(1) பக்கங்களின் எண்ணிக்கை 20

(2) புதுக்கித் திருப்பிய நாள் [illegible] '92

(3) ஆதாரங்குறிப்பவர் சுருக்கொப்பம்

தமிழ்நாடு ஆவணக் காப்பகம்.

தமிழ்நாடு அரசு

PWD துறை

86

அரசாணை எண்.
மு. கோப்புத் தாள் எண். 2042

அச்சகம்
பலவகை

நாள் : 22-7-1882 198 .

மடிக்கவோ கண்டபடி கையாளவோ கூடாது

Ck. 10 Sheets

ஆவண, கா-1—18,006—15-6-87.

Code Class. DS INDIAN TELEGRAPHS. 02623

To (Office) Madras

From (Office) Bezwada

Words.	Day.	Hour.	Minute.	Official Instructions.
22/4	6	14	15	PD

To (Person) Madras works Chepauk

From (Person) S. Engr 2nd Circle

Your memo 3238 C. first instant no additional famine establishment required

204 2/1

64 Word Form.

F.C.2

From	I.N.	Sent to	I.N.	
Hrs. Mts. by		At Hrs. Mts. by		Telegraph Master.

[illegible]

MADRAS 6-P.92

2042
2

Copy of the remarks of His Excellency the Governor.

I think the remarks of the Board should be made known to the Department of Public works as when the Engineer found Punganur (Mr Lacy I believe) goes to Nekare, he will have to be cautioned as to the injudicious granting of first class wages.

(Intd) W
6th July.

Board of Revenue (Rev. Sett., L. Rds. and Agri.), 22nd June 1892, No. 451.

204 2/3

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE
(Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture).

Mr. Clogstoun.

Read—the following fortnightly narrative of the Punganúr Division for the period ending 15th June 1892 from the Special Deputy Collector of North Arcot, dated Sankaroyelpet, 16th June 1892:—

State of country—*Standing crops.*—Sugarcane and betel-vines under wells are generally in a fair condition. The rainfall registered at Punganúr during the fortnight aggregated 2·8 inches, of which 1·7 inches fell on the evening of the 2nd June 1892. The fall to the west of Punganúr was even heavier, it being heaviest in the Chempakur valley. The tanks there were, as already reported, filled in two hours on the 2nd June. The fall at Ramasamudram, 5 miles to the south of Chempakur, was not so good. Owing to prolonged drought the ground has since absorbed a good deal of the water received. About 70 tanks have received from ·10 to 60 days' supply. The rainfall to the east of Punganúr is still deficient and the tanks there have generally not yet received any supply.

Fodder.—Dry fodder continues to be dear, but grass is coming up and pasture is improving.

Water-supply.—Sufficient to commence wet cultivation in the Chempakur valley and under some of the tanks to the west of Punganúr: generally sufficient for drinking purposes everywhere, though in some places water has still to be baled out from wells for cattle.

Agricultural operations.—Baling water to the standing crops under wells in places where the tanks have not yet received sufficient supply. Ploughing is actively going on all over the division. The lands have not been sown as yet excepting a short extent in which cumbu has been sown in the neighbourhood of Chempakur and Ramasamudram. Ragi, which is very extensively cultivated in this division, will be sown after "Arudra Kartikei," which comes on the 19th instant. The best season for sowing ragi is said to be within one month after that date. Ryots will have enough to do till then, as the fields have to be well ploughed four or five times and the manure carted and spread. A good rain will, of course, be wanted before sowing. The work of ploughing, and the carriage and spread of manure is now chiefly done by the ryots themselves or the members of their families.

Cattle.—Stall-fed cattle in good condition. The rest will improve with the growth of pasture. Owing to the great demand for ploughing there has been a sharp rise in the price of cattle fit for the work.

General remarks.—The rainfall on the 2nd instant has dispelled all gloom.

Condition of people—*On works.*—Generally good.

In villages.—Generally good.

Mortality.—There were 48 deaths from cholera at Cusbah Punganúr, Kandur, Kilpatla and Gongivaripalle during the fortnight. The epidemic, which was very bad at the Malapoliem at Punganúr, has since abated.

Sickness.—Fever, dysentery and cough in parts.

Remarks.—Nil.

Relief measures.—

STATEMENT showing the number of coolies on relief works on the 11th June 1892.

Names of works.	Men.	Nursing women.	Other women.	Children.	Total.
1. Construction of road from Ramasamudram to Chempakur and Cuddapah frontier	121	20	103	41	285
2. Repair of road from Punganúr to Sankaroyelpet and Palmanér-Kolar road	218	65	323	188	794
3. Repair of road from Punganúr to Choudepalle..	138	71	173	138	520
4. Deepening of wells	74	..	23	..	97
Total ..	551	156	622	367	1,696

Information regarding the works started by the Zemindar of Punganúr in view to afford employment to coolies has not been sent by the zemindar as in the last week.

Village relief.—None.

Poor houses.—Two women and 46 children—total 48—were fed at the kitchen at Ramasamudram on the 11th instant.

Cases of death from starvation.—None.

Remarks.—The total numbers employed on the relief works, which rose to 2,031 on the 4th June 1892, have fallen to 1,696 on the 11th idem. The falling off was mainly on the road from Punganúr to Palmanér-Kolar road. The numbers on this work have fallen from 1,003 to 794. It was mainly due to a cholera scare, 3 coolies having died from cholera during the last week, and to the return of some coolies, numbering about 150, who had come to the work from the adjoining Mysore villages. There has been no decrease at all on the road from Ramasamudram to Cuddapah frontier, a tract where the rainfall was heaviest. The only agricultural operation now going on on a large scale is ploughing. As already stated, it is chiefly done by the ryots themselves. Of the poor ryots already on the relief works, some absented themselves only for a few days and then returned to the works. It may be noted that of the 1,599 coolies on the three main relief road works, 285 earned 1st-class wages and the rest 2nd-class wages.

Grain-supply.—Private trade active in rice. It is imported from Madras and Vellore. No reliable information is available regarding the quantity imported.

Known or estimated stock.—The stock of ragi, the staple food-grain of the masses in the division, is believed to be fairly large.

State of market.—The price of ragi has, as expected, fallen from 15·12 to 16·8 imperial measures per rupee. That of second-sort rice is stationary. It continues to sell at 8·46 imperial measures per rupee.

Remarks.—Nil.

The following statement shows the transactions under loans in the Punganúr division up to the 15th June 1892:—

Taluk.	Purpose of loan.	Applications accepted up to 15th May 1892.		Loans disbursed up to 15th May 1892.		Applications pending at the end of the period.		Wells.	
		Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Constructed.	Under construction.
			RS.		RS.		RS.		
Punganúr	Well-sinking or repairing.	73	10,750	58	6,937½	78	12,535		58

Of the 78 cases pending, 74 are under one month. In 15 cases which had been recently accepted, notices have been sent to the parties concerned and payments will be made on their appearance.

The new Special Revenue Inspector only joined Punganúr on the 8th June 1892. The Deputy Tahsildar was not in a fit state of health to go far from head-quarters during the greater part of the fortnight. He has applied for a year's furlough. I have got almost all the pending cases posted for local inquiry and hope to get them completed before the end of the current month.

Endorsement by W. J. H. LE FANU, Esq., Collector of North Arcot, dated Gudiyátam, 19th June 1892, Ref. on No. 3798-Gl. Eng.

Forwarded to the Secretary to the Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture.

2. The rain which fell at the commencement of the month was not general throughout the zemindari. The fall was heavy in the western parts of the division and has enabled the ryots to commence ploughing.

3. From the cattle mortality returns for May 1892, it is found that 406 heads of cattle died of starvation in this zemindari alone.

4. Seventy-three applications for Rs. 10,750 were accepted and payment was made in 58 cases. There are, at the end of the fortnight, 78 applications pending disposal. Of the pending cases, 74 are reported to be under one month. Wells are being constructed in all the cases in which loans have been disbursed. The Special Revenue Inspector appointed in connection with the loans having been attacked with cholera, some time elapsed before his substitute could join, and the progress of loan work was a little retarded. The Deputy Collector will now be able to expedite the disposal of the pending cases as the substitute has since joined.

5. The weather is still hopeful, and if a few more good showers fall, the prospects in the division will improve very considerably.

RESOLUTION—dated 22nd June 1892, No. 451.

Submitted for the information of Government.

2. The good rainfall of the 2nd current, alluded to in Board's Proceedings, dated 13th June 1892, No. 423, has since been followed by more rain, 1·55 inches having been registered on the 18th and 4·65 inches on the 20th current, so that the rainfall already registered during June (9·2 inches) far exceeds any fall registered during the month during the past 19 years. The first rain mentioned enabled the ryots to plough their land, and the later falls have come most propitiously for sowing. They should have filled the tanks as well. Before the later rains fell grass was already springing up, and ample pasturage should soon be available.

	INCHES.
April and May—	
Average ...	3·35
1892	1·30
June—	
Average ...	1·86
1892, up to 20th	9·20
July—	
Average expected	2·49

3. The price of ragi and rice have both been stationary since the beginning of the month, but that of ragi is 10 per cent. below the average price in last May, as noted on the margin, though still, more than double the normal rate for the month.

			Seers of 80 tolas per rupee.	
			Rice.	Ragi.
1892	May—Average	...	8·5	15·1
	June	4th ...	8·5	16·8
		18th ...	8·5	16·8
	June	Normal ...	16·7	40·7
		1877 ..	6·8	7·3

4. There was some cholera in a few villages during the period, but the outbreak has subsided and otherwise the condition of the people is satisfactory. The numbers

Numbers on gratuitous relief.

Average—May ...	52
June 4th	52
„ 18th	44

Numbers on relief works.

Average—May	1,514
June 4th	2,031
„ 18th ...	1,703

on gratuitous relief show a small decrease. The numbers resorting to the relief works rose to 2,031 on the 4th, but on the latest date had fallen again to 1,703. The falling off is attributed to a cholera scare and occurred on one road only. So far there has not been much field work for ordinary labourers, as the work of ploughing, which alone has been proceeding, is done by the ryots themselves. Now that so much rain has fallen, work under the tanks should begin to absorb labour, and it may be possible to close the relief works before long. In the meanwhile the Commissioner considers that the maximum wages that should be allowed on the works should be the second-class wage. The grant of a higher wage is sufficient to encourage labourers to remain on the works who might, if they tried, find labour elsewhere, and the Commissioner is further satisfied from inspections of labourers resorting to the works that they are not "ordinary" labourers of the Public Works Department or skilled labourers accustomed to manual labour of the kind demanded as described in section 19 of the Madras Famine Code, and they are not able to turn out the full day's task of such able-bodied labourers. The grant to them therefore of first-class wage is contrary to the intentions of the Famine Code and can only be accounted for by the fact that an unduly low task is imposed.

5. The small numbers employed on relief works which are not now likely to increase renders it undesirable that the large Public Works staff should be any longer maintained at its present strength. Besides the deepening of wells for drinking purposes which the recent rain will render now unnecessary, there are only three small works on which there are respectively 285, 794 and 520 labourers, and these can be efficiently supervised by two overseers under the general orders of the Special Deputy Collector. The Assistant Engineer and the other two overseers may be at once relieved, and the Commissioner requests that their services may be placed temporarily at the disposal of the Collector of Nellore for employment on the works at Tadwaripalle and Vemulapad in the Podili taluk, and that they be directed to join at Tadwaripalle, about 10 miles from Cumbum, at an early date. There has, during the last three weeks, been an increase of upwards of 10,000 * in the numbers employed in the Podili taluk, and the Collector must be in urgent need of additional assistance.

* May 28th ...	[illegible]
„ 18th	17,335

6. The progress made in loan operations for well-sinking was greater than in the previous fortnight. It was as follows:—

Loans—	Number.	Amount.
		RS.
Granted	21	2,635
Disbursed	9	898

At the end of the period 78 applications were pending for disposal, and now that the staff is again complete, it should be possible to dispose of them expeditiously.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) P. RAJARATNA MUDALIAR,
Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.
„ Collector of North Arcot.
Copy to the Chief Engineer.
„ „ Collector of Nellore.

Exd. W. H. French.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

1892.

Board of Revenue

(Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture),

MADRAS.

Printed June 29th.

Proceedings, 22nd June 1892, No. 451.

Rw E.1/7225/42

Submitting to Government, with remarks, fortnightly narrative of the Punganúr division for the period ending 15th June 1892.

11TH JULY 1892, No. 706, REVENUE.

2042/6

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture), dated 22nd June 1892, No. 451:—

MR. CLOGSTOUN.

Read—the following fortnightly narrative of the Punganúr Division for the period ending 15th June 1892 from the Special Deputy Collector of North Arcot, dated Sankaroyelpet, 16th June 1892:—

STATE OF COUNTRY—*Standing crops.*—Sugarcane and betel-vines under wells are generally in a fair condition. The rainfall registered at Punganúr during the fortnight aggregated 2·8 inches, of which 1·7 inches fell on the evening of the 2nd June 1892. The fall to the west of Punganúr was even heavier, it being heaviest in the Chempakur valley. The tanks there were, as already reported, filled in two hours on the 2nd June. The fall at Ramasamudram, 5 miles to the south of Chempakur, was not so good. Owing to prolonged drought the ground has since absorbed a good deal of the water received. About 70 tanks have received from 10 to 60 days' supply. The rainfall to the east of Punganúr is still deficient and the tanks there have generally not yet received any supply.

Fodder.—Dry fodder continues to be dear, but grass is coming up and pasture is improving.

Water-supply.—Sufficient to commence wet cultivation in the Chempakur valley and under some of the tanks to the west of Punganúr: generally sufficient for drinking purposes everywhere, though in some places water has still to be baled out from wells for cattle.

Agricultural operations.—Baling water to the standing crops under wells in places where the tanks have not yet received sufficient supply. Ploughing is actively going on all over the division. The lands have not been sown as yet excepting a short extent in which cumbu has been sown in the neighbourhood of Chempakur and Ramasamudram. Ragi, which is very extensively cultivated in this division, will be sown after "Arudra Kartikei," which comes on the 19th instant. The best season for sowing ragi is said to be within one month after that date. Ryots will have enough to do till then, as the fields have to be well ploughed four or five times and the manure carted and spread. A good rain will, of course, be wanted before sowing. The work of ploughing, and the carriage and spread of manure is now chiefly done by the ryots themselves or the members of their families.

Cattle.—Stall-fed cattle in good condition. The rest will improve with the growth of pasture. Owing to the great demand for ploughing there has been a sharp rise in the price of cattle fit for the work.

General remarks.—The rainfall on the 2nd instant has dispelled all gloom.

CONDITION OF PEOPLE—*On works.*—Generally good.

In villages.—Generally good.

Mortality.—There were 48 deaths from cholera at Cusbah Punganúr, Kundur, Kilpatla and Gongivaripalle during the fortnight. The epidemic, which was very bad at the Malapoliem at Punganúr, has since abated.

Sickness.—Fever, dysentery and cough in parts.

Remarks.—Nil.

Relief measures.—

STATEMENT showing the number of coolies on relief works on the 11th June 1892.

Names of works.	Men.	Nursing women.	Other women.	Children.	Total.
1. Construction of road from Ramasamudram to Chempakur and Cuddapah frontier	121	20	103	41	285
2. Repair of road from Punganúr to Sankaroyelpet and Palmanér-Kolar road	218	65	323	188	794
3. Repair of road from Punganúr to Choudepalle..	138	71	173	138	520
4. Deepening of wells	74	..	23	..	97
Total ..	551	156	622	367	1,696

Information regarding the works started by the Zemindar of Punganúr in view to afford employment to coolies has not been sent by the zemindar as in the last week.

Village relief.—None.

Poor houses.—Two women and 46 children—total 48—were fed at the kitchen at Ramasamudram on the 11th instant.

Cases of death from starvation.—None.

Remarks.—The total numbers employed on the relief works, which rose to 2,031 on the 4th June 1892, have fallen to 1,696 on the 11th idem. The falling off was mainly on the road from Punganúr to Palmanér-Kolar road. The numbers on this work have fallen from 1,003 to 794. It was mainly due to a cholera scare, 3 coolies having died from cholera during the last week, and to the return of some coolies, numbering about 150, who had come to the work from the adjoining Mysore villages. There has been no decrease at all on the road from Ramasamudram to Cuddapah frontier, a tract where the rainfall was heaviest. The only agricultural operation now going on on a large scale is ploughing. As already stated, it is chiefly done by the ryots themselves. Of the poor ryots already on the relief works, some absented themselves only for a few days and then returned to the works. It may be noted that of the 1,599 coolies on the three main relief road works, 285 earned 1st-class wages and the rest 2nd-class wages.

Grain-supply.—Private trade active in rice. It is imported from Madras and Vellore. No reliable information is available regarding the quantity imported.

Known or estimated stock.—The stock of ragi, the staple food-grain of the masses in the division, is believed to be fairly large.

State of market.—The price of ragi has, as expected, fallen from 1[illegible] to 16·8 imperial measures per rupee. That of second-sort rice is stationary. It continues to sell at 8·46 imperial measures per rupee.

Remarks.—Nil.

The following statement shows the transactions under loans in the Punganúr division up to the 15th June 1892:—

Taluk.	Purpose of loan.	Applications accepted up to 15th May 1892.		Loans disbursed up to 15th May 1892.		Applications pending at the end of the period.		Wells	
		Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Constructed.	Under construction.
			RS.		RS.		RS.		
Punganúr	Well-sinking or repairing.	73	10,750	58	6,937½	78	12,535	..	58

Of the 78 cases pending, 74 are under one month. In 15 cases which had been recently accepted, notices have been sent to the parties concerned and payments will be made on their appearance.

2d/2/7

The new Special Revenue Inspector only joined Punganúr on the 8th June 1892. The Deputy Tahsildar was not in a fit state of health to go far from head-quarters during the greater part of the fortnight. He has applied for a year's furlough. I have got almost all the pending cases posted for local inquiry and hope to get them completed before the end of the current month.

Endorsement by W. J. H. LE FANU, Esq., Collector of North Arcot, dated Gudiyátam, 19th June 1892, Ref. on No. 3798-Gl. Eng.

Forwarded to the Secretary to the Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture.

2. The rain which fell at the commencement of the month was not general throughout the zemindari. The fall was heavy in the western parts of the division and has enabled the ryots to commence ploughing.

3. From the cattle mortality returns for May 1892, it is found that 406 heads of cattle died of starvation in this zemindari alone.

4. Seventy-three applications for Rs. 10,750 were accepted and payment was made in 58 cases. There are, at the end of the fortnight, 78 applications pending disposal. Of the pending cases, 74 are reported to be under one month. Wells are being constructed in all the cases in which loans have been disbursed. The Special Revenue Inspector appointed in connection with the loans having been attacked with cholera, some time elapsed before his substitute could join, and the progress of loan work was a little retarded. The Deputy Collector will now be able to expedite the disposal of the pending cases as the substitute has since joined.

5. The weather is still hopeful, and if a few more good showers fall, the prospects in the division will improve very considerably.

Resolution—dated 22nd June 1892, No. 451.

Submitted for the information of Government.

2. The good rainfall of the 2nd current, alluded to in Board's Proceedings, dated 13th June 1892, No. 423, has since been followed by more rain, 1·55 inches having been registered on the 18th and 4·65 inches on the 20th current, so that the rainfall already registered during June (9·2 inches) far exceeds any fall registered during the month during the past 19 years. The first rain mentioned enabled the ryots to plough their land, and the later falls have come most propitiously for sowing. They should have filled the tanks as well. Before the later rains fell grass was already springing up, and ample pasturage should soon be available.

	INCHES.
April and May—	
Average ...	3·35
1892	1·30
June—	
Average ...	1·86
1892, up to 20th	9·20
July—	
Average expected	2·49

3. The price of ragi and rice have both been stationary since the beginning of the month, but that of ragi is 10 per cent. below the average price in last May, as noted on the margin, though still, more than double the normal rate for the month.

			Seers of 80 tolas per rupee.	
			Rice.	Ragi.
1892	May—Average ...		8·5	15·1
	June	4th ...	8·5	16·8
		18th ...	8·5	16·8
June	Normal ...		16·7	40·7
	1877 ..		6·8	7·3

4. There was some cholera in a few villages during the period, but the outbreak has subsided and otherwise the condition of the people is satisfactory. The numbers

Numbers on gratuitous relief.

Average—May	52
June 4th	52
„ 18th	44

Numbers on relief works.

Average—May	1,514
June 4th	2,031
„ 18th	1,703

on gratuitous relief show a small decrease. The numbers resorting to the relief works rose to 2,031 on the 4th, but on the latest date had fallen again to 1,703. The falling off is attributed to a cholera scare and occurred on one road only. So far there has not been much field work for ordinary labourers, as the work of ploughing, which alone has been proceeding, is done by the ryots themselves. Now that so much rain has fallen, work under the tanks should begin to absorb labour, and it may be possible to close the relief works before long. In the meanwhile the Commissioner considers that the maximum wages that should be allowed on the works should be the second-class wage. The grant of a higher wage is sufficient to encourage labourers to remain on the works who might, if they tried, find labour elsewhere, and the Commissioner is further satisfied from inspections of labourers resorting to the works that they are not "ordinary" labourers of the Public Works Department or skilled labourers accustomed to manual labour of the kind demanded as described in section 19 of the Madras Famine Code, and they are not able to turn out the full day's task of such able-bodied labourers. The grant to them therefore of first-class wage is contrary to the intentions of the Famine Code and can only be accounted for by the fact that an unduly low task is imposed.

5. The small numbers employed on relief works which are not now likely to increase renders it undesirable that the large Public Works staff should be any longer maintained at its present strength. Besides the deepening of wells for drinking purposes which the recent rain will render now unnecessary, there are only three small works on which there are respectively 285, 794 and 520 labourers, and these can be efficiently supervised by two overseers under the general orders of the Special Deputy Collector. The Assistant Engineer and the other two overseers may be at once relieved, and the Commissioner requests that their services may be placed temporarily at the disposal of the Collector of Nellore for employment on the works at Tadwaripalle and Vemulapad in the Podili taluk, and that they be directed to join at Tadwaripalle, about 10 miles from Cumbum, at an early date. There has, during the last three weeks, been an increase of upwards of 10,000 * in the numbers employed in the Podili taluk, and the Collector must be in urgent need of additional assistance.

* May 28th	7,187
June 18th	17,355

6. The progress made in loan operations for well-sinking was greater than in the previous fortnight. It was as follows:—

	Number.	Amount.
Loans—		RS.
Granted	21	2,635
Disbursed	9	898

At the end of the period 78 applications were pending for disposal, and now that the staff is again complete, it should be possible to dispose of them expeditiously.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) P. RAJARATNA MUDALIAR,
Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.
„ Collector of North Arcot.
Copy to the Chief Engineer.
„ „ Collector of Nellore.

ORDER—dated 11th July 1892, No. 706, Revenue.

Miscellaneous.

Recorded.

2. The Government concurs in the remarks in the latter part of paragraph 4 of the Board's Proceedings read above.

3. Paragraph 5 of the Proceedings will be considered in the Public Works Department.

(True Extract.)

Secretary to Government.

To the Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture.
„ the Public Works Department, with copy of the remarks of His Excellency the Governor. [illegible]

Exd. A. Aubert.

70 Copies.

P. W. CURRENT No. 7225

Govt. of {1892} Madras.

REVENUE.

Issued

Recd. Encl.

Regr 23 VII 92

G.O., 11th July 1892, No. 706.

JULY.

W 8598

B 2469 W

1-9-92

Season, North Arcot.

Board's Proceedings submitting fortnightly narrative of the Punganúr division for the period ending 15th June 1892, recorded with remarks.

12 W 22-7-92

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read—Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Department of Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture), dated 22nd June 1892 No. 451 (Copy attached)

Subject:—

Order thereon, 11th July 1892 No. 706

RECORDED.

2. The Government concurs in the remarks in the latter part of para 4 of the Board's Proceedings read above.

3. Para 5 of the Proceedings will be considered in the Public Works department.

(True Extract.)

Secretary to Government.

To the Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture.

P. W. Dept with copy of remarks of H. E. the Governor

P. W. CURRENT No. 7225

Govt. of {1892} Madras.

REVENUE.

To

The Public Works Deptt

Dated }
Recd. 13-VIII-92 }

Encl. 2

~~Mis.~~ G.O. 11 July 1891, No. 706

SUBJECT.

Recording with remark B.P. submg fortnightly narrative of the Punganur Dn. for the period ending 15th June 1892.

No. 3333.C. d/ 1st July 1892.
" 3374.C. d/ 4th July 1892
" 518 W d/ 18-2-92.

No. 2042 W d/22-7-92

R20·7·92

No. 2042 W d/22nd July 1892

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following

of the Board of Revenue No. 451 d/22-6-92.
ram from the Supdg. Engineer II Circle d/6-7-92
in the Revenue Department No. 706 d/11-7-92

HES 19/7

Communicated to the Supdg. Engineer IV Circle who will draw the attention of the Assistant Engineer in Charge of Famine Relief Works in Punganur to the remarks in the latter part of para 4 of the Revenue Board's Proceedings

2. With reference to para 5 of the Board's Proceedings, it is observed that the services of the Assistant Engineer are urgently required in the North Arcot Division and are not available for transfer to Nellore

the conditions
And that ~~the Superintending~~ of the latter District ~~Engineer II Circle~~ reports there is at present that no additional establishment is required therein for Relief Works ~~in Vellore~~

The Famine works in the Punganur Zamindary will be supervised by two upper subordinates under the orders of the Executive Engineer North Arcot Division, and the Supdg. Engineer IV Circle will submit proposals for the employment of the remaining Upper Subordinates now in the Zamindary.

S 14/7

OWB 15-7-92

[illegible] Punganur
will probably be [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

O 14/7

old 10-7
14/7 [illegible]

No. 2042 w of 22nd July 1892

[illegible]

S 22/7

If the works [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

S.E. IV Circle
S.E. II Circle
Rev: Department.

D 22/7

S 23/7 J.C. 23/7