

- (1) பக்கங்களின் எண்ணிக்கை 28
 (2) புதுக்கித் திருப்பிய நாள் 3192
 (3) ஆதாரங் குறிப்பவர் சுருக்கொப்பம் 15

தமிழ்நாடு ஆவணக் காப்பகம்.

தமிழ்நாடு அரசு

திரு. க. சிவசுந்தரம் துறை

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மடிக்கவோ கண்டபடி கையாளவோ கூடாது.

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GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

From H. F. W. GILLMAN, Esq., Acting Special Assistant Agent, Gódvári District, to the Government Agent, Gódvári District, dated Rajahmundry, 12th June 1893, No. 250.

I have the honour to submit my report on the administration of the Gódvári Agency during the year 1892-93.

2. The Agency continued to be administered on the lines laid down in G.O., No. 1628, Judicial, dated 23rd October 1890. There were no changes in the limits of the Agency and no alterations in the boundaries of the three new Deputy Tahsildars' divisions constituted by the above order.

The working of these divisions was the subject of careful attention. It was soon found that the Polavaram establishment was unable to cope with the heavy magisterial, civil and account work of the division. An increase of establishment was recommended by me on the 22nd June 1892 in my letter, No. 181, but Mr. Higgins disapproved of the suggestion. He subsequently, however, saw reason to change his opinion, and, under his orders, I have recently submitted proposals for the entertainment of an extra gamastah and an attender, which, I trust, will receive the sanction of Government. The work in Chódvaram and Yellavaram divisions is comparatively light, and the existing establishments are, for the present at any rate, sufficient.

Two changes were made in head-quarter stations. My head-quarters were transferred from Purushottapatnam to Polavaram; and on Mr. Higgins' recommendation, Addatigala was selected as the Yellavaram division head-quarters instead of Yellavaram.

3. *Personnel and Touring.*—Statement No. I gives the names of officers who held the post of Special Assistant Agent during the year and the periods for which they were in charge. Statement II furnishes details of tours made by these officers in the Agency. I was in charge for nine months of the year. During the other three months—August to November—I was absent on privilege leave and Mr. Phillips acted for me. As for touring, I spent 143 days in camp, 87 at head-quarters and 41 at Rajahmundry. Mr. Phillips stayed at Rajahmundry for 38 days, spent 17 days at head-quarters and toured for 33 days. Between the date of my return from leave and the close of the year, I spent only 22 days at head-quarters. With the exception of Guditeru mutta and the north of Rampa, all the important portions of the Agency were visited by the Special Assistant Agent. The neglect of Guditeru, after the failure to visit it the previous year, was unfortunate. I had planned an extensive tour including it, and had got as far as Timmapuram, when I received the order of Government directing me to attend forthwith the inquiry instituted by the Central Provinces authorities into the dispute between them and the Nizam regarding the Gódvári boundary. I did not return to head-quarters till the 16th March, and there was then no time to reach Guditeru, though I got to Ramavaram, about 25 miles from it. Mr. Higgins toured from Rékapalle through Lakkavaram and Valamur to Chódvaram, and made up for my inability to visit that part.

There were changes in the *personnel* of the Sub-Divisional officers in all the divisions under my charge. Three officers held charge of the Chódayaram Deputy Tahsildar's post, and no less than five that of Yellavaram. This had a bad effect on the touring, as none of the acting incumbents appeared to relish the idea of going into camp. The most notorious in this respect was Mr. D. Venkatarathnam, who seemed to consider it a punishment to be sent to Yellavaram, and made no tour during the two months and nine days that he spent there. He was severely reprimanded by the Agent. The best touring was done by Mr. T. Rama Rao, Bhadrachalam, 94 days, and Mr. G. Subrahmanyam, Polavaram, 84 days. Each of these officers was in charge of his division for 9 months. Mr. K. Yoganandam, Chódayaram, showed 127 days' camping, but he spent a considerable portion of this period at Tadukurpetta, his temporary head-quarters.

4. *Season*.—It will be seen from Statement III that 1892-93 was a year of exceptional rainfall, over 50 inches of rain being registered at each of the stations in the three western Agency divisions. This fall is considerably in excess of the average of past years and about double that of the previous year. It was almost entirely confined to the five months, June to October, being heaviest in July, August and October.

An unusual quantity of rain fell in the Agency in March last. The fall must have been very heavy in the higher reaches of the Gódavari, for a heavy flood came down the river about the middle of the month. It was, of course, quite unexpected—a flood in March being a thing unheard of—and in consequence caused some damage. It destroyed a large quantity of tobacco that had been planted in the river-bed, and swept away much timber that had been collected by merchants at the various depôts and brought down to the river's brink for transport. The latter loss is one for which I have no sympathy, for the timber merchants of this district are a set of extortioners.

The year was a very favorable one for agriculture, and crops of all kinds yielded well. Cholum—the grain most extensively grown—was a 12 to 16 anna crop. All over Bhadrachalam taluk the crop was excellent; in some low-lying lands of Polavaram division it was stretched and damaged by the heavy rain in October, the yield in these parts being less than 8 annas; in the rest of the division and in the other two southern divisions the yield was good. Paddy, thanks to the plentiful and timely rainfall, was everywhere a bumper crop. Gingelly was a 12 annas crop. The yield of tamarind was scanty, being even less than that of the previous year. Its price, in consequence, rose considerably, though it is doubtful if the hill men profited by the rise, as they generally pledge the crop to sowars for trifling advances about October, when they are most pressed for the means of livelihood. Mr. Subrahmanyam informs me that he has been endeavouring, with some success, to restrain the hill people in Polavaram from such reckless bargaining. Much improvement in this respect cannot, I fear, be expected at present, but it is to be hoped that, with the spread of education, the Koyas and Reddies of this Agency will learn to take more thought for the future than they do at present.

5. *Health*.—Owing to the dampness of the year, fever was very prevalent and the mortality therefrom greater than in 1891-92. In Bhadrachalam the winter was a severe one, being cold as well as damp—the two conditions of climate of which the native is most intolerant. Most unfortunately there were no fever medicines in the Bhadrachalam dispensary from September to December and patients could not be properly treated. This failure of stock was due to the cutting down of the indent sent up by the hospital assistant in some higher office. I brought the matter through you to the notice of the medical authorities, and arrangements have been made for a proper medicine supply henceforth.

Cholera and small-pox were present in all the Agency divisions, the latter complaint being unusually prevalent. The deaths reported from these causes were as under:—

	Cholera.	Small-pox.
Bhadrachalam taluk	62	204
Polavaram division	24	209
Chódayaram	29	112
Yellavaram	49	228

Statement IV gives the Agency birth and death rate per mille. In its review of the previous year's report Government said that the excess of deaths over births in Bhadrachalam taluk was improbable. This year the deaths again exceed the births, and the fact is, I feel sure, due, not to defective registration, but, as the Tahsildar puts it, "to the prevalence of cholera and small-pox and the decree of God." The registration of vital statistics in this taluk is as complete as it can be expected to be. Information is regularly collected and recorded by the karnams: their accounts are thoroughly checked by the Tahsildar and Revenue Inspectors on their tours and finally compared by the divisional officer with the patels' statements at jamabandi. This year I detected only two slight errors. The remarks of Government last year as to the inaccuracy of Polavaram returns are borne out by the large increase in the figures this year. The birth rate is almost the same as that of Bhadrachalam; the death rate, of course, is less, as the division is a more open and more healthy country than the taluk. The very creditable results obtained this year are due to the energy of the Deputy Tahsildar, Mr. Subrahmanyam, who compelled constant attention to this work from his karnams and took every opportunity of checking the statistics on his tours.

Birth and death registration in Chódayaram and Yellavaram divisions is improving. In December last a scheme for the regular record of vital statistics in the former division was framed by me and obtained your approval. Under it the work of registration is divided between the Agency schoolmasters, a few muttadars and the vaccinator and supervised by the Revenue Inspector. The scheme was in operation for only the last quarter of the year, and no proper opinion could be formed of its working. But it will, I think, prove a success if properly fostered by the Deputy Tahsildar.

The mortality among cattle is reported to have been less than in the previous year. I doubt, however, the accuracy of the returns.

6. *Fairs and Festivals*.—The festival of Sriramanavami was held at Bhadrachalam twice during the year under report—in April 1892 and again at the end of March this year. About 2,000 people attended on the former occasion and 6,000 on the latter. Cholera broke out at Gutala just at the commencement of the Pattisam Sivaratri festival. Few pilgrims had arrived at the time. These were promptly dispersed and new comers forbidden to remain.

Weekly fairs have recently been established at Koyalagudem, Jangareddigudem and Jeelugamilli, in Polavaram division. That at Jangareddigudem is, I hear, rapidly increasing in importance.

7. *Judicial Work*.—The work done in the Criminal and Civil Courts of the Agency is shown in Statements V and VI.

8. *Criminal*.—There were 379 cases for disposal in the year and of these only 17 were pending at its close; in the previous year 23 cases remained pending out of 361 for disposal. Taking into account the large increase (351—291) in the number of cases instituted, the decrease in the number of pending cases must be considered highly satisfactory.

Some differences in the figures from those of 1891-92 require to be explained. The decrease in my file from 53 to 17 is due to two causes: (1) that I had a number of extra cases in the previous year, and (2) that I had no forest offences to dispose of in the year under report. The increase (43—10) in the file of the Naib Tahsildar-Magistrate, Bhadrachalam, was owing to the fact that the Acting Tahsildar, Mr. Yoganandam, was unable to attend to work for a considerable time and the Naib Tahsildar had to do it for him. The increase in the file of the Deputy Tahsildar of Polavaram may be attributed to the inclusion in the division of several large villages, e.g., Koyalagudem, Bayyanagudem, Jangareddigudem, &c., the criminal work of which used formerly to be done by the Tahsildar of Yernagudem. The Deputy Tahsildar of Chódayaram does not explain the increase in his file (80—52). Most of the extra cases were, I believe, from the river side and southern villages where the people are a quarrelsome lot. The number of cases for disposal by the Yellavaram Deputy Tahsildar was about the same as that for disposal by the Prattipadu and Yellavaram officers in 1891-92.

Civil.—The great improvement noticeable in the previous year in the disposal of Civil work was well maintained during the year under report, the percentage of cases pending at its close to the total number for disposal being 18 as against a percentage of 12·8 pending on 31st March 1892. There was an increase in the work of all the Courts except my own. This may be said to be due to the promptness in disposing of suits, as formerly litigants often preferred to settle their disputes amicably rather than try and obtain tardy justice in the Courts. The heaviest work was, of course, in Polavaram, and the large number of cases disposed of by the Agency Munsif, hampered as he was by heavy divisional work, is very creditable to him.

8. *Dispensaries.*—Statement VII gives information with regard to these. The most satisfactory feature of the statement is the undoubted success of the Polavaram dispensary, as evidenced by the large attendance. And there can be no doubt that this success will be maintained, for Polavaram, besides being a big village itself and surrounded by several populous villages, is the seat of a large weekly market, which is attended by hill-men from both sides of the river. The Bhadrachalam attendance compares badly with that at Polavaram, but then we must remember that the former is an isolated village in a corner of the taluk, which, as it does not boast a weekly fair, is not much resorted to by hill-people. This year, too, the attendance at Bhadrachalam was considerably lower than in 1891-92 as the hospital assistant had to go to Rajahmundry at the beginning of the year for an examination and was away for 20 days.

Ninety-three in-patients were treated at the Bhadrachalam hospital during the year, the average daily attendance being 5·9. The smallness of the number admitted is attributable to the disinclination of patients to enter the in-patient sheds, which, not being provided with proper doors and windows, are cold and draughty in the winter and not fit abodes for any human beings, least of all for sick ones. One of these sheds has recently been handed over to the Police department. The building of a new ward for males and the repair of the present female ward are now under consideration. Sanction to the proposal to establish a dispensary at Chodavaram was accorded in G.O., No. 1978, Judicial, dated 18th October 1892, but the orders of the Financial Department have not yet been received and so no active steps in the matter have been possible. The dispensary will be a great boon to Rampa and is sure to be well attended.

9. *Vaccination.*—Statement VIII gives full information about the work of the Agency vaccine establishment and the cost of it. The work of the Kannapuram Local Fund vaccinator was entered in the statement for 1891-92, and is also taken account of in that now submitted.

As compared with the previous year, there is a decrease of 3 per cent. in the total number of cases vaccinated, but this is more than balanced by the rise in the percentage of successful cases from 83·4 to 89·35. The average cost of each successful case turned out by Government vaccinators was As. 4-9. The work of the Bhadrachalam and Polavaram vaccinators was closely checked by the officers of those divisions. The Tahsildar of Bhadrachalam, T. Rama Rao, checked 1,124 cases himself, and the Deputy Tahsildar of Polavaram and his Revenue Inspector checked 592 between them. The best work was done by First-class Vaccinator K. V. Ranga Rao, of Bhadrachalam, who, out of 1,700 operations, performed 1,555 successfully. This excellent work—the best yet done in the Agency—is the result of unremitting supervision by the Tahsildar and of the inducement held out by Government in G.O., No. 963, Judicial, dated 23rd May 1892, in the shape of a reward of 2 annas for every successful case in excess of 60 vaccinated in a month.

In the other divisions the work was not so satisfactory. In Polavaram the Government vaccinator was working for only about two months in the year. In October 1892 he was sent to Bekapalle to combat the small-pox epidemic there, and, on his return, he had to be granted sick leave. The Chodavaram Deputy Tahsildar took no interest in his vaccinator's work, and in Yellavaram division there was no vaccinator from April to August. In the latter month I managed to secure the services of a competent man from Vizagapatam district and he has since been working well.

The Deputy Tahsildar of Polavaram has ordered the karnams in his division to maintain a small-pox return, an abstract of which is given below containing the figures for the year under report. It is interesting as showing the protective value of vaccination, and useful as a test of the vaccinator's work. I have ordered my other sub-divisional officers to introduce the return into their divisions and include it in future administration reports:—

Name of division.	Total number of persons attacked by small-pox.		Total number died from small-pox.	
	Previously vaccinated.	Not vaccinated.	Previously vaccinated.	Not vaccinated.
Polavaram	15	767	13	196

Government has approved of the establishment of a vaccine depôt at Polavaram, and it will be started as soon as the sanction of the Financial Department to the cost is received.

I have been in correspondence with you on the subject of the appointment of a separate Deputy Inspector of Vaccination for the Agency tracts. It is to be hoped that this proposal will be eventually sanctioned, for it will be productive of a great improvement in vaccination in the Agency. At present the Agency is divided amongst three Deputy Inspectors. These officers have their head-quarters in the plains, and the supervision exercised by them over my vaccinators is of the most inefficient description.

10. *Education.*—Statement No. IX gives information about the Agency schools. It will be seen that there was a marked improvement in every respect over the results of the previous year. The total number of pupils on the rolls of all the schools at the close of the year was 1,593 as against 1,264 at the commencement, and the average daily attendance rose from 877 to 1,078.

Secondary Schools.—The condition of the lower secondary school at Bhadrachalam improved considerably and was favorably reported on by the Inspector of Schools, Northern Circle. The large increase (32) in the number on the rolls is due to the opening of the second, first and infant classes, which have been well attended throughout the year.

Arrangements were made to hold the lower secondary examination at Bhadrachalam and it was conducted there by the senior Superintendent of Schools and myself in December last. Ten pupils of the school passed out of 16 presented.

At present there are 8 classes in the school and only 5 teachers. Another teacher is necessary in order that the primary classes may be properly attended to. A gymnastic instructor is also required. I have, in my letter, No. 115, dated 9th April, proposed the entertainment of a man on Rs. 15 a month, who will instruct the boys in gymnastics and also assist the teaching staff. The accommodation provided by the new school building is insufficient, and the primary classes have to sit in the verandah. Steps will have to be taken to provide a building of some sort for them.

Salary-result Schools.—The following new schools were opened during the year under the sanction given in G.O., No. 499, Educational, dated 2nd July 1891:—

Division.	School.	Date of opening.	Number on rolls on 31st March 1893.		Remarks.
			Boys.	Girls.	
Bhadrachalam ..	Abhicherla *	28th June	16	1	* For aboriginal tribes.
Polavaram	Karakapadu	1st July	20	6	Do. do.
	Tuduganta *	10th October	12	5	Do. do.
	Antervedigudem *	4th September	14	0	Do. do.
Yellavaram	Nellipudi	30th July	21	1	Do. do.
	Ramavaram *	1st July	24	3	Do. do.
	Legarayi *	16th April	32	0	Do. do.

These are doing well, as also those established last year with the exception of the Indukurpeta and Vanchangi schools, which may have to be transferred elsewhere.

Indeed, primary education in the Agency has been improved and extended considerably during the year, and is now in a very satisfactory condition. This improvement is the result of better supervision, and is a proof of the necessity there was for appointing a second Hill School Superintendent. Both my Superintendents worked well during the year and took care that the teachers under them did so too. My sub-divisional officers also frequently inspected the schools in their divisions.

The feature to my mind most gratifying in Statement IX is the large increase in the number of aboriginal pupils. The hill tribes have availed themselves gladly of the new schools that have been opened for their benefit; and there can be no doubt that they are getting to understand the benefits of education. The new schools in the north of Rampa are specially well attended, and my junior Superintendent informs me that there is room for more.

Girls' Schools.—The condition of these improved to some extent.

Result Schools.—did badly with the exception of one school in Chódavaram division.

11. *Public Works.*—Proposals for the expenditure of Rs. 12,000 on works throughout the Agency were sanctioned by Government in G.O., No. 1212, Financial, dated 19th November 1891; but on a reference made by Mr. Higgins, Government decided that the allotment of Rs. 2,000 for Bhádrachalam was to be met from the Road fund for that taluk, and that the Rs. 12,000 originally sanctioned was to be spent in the other Agency divisions. This order, which thus sanctioned an extra expenditure of Rs. 2,000, necessitated a revision of the original proposals; and, as it was not received by me till December 1892, I had great difficulty in arranging for the spending of the extra amount.

From Statement X it will be seen that Rs. 13,177-0-9 were spent out of the allotment of Rs. 14,000, leaving a balance of Rs. 822-15-3. This balance would have been less had not the Deputy Tahsildar of Yellavaram erroneously recredited to chitta Rs. 230 which had been actually earned by contractors.

The year witnessed the completion, except for a couple of culverts, of the Timmapuram-Ramavaram road as far as Addatigala. In the current year I hope to push the road on to Rayapalli. The Chódavaram-Lakkavaram road was also taken in hand and a new track laid out to Geddada. This year I have provided for its extension to Chintagandi near Maredubilli, and next year Valamur should be reached. In Polavaram division the Kannapuram-Jeelugumilli road was completed, and the one bad place in the Kannapuram-Koyalagudem track put in thorough order, so that the track is now passable by bandies at all seasons. In Bhádrachalam the Kundulur well was sunk and water reached. The brick work will be done this year, and another well sunk in some other interior village.

All the officers under me took great pains to ensure the proper execution of the works in their divisions. Subramanyam in Polavaram and Rama Rao in Bhádrachalam had great trouble in supervising their works, which were spread over a large area. To Kondalrayadu, who is acting at Yellavaram, is due the credit of completing the Addatigala road. His supervision of his works was most thorough.

Statement X (a) gives the receipts and charges of Special Fund in the Bhádrachalam taluk.

12. *Sanitary Works.*—Statement XI shows the expenditure on these works. Several wells were sunk and the village sites of Bhádrachalam and Polavaram were improved.

13. *Abkari and Opium.*—Information about the Abkari revenue of the Agency is given in Statement XII. There was an increase of Rs. 2,275-1-8 over the total rental of the previous year. The great rise in the Yellavaram rents was due to keen competition among some Yelleswaram merchants who attended the sales at jamabandi.

Proposals of the Assistant Commissioner, Coanada Sub-division, to extend the tree-tapping system to 31 villages in this Agency, were sanctioned in Board's Proceedings, No. 289, dated 31st May 1892, and the system will be introduced into 21 villages

from 1st October next. On your approval of my recommendation that the remaining ten villages should be omitted, as they are inhabited by aboriginal tribes, the Board has temporarily suspended the introduction of the system to them, pending the receipt of fuller information on the subject.

I noted in my report last year that I had warned the Koyas and Reddies in Polavaram and Yellavaram divisions that any abuse of the privileges allowed to them in Abkari matters, such as sub-renting to professional distillers, would result in these privileges being taken away from them altogether. This year I made careful inquiries at jamabandi and was glad to find that my warning had been generally attended to. In two instances in Polavaram division in which the headmen had sub-rented their right, I put up the villages to auction as a punishment. My action had a very salutary effect, and will deter others from indulging in this malpractice.

Statement XIII gives the revenue demand for opium during the year. The receipts are Rs. 1,029 in excess of those of the previous year. This is mainly because only a quarter's rental of Yellavaram division was entered in last year's statement. There was no change in the administration of this branch of revenue.

14. *Police.*—There has been a great improvement in the discipline of the force in the Agency. This is chiefly due to the frequent inspections made by Mr. Lushington, the Superintendent. But there is also no doubt that the location of three high Revenue officers in the southern Agency has had a subduing effect on the police there.

In May 1892, Karam Dhulu Dora, muttadar of Bandapalli, complained to you that Narsing Bhan, station-house officer of Chódavaram, was engaging in improper traffic with hill people and practising extortion upon them. Under your orders I inquired into the complaint and found that Narsing Bhan was in the habit of making small advances to hill-men in the winter and getting them to pledge in return a certain quantity of tamarind from the next year's crop. I also found that in cases where they failed to make good their promise, he either made them agree to deliver a double quantity the year after or took possession of their lands. Narsing Bhan was removed from Chódavaram soon afterwards, and has, I believe, since died. He had been permitted to remain in Rampa too long and could not resist the temptation to turn to his own profit the influence he had acquired.

There were no other complaints against the police.

15. *Disturbances.*—There were none. The Agency was perfectly quiet the whole year.

16. *Boundary Disputes.*—None arose during the year. The old dispute between Bandivarigudem and Jeelugumilli, upon which I reported at length in February 1892, has lately been referred back to me for a formal decision under the Boundary Act. I shall shortly dispose of the matter.

17. *Forests.*—The policy of Government with regard to the forests in Rampa was declared in G.O., No. 1280, Revenue, dated 21st December 1892. Liberal allowances are to be made to the muttadars as compensation for the loss of income sustained by them through the resumption of the forests. The proposal to introduce the Forest Act into Rampa has been held to be premature, and cutting and cultivation are to be left perfectly free. This order has had a most soothing effect. The muttadars, who were discontented at the loss of their forest income, are quite satisfied with the reparation made to them; while the hill people, who were alarmed at the appropriation by Government of the forests, fearing that it would lead to the introduction of stringent regulations about cultivation, are delighted at being permitted the same perfect freedom that they have hitherto enjoyed.

I have brought to your notice the necessity of carefully considering the proposals for forest reservation in Yellavaram division, as it appeared to me that sufficient land was not being allowed for the cultivation requirements of the people. With regard to the reserves already proposed and settled, Mr. Lushington, the District Forest-officer, informed me that the wants of the people could be provided for in an administrative order after the final notifications; and, as he also said that the Board was pressing for these, I signed a joint note to you saying that reservation might proceed on the understanding that a sufficient allowance of land and certain rights as to timber, &c., were to be given to the villagers after final settlement. I think that Mr. Lushington's

proposals for further reservation in the division should not be accepted until it has been shown that they are necessary. In my opinion the present reserves are ample.

18. *Miscellaneous.*—(a) Mirtivada Raja Reddi, muttadar of Musurumilli, died on the 5th January. His brother, Mirtivada Jogi Reddi, has been recommended for the muttadarship.

(b) The Godavari Coal Company has not as yet commenced regular mining in its Bhadrachalam concession. It is, I believe, awaiting the decision of the Government of India on the Godavari boundary question.

(c) I would suggest for your consideration that, as far as administrative arrangements permit, officers who are transferred from the plains to the charge of the agency sub-divisions ought, after a certain space of years, to be allowed to return to a more healthy climate. Three years' continuous Agency service is the limit that I would fix, as this is, in my humble opinion, sufficient to undermine the health of any officer.

19. The Agency map is submitted with the Special Assistant Agent's tours traced on it.

I.—Statement showing changes in the Administration Staff during the year 1892-93 in the Godavari Agency.

Office.	Name of officer.	Period during which in charge.		Whether the charge was in addition to other duty.
		From.	To.	
1	2	3	4	5
Government Agent ..	A. W. B. Higgins, Esq.	1st April 1892	22nd Feb. 1893.	
Acting Government Agent.	E. C. Dawson, Esq.	23rd Feb. 1893	31st March ..	
Special Assistant Agent.	H. F. W. Gillman, Esq.	1st April 1892	8th Aug. 1892.	
Head Assistant Collector.	J. H. Robertson, Esq.	2nd Aug. "	12th Aug. "	In addition to his own charge.
Special Assistant Agent.	W. W. Phillips, Esq.	15th Aug. "	19th Nov. "	
Do. do.	H. F. W. Gillman, Esq.	11th Nov. "	31st March 1893.	

S/Geo

II.—Statement of Tours made by the officers in the Godavari Agency during the year 1892-93.

Name of officer.	Number of tours.	Date of each tour.		Period spent on each tour.	Locality in which tour made.	Remarks.
		From.	To.			
A. W. B. Higgins, Esq., Government Agent.	1st		26th August 1892.	One day ..	Polavaram ..	To inspect the site required for the Deputy Tahsildar's Cutcherry.
	2nd	12th October 1892	16th October 1892	7 ..	Timmampet, Yellavaram, Addalgala and Jaddangal.	To select a proper place for the headquarters of the Yellavaram Deputy Tahsildar.
	3rd	17th January 1893	11th February 1893	26 ..	Polavaram; went up the river to Bhadrachalam. Returned down the stream to Gaurdevipeta and Kunavaram. Went inland to Pedamthipati, Chintoor, passed through Gurnapahar, Chittur to Valamur, Marudubilli, Chodavaram, Rumpa and lastly reached Gobavaram.	General tour.
H. F. W. Gillman, Esq., Acting Special Assistant Agent.	1st	1st April 1892	14th April 1892	14 ..	Bhadrachalam taluk, visiting Dummugudem, Bhadrachalam, Kunavaram, &c.	Annual settlement of Bhadrachalam taluk.
	2nd	3rd May	24th May	22 ..	Polavaram and Chodavaram divisions.	General tour.
	3rd	9th June	11th June	2 ..	From Polavaram to Rajahmundry.	To spend the rainy season at Rajahmundry.
W. W. Phillips, Esq. ..	..	16th August	17th August	3 ..	Ellore to Rajahmundry.	Return to Polavaram after the rains.
	..	19th September	21st September	2 ..	Rajahmundry to Polavaram ..	Inspection of road works and lands.
	4th	5th October	27th October	23 ..	Yellavaram Division, visiting Rajahmundry, Jagannapeta, Timmapet, Jaddangal, Addalgala and Gobavaram.	
	5th	2nd November	5th November	4 ..	Singampalli Sivagiri and Sripatnam.	Inspection of certain disputed lands in Puttapati.
H. F. W. Gillman, Esq. ..	6th	11th Dec.	19th Dec.	9 ..	Rajahmundry and Polavaram.	Returning as a member of the Committee to examine Messrs. Phillips and Robertson for the Higher Standard. Return to Polavaram.

II.—Statement of Tours made by the officers in the Godavari Agency during the year 1892-93—cont.

Name of officer.	Number of tours.	Date of each tour.		Period spent on each tour.	Locality in which tour made.	Remarks.
		From.	To.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
H. F. W. Gillman, Esq.—cont.	7th	24th November 1892	16th December 1892	23 days	Bhadrachalam taluk and Chodavaram division, visited Komavaram, Devipatnam, Vubagalapalli and Geddada.	To conduct the Lower Secondary examination at Bhadrachalam and to inspect road works in Chodavaram division.
	8th	12th January 1893	20th January 1893	9 "	Polavaram division, Janga reddigudem, Tadavaya and Puttayagudem.	Inspection of certain disputed lands of Marungudem.
	9th	27th "	16th March "	49 "	Chodavaram and Yellavaram divisions, Bhadrachalam taluk and Central Provinces. Visited Insapurpeta, Timmapuram, Rajahmundry, Puttayagudem, Komavaram, Kunduru, Dummugudem, Cheris, Vankamanur, Padmalu and Bhadrachalam.	To conduct the final of Chodavaram and Yellavaram divisions and Bhadrachalam taluk and under orders of Government to attend the District boundary inquiry.
	10th	17th March "	31st "	15 "	Yellavaram and Chodavaram divisions, visited Chodavaram, Geddada, Chintapudi, Kot Komavaram.	General tour for inspection of road works.

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III.—Statement of Rain-fall recorded during the year 1892-93 and the preceding year in the Godavari Agency.

Taluk or division.	Name of station.	Average of previous years.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		IN. CENTS.	IN. CENTS.	IN. CENTS.	
1. Bhadrachalam taluk ..	Bhadrachalam ..	24.2 66	26 55	51 80	Average of 7 years. 19 "
2. Polavaram division ..	Polavaram ..	37 16	28 22	56 79	There was no rain gauge at Chodavaram in previous years. The figures given in last year's return were those recorded at Gokavaram.
3. Chodavaram " ..	Chodavaram ..	..	22 50	53 59	There is no rain gauge station in the division; but steps will be taken to set up a gauge at Addategala.
4. Yellavaram " ..		..	..	..	

IV.—Statement showing births and deaths during the year 1892-93 and the preceding year in the Godavari Agency.

Name of taluk or division.	Population according to the census of February 1891.			1891-92.			1892-93.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Bhadrachalam { Births	21,439	20,363	41,802	13	12	25	16	15	31
Deaths				16	15	31	17	16	33
Polavaram { Births	25,446	24,497	49,943	8.3	8	16.3	16.3	14.4	30.7
Deaths				9	9	18	12.6	12.4	24.9
Yellavaram * { Births	..	..	..	216	228	444	379	290	669
Deaths				191	183	373	363	293	656
Chodavaram { Births	10,376	9,989	20,365	..	..	..	10.9	11.2	22.1
Deaths				..	..	..	12.7	12.2	24.9

* The population of the division is not known; hence the actual births and deaths are shown.

V.—Statistics of Criminal Justice for the Godavari Agency for the year 1892-93.

Trials or enquiries.										Appeals.																
Name of Court.	Cases.					Persons.					Cases.					Persons.										
	Pending on 31st March 1902.	Received during the year.	Received by commitment.	Total.	Committed.	Otherwise disposed of.	Total.	Received during the year.	Received by commitment.	Total.	Committed.	Otherwise disposed of.	Total.	Received during the year.	Received by commitment.	Total.	Committed.	Otherwise disposed of.	Total.	Received during the year.	Received by commitment.	Total.	Committed.	Otherwise disposed of.	Total.	
1. Government Agent.	2	13	2	15	17	17	16	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
2. Special Assistant Agent.	4	62	43	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109
3. Madachalam Tahsildar 2nd-class Magistrate.	5	43	43	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	86	
4. Bhadrachalam 2nd-class Magistrate.	8	136	136	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	272	
5. Polavaram 2nd-class Magistrate.	9	55	55	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	
6. Chodavaram 2nd-class Magistrate.	3	32	34	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	
7. Yellavaram 2nd-class Magistrate.	23	351	381	754	754	754	754	754	754	754	754	754	754	754	754	754	754	754	754	754	754	754	754	754	754	
Total	72	334	409	815	815	815	815	815	815	815	815	815	815	815	815	815	815	815	815	815	815	815	815	815	815	
	1892-93	1891-92	1890-91	1889-90	1888-89	1887-88	1886-87	1885-86	1884-85	1883-84	1882-83	1881-82	1880-81	1879-80	1878-79	1877-78	1876-77	1875-76	1874-75	1873-74	1872-73	1871-72	1870-71	1869-70	1868-69	

The figures marked thus * † do not tally as they ought to have, because the Principal Assistant Agent's Court, wherein 1 case with one person was pending in 1891-92, was not in existence in the following year.

VI.—Statistics of Civil Justice for the Godavari Agency for the year 1892-93.

Name of Court.	Original suits.								Appeal suits.								Remarks.	
	Pending on 31st March 1892.	Instituted.	Received by transfer or on reference.	Total.	Disposed of.	Transferred to other courts.	Total.	Remaining on 31st March 1893.	Pending on 31st March 1892.	Instituted.	Received by transfer or on reference.	Total.	Disposed of.	Transferred to other courts.	Total.	Pending on 31st March 1893.		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		17
1. Government Agent	..	28	..	28	1	27	27	28	..	..	12	12	12	..	12	12	..	..
2. Special Assistant Agent ..	..	..	21	31	24	..	..	24	7	1	10	11	11	10	..	10	1	1
3. Bhadrachalam Agency Munsif ..	..	63	..	68	60	..	..	60	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Polavaram Agency Munsif ..	..	177	3	180	164	..	..	164	35	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Chodavaram Agency Munsif ..	..	53	2	55	49	2	..	51	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6. Yellavaram do.	..	6	..	6	4	..	..	4	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. { 1892-93	46	327	26	399	302	29	29	331	68	1	12	10	23	10	12	22	1	1
.. { 1891-92	128	229	29	366	317	23	23	340	46	4	15	19	38	10	18	27	1	1

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VII.—Statement showing the work of Agency Hospitals and Dispensaries during the year 1892-93 in the Gódvári Agency.

Name of institution.	From what funds maintained.	Description of building.	Date when opened.	Number of patients treated, 1892-93.	
				In.	Out.
1. Bhadrachalam dispensary	Imperial funds	The building, which belongs to Government, is built of brick and has a tiled roof. It consists of three rooms with a verandah all round. There are two thatched wards, a tiled kitchen, a thatched latrine and one bathroom close to the dispensary for the use of the in-patients. The well in the compound contains brackish water.	1st October 1892	93	2,432
2. Polavarum do.	Imperial funds assisted by an annual contribution of Rs. 250 from the Zemindar of Polavarum.	Rented building	6th November 1891	..	4,974
3. Yelavarum do.	Local funds	Painted brick building with tiled roof	Not known	..	267
4. Gohavaram do.	Do.	Brick building with tiled roof	11th June 1887	..	195
				93	6,988

VIII.—Statement showing the strength and cost of Vaccine establishment and the number of operations performed by them in the Gódvári Agency during the year 1892-93.

Name of taluk or division	Deputy Inspectors.		Deputy Inspectors' remun.		First-class Vaccinators.		Second-class Vaccinators.		Probationers.		Total cost of vaccination including travelling allowance.	Number of cases vaccinated.	Number of successful cases.	Percentage of successful to total number vaccinated.	Percentage of cases vaccinated.	Average cost of each successful case.
	Number.	Pay per mensem.	Number.	Pay per mensem.	Number.	Pay per mensem.	Number.	Pay per mensem.	Number.	Pay per mensem.						
1. Bhadrachalam taluk	..	..	..	..	2	35	..	..	..	..	Rs. 5. 2. 397 9 0	1,702	1,369	80.22	87.74	Rs. 5. 2. 311
2. Polavarum division	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	10	..	..	..	593	591	99.68	75	..
3. Chodavaram division	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	44	44	100	46	..
4. Yelavarum do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	113	96	84.96	75	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	818	766	93.52	92.43	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	650	591	90.92	59	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,011	3,584	89.35	89.25	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,157	3,493	83.8	83.4	..

* Work performed by the Local Fund Vaccinator.

IX.—Statement showing statistics of Agency schools in the Gódvári district during the year 1892-93.

Name of taluk or division.	Number and class of school.	Teachers employed and their salaries.		Number of pupils on rolls on 31st March 1893.		Average daily attendance.		Number of pupils belonging to aboriginal races on 31st Mar. 1893.		By officers of the Education Department.		Number of schools inspected.		Number of pupils examined for grants.		Receipts.	
		Number.	Amount per annum.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	By officers of the Education Department.	By Agency officers.	By Government Agent.	By Special Assistant Agent.	Number of pupils found qualified for grants.	Number for grants.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Bhadrachalam taluk.	1 Government Lower Secondary school.	1	1,330	75	..	75	..	..	..	Inspector of Schools, North-Cen Circle.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1 Remits Mission school.	2	950	97	1	98	1	..	..	Sub-Assistant, Ellore.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	13 Government school for boys.	14	1,573	228	16	244	169	7	50	Senior Superintendent of High schools.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1 Government school for girls.	..	204	..	60	..	..	..	..	Visits paid by Superintendent.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1 Remits school for boys.	..	90	12	2	14	5	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	2 Remits school for girls.	..	325	8	71	79	6	43	49	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	7 Unaided schools for boys.	7	538	46	24	70	31	16	47	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	26	5,476	465	174	640	333	105	438	..	..	..	..	231	158	436	4 10
	10 Government School Remits schools for boys.	2	1,212	208	33	241	208	22	330	Inspector of Schools, North-Cen Circle.	..	..	..	132	117	237	5 4
	1 Government School Remits school for girls.	..	276	..	65	..	..	..	..	Sub-Assistant, Ellore.	..	..	..	43	24	100	8 0
Polavarum division.	4 Remits schools for boys.	..	..	76	13	89	87	13	80	..	..	..	..	55	40	116	3 3
	1 Remits Night school for boys.	..	..	19	..	19	11	..	11	Visits paid by Superintendent.	..	..	..	11	9	23	10 11
	Total ..	2	1,488	293	111	564	286	79	335	..	..	..	..	261	190	477	11 5

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IX.—Statement showing statistics of Agency schools in the Gôlavari district during the year 1892-93—cont.

IX. Statement showing statistics of Agency schools.																					
Name of taluk or division.	Number and class of school.	Teachers employed and their salaries.			Number of pupils on rolls on 31st March 1893.			Average daily attendance.			Number of pupils belonging to aboriginal races on 31st Mar. 1893.			Number of schools inspected.*				Number of pupils examined for grants.	Number of pupils found qualified for grants.	Receipts.	
		Number.	Amount salary per annum.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	By officers of the Education Department.	By Agency officers.		Result grants.			Rs. A. P.	Ms. A. P.
															Government Agent.	Special Assistant Agent.					
Cholavaram division.	2 ..	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		
	7 Government Salary Results schools for boys.	4	7	948	137	11	148	77	8	85	68	..	Inspector of Schools, Northern Circle, Assistant Inspector for Division, Sub-Assistant, Junior Superintendent, Visits paid by Junior Superintendent, Senior Superintendent, Visits paid by Senior Superintendent.			4	28	50 15 0	..	48 0 0	
	1 Unaided Results school for boys.	..	1	..	19	4	17	12	3	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Total ..	4	8	948	150	15	165	89	11	100	68	..	..	..	..	48	28	50 15 0	48 0 0		
Yellavaram division.	14 Government Salary Results schools for boys.	13	14	2,076	238	36	274	150	17	167	60	12	Assistant Inspector of Schools, Sub-Assistant of Government, Junior Superintendent, Visits paid by Junior Superintendent.			4	73	102 11 4	..	..	
	1 Unaided Results school for boys.	..	1	..	14	..	14	8	..	8	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Total ..	3	15	2,076	252	36	288	158	17	175	66	12	..	..	..	96	73	102 11 4	..	..	
	Total ..	16	83	2,082	1,261	536	1,567	866	212	1,075	251	23	Visits 157			24	636	1,087 10 8	555	4 6	
Total for the district for 1892-93.		55	70	7,932	1,006	269	1,264	716	181	877	116	14	87	13	419	270	999	1 4	279 15 0	..	
Compare preceding year.																					

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X.—Statement showing the progress of New Works and Repairs costing Rs. 250 and upwards in the Gôlavari Agency during the year 1892-93.

Name of taluk or division.	Description of work.	Amount of original allotment for the year.		Final allotment for the year.	Expenditure		Remarks on progress.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		From the commencement of the work up to the close of the preceding year (for new works).	In the year under report.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bhadrachalam taluk	New Works.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
	Communications.						
	1. Making a road from Moramar towards Narakonda	500 0 0	560 0 0	560 0 0	..	502 0 0	Jungle was cleared for 1 mile 1,666 yards and roots were removed for 2,331. Average cost per mile Rs. 74.
	2. Do. from Kanduloor to Chintoor	300 0 0	379 13 0	379 13 0	..	379 13 0	Four miles of road were cleared and stumps removed. The average cost per mile was Rs. 94-12-0.
Polavaram division	1. Completion of the Kannapuram-Jugumilli road	1,250 0 0	1,211 7 7	1,211 7 7	2,813 2 8	1,113 9 0	Side drains were cut and stumps uprooted for a distance of seven miles at a cost of Rs. 159 per mile.
	2. Graveling the Koyyalagudem-Kannapuram road within the limits of Dipasayyattam village.	700 0 0	448 8 5	448 8 5	..	248 3 5	
	1. Clearing the main road	300 0 0	300 0 0	300 0 0	..	300 0 0	The length of the road is 3½ miles and nearly two miles of it were constructed, the average cost being Rs. 426 per mile.
	3. Cutting a bandy truck over Itakalagundi (hill) near Pureshottapattanam.	500 0 0	549 5 8	549 5 8	..	549 5 8	
Chôlavaram do.	(e) Completion of the culvert and embankment at Petaram Gundi.	400 0 0	659 3 1	659 3 1	..	659 3 1	
	(b) Raising revetment of the embankment	500 0 0	560 0 0	560 0 0	500 0 0	500 0 0	
	(c) Construction of a culvert at Venkandora	900 0 0	923 7 0	923 7 0	..	922 11 4	
	(d) Gundi and approaches thereto; stone revetment near the culvert.	..	555 0 0	555 0 0	..	435 0 0	
Yellavaram do.	(4) Part construction of two arch culverts over a channel near Papampeta.	..	..	..	..	435 0 0	
	Total ..	5,500 0 0	7,359 4 9	7,359 4 9	..	7,040 7 6	
	1. Sinking a well at Kundalur	350 0 0	240 0 0	240 0 0	..	240 0 0	
	Building a rest house at Butlaygudem	450 0 0	555 0 0	555 0 0	..	525 0 0	Not yet completed.
Bhadrachalam taluk							
Polavaram division ..							

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X.—Statement showing the progress of new works and repairs costing Rs. 250 and upwards in the Gôdâvari Agency during the year 1892-93—*cont.*

Name of taluk or division.	Description of work.	Amount of original allotment for the year.	Final allotment for the year.	Expenditure		Remarks on progress.
				From the commencement of the work up to the close of the preceding year (for new works), 4	In the year under report.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Chôlavaramu division	New Works— <i>cont.</i>					
	Buildings— <i>cont.</i>					
	Sinking a well at Kondamodala ..	300 0 0	300 0 0	..	200 0 0	Not yet completed.
	Do. at Kotturam ..	300 0 0	300 0 0	..	200 0 0	Not yet completed.
	Do. at Timmapuram ..	300 0 0	300 0 0	..	200 0 0	Not yet completed.
	Total ..	900 0 0	900 0 0	..	600 0 0	
	Miscellaneous.					
	(a) Communications ..	1,059 5 4	802 11 4	..	735 15 4	
	(b) Buildings ..	..	72 9 0	..	72 9 0	
	(c) Sanitation ..	..	150 0 0	..	150 0 0	
Chôlavaramu division	(d) Supervision and Miscellaneous ..	574 0 0	135 3 0	..	314 14 1	
	Total ..	2,023 5 4	1,275 12 4	..	1,677 5 5	
	Total, New Works ..	5,933 5 4	10,395 1 1	..	9,702 13 11	
	Repairs.					
	Communications.					
	1. Cutting at Gorrelagudi on the Chôlavaramu-Kota road.	250 0 0	381 5 3	..	381 5 3	
	2. Metalling the Gobavaram-Chôlavaramu road, digging side channels, &c.	300 0 0	768 12 0	..	768 12 0	
	3. Cut-off on the same road at the 12½ milestone.	300 0 0	300 0 0	..	300 0 0	
	4. Cutting at a hill near Murumudi on the Chôlavaramu-Doripet road.	700 0 0	700 0 0	..	700 0 0	
	Total ..	1,550 0 0	2,067 1 3	..	2,753 5 2	
Yellavaram division	Madura Bridge.					
	(a) Filling in 4 large gullies in the approaches and raising the level of the approach on the Timmapuram side.	..	512 0 3	..	512 10 10	
	(b) Stone revetment at the south-east and south-west wing walls.	..	325 0 0	..	287 9 1	
	Total ..	2,150 0 0	2,067 1 3	..	2,753 5 2	
	The length of the road is 18 miles. Nine miles were repaired. The average cost per mile was Rs. 85.					

Buildings—NIL.						
Miscellaneous.						
(a) Communications ..	810 0 0	552 5 0	592 9 0			
(b) Buildings ..	10 0 0	10 10 0	16 10 0			
(c) Sanitation ..	93 10 8	93 10 8	26 10 8			
(d) Supervision and Miscellaneous ..	..	12 0 0	12 0 0			
Total ..	916 10 8	717 13 8	717 13 8			
Total, Repairs ..	2,066 10 6	3,704 14 4	3,474 2 10			
Grand Total, New Works and Repairs ..	12,905 0 0	14,000 0 0	13,177 0 9			
Annex.						
New Works.						
Communications ..	7,533 5 4	8,407 8 1	7,655 4 11			
Buildings ..	1,400 0 0	1,587 9 0	1,807 9 0			
Repairs.						
Communications ..	5,556 10 5	3,676 4 11	3,445 8 10			
Buildings ..	10 0 0	23 10 0	23 10 0			

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XIII.—Statement showing the Opium revenue of the Gódlavari Agency during the year 1892-93.

Name of taluk or division.	Number of shops		Selling price to consumers (value per rupee).		Consumption in pounds.		Rents and license fees.	Remarks.
	Sold by auction.	Let on fixed license fees.	1891-92	1892-93.	1891-92	1892-93.		
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
Bladracham taluk	6	..	34 taluk per rupee	..	..	..	..	
Palayaram division	8	..	Do.	..	..	..	..	
Yellavaram do.	13	..	Do.	..	..	..	..	
Chidavaram do.	11	..	Do.	..	..	..	..	
Total for 1892-93	38	..	24 taluk in all divisions.	..	..	..	..	
1891-92	38	..	24 taluk in all divisions.	..	..	..	..	

XIV.—Statement showing the demand, collection, remission and balance of all sources of revenue in the Gódlavari Agency for 1892-93.

Items.	Demand.			Collection.			Remission.			Balance.		
	Arrear.	Current.	Total.	Arrear.	Current.	Total.	Arrear.	Current.	Total.	Arrear.	Current.	Total.
I	2.	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		
I. Land Revenue—												
1. Permanent settled	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
2. Land Revenue including remission	928 4 5	34,910 10 11	35,838 15 4	928 4 5	34,910 10 11	35,838 15 4	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Four cases	5,275 6 8	56,524 3 0	61,799 9 8	5,138 12 1	28,481 7 1	33,619 9 2	52 5 6	65 5 1	117 10 11	8,108 1 0	..	..
4. Quiltem on estate houses	269 5 4	364 1 0	633 6 4	269 5 4	407 14 0	676 19 4	..	..	..	268 2 2	..	..
5. Miscellaneous Revenue from	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	5,471 5 5	72,155 2 11	77,626 7 6	5,352 8 10	63,574 4 10	68,926 12 8	53 5 6	66 5 1	119 10 11	8,921 3 2	..	..
II. Akbari including license fees	752 1 4	26,782 0 8	27,534 1 12	752 1 4	26,782 0 8	27,534 1 12	..	..	..	..	..	..
III. Village cess	282 12 0	4,893 0 0	5,175 12 0	282 12 0	4,893 0 0	5,175 12 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
IV. Opium	24 10 0	1,332 0 0	1,356 10 0	24 10 0	1,332 0 0	1,356 10 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
V. Fences	..	817 0 0	817 0 0	..	817 0 0	817 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
VI. School, Road and Milk funds	..	6,484 2 0	6,484 2 0	..	6,484 2 0	6,484 2 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
VII. Stamp	1 2 1	16,309 0 6	16,310 2 7	1 2 1	16,309 0 6	16,310 2 7	..	..	..	..	..	..
VIII. Forest	1,040 9 5	56,503 0 0	57,543 9 5	1,040 9 5	56,503 0 0	57,543 9 5	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	7,511 12 10	128,638 2 11	136,149 15 9	7,393 2 3	1,13,439 9 6	1,20,832 11 9	53 5 6	66 5 1	119 10 11	16,993 14 6	..	..
Grand Total												

XV.—Statement showing the number of wild animals killed in the Gódlavari Agency and the rewards granted during the year 1892-93.

Officer granting the reward.	Figures.		Panthers.		Deers.		Hyenas.		Total.		Number killed by wild beasts.		
	Number killed.	Amount of reward.	Number killed.	Amount of reward.	Number killed.	Amount of reward.	Number killed.	Amount of reward.	Number killed.	Amount of reward.	Persons.	Cattle.	Remarks.
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Special Assistant Agent—													
Bladracham taluk	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Palayaram division	2	120	6	55 0 0	2	10 0 0	..	..	10	225 0 0	4	386	..
Chidavaram do.	1	45	10	224 0 0	..	..	..	..	11	270 0 0	..	..	..
Yellavaram do.	1	70	11	223 5 0	5	19 0 0	..	..	17	312 14 0	3	7	..
Total	4	235	27	502 5 0	7	29 0 0	..	..	38	817 14 0	10	16	..
Compare preceding year	7	410	33	797 10 0	10	44 9 0	..	..	55	1,252 8 0	17	430	..
	7	408	33	588 0 0	0	19 0 0	..	..	33	1,099 0 0	1	245	..

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2000

Submitted to Government together with the usual statements and the Agency map.

Having recently joined the district, I have no personal experience and my remarks on the report of the Special Assistant Agent are consequently very few.

2. *Territorial Changes.*—None except the change of the Special Assistant Agent's head-quarters from Purushottapatam to Polavaram and of the Yellavaram Deputy Tahsildar's from Yellavaram to Addatigala, sanctioned in G.Os., dated 5th April 1893, No. 708, and 16th March 1893, No. 574, Judicial Department, respectively. There was increase of office establishment sanctioned for the Special Assistant Agent in G.O., dated 16th May 1893, No. 1016, Judicial. Proposals to increase the office staff of the Polavaram Deputy Tahsildar and to appoint a Deputy Inspector of Vaccination for the whole Agency were submitted to Government in this office No. 46, dated 3rd June 1893, and No. 43 dated 31st May 1893, respectively.

3. *Tours.*—Mr. Higgins, who had charge of the district for about 11 months in the year, made three trips into the Agency lasting in all nearly five weeks. This touring is marked in the Agency map and his tour notes are herewith submitted. Mr. Rawson, who relieved Mr. Higgins, had no time to make an Agency tour as His Excellency the Governor visited this district in March.

4. *Season and Health.*—The rainfall in the Agency was considerably above the average of past years and proved very favorable to agriculture and the crops yielded well, but fever, cholera and small-pox were very prevalent. The registration of vital statistics appears to be systematically carried on in Bhadrachalam and Polavaram. The scheme of the Special Assistant Agent to maintain these statistics in the other two divisions of Chodavaram and Yellavaram is being tried.

5. *Judicial Work.*—The Civil and Criminal work during the year under report is as noted below, compared with that of the previous year:—

		Total on file.	Cases disposed of.	Pending.
Criminal Cases	1891-92	409	385	24
	1892-93	281	264	17
Criminal Appeals	1891-92	41	40	1
	1892-93	17	17	..
Civil Suits	1891-92	356	340	16
	1892-93	399	331	68
Civil Appeals	1891-92	38	37	1
	1892-93	23	22	1

The figures noted above for 1891-92 have been taken from Statements V and VI submitted with the last year's administration report, those adopted by the Special Assistant Agent in comparing the Civil and Criminal work done in the year with that in the preceding year being incorrect in that he omitted to take into account the work done by tribunals which were in existence in the previous year and which have since been closed in the re-organisation of the Agency charges. He has omitted from calculation also the figures of the Government Agent's Court. These have been subsequently added to the Statements Nos. V and VI. The number of cases and suits on file and the number disposed of in one year are about the same as in the other, but there was a clear decrease in the number of Civil and Criminal appeals.

6. *Dispensaries.*—The Polavaram dispensary is in a flourishing condition and has been more largely made use of than the long-standing dispensary at Bhadrachalam. Proposals to improve the building at Bhadrachalam have been submitted to Government in this office No. 34, dated 4th May 1893. There was a proposal made to make it a second-class dispensary with a view to have an increased stock of medicines. In reply, the Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras promises to supply sufficient stock of medicines for the Bhadrachalam dispensary on indent from the medical subordinate in charge thereof through the District Surgeon. The Government Order in the Financial Department about the dispensary at Chodavaram is not yet received.

7. *Vaccination.*—As stated in paragraph 2 *supra*, the Special Assistant Agent's proposal to have a Deputy Inspector of Vaccination for the whole Agency has already been submitted to Government. I am unable to see that the small-pox return of Polavaram, which the Special Assistant Agent speaks so highly of, "shows the protective value of vaccination." If the figures show anything, they show the reverse. The grant of extra remuneration to Agency vaccinators sanctioned in G.O., dated 23rd May 1892, No. 963, Judicial, seems to be producing good results. The report called for in that Government Order will be submitted separately.

8. *Education.*—The number on the rolls and the average daily attendance in the year show a marked improvement as against those of the preceding year. There is at present only one lower secondary school at Bhadrachalam, and it has produced 16 boys for the examination, of whom 10 passed. The Special Assistant Agent will be asked to submit proposals for the improvement of the school building which is insufficient. I have recently proposed to the Director of Public Instruction to raise the standard of the boys' school at Polavaram to that of a lower secondary school. New schools have been opened in the Agency and primary education is considerably improved.

There is a large increase in the number of aboriginal pupils, which shows that the hill tribes have begun to evince a desire for education.

9. *Public Works.*—A sum of Rs. 12,000 from the Civil Works grant and Rs. 2,000 from the Bhadrachalam Road fund were sanctioned for Agency works in the year under report. The expenditure amounted to Rs. 13,177 and a balance of Rs. 823 was left unspent. Statement X shows the works on which this expenditure was incurred. The Special Assistant Agent has described in sufficient detail the most important works executed in the year.

10. *Boundary Disputes.*—There is a single dispute pending between Bandivarigudem and Jilugumilli to be settled under the Boundary Marks Act which has been recently extended to the Agency—*vide* G.O., dated 19th January 1893, No. 137, Judicial.

11. *Forests.*—The recent orders of Government in reference to Rampa forests have apparently been received by the hill people with satisfaction.

The Special Assistant Agent's proposal that no more reserves should be made in the Yellavaram division is under consideration—*vide* my letter, dated 26th May 1893, No. 39, to the Board of Revenue, Land Revenue (copy enclosed). I have very little faith in promises of "administrative orders" providing for the requirements of the people after settlement.

12. *Miscellaneous.*—A report about the death of Mirtivada Raja Reddi, muttadar of Musurumilli, has reached me this week. Jogi Reddi, his brother and next heir, has been recommended for the muttadarship.

COCANADA,
26th June 1893.

(Signed) S. H. WYNNE,
Government Agent.

ORDER—dated 25th July 1893, No. 1502, Judicial.

The report upon the administration of the Gôdâvari Agency during 1892-93 shows that the year was uneventful and it therefore calls for few remarks.

2. The touring of the superior Agency officers was satisfactory. It is unfortunate that the north-eastern portion of the Agency should have been left unvisited, but the cause of this has been explained. The subordinate Agency staff seems to have neglected its duty in the way of travelling to a considerable extent but, as the Special Assistant has doubtless taken due notice of this neglect, it is unnecessary to say more on the subject.

3. It is much to be regretted that the Bhadrachalam hospital should have been left unsupplied with fever medicines for three or four months. Orders have, however, been recently issued by Government on the subject of reduction of indents from hospitals and it is reported that arrangements have been made to prevent a repetition of this occurrence. The registration of vital statistics has improved greatly. When reviewing the report for 1890-91 the Government remarked that the vital statistics, as then collected, were absolutely useless. This remark no longer applies and rapid improvement which is taking place is creditable to Mr. Gillman and hisordinates.

4. The figures relating to civil and criminal justice for a period of five years are compared below:—

Year.	Civil suits and appeals.			Criminal cases and appeals.		
	Instituted.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Received.	Disposed of.	Pending.
1888-89	274	254	48	212	195	29
1889-90	255	337	97	274	383	11
1890-91	261	198	132	400	339	72
1891-92	244	335	47	378	425	25
1892-93	333	312	69	374	381	17

The very large advance in the number of Civil suits instituted is noticeable and it is observed that the Special Assistant attributes the fact to the increasing promptitude on the part of the Courts in the disposal of work; it seems, however, early to hazard any such general suggestion; there was a progressive decline in the number of institutions in the years immediately preceding that under report and there may again be a decrease in 1893-94. The most important variations in the files of the individual Courts have received sufficient notice in the Special Assistant's report. The work of the Courts generally seems to be of a satisfactory character so far, that is, as regards despatch.

5. It is a striking proof of the demand for medical attendance that no fewer than 4,074 patients attended the Polavaram dispensary in 1892-93 although it was only opened towards the end of 1891. With regard to the opening of a dispensary at Chodavaram the Agent will be informed that the necessary proposition statements were sanctioned in G.O., dated 2nd November 1892, No. 1186, Financial, of which a copy was communicated to the Surgeon-General. It is not understood why that officer has not yet taken any steps to give effect to the Order in question; the Agent should communicate with him on the subject. Measures have already been taken to remedy the defects complained of in the case of the Bhadrachalam hospital; for one reason or another this institution was less resorted to by out-patients than in 1891-92 but the number of in-patients more than doubled.

The number of vaccinators employed in the Agency tracts was 7, against 6 (or 5 according to the report for 1891-92—a discrepancy which needs explanation) in the preceding year, but, in spite of this increase and of the prevalence of small-pox during the year under report, the number of operations fell from 4,137 in 1891-92 to 4,011. It is true that the successful cases were more numerous than in the previous year but the figures cannot be regarded generally as satisfactory. The work seems to have been done in by far the most thorough manner in Bhadrachalam taluk; Polavaram division with a larger population than this taluk shows less than half the number of operations. The Polavaram Government vaccinator is said to have worked for only two months or thereabouts; as he was not sent to Rekapalli until October the reason for this is not apparent. The reported percentage of successful operations (89.55) seems remarkably high considering the circumstances of the Agency tracts. The accuracy of the figure is doubtful; in his report for 1891-92 the Special Assistant complained of the quality of the lymph supplied to the vaccinators and the complaint seems to be borne out by the fact that of 15 vaccinated persons who were attacked

by small-pox in the Polavaram division no fewer than 13 died. The special report upon the working of the system of payment by results to vaccinators which was called for in G.O., dated 23rd May 1892, No. 963, Judicial, is awaited.

6. The Government notes with pleasure the decided improvement in the statistics relating to education. The daily average attendance rose from 877 to 1,078 and the number of pupils belonging to aboriginal races more than doubled when compared with 1891-92; the latter remarkable increase must however be mainly ascribed to the opening of several new schools for the hill tribes. Inspections were performed much more frequently than in 1891-92 both by Educational officers and by the Agent and the Special Assistant, but it must be remarked that a second Superintendent of hill schools was appointed in February 1892, so that the improvement noted above was to be expected. It is satisfactory to observe that fee-receipts more than doubled when compared with the preceding year; on the other hand the earnings in the form of result grants were only slightly larger. The paucity of trained teachers continues to be a serious defect.

7. The conduct of the Police is reported to have been satisfactory and there were no disturbances of any sort. The Bandivarigudem-Jelugumilli boundary dispute should be settled as soon as possible; it has been pending disposal for several years. In this connection it is observed that the Boundary Marks Act, XXVIII of 1860, has not, as stated by the Agent, been extended to the Agency; the necessary notifications the drafts of which were approved in G.O., dated 19th January 1893, No. 137, Judicial, have not yet been published. The collections of revenue were not so good as in 1891-92, Statement XIV showing a large increase in arrears but, speaking generally, the report shows a distinct improvement in administration.

8. Paragraphs 13 and 17 of the Special Assistant's report will be considered in the Revenue Department.

(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,
Chief Secretary.

To the Government Agent, Godavari.
" Agent to the Governor, Ganjam.
" " " Vizagapatam.
" Revenue Department.
" Public Works Department.
" Financial Department.
" Local and Municipal Department.
" Director of Public Instruction.
" Inspector-General of Police.
" Surgeon-General.
" Sanitary Commissioner.

Gobt. of {1893} Madras.
JUDICIAL.

Order thereon N^o 2100 W
a/16 August 1893

Communicated
to the S.S.I. circle
for information

(Sd) J. H.
W

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 25th July 1893, No. 1502.

JULY.

Godavari Agency.

Reviewing the Report on the Administration of
the — during 1892-93.

S.S.I. circle

With order