

- (1) பக்கங்களின் எண்ணிக்கை 94
 (2) புதுக்கித் திருப்பிய நாள் 8/90
 (3) ஆதாரங்குறிப்பவர் சுருக்கொப்பம் 10/90

தமிழ்நாடு ஆவணக் காப்பகம்.

தமிழ்நாடு அரசு

P. W. D. துறை

அரசாணை எண். 2786 அச்சகம்
 மு. கோப்புத் தாள் எண். 2786 பலவகை

நாள் : 23 - 10 - 1891 198/

பா கண்டபடி கையாளவோ கூடாது

47. Sheets

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2786
1
23RD OCTOBER 1891, No. 2786 W., PUBLIC WORKS.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General.
Account.

READ—the following paper :—

G.O., dated 14th October 1891, No. 962, Revenue.

Read—G.O., dated 29th September 1891, No. $\frac{2603}{A}$ W., Public Works.

Order—dated 14th October 1891, No. 962, Revenue.

The Government entirely concurs in the Chief Engineer's remarks in paras. 20 to 22 of his note of the 22nd September last. It is of course essential that the Collector, who is the chief officer responsible for the conduct of relief in a district, should be entitled to inform himself as to the way in which relief works under the Public Works Department are conducted, but the deputation of petty revenue subordinates to pry into the doings of the department is utterly wrong, and the acceptance of their statements without reference to the higher officers of the department and the forwarding of them in their untested and crude shape to the Board and the Government is opposed to all recognized principles of administration. His Excellency the Governor in Council is accordingly pleased to lay down the following rules for observance by Civil officers :—

(1) No complaints by coolies on relief works under the Public Works Department should be received by any Civil officer below the rank of Deputy Tahsildar, it being understood that complaints must be made to such officers in person and not through peons, clerks or other subordinates.

(2) Any Civil officer receiving such a complaint should *at once* communicate it to the Public Works subordinate concerned and to the Executive Engineer of the division or to the Sub-divisional officer if the latter is an Assistant or Sub-Engineer.

(3) If in any reports to the Board or the Government allusion is made to complaints of delay in payment of wages by the officers of the Public Works Department, &c., such allusion should be confined to a mere statement of the number and nature of the complaints made and the period of time which elapsed since they were first received and forwarded to the responsible officer of the Public Works Department for disposal.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) C. A. GALTON,
Secretary to Government.

ORDER—dated 23rd October 1891, No. 2786 W., Public Works.

Communicated to officers of the Public Works Department for information and guidance in continuation of G.O., No. $\frac{2603}{A}$ W., dated 29th September 1891.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. PENNYCUICK, Colonel, R.E.,
Secretary to Govt., P.W.D.

To the Superintending Engineers, IV and V Circles.
„ other Superintending Engineers, } with copy of G.O., No. $\frac{2603}{A}$ W., dated 29th Sept. 1891.
„ the Consulting Architect,
„ the Chief Engineer for Irrigation,

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GENERAL.
ACCOUNT.

Gobt. of {1891} Madras.
PUBLIC WORKS.

Dated October, 23rd.

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 23rd Oct. 1891, No. 2786 W.

OCTOBER.

Relief works in the Chingleput
and North Arcot districts

Proceedings in the Revenue Department laying down certain rules for the guidance of Civil officers with regard to complaints made by them against Public Works officers as to the delay in the payment of wages to coolies on —.

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14TH OCTOBER 1891, No. 962, REVENUE.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

READ—again G.O., dated 29th September 1891, No. 2603-A-W., Public Works.

ABSTRACT.—Passing orders on memorandum of the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, regarding delay in the payment of famine labourers employed on famine relief works in the North Arcot and Chingleput districts.

ORDER—dated 14th October 1891, No. 962, Revenue.

Miscellaneous.

The Government entirely concurs in the Chief Engineer's remarks in paragraphs 20 to 22 of his note of the 22nd September last. It is of course essential that the Collector, who is the chief officer responsible for the conduct of relief in a district, should be entitled to inform himself as to the way in which relief works under the Public Works Department are conducted, but the deputation of petty revenue subordinates to pry into the doings of the department is utterly wrong and the acceptance of their statements without reference to the higher officers of the department and the forwarding of them in their untested and crude shape to the Board and the Government is opposed to all recognised principles of administration. His Excellency the Governor in Council is accordingly pleased to lay down the following rules for observance by Civil officers:—

(1) No complaints by coolies on relief works under the Public Works Department should be received by any Civil officer below the rank of Deputy Tahsildar, it being understood that complaints must be made to such officers in person and not through peons, clerks or other subordinates.

(2) Any Civil officer receiving such a complaint should at once communicate it to the Public Works subordinate concerned and to the Executive Engineer of the division or to the sub-divisional officer, if the latter is an Assistant or Sub-Engineer.

(3) If in any reports to the Board or the Government allusion is made to complaints of delay in payment of wages by the officers of the Public Works Department, &c., such allusion should be confined to a mere statement of the number and nature of the complaints made and the period of time which elapsed since they were first received and forwarded to the responsible officer of the Public Works Department for disposal.

(True Extract.)

Secretary to Government.

To the Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture,
the Public Works Department (W.), with enclosures returned.

Exd. C. M. Brisson.

75 Copies.

Gobt. of {1891} Madras.
REVENUE.

208.c

Recd. 16.10.91

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 14th October 1891, No. 962.

Mr. 2786 W & 23/10/91

OCTOBER.

Relief works.

Laying down certain rules for observance by Civil officers in connection with their supervision of — conducted by the Public Works Department.

Supplement

2786/4

29TH SEPTEMBER 1891, No. ²⁶⁰³/_{A.} W., PUBLIC WORKS.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

General.
Account.

READ—the following papers:—

From the Superintending Engineer, IV Circle, dated 12th September 1891, No. 474.
" " " V " " 14th " " " 430.

Memorandum by the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department.

921 D 9 22/9/91

Submitted for the consideration and orders of Government.

2. It will be convenient to consider these two reports together as they deal practically with the same subject, though there are special points to be considered in each case.

3. To take the North Arcot case first; both the Superintending Engineer and Executive Engineer, Kálahasti sub-division, attach a great deal more importance than it deserves to a foolish remark occurring in a report from the Head Assistant Collector of North Arcot; this remark merely indicates that Mr. Buckley, who appears to be an officer of something under four years' service, has not yet learnt the courtesy which usually governs official intercourse. He will doubtless know better in a few years, but, in the meantime, Mr. Watson need be under no apprehension that the Government of India will attach the smallest importance to Mr. Buckley's opinion as to his conduct or qualifications.

4. A much more important question is whether there has, as a matter of fact, been any undue delay or irregularity in payment of coolies in the Kálahasti sub-division, and, if there has been, what steps can be taken to remedy the irregularity.

5. It must be borne in mind that a very large discount has to be made from all reports of short or delayed payments, when such reports are made by Civil officers, without any previous reference to the officers of the Public Works Department, as unfortunately appears to be the case in both the Chingleput and North Arcot districts. These reports are based upon statements made by the coolies themselves, often through peons and other subordinates, and from the cases reported must be deducted those in which the statements are altogether untrue, those in which there has been a deduction from wages on account of short work or idleness, those in which the coolies have been dissatisfied with the pay offered them and refused to receive it, which cases they will be certain to report as cases of non-payment, and those in which there is a substratum of truth overlaid with a large amount of exaggeration.

6. Making every allowance on these grounds, there appears little doubt that, in the Kálahasti sub-division, there has been a certain amount of irregularity in payments due in great measure to the physical conditions of the sub-division, and the Superintending Engineer, IV Circle, in paras. 2 and 3 of his letter, explains the measures that he has taken for preventing this irregularity.

7. The undersigned regrets that he cannot altogether approve these measures so far as regards the detention of Mr. Watson at or near his head-quarters; that this

arrangement will ensure greater rapidity in the transmission of funds to subordinates is probable, but this advantage will be dearly purchased at the expense of the sacrifice of the much more important duty of incessant personal inspection of works and supervision of subordinates by the Executive Engineer.

8. The difficulty as regards supply of money can best be met either by giving the subordinates drawing accounts or by increasing their imprests. The former measure is open to so many objections that it should only be resorted to if absolutely necessary, but it is not clear that the latter has been tried to a sufficient extent.

9. To judge from the statements made in the letters under consideration, it appears to the undersigned that each disbursing subordinate in charge of famine works should have an imprest equal to a fortnight's expenditure, and, if this amount is in any case higher than the maximum allowed by the Public Works Code, formal application for sanction should be submitted at once, but the imprest should be given in anticipation of such sanction.

10. The undersigned has at present no information as to the frequency with which imprests are recouped in the Kálabasti sub-division, but the point is one of some importance as regards the amount of money required to be placed at a disburser's disposal.

11. Many subordinates and some officers are under the impression that an imprest can only be recouped at certain stated intervals, such as a week or ten days, and that the amount of such imprest must, therefore, be equal to the maximum expenditure during the interval *plus* the period required for transmission of bills to head-quarters and receipt of money therefrom.

12. It must be distinctly understood that there is nothing to prevent an imprest from being recouped daily or half a dozen times a day if necessary. Directly a bill is paid it may be transmitted to head-quarters and the amount of it obtained in recoupment of the imprest.

13. If this principle is clearly understood and acted on, a much smaller imprest will suffice than if accounts are submitted and recoupment effected at stated intervals.

14. The Superintending Engineer should decide, after discussion with Mr. Watson, what amount of imprest is necessary in each case to ensure regular payment after allowing for the delays caused by Mr. Watson's absence from head-quarters, which absence must be accepted as a necessary incident in the performance of his duty, and should order those amounts to be given at once, reporting his proceedings for confirmation whenever they go beyond the strict rules of the Public Works Code.

15. Every effort should be made to concentrate the laborers on the smallest possible number of works. It cannot be too strongly urged that the smaller the number of works upon which any given number of people are employed the better from every conceivable point of view.

16. It may be noted in connection with this case that Mr. Watson has been unfortunate in his subordinates, two of whom have had to be dealt with by the Chief Engineer on reports made by the Superintending Engineer, entirely independently of any complaints by Civil officers—a fact which may usefully be borne in mind by the latter when they are inclined to think that no notice is taken of shortcomings on the part of subordinates of other departments except on their reports.

17. To turn now to the case of the Chingleput division dealt with by the Superintending Engineer, V Circle. Here the state of affairs is somewhat different from that in the North Arcot district, for there is absolutely no evidence that there has been any delay or irregularity in payment except such isolated cases due to accidental causes, such as the illness of a subordinate, as must of necessity occur occasionally.

18. It must be understood that, for the reasons stated above (para. 5), no reliance can be placed upon reports made by Civil officers unless the cases have been reported to, and inquired into by, the Public Works officers at the time the complaints were made.

19. The remarks contained in paras. 8 to 15 of this memorandum may with advantage be taken into consideration in the Chingleput district as well as in North Arcot, if any difficulty is experienced in keeping disbursing subordinates supplied with funds.

20. The Superintending Engineer, V Circle, explains clearly the inconvenience caused by the action of the Revenue officers in connection with works under this department, and the undersigned can add nothing to Major Campbell's remarks, which have his entire concurrence. The Chingleput division is in charge of one of the smartest, most industrious and most trustworthy Executive Engineers in the department and the less he is meddled with by officers of other departments the better for all interests concerned.

21. The course which should be followed by Civil officers who receive complaints of short or irregular payments depends on the object which it is desired to attain. If that object be to ensure the maximum amount of ill-feeling, annoyance and friction between the two departments with the minimum of benefit to the laborer, no course can be suggested better than the one which is now followed in both the Chingleput and North Arcot districts. That course seems to be that a taliari or taluk peon (*vide* the Overseer's letter, submitted by the Superintending Engineer, V Circle) receives a statement from a cooly, communicates it to the Tahsildar, by whom it is communicated, through the regular channel, to the Board of Revenue; the complaint is ultimately recorded in an order of Government in the Revenue Department which is communicated to the Public Works Department and thence downwards to the Executive Engineer, who hears of it for the first time at a period which may be anything from six weeks to three months after the complaint was made, by which time the original circumstances have been entirely forgotten by the individual most concerned (even admitting that his grievance was a genuine one in the first instance) and inquiry is reduced to a mere farce.

22. In considering what ought to be the action of the Civil officers in such cases, four facts must be borne in mind—

First.—That the complaint is almost of necessity a charge of improper conduct on the part of the subordinate in immediate charge of the works.

Second.—That the Executive Engineer is the only person who can properly inquire into such a complaint, because he is the only person who can decide how far the subordinate was justified in withholding payment on account of laziness, absence, or other such cause.

Third.—That promptitude in action is of the utmost consequence and that every day's delay increases the difficulty of ascertaining the actual facts.

Fourth.—That every complaint, even if well-founded, is certain to be exaggerated.

23. The proper course would appear to be something like the following:—

First.—That no complaints by coolies on relief works under the Public Works Department should be received by any Civil officer below the rank of Deputy Tahsildar, this clause implying that complaints must be made to such officers in person and not through peons, clerks or other subordinates.

Second.—That any Civil officer receiving such a complaint should at once communicate it to the Public Works subordinate concerned and to the Executive Engineer of the division or to the Sub-divisional officer, if the latter is an Assistant or Sub Engineer.

Third.—That no such complaints should be alluded to in the Collector's reports to the Board of Revenue or to Government unless that officer has reason to believe that the Executive Engineer has deliberately refused to inquire into them or to redress them if well-founded, and it should be understood that such a report amounts to a formal charge of neglect of duty by the Executive Engineer and that the officer making it must take the consequences if his charge is shown to be recklessly made or unsupported by proof.

OOTACAMUND,
21st September 1891.

(Signed) J. PENNYCUICK, Colonel, R.E.,
Chief Engineer, P.W.D.

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29TH SEPTEMBER 1891, No. $\frac{2603}{A}$ W., PUBLIC WORKS.

ORDER—dated 29th September 1891, No. $\frac{2603}{A}$ W., Public Works.

His Excellency the Governor in Council agrees generally with the remarks of the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, contained in the memorandum recorded above. The suggestions made for the guidance of Public Works officers will be acted on accordingly. Should the services of paymasters or cashiers to assist overseers in the actual disbursement of wages on relief works be necessary, application for sanction to the entertainment of such subordinates should be made at once.

2. The Chief Engineer's remarks in regard to the action of Civil officers will be considered in the Revenue Department.

(True Extract.)

Major, R.E.,
Under-Secy. to Govt., P.W.D.

To the Superintending Engineer, IV Circle.

„ „ Revenue Department, with papers in original to be returned.

Exd. A. D. Xavier.
Spare Copies

2786
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GENERAL.
ACCOUNT.

Govt. of {1891} Madras.
PUBLIC WORKS.

Dated September, 29th.

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 29th Sept. 1891, No. 2603 W.
A.

SEPTEMBER.

**Famine Relief Works in the
North Arcot and Chingleput
Districts**

Passing orders on memorandum of the
Chief Engineer, Public Works Department,
regarding delay in the payment of famine
laborers employed on —.

No 109

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From

The Owner

Relief works. Acharavallam

To

The Sub. Dist. officer. P.W.D.

Chingleput Sub. Dist.

Sir,

I am extremely sorry to bring to
your notice that the Revenue authorities
often come and interfere with our work
illegally. According to your order No 396
15.6.91 I have no objection and rather will be
very glad to give all information required
if they come & ask me either in my office
or in the work spot personally. Instead of
doing this, the highest revenue authorities
downwards to Village pious or Talagary
who is considered to be the lowest man in
the departments come and ask stealthily
in my absence each and every Cooly
"Did you get your wages properly?" A
mere glance at this question will quite
convince you that it is itself an induc-
ement for the Coolies to tell that they did
not get their wages properly. These

illiterate

illiterate people though they are paid
According to the pieceworker's bill
will never be satisfied whenever
they are asked such questions like
this

I beg to state that this morn-
ing I took my measurements up to 12 o'clock
and came to office for making Calcu-
lations and paying the wages to the Coolies
This evening I heard that the Sub-Collector
went on the work spot and asked each
and every Cooly in my absence the same
question which I have already stated
Moreover this evening Thasildar stealthily
sitting in a certain place used to send
his peons one after another to call the
Coolies after they got their wages and ask
"What did you get?" "Has the overseer
paid you properly?" Such questions as
this from an officer equal to me
through peons is not only insulting me
but also our department. I hear from
my predecessor that this is the very
reason why he did not like this work
while I have a checking officer in
my department over me. I think was
reason

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2/8

reason why they should come and
trouble me in this way

In Conclusion I beg of you
to be kind enough to relieve me from
these troubles by making some other
arrangements

I beg to remain
+c +c

(Signed) S. Sivangnanam
Overseer PWD
Relief works
Acharaputham

Acharaputham
29-7-91- }

No 723

To
The Suez Canal Engineer
Clingpot D.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward for
your disposal. This mode of procedure
seems to me to be quite improper and
uncalled for

Have re re

(Signed) H. Sanderlow
Sub-Engineer
Clingpot Sub-D.
1-8-91

(True copy)

Supy Engineer Office

Chingleput Dⁿ Office
S^t Thomas Mount
4th August 1891

From

C. H. B. Barltan Esquire
Executive Engineer
Chingleput Dⁿ

To

The Superintending Engineer
V. V. C.

Sir,

I have the honor to send you a
Complaint dated 30th July 1891 from the
Overseer in Charge of Relief works at
Acharavakkam in regard to the action
of Revenue officials on our depart-
mental works.

Subordinates on other works
have made similar Complaints and
I beg to suggest that all D.P.W. Relief
works may be placed under our ex-
clusive control, while we, on the other
hand, undertake to supply the Revenue
Authorities with such returns

as

As may be considered necessary

I have &c
(Signed) C. B. Bartton
Executive Engineer
Chingleput D.

(True Copy)

J. W. Campbell Major RE
Superintending Engineer
V Circle

Per 4000/91
0929

10/10/91

No. 413 W. 2286/10
SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
V Circle, Madras,
Chingleput, 2nd August 1891.

From Major D. M. Campbell RE

SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER, V CIRCLE,

To THE Chief Engineer
P. W. Department

SIR,

Enclosures.

I have the honor to inform you that I consider it my duty to bring to your notice the conduct of the Revenue officials in connection with the Relief works now being carried out by us in the Chingleput District.

2 In a time of distress like the present, it is essential that all Departments should work in perfect harmony and for this reason I have hesitated to bring the following circumstances to your notice sooner but after due consideration, I have concluded that friction between this and the Revenue Departments is more likely to be avoided by my representing matters and getting them

them rectified than by allowing them to go on as at present

3. I enclose two letters as per margin which will show you the state of affairs and I think that after reading them you will agree with me that work cannot be satisfactorily carried on in such a manner

4. This is by no means the only Complaint I have received regarding undue interference on the part of the Revenue Officials, this interference has reached such an extent that the labourers are exceedingly difficult to manage, they seem to consider that they have now two masters the Superior one the Revenue Department who protect them and the inferior one our Department officers who oppress them. Consequently it is almost impossible to get a fair day's work out of them

5. The Revenue Stock inspectors and others frequently inspect our works and submit Reports to the Collector and

No 109 dated
29 July 1897
from the
Superior
to the
Collector

No 2507
dated 12
August 1897
from the
Superior
to the
Collector

2786/11
and as is natural they often misrepresent matters; on one occasion it was reported that a Contractor had refused to employ Coolies on a week; this was found to be untrue, in another case they reported that the Coolies had not been properly paid though they had worked well this was also quite incorrect. They go so far as to report the absence of our overseers from the works and the matter is referred by the Collector to the Executive Engineer, who, I hold, is not responsible to the Collector for the actions of his subordinates. Only lately the Sub Collector reported that the measuring rods used by us were too long and the Executive Engineer had them measured and found them correct. All these sort of things are causing considerable discontent.

When there are thousands of Coolies employed on daily labor and piece work it is almost impossible that there should be no complaints now and again but I consider that the Executive Engineer and

any myself are competent to decide whether these Complaints are well founded or not and to deal with them accordingly and I strongly deprecate the present system of Reports being made to the Board of Revenue regarding alleged Short-Comings on the part of this Department which have been reported by Stock Inspectors and other Revenue Subordinates without any explanation being previously obtained from this Department by this course an erroneous impression gets abroad regarding the D.P.W. officials who I sincerely believe are trying their best to cope with the distress

7. In the Famine Code it is laid down that works of Classes, professional Agency works should be in charge of this Department and Classes, Civil Agency works in charge of the Revenue Department and I see no reason why this ruling should be departed from

8. A Report can be sent to the
Collector

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Collector as often as he wants it giving number of Coolies on each work reason for increase or decrease dates and amounts of payments rates &c. this I believe would be much more satisfactory than having the Revenue officials constantly inspecting our works and asking individual Coolies if they have any Complaints, any one with a knowledge of the character of the native Cooly will know that this is the very best way to make them discontented

9. Should you agree with me, I request that you will have orders issued that professional Agency Famine Relief works are to be entirely in charge of this Department, reports giving the information, mentioned above being forwarded to the Collector who could bring to my notice any thing he considers irregular. Copies of these reports would also be forwarded to me

me and I would at once inquire
into any thing I thought required
attention

I have the honor to be
Sir,

Your most Obed^t Serv^t

J. W. Campbell Major R.E.
Superintending Engineer
Muz

P.S. Since writing this letter the Collector
has intimated to me that he is willing
to discontinue the inspection of our
work by Stock Inspectors on condition
of reports being sent to him by this
Department. This is a step in the right
direction but as it will not prevent
~~prevent~~ interference on the part of
Tahsildars and others and their peons
I still think it advisable to submit
this letter

2788
13

Thom

The Sup^r Engineer
S. L. C. 6

To

The Chief Engineer
S. W. D.

Dated 2^d } September/91
Recd }

N^o 413.88

encl: 2

Relief Works in
Chingleput D^o

Brings to notice
the conduct of Revenue
Officials in connection
with the — now being
carried out in the D^o.

No. 275.6
12-8-91

Board of Revenue Proceedings No 490 on
Mr. Buckley's statement for fortnight ending
31st July 1891 —

Extract forwarded to Superintendent Engrs
near IV for information.

Executive Engineer No 274.6 explains why
payments cannot be made more often
than once in 7 days — The average wage
is low as coolies seldom work the whole day
— they often stop away to attend to their
cultivation — on any few works can they
be got to attend before 8. A. M. and often
much later — while the mid day inter-
val is often 3 hours. With the present scale
of tasks, coolies could and should earn 1st
class wages all around. Executive Engineer
would suggest that for a junior Officer
like Mr. Buckley to write "The P. W. D
Officers must be driven to make —
is some what strong language —

As regards collectors endorsement Executive
Engineer has been ^{travelling round or inspecting the works} during the last month
12th June to this day on 53 out of 61 days
which leaves scant time for office work
while on the other hand however advisable
such travelling may be for other purposes
it certainly does not make payments
more regular as the watching of their
frequency and regularity is a matter

of

of Office Records. — while Executive Engineer is in our out Station, receipt of Deposits from others, does not give him dates of previous payments. — He also says, payments ought not to be made less than once every 3 days and "with proper supervision". This would be feasible — As regards this, Executive Engineer thinks, Superintending Engineer will agree with him that though with 5 Overseers 5 times the present of coolies (3000) could be paid, if concentrated at all scattered as they are, it is a physical impossibility as shown in Executive Engineer's No. 274 of 12-8-91 quoted above, in which case Collector might be asked to withdraw his statement that the supervision of work is not proper. —

W. J. H. Esq.

Executive Engineer
Kalahasti Zamindari
Dist.

Extract from Board of Revenue Proceedings
No. 490 dated 5th August 1891
Head No. 29. Budgetary Expenditure for period
ending 28th July 1891 +

15. The coolies of the tenets around Ripalle, Kallurda, and Chalamallu (with the exception of those of Karapetam and Pallivallam) are readily going to H. M. for work. The general request is for more frequent payments. Payments are being made at shorter intervals than 5 or 6 days at the least. The average wage paid is only a subsistence allowance, and without daily payment, the coolies are put to great difficulties, for it is for them to be able to obtain supplies on credit. I have not yet visited at Kallurda and Kuri; in other places the interval between payments is too long. The Public Works Department Officers must either be directed to make more frequent payments or, if it is considered that they are unable to do so additional Officers must be appointed to help them. —

Endorsed by W. J. H. Esq. J. H. Esq. J. H. Esq.
Dya Collector of North Arcot dated
August 1891. No. 5115. G. R. Esq.
Forwarded. If Mr. Watson were
more prompt in his work and check
his Overseers, payments would

be more regular. They ought not to be made less than every three days and with proper supervision, this would be feasible —

(From Extract)



Chief Engineer
Kutchak Zamindari
Dro

No. 274 19

From

Office of Engineer
Kutchak Zamindari
Rajmunda 10: August 1891

C. J. Knight Nelson Esq.
Executive Engineer
Kutchak Zamindari Dro

2286
16

To

The Superintending Engineer
Kutchak
Rajmunda

Sir,

I have the honor to inform you that Mr. H. H. Frank Collection North Area in his No. 77 of 4th instalment writes "I have the honor to request that you will take such effectual measures as may ensure, that payments will be made on all work over in three days in future" (the underlining is mine) that is after intervals of 2 days only I find it difficult to make him realise what such an order means, though of course, he has the power to issue it under G.O. So, I write to ask you if you consider it possible. I am sorry to have to acknowledge that at Perandwa payments have been irregular, intervals between payments having been (not 3 weeks as stated by Mr. Buckley in his No. 428 of 11-7-91) 12 and 14 days. This has been due to the Perandwa's desperate (though conscientious and pains taking) slowness over his accounts and will cease now that he is being relieved. —

2. My orders are that every gang shall be paid at intervals not exceeding 5 days and this can be and is being strictly enforced - but I ask your opinion as to 3 days payments under the following circumstances: -

Section 1. Venkataranga Sagar, works Ra-
matallapatti, Coolies 100. Situated 5
miles from Jellathur Station. - Palla-
marala, Coolies 50. 7 miles East of Ka-
lahaasi, Odium, 50. 4 miles South of
Kalahasti and Chavali & 100, 20 miles
East of Kalahasti -

Section 2. Rajahmundry Sagar - works
Shondamraadu Chinnur, 4 miles from
Jellathur Coolies 50. Rajaguntha Koppadu
Road, Coolies 200. 16 miles from Jellathur
Railway Station, Madras Railway, also
called on for a revised estimate of Road.

Section 3. Ramanarayana Pandia -
works, in Tirupurambathapuram Taluk,
2 Sanks 6 miles apart Coolies 300, and
at Panalupet Local Road end
Sank, Coolies 400. - These centres are 15
miles apart. - also called on for estimate
for Local Road estimate.

Section 4. Krishnasamy Sagar - 1 Road
and 2 Sanks near Madurack
Parandur Section will be closed in 10 days
unless new work is given us. Coolies
1350 and increasing.
You will realize what taking the measures
means and making out estimates
means, also the giving of lists and

and supervision of work and laying
out new work - besides lands necessary
for estimates for new works and I think
you will find it very hard to arrange
an itinerary, meeting the collector's demand
and yet giving time at each place for
necessary departmental work.

2786
17

I have the honor to be
Sir,
your most Obedt. Servant.

W. J. J. J.

Executive Engineer
Kalahasti Zamindari
M



7/28/91

E. 10
21/9/91

Appendix to G.O. No. 2603W
No. 474
W
Supg. Engineers office, 4 Circle,
12 Septer 22nd August 1891.

From, Lt. Col. R.R. Drake-Brockman, R.E.,
Supg. Engineer, 4 Circle,
To, The Chief Engineer,
P.W. Department.

2786
18

Sir,
With reference to G.O. dated 18th instant
No. 2251 W, relative to the more frequent
payments of Coolies on Famine works
in the Malakasti Sub-division, I have
the honor to forward herewith explanatory
letters on the subject from Mr. C. J. K. Watson,
who, on receipt of the orders in the
Revenue Department, which were sent
direct to him, anticipated the inquiry
that would be made in this Department
by sending me the letters referred to.
2. I took the opportunity during my late
tour in the North West Division of talking
over the matter with Mr. Watson as well
as Mr. Le Fane on the 16th instant, and
I consider that, owing to the peculiarly
awkward arrangements in postal Com-
-munication

Encls 2
2 letters of EEs
in original

Communication that obtain in the
Kalahasti Zemindari, and that
by remaining at Gerseda, or its vicinity,
Mr. Watson is most in touch with
the 6 Subordinates working under
him in regard to financial matters,
and can therefore process their imposts
with the least delay; far less indeed
than if he were wandering about the
Zemindari, when letters from his sub-
ordinates would take 4 to 6 days to
reach him instead of the one or two
days that are now occupied in postal
transit.

3. When Chief Engineer Mr. C. A. Smith
was removed, Mr. Watson lost an able
confidant, and I much regret, and so, no
doubt, does Mr. Le Fanu, that an officer
was not sent to take his place. As
it is, under the powers vested in me
by para 1577 of the P.W. Code, I have been
reluctantly obliged in order that no
delay may occur in keeping up the im-
posts of the Overseers by prompt re-
coups, and money is the back bone
of the whole affair, - to constitute one of
the

the 1st class Overseers in the Eastern
end of the Zemindari, a drawing
officer, and placing funds at his
disposal in the Maderpalk Treasury.

4. In their review on the last Sanjam
Fairine, the Government, as much, I
presume, to guard against waste of
money as to ensure that works should
be satisfactorily carried out, decided
that all fairine works should in future
be in the charge of professional agency.
Mr. Watson has all along gone on the
principle of exacting a quid pro quo in the
exacting of tasks and the disbursing of
fairine wages, and this necessarily
entails a deal of measuring, assessing
value of work done, and clerical
on an Overseer and the one clerk who
is allowed him. The results have, I con-
sider, been satisfactory, and the de-
monialisation of the laborers by giving
what would otherwise amount to an
Eleemosynary grant has been avoided.
I have no reason to suspect, neither
has Mr. Watson found occasion to
doubt, the bona fides of the subordinates

2288
19

in the execution of the work they have to perform, except in the case of two subordinates, Mr Supervisor Lazarus, and Suboverseer Enanapocagasam Pillai, whose laches and incompetency have been made the subjects of special report to you. The system of P.W. Accounts, it is admitted, is so far complicated that it would not do at all for Mr Watson to carry all his records and clerks about with him in camp, moving about from day to day as he would be required to do. The system whereby they are now retained at Head quarters leads to a far more prompt disposal of references than would otherwise be the case. Neither Mr Le Fanu nor Mr Buckley know anything of the interior economy of the Public Works executive or accounts Branch and their requirements, and the best judge of these is, I submit, the responsible officer of this Department.

5. And in this connection I would deprecate the use of such an expression as that made use of by Mr Buckley, an officer of only

2286/20

4 years standing, that Public Works Department officers (and Mr Watson has 17 years service) "must be driven" to do their works. The necessity of more frequent payments is recognised quite as strongly by Mr Watson as Mr Buckley, and the former has, as far as I have looked into the matter with my long experience in the P.W. Department to assist me, done the very best thing he could have done in remaining at head quarters and confining himself to the inspection of works in his immediate neighbourhood, instead of wandering over the Zemindary and putting himself into a position in which he could not possibly keep pace with the demands of his subordinates for recoupment of their imposts.

6. There is one further point to which I have the honor to draw your attention, and that is, that the Proceedings relating to the Famine administration

89

22. 510 9 18. 8. 91

From
The Supp. Eng.
V Circle

Dated 12. }
Sept 12 } Septer 1891

No 474
W
Encls 2

Rev 7854 991

Payments of Coolies in famine
works in the Kalahastri
Sub-Division

Forwards for orders ex.
planatory letter from the
Ex. Eng. Kalahastri Sub-Div.
in connection to the more
frequent —

10/9.

Obs 79. 11
Hm 22. 11

50

No. 430 22/22

SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
V Circle, Madras,
Chepak, 11. Sept 1891.

From
Major J. McNeill Campbell R.E.
SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER, V CIRCLE,
To
The Chief Engineer
P.W. Department.

SIR,

Enclosures.

803
31-8-91

With reference to G.O. No. 2404 dated 8
September I have the honor to report as
follows:—
Paras 15 to 20 of the Acting Collector's
letter of 10 August 1891, on G.O. No. 3154 Eng.
are devoted to censuring this De-
partment. I am somewhat surprised
at this, considering the manner in
which he has been supported in
carrying out Relief works & in other matters
even when contrary to my opinion of
what was advisable; however it is
pleasing to note his opinion that
he is glad to say there has been
some improvement.

5-

3. In para 17 to 19 he gives what
he states in the most glaring case
of delay in payment of wages I
have already Reported on this case
in my Notes of Inspection dated
8th August 1891 and from there
it will be seen that though payments
were irregularly made the case is
not such a scandalous one as the
Actg Collector makes it appear. From
the tone of his writing he evidently
wants it to be understood that
there were other cases of delay in
payments, the only ones I heard of
since the Imprests were raised were
near Acharapakam & Gummidepundi.
I visited both those places & went
carefully over the Overseer's account
with the Executive Engineer and found
that the Complaints were absolutely
without foundations. It looks as
if Mr. Treman here's zeal on behalf
of the Coolies leads him to believe too
readily Complaints made by them
generally

21. 377

726 D

17-8-91

2788
23

generally through his Subordinates
or their proud and I deprecate
the System he has adopted
of embodying these Complaints in
his letter to the Board of Revenue
before obtaining an explanation
from this Department. I
may mention that there are
several Complaints that
he has made regarding the
conduct of this Department
that I have found on enquiry
to be incorrect, but I have
refrained from answering
them in order to avoid
friction at a time when
all Departments should work
together smoothly.

4. From para 19 it seems that
the Actg Collector is not aware
that the Executive Engineer re
ceives

Receives a weekly Statement
giving on each work number of
Coolies employed, dates of
payment & amounts paid &
that a copy of this Statement
is forwarded to me.

J. From para 20 it appears
he wished a change in the
working of the Engineers Officers
& also in the spirit of working
so that serious irregularity of pay-
ment should be severely
punished. Now except in the
case of Mr. Walsh (which is
not so serious as represented) I
know of no case of serious irregu-
larity of payments for as I
have before stated I found
all such cases represented to
me to be utterly untrue, if any
such case is found to be
true the Subordinate responsible
will certainly be severely punished
and they have all been
warned

warned accordingly J.D.

2288
24

C. As regards sickness amongst
the Subordinates, it is very pro-
bable that sometimes as in
the case of Mr. Walsh and
the Quiver Kadur tract they
may be ill for a few days
at a time, if in such
cases another Quiver is to be
sent to relieve them, an
extra Staff of Subordinates
must be kept in waiting, the
Actg. Collector thinks that in
the case of the Kadur Quiver
another man should have
been sent from estimating
work and yet it was only a short
time back that he complained
that Estimates were not
far enough ahead of the works.
If it is thought that in the
case of indisposition for a
few days of a Subordinate
another man must take
his

his place I request that 3
more Upper Subordinates be
posted to the Chingleput
Division to meet such con-
tingencies though in my
opinion this is not at all
necessary for I consider that
the condition of the Coolies
on Relief Works is such
that they can easily wait
for a few days without pay-
ments, where Mr. Holmes saw
the unfortunates with "inverted
stomachs" I do not know
he has I believe not been
long in the Country & perhaps
had little experience of the
laboring classes I have
had considerable ex-
perience of that class and
I can certainly say that I
notice no difference whatever
between the coolies now em-
ployed on Relief works &
those

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those who usually work in
times of plenty, at all
times there must be a few
out of many hundreds
who look thin and
weak.

7. In pursuance to
para 5 of the Board's Pro-
ceedings No 520 dated 14th
August 1891, I would remark
that there is no difficulty
in making frequent and
regular payments and that
since the Imprests were
raised I only know of
one case (Mr. Walsh)
in which irregular
payments were made.

8. The starting of one
or two large central
works is in my opinion

opinion what should
have been done at first,
half the Co. Establishment
now employed would have
been saved. The system
of opening Relief Works at
the doors of distressed
Villagers is, I think, open
to many objections and
must fail should there
be a real famine.

9. It will be seen from
what I have stated in
para 4 that there is a system
of Communication between
the Executive Engineer
and his Subordinates by
which the former is kept
informed regarding pay-
ments. In Conclusion
I would remark that I
feel the Censure passed

on

2286
26

on this Department by the
Ag. Collector to Kienky
that I think it necessary
to forward herewith a
letter I wrote to you some
time ago but withheld
hoping that these complaints
would cease.

9P

I have the honor to be
Sir

Yours Most Obedt Servt

John Campbell Major R.E.

Sup. g. Engineer S. P. C.

9

From

THE SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER,

V CIRCLE,

To

THE *Chief Engineer*

Dated

Recd.

11/1 } *Sept 1891*

ENCLOSURES. 3

No. 430 *W*

Concurrence *2* *10/10/91*

Makes his remarks

on the — passed

on. P.O.W. by the C.E.

Collector Chingleput in

P.O. Proceedings No. 520 of 18.8.91

& reports on the same as

points in the Proceedings

alluded to

Memos 726 of 17.8.91
for B.W. 2404 of 8.9.91
855 of 10.9.91
G.O. 2251W of 18.8.91

12523 32884 of 8.12.91

E.S.
10/10/91

Obs 77.11
Hm 23.11

P.W.D.

2288
27

No. 921 D.

Letter from the Suptg Engr. IV Circle No. 474 of 12.11.91
to — from — to V Circle No. 430 of 14.11.91

Memo: by the Chief
Engineer P.W.D. —

Submitted for the
consideration and
orders of Government.
2. It will be convenient
to consider these two
reports together as they deal
practically with the same
subject, though there are
special points to be
considered in each case.
3. To take the North
Arrest case first; with
the Suptg Engineer and
Executive Engineer Kalahasti
Subdivision attach a
great deal more importance
than it deserves to a
foolish remark occurring
in a report from the
Head Assistant Collector
of North Arcot; this remark

merely indicates that Mr Buckley who appears to be an officer of something under four years' service, has not yet learnt the courtesy which usually governs official intercourse. He will doubtless know better in a few years, but in the meantime Mr Watson need be under no apprehension that the Government of India will attach the smallest importance to Mr Buckley's opinion as to his conduct or qualifications.

4. A much more important question is whether there has, as a matter of fact, been any undue delay or irregularity in payment of coolies in the Kalahasti subdivision, and if there has been, what steps can be taken to remedy the irregularity.

5. It must be borne in mind that a very

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28

large discount has to be made from all reports of short or delayed payments, when such reports are made by civil officers, without any previous reference to the officers of the P.W.D., as unfortunately appears to be the case in both the Chingleput and North Arcot Districts. These reports are based upon statements made by the coolies themselves, often through peons and other subordinates, and from the cases reported must be deducted those in which the statements are altogether untrue, those in which there has been a deduction from wages on account of short work or idleness, those in which the coolies have been dissatisfied with the pay offered them and ^{have} refused to receive it, which cases they will be certain to

report as cases of
non-payment, and
those in which there is
a substratum of truth
overlaid with a large
amount of exaggeration.

28/8
All this is very true.

W. H. H.

6. Making every allowance
on these grounds there
appears little doubt
that in the Kalahasti
sub-division there has
been a certain amount
of irregularity in payments,
due in great measure
to the physical conditions
of the sub-division, and
the Supty Engineer IV
circle in paras 2 & 3 of
his letter explains the
measures that he has
taken for preventing this
irregularity.

7. The undersigned
regrets that he cannot
altogether approve these
measures, so far as
regards the detention
of Mr. Watson at or
near his head-quarters;
that this arrangement
will ensure greater

2288
29

I quite agree here
W. H. H.

rapidity in the transmission
of funds to subordinates
is probable, but this
advantage will be
dearly purchased at
the expense of the sacrifice
of the much more important
duty of incessant
personal inspection
of works and supervision
of subordinates by the
Executive Engineer.

8. The difficulty as
regards supply of money
can best be met either
by giving the subordinates
drawing accounts,
or by increasing their
imposts. The former
measure is open to so
many objections that
it should only be resorted
to if absolutely necessary,
but it is not clear that
the latter has been
tried to a sufficient
extent.

9. To judge from the
statements made in the
letters under consideration

it appears to the undersigned
that each disbursing
subordinate in charge
of famine works should
have an imprest equal
to a fortnight's expenditure,
and if this amount is
in any case higher than
the maximum allowed
by the P.W. Code, formal
application for sanction
should be submitted at
once, but the imprest
should be given in
anticipation of such
sanction.

10. The undersigned
has at present no
information as to the
frequency with which imprests
are received in the
Kalabasti sub-division,
but the point is one
of some importance as
regards the amount of
money required to be
placed at a disburser's
disposal.

11. Many subordinates

2788
30

and some officers are
under the impression
that an imprest can only
be received at certain
stated intervals, such
as a week or ten days,
and that the amount
of such imprest must
therefore be equal to the
maximum expenditure
during the interval
plus the period required
for transmission of bills
to head quarters and
receipt of money therefrom.

12. It must be distinctly
understood that there
is nothing to prevent
an imprest from being
received daily or half
a dozen times a day
if necessary. Directly a
bill is paid it may be
transmitted to head-
quarters and the amount
of it obtained in receipt
of the imprest.

13. If this principle
is clearly understood
and acted on, a much

smaller imprest will suffice than if accounts are submitted and reconcurrent effected at stated intervals.

14. The Supt. Engineer should decide after discussion with Mr. Watson what amount of imprest is necessary in each case to ensure regular payment after allowing for the delay caused by Mr. Watson's absence from head-quarters, which absence must be accepted as a necessary incident in the performance of his duty, and should order those amounts to be given at once, reporting his proceedings for confirmation whenever they go beyond the strict rules of the P.W. Code.

15. Every effort should be made to concentrate the laborers on the smallest possible number of works. It cannot be too

(a) I will make enquiry about this, but am afraid this impossible; it is not a question of sanctioning reconcurrent, but of drawing the sum, and this cannot be certain till we can account -

(b) Yes, almost always - but Khatkharti is itself a subdivision, under an Assistant Engineer -

S 209

Wes

(a) Is it absolutely necessary that the reconcurrent of imprests should be personally sanctioned by the Executive Engineer? Cannot his A.C. Accountant be allowed to sign the papers for him in this matter? Delay would thus be saved, & the E.E. would not be tied to headquarters.

(b)

Yes
An Assistant Engineer drawing officers now? If not, cannot they be made so, & allowed to sanction reconcurrent of recurring imprests?

Wes

2288/31

Agree on agenda
Profit agency works

Wes

strongly urged that the smaller the number of works upon which any given number of people are employed the better from every conceivable point of view.

16. It may be noted in connection with this case that Mr. Watson has been unfortunate in his subordinates two of whom have had to be dealt with by the Chief Engineer on reports made by the Supt. Engineer entirely independently of any complaints by civil officers; a fact which may usefully be borne in mind by the latter when they are inclined to think that no notice is taken of shortcomings on the part of subordinates of other departments except on their reports.

17. So turn now to the case of the Chungpet Division

dealt with by the Suptg
Engineer I Circle. Here the
state of affairs is some-
what different from that
in the North Arcot
District, for there is
absolutely no evidence
that there has been
any delay or irregularity
in payment except such
isolated cases due to
accidental causes,
such as the illness of
a subordinate, as must
of necessity occur
occasionally.

18. It must be understood
that for the reasons
stated above (para 5)
no reliance can be
placed upon reports
made by civil officers
unless the cases have
been reported to, and
enquired into by the
P.W. officers at the
time the complaints
were made.

19.

2286/32

The system of supervision by
Stock Inspectors Subordinate
Revenue officers is monstrous
& should be stopped at once.
No doubt Mr. Frenchman would
have allowed it.
M

19. The remarks contained
in paras 8 to 13 of this
memorandum may with
advantage be taken
into consideration in the
Chingleput District as
well as in North Arcot,
if any difficulty is
experienced in keeping
disbursing subordinates
supplied with funds.

20. The Suptg Engineer
I Circle explains
clearly the inconvenience
caused by the action
of the Revenue officers
in connection with works
under this Department,
and the undersigned
can add nothing to Major
Campbell's remarks,
which have his entire
concurrence.

The Chingleput Division
is in charge of one of
the smartest, most
industrious and most

trustworthy Executive
Engineers in the Department
and the less he is
meddled with by officers
of other Departments
the better for all interests
concerned.

21. The course which
should be followed by
civil officers who receive
complaints of short or
irregular payments depends
on the object which it is
desired to attain. If
that object be to ensure
the maximum amount
of ill feeling, annoyance
and friction between
the two Departments,
with the minimum of
benefit to the laborer
no course could be suggested
better than the one
which is now followed
in both the Cingelapah
and North Creek Districts.
That course seems to be

2288
33

that a Sahib or Sahib
person (note the Overseers
letter submitted by the
Supply Engineer & Arise)
receives a statement
from a cooly, communicates
it to the Sahibdar
by whom it is communi-
cated through the
regular channel to the
Board of Revenue; the
complaint is ultimately
recorded in an order
of Govt. in the Revenue
Department which is
communicated to the
P. W. Dept. and thence
downwards to the
Executive Engineer who
hears of it for the first
time at a period
which may be anything
from six weeks to
three months after the
complaint was made;
by which time the
original circumstances
have been entirely

forgotten by the individual most concerned (even admitting that his grievance was a genuine one in the first instance) and enquiry is reduced to a mere farce.

22. In considering what ought to be the action of the civil officers in such cases, four facts must be borne in mind:—

1st That the complaint is almost of necessity a charge of improper conduct on the part of the subordinates in immediate charge of the works.

2^d That the Executive Engineer is the only person who can properly inquire into such a complaint, because he is the only person who can decide how far the subordinate was

The system deserves all that has been said of it. H.S. J.H.

2786
34

justified in withholding payment on account of laziness, absence or other such cause.

3^d That promptitude in action is of the utmost consequence and that every day's delay increases the difficulty of ascertaining the actual facts.

4th That every complaint, even if well founded, is certain to be exaggerated.

23. The proper course would appear to be something like the following:—

1st That no complaints by coolies on relief works under the P.W.D. should be received by any civil officer below the rank of Deputy Subaltern; this clause implying that complaints must be made to such officers in person and not through peons or clerks.

or other subordinates.
 2^d That any Civil officer receiving such a complaint should at once communicate it to the Public Works subordinate concerned, and to the Executive Engineer of the Division or to the Sub-Divisional officer if the latter is an Assistant or Sub-Engineer.

3^d - That no such complaints should be alluded to in the Collector's reports to the Board of Revenue or to Government of India unless that officer has reason to believe that the Executive Engineer has deliberately refused to inquire into them or to redress them if well founded. -
 And it should be understood that such a report amounts to

I would not go quite so far as to lay this down as a rule. It is proper to say that if any allusion is made in reports to Govt. or to B. of complaints of delay in payment of wages by D.P. officers the D.P. is required to state the number & nature of the complaints, & the period of time which elapsed before their being removed & forward to the responsible D.P. Officer for disposal. J.H.

or unreasonably delayed

This would hardly be necessary if the rule is made as I propose to make it - because if the Col. is aware of his own reports that a complaint was made in the course of a week, & if he does not do this it is closed when reaching Govt. & sending it to the D.P. Officer, the latter officer can be easily informed of his own D.P. Officer's report, & report how he disposed

2286/95
 of each - a list of reports in regular rotation with the being called on - & any unnecessary delay & neglect referred to in the report ought to be appended & being stated J.H.

a formal charge of neglect of duty by the Executive Engineer, and that the officer making it must take the consequences if his charge is shown to be recklessly made & unsupported by proof. -

Paul Cunningham
 Colonel R.E.

Chief Engineer, P.W.D.

E.P.M.

Oct 2nd 1891

Sept 22nd 1891.

on this point, and also to know whether
the Chief Engineer is in a position to meet
further demands. If relief works continue
long after September a very large number
of subordinates will have to be
appointed. Can they be got as short
notice?

The note should be circulated and the
Board the action suggested in paragraph
in the Review of P.W.D. the better.

W
23 Sep

W
26 Sep

24/9/91

FOR ORDERS.

On 22.11.11
H.M. 22.11

W
23.11.91

2288
2/28

P.W.D.

Read the following:—

Letter from the S.E. W. Circle No. 474 d/12.11.91
so ——— from ——— "I" ——— 430 d/14.11.91.
Means: let the Chief Engineer P.W.D. No. 921 B
dated 22.11.91.

Abstract. Delay in the payment of wages
to coolies on relief works in the Chinglapah
and North Arach districts. —

Note.

With reference to
the Hon. Mr. Stokes's
remarks as to the number
of P.W. subordinates in
Chinglapah and North
Arach the undersigned
is not by any means
satisfied that the
numbers are absolutely
sufficient for works so
scattered as those at
present under execution.
2. They would be amply
sufficient if the works
could be concentrated
but the physical conditions

of the districts in question
render it almost
impossible to provide
a small number of
large works, which is
the ideal for Famine
Relief, and all that
can be said is that
the best provisions
possible has been
made for the districts
in question with due
regard for the
requirements of other
districts.

3. If any extension
of relief works is required
the non-famine
districts will have to
be sacrificed to a
still greater extent
than at present,
and even then there
will be difficulty
in getting a sufficient
number of men.

4. Trained subordinates
cannot be got at

2288
39

short notice; any number
of "passed candidates"
are available on
paper, but it takes
time to collect them,
and still more to
make them practically
useful.

5. The matter is not
being overlooked,
and the Government
may rely upon the
Chief Engineer, using
every effort to provide
the necessary staff,
but if any large
extension of relief
works is necessary, we
shall be obliged to
indent upon other
provinces, as was
done in 1877-78.

Cop^y of the
above submitted to
the Hon. Mr. Stokes

for information.
The original has
gone in circulation
to other Hon: Members
in the file - This
has been done to
same time.

S

27.9

Thanks.
I am afraid we shall have to put
up with a lot of home candidates
I make the best we can of them

H.S.

Dear

S

15/4

Rev 5/1857/491

Ans 79.18
Hm 23.18

W
25.18.91

The Hon Mr H. Stokes
C.S.S.

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Note.

With reference
to the Hon: Mr Stokes'
remarks as to the
number of P.W. subordinates
in Chingleput and
North Arcot the
undersigned is not
by any means satisfied
that the numbers
are absolutely sufficient
for works so scattered
as those at present
under execution.

2. They would be
amply sufficient if
the works could be
concentrated, but the
physical conditions of
the districts in question
render it almost
impossible to provide
a small number of
large works, which is the

1293

on paper, but it takes
time to collect them,
and still more to
make them practically
useful.

W
26 Sep

5. The matter is not being overlooked, and the Government may rely upon the Chief Engineer using every effort to provide the necessary staff,

works is necessary, we shall be obliged to indent upon other provinces, as was done in 1877-78.

The actual payment of the
~~the~~ wages for the work
done might be left to
some one else after the
lives are found by the
owner - ~~the~~ of
sent as I ~~offer~~ share.
- later R. of my own by
H.R. mentioned above
lag

The Hon Mr J. H. Gardiner
CS J
H & the Governor

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21
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191

Rev 6
1857/99

Oct 79. 11
Hru (2) 23. 11
H. 2.

66

1890.

Public Works Department.

No.

Dated

Despatched

Received

SUBJECT.

Famine Relief works
in the North Arcot & Chingleput
Districts

Passing orders on
Memorandum of the
Chief Engineer P.W.D.
requesting the delay in the
payment of famine
labourers employed
on —

9/10
1-40 PM

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

UNDER date the

Read the following

Letter from the Suptg Engr IV Circle. H.E. No 474
dated 12th Sept. 1891
do do V circle. H.E. No 430
dated 14th Sept. 1891
Memo by the Chief Engr. P.W.D. H.E. No 921 D
dated 22nd Sept. 1891

His Excellency

The Governor in Council
agrees generally with
the remarks of the
Chief Engineer, P.W.D.
contained in the
memorandum recorded
above. The suggestions
made for the guidance
of P.W. officers will
be acted on accordingly.
Should the services
of cashiers of pay masters
assist overseers in
the actual disturbance
of

of wages on Relief Works be necessary, application for sanction to the entertainment of such subordinates should be made at once.

2. The ^{Chief Engineer's} ~~complaints~~ ^{remarks} made in regard to the action of Civil officers will be considered in the Revenue Department.

S
28.3

- (1) C No 9735
- (2) C No 9802
- (3) No 921 Dd/22 Sep 91 with this letter thereon
- (4) Note for orders d/22-12-91
- (5) — do — 23-12-91
- (6) — do — 23-12-91

The S.E. IV circle

— do — V — do.

The Revenue Dept with papers in original to be returned.

Chs 79.14
M. 29.14

1 copy sent to Rev. Dept 29.12.91

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

2286
44

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read Proceedings of the Public

Works Department, dated, 29 September 1891.
No 2698 W. P. W.

Order thereon 11 October 1891, No 962

The Government entirely concurs in the Chief Engineer's remarks in paras 20 to 22 of his note of the 22nd September last. It is of course essential that the Collector who is the Chief Officer responsible for the conduct of relief in a district should be entitled to inform himself as to the way in which relief works under the Public Works Department are conducted but the deputa-
tion of petty revenue subordinates to spy into the doings of the Department is utterly wrong and the acceptance of their statements without reference to the higher officers of the Department and the forwarding of them in their untested and crude shape to the Board and the Government is opposed to all recognized principles of administration. His Excellency the Governor in Council is accordingly pleased

pleased to lay down the following rules
for observance for Civil Officers.

(1) No complaints by Coolies on
Relief works under the Public Works De-
partment should be received by any Civil
Officer below the rank of Deputy Sahaid-
dar it being understood that complaints
must be made to such officers in person
and not through peons, clerks, or other
subordinates.

2. Any Civil Officer receiving
such a complaint should at once
communicate it to the Public Works
Subordinate concerned and to the
Executive Engineer of the division
or to the Sub-divisional Officer if the
latter is an assistant or Sub-Engineer.

3. If in any reports to the Board
or the Government allusion is made
to complaints of delay in pay-
ment of wages by the officers
of the Public Works Department
such allusion should be con-
fined to a mere statement
of the number and nature of the
complaints made and the period
of time which elapsed since
they were first received and
forwarded to the responsible officer
of

2286
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of the Public Works Department
for disposal
True Extract

G. L. S.
Secretary to Govt.

To

The Commissioner of R.S. & R.A.
Public Works Dept (W.S.)
with enclosures returned

P. W. CURRENT No. 10939 ✓

Soon

No. 2786 W d/ 23rd Oct: 1891

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

2786/46

Read the following

Proceedings of Govt: in the Revenue Department No. 72 962 d/ 14th Oct: 1891.

Ry 16. 10. 91

Communicated to officers of the P.W. Department for information and guidance in continuation of G.O. *2603* W dated 29th September 1891:—

16/10/91

D

To

- Supdy: Engineers W & T Circles
- Other Supdy: Engineers with Copy *2603*
- Consq: Architect *2603* W d/ 29th Sep 91.
- Chief Engineer for Irrigation

2603

LS

22.10.91

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Calif. 1871

PUBLIC WORKS

July

24/10

23^d Oct 91 2786

Relief works in the
Chingapat & North Hot
Oils.

Pro: in the Rev. Dept.
Laying down certain
rules for the guidance
of civil officers with
regard to complaints
made by them against
other officers as to the
delay in the payment
of wages to coolies on

200
14

(47)

23/10 1791