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Gobt. of {1892} Madras.  
PUBLIC.

*Issued*

Recd.

*Encl.*

G.O., 25th May 1892, No. 356.

MAY.

## Archæology.

Directing that the statement of the actual expenditure from 1887-88 to 1890-91 and the estimated expenditure during 1891-92 on the preservation of buildings of historical and architectural interest be forwarded to the Superintendent, Archaeological Survey, for early scrutiny, report and return.

No. 1757 Wash<sup>to</sup>. June 192

Recorded

(52) J. P.

G.O., dated 28th April 1892, No. 452, Public.

Order—dated 13th May 1892, No. 1484 W., Public Works.

A copy of the list furnished to the Government of India in compliance with its letter, No. 85 A.—G., dated 5th June 1891, will be forwarded to the Public Department in view to its examination and division by the Superintendent, Archaeological Survey, in the manner indicated in paragraph 2 of the letter above recorded.

2. With reference to paragraph 4, it is observed that the list submitted by the Superintending Engineer, VI Circle, with his endorsement, No. 652 I.C., dated 7th July 1891, made no mention of Tirumal Naick's Palace, Madura. The Superintending Engineer will now report whether any expenditure was incurred on the building from 1887-88 to 1891-92 on restoration work, as distinguished from additions and improvements carried out to fit the interior for use as public offices.

3. Information with respect to expenditure by public bodies or other departments on archaeological remains will be collected in the Public Department.

4. The Government of India will be requested to state whether an annual statement prepared in the manner now indicated will be required in future.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. PENNYCUICK, Colonel, R.E.,  
Secretary to Govt., P.W.D.

To the Public Department, with copy of list.

ORDER—dated 25th May 1892, No. 356, Public.

The list will be forwarded to the Superintendent, Archaeological Survey, for early scrutiny, report and return.

2. Departments of the Secretariat will be requested to state whether there has been any expenditure on archaeological remains, and the Local and Municipal Department will supply similar information in regard to public bodies.

(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,  
Chief Secretary.

To the Superintendent, Archaeological Survey, with list.  
„ Departments of the Secretariat.

Exd. A. Raith.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.  
PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

G.O., dated 13th May 1892, No. 1484 W., Public Works.

Read—the following papers:—

From Colonel J. G. FORBES, R.E., Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department (Account—General), to the Secretary to the Government of Madras, dated Simla, 6th April 1892, No. 90 A.—G.

In Revenue and Agricultural Department circular letter, No. 12 (Archæology), dated 24th August 1891, the Government of India drew attention to the preparation of lists of ancient remains and buildings of archæological interest. It appears, however, that in the statements of expenditure from 1887-88 to 1891-92 on the preservation of buildings of historical and architectural interest, submitted in accordance with orders issued in Public Works Department letter, No. 85 A.—G., dated 5th June 1891, many buildings are entered which are devoid of archæological interest, and could not, therefore, be brought into the lists required by the August circular.

2. As the Government of India is desirous that the expenditure incurred throughout India on archæological remains should be carefully ascertained and distinguished from expenditure on any other class of buildings, I am to request that the Public Works Department lists may be subjected to examination and divided into two sections, the first of which, *viz.*, the archæological section, should contain only those buildings which either have been, or can appropriately be, included in the third or final list referred to in the August circular.

3. It is believed that nearly all of the buildings, &c., which are excluded from the archæological section will be found to come under the head of tombs or monuments of Europeans, which are dealt with by the Government of India in the Home Department. There are some, however, which can hardly be classed as such, as, for instance, the "Residency at Lucknow," which is of historical but not strictly archæological interest. The Government of India is content to leave it to the decision of the Local Government whether such buildings as these should be allowed to appear in the archæological list.

4. On the other hand, the Public Works Department lists do not appear to include all archæological buildings on which expenditure is incurred. An ancient palace, for instance, of which a portion is used as an office, has been omitted from the list, because the repairs come under a separate head of repairs to public offices, although the expenditure on them has been to a considerable extent directed to the preservation of the ancient building. Such omissions should be rectified. It will also be desirable that expenditure by public bodies or other departments on archæological remains should be separately exhibited.

5. As the information now called for is required for the Secretary of State, who has expressed a desire to know to what extent archæological remains are kept in repair at the public expense, it is desirable that the return of expenditure on or connected with archæological buildings, &c., should be submitted at an early date. The Government of India does not require any return of expenditure on other buildings.

Govt. of {1892} Madras.  
PUBLIC.

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 25th May 1892, No. 356.

MAY.

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No 1751 Wd 11th June 92

Recorded

(52) 20

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(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,  
Chief Secretary.

To the Superintendent, Archaeological Survey, with list.  
" Departments of the Secretariat.

Exd. A. Raitt.

With order

25TH MAY 1892, No. 356, PUBLIC.

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PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

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Govt. of {1892} Madras.  
FINANCIAL.

B. No. 1745 W 8 11 June. 92

Recorded

Sd/ J. P.  
4.6.92

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 27th May 1892, No. 584.

MAY.

Books and Publications.

Passing orders on letter from the Government of India bringing to notice certain complaints made regarding the omission to supply the British Museum with certain books published in India, and summarizing the orders which resent regulate the transmission of—intended for that institution with a view to prevent the recurrence of such omissions in future.

With order

books may be instructed to see that the copy intended for the Museum Library is specially marked and addressed so as to exclude any possibility of its not reaching its destination. These publications, as well as those of the first and second classes described above, should be forwarded direct to the India Office under the orders of the Local Government.

6. Lastly, as regards books intended for presentation to the Museum by authors, publishers and others, I am to invite a reference to the Secretary of State's despatch marginally noted (copy forwarded under Home Department endorsement, No. 1504—13, dated the 6th October 1884),

No. 45 (Public—Records), dated the 31st July 1884.

which shows that the agents appointed by the Museum authorities for forwarding such works are Messrs. Thacker, Spink and Company of Calcutta and Messrs. Thacker and Company of Bombay.

ORDER—dated 27th May 1892, No. 584, Financial.

Paragraph 3 of the letter read above will be communicated to the Director of Public Instruction for careful observance.

2. In the case of the publications to which paragraph 5 relates, the Government learns that the Superintendent of the Government Press has regularly supplied the India Office with two copies of all such official works printed by him as do not come under the notice of the Registrar of Books. A list of these is appended, but on reconsideration of the orders of 1883 (G.O., No. 1746, Public, 6th September in that year) the Government is of opinion that they require modification. They arose out of a note by the Librarian of the India Office, which is to be found on page 3 of G.O., No. 1245, dated the 26th June preceding. In this note Dr. Rost drew attention to instances in which copies of books not registered under Act XXV of 1867 had not been forwarded to the India Office. In giving instructions to the Superintendent of the Government Press to supply the India Office regularly with two copies of all official publications not coming under the cognizance of the Registrar, the Government overlooked the fact that copies of some of these were already sent home, and that in such cases there would be a double supply. In Home Department No. 8—1037, 31st August 1883, the Government of India gave clear instructions on this point, stating that the supply of two copies was restricted to those official publications of which ten copies were not forwarded to the India Office under previous orders, and in supersession of G.O., No. 1746, 6th September 1883, the Government now directs that these instructions shall be observed. The Director of Public Instruction will obtain and forward a complete list of the works of interest and utility which under paragraph 5 of the letter from the Home Department above mentioned and paragraph 2 of G.O., No. 1958, 5th October 1883, have been despatched to the Secretary of State.

3. The orders referred to in paragraph 4 of Mr. Lyall's letter will in future be carefully observed. The Government regrets to learn that there have been omissions in the past which must now be repaired.

4. It appears to the Governor in Council that it is desirable to centralise the agency for selection and despatch of official publications and publications exempted from registration under Act XXV of 1867; and that it should in future be undertaken in the Financial Department of the Secretariat, which has for some time dealt with all questions relating to books and publications as well with the supply of periodicals.

5. All correspondence on the subject should in future be addressed to that department, and proposals for despatching copies of publications not registered under Act XXV of 1867 should be submitted to it for approval in the first instance.

6. The same department will be the forwarding office in respect to all books and publications for despatch to England, whether registered or unregistered, but, in the case of the former, the registrar will be responsible as before for packing and addressing the packets.

7. In supersession of G.O., No. 540, 10th April 1880, it is directed that the assistant in charge of the Financial Department under the Chief Secretary shall

discharge the duty specified in paragraph 4 of Home Department Resolution, No. 10—438—60, dated 6th March 1880.

8. A notification will be published in the *Port St. George Gazette* with reference to the sixth paragraph of Mr. Lyall's letter.

(True Extract.)

J. F. PRICE,  
Chief Secretary.

To the Director of Public Instruction.  
„ Superintendent, Government Press.  
„ Departments of the Secretariat.  
Gazette.

#### NOTIFICATION.

Authors, publishers and others who may desire to present works to the British Museum are reminded that the agents appointed by the Trustees for forwarding such works are Messrs. Thacker, Spink and Co. of Calcutta and Messrs. Thacker and Co. of Bombay.

2. The Madras Government will always be glad to assist in transmitting donations of this kind to the Trustees. Cases of books intended for despatch should be addressed to the Trustees of the British Museum, care of the Chief Secretary, Financial Department, and a letter stating what the cases contain and requesting the assistance of Government should accompany them.

#### APPENDIX.

List showing the description of books sent to the Librarian, India Office, London.

| Date of despatch.      | Description of books.                                                                          | Number of Copies. |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 18th April 1884 ..     | Konkany Dictionary ..                                                                          | 2                 |
| 2nd December 1884 ..   | Mr. Sewell's Archæological Survey of South India, Vol. II. ..                                  | 2                 |
| 14th April 1885 ..     | Sanscrit Manuscripts, by Dr. Oppert, Vol. II ..                                                | 2                 |
| 15th October 1885 ..   | Farm Records ..                                                                                | 2                 |
| 16th „ „ ..            | Notes of a Journey from Kasveen to Hamadan across the Karaghan Country, by Mr. J. D. Rees ..   | 2                 |
| 20th March 1886 ..     | Archæological Survey of South India, Vol. IV ..                                                | 2                 |
| 9th July 1887 ..       | Tulu-English Dictionary ..                                                                     | 2                 |
| 28th September 1887 .. | Madras Journal of Literature and Science for 1886—87 ..                                        | 2                 |
| 21st August 1889 ..    | do. do. for 1887—88 ..                                                                         | 2                 |
| 3rd April „ ..         | English-Tulu Dictionary ..                                                                     | 2                 |
| 21st August „ ..       | Madras Journal of Literature and Science for 1888—89 ..                                        | 2                 |
|                        | Mysore Coins, Catalogue No. 1 ..                                                               | 2                 |
|                        | Roman, &c., Coins, Catalogue No. 2 ..                                                          | 2                 |
|                        | Coins of Sultans of Delhi, Catalogue No. 3 ..                                                  | 2                 |
|                        | Science Series No. 1 ..                                                                        | 2                 |
| 4th April 1890 ..      | Catalogue of the Batrachia, Salientia and Apoda of Southern India ..                           | 2                 |
|                        | History of the Coinage of the Territories of the East India Company in the Indian Peninsula .. | 2                 |
|                        | Catalogue of Mysore Coins ..                                                                   | 2                 |
|                        | Sanitary Hand Book for India, by Dr. McNally ..                                                | 2                 |
|                        | Famine Diseases, by Dr. Porter ..                                                              | 2                 |
| 17th March 1890 ..     | Notes on the Pearl and Chank Fisheries and the Marine Fauna of the Gulf of Mannar ..           | 2                 |
| 2nd June 1891 ..       | Tours in India, by Mr. J. D. Rees ..                                                           | 2                 |
| 9th December 1891 ..   | Materia Medica, by Dr. Moideen Sheriff Khan Bahadur ..                                         | 2                 |
|                        | Elephantiasis and Allied Disorders, by Dr. J. Maitland ..                                      | 2                 |

Exd. A. Raitt.

Govt. of {1892} Madras.  
FINANCIAL.

B. No. 1745 W 8 11 June. 92

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Sd/ J. P.  
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G.O., 27th May 1892, No. 584.

MAY.

### Books and Publications.

Passing orders on letter from the Government of India bringing to notice certain complaints made regarding the omission to supply the British Museum with certain books published in India, and summarizing the orders which at present regulate the transmission of—intended for that institution with a view to prevent the recurrence of such omissions in future.

30TH MAY 1892, No. 537, REVENUE.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture), dated 14th May 1892, No. 356 :—

MR. CLOGSTOUN.

Read—the following fortnightly narrative for the period ending 30th April 1892 (Badvel and Sidhout taluks) from the Deputy Collector, dated Badvel, 3rd May 1892, Disposal No. 845 :—

STATE OF COUNTRY—*Crops—Badvel taluk.*—Crops under wells are fading for want of sufficient water.

*Sidhout taluk.*—Crops under wells are moderately fair.

*Fodder—Badvel taluk.*—Even the hill grass is becoming very scarce. Ragi straw and cholum straw are available to a small extent in a few places.

*Sidhout taluk.*—Except in some places where ragi was recently harvested, fodder is becoming scarce.

*Water-supply—Badvel taluk.*—No water in tanks and channels. There were slight showers in several villages. The pits in the Sagiler near Kalasapad have become full and the water is being used by the people. In a few villages wells which were perfectly dry have now a scanty supply. There was one-tenth of an inch rain on each of the 21st and 27th at Badvel. In Badvel town the three drinking-water wells that are being sunk are freely and largely used by the public. In Porumamilla an old well much used by a large section of the people for domestic purposes has been cleaned out as it had been much silted up and there was little or no water in it. It now has ample supply and is of infinite use to the villagers. The drinking-water well too outside the town has sufficient supply.

*Sidhout taluk.*—No water in tanks. In several places wells are dry.

*Agricultural operations—Badvel taluk.*—Except watering ragi and korra under some wells, there are no agricultural operations.

*Sidhout taluk.*—Watering korra, gingelly and cholum under wells and harvesting of turmeric and gingelly in some places.

*Cattle—Badvel taluk.*—Becoming weak for want of fodder.

*Sidhout taluk.*—Suffering from want of fodder and water in some places.

*General remarks on the above subject—Badvel taluk.*—We have had thunder and lightning in all directions almost every day for the last 8 or 9 days and the sky was sometimes so cloudy that a good shower was anxiously expected. There was so much as one-fourth of an inch rain in a few places. The prickly-pear experiments are being conducted satisfactorily. The two cows that are being fed on the leaves by the Tahsildar have been taken to several places and the advantages of the pear leaf as fodder explained to the ryots.

*Sidhout taluk.*—There was a small fresh in the Pennér on the 22nd. The river had before that gone down very low, so much so that people had to dig pits in the bed of the river to obtain drinking water.

CONDITION OF THE PEOPLE—*On works—Badvel taluk.*—Good.

*Sidhout taluk.*—Good.

*Mortality—Badvel taluk.*—None except natural deaths.

*Sidhout taluk.*—None except natural deaths.

*Sickness—Badvel taluk.*—No diseases except fever.

*Sidhout taluk.*—Fever prevails in some places.

*Remarks.*—None.

*Relief measures—Relief works—Badvel taluk.*—The Sagiler project was opened on the 18th April 1892. As no sufficient previous intimation was given to the Revenue Department, the Porumamilla road works could not be stopped before the 21st idem. There were 1,618 coolies on the road works near Badvel and 37 on well-sinking in Badvel town on the 30th. The numbers on the Sagiler project have not been reported by the Tahsildar. He has been called upon for explanation. There were, I think, between 2,800 and 3,000 on the 29th when I was on the work there.

*Sidhout taluk.*—There were 507 coolies on the Konarazapalli reserve fencing work on the 28th.

*Poor-houses.—In what places open and the number at each—Badvel taluk.*—The number of inmates in the Jangamrazupalli kitchen was 17 on the 30th against 19 on the 15th. Explanation has been called for for the decrease. I have submitted my report on the scanty attendance there—vide my letter, Ref. on Current No. 727, dated 19th April 1892.

*Sidhout taluk.*—Nil.

*Village relief—Badvel taluk.*—The Gosha Muhammadan women of the Badvel town who are being relieved out of the Maharaja Holkar's donation continue to receive payments.

*Sidhout taluk.*—Nil.

*Number of cases of death for want of food—Badvel taluk.*—None.

*Sidhout taluk.*—None.

*Remarks—Badvel taluk.*—The Sagiler project was commenced on the 18th. There seems to have been some confusion and want of method at the beginning. In 2 or 3 days coolies numbered 2,120 and then to 4,084. It does not appear that they were clearly made to understand their task and what wages they would get, and when all this was explained to them after the lapse of a week they struck work on the 25th. No payment was made for the first 8 days and even up to the end of the month a large number remained unpaid. I learnt from the Special Executive Engineer that all this was due to the want of sufficient establishment, such as paymasters, overseers, &c., there being only himself and a supervisor. The Executive Engineer is engaged chiefly in laying out the line and the supervisor is in charge of the work.

*Sidhout taluk.*—As reported in my letter, Ref. on Current No. 743, dated 23rd April 1892, the numbers on the Konarazupalli forest reserve fencing work fell considerably owing to the reduction in wages. The Forest Department paid 1st-class wages (2½ annas per man, 1½ annas per woman and 1 anna per child) in the first week. In the second week they were reduced to annas 1-7, annas 1-3 and pies 10. There was a further reduction in the third week, namely, annas 1-5, annas 1-2 and pies 9. There was, I found, want of supervision over this work too. It was in the sole charge of a maistry getting 4 annas a day. The ranger went there once or twice a week. He made payments not on the spot where the work was going on, but in the village of Vontimitta and no work was done on the days on which payments were made. Matters will no doubt soon improve when the overseer who has been ordered in your letter No. 496, dated 20th April 1892, to the address of the Local Fund Engineer, takes charge of the work.

*Grain-supply—Private trade active or not, whether in rice or dry staple food-grains—Badvel taluk.*—Pretty active in rice, ragi and cholum.

*Sidhout taluk.*—Not very active.

*State the imports by rail or sea of rice or other staple food-grains—Badvel taluk.*—Nil by sea; very little by rail. Much rice and ragi come from Cuddapah, Cumbum, Proddutur, Nellore and other places.

*Sidhout taluk.*—No imports either by sea or rail.

*Known or estimated stock in taluks—Badvel taluk.*—There is not much stock with the merchants.

*Sidhout taluk.*—The Tahsildar's estimate is 4,500 putties of 400 measures of 132 tolas weight.

STATE OF MARKET—Prices at chief markets—

| Rice. | Cholum. | Ragi. | Cumbu. | Rising at | Falling at | Stationary at |
|-------|---------|-------|--------|-----------|------------|---------------|
| 7-42  | 13-40   | 14-85 | 13-61  | ..        | ..         | Badvel.       |
| 7-25  | 13-25   | 14-75 | 13-25  | ..        | ..         | Sidhout.      |

*Advances under the Land Improvement and Agricultural Loans Acts.*—A statement in the form prescribed in Board's Proceedings, Mis. No. 3624, dated the 14th April 1892, is enclosed.

*NOTE.*—The returns from taluks were received just to-day. The Tahsildars have been directed to submit their future reports so as to reach this office not later than the last day of each fortnight.

Endorsement by O WOLFE-MURRAY, Esq., Acting Collector of Cuddapah, dated Horsleykonda, 5th May 1892, Extra No. 74.

Submitted. During the fortnight some showers fell, nowhere exceeding 25 cents, but a small supply is said to have come into some wells and the Pennér had a fresh on the 22nd which assisted the water-supply.

Agricultural operations in Badvel are almost at a standstill, but in Sidhout where wells are more numerous they are continuing.

2. *Works.*—The Upper Sagiler project was opened on the 18th ultimo, but without due notice being given. This perhaps was fortunate under the circumstances as coolies flocked in to the number of over 4,000 in a few days, and the organisation for tasking and paying them seems to have been decidedly faulty. I had of course issued long ago the fullest possible instructions on this head through the Executive Engineer of Cuddapah, but the fullest instructions cannot give a man experience, and Mr. Chatterjee, the Special Executive Engineer, will have to acquire the same. This want of organisation and the defective arrangements for showing tasks and paying the laborers caused a sudden fall in the numbers. These went down to 900, but have again risen to over 3,000 in the report I received yesterday. Mr. Todd, the Executive Engineer, is now on his way to establish himself there for a period and get things into a proper condition. No doubt, with his assistance, things will right themselves and in a few days run in their proper groove. At the same time it is not given to every man to command 4,000 coolies successfully the first day he tries his hand at it, and what has happened at Sagiler happened also under the experienced management of Mr. Harley, District Board Engineer, at Badvel. Most of the coolies struck work after a few days owing to paucity of wage, but finding they could gain nothing quietly returned to work. The Public Works Department establishment at Sagiler is reported to be shorthanded; this should not be. I have sent on several applications for employment there to the Engineer in charge.

3. All the people are reported to be still in good condition and prices are stationary.

4. In Sidhout on the forest work there are some 500 persons. Last fortnight I alluded to the overpayment here, and the departmental management of the work has not been successful. There has been insufficient supervision and proper tasks have not been exacted. Moreover, it has been found that the estimate originally framed for

