(1) பக்கங்களின் எண்ணிக்கை 44

(2) புதுக்கித் திருப்பிய நாள் 8/92

(3) ஆதாரங்குறிப்பவர் சுருக்கொப்பம்

தமிழ்நாடு ஆவணக் காப்பகம்.

தமிழ்நாடு அரசு

PWD துறை

81

அரசாணை எண்.
மு. கோப்புத் தாள் எண். 2035-36

அச்சகம்
பலவகை

நாள் : 22-7-1892 198 .

மடிக்கவோ கண்டபடி கையாளவோ கூடாது

22 Sheets

ஆவண. கா-1—18,000—15-6-87.

2035/36/4

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General.
Establishment.

READ—the following paper :—

Office-note from the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, dated Madras, 6th July 1892, No. 13 A.

Now that the scale of pay of accountants is to be assimilated to that of Upper subordinates, with whom they hold equivalent rank (*vide* Government of India Public Works Department Code, volume I, chapter I, para. 18), I beg to submit, for the orders of Government, the question as to the rate of Presidency allowance to be granted to them from the date on which the new scale comes into force.

2. Under the Government of India Code, volume I, chapter I, para. 30, Upper subordinates of every grade, including overseers on Rs. 60 a month, may receive Rs. 50 a month as Presidency allowance, but I do not propose this for the three lowest grades of accountants. What I do propose is the following scale :—

		Rs.
Accountants, 1st grade	... ...	50
,, 2nd ,,	... ...	50
,, 3rd ,,	... ...	50
,, 4th ,,	... ...	50
,, 5th ,,	... ...	30
,, 6th ,,	... ...	30
,, 7th ,,	... ...	20
,, 8th ,,	... ...	

but I do not intend to recommend the grant of the full amount in every case.

3. The order of the Government of Bengal, based on the note to para. 30 of the rule quoted in the preceding paragraph, is that no native of Lower Bengal gets *anything* in the way of Presidency allowance, and it appears to me desirable that a corresponding rule should be introduced here. At present the full amount admissible is granted indiscriminately to every one, and it is practically looked upon as a right.

4. This was never intended (*vide* Government of India Public Works Department Code, volume I, chapter I, para. 31), and, in future, I propose to submit such particulars regarding each applicant as will enable Government to decide whether the allowance should be disallowed or to what extent it should be granted, subject to the maxima proposed in para. 2 of this note.

5. Under the Government of India grading of accountants, accountants, first grade, are entitled to draw as Presidency allowance only "the difference between their salary and Rs. 400." The reason for this is that their pay being Rs. 350–20–450, they would, after their pay reached Rs. 425, draw more than a Sub-Engineer if they drew Presidency allowance. To make this perfectly clear, I would explain that a Sub-Engineer's pay being Rs. 400, the addition of Rs. 50 as Presidency allowance would give him only Rs. 450, whereas for one year the first-grade accountant would draw Rs. 425 + 50 = 475, and for ever after he would draw Rs. 450 + 50 = 500.

6. But as the pay of a first-grade accountant has now been levelled down to that of a Sub-Engineer with whom he corresponds in rank, he will be placed at a disadvantage if he does not receive the same amount of Presidency allowance as a Sub-Engineer does ; and I respectfully submit that, as the interests of the Sub-Engineer

are considered under the Government of India grading of accountants, simple equity requires that first-grade accountants should now be placed on an equal footing with Sub-Engineers in regard to this allowance.

7. This is the only part of my proposal which requires the sanction of the Government of India, and I trust that His Excellency the Governor in Council may be induced to give it full support.

Note by the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department.

It will be as well to consider the question of Presidency allowances for all subordinate grades, both of the Executive and Accounts branch, at the same time.

2. The allowances given to Upper subordinates by para. 30, chapter I of the India Code, are considerably larger than those granted by para. 519 of the Madras Code, except in the case of Sub-Engineers, and it is, therefore, open to this Government to adhere to the latter allowances if it chooses to do so.

3. There is certainly no necessity for granting such high allowances as the maximum rates mentioned in the India Code, and, to prevent misunderstanding and disappointment, it might be as well to notify that no more than the present allowances will be given if the Government agrees with the undersigned that these are sufficient.

4. On the other hand it does not seem desirable to withhold the grant of Presidency allowance altogether from natives of Madras as suggested by the Examiner in para. 4 of his note; Madras, though less expensive than Calcutta, is undoubtedly more so than the remainder of the Presidency, and in any case it is undesirable to introduce distinctions based upon caste or race.

5. Nor does the undersigned concur in the Examiner's suggestion in para. 4 that the amount of the allowance should depend upon a separate recommendation in each case, which would introduce an undesirable amount of uncertainty, and, under certain circumstances, a risk of favoritism.

6. A special order of Government for the grant of the allowance is required in each case, but the amount if granted should, in all ordinary cases, be a fixed quantity.

7. If the above principles be accepted, the amount of the allowance to accountants would naturally be the same as that to Upper subordinates receiving corresponding salaries, viz., to accountants of the (new)—

		Rs.
1st, 2nd, 3rd	grades as Sub-Engineers	50
4th, 5th	,, as Supervisors	30
6th, 7th, 8th	,, as Overseers	15

8. With regard to accountants of the first grade, the Examiner's arguments in paras. 5 and 6 appear sound, and there seems good grounds for a reference to the Government of India as suggested in para. 7.

MADRAS, 8th July 1892.

(Signed) J. PENNYCUICK, Colonel, R.E., Chief Engineer, P.W.D.

ORDER—dated 22nd July 1892, No. 2035 W., Public Works.

His Excellency the Governor in Council concurs in the opinion expressed in para. 3 of the Chief Engineer's note above recorded, and resolves that the rates of Presidency allowance prescribed in Madras Public Works Code, para. 519, for Upper subordinates shall continue in force on the introduction of the Government of India Code.

2035/36

2. As the rates of pay for the subordinate accounts establishment have been assimilated * with those drawn by the Upper subordinate establishment, corresponding rates of Presidency allowances will be granted to the former as recommended in para. 7 of the Chief Engineer's note.

* G.O., No. 1937 W., dated 5th July 1892.

3. The Government agrees with the views contained in paras. 4 and 5 of the Chief Engineer's note. The rates of Presidency allowance now authorised will accordingly be drawn in every case in which the grant of the allowance is sanctioned by Government.

4. The Government of India will be addressed on the subject of the grant of Presidency allowance to first-grade accountants.

(Here enter No. 2036 W., Public Works, dated 22nd July 1892.)

(True Extract.)

Major, R.E.,
Under-Secy. to Govt., P.W.D.

To the Examiner, Public Works Accounts.
,, the Chief Engineer for Irrigation.
,, Superintending Engineers.
,, the Consulting Architect to Government.
,, the Superintendent of Works, Periyár Project.

Exd. S. J. Pereira.
Spare Copies

GENERAL.
ESTABLISHMENT.

Govt. of {1892} Madras.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Dated July, 22nd.

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 22nd July 1892, No. 2035 W.

JULY.

Presidency Allowance

Passing orders regarding the rates of — admissible to Upper subordinates and the subordinate accounts establishment.

2035-36
6/13

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General.
Establishment.

LETTER—from

COLONEL J. PENNYCUICK, R.E.,
Secretary to the Government of Madras,
Public Works Department,

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

SIR,

I am directed to submit the following question for the consideration of the Government of India.

2. Under para. 30, chapter I, Public Works Code, the amount of Presidency allowance to accountants of the first grade is restricted to the difference between their salary and Rs. 400 apparently because their pay eventually rises to Rs. 450 per mensem by increments. As, however, under the proposals submitted with my letter No. 1938 W., dated 5th July 1892, the pay of accountants, first grade, will be fixed at Rs. 400, this Government considers that they should be placed on the same footing with respect to Presidency allowances as Sub-Engineers, first grade, with whom they correspond in rank. I am, therefore, directed to request the sanction of the Government of India to the grant of Presidency allowance at Rs. 50 per mensem to first-grade accountants in addition to their fixed pay of Rs. 400 per mensem.

3. I am to add that this Government is of opinion that the rates of Presidency allowance in para. 519 of the Madras Public Works Code for Upper subordinates are sufficient to meet local circumstances and has decided to continue those rates on the introduction of the Government of India Code. Corresponding rates will be allowed to the subordinate accounts establishment whose salaries have been assimilated to those drawn by Upper subordinates.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Colonel, R.E.,
Secretary to Govt., P.W.D.

OOTACAMUND,
22nd July 1892.

Exd. S. J. Pereira.
Spare Copies

A 2053-32

GENERAL.
ESTABLISHMENT.

Govt. of {1892} Madras.

PUBLIC WORKS.

2035-36/7

Dated July, 1892.

Read

22nd July 1892, No. 2036 W.

JULY.

Presidency Allowance

The Government of India addressed regarding the grant of — to Accountants of the first grade.

8TH MAY 1888, No. 1353 W., PUBLIC WORKS.

2035-36/7

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General.
Establishment.

LETTER—from

COLONEL J. O. HASTED, R.E.,
Secretary to the Government of Madras,
Public Works Department,

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

SIR,

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 598 G., dated 10th March 1888, forwarding copy of a note by the Finance Committee, and inquiring with reference thereto whether there is any objection to the abolition of the Presidency allowance drawn by certain officers of the Public Works Department in Madras.

2. It is stated in para. 2 of your letter that when Presidency allowance was first sanctioned, it was not considered essential by the Government of Madras, who adopted *in lieu* a conveyance allowance for the officers employed at the Presidency Town and at Bangalore, and that the latter allowance was continued up to 1881, when the scale of Calcutta Presidency allowance was adopted. This statement of the case does not, I am to say, seem quite accurate. Presidency allowance was introduced at Calcutta and Bombay in 1865, while carriage allowance to officers in Madras was drawn prior to 1863 as a part of consolidated salary and, thereafter, as a separate allowance, in accordance with the re-organisation scheme sanctioned in G.O. No. 1599, dated 18th June 1863 (copy attached for reference). The grant of Presidency allowance on the present scale came into effect at Madras in 1879, and not 1881. *Vide* G.O. No. 1263 W., dated 1st May 1879.

Key F

3. It is observed that the Finance Committee propose to retain the Presidency allowance in Calcutta and Bombay, while abolishing it at Madras. They say, "We have satisfied ourselves that the cost of living in Madras (apart from that of house-rent) is not necessarily greater than that of living in the mofussil."

4. From information which has been laid before him, His Excellency the Governor in Council is disposed to think that the cost of living in Madras, to officers of the classes affected, is by no means less expensive than in Calcutta or Bombay: while as compared with the mofussil, there are many extra items of expenditure which an officer stationed in the Presidency town cannot avoid, and it is always necessary, on account of the very great distance between the Public offices and residences in Madras, for an officer to keep a carriage while in the mofussil, the horses which an officer keeps for travelling, and for which he pays out of travelling allowance, can be used. It must also be remembered that officers of the Public Works Department stationed at Madras draw only the pay of their rank, unlike Civilians whose

offices are specially paid. Apart therefore from the Presidency allowance, the selection of an officer of the Public Works Department for duty in Madras would entail on him pecuniary loss by depriving him of all travelling allowances, and if the Presidency allowance is to be done away, it will become necessary to attract the best men to the Secretariat and other posts in Madras by attaching special salaries to those appointments.

5. It is assumed in the Resolution of the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 1705, dated 30th March 1888, that an officer's salary is supposed to include the cost of keeping up such means of conveyance as are requisite for his ordinary duties, if he is of the same standing as persons who in this country ordinarily use such means of conveyance; but I am to point out that there can be no doubt that carriage hire costs much more in Madras than in the mofussil. The Presidency allowance of an Assistant Engineer will not pay the monthly hire of an office carriage, which at Madras is from Rs. 65 to Rs. 75 per mensem. Granting that conveyance allowances, as such, are not claimable, the extra expenditure entailed on officers on this account when transferred to the Presidency town may, in the opinion of His Excellency the Governor in Council, be properly considered when judging whether "the cost of living in Madras is not necessarily greater (paragraph 42 of Mr. S. Jacob's note) than that of living in the mofussil."

6. For these reasons, His Excellency the Governor in Council is unable to accept the conclusion at which the Finance Committee have arrived, and sees no reason why Public Works officers in Madras should be treated differently in the matter of Presidency allowance from those stationed in Calcutta or Bombay.

7. The Government of India will, I am to say, be separately addressed on the subject of the Presidency allowances withdrawn from officers of the Survey Department stationed in Madras.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

(Signed) J. O. HASTED, Colonel, R.E.,
Secretary to Govt., P.W.D.

OOTACAMUND,
8th May 1888.

Exd. F. R. Bantleman.
Spare Copies

GENERAL
ESTABLISHMENT.

2035-36/1-

Govt. of [1888] Madras.

PUBLIC WORKS.

2035-36/2

Dated May, 8th.

Recd. *Encl.*

8th May 1888, No. 1353 W.

MAY.

Presidency Allowance

Expressing inability to accept the decision of the Finance Committee considering that — should be abolished at Madras.

2035-36/3

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General.
Establishment.

READ—the following letter from Colonel R. C. B. PEMBERTON, R.E., Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department (General), to the Secretary to the Government of Madras, Public Works Department, dated Calcutta, 10th March 1888, No. 598 G.:—

In forwarding herewith copy of a note by the Finance Committee on the subject of Presidency allowance and house-rent, I am directed to state that the Government of India agrees with the Finance Committee in considering that Presidency allowance (not house-rent) should be abolished at Madras.

2. It is observed that when Presidency allowance was originally sanctioned, the Government of Madras was informed that it could adopt the rule or not according to its option. Apparently the rule was not adopted, but, in lieu of the allowance, a conveyance allowance of Rs. 50 a-month was sanctioned for officers employed at the Presidency Town and for Executive and Assistant Engineers at Bangalore. This conveyance allowance at Madras seems to have continued up to 1881, when the Madras Code of Regulations of that year was issued in which the scale of Calcutta Presidency allowance was embodied. Under the circumstances, it would appear that the allowance was not originally considered essential, and this quite agrees with the conclusion arrived at by the Finance Committee.

3. I am, therefore, to inquire whether His Excellency the Governor will offer any objection to the allowance being abolished, with effect from the 1st April 1888.

4. An early reply is requested.

ORDER—dated 8th May 1888, No. 1352 W., Public Works.

Ordered that the Government of India be addressed:—

(Here enter No. 1353 W., dated 8th May 1888.)

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. O. HASTED, Colonel, R.E.,
Secretary to Govt., P.W.D.

To the Financial Department, with copy of letter
and with special reference to para. 7.

Exd. F. R. Bantleman.
Spare Copies

GENERAL.
ESTABLISHMENT.

Govt. of {1888} Madras.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Dated May, 8th.

Read. *Encl.*

G.O., 8th May 1888, No. 1352 W.

MAY.

Presidency Allowance

Ordered that the Government of India be addressed on the subject of the abolition of —— to officers of the Madras Public Works Department.

P.

READ the following:—

Office Note from the Ex. Engr. No. 13 dt/6. VII. 92

Note by the Chief Engineer P.W.D. dt/8 VII. 92

FOR ORDERS.

additions

P. W. Dept.

Note for the Hon'ble Member

2353/36

2355/36

With reference to the Hon'ble Members final remarks on the enclosed Chief Engineers Note, it is explained that under existing rules the pay of a first grade Accountant begins at Rs 350/- and rises to Rs 450/- by annual increments of Rs 20/- Seeing as the Accountants pay is below Rs 400 he draws as Presidency allowance the difference between that amount & his pay - When his pay goes beyond Rs 400/- he draws no Presidency allowance, but rises by increments to Rs 450/-

A Subdivisional 1st Grade draws a fixed pay of Rs 400/- and receives Rs 50/- in addition while serving

The practical result, as a 1st grade Accountant is seen, obtains in the Secretariat offices, is that he begins on Rs 400, and after three years rises by one increment of Rs 20, and then of Rs 20, to Rs 450-

at the Presidency. He is thus for a time in a better position than the Accountant.

Under the new scale of pay for the Accounts Establishment, the pay of a 1st Grade Accountant will be fixed at Rs 400; and the Grant of Rs 50/- Presidency allowance will place him on the same footing as the Subhadjmun.

Draft Proceedings submitted for approval.

H.C.

Please have the accslips connected with the Hr orders on our Current No 6977 returned to the original Memit which was from press. By a mistake in this office they were not replaced when the bales were going ebt to Madras.

(C. No. 1201.)

GOVT. MADRAS. } 1892. { P. W. DEPT.

EXAMINER, P. W. ACCOUNTS.

Madras, 6th July 1892.

OFFICE NOTE No.

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the Subordinate

Draft Proceedings
submitted for approval

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6977

(C. No. 1301/5)

For orders -

In the Madras Pilot
Code, the rate of Pay, ad
for upper subordinates are
Rs 15- for Overseers, Rs 30
for Supervisors & Rs 50
for Sub Engineers. In
the Public Code all upper
subordinates are treated
together & are allowed
Rs 50 -

In the Engineering
Subordinate Scale, all the
Assistants down to the
grade corresponding with
Supervisors 2nd grade are
provided for Rs 50 -
those corresponding with
Overseers 1st & 2nd grades for
Rs 30, and those
corresponding with Overseers
3rd grade for Rs 20.

In the Public
Code Overseers get from
Rs 1 from, the question
will probably arise
as to what rate of
Pay will be given
for Sub Engineers

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the Subordinates.

Draft Proceedings
submitted for approval

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limit. If they are to be
fixed on the same footing
as Madras or proposed
for Accountants, extra
expenses will be involved,
of this point might perhaps
be kept in view in dealing
with the present question.

It may also be
pointed out that an
Accountant 1st Grade
now begins on Rs 400
per annum Examiner
of Prog. allce Gr 1st.
The proposed scale gives
him Rs 450 straight
off.

The practice of
adopting a rule in accor-
dance with that
in force in Bengal 30
Chapter II Rules Subsi
was discussed in con
-ference between repre
-sentatives of A.G. and
P.W.D. after receipt of
this office letter No
dated 19-2-87 - Proceed
-ings of Govt. to adopt a similar rule
here will enable uni
-form practice to be followed
in the Presidency

allce, for time spent by
persons in the Offices
in connection with matters
which are not pertinent
to the duties of

Para 5 of Circular.
Under the existing scale
of Pay a 1st Grade Accoun
-tant draws Rs 425 under
Time Scale of Prog allce. On
the 4th year of his service
in that Grade he draws
Rs 440 and in the 5th year
Rs 450, but this is
an immaterial point.

The letter to Madras
recently passed, regarding
the scale of pay of
Govt. Accountants further
Prog. is now in the
press & the matter
is closed.

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(C. No. 15

at the Presidency. He
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Under the new sc
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The Rules prescribed by
the Examiners appear t
me to be too high -
I should not think it
would be unsafe to ask
the 2nd & 3rd Class - part unsuc
passable terms by Asstts
1st Grade but that probat
with the 2nd - under the 2nd
1st finds claims abating
of Rs 400, in preceding
thousand cases -

In practice with the low
Rule the successful Students
of the 2nd & 3rd Class - Pass by
the 1st Class to Assistant
or for Promotion to the
2nd Class in Para 819 of
Instruction Book - the difficulty
of 3rd & 4th Rules will tend to
encourage the Examiners under
the Rule to Pass so many
efficient & Deserving Students

Duly
S Tha

(C. No. 1201.)

KEEP WITH CURRENT No.

dated 189 .

GOVT. OF MADRAS. } 1892. { P. W. DEPT.

EXAMINER, P. W. ACCOUNTS.

Madras, 6th July 1892.

OFFICE NOTE No. 3.92

To

W.

Now that the scale of pay of accountants is to be assimilated to that of upper subordinates, with whom they hold equivalent rank (vide Government of India P.W.D.Code, volume I, chapter I, para 18), I beg to submit for the orders of Government the question as to the rate of Presidency allowance to be granted to them from the date on which the new scale comes into force.

2. Under the Government of India Code volume I, chapter I, para 30, upper subordinates of every grade, including overseers on Rs.60 a month, may receive Rs.50 a month as Presidency allowance, but I do not propose this for the three lowest grades of accountants. What I do propose is the following scale :-

Accountants Ist.grade,Rs.50
,, 2nd. ,, ,, 50
,, 3rd. ,, ,, 50
,,, 4th. ,, ,, 50
,, 5th. ,, ,, 50
,, 6th. ,, ,, 30
,, 7th. ,, ,, 30
,, 8th. ,, ,, 20;

but I do not intend to recommend the grant of the full amount in every case.

3. The order of the Government of Bengal,based on the Note to para 30 of the rule quoted in the preceding para, is that no native of Lower Bengal gets anything in the way of Presidency allowance;and it appears to me desirable that a corresponding rule should be introduced here. At present the full amount admissible is granted indiscriminately to every one,and it is practically looked upon as a right.

4. This was never intended (vide Government of India P.W.D.Code, volume I,chapter I,para 31);and in future I propose to submit such particulars regarding each applicant as will enable Government to decide whether the allowance should be disallowed, or to what extent it should be granted subject to the maxima proposed in para 2 of this note.

5. Under the Government of India grading of accountants,accountants Ist. grade,are entitled to draw as Presi - dency allowance only "the difference

between their salary and Rs.400 ". The reason for this is that their pay being Rs.350. 20. 450, they would after their pay reached Rs.425 draw more than a sub Engineer if they drew Presidency allowance. To make this perfectly clear , I would explain that a Sub Engineer's pay being Rs.400,the addition of Rs. 50 as Presidency allowance would give him only Rs.450,whereas,for one year the Ist. grade accountant would draw Rs.425 + 50 = 475,and for ever after he would draw Rs.450 + 50 = 500.

6. But as the pay of a Ist. grade accountant has now been levelled down to that of a Sub Engineer,with whom he corresponds in rank,he will be placed at a disadvantage if he does not receive the same amount of Presidency allowance as a Sub Engineer does; and I respectfully submit that as the interests of the Sub Engineer are considered under the Government of India grading of accountants,simple equity requires that Ist.grade accountants should now be placed on an equal footing with Sub Engineers in regard to this allowance.

7. This is the only part of my proposal which requires the sanction of the Government of India,and I trust that His Excellency the Governor in Council may be induced to give it full support.

C.

P. W. CURRENT No. 6977

Nr. 1483 C § 6.4.92 ✓
~~No. 1335 W § 7.5.92~~ ✓
" 1352-3W. 8.5.92 ✓
" 1544 C " 12.4.92 ✓
" 1354 W " 8.5.92 ✓
" 52-3 W " 10.1.89 ✓
" 503-4 W " 19.2.89 ✓
" 2027-8 W " 24.7.90 ✓
Nos. 1938 W § 5.7.92 ✓
1937 W " 5.7.92 ✓

Rec. 7.VII.92

10/7 Rec. 7.7.92

P. W. D.

Office Note from the Examiner P. W. Accounts
No. 13 A dated July 6, 1892.

Note by the Chief Engineer, P. W. D.:—

It will be as well to consider the question of Presidency Allowances for all subordinate grades, both of the Executive and Accounts Branches, at the same time.

2. The allowances given to upper subordinates by para 30 Chapter I of the India Code are considerably larger than those granted by para 519 of the Madras Code, except

Consideration

in the case of Sub Engineers, and it is therefore open to this Government to adhere to the latter allowance if it chooses to do so.

3. There is certainly no necessity for granting such high allowances as the maximum rates mentioned in the Indian Code, and to prevent misunderstanding and disappointment it might be as well to notify that no more than the present allowances will be given, if the Government agrees with the undersigned that these are sufficient.

4. On the other hand it does not seem desirable to withhold the grant of Presidency allowances altogether from natives of Madras as suggested by the Examiner in para 4 of his note; Madras, though less expensive than Calcutta is undoubtedly more so than the remainder of the Presidency, and in any case it is undesirable to introduce distinctions based upon caste or race.

5. Nor does the undersigned concur in the Examiner's suggestion in para 4 that the amount of the allowance should depend upon a separate recommendation

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quantity.

7. If the above
principles be accepted
the amount of the
allowance to —
accountants would
naturally be the
same as that to

Upper subordinates —
receiving corresponding
salaries, namely to
Accountants of the
(new)

1st } grades as Sub Engineers ... 50
2d }
3d }

4th } " as Supervisors ... 30
5th }

6th }
7th } " as Overseers ... 15
8th }

8. With regard to
Accountants of the
1st grade the Examin
arguments in paras 5
& 6 appear sound,
and there seems
good grounds for a
reference to the Gov
of India as suggested
in para 7.

Madras
July 6, 1872

Colonel R.
Chief Engr & S.V.S.

Consideration

Full post.

No. 2035. h D/22nd July 1892. Encl. Cancelled

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

A

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

2035/92 Encl. Letter

READ the following

Office Note from Exr. P.W.A. No. 13 A dy 6 July '92

Note by the Chief Engineer P.W.D. dy 8 July '92

H. E. the Governor in council concurs in the opinion expressed in para 3 of the Chief Engineer's note above recorded, and resolves that the rates of Presidency allowance prescribed in Madras P.W. Code para 579 for upper subordinates shall continue in force on the introduction of the Govt. of India Code.

2. As the rates of pay

Consideration

pay for the subordinate accounts establishment have been assimilated with those drawn by the upper subordinate establishment, corresponding rates of presidency allowances will be granted to the former as recommended in para 7 of the Chief Engineer's note.

+ Rs. 4= 1937 of 5th page 1932

3. The Govt: agrees with the views contained in paras 4 & 5 of the Chief Engineer's note and considers that nothing should be discretional with respect to pay and allowances except increments. The rates of presidency allowance now authorised will accordingly be drawn in every case in which the grant of the allowance is sanctioned by Govt.

4. The Govt: of India will be addressed on the subject of the grant of Presidency allowance to 1st grade accountants.

To

The Secy: P. W. Accounts
" Ch: Engr: for Irrigation
" Supdg Engineers
" Consg: Architect to Govt
" Sec of W. P. Project.

(A.E. No 2036 dd 22 July 25)

To

The Secretary to the
Govt: of India P.W.D.

Sir,

I am directed to submit the following question for the consideration

Consideration of the
Govt: of India

2. Under para 30
Chapter I, P.W. Code
the amount of
Presidency allowance
to accountants of the
1st grade is restricted
to the difference between
their salary and Rs 400
apparently because
their pay eventually
rises to Rs 450 per
mensem by increments
As however, under the
proposals submitted
with my letter No
1938 W of 3rd July 1899,
the pay of accountants
1st grade will be fixed
at Rs 400, this Govt
considers that they
should be placed in
the same position
with respect to
Presidency allowances as Sub Engineers 1st grade with whom they correspond in rank. I am therefore directed to request the sanction of the Govt of India to the grant of Presidency allowance at Rs 50 per mensem to 1st grade accountants in addition to their fixed pay of Rs 400 per mensem.

3. I am to add that this Govt is of opinion that the rates of Presidency allowance in para 579 of the Madras P. W. Code for upper subordinates are sufficient to meet local circumstances, and has decided to continue those rates on the introduction of

of the Govt of India
Code. Corresponding
rates will be allowed
to the subordinate
accounts establishment
whose salaries have
been assimilated
to those drawn by
upper subordinate

I have &c

S

147

0016
13/14

Laya 4

The institution is not a
question of race but of pri
vileges which are only objection
to my opinion
Cly

This was what I
meant by race -

S
147

with respect to
Presid

[illegible] — Nothing th[illegible]
in return about [illegible]
[illegible] — [illegible]

[illegible]

Cº Dr. 6977

B-11-09 ✓

Govt. of (1892) Madras.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Dated

Read Read

G.O. 22 July 1892. No. 2035/2036 b

Presidency allowance

Passing orders regarding the rates of —— admissible to Upper Subordinates and the subordinate Accounts establishment.

Do

The Lgs I, addressed regarding the grant of —— to the Accountants of the 1st grade.

2-27

2-20

12

12

Read

Recd 17