet	13	Not known.	47,751	11	62,743	16	33,194	24	5,010	40	38,204	25	1,72,526	6	12,000
	..		..	..	..	..	..	20	7,712	20	7,712	95	1,99,536	26	1,08,118
	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	7,712	..	..
Sidhout	6	20	43,400	6	44,814	26	9,510	17	3,230	43	12,740	6	15,398	3	1,228
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	87	9,000	87	9,000	89	1,29,636	60	78,409
Badvél	23	Not known.	99,766	6	38,391	9	2,800	4	1,933	13	4,733	87	9,000	..	..
	..		..	..	..	..	..	300	52,000	300	52,000	8	3,21,664	7	3,17,714
	..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	300	52,000	..	..
Cuddapah	17	231	2,56,050	25	1,33,081	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	91,000	1	37,000
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	4,500	30	4,500	106	4,35,423	102	4,07,012
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	70	10,500	70	10,500	100	15,000	..	..
Cuddapah Municipality	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	2,26,100	1	690
Proddutur	4	14	22,050	10	69,640	3	2,100	18	3,735	21	5,835	40	1,17,985	19	62,088
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	92,510	1	650
Jammalamadugu	5	28	36,400	6	85,300	6	4,770	3	648	9	5,418	34	1,88,412	32	1,53,012
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	22,400	..	..
Pulivendla	8	70	19,800	5	91,510	35	7,648	14	3,706	49	11,354	100	1,65,122	39	1,26,695
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	17,640	5	10,640
Kadiri	5	168	1,26,000	10	1,88,784	..	..	128	8,000	128	8,000	208	3,96,779	21	52,098
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	400	15,000	400	15,000	400	15,000	..	..
Ráyachóti	4	75	60,500	5	1,47,922	15	1,620	16	1,305	31	2,925	83	2,73,217	15	29,522
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	400	15,000	400	15,000	400	15,000	..	..
Váyalpád	10	123	1,04,200	15	1,78,116	39	5,025	3	2,050	42	5,075	5	5,891	5	5,891
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	650	24,375	650	24,375	215	3,24,721	27	71,035
Madanapalle	27	123	1,33,989	20	2,19,606	3	125	14	1,050	17	1,175	650	24,375	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	400	15,000	400	15,000	10	17,113	7	9,322
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	400	15,000	..	..
Total ..	122	852	3,49,906	119	12,59,907	152	64,792	2,598	1,83,752	2,750	2,48,546	3,696	39,72,210	478	16,97,607

Resolution—dated 17th November 1892, No. 744.

not read.

The programme of relief works for 1892–93 received from the Collector of Cuddapah will be submitted for the information of Government in continuation of Board's Proceedings, dated 15th November 1892, No. 741.

2. The programme includes ten new irrigation works estimated to cost 6·31 lakhs of rupees, and repairs to irrigation works for 5·7 lakhs; the construction of 852 miles of new roads in nine taluks and an unknown length in the remaining two taluks 9·5 lakhs, and repairs to roads 12·6 lakhs; works calculated to improve the drinking-water supply ·65 lakh and other miscellaneous works including those to be carried out by private enterprise under the Land Improvement Loans Act 1·73 lakhs. The aggregate approximate estimated cost of all classes of works amounts to Rs. 39,72,210.

3. The works are calculated to afford employment for a period of three months to 473,501 persons, or about 37 per cent. of the population of the district, according to the recent census. The percentage of the population for whom provision is made in each taluk is above the 20 per cent. minimum fixed by the rules, and seems ample for the district.

4. Estimates are reported to be ready for works to cost Rs. 16,97,607.

5. Provision has not been made for the repair of small irrigation works which need repair in the Cuddapah, Madanapalle, Váyalpád, Kadiri and Ráyachóti taluks, in cases where the amount would exceed the value of the repairs.

6. The Collector has given the number to be employed on works to be undertaken with the aid of State loans in every taluk, but has not given the amount of loan estimated to be granted in the taluks of Jammalamadugu, Pulivendla and Proddutur. This should be explained.

7. Besides the works specified in paragraph 2 of the Collector's letter, several others given in the Public Works Department list printed in Board's Proceedings, No. 412, dated 8th June 1892, have not been included in the programme. The omission should have been explained.

(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) P. RAJARATNA MUDALIAR,
Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department,
" Collector of Cuddapah. with list in manuscript.

Exd. J. Moses.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

1892.

Board of Revenue

(Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture),

MADRAS.

Printed November 29th

Proceedings, 17*th November* 1892, *No.* 744.

Submitting to Government Programme of relief works in Cuddapah for 1892–93.

14/50

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

× Copy attached

Read—Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Department of Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture), dated 17th November 1892, No. 744.

Subject:—

Order thereon, 15th December 1892, No. 5492

RECORDED.

(True Extract.)

A. Canneley

Ag. Assistant *Under Secretary to Government.*

To the Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, and Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture.

" D.O.W.

" Local and Mul Dept.

P. W. CURRENT No. 12550

Govt. of {1892} Madras.

REVENUE.

To

~~The Commissioner of Revenue Settlement and Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture.~~

The Public Works Department.

Dated

Recd. 20-12-92 Encl. 1

Mis.
~~Routine~~ G.O. 15th December 1892, No. 5492

SUBJECT.

Rending B. P. submitting Programme of relief works in Cuddapah for 1892-93.

Ltr. 472 dd 10-2-92
" 1285 dd 22-4-92
" 2234-c dd 27-4-92
" 1341 dd 28-4-92
" 1460 dd 10-5-92

With order

Ltr. 50. dd 11 January 93

Communicated to the Suptg. Engineer III Circle

0243 Dft.
22.12.92

M/E. Requisition sent to B.P. dd 23-12-92 for 60-700 dd 19-12-92

DM 22.XII

Stg. received 27/12/92

S.E. III Circle ✓
C. Govt. wtls-c ✓
R.S.

Dft 17/1

J.C. 14/1