(1) பக்கங்களின் எண்ணிக்கை 36

(2) புதுக்கித் திருப்பிய நாள் 10.94

(3) ஆதாரங், குறிப்பவர் சுருக்கொப்பம்

தமிழ்நாடு ஆவணக் காப்பகம்.

தமிழ்நாடு அரசு

துறை

அரசாணை எண்.
மு.கோப்புத் தாள் எண். 2352

அச்சகம்
பல்வகை

நாள் : 13.9.1893 19XX.

மடிக்கவோ கண்டபடி கையாளவோ கூடாது.

DV

ஆவண. கா. 1—18,006—6-9-90.

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GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following papers:—

From A. W. B. HIGGENS, Esq., Agent to the Governor in Ganjám, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Chatrapur, 8th July 1893, C. No. 194–Ag.

I have the honour to submit my report on the administration of the Hill tracts of the Ganjám district for 1892–93, together with the prescribed statements and the reports of the Assistant Agents.

2. *Changes in the officers.*—

Office.	Name.	Period in office.
Agent	1. Mr. E. C. Johnson	From 1st April 1892 to 28th February 1893.
	2. ,, A. W. B. Higgens	From 1st March 1893 to 31st March 1893.
Principal Assistant Agent	1. ,, J. Andrew	From 1st April 1892 to 11th October 1892.
	2. ,, F. E. K. Wedderburn	From 12th November 1892 to 20th January 1893.
	3. ,, J. G. D. Partridge	From 12th October 1892 to 11th November 1892, and from 23rd January 1893 to 31st March 1893.
	4. ,, P. Minakshi Sundaram Pillai, Head Clerk.	Was in charge of office on 21st and 22nd January 1893.
Senior Assistant Agent	1. ,, E. Scott	From 1st April 1892 to 16th May 1892.
	2. M.R.Ry. D. Venkatasastri Garu	From 17th May 1892 to 5th June 1892.
	3. Mr. J. G. D. Partridge	From 6th June 1892 to 10th October 1892, and from 12th November 1892 to 18th January 1893.
	4. ,, P. S. P. Rice	From 11th October 1892 to 11th November 1892, and from 19th January 1893 to 31st March 1893.
Special Assistant Agent	1. ,, G. W. Elphinstone	From 1st April 1892 to 15th July 1892, and from 4th December 1892 to 31st March 1893.
	2. ,, P. S. P. Rice	From 16th July 1892 to 3rd December 1892.

3. *Tours.*—Mr. Johnson spent 29 days on tour in the maliahs. His memorandum of tour notes is appended.

4. The Principal Assistant Agent spent 31 days in the Agency and visited all the forts in the Parlákimedi maliahs, except Koipuram and Lavanyakota.

5. The Senior Assistant Agent made *two* tours, lasting for 30 days; in his first tour (25 days) he visited Chelligodo, Udayagiri, Porimolo, Keradango, Nuvagoda, Khojiripado and Ramagiri, and, on his second tour (5 days), he visited Tumba and Sabakota (Mandasa zemindari).

6. The Special Assistant Agent made *five* tours, lasting in all for 5 months and 15 days, as follows:—

67 days—1st April to 6th June 1892 in the Gumsoor and Chinnakimedi maliahs and Kuttiya country.

8 days—27th September 1892 to 4th October 1892 in the Gumsoor maliahs.

12 days—11th December 1892 to 22nd December 1892 in the Gumsoor maliahs.

29 days—9th January 1893 to 8th February 1893 in Bodogada, Chinnakimedi and Gumsoor maliahs in company with the Agent.

49 days—11th February 1893 to 31st March 1893 in Bodogodo and Chinnakimedi maliahs.

A tour map is enclosed.

7. *Elephants.*—The result of Mr. Johnson's communication with the Superintendent of Kheddas, Dacca, Bengal, with reference to the supply of a useful elephant (as reported in paragraph 7 of his report, dated 6th July 1892, No. 128, embodied in G.O., dated 22nd August 1892, No. 1534, Judicial) is that there were no elephants available at the time. The Special Assistant Agent reports that two of his elephants—*Bhiman*, the tasker, and *Chandratara*—are not fit for work; the former being old and practically useless and the latter being generally sick. He recommends their sale with a view to purchase better ones instead.

8. I will make further inquiries for good female elephants for the use of the Agent and Special Assistant Agent and apply for the sanction of Government for the sale of the two useless elephants and the purchase of three new elephants.

9. The other Agency elephants are reported to be in good condition.

10. The total charges on account of elephants were Rs. 3,735-1-6 as compared with Rs. 4,496-9-8 of last year. The receipts are Rs. 104 against Rs. 189-8-0 of last year.

11. *Boundary disputes.*—With regard to the boundary dispute between the Chinnakimedi zemindari and the Bodogodo maliahs, Government having, in its order, No. 407, dated 3rd March 1892, called for a map and some further information, the same was submitted and the decision of Mr. Elphinstone in regard to the dispute was confirmed in G.O., dated 18th October 1892, No. 1974, Judicial. Permanent marks have been erected at the following points:—

(1) Sulia hill.
(2) At the top of the ghât from Govindapur to Godamba.
(3) Bolapatro hill.
(4) Nakatri hill.
(5) Bellaghatti on the Taptapani ghât.
(6) Tangidi hill.
(7) Sohangotso on the Luhagudi-Disipur ghât.
(8) Rampodoro hill.
(9) Potorogotso on the Korangi nalla between Kotapully and Dengama.

There is still a small portion of the boundary to be marked near Bodogodo which will be done during the present rainy season.

12. The question of the settlement of the boundary between Chinnakimedi and Peddakimedi maliahs (paragraph 12 of last year's report) still remains undetermined. Government has in G.O., No. 137, dated 19th January 1893, referred to the Government of India the proposal to extend Act XXVIII of 1860 to the scheduled tracts of Ganjám.

13. Mr. Elphinstone reports that in March he settled in a civil suit a considerable portion of the boundary between Gadapur and Subernagiri which had been in dispute for several years.

14. *Hill Chiefs.*—The Principal Assistant Agent reports that there were no changes among the Bissoyis during the year and that they behaved well.

15. Gouranga Behara Dolayi of Keradango in the Peddakimedi maliahs having died, his son, Iswara Behara Dolayi, was appointed to be Patro, and during his minority, one Polavu Behara Dolayi, younger brother of the deceased, was appointed to act—*vide* pages 41 and 44 of the Agent's report printed at page 11 in G.O., No. 223, dated 25th January 1886. The minor Iswara Behara Dolayi having attained majority and having been permitted to take over charge from the Acting Patro, the usual silk *sadi* will be given to him at the next *Bhet*.

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16. Certain questions have arisen regarding the interference of the late Peddakimedi zemindar with the Patros in the Peddakimedi maliahs. The Senior Assistant Agent has submitted a report on the subject, which, as well as the other matters referred to in his report, I will dispose of shortly.

17. The dispute between the Zemindar of Mandasa and the Bissoyi of Sabakota has been reported on in the Agent's letter, C. No. 405-Ag. of 31st October 1892, and orders have been passed by Government in G.O., No. 710, Judicial, dated 6th April 1893. A further report on the question since raised by the zemindar is under preparation.

18. Lipka Podero of Grenabadi in the Special Assistant Agent's division, having died in April 1892, has been succeeded by his son Azuko Podero.

19. The mortgage of one of the muttahs of Chendragiri to one Gajaraja, Mahant, is opposed to the orders of Government in similar cases and is illegal. The Special Assistant Agent has taken suitable action in the matter.

20. The case of the Kuttingia chief, referred to in paragraph 18 of last year's report, has been disposed of by Government in G.O., No. 80, Revenue, dated 30th January 1893. A report regarding the acquisition of forest land in the Kuttingia muttah will be submitted after the Agent's next tour.

21. *State Prisoners.*—None.

22. *Public Works.*—The amount of grant sanctioned for petty construction and repairs was Rs. 23,000 which was distributed to divisional officers as follows:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Principal Assistant Agent	5,220	0	0
Senior do.	4,021	0	0
Special do.	13,734	12	0
Total ..	22,975	12	0

leaving Rs. 24-4-0 unallotted.

23. The expenditure of the grant by each of the Assistant Agents is given below:—

Officer.	New Works.		Repairs.	
	Buildings.	Communications.	Buildings.	Communications.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1. Principal Assistant Agent	480 0 0	1,304 9 7	348 2 5	2,583 8 0
2. Senior do.	..	..	825 0 0	2,996 0 0
3. Special do.	..	1,000 0 0	2,380 0 0	10,210 0 0
Total ..	480 0 0	2,304 9 7	3,553 2 5	15,789 8 0

Officer.	Sanitation.	Supervision.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
	6	7	8	9
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1. Principal Assistant Agent	..	443 8 0	60 4 0	5,220 0 0
2. Senior do.	200 0 0	..	..	4,021 0 0
3. Special do.	..	..	..	13,590 0 0
Total ..	200 0 0	443 8 0	60 4 0	22,831 0 0

24. From statement No. X it will be observed that the Principal Assistant Agent spent the whole of the allotment. The Jiranghi school was constructed. Of the original allotment of Rs. 2,000 under new works, Rs. 1,304-9-7 was spent on the 1st and 2nd miles of the Rayagada road, effecting a saving of Rs. 695-6-5, which sum was transferred to special repairs of the Kimedi-Kinchilingi road. A further saving of Rs. 371-13-7 was made from repairs and other heads as shown in statement X, supplemented by Rs. 200 from the reserve and the whole utilized on the special repairs of the Kimedi-Kinchilingi road and Gyba-Haddubanji road. For the ordinary repairs of 95 miles of road Rs. 2,583-8-0 were spent. Funds will, if possible, be appropriated in the current year to put in order the four small bridges and the large bridge on the Haddubanji-Gyba road referred to by the Principal Assistant Agent.

25. The whole allotment of Rs. 4,021 was spent in the Senior Assistant's division. Under repairs Rs. 825 were spent on buidings, and Rs. 2,996 on 77 miles of road. Under sanitation Rs. 200 were spent: Rs. 100 for a well at Chelligodo and Rs. 100 for removing vegetation around Udayagiri.

26. Of the allotment of Rs. 13,734-12-0 in the Special Assistant Agent's division, Rs. 13,590 was spent, leaving a balance of Rs. 144-12-0 which has lapsed.

27. The full allotment of Rs. 1,000 was spent on a bridge at Chendragiri. The Special Assistant Agent says that, but for the heavy rain in February and March which washed away the earthwork, the amount would have been sufficient and that a further sum of Rs. 150 will be required. The Special Assistant Agent has not reported the mileage of the roads repaired. His attention will be called to the omission.

28. The question of the transfer of a portion of the Kalingia ghât road from Local to Agency funds is under consideration and will be reported on in due course. Probably it will be best, as suggested by the Special Assistant Agent, that the Agency department should undertake the work.

29. In reference to Mr. Johnson's note, dated 11th January 1893, regarding the Taptapani ghât (road from Govindapur to Lohagudi), Government has in G.O., No. 1031, Judicial), sanctioned an estimate, amounting to Rs. 9,670, for the work of metalling the road. The Executive Engineer promises an estimate for permanent bridges in lieu of the existing temporary bridges. No estimate has yet been sent to me by the Superintending Engineer for the new trace of the Mohanagiri ghât (Mr. Johnson's note, dated 29th January 1893) referred to in G.O., dated 28th October 1892, No. 2991 W. (G.O., dated 5th November 1892, No. 2071, Judicial).

30. *Forests.*—In connection with G.O., dated 3rd November 1891, No. 2265, Judicial, certain questions as to the relative rights of the Zemindar of Parlákimedi and the Bissoyis and Government in the forests of the Parlákimedi maliahs have been raised by Mr. Taylor in his letter, dated 8th February 1893, No. 27. This letter was submitted to Government with my endorsement, dated 16th April 1893, No. 34 A-G. of 1893, on which orders have not yet been received. The same question was, in paragraph 7 of G.O., dated 5th September 1890, No. 1472, Judicial, referred to the Revenue department, but no orders appear to have been issued. The Principal Assistant Agent's report shows that the zemindar is giving effect to his claim by prosecution of the gumastah of the Gumma Bissoyi for theft of fuel. The case is being held in abeyance, pending final orders of Government.

31. The whole question of forest reservation in the Khond maliahs has been dealt with by Government in G.O., dated 21st January 1893, No. 57, Revenue. The report called for in that order will be submitted after the Agent's next tour.

32. *Abkári.*—The proposals of Mr. Johnson for extending the provisions of the Abkári Act to certain villages below ghâts in the Parlákimedi estate were approved by Government in G.O., dated 10th May 1893, No. 971, Judicial. Orders in the Revenue department are awaited.

33. The Board of Revenue, in Proceedings, dated 29th May 1884, No. 1810, ordered that a fixed rate of Rs. 7 in the Gumsoor maliahs and Rs. 4 in the Parlákimedi, Kalingia, Bodaguda, Surada, Digi, Korada, Konaba and Daringabadi should be collected from Souras for manufacture and sale of liquor, but in the Senior Assistant's division and elsewhere, it appears that a sum of Rs. 10 has been collected for each license. The Senior Assistant Agent considers that the increased license fee (Rs. 30) not having been imposed upon the Souras, the Uriyas abuse the concession by taking out licenses in the name of a Soura and themselves doing business. The subject has attracted my attention, and I will deal with it in due course.

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34. In Board's Proceedings, dated 1st October 1892, No. 497, Separate Revenue, the sale of seven shops in the Special Assistant Agent's division and one shop in the Senior Assistant's division and the levy of fixed fees of Rs. 30 for a fixed number of shops in certain localities were recommended; and Government in order, dated 5th December 1892, No. 1208, sanctioned the same. The shops at Balliguda, Udayagiri, Tikkaballi, Kalingia, Raikia, Possaro and Brahminpad and at Udayagiri (Ramagiri) were accordingly sold before 31st March 1893, and fetched Rs. 2,791.

The Special Assistant Agent considers that, in view of the large profits made by licensees who have paid fixed fees, all the shops in the Udayagiri taluk should be put to auction. This matter will be separately reported.

Seven shops were opened during the year in the Principal Assistant Agent's division against two in the previous year. 22 shops against 27 in the previous year were opened in the Senior Assistant Agent's division. 36 shops were opened during the year against 22 in the preceding year in the Special Assistant Agent's division. On the whole there were 65 open during the year against 51 in the previous year or an increase of 14 shops.

35. The number of prosecutions in the Principal Assistant Agent's division under the Abkári Law were three cases involving seven persons against six cases with eight persons in the preceding year. No prosecutions have been reported from the other two divisions.

36. *Opium.*—There was only one shop in the Principal Assistant Agent's division. It was, as usual, not separately rented out, but included in the rental of the plains. The quantity of opium sold was 7½ lb. against 6¼ lb. in the previous year. Complaints have been made regarding the absence of the shopkeeper from Karavalli where he was licensed to sell opium. The transfer of this shop to a better locality is under contemplation.

In the Senior Assistant Agent's division there were no shops.

37. The number of shops in the Special Assistant Agent's division were two, viz., one at Udayagiri and one at Ticcaballi. The quantity sold was 11·23 lb. against 6·16 lb. in the previous year.

38. The arrangement proposed by Mr. Johnson in paragraph 37 of last year's report having been approved by Government in the Revenue Department in G.O., dated 12th December 1892, Mis. No. 5428, the sale of the Gumsoor opium farm has been made subject to those conditions.

39. *Education.*—In the Principal Assistant Agent's division there were 9 Government Primary schools, 7 being Upper Primary schools and 2 Lower Primary schools. The number of pupils on the rolls on the 31st March 1893 was 333 boys and 46 girls, aggregating 379, the average daily attendance of boys per school ranging from 15 in Jirango to 47 in Gandahatti. There were girls only in Gumma, Narayanapuram and Gyba. 53 boys and 3 girls belong to aboriginal races. The Principal Assistant Agent adds a note at the end of statement No. IX that on 31st March 1893 there were 33 Paidi boys and 39 boys and girls of aboriginal races in these schools. All the schools were inspected both by the Educational officers and by the Principal Assistant Agent who is not satisfied with the result. Mr. Partridge suggests the opening of a school at Koipuram chiefly for Souras. The experiment of giving cloths in order to tempt Savara boys to school might perhaps be tried.

40. Besides the Salary-results schools, there were 4 Results schools with 62 boys and 5 girls. The average attendance ranges from 6 in Badagam to 24 in Gandahatti. These schools do not appear to have been examined for grant during the year under review.

41. The present Superintendent is reported to have done satisfactory work.

42. In the Senior Assistant Agent's division there were 2 Middle schools—1 at Udayagiri and the other at Ramagiri,—with a total of 100 boys on the rolls, the average daily attendance at Udayagiri being 46 and that at Ramagiri being 32. Only 1 boy belongs to the aboriginal race. The 2 schools were inspected both by the Educational and Agency officers. Mr. Rice reports that the results were on the whole satisfactory, but that there was a lack of books and furniture, for which he blames the Superintendent.

43. In addition to these 2 schools, there were 2 Lower Primary schools under the Salary-result system—1 at Onagha and the other at Chelligodo. 66 boys and 4 girls were on the rolls, the average daily attendance being 22 boys and 3 girls at Onagha and 30 boys at Chelligodo. 63 boys and 4 girls belong to aboriginal races. These schools also were inspected by the Educational and Agency officers.

44. Under the results system there were 7 schools with 235 boys on rolls. The daily average attendance seems to be fair, ranging from 22 in Pokkha to 40 at Mahendrogodo. Of the whole number of boys on the rolls, 147 belong to aboriginal tribes.

45. In the Special Assistant Agent's division there were 24 Middle schools, 2 Upper Primary schools and 14 Lower Primary schools, with 1,337 boys and 65 girls on the rolls, the daily average attendance varying between 8 and 62 in the case of boys and 1 and 6 in the case of girls. 342 boys and 4 girls belong to the aboriginal races. The Special Assistant Agent attributes the bad results of schools other than Budaguda, Dharmapur and Lettingia, which failed completely for want of an efficient master, to the heavy rains which prevented the pupils from attending schools in February and March last. I concur with the Special Assistant Agent in thinking that the reduction of the pay of teachers for incompetency, as held by the Assistant Inspector of Schools, will not mend matters. An attempt should be made by the Educational officers to secure the services of a better teaching staff.

46. In the whole Agency tracts there were 2,133 boys and 120 girls on the rolls on 31st March 1893 against 1,873 boys and 99 girls in the previous year. The number of pupils belonging to aboriginal races, including Panos and Pydies, were 622 boys and 12 girls against 414 boys and 12 girls in the previous year. The number of schools inspected by officers of the Education Department were 58 against 55 in the previous year, and the number of schools examined by Agency officers were 50 against 37 in the previous year.

47. *Vaccination.*—The following statement shows the particulars of vaccination during the year:—

	Vaccinated.	Successful.
Principal Assistant Agent's division ..	1,106	1,036
against	1,723	1,520 in the previous year.
Senior Assistant Agent's division ..	1,832	1,722
against	622	556 in the previous year.
Special Assistant Agent's division ..	3,303	3,056
against	6,766	6,188 in the previous year.

The Principal Assistant Agent attributes the decrease to the fact that, during the year 1891–92, almost all the children were vaccinated, not leaving many to be vaccinated during the year 1892–93. Mr. Rice attributes a portion of the increase in numbers vaccinated in his division to the exertions of the Deputy Tahsildar, Ramagiri. I will endeavour to arrange for a better supply of calf lymph to this division. The poor results in the Special Assistant Agent's division are attributable to the inefficiency of the vaccinators, two of whom have since been dismissed.

48. *Civil original suits.*—117 original suits were filed against 94 in the previous year. The number of suits remaining for disposal at the beginning of the year was 7. The number disposed of was 109 against 99 in the previous year.

49. *Civil Appeals.*—Five appeals were filed before the Special Assistant Agent and were disposed of by him during the year.

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50. Statement No. V deals with statistics connected with criminal justice. 272 cases affecting 659 persons were dealt with during the year against 280 cases affecting 656 persons in the previous year. 259 cases affecting 595 persons were disposed of against 257 cases affecting 626 persons in the previous year, leaving at the end of the year 13 cases with 64 persons pending against 23 cases with 30 persons in the previous year.

51. *Criminal Appeals.*—One appeal, involving one person, was filed against three appeals involving five persons in the previous year. The case was disposed of during the year.

52. *Disturbances.*—None.

53. *Season and Crops.*—The season was favorable throughout in the Parlákimedi maliahs, but the wet crops in parts of Rayagada muttah suffered to some extent. The yield of dry crops was estimated at 16 annas and of wet crops about 14 annas. The rains were heavy. In the Senior Assistant Agent's and Special Assistant Agent's divisions, the season was also favorable, but late rains prevented a large outturn of crops and produced an unusual amount of fever.

54. The rainfall at Balliguda was 71·48 inches against 50·75 inches in the previous year, that at Udayagiri was 68·16 inches against 49·90 inches in the previous year, and that at Ramagiri was 68·24 inches against 45·68 inches in the previous year.

55. In reference to paragraph 53 of Mr. Johnson's report embodied in G.O., dated 22nd August 1892, No. 1534, Judicial, Government has, in G.O., dated 16th May 1893, No. 1818, Revenue, directed that a charge of 6 annas per acre be made on kumeri cultivation in the Chokkapad khandam.

56. *Gratuitous supplies.*—None.

57. *Conduct of the Police.*—The Principal Assistant Agent reports that the conduct of the police in his division was satisfactory. The Senior Assistant Agent says that their conduct was for the most part satisfactory, but that the Deputy Tahsildar of Ramagiri complained to him that the police at Udayagiri were gambling and inducing others to do the same. Strict instructions will be issued to the Superintendent of Police to inquire into the matter and to take necessary steps to put down the practice. The Special Assistant Agent reports that there were no complaints against the police and that the system of supply of rice by the Superintendent (paragraph 58 of last year's report) has been introduced and has worked well.

58. *Epidemics.*—There was a slight outbreak of small-pox at Udayagiri in the Senior Assistant Agent's division, but no epidemic disease in the Principal Assistant Agent's and Special Assistant Agent's divisions.

59. *Wild Animals.*—The number of wild animals killed was 103 against 129 in the previous year. The amount of rewards granted was Rs. 2,028 against Rs. 1,269 in the preceding year. The number of persons killed by wild beasts was 73 against 68 in the previous year.

The Special Assistant Agent reports that it is probable that 43 of the persons killed by tigers were destroyed by the same animal.

60. *Snake-bites.*—Four deaths were reported from snake-bite.

61. *Examination of Sub-treasuries.*—There are no sub-treasuries in the Parlákimedi maliahs. The sub-treasuries at Udayagiri and Balliguda were examined by Mr. Elphinstone and that at Ramagiri by Mr. Rice. The balances were correct.

62. *Maliah Post.*—The Principal Assistant Agent promises to submit definite proposals to open branch Post offices at Rayagada and Gumma. He will be requested to expedite them.

63. The Senior Assistant Agent and the Special Assistant Agent complain about the irregular working of the line between Aska and Ramagiri. The Senior Assistant Agent submitted a report during the year, proposing a new line *vid* Chikati, but this proposal was negatived by Mr. Johnson, who did not wish any alteration to be made until the opening of the road from Berhampore to Pudamari should make direct communication between those two places possible, when he thought the Imperial Postal department should establish a direct line and thus expedite the transmission of the

mail to Ramagiri. Since then there have been complaints by the Postal officials about the irregular transmission of the mail to and from Ramagiri, on which subject a report is due from the Senior Assistant Agent.

64. *Markets.*—The markets at Udayagiri and Ticcaballi continue to be attended as usual. The Senior Assistant Agent says that the market at Udayagiri (Ramagiri) has ceased to exist, as it is not easily accessible and will not be so until the Govindapur road and Taptapani ghât now under progress are completed.

65. *Medical aid.*—A hospital assistant has been sanctioned for Parlákimedi, but no appointment has yet been made. It is hoped that the Surgeon-General will be able to send a man before the next touring season.

66. The Principal Assistant Agent suggests that a dispensary be opened at Sirangho, the seat of a police station, 5 miles from Gumma. He represents that it is probable that a dispensary there would be largely attended by the Souras in the neighbourhood. The place is fairly healthy and is 22 miles from Parlákimedi. I recommend that, if a man can be made available, a dispensary be experimentally opened at this place.

67. The hospitals at Ramagiri, Udayagiri and Balliguda were, as usual, well attended by patients. The hospital assistant at Ramagiri fell seriously ill in March 1893, and left the Hills. He has not yet been able to return to duty and no one has been appointed in his place.

68. *Subordinates.*—There were no changes among the Sub-Magistrates at Balliguda and Udayagiri. At Ramagiri, M.R.Ry. Upendapatnaik held the office from 1st April 1892 to 29th May 1892, M.R.Ry. M. Appalasawmi Naidu from 30th May 1892 to 3rd August 1892 (he died on 4th August 1892), M.R.Ry. J. Venkatachelam Pantulu from 3rd September 1892 to 31st March 1893. The result of changes and ill-health among the Sub-Magistrates who have held charge at Ramagiri has been considerable delay in the disposal of work. The want of a hospital assistant at Ramagiri at present is a serious misfortune, which will, I hope, soon be remedied by the Surgeon-General.

The Principal Assistant Agent reports that the Parlákimedi Sub-Magistrate has worked to his satisfaction.

69. I beg to invite the attention of Government to the proposals made by the Senior Assistant Agent in paragraph 34 of his letter, dated 20th June 1893, No. 1475, which is enclosed for the transfer of the Peddakimedi maliahs from his charge to that of the Special Assistant Agent. The suggestion is one which at first sight commends itself to me. When I have been able to give it mature consideration, I will submit a separate report on the proposal.

ENCLOSURES.

From J. G. D. PARTRIDGE, Esq., Acting Principal Assistant Agent, Ganjám, to the Agent to the Governor, Ganjám, dated Berhampur, 25th May 1893, No. 108—A.G.B.

I have the honour to submit my report on the administration of the Parlákimedi Agency for 1892-93.

1. *Changes in office.*—Mr. J. Andrew was Principal Assistant Agent from 1st April to 11th October 1892, and Mr. F. E. K. Wedderburn acted from 12th November 1892 to 20th January 1893. My head clerk was in charge for two days on 21st and 22nd January 1893, and I have acted from 12th October 1892 to 11th November 1892 and also from 23rd January to 31st March 1893.

2. *Tours.*—Statement No. II gives the information. I spent 31 days in the Agency tracts and visited all the forts (residencies of Bissoyis) but Koipuram and Lavanyakota.

3. *Elephants.*—The elephant Lucknow was in good health during the year. The expenditure amounted to Rs. 622-6-9 and the receipts to Rs. 7. I used her for 14 days.

4. *Boundary disputes.*—None.

5. *Hill chiefs.*—There were no changes in the Bissoyis during the year and they behaved well.

6. *State prisoners.*—None.

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7. *Public Works.*—The budget allotment was Rs. 5,220 and the whole amount was spent. The details of expenditure are given in Statement X. On the Adubangi-Gyba road I observed four small bridges in a dangerous state and a large bridge of 3 arches had its foundations nearly washed away. I consider they should be repaired this year or much extra expense may have to be incurred.

The road from Gyba to Gumma was bad as no side ditches were dug, but only Rs. 35 were provided last year for the 7 miles. In the paths leading across wet fields a width of only one or two feet is generally left which is not sufficient.

Rs. 2,000 was allotted towards the Rayagada road in the Agency, and Mr. Andrew, finding that the overseer could not correctly frame the estimate, requested the Local Fund Supervisor Sonachellam Pillai Garu to assist. An estimate for Rs. 835 for the construction of the road was framed and the balance was transferred to the Kimedi-Kinchilingi road. The latter is not at all in good order, as the drainage from some hills is not carried under the road and the surface will be continually washed away.

Savings to the extent of Rs. 464-1-7 effected from the different works under communications, &c., were also utilized in the construction of tunnels on Rayagada road.

8. *Forests.*—With reference to forests, no final orders have been passed as to paragraph 7 of G.O., No. 1472, dated 5th September 1890, on Board's Proceedings, No. $\frac{143}{\text{Forest 25}}$ dated 19th January 1886.

Differences have arisen as foreseen by Mr. Andrew as to the claims between the zemindar and the Gumma Bissoyi.

A case is now pending disposal as to the theft of fuel from Gumma forest against the Bissoyi's gumastah by Parlákimedi zemindar.

This is an important matter and I respectfully request that early orders may be passed on the question of rights held by both the parties.

The Gandahatti Bissoyi also said that not enough timber was left for the people in his villages as the wood was removed under permits issued by the zemindar.

9. *Abkari.*—The necessary information is given in statement No. XII. No orders have been passed on the advisability of extending Abkári Act I of 1886 discussed in my letter No. 177 dated 29th April 1892. In the year 1892 there was only one case with 5 persons and that was detected by the Sub-Magistrate of Parlákimedi and also two cases involving 2 persons were detected in the Agency tracts below the ghâts by the Abkári Department against 6 cases involving 8 persons in 1891. During the year 1891 there were only 2 shops and in the year under report 5 more shops were opened as will be seen from statement XII.

10. *Opium.*—Statement XIII gives the information. The Deputy Tahsildar went to inspect the shop at Kariaballi in Namanagram Agency twice and I once, and on these three occasions the shopkeeper was absent. The people there complain that the shopkeeper seldom stays there and I would recommend either the abolition of the shop entirely or transfer to Gumma.

11. *Education.*—The necessary statistics are given in statement IX.

During the year under report there were 9 Salary-result system schools with 333 boys and 46 girls as against 6 schools with 202 boys and 12 girls. Three were newly opened and this accounts for the increase.

Of the 9 Salary-result schools, 7 are Upper Primary and 2 Lower Primary and of the 4 Results schools 2 are Uriya and the other 2 Telugu.

School buildings are required at Namanagram, Gandahatti and Narayanapuram, and sites were selected for them in the two latter.

I have inspected all the Salary-result schools and the results on the whole were not very satisfactory. The teacher at Ojjaigada does not seem to be intelligent, and if he does not improve steps will be taken to make the teaching better. In several schools furniture, books and blackboards are wanted, and an indent to the Agent to the Governor was submitted on 31st January last with this office foot-note No. 36-A to Southern Range Hill School Superintendent's arji and I request early sanction be given.

I recommend that a school at Koipuram be opened as several of the Savaras have expressed their desire to educate their children if a school be opened there.

The Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools told me a Savara school would be successful there.

In the other schools very few Savara boys are being educated. This may be partly due to the fact that the teachers do not know Savara. The Deputy Tahsildar suggests that presents of cloths should be given to Savara school boys.

The school peons (sweepers) should have their pay raised from Re. 1 to Rs. 2–8–0 a month.

The present Superintendent Chendra Patro, I am glad to say, is working satisfactorily and I hope that he will bring the schools to a more efficient state.

12. *Vaccination.*—In statement VIII will be found particulars of the vaccine establishment so far as they can be filled up in this office. During the year under report 1,106 were vaccinated as against 1,723 in the preceding year, thus showing a decrease of 617. This was due to the fact that during 1891–92 almost all children were vaccinated and not many were left during the year under report. The vaccinator had accompanied me and vaccinated 319 out of 1,106 during the hill tour.

Dr. E. L. Chalke, the Assistant Surgeon of Berhampur, has kindly kept me supplied promptly with as much lymph I wanted. The lymph was of the best sort. The percentage of successful cases to the number vaccinated is 93·8 and this is a fair result.

13. *Civil suits.*—Statement VI gives the information.

14. *Applications for execution of decrees.*—None in the Court of Principal Assistant Agent, and the one in Agency District Munsif's Court is still pending.

15. *Criminal original cases and appeals.*—The necessary information is given in statement V. As compared with the previous year, there is a considerable decrease in the number of grave offences. Five persons were tried for the deaths of two persons. The final results (after appeals to the High Court) are that 4 Savaras are sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment each and in one case under section 325, P. C. the accused was acquitted by me.

16. *Court fees.*—The receipts amounted to Rs. 35–1–0, being a slight increase on that of the previous year.

17. *Miscellaneous*—(1) *Disputes.*—None. The Bissoyis are getting on well with their Sourahs.

(2 & 3) *Seasons.*—The season was favorable throughout but in parts of Rayagada where the wet crops suffered to some extent owing to want of rain in time. The dry crops yielded 16-anna crop and wet crop about 14-anna.

The rains were heavy as usual.

(4) *Conduct of the Police.*—Satisfactory. Four reserve constables were taken to the Agency.

(5) *Epidemics.*—Nil.

(6) *Wild animals.*—Statement XV gives the information.

(7) *Snake-bites.*—There was only one death by snake-bite.

(8) *Treasuries.*—There are no treasuries.

(9) *Maliah Post.*—There are no post offices in the Maliahs and definite proposals as to opening branch post offices at Rayagada and Gumma will be submitted shortly as called for in R.C. 165–A.G. of 1892, dated 28th July 1892.

(10) *Medical aid.*—Nil.

No hospital assistant had accompanied me during my hill tour, as there was no hospital assistant attached to Parlákimedi Police and Municipal hospitals and as the District Surgeon said that no hands were available then. I request that an hospital assistant be soon posted to Kimedi.

From my inquiries at Gundahatti and some other maliahs, I found that although fever is very prevalent the people do not take quinine, and they could not very easily go into Kimedi to procure medicine. The Bissoyis might be supplied with some quinine gratis for one year as an experiment.

I would respectfully suggest that a dispensary be opened at Serango where there is a Police station with several constables and a Police Inspector. Gumma is also within 5 miles from Serango. The Sourahs as well as other residents from the neighbourhood may find it very advantageous.

(11) *Subordinates.*—The present Deputy Tahsildar U. V. Gopalrai Pantulu was in charge during the year and toured for 21 days in the maliahs and has given me satisfaction by his energetic work.

I dismissed the Savara Interpreter for various reasons as he is likely to cause disturbances and wrongly interprets and I appointed a new man who is well spoken of by the Bissoyis.

I was accompanied by one clerk on my tour, M. Sudarsanam, who worked satisfactorily. Nearly all my establishment were laid up with fever on my return to the plains, but no deaths occurred.

The Maliah overseer spent all the money allotted for the year to public works.

From G. W. ELPHINSTONE, Esq., Acting Special Assistant Agent, Ganjám, to the Agent to the Governor in Ganjám, dated Udayagiri, 6th June 1893, No. 121.

I have the honour to submit the annual report on the administration of the division in my charge for the year 1892–93.

2. *Changes in office.*—I was in charge of the office from the beginning of the year until July 15th and again from December 4th until the end of the year. Mr. P. S. P. Rice was in charge for the intervening period.

3. *Tours.*—(*a*) In April and May I visited the Goomsur and northern Chinnakimedi maliahs and the Kuttiya country.

(*b*) A short tour to Udayagiri was made by Mr. Rice at the end of September.

(*c*) In December I was only able to visit Udayagiri before returning to the plains.

(*d*) Leaving Berhampur with the Agent at the beginning of January, I accompanied him *viâ* the Taptapani ghât through the Bodogodo maliahs and along the military road to Baminigam, whence we struck off to Subernagiri and Tumeribund. We were prevented from visiting the Kuttiya country by heavy rain and returned to Balliguda and thence *viâ* Udayagiri to Russellkonda.

(*e*) In February I visited the Bodogodo maliahs and Chendragiri, returning *viâ* Godapur and Subernagiri to Balliguda.

The period actually spent above ghâts was only 153 days. The reason for the short time was that Mr. Rice was detained at Berhampur in November, and when he was leaving for the hills I returned to take over charge and could not leave Russellkonda until the middle of December.

4. *Elephants.*—The two elephants, Gowri and Champakhalli, have been in good health throughout the year. Of the others, Bhiman, the tusker, is too old for work and is practically useless, while Chendratara is always falling sick. I should recommend these two being sold as soon as possible and two young and strong females being brought to replace them.

The total charges and receipts on account of elephants are as follows:—

Year.	Charges.			Receipts.		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
1891–92	3,537	13	10	119	0	0
1892–93	1,445	1	1	97	0	0

5. *Boundary disputes.*—The boundary between the Bodogodo maliahs and Chinnakimedi was demarcated in February. As it was thought possible that the Khonds might make some disturbance, a small Police guard was taken, but everything passed off quietly.

In March I settled a considerable portion of the boundary between Godapur and Subernagiri which had been in dispute for several years.

6. *Hill Chiefs.*—Lipka Podero of Grenabadi died in April 1892 and has been succeeded by his son Azuka Podero.

In March the Chendragiri Patro informed me that one of his muttahs had been mortgaged by his predecessor to one Gajaraja Mahant residing at Sariapalli in Jalantra taluk and that the Khonds refused on that account to pay the regular mamuls. I issued orders to the Mahant not to interfere with the muttah and to appear before me if he had any claim. Such a mortgage would, I fancy, be totally illegal, as the Patros are practically Government servants allowed to collect revenue from the Khonds, but have no personal right to the land.

7. *Public Works.*—The following statement shows the amount expended on new works and repairs. The full amount of Rs. 1,000 has been spent on a bridge at Chendragiri. This should have been sufficient to complete it, but the heavy rain in February and March washed away the earthwork more than once and a further sum of Rs. 150 will be required.

The small amount spent on the Boad road is owing to the Department of Public Works having undertaken to metal it, which made it inadvisable to spend much money on it.

Rs. 400 were spent on the repair of two miles of the Kalingia ghât—a work which should by rights be done by the District Board. This is the second time within three years that it has been repaired by the Agency department, and it would probably save trouble and expense if the top portion was put permanently under the charge of the Agent. Labour can easily be obtained near Udayagiri and the Deputy Tahsildar is always at hand to supervise.

Of the remaining balance unexpended, sanction was obtained for its transfer to rest-sheds, but owing to the heavy rain the work could not be carried out.

The office at Russellkonda was thoroughly repaired last year and no expenditure was necessary.

Nature of work.	Original allotment.	Revised allotment.	Expenditure.	Unexpended balance.	Remarks.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
New Works—					
(1) Chendragiri bridge	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	
Repairs—					
(a) Communications—					
1. Kalipano road	2,550	2,550	2,300	250	
2. Sarongodo road	1,520	1,520	1,520	..	
3. Kotgbar road	740	740	740	..	
4. Boad frontier road	50	50	50	..	
5. Mohangiri road	640	640	640	..	
6. Do. ghât	160	160	160	..	
7 Linepada road	300	300	300	..	
8. Chokkapad road	400	400	400	..	
9. Tikkaballi road	180	180	180	..	
10. Deegi road	90	90	90	..	
11. Boad road	1,820	1,275	820	455	Rs. 145 transferred to sub-jail and Rs. 400 to Kalingia ghât.
12. Ghatiguda-Bodangi road ..	100	100	100	..	
13. Military road	1,850	2,010	2,010	..	
14. Taptapani ghât road ..	300	300	300	..	
15. Luhagudi-Chendipnt road ..	200	200	200	..	
(b) Buildings—				..	
1. Sub-Magistrate's house, Balliguda.	150	150	150	..	
2. Sub-Magistrate's house, Udayagiri.	100	100	100	..	
3. Sub-jail house, Udayagiri ..	175	320	320	..	
4. Do. Balliguda ..	150	150	150	..	
5. Rest-houses	575	600	590	10	
6. Market sheds	250	225	225	..	* Rs. 25 transferred to rest-houses.
7. Special Assistant Agent and his cutcherry officials' buildings at Balliguda.	350	350	350	..	
8. Hospital building, Udayagiri.	25	† 125	125	..	† Rs. 100 sanctioned in Agent's letter, Dis. No. 188, dated 21st October 1892.
9. Hospital Assistant's quarters, Udayagiri.	20	20	20	..	
10. Special Assistant Agent's bungalow at Russellkonda.	350	350	350	..	
11. Special Assistant Agent's office at Russellkonda.	250	250	250	..	

8. *Forests.*—The late Agent Mr. Johnson noticed in his tour that several patches of forest were growing up near Udayagiri, but it was all burnt down in the course of the next month.

9. *Abkâri.*—Thirty-six shops were opened during the year as against 22 in the preceding year. The shops at the following places were put up to auction and fetched the prices noted against them :—

	Rs.
1. Balliguda	330
2. Udayagiri	1,005
3. Tickaballi	685
4. Kalingia	300
5. Raikia	200
6. Possara	195
7. Brahmanapad	35

I think that it would be advisable to sell all the shops in the Udayagiri taluk. The renters who have paid large prices complain that they are under-sold by the shops with a fixed rental, and the owners of the latter appear to be making very large profits. At Koinjore, for instance, the licensee admitted that he was making a clear profit of Rs. 2 per day.

10. *Opium.*—The Goomsur renters have as usual failed to keep their shops open for more than 2 or 3 months. The sales, however, show a considerable increase amounting to 448 tolas as against 246 in 1891–92.

11. *Education.*—The following statement shows the grants earned by various schools as compared with last year :—

Name of school.	Amount earned in 1891–92.	Amount earned in 1892–93.	Increase.	Decrease.
Udayagiri Taluk.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1. Kalingia	55 0 0	38 12 10	..	16 3 2
2. Tantuligodo	95 12 8	57 9 7	..	37 3 1
3. Linepada	148 8 0	173 3 3	24 11 3	..
4. Sisiballi	36 5 4	101 9 7	65 4 3	..
5. Udayagiri	208 1 4	138 6 5	..	69 10 11
6. Rakolia	44 0 0	20 9 7	..	23 6 5
7. Rottingia	16 5 4	..	..	16 5 4
8. Tickaballi	181 15 4	138 6 5	..	43 8 11
9. Luzuramunda	107 4 0	173 3 3	65 15 3	..
10. Kavalagam	164 1 4	124 12 10	..	39 4 6
11. Koinjore	97 2 8	51 3 3	..	45 15 5
12. Uperkhole	23 5 4	49 9 7	26 4 3	..
13. Sankarkhole	75 2 8	130 6 5	55 3 9	..
14. Brahmanapad	126 0 8	73 3 3	..	52 13 5
15. Donga	45 13 4	36 0 0	..	9 13 4
16. Bellapodoro	68 12 0	60 12 0	..	8 0 0
17. Archangi	9 10 8	70 12 10	61 2 2	..
18. Possara	126 8 0	93 9 7	..	32 14 5
19. Beharagam	23 5 4	22 0 0	..	1 5 4
20. Guttingia	193 14 0	134 0 0	..	59 14 0
21. Buckingia	15 5 4	34 12 0	19 6 8	..
22. Deegi	30 0 0	108 6 5	78 6 5	..
Balliguda Taluk.				
1. Sarongodo	104 8 0	113 7 0	8 15 0	..
2. Chachidi	76 1 4	64 4 6	..	11 13 4
3. Lettingia	18 0 0	5 0 0	..	13 0 0
4. Dharmapur	67 0 0	5 4 0	..	61 12 0
5. Nowgam	93 8 0	128 0 0	34 8 0	..
6. Kurtili	56 0 0	25 8 0	..	30 8 0
7. Sirtiguda	38 0 0	66 12 0	28 12 0	..
8. Mahasingi	88 0 0	77 12 0	..	10 4 0
9. Balliguda	112 12 0	44 8 0	..	68 4 0
10. Barakomma	45 13 4	12 8 0	..	33 5 4
11. Pusangia	38 10 0	27 0 0	..	11 10 0
12. Subernagiri	56 10 0	139 12 0	83 2 0	..
13. Budaguda	92 0 0	3 8 0	..	88 8 0
14. Kirikutti	38 8 0	47 0 0	8 8 0	..
15. Tumeribund	..	18 10 2	18 10 2	..
Ramagiri Taluk.				
1. Chendragiri	62 0 0	69 8 0	7 8 0	..
2. Chendipnt	44 0 0	74 8 0	30 8 0	..
3. Oraba	0 8 0	36 8 0	36 0 0	..

The schools at Budaguda, Dharmapur and Lettingia failed completely and in each case a new master will be appointed.

In the case of the other schools where the results were unfavorable, I am of opinion that the bad results may to some extent be attributed to the abnormally heavy rains which prevented the children attending school in February and March just before the examination. The Assistant Inspector of Schools, who examined all the schools in Balliguda taluk, is, I think, too severe. He says that all the masters except three are totally incompetent and recommends reducing their pay which I do not think would improve matters.

The number of Khond children is 325, showing an increase of 15 over the preceding year.

12. *Vaccination.*—The number of cases operated was 3,303, of which 3,056 were successful.

Two vaccinators were under suspension for 6 months, and of two probationers appointed to act, one was ill for four months.

Sundero Singh, one of the two suspended, was again detected falsifying his returns and is now under suspension pending further inquiry, and the other Nilamoni Podhano had to be transferred on account of short work. Two probationers will be appointed shortly, but it is very difficult to get good men to apply for places.

13. *Civil Justice.*—The number of suits disposed of during the year was as follows :—

	1891–92.	1892–93.
(a) Original	79	92
(b) Appeal	3	5
		4

14. *Criminal Justice.*—The number of cases disposed of during the year was as follows :—

	1891-92.	1892-93.
(*a*) Original	153	194
(*b*) Appeal	3	1

15. *Court-fee stamps*—

	1891-92.			1892-93.		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
Special Assistant Agent's office	16	5	0	41	8	0
Balliguda	118	6	0	184	0	0
Udayagiri	239	10	0	254	2	0
Ramagiri	7	6	0	1	8	0

16. *Season.*—The season was on the whole favorable, but the rain was rather late which prevented a large outturn of crops. There was very heavy rain in January, February and March 1893 which caused a great deal of fever.

The following statement shows the rainfall recorded :—

Taluk.	Station.	Average.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Remarks.
Balliguda	Balliguda	* 52·38	50·75	71·48	* Average of 5 years.
Udayagiri	Udayagiri	† 52·61	49·90	68·16	† Nine years' average.
Ramagiri	Udayagiri	62·4	45·68	68·24	

17. *Police.*—There were no complaints against the Police during the year. The rice Nirakh was abolished and rice supplied to the Police by the Superintendent—an arrangement which has worked very well.

18. *Wild Animals.*—The number of deaths from wild animals, as reported from the various stations, is as follows :—

(*a*) By tigers—

Daringabadi	23
Baminigam	15
Subernagiri	3
Budaguda	2
Balliguda	2
Belghar	2
Raikia	2
Ramagiri (division)	7
Total ..	56

(*b*) Other animals—

Snakes	3
Bears	1
Wild bear	1

Of the 56 persons killed by tigers, it is probable that the majority of those reported from Daringabadi, Baminigam, Subernagiri and Budaguda (43) were destroyed by the same animal.

The rewards paid for the destruction of wild animals were—

Name of officer.	Tigers.	Cheetahs.	Bears.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Special Assistant Agent	70	46	5
Balliguda Deputy Tahsildar	35	598	5
Udayagiri do.	35	400	35
Ramagiri do.	25	155	15

the total amount paid being Rs. 1,424.

19. *Sub-Treasuries.*—I examined the sub-treasuries at Balliguda and Udayagiri and found everything correct.

20. *Markets.*—The markets at Udayagiri and Tickaballi are the only markets attended at present, but it will probably be possible to establish a large one at Chendipet or Chendragiri when the Digupudi-Govindapur road is completed.

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21. *Maliah Post.*—The line from Pudamari to Udayagiri has not worked well; there having been frequent complaints of packages being lost. It is quite time for a regular post-office to be opened at Udayagiri With the completion of the Govindapur road, letters could be sent direct from Berhampur in 24 hours, and there can be no doubt as to the advantage of a regular line.

22. *Hospitals.*—The number of patients treated at Udayagiri was :—

Out-patients .. .. .. 4,580 | In-patients 121

as compared with 3,103 and 72 in the preceding year.

The very considerable increase is due mainly to the good work of the Hospital Assistant in charge, T. P. Joseph.

The new hospital was opened in May 1892 and is a great improvement on the old one.

23. *Sub-Magistrates.*—The Sub-Magistrates at Balliguda and Udayagiri were unchanged. At Ramagiri the following officers were in charge :—

(1) Upendra Patnaik .. .. .. 1st April 1892 to 29th May 1892.
(2) M. Appalasawmy Naidu .. 30th May 1892 to 3rd August 1892 (died 4th August 1892).
(3) J. Venkatachellam Pantulu .. 3rd September 1892 to 31st March 1893.

Since March 1891, two Sub-Magistrates have died and the rest have spent a great part of their time ill at Berhampur or Parlákimedi, which has caused considerable delay in the disposal of criminal cases and other work; but otherwise I have had no fault to find with any of the Sub-Magistrates.

From P. S. P. RICE, Esq., Acting Senior Assistant Agent, Ganjám, to the Agent to the Governor in Ganjám, dated Berhampur, 20th June 1893, No. B-1475—20693.

I have the honour to submit the usual yearly report on the administration of the hills in my division during the year 1892-93.

2. *Changes in Office.*—The office changed hands so many times during the year that for convenience I put the changes in the form of a table :—

Mr. Scott	1st April to 16th May 1892.
M.R.Ry. D. Venkata Sastry Garu ..	17th May to 5th June „
Mr. Partridge	6th June to 10th Oct. „
Myself	11th Oct. to 11th Nov. „
Mr. Partridge	12th Nov. to 18th Jan. 1893.
Myself	19th Jan. to the end of the year.

3. I took the elephant with me all through my tour. She was well.

4. *Tour.*—I started from Berhampur on the 21st January and reached Chelligodo on the 26th, thence to Udayagiri on the 28th.

The principal object in view during the tour was to inquire into the present relations of the zemindar with the Patros in order to propose alterations in revenue management should they appear necessary. The first complaint I received was at Udayagiri, where the Patro said that the headman of Paribhotta was going to the zemindar for the sadi which he should get from the Patro. Paribhotta is in the Udayagiri muttah, both according to Mr. Thompson's and Mr. Carr's lists, and indeed the headman admitted that he was paying cist to the Patro. The gift of the sadi by the zemindar is practically to raise the man to some extent to the level of a Patro—a title to which he has no right. I have no doubt also that the zemindar gave the sadi in order to get the extra present now and with a view to separation in the future. I told the headman that the Patro was his immediate superior and he must go to him for his sadi.

5. The next stage was Porimolo. The Patro there complained to me that the Udaiyapuru headman had cleared some of the Porimolo lands, had founded a village, and was now cultivating the lands. I went to the place and made inquiries there. Udaiyaguda, the village in question, was founded not less and probably more than five years ago. It appears in Mr. Carr's list. It has been in undisturbed possession of the Savaras ever since that time. No complaint was made at the time the Patro said, as the villages were occupied with their own quarrels. On the other hand, the Udaiyapuru headman claims lands which have been in the possession of Porimolo men for some time. When I got back to Udayagiri, I asked the Patro some questions about it as well as Sukka Gomango of Porimolo. It seems that the land in question (called Baradango, but there is no village) really belongs to Udayagiri. The zemindar, in his usual high-handed way, took the land away and rented it to Sukka Gomango of Porimolo for Rs. 50. This was paid direct to the Rajah, but two years ago the Gomango was ordered to pay, through the Patro, the whole amount of Rs. 200—that is, Rs. 150 for Porimolo

and this rent of Rs. 50. On the other hand, Mr. Thompson has settled the rent of Porimolo at Rs. 200, and Government apparently accepted this. But the information regarding Porimolo is rather vague, for Mr. Carr puts the cist at Rs. 140, and again Mr. Thompson makes no mention of Baradango.

Three courses are open :—

(i) To reinstate the Udayagiri Patro. He is quite willing to let the Porimolo men cultivate, but he says claim to the rent. This system holds already in the case of another village, Purnasailungu, which the Chelligodo villagers cultivate. This is the absolutely fair course. I doubt though if we can go beyond Mr. Thompson's settlement which Government accepted. Of course the Porimolo cist would have to be reduced.

(ii) To admit the claim of the Porimolo Patro. This would be perhaps legally correct, but most injudicious. The Udaiyaguda men would be turned out of holdings which they have had for seven or eight years and ill-will would surely follow.

(iii) To draw a boundary line according to the existing enjoyment. This is the most practical course. A hill divides the lands and forms a very good barrier. In this case the rent paid the zemindar ought, I think, be lowered.

I have thought fit to go in detail into a somewhat trifling case because it seems to me that the Porimolo cist has never been properly arrived at. Mr. Thompson's "Rs. 200 for Porimolo" was really "Rs. 150 for Porimolo" and "Rs. 50 for Baradango." This latter was given (without right) by the zemindar on rent. Mr. Carr's list gives Poromolo Rs. 140.

6. My next march was to Nuagodo, stopping for two or three hours at Keradango. It is a great pity there is no bungalow here. I shall refer to this again later on. The Patro said the Palepur headmen had not paid their year's cist. I found they were paying through the Deputy Tahsildar to the Patro. This, I think, is not a good precedent and is apt to injure the influence of the Patro. I have, therefore, told them to pay the cist to the Patro direct. They said they were afraid of the zemindar, but I told them we would be careful the zemindar did them no wrong. This is a good instance of the "doctrine of separation" on which the late zemindar acted.

7. I stayed two days at Nuagodo. Since Mr. Johnson reinstated the Patro, all has been going well. My next march was to Khojiripodo. There was awaiting me a complaint from the Bodopada Patro, out of which arose this general inquiry. He said that the zemindar had unjustly taken from him the Tittirasingi maliahs, for which he was paying Rs. 400 cist. As there has never been a Patro and the renting system has been in force, I found that the Patro of Bodopada has no reasonable ground of complaint. I have alluded to this dispute more fully in my special report and it is not necessary to repeat here—*vide* my letter No. 528, dated 14th March 1893.

8. On the 11th February I got back to Udayagiri. The Patro said he had forgotten to mention the case of Bhettarasingi and Luhasingi, two villages which the zemindar had "separated." There is absolutely no doubt in the case of Bhettarasingi and I have no hesitation in saying that the headman should pay the cist to the Patro and not to the zemindar. Luhasingi appears in Mr. Carr's list as paying direct to the zemindar and the headman says he has never paid to the Patro. On the whole I think it would be best to leave this village as it is. The cause of all the complaints in Udayagiri is the supineness of the late Sundararoyi Patro, who seems to have let things slide without any effort to check the zemindar's wrong doings. The result is that most of the disputes date from many years back.

9. From Udayagiri I went by way of Chelligodo to Ramagiri. Here, contrary to custom, I found no complaints. However, the Patro and his "Berekos" are not on good terms as I could see from the difficulty I had in getting coolies. The "Berekos" simply took no notice of the Patro's order. I left the maliahs by the Kimilingi ghât on the 17th February.

10. I went on the 20th February to Tumba where I stayed two days. The muttah was settled by Mr Scott and I found no trouble as far as the Bissoyi was concerned. The karnam, however, complained to me that he had been paid no russums for three years. I made some inquiries and found that, though russums were given to the karnam, the amounts of them had never been fixed. Mr. Scott merely settled what was due to the Bissoyi and what was paid to the temple. I therefore considered it rather a matter for departmental inquiry than for civil action. I think the question ought to be settled and propose to do so later in the year as I could not get all the headmen to come in time. (I am not quite clear whether Regulation VI of 1831 is in force in these maliahs; if it is, the karnam is practically helpless, for many of the villages pay 8 As. and 12 As. and the cost of bringing a suit would amount to quite that).

11. From Tumba I went through Budarasingi and Sabakota and back to Berhampur on 27th February. The Sabakota dispute is now before Government.

12. At Udayagiri the Patro requested the favour of being allowed a chair in court and on such public occasions. I am told this is done in the case of the more important Patros in Parlákimedi, and I think the Patro's request may reasonably be granted.

13. I took the opportunity of revising Mr. Carr's list of villages. There was not very much that required correction.

14. *State Prisoners.*—None.

15. *Hill Chiefs.*—Iswara Patro, the son of the late Gourango Patro of Keradango, having attained his majority has been permitted to take over his office from Prahlada Behara Dolai, who was acting for him as gumastah—*vide* Agent's letter No. 611, dated 4th September 1885. The usual silk sadi will have to be given to him.

16. *Public Works—Roads.*—There was work going on on most of the roads. The pieces of road between Chelligodo and Udayagiri and between Nuagodo and Keradango were the best, because the easiest. The first of these is being surveyed by the Department of Public Works, with a view to making a metalled road. The piece between Khojiripodo and Udayagiri is not good. It is a difficult piece and will never become a really good bit of road; it is a rocky ghât. There was no work going on on the Ramagiri road. I told the Sub-Magistrate that this and the road near Porimolo required attention in particular. While at Chelligodo I rode out beyond Mahendragodo. The road was in fair order.

17. *Other Public Works.*—The details of expenditure are given in the usual appendix. The Sub-Magistrate's office was under repair when I was at Udayagiri. It was in great need of it. The ryots at Chelligodo complained they had no permanent well. Rs. 100 were therefore transferred from other allotments for the revetting of the present well which is almost useless, the sides having fallen in. Some water-supply is certainly needed there as the river where they now get their water is a long way off. In this connection the Deputy Tahsildar tells me that there is great need of wells at Nuagodo, Khojiripodo and Keradango. It would certainly be a good thing to have wells dug there. This will be proposed when the next budget is submitted.

Keradango, as noted in paragraph 6, is sadly in need of a rest-shed. I made a halt there for two or three hours and amongst other things chose a place for a bungalow. This is the only place of any importance without a shed of any sort and at present if one has to halt there, it is necessary to take tents throughout the whole circuit, including two or three difficult ghâts—notably one between Porimolo and Keradango. The cost of a rest-shed on the plan of the Porimolo one (which is good enough for practical purposes) is estimated at Rs. 160 to 200. The other bungalows were in fair order.

The hospital assistant wishes to have a sort of out-house built of brick and tiled, in order to keep medicinal stores. He says the fires round about Udayagiri often set the houses alight. I do not think myself that much would be gained by going to the expense. With sufficient precautions there should not be much danger.

18. *Abkári.*—Twenty-two licenses were granted against 27 of last year. There were 13 Savara licenses against 20 last year. The Deputy Tahsildar says that the increase of license fee not having been extended to Savaras, the Uriyas abuse this concession by taking out licenses in the name of a Savara and themselves doing the business as adhikaries. It is, I think, impossible to stop this as one cannot prevent private persons from keeping gumastahs. I think there should be a stipulation that only Savaras be allowed to do business on a Savara license, but the better plan would be to issue all licenses at the same rate. I do not think the Savaras would consider this a hardship. This matter is, however, at present being specially dealt with by you.

19. *Education.*—The principal schools are those of Ramagiri and Udayagiri. In the Ramagiri school (which I examined on 16th February and where I distributed the prizes) I found several boys very well advanced, especially the head boy who answered well in almost all subjects. The Udayagiri school was also in good condition, but no optional subjects are taught, such as history, geography and the like, chiefly because there are no books. These have been indented for. Lack of books and furniture is a standing complaint. I think the Superintendent is much to blame for not providing for them. He is too fond of routine. I also examined the Government schools of Onagha and Chelligodo as well as the Result-system schools at Mahendragodo, Nuagodo, Chelligodo and Khojiripodo, looking in at Rondiba on my way to Ramagiri. These are mostly in infancy, but the reading was very good at Onagha and the mathematics creditable at Mahendragodo, Nuagodo, Khojiripodo and Rondiba are but three or four months old, but the attendance is fairly well maintained and I dare say they will succeed. I hope to start schools at Keradango and Lobarasingi if I can get capable teachers. For easy comparison I append a table of schools with their attendance :—

Name.	Number on books.	Number when I inspected.
1. Chelligodo	33	32
2. Udayagiri	65	45
3. Ramagiri	42	36
4. Onagha	36	31
5. Chelligodo	29	24
6. Mahendragodo	45	30
7. Rondiba	25	24
8. Nuagodo	31	23
9. Khojiripodo	40	37
Total ..	346	282
		5

20. *Vaccination.*—Although I am able to show some improvement in this department, I am disappointed that the results are not better. The increase is somewhat owing to the exertions of the Deputy Tahsildar, but the vaccinator appears to be a shifty person. He took no notice of the Deputy Tahsildar's order to join me at Chelligodo and I wrote an express command from Udayagiri to join the camp on 6th February at Khojiripodo. He wrote some excuse and made his appearance on the 9th. I made arrangements to go with him round the villages of Khojiripodo, Bodopodo, Thalarasingi and Tittirasingi with the hamlets adjoining and the Savara villages; but I had only done 34 cases (in Khojiripodo and Bodopodo) when the lymph ran out. There were quite a number of Savara women and children round me waiting, when I had to tell them we could do no more. I promised to send the man back and ordered him to go round by Keradango and Porimolo. At Keradango the Patro told me that the vaccinator had not come for three years and that the people were ready to be vaccinated. I found the people ready to bring their children, especially the Savaras, and had some 34 cases in an hour-and-a-half. I have no doubt I could have done 100 cases in the day had I done all I meant to do. The older men were shy of coming, but, after some persuasion, the Patro's son and one or two others, including Savaras, came. I have no doubt that the presence of the Divisional officer has a good effect, and had the vaccinator obeyed the original order, I believe I could in my three weeks' tour, have got almost as many cases as were done last year; at the same time the vaccinator could get more done if he took the trouble is certain. Many of the people I saw wanted a little persuasion but most of them gave in willingly enough on second thought. The figures of this year and the last compared below:—

1891–92	6,766	1892–93	1,832

It would be a distinct advantage if the vaccinator were supplied with more calf lymph. In this particular case he was given ample time to prepare, but generally speaking, a great deal of time is taken up going back over old work to collect lymph. Not only does it take time of itself, but the people are shy of letting the man take the lymph and the vaccinators use this as an excuse for their short work.

I should like to suggest that hillmen be encouraged to attend the Hospital Assistant when he performs vaccine operations. Vaccinators are very hard to get and I dare say one reason is that men in the hills do not like to take up a profession which requires some skill when (as they think) they have no means of learning it.

21. *Civil Jurisdiction.*—Two suits were filed and disposed of. Before the District Munsif of Ramagiri, one case was filed and it was pending disposal on the 31st March 1893.

22. *Criminal Jurisdiction.*—Twenty-four cases were instituted and the number of persons involved was 42. Three original cases and no appeals were filed in this court. There was also one Register case committed to the Agent's Court by this office.

23. *Disturbances.*—None.

24. *Season.*—Favorable.

25. *Conduct of Police.*—The conduct of Police has been for the most part satisfactory. The Deputy Tahsildar, however, complained to me that the Policemen at Udayagiri were doing a lot of gambling and inciting others to follow their example. The fact seems to be well known but it is difficult to catch any one. I had no complaint of the same thing at Udayagiri. Some good might be done if the Police were *shuffled*.

26. *Epidemic.*—There was no regular epidemic in the year, but Udayagiri saw a slight outbreak of small-pox.

27. *Wild animals.*—The statement gives the information. There is said to be a man-eating panther at Khojiripodo.

28. *Examination of Treasuries.*—I examined the treasury at Udayagiri on the 30th January. The balance was found correct and the registers in order.

29. *Maliah Post.*—The Sub-Magistrate complains of the irregularity of the post. You disposed of Mr. Scott's proposal to alter the route in your letter No. 209, dated 19th January 1893. I am told that the cause of delay in the present route is largely owing to the number of hill streams in the way which at times become impassable The runners complained to me of the lowness of their pay. They get Rs. 4 only, while those in the plains get Rs. 6. Some good might be done by offering to raise the pay, if better work is shown. A check on the work could be had if the Police officer at Mohono noted the hour at which the post arrived daily. The post sometimes does not come to Udayagiri for two or three days together. I am inclined though to think that this is not seldom due to the Postmaster at Pudamari. The Postal authorities have often been written to, but matters are not yet improved there.

30. I inspected the Police stations at Udayagiri and Ramagiri. In the former place the station was in good order, but no proper diary was kept and was not forthcoming when I asked for it. The Ramagiri station was in good order.

31. *Medical aid.*—During the year 135 in-patients and 1,915 out-patients visited the hospital as against 100 in-patients and 2,078 out-patients last year. It will thus be seen that there was

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little decrease in the number. In fact it may be regarded as stationary. The numbers themselves though show that the hospital is flourishing. The hospital assistant is a young Tamil man of South Arcot. I liked what I saw of him, but no doubt such men who come up here, knowing nothing of Uriya or Savara, have great difficulties to contend against. I think it is creditable to him that the hospital has kept nearly up to its former numbers. The Civil hospital is merely four bare walls There is no furniture—not even blankets. I think it would be better if an indent were made every year by the Deputy Tahsildar for an extra supply of blankets when he indents for those needed for the sub-jail. The jail blankets are warm and strong and generally of a good muster. A few rough cots might also be provided. There are some in the Police hospital but the Police naturally object to lending their furniture to the Civil Department. When I went to the hospital there were several in-patients in both parts.

32. *Markets.*—The market at Udayagiri has died a natural and is not now held. I think until the place becomes easier of access, it is no good trying to revive it.

33. *Subordinates.*—Upendra Patnaik was Deputy Tahsildar from 1st of April till 29th of May when he was finally transferred on medical grounds. He was succeeded by M. Appalaswamy Naidu who took charge on 3 th May and continued only till 4th August 1892 when he died. J. Venkatachelam took charge on the 3rd September and has held the office since. He is new to the work but is doing well and keeps fairly free from fever—a point of the first importance.

34. In conclusion, I should like to suggest that an administrative change be made by transferring the Peddakimedi maliahs to the Special Assistant's division. The objections to this are chiefly two, Peddakimedi being in the taluk of Berhampur, the Senior Assistant ought solely to have dealings with the zemindar at Digupódi. To this the answer is that, except as regards magisterial cases and rent suits, the Senior Assistant has no power of interference in the zemindari. Moreover the maliahs are quite distinct from the low country and are held on a different sanad. Secondly, the Special Assistant's division is quite large enough and each officer should have some share in the hill tracts. To this I would reply, that the Peddakimedi maliahs would really add scarcely anything to the work of the Special Assistant. Three weeks' tour would be amply sufficient and his correspondence with the Ramagiri Magistrate is now quite as large or larger than mine. In favour of my proposal I would like to bring to your notice these arguments. In the first place, the work at Berhampur is of course at a standstill as far as the other hand there is rarely enough work in the hills to occupy so long a time as a month. In the second place, the Senior Assistant's establishment is nearly always laid up with fever. They are obliged to go to Berhampur which is near the sea and brings the fever out. Before I reach the hills, I had to send back my clerk and have since had to send away two orderlies and two of my private servants. My whole camp, with the exception of myself and one private servant has been laid up and I am an exception to the rule. It is clear that after work has accumulated for a month, the crippling of the office makes it hard to clear off arrears. Berhampur, moreover, is the heaviest taluk. It not only has the largest area, but being the chief town of the district, the file of the Senior Assistant in Criminal appeals and the Revenue cases is generally heavy. On the other hand, the Special Assistant's men for the most part count the cost and as they must be seven months in the maliahs, three weeks in Peddakimedi would not make any difference to them. This arrangement would also do away with the anomaly of a Deputy Tahsildar under two superiors. At present it is very difficult to know what returns, &c., go to what office. The appointments of the schoolmasters and the vaccinator are under the Special Assistant and the returns come to me, so that when I find it necessary to fine or punish, I have to write to Russellkonda. It is surely less anomalous to divide the Peddakimedi estate (I use the term for brevity. The hills are really no portion of the estate) between the officers. Should Government not be disposed to alter the present arrangements, I should like to suggest that at least the minimum time be reduced to three weeks. A like reduction was made in the case of the Parlakimedi maliahs and a condition was added that the Principal Assistant should camp at Parlakimedi a prescribed time. Now that the Peddakimedi maliahs are in a settled state it is quite unnecessary to be more than two days at any one place and as there are seven or eight halting places—not more—21 days would be amply sufficient for the work. The remainder of the time could be spent at Digupódi where one would have the advantage of seeing the zamindar and possibly the zemindar and the Patros face to face and also the work of the plains would not be interrupted as Digupódi is only 15 miles from Berhampur. Of course if the officer found it necessary to be more than 21 days in the hills he would have a discretion in the matter. At the same time, if change is thought advisable, I would advocate the more radical.

This scheme would also facilitate the postal arrangements. When I was at Udayagiri about seven-eighths of the tappal came to me and one-eighth was divided between the Deputy Tahsildar and the hospital assistant. I think, therefore, there would be no necessity for the post if my proposals are accepted. The delay of a day or two by sending letters through Russellkonda would not matter, and if a matter were urgent, the Deputy Tahsildar could send an express, viz., the Pinpani ghât.

No. I.—STATEMENT showing changes in the Administration Staff during the year 1892–93.

Office.	Name of officer.	Period during which in charge.		Whether the charge was in addition to other duty.
		From	To	
1	2	3	4	5
Agent to the Governor in Ganjám.	E. C. Johnson, Esq.	1st April 1892 ..	28th February 1893 ..	Sole charge.
	A. W. B. Higgens, Esq.	1st March 1893 ..	31st March ,, ..	
Principal Assistant Agent.	J. Andrew, Esq.	1st April 1892 ..	11th October 1892 ..	Sole charge.
	J. G. D. Partridge, Esq.	12th October ,, ..	11th November ,, ..	
	F. E. E. Wedderburn, Esq. ..	12th November ,, ..	20th January 1893 ..	
	P. Meenakshi Sundaram Pillay ..	21st January 1893 ..	22nd ,, ,, ..	
	J. G. D. Patridge, Esq.	23rd ,, ,,	31st March ,, ..	
Senior Assistant Agent.	E. Scott, Esq.	1st April 1892 ..	16th May 1892 ..	In addition to his own charge as Head Quarter Deputy Collector.
	M.R.Ry. D. Venkatasastry Garu.	17th May ,, ..	5th June ,, ..	
Special Assistant Agent.	J. G. D. Partridge, Esq.	6th June ,, ..	10th October ,, ..	Sole charge.
	P. S. P. Rice, Esq.	11th October ,, ..	11th November ,, ..	
	J. G. D. Partridge, Esq.	12th November ,, ..	18th January 1893 ..	
	P. S. P. Rice, Esq.	19th January 1893 ..	31st March ,, ..	
	G. W. Elphinstone, Esq.	1st April 1892 ..	15th July 1892 ..	Sole charge.
	P. S. P. Rice, Esq.	18th July ,, ..	3rd December ,, ..	
	G. W. Elphinstone, Esq. ..	4th December ,, ..	31st March 1893 ..	

No. II.—STATEMENT of tours by the Agent and his Assistants.

Name of officer.	Number of tours.	Dates for each tour. From	Dates for each tour. To	Period spent on each tour.	Locality in which tour made.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. E. C. Johnson, Esq., Agent to the Governor in Ganjám.	1	1893. 11th Jan. ..	1893. 7th Feb. ..	29 days ..	Lahaguda, Mohana, Damaduva, Bamindgane, Dasaragam, Sriramapur, Suvarnagiri, Tumiribund, Kurtinghar, Bettaguda, Balliguda, Pokiribund, Balliguda, Nowgam, Dharmapur, Raikia, Udayagiri, Rambha.	
2. J. G. D. Partridge, Esq., Acting Principal Assistant Agent.	1	29th ,, ..	30th ,, ..	23 ,,	Haddubangi, Gyba, Gumma, Surango, Ojjayagodo, Rayagadu, Jirangi, Narayanapuram.	
Do. do. ..	2	25th Feb. ..	4th March ..	8 ,,	Namanagram, Gundahatti.	
3. P. S. P. Rice, Esq., Senior Assistant Agent.	1	26th Jan. ..	17th Feb. ..	25 ,,	Chailigodo, Udayagiri, Porimolo, Kesadongo, Nuvagada, Khojiripodo, Ramagiri.	
Do. do. ..	2	20th Feb. ..	24th ,, ..	5 ,,	Tumba, Sabakota of Mandasa.	
4. G. W. Elphinstone, Special Assistant Agent.	1	1892. 1st Apr. ..	1892. 6th June ..	67 ,,	Goomsur and Chinnakimedi, maliahs and Kuttiya country.	
5. P. S. P. Rice, Esq., Special Assistant Agent.	2	27th Sept. ..	4th Oct. ..	8 ,,	Goomsur maliahs.	
6. G. W. Elphinstone, Esq., Special Assistant Agent.	3	11th Dec. ..	22nd Dec. ..	12 ,,	Do.	
Do. do. ..	4	1892. 9th Jan. ..	1893. 8th Feb. ..	29 ,,	Bodogodo, Chinnakimedi and Goomsur maliahs.	
Do. do. ..	5	11th Feb. ..	31st March ,,	49 ,,	Bodogodo and Chinnakimedi maliahs.	

No. III.—STATEMENT of rainfall recorded in 1892–93 and the preceding year.

Taluk or division.	Name of station.	Average of previous years.	1891–92.	1892–93.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Parlákimedi taluk— Principal Assistant Agent's division	....	..	..	..	There is no rain-gauge anywhere in the Agency division.
Ramagiri taluk— Senior Assistant Agent's division..	Udayagiri	62·11	45·68	68·24	..
Balliguda taluk— Special Assistant Agent's division.	Balliguda	52·38	50·78	71·48	..
Udayagiri taluk— Special Assistant Agent's division..	Udayagiri	52·61	49·90	68·16	..

No. IV.—STATEMENT showing births and deaths during the year 1892–93 and the preceding year.

Name of taluk or division.	Population according to the census of February 1891.			1891–92.			1892–93.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Udayagiri taluk	31,991	30,639	62,630	..	..	..	..	..	..
Balliguda do.	57,049	50,283	1,07,332	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ramagiri do.	32,736	31,354	64,090	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ichchhápuram Maliahs ..	437	404	841	..	..	..	..	..	..
Parlákimedi Maliahs	25,605	25,721	52,326	..	..	..	..	..	..
Suradá do.	3,472	3,475	6,947	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sompet do.	2,542	2,350	4,892	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	1,54,832	1,44,226	2,99,058	..	..	..	..	..	..

N.B.—Births and deaths are not registered in the Agency tract.

No. V.—STATISTICS of Criminal Justice for the Ganjam Agency for the year 1892-93.

Name of court.	Totals or enquiries. Persons. Pending on 31st March 1892.	Totals or enquiries. Persons. Received by commitment.	Totals or enquiries. Persons. Total.	Totals or enquiries. Persons. Convicted.	Totals or enquiries. Persons. Committed.	Totals or enquiries. Persons. Otherwise disposed of.	Totals or enquiries. Persons. Total.	Totals or enquiries. Persons. Pending on 31st March 1893.	Cases. Appeals. Persons. Pending on 31st March 1892.	Cases. Appeals. Persons. Received during the year.	Cases. Appeals. Persons. Total.	Cases. Appeals. Persons. Disposed of.	Cases. Appeals. Persons. Total.	Cases. Appeals. Persons. Pending on 31st March 1893.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Agent to the Governor's court	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Principal Assistant Agent's court	..	16	16	11	..	5	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Parlakimedi Second-class Magistrate's court	..	5	10	4	..	6	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Senior Assistant Agent's court	..	..	69	9	2	39	50	19	..	5	5	..	5	..
Third-class Magistrate's court, Ramagiri	..	8	13	1	8	4	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Special Assistant Agent's court	..	..	45	18	..	24	42	3	..	6	6	..	6	..
Second-class Magistrate's court, Balliguda	3	..	44	17	..	26	43	1	..	2	2	..	2	..
Second-class Magistrate's court, Udayagiri	17	..	145	18	1	112	131	14	..	1	1	..	1	..
Second-class Magistrate's court, Ramagiri	1	..	264	82	11	174	267	17	..	3	3	..	3	..
Total of 1892-93	23	29	659	164	23	408	595	64	..	17	17	..	17	..
Total of 1891-92	23	19	656	234	23	369	626	30	..	20	20	..	20	..

Name of court.	Totals or enquiries. Persons. Pending on 31st March 1892.	Totals or enquiries. Persons. Received by commitment.	Totals or enquiries. Persons. Total.	Totals or enquiries. Persons. Convicted.	Totals or enquiries. Persons. Committed.	Totals or enquiries. Persons. Otherwise disposed of.	Totals or enquiries. Persons. Total.	Totals or enquiries. Persons. Pending on 31st March 1893.	Cases. Appeals. Persons. Pending on 31st March 1892.	Cases. Appeals. Persons. Received during the year.	Cases. Appeals. Persons. Total.	Cases. Appeals. Persons. Disposed of.	Cases. Appeals. Persons. Total.	Cases. Appeals. Persons. Pending on 31st March 1893.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Agent to the Governor's court	..	8	8	..	..	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Principal Assistant Agent's court	..	2	3	..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Parlakimedi Second-class Magistrate's court	..	..	27	2	..	23	25	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
Senior Assistant Agent's court	..	1	4	1	..	3	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Third-class Magistrate's court, Ramagiri	..	..	26	..	..	25	25	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Special Assistant Agent's court	..	..	21	..	..	20	20	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Second-class Magistrate's court, Balliguda	3	..	48	1	..	46	46	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
Second-class Magistrate's court, Udayagiri	17	..	128	5	..	119	124	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
Second-class Magistrate's court, Ramagiri	1	..	7	1	..	3	4	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total of 1892-93	23	11	272	10	..	249	259	13	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total of 1891-92	7	11	280	12	..	245	257	23	..	..	..	..	..	..

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No. VI.—STATISTICS of Civil Justice of the Ganjám Agency for the year 1892-93.

Name of court.	Original suits. Pending on 31st March 1892.	Instituted.	Received by transfer or reference.	Total.	Disposed of.	Transferred to other courts.	Total disposed of.	Pending on 31st March 1893.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Agent to the Governor's court	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Principal Assistant Agent's court	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Parlakimedi District Munsif's court	..	15	..	15	14	..	14	1
Senior Assistant Agent's court	1	2	..	3	3	..	3	..
Ramagiri District Munsif's court	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1
Special Assistant Agent's court	..	6	..	6	5	..	5	1
Balliguda District Munsif's court	5	44	..	49	47	..	47	2
Udayagiri do. do.	1	49	..	50	40	..	40	10
Ramagiri do. do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total of 1892-93	7	117	..	124	109	..	109	15
Total of 1891-92	12	94	..	106	99	..	99	7

Name of court.	Appeal suits. Pending on 31st March 1892.	Instituted.	Received by transfer or reference.	Total.	Disposed of.	Transferred to other courts.	Total disposed of.	Pending on 31st March 1893.
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Agent to the Governor's court	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Principal Assistant Agent's court	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Parlakimedi District Munsif's court	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Senior Assistant Agent's court	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ramagiri District Munsif's court	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Special Assistant Agent's court	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Balliguda District Munsif's court	..	5	..	5	5	..	5	..
Udayagiri do. do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ramagiri do. do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total of 1892-93	..	5	..	5	5	..	5	..
Total of 1891-92	1	6	..	7	7	..	7	..

No. VII.—STATEMENT showing the work of Agency hospitals and dispensaries during the year 1892-93 in the Ganjám district.

Names of institutions.	From what funds maintained.	Description of building.	Date when opened.	Number of patients treated. 1892-93. In.	Out.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Principal Assistant's division	..	..	..	..	..
Senior Assistant's division, Udayagiri (Ramagiri) hospital.	Provincial ..	The Police hospital is located in a common thatched building containing three rooms; of which the right one used as store room, the left one used as surgery, the middle as ward allowing only a space for four cots for the use of Police in-patients.	Police hospital, 1st July 1879.	135	1,915
		Civil patients are treated in an adjoining thatched building of two rooms.	Civil hospital, 1st January 1889.		
Special Assistant's division, Udayagiri (Goomsur) hospital.	Do. ..	Pukka-thatched; contains four rooms.	18th November 1888.	121	4,580
			Total ..	256	6,495

No. VIII.—STATEMENT showing the strength and cost of Vaccine establishment and the number of operations performed by them in the Agency tracts of Ganjám for the year 1892–93.

Name of taluk or division.	Deputy Inspectors.		Deputy Inspector's peons.		First-class vaccinators.		Second-class vaccinators.		Probationers.		Total cost of vaccination establishment including travelling allowances, contingencies, &c.
	Number.	Pay per mensem.	Number.	Pay per mensem.	Number.	Pay per mensem.	Number.	Pay per mensem.	Number.	Pay per mensem.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.			Rs. A. P.
Principal Assistant Agent's divn.							1	20			
Senior do. do. ..	1	60	1	6	..	..	2	15	..	..	317 4 0
Special do. do. ..							1	18	..	..	1,697 9 9
							2	19			
							1	12	..	..	2,303 9 9
Total of 1892–93 ..	1	60	1	6	..	..	7	84	..	..	4,318 7 6
Total of 1891–92 ..	1	60	1	6	..	..	7	84	..	..	3,280 8 10

Name of taluk or division.	Number of cases vaccinated.	Number of successful cases.	Percentage of successful cases to total number vaccinated.	Percentage of cases verified.	Average cost of each successful case.
	13	14	15	16	17
					Rs. A. P.
Principal Assistant Agent's divn.	1,106	1,038	93·8	95·8	0 4 11
Senior do. do. ..	1,832	1,722	93·99	82·36	0 15 9
Special do. do. ..	3,303	3,056	92·52	83·77	0 5 4
Total of 1892–93 ..	6,241	5,816	280·31	261·93	0 11 11
Total of 1891–92 ..	9,111	8,264	271·1	236·36	0 5 9

No. IX.—STATEMENT showing statistics of Agency schools during the year 1892–93.

Name of taluk or division.	Number and class of schools.	Teachers employed and their salaries. Number. Trained.	Total.	Amount of salary Per annum.	Number of pupils on rolls on 31st March 1893. Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Average daily attendance. Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Number of pupils belonging to aboriginal races on 31st March 1893. Boys.	Girls.	Number of schools inspected. By officers of the Educational department.	By Agency officers.	Number of pupils examined for grants.	Number of pupils found qualified for grants.	Result grants.	Fees.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
				Rs. A. P.													Rs. A. P.		
Special Assistant Agent's division.	Middle School.																		
Do. do.	Bellupedu	..	..	..	30	..	30	18	..	18	17	..	1	..	19	14	10	60 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Brahmaraya	..	..	..	30	..	30	25	..	25	9	..	..	1	27	18	13	77 3 3	..	
Do. do.	Dosa	..	..	..	27	..	27	16	..	16	18	..	..	1	19	13	9	36 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Gathipur	..	..	..	30	..	30	25	..	25	2	..	..	1	30	21	14	134 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Kalingam	..	..	..	30	..	30	18	1	19	16	..	1	..	14	14	14	38 12 0	..	
Do. do.	Kavisingam	..	..	..	30	..	30	21	..	21	9	..	..	1	32	27	14	124 12 10	..	
Do. do.	Kondam	..	..	..	30	..	30	28	..	28	28	..	..	1	29	21	11	61 3 3	..	
Do. do.	Lingupalli	..	..	..	30	..	30	23	..	23	6	..	..	1	30	26	13	173 3 6	..	
Do. do.	Lunnakonda	..	..	..	30	..	30	22	..	22	2	..	..	1	22	22	8	83 6 6	..	
Do. do.	Pesara ..	..	..	..	30	..	30	42	..	42	19	..	..	1	24	24	9	93 9 7	..	
Do. do.	Rajbaro ..	..	..	..	30	..	30	8	..	8	2	..	..	1	40	40	9	20 6 5	..	
Do. do.	Sankhabala	..	..	..	30	..	30	23	..	23	7	..	..	1	14	14	7	180 6 5	..	
Do. do.	Tentulipadu	..	..	..	30	..	30	30	..	30	6	..	..	1	32	27	13	67 9 7	..	
Do. do.	Tyakalla	..	..	..	30	..	30	45	..	45	2	..	..	1	24	24	13	138 6 5	..	
Do. do.	Udayagiri	..	..	..	30	..	30	33	..	33	7	..	..	1	57	57	26	126 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Belagedda	..	..	..	30	..	30	16	..	16	1	..	..	1	42	42	20	44 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Bandamoda	..	..	..	30	..	30	18	..	18	1	..	..	1	28	28	7	12 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Budagada	..	..	..	30	..	30	14	..	14	1	..	..	1	28	28	4	3 4 0	..	
Do. do.	Dhatrapanasa	..	..	..	30	..	30	23	..	23	2	..	..	1	19	19	2	26 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Kurli	..	..	..	30	..	30	30	..	30	8	..	..	1	27	27	8	77 12 0	..	
Do. do.	Mahadag	..	..	..	30	..	30	19	..	19	6	..	..	1	38	38	29	128 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Nowgam	..	..	..	30	..	30	41	..	41	1	..	..	1	28	28	21	113 7 0	..	
Do. do.	Sarugudo	..	..	..	30	..	30	26	..	26	1	..	..	1	40	40	22	69 8 0	..	
Do. do.	Chinnagurli	..	..	..	30	..	30	32	..	32	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Do. do.	Ramagiri ..	..	..	..	30	..	30	46	..	46	9	..	..	1	29	29	10	64 4 0	..	
Senior Assistant Agent's Division.																			
Do. do.	Udayagiri ..	1	1	60 0 0	30	3	33	23	1	24	2	1	1	..	29	14	9	47 0 0	..	
	Girls' Primary School at Udayagiri.	..	..	..	..	30	30	..	25	25	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Special Assistant Agent's division.	Upper Primary School at Chatrapur.	1	1	60 0 0	30	..	30	25	..	25	1	..	1	..	35	16	7	35 0 0	..	
Do. do.	Do. at Khinali.	1	1	93 0 0	25	..	25	16	..	16	..	..	1	..	25	16	7	25 0 0	..	

No. IX.—Statement showing statistics of Agency schools during the year 1892-93—*cont.*

Name of taluk or division.	Number and class of schools.	Teachers employed and their salaries. Number. Trained.	Total.	Amount of salary per annum.	Number of pupils on rolls on 31st March 1893. Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Average daily attendance. Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Number of pupils belonging to aboriginal races on 31st March 1893. Boys.	Girls.	Number of schools inspected. By officers of the Educational department.	By Agency officers.	Number of pupils examined for grants.	Number of pupils found qualified for grants.	Receipts. Result grants.	Fees.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	Government Salary-Result System Schools—cont.			Rs. A. P.													Rs. A. P.		
Principal Assistant Agent's division.	Upper Primary School at Gumma.	1	2	240 0 0	47	13	60	28	8	36	10	3	1	1	39	25	..	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Serango ..	..	2	168 0 0	48	..	48	41	..	41	14	..	1	1	27	13	..	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Rayagada ..	2	2	216 0 0	43	..	43	32	..	32	..	..	1	1	36	19	..	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Narayanapuram	1	2	168 0 0	31	13	44	27	6	33	6	1	1	1	27	6	..	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Jorango ..	1	1	96 0 0	21	..	21	15	..	15	..	..	1	1	20	10	*82 12 0	..	* This is the result grant for 1891-92 but paid during 1892-93.
Do. do. ..	Do. at Ojjayagada.	1	1	96 0 0	32	..	32	20	..	20	19	..	1	1	29	11	*18 0 0	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Gyba ..	1	1	96 0 0	21	11	32	17	8	25	4	..	1	1	27	8	..	..	
Special Assistant Agent's division.	Lower Primary School at Suvarnagiri	1	2	156 0 0	29	1	30	22	1	23	..	1	1	1	26	24	139 12 0	..	
Do. do ..	Do. at Sirtigudu ..	1	1	96 0 0	14	7	21	12	4	16	5	..	1	1	19	18	66 12 0	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Lattingia ..	1	1	96 0 0	17	..	17	12	..	12	..	..	1	..	18	1	4 0 0	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Pusangia ..	1	2	156 0 0	31	5	36	23	3	26	12	..	1	..	30	6	27 0 0	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Tummeribund ..	..	1	96 0 0	40	..	40	30	..	30	..	..	1	1	29	6	18 10 2	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Sisiballi ..	1	1	96 0 0	41	7	48	34	5	39	25	..	1	..	39	27	101 9 7	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Dongi ..	1	2	156 0 0	36	..	36	31	..	31	11	..	1	1	30	27	108 6 6	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Beharagam ..	1	1	96 0 0	36	5	41	23	3	26	13	..	1	..	30	26	22 0 0	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Upperakhole	..	1	96 0 0	27	1	28	21	1	22	13	..	1	..	17	16	49 9 7	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Bakingia ..	..	1	96 0 0	21	..	21	18	..	18	..	..	1	..	18	15	34 12 0	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Orchangi ..	1	1	96 0 0	22	3	25	12	2	14	22	3	1	..	11	11	20 12 10	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Rottangia ..	..	1	96 0 0	26	..	26	16	..	15	26	..	1	..	6	..	..	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Chendiput ..	1	1	96 0 0	26	..	26	24	..	24	5	..	1	1	..	..	74 8 0	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Orabe ..	1	1	96 0 0	18	4	22	17	3	20	3	..	1	1	..	..	36 8 0	..	
Senior Assistant Agent's division.	Do. at Onagba ..	..	1	96 0 0	32	4	36	22	3	25	32	4	1	1	..	..	..	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Chelligodo .	1	1	96 0 0	34	..	34	30	..	30	31	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	
Principal Assistant Agent's division.	Do. at Nammagaram ..	1	1	96 0 0	41	3	44	36	2	38	..	..	1	1	46	27	..	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Gandabatti .	1	1	96 0 0	49	6	55	42	5	47	..	..	1	1	33	29	..	..	

No. IX.—Statement showing statistics of Agency schools during the year 1892-93—*cont.*

Name of taluk or division.	Number and class of schools.	Teachers employed and their salaries. Number. Trained.	Total.	Amount of salary per annum.	Number of pupils on rolls on 31st March 1893. Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Average daily attendance. Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Number of pupils belonging to aboriginal races on 31st March 1893. Boys.	Girls.	Number of schools inspected. By officers of the Educational department.	By Agency officers.	Number of pupils examined for grants.	Number of pupils found qualified for grants.	Receipts. Result grants.	Fees.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	Results Schools.			Rs. A. P.													Rs. A. P.		
Senior Assistant Agent's division.	Lower Primary School at Mahendragodo.	1	1	..	45	..	45	40	..	40	35	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Chelligodo ..	..	1	..	28	..	28	25	..	25	21	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Rondiba ..	..	1	..	25	..	25	23	..	23	20	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Tobarasingi .	..	1	..	39	..	39	35	..	35	30	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Phekka ..	..	1	..	26	..	26	22	..	22	25	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Khojiripodda.	..	1	..	41	..	41	38	..	38	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Nuvagodo ..	..	1	..	31	..	31	28	..	28	16	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	
Principal Assistant Agent's division.	Do. at Gandapatti .	1	2	24 0 0	26	..	26	24	..	24	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Tamantra ..	..	1	12 0 0	12	..	12	11	..	11	8	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Badagam ..	..	1	12 0 0	8	5	13	6	5	11	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
Do. do. ..	Do. at Burajanji ..	..	1	12 0 0	16	..	16	15	..	15	8	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
	Total of 1892-93 ..	60	100	7,824 0 0	2,133	120	2,253	1,612	83	1,695	*622	*12	58	50	1,828	731	2,747 3 0	..	
	Total of 1891-92 ..	60	89	6,063 1 8	1,873	99	1,972	1,552	70	1,622	414	12	56	37	1,474	1,038	3,331 7 4	..	

* FOOT-NOTE.—34 Paidi boys; 50 Sowrah boys and girls; 231 Khond boys; 4 Khond girls. Details for the Senior Assistant Agent's division are not given.

2852/19

No. X.—STATEMENT showing the progress of New Works and Repairs costing Rs. 250 and upwards in the Agency tracts of Ganjám during the year 1892-93.

Name of taluk or division.	Description of work.	Amount of original allotment for the year.	Final allotment for the year.	Expenditure		Remarks on progress.
				From the commencement of the work up to the close of the preceding year.	In the year under report.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	NEW WORKS.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	
	Buildings.					
Principal Assistant Agent's division.	Jirangi school	480 0 0	480 0 0	..	480 0 0	
	Communications.					
Principal Assistant Agent's division.	Rayagada road, 1st and 2nd miles.	2,000 0 0	1,304 9 7	..	1,304 9 7	Rs. 695-6-5 savings.
Special Assistant Agent's division.	Bridge at Chendragiri ..	..	1,000 0 0	..	1,000 0 0	Nearly completed.
Principal Assistant Agent's division.	Repairs of the rest-houses at Gumma, Gayiba, Rayagada, Serangho, Jirangi, Koipuram, Kollakota and schools at Gumma, Gayiba, Ojjaigbada, Rayagada, Serangho, of which cost is less than Rs. 250.	350 0 0	348 2 5	..	348 2 5	Rs. 1-13-7.
Senior Assistant Agent's division.	Sub-Magistrate's quarters ..	75 0 0	75 0 0	..	75 0 0	
	Police hospital	30 0 0	60 0 0	..	30 0 0	
	Six rest-houses	120 0 0	120 0 0	..	120 0 0	
	White-washing the above buildings.	60 0 0	60 0 0	..	60 0 0	
	Market shed at Udayagiri ..	20 0 0	20 0 0	..	20 0 0	
	Sub-Magistrate's cutcherry and sub-jail building.	500 0 0	500 0 0	..	500 0 0	
Special Assistant Agent's division.	Special Assistant Agent's bungalow at Russellkonda.	350 0 0	350 0 0	..	350 0 0	
	Special Assistant Agent's bungalow at Balliguda.	350 0 0	350 0 0	..	350 0 0	
	Works costing less than Rs. 250 each.	16,950 0 0	1,630 0 0	..	1,630 0 0	
	REPAIRS.					
	Communications.					
Principal Assistant Agent's division.	Repairs to roads, viz., Gumma-Muniebgi, Gumma-Serangho, Serangho-Nowagada, Serangho-Rayagada, Rayagada-Jirangi, Jirangi-Vandarn-Gumma, Kinchilingi-Mahanadam, Muniebgi-Dayagiri, Gayiba-Gumma, Gumma-Kollakota, Serangho-Ojjaigada, Jirangi ghát road, Gayiba ghát road, Gumma ghát road, Gazabanda-Kinchilingi road, a distance of 85 miles; each of which roads cost less than Rs. 250.	1,640 0 0	1,640 0 0	..	1,640 0 0	
	Mahendra Tanaya river at Barpanga to Rayagada.	270 0 0	194 8 0	..	194 8 0	Rs. 75-8-0 savings.
Senior Assistant Agent's division.	Main military road, 26 miles, at Rs. 25 a mile.	900 0 0	900 0 0	..	900 0 0	
	Chelligode-Bandarahli road by Pisgani ghát, 14 miles, at Rs. 80 a mile.	1,120 0 0	1,120 0 0	..	1,120 0 0	
	Chelligode-Ramagiri road, 4 miles, at Rs. 24 a mile.	96 0 0	96 0 0	..	96 0 0	
	Ramagiri-Bangasayi road through Kimulingi-ghát, 11 miles, at Rs. 20 a mile.	220 0 0	220 0 0	..	220 0 0	

No. X.—Statement showing the progress of New Works and Repairs, &c.—*cont.*

Name of taluk or division.	Description of work.	Amount of orignal allotment for the year.	Final allotment for the year.	Expenditure		Remarks on progress.
				From the commencement of the work up to the close of the preceding year.	In the year under report.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	REPAIRS—*cont.*	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	
	Communications—cont.					
Senior Assistant Agent's division—*cont.*	Nuvagoda-Koradango road, 4 miles, at Rs. 90 a mile.	360 0 0	360 0 0	..	260 0 0	Out of this sanctioned amount Rs. 100 is transferred to Chelligodo well; savings Rs. 100.
	Udayagiri-Porimolo road, 8 miles, at Rs. 50 a mile.	400 0 0	400 0 0	..	400 0 0	
Special Assistant Agent's division.	Kalipani road, 51 miles ..	2,550 0 0	2,300 0 0	..	2,300 0 0	
	Serangoda road, 38 miles ..	1,520 0 0	1,520 0 0	..	1,520 0 0	
	Kotaghar road, 37 miles ..	740 0 0	740 0 0	..	740 0 0	
	Mohanagiri road, 16 miles ..	640 0 0	640 0 0	..	640 0 0	
	Linepada road, 10 miles ..	300 0 0	300 0 0	..	300 0 0	
	Chokapad road, 16 miles ..	400 0 0	400 0 0	..	400 0 0	
	Boad road, 18 miles	1,820 0 0	820 0 0	..	820 0 0	
	Military road, 97 miles ..	1,860 0 0	2,010 0 0	..	2,010 0 0	
	Taptapani ghát road, 8 miles..	300 0 0	300 0 0	..	300 0 0	
	Kalingia ghát road, 4 miles ..	..	400 0 0	..	400 0 0	
	Repairs not exceeding Rs. 250 each.	780 0 0	780 0 0	..	780 0 0	
	SPECIAL REPAIRS.					
	Communications.					
Principal Assistant Agent's division.	Kimidi-Kinchilingi road, 8 miles, at Rs. 136¼ a mile.	..	1,095 0 0	..	1,095 0 0	
	Gumma-Gayiba road, 7 miles, at Rs. 52½ a mile.	370 0 0	82 0 0	..	82 0 0	Rs. 288 savings.
	Gayiba-Haddubangi road, 3 miles, at Rs. 67½ a mile.	..	172 0 0	..	172 0 0	
	SANITATION.					
	Well at Chelligodo	..	..	..	100 0 0	
	Removing vegetation around Udayagiri.	100 0 0	100 0 0	..	100 0 0	
	Supervision	450 0 0	443 8 0	..	443 8 6	Rs. 6-8-0 savings.
	Miscellaneous	260 0 0	60 4 0	..	60 4 0	Rs. 200 savings out of reserve.
	Total ..	810 0 0	603 12 0	..	703 12 0	Rs. 1,367-4-0. This sum was utilized as follows:—
	Grand Total ..	22,546 0 0	22,831 0 0	..	22,831 0 0	RS. A. P.
	ABSTRACT.					1,095 0 0, special repairs to Kimidi-Kinchilingi road.
	New Works.					172 0 0, special repairs to Gayiba-Haddubangi road.
	Buildings	..	..	..	480 0 0	0 4 0, contingencies.
	Communications	..	..	..	2,304 9 7	1,267 4 0
	Repairs.					100-0-0s inking a well at Chelligodo.
	Buildings	..	..	..	3,553 2 5	
	Communications	..	..	..	15,789 8 0	1,367 4 0
	Total ..	..	..	..	22,127 4 0	

No. XI.—STATEMENT showing the details of the works undertaken for the improvement of sanitation in the Agency tracts of Ganjám during the year 1892-93.

Name of taluk or division.	Improvement of water-supply.							Conservancy of towns and improvement of village sites.						Remarks.
	New tanks dug.		New wells sunk.		Existing sources of supply repaired or otherwise improved.		Total expenditure.	Name of town or village dealt with.	Conservancy.		Expenditure on			
	Number of works.	Cost.	Number of works.	Cost.	Number of works.	Cost.			Hands employed.	Cost.	Laying out streets and drains.	Water-supply.	Other improvements.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Principal Assistant Agent's divn.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Senior do.	..	..	1	100	..	..	100	Udayagiri.	..	*100	..	..	..	* The money was drawn on 7th March 1892 but the work was done in 1892-93. It was, however a failure as the earth being soft the well tumbled in.
Special do.	..	..	1	50	..	..	*50		..	..	..	..	..	† Removing vegetation.
Total ..	..	..	2	150	..	..	150	..	..	100	..	..	..	

No. XII.—STATEMENT showing the Abkári Revenue of the Agency tracts of Ganjám for the year 1893-94.

Name of taluk or division.	System.	Name of farm rented.	Amount of rents.	Number of shops			Demand.		Collection.		Remission.	Balance.	
				At beginning of year.	Newly opened during the year.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Arrears.	Current.		*Arrears.	Current.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
			Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
Principal Assistant Agent's division, Parlákimedi taluk.	..	..	210	2	5	7	..	210	..	210 0 0	..	..	..
Senior do. Ramagiri do. ..	..	..	..	21	1	22	..	411	..	321 0 0	..	..	90 0 0
Special do. Balliguda * do. ..	..	..	360	8	6	14	240	720	240	590 0 0	..	..	130 0 0
Udayagiri taluk	..	..	2,880	6	8	14	..	2,390	..	576 10 8	..	..	†1,813 5 4
Ramagiri do.	..	..	240	8	..	8	..	240	..	90 0 0	..	..	†150 0 0
Total of 1892-93 ..	..	..	4,640	45	20	65	240	3,971	240	1,787 10 8	..	..	2,183 5 4
Total of 1891-92 ..	..	..	1,910	46	5	51	..	1,910	..	920 0 0	..	..	90 0 0

* One sanctioned shop in Balliguda and five in Ramagiri were not opened before the end of March.

† Include the rental of the shops not yet opened.

No. XIII.—STATEMENT showing the Opium Revenue of the Agency tracts in Ganjám during 1892-93.

Name of taluk or division.	Number of shops		Selling price to consumers (tolas per rupee).	Consumption in pounds.		Rents and license fees.	Remarks.
	Sold by auction.	Let on fixed license fees.		1891-892.	1892-93.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
				Tolas.	Tolas.	Rs.	
Principal Assistant Agent's division	..	..	3½ tolas per rupee.	272	288	..	These shops were not separately sold but included in the rental of the plains.
Senior do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Special do.	..	2	3 tolas per rupee.	246	443	..	
Total ..	..	2	..	518	731	..	

No. XIV.—STATEMENT showing the demand, collection, remission and balance of all sources of revenue in the Agency tracts in Ganjám district in 1892-93.

Items.	Demand.			Collection.			Remission.	Balance.			Remarks.
	Arrear.	Current.	Total.	Arrear.	Current.	Total.		Arrear.	Current.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
I. Land Revenue—											
1. Permanently settled	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2. Land Revenue including Miscellaneous cesses	83 8 6	1,989 6 11	2,072 15 5	22 3 1	1,837 12 10	1,909 15 11	..	61 5 5	101 10 1	162 15 6	
3. Quit-rent on service inams	..	10 6 5	10 6 5	..	9 5 7	9 5 7	..	..	1 0 10	1 0 10	
4. Miscellaneous revenue fines	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total ..	83 8 6	1,999 13 4	2,083 5 10	22 3 1	1,897 2 5	1,919 5 6	..	61 5 5	102 10 11	164 0 4	
II. Abkári including license fees	..	4,211 0 0	4,211 0 0	..	1,787 10 8	1,787 10 8	..	..	2,423 5 4	2,423 5 4	The greater part of this sum is due by instalments and should not be shown as arrears.
III. Village-cess	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
IV. Opium	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
V. Ferries	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
VI. School road and Dák funds	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
VII. Stamps	..	971 3 0	971 3 0	..	971 3 0	971 3 0	..	..	..	..	
VIII. Forests	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total ..	..	5,182 3 0	5,182 3 0	..	2,758 13 8	2,758 13 8	..	..	2,423 5 4	2,423 5 4	
Grand Total ..	83 8 6	7,182 0 4	7,265 8 10	22 3 1	4,656 0 1	4,678 3 2	..	61 5 5	2,526 0 3	2,587 5 8	

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No. XV.—STATEMENT showing the number of wild animals killed in the Agency tracts of Ganjám and the rewards granted during 1892–93.

Officer granting the reward.	Tigers.		Panthers.		Bears.		Hyænas.		Total.		Number killed by wild beasts.	
	Number killed.	Amount of reward.	Number killed.	Amount of reward.	Number killed.	Amount of reward.	Number killed.	Amount of reward.	Number killed.	Amount of reward.	Persons.	Cattle.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		
Principal Assistant Agent ..	1	35	24	470	4	19	..	..	29	524	10	..
Deputy Tahsildar, Ramagiri, in the Senior Assistant Agent's division	..	....	4	80	..	..	..	..	4	80	2	18
Special Assistant Agent ..	*2	70	*2	46	1	5	..	..	5	121	..	..
Deputy Tahsildar of Balliguda	1	35	27	598	1	5	..	..	29	638	52	21
Do. of Udayagiri.	1	35	16	400	†3	35	..	..	25	470	..	16
Do. of Ramagiri.	1	25	7	155	3	15	..	..	11	195	7	9
Total of 1892–93 ..	6	200	80	1,749	17	79	..	..	103	2,028	73	64
Total of 1891–92 ..	3	45	59	1,156	16	68	..	..	78	1,269	68	86

* Rs. 50 were sanctioned, but Rs. 4 were deducted for the skin detained by Mr. Mayne.
† Of these two were cubs, and half rewards were given.

CHATRAPUR,
8th July 1893.

(Signed) A. W. B. HIGGENS,
Agent to the Governor in Ganjam.

NOTES FOR MALIAH TOUR REPORT.

January 11th, Camp Lohagudi.—Came up the Tantapani ghât this morning. It is the best natural line for a ghât I ever saw. In one place Mr. Wilson has very much improved on the original trace, but the work which has been done under his orders is very inferior: the stone revetting not sufficiently solid; one or two temporary bridges of the most shoddy description. What this ghât requires is to be properly metalled so as to be fit for the cart traffic which it certainly will have to carry as soon as the road from Berhampur is open to the foot. Wrote letter to this effect to Executive Engineer, Berhampur, requesting submission of estimates.

January 13th, Mohana.—Bhêt. Gave silk sadi an accession to Chandragiri Patro, who was appointed in 1891.

January 22nd, Tumeribund. Bhêt. The Kotgar Patro was reported for having tried to levy forbidden imposts from his Khonds contrary to orders issued at the 91 Bhêt at Balliguda. He was warned and promised to obey orders in future. No complaints. The Khonds have had good crops and seem quite contended.

January 29th, Pokaribund.—Have inspected the old Mohanagiri ghât and Mr. Wilson's new trace. The former is quite impracticable for cart traffic, which is a great pity, as there has been much excellent work done on it.

Mr. Wilson's new trace is not an ideal one as it involves a series of zig-zags; otherwise it is excellent. It contains no reverse gradients at all; the slope is uniform and not excessive; the line involves no difficulties beyond those inherent in making a zig-zag road on a steep hill side. At only three points do rocks render the work difficult for a few yards, and even at these points the difficulty is but slight. His line is, I should say, about 3 miles long and should be feasible at a cost of Rs. 5,000 per mile.

I am of opinion that, considering the necessity of getting to the Mohanagiri level before crossing our frontier, the line laid out by Mr. Wilson is as good as is possible. I should say the gradient nowhere much exceeds 1 in 16, but cannot be certain without figures from him.

I here wish to place on record my opinion that this ghât should be made and the Mahasingi bridge completed. The road will, I have no doubt, ere long become an important trade route. Even now it is largely used by pack-bullocks. After spending so much money on the bridge it would be a mistake to leave it incomplete.

Russellkonda, 10th February 1893.—The tour has been an eminently uneventful one. The country is quiet and the people content with a good harvest. I noticed with pleasure that there was some sign of re-foresting in the denuded country about Udayagiri. The Deputy Tahsildar has been successful to a considerable extent in persuading the people to grow their dhall on the level instead of on the slopes: there is much less kummeri to be seen and the forest is growing up in many places.

We have been short of one elephant throughout the year. It had been proposed in the Forest department to depute the District Forest-officer, Mr. Battie, to Sonepore to purchase some elephants, and I had intended either to get him to buy one there or to get the Superintendent of Kheddas, Mr. Savi, to do so. Unfortunately, while waiting for sanction for Mr. Battie's deputation, the date slipped by unnoticed, and the opportunity was lost. The elephants lately purchased from the Commissioner turned out so badly that I think it will be advisable to write to Mr. Savi to buy a good female elephant, at a price up to Rs. 2,000, at any time that he can previous to the fair at Sonepore, or, if not possible previously, at the fair. He knows what a good elephant is.

28th February 1893.

(Signed) E. C. JOHNSON,
Agent.

From the Agent to the Governor in Ganjám, dated 26th July 1893, R.C No. 194-Ag.

From the Agent to the Governor in Ganjám, dated 31st July 1893, C. No. 194-Ag.

ORDER—dated 16th August 1893, No. 1645, Judicial.

There is little that calls for notice in the Ganjám Agency report for 1892–93.

2. The Agent's hill tour lasted only 29 days and in the preceding year it was still shorter (9 days); thus, in two years, only 38 days were spent in the Maliahs: this is not at all a satisfactory record.

3. The Agent should report to Government the final orders passed by the Special Assistant in the case referred to in paragraph 19 and by himself upon the question of the position of the Patros in the Pedda Kimedi Maliahs (paragraph 16).

4. Paragraphs 30–38 will be considered in the Revenue Department, but it is observed that the question of the ownership of the forests in the Parlákimedi Maliahs has been settled in G.O., dated 21st July 1893, No. 1480, Judicial, and previous proceedings of June and November 1891 on the same subject. The issue of permits by the Zamindar for felling in the Maliahs should be put a stop to. Over 35 per cent. of the current demand of revenue remained uncollected at the end of the year; the arrears fall mainly under the head of Abkári. It is presumed that the Agent will address Government, if necessary, on the subject of improving the Agency postal service.

5. Some particulars regarding education in the Maliahs appear below:—

Year.	Boys.		Girls.	Total.
	Total.	Aboriginal races.		
1890–91	1,865	* 276	65	1,930
1891–92	1,873	* 414	99	1,972
1892–93	2,133	602	120	2,263

* Figure doubtful.

The figures show some improvement, especially in the case of boys belonging to aboriginal races and girls, but the appointment of a second Superintendent of Hill Schools in 1891 cannot be said to have had a very marked effect as yet. The advance in attendance must be ascribed in part to the opening of eight new schools, and it is observed that the average daily attendance was hardly any higher than in 1891–92. No school was inspected more than once by officers of the department, but the number of inspections by Agency officers rose from 37 to 50, which is satisfactory. The large fall in the amount paid as result grants is doubtless due to the decline in the number of pupils found qualified. Eighteen schools appear to have never been examined for grants at all, and in the case of nine salary-result schools which earned grants during the year no payments were made; the attention of the Director of Public Instruction will be invited to the matter.

6. The expenditure on public works was very good, being equal to the full allotment. Mr. Johnson's remarks on the work done upon the Taptapáni ghât will be brought to the notice of the Public Works Department. The trace for the new Mohanagiri ghât was apparently settled before Mr. Johnson visited the locality in January last, but Mr. Higgens observes that he has not yet received the estimate from the Superintending Engineer. Work having meanwhile been suspended on the Mahásinghi bridge, it is important that the question of re-making this ghât should be disposed of without delay. The attention of the Public Works Department will be invited to the matter.

7. The statistics of vaccination are most unsatisfactory. The average number of successful cases in the three years 1886–87 to 1888–89 was 6,482; in 1889–90 the extraordinary figure of 17,805 was reached; since then it has continuously declined, the figures in the last three years being 9,453, 8,264 and 5,816. In the Senior Assistant's division, however, a considerable increase occurred, and the reasons given in paragraph 12 of the Special Assistant's report form some excuse for the poorness of the results obtained. The Senior Assistant's remark that 6,766 were vaccinated in his division in 1891–92 is not understood; the proper figure was apparently only 622. It is plain from what this officer says that much better results could be obtained were the vaccinators more energetic and the supply of lymph more certain. The totals in columns 15 and 16 of Statement VIII are incorrect; the average percentage should, of course, be given.

8. The increase in the attendance at the hospitals at the two Udayagiris is gratifying. The hospital at Bálligudda referred to in paragraph 67 is understood to be a police hospital, but from the Agent's remarks it would appear that it is resorted to by the public; it is not mentioned in Statement VII; the Agent should explain. Mr. Partridge's suggestion for the supply of quinine to the Bissoyis should be adopted. The Agent's proposal in paragraph 66 to open a dispensary at Siraugho will be referred to the Surgeon-General for consideration. It is understood that since the date of the report a hospital assistant has been posted to Udayagiri (Rámágiri). The Agent should make arrangements in communication with the District Medical officer to meet the want complained of in paragraph 31 of the Senior Assistant's report.

9. The report promised in paragraph 69 is awaited; the question raised is important and should receive full consideration.

(True Extract.)

Chief Secretary

To the Agent to the Governor, Gánjam.
" " " Vizagapatam.
" Government Agent, Godávari.
" Revenue Department (paragraph 4).
" Director of Public Instruction.
" Inspector-General of Police.
" Public Works Department (paragraph 6).
" Surgeon-General (paragraph 8).
" Sanitary Commissioner.
Copy to the Local and Municipal Department.
" " Hon'ble the Chief Justice, with C.L.
" " Financial Department.

Ed. A. Raitt.

P. W. CURRENT No. 7621

Govt. of {1893} Madras.

JUDICIAL.

Issued 10.8.93

Recd. 5-9-93 Encl.

G.O., 16th August 1893, No. 1645.

AUGUST.

Ganjam Agency.

Reviewing the report on the administration of the — during the year 1892-93.

C. 14/17

No. 2609 W 4/21-9-92.

No. 23526 W a/13th September 1893.

B

Communicated to the Supdg Engr. I circle for remarks with reference to Mr. Johnson's statement regarding work done upon the Japtapani Sluice.

2 The estimates for the Mohanazini Sluice have been received and are under disposal

J.H. 9.9

9.9.93

B 9/

2 c/Mr 13/9

DESPATCHED

C. T. Engr.

13/9

15270/19 C 11/9 J 14/9