

- (1) பக்கங்களின் எண்ணிக்கை 16.
 (2) புதுக்கித் திருப்பிய நாள் -12-89
 (3) ஆதாரங்குறிப்பவர் சுருக்கொப்பம் low

தமிழ்நாடு ஆவணக் காப்பகம்.

தமிழ்நாடு அரசு

Pw

துறை

அரசாணை எண். மு. கோப்புத் தாள் எண்.	8359	அச்சகம் பலவகை
நாள் :	1-9. 1890	~~198~~

மடிக்கவோ கண்டபடி கையாளவோ கூடாது

ஆவண, கர-1-18,008-18-6-87.

ஆதாரம்.

1/2359

No. 2136 G.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 9th August 1890.

Revised rules regarding the acceptance of fees by, and the grant of rewards to, public officers.

The following is forwarded to the Local Governments, Administrations and
The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the North-Western Prov-
inces and Oudh, and the Punjab. Officers noted on the mar-
The Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces, Burma, Assam and
Coorg. gin, for information, and
The Resident at Hyderabad. guidance.
The Agents to the Governor General for Central India, Rajputana, and
Baluchistan.
The Accountant General, Public Works Department.
The Director General of Railways.
The Consulting Engineers to the Government of India for Railways,
Calcutta, Central Division, and Lucknow.
The Director General of Telegraphs in India.

By order,

C. M. Walker

Under Secretary to the Govt. of India.

No. 3501, dated 19th July 1890.

RESOLUTION.—By the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department.
READ the following :—

No. 124 (Financial), dated 26th June 1890.
From—The Secretary of State for India,
To—The Government of India.

I have considered in Council your letter dated the 29th of April, No. 124, and approve
of the revised rules therewith forwarded in regard to the acceptance of fees by, and the
grant of rewards from the public revenues to, officers in Government employ.

No. 124, dated 29th April 1890.
From—The Government of India,
To—The Secretary of State for India.

In paragraph 4 of our Despatch No. 336 (Financial), dated the 22nd October 1889,
we informed Your Lordship of our intention to revise, subject to your approval, the rules
regarding the acceptance of fees by public officers. The existing rules on the subject con-
tained in sections 89 to 91 of the Civil Service Regulations take cognisance only of the
payment of honoraria from funds controlled by Government, and there are no clear and
definite rules in existence regarding the acceptance by Government servants of fees from

To
The Secretary to the Government of Madras
Public Works Department

803 Co

private persons or bodies or public bodies over whose funds Government has no control. To secure uniformity of treatment in this matter, we have framed rules, a draft of which is forwarded herewith, which we propose to substitute for Articles 89 to 91 of the Civil Service Regulations.

2. Your Lordship will observe that one effect of the rules will be to give the Government of India and Local Government's larger powers in the matter, of sanctioning rewards from the public revenues—a measure of decentralisation which we are of opinion will not cause any increase of expenditure, while it will obviate the necessity of frequent references on unimportant matters to the Government of India and to Your Lordship.

3. We trust the draft Rules will meet with Your Lordship's approval.

Draft of Rules proposed to be substituted for Articles 89 to 91, Civil Service Regulations.

89. (a) An honorarium may be granted to an officer from Imperial, or Provincial, or from Local Funds administered by Government, when the Head of his Department certifies that the work is special and outside the ordinary course of the officer's duties, and that it does not interfere with the discharge of those duties.

(b) The powers of sanction of the several authorities in respect of any honorarium payable from Imperial or Provincial revenues, or from Local or other funds administered and controlled by the Government, are as follows:—

Up to Rs. 100 by the Head of the Department.

" " 500 by the Local Government or Administration.

" " 1,000 by the Government of India.

Above Rs. 1,000, the sanction of the Secretary of State is required.

Provided that the limit of sanction, when the charge falls on Imperial Funds in the case of a Local Government or Administration, shall be Rs. 200 in each case.

(c) If it is proposed to grant to any officer for special work of any description a bonus or honorarium which will require the sanction of the Government of India or the Secretary of State, as the case may be, the consent of the Government of India in the Finance Department must be obtained to the payment of a specific sum before the work is begun.

(d) Remuneration shall not be given under this rule for superintending an examination rendered compulsory on persons belonging to the public service, or any other examination the conduct of which comes within the ordinary duties of the officer or officers conducting them. But remuneration may be granted to officers superintending an examination of candidates for admission to the public service, or any other examination the conduct of which is declared by the Local Government or Administration not to come within the ordinary duties of the officer or officers conducting them. If fees are levied from the candidates appearing at an examination, and the amount of such fees is sufficient to cover the honoraria of the examiners, the reference required by clause (b) to the Government of India or the Secretary of State in certain cases shall not be necessary.

90. (a) Any servant of Government is eligible to receive without special permission the premium awarded for an essay or plan in public competition.

(b) Any servant of Government may also receive without special permission any reward offered for the arrest of a criminal or for information or special services in connection with the administration of justice; and also any reward payable in accordance with the provisions of any Act or Regulation or Rules framed under such enactments.

91. In other cases not provided for by existing special orders, the sanction of the Government of India should be obtained to the grant of remuneration from the public revenues in addition to the fixed pay of any public officer.

91. (a) Any officer may receive a fee from a private person or private body, or a public body whose funds are not administered by the Government for work done for it, provided—

(1) he has undertaken the work with the knowledge and sanction in writing of the Head of his Department;

(2) that the Head of the Department certifies that it can be carried out without detriment to his official duties; and

(3) that the acceptance of a fee and the amount of the fee are approved by the authority having under clause (c) power to sanction its acceptance.

(b) When the work undertaken for a private body is such that it must be done during the time which would otherwise be employed in the service of the Government, the fee should be credited to Government; but the authority having power under clause (c) may grant to the officer concerned the whole or such portion of the fee realised as it may deem suitable.

(c) The powers of sanction of the several authorities in the case of each fee under clauses (a) and (b) are as follows:—

Up to Rs. 100, the Head of the Department.

" " 500, the Local Government or Administration.

Above Rs. 500, the sanction of the Government of India is required.

(d) This rule does not apply to medical officers, who are allowed to accept fees from private persons for professional attendance subject only to the orders contained in the Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 813, dated 18th December 1888.

ORDER.—Ordered, that copy, with copy of the Despatch to which it is a reply, and its enclosure, be forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations; to all Departments of the Government of India; to the Heads of the Departments subordinate to this Department; to the Comptroller and Auditor General; and to all Accountants General and Comptrollers.

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \hline 239 \end{array}$$

Notification

Medical.

The 18th December 1888.

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that, when a Medical officer is permitted to attend a Native Prince or Chief, the fee to be paid for such attendance must be settled by the Government of India or the Local Government (as the case may be), to whom the amount of the fee proposed should be reported by the Political agent or officer performing analogous functions for sanction, before it is communicated to the Medical officer concerned.

4
2359
No. 3501.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

SALARIES, ESTABLISHMENTS, &c.
Rules and General Matters.

Simla, the 19th July 1890.

READ the following :—

No. 124 (Financial), dated 26th June 1890.

From—The Secretary of State for India,
To—The Government of India,

I have considered in Council your letter dated the 29th of April, No. 124, and approve of the revised rules therewith forwarded in regard to the acceptance of fees by, and the grant of rewards from the public revenues to, officers in Government employ.

No. 124, dated 29th April 1890.

From—The Government of India,
To—The Secretary of State for India.

In paragraph 4 of our Despatch No. 336 (Financial), dated the 22nd October 1889, we informed Your Lordship of our intention to revise, subject to your approval, the rules regarding the acceptance of fees by public officers. The existing rules on the subject contained in sections 89 to 91 of the Civil Service Regulations take cognisance only of the payment of honoraria from funds controlled by Government, and there are no clear and definite rules in existence regarding the acceptance by Government servants of fees from private persons or bodies or public bodies over whose funds Government has no control. To secure uniformity of treatment in this matter, we have framed rules, a draft of which is forwarded herewith, which we propose to substitute for Articles 89 to 91 of the Civil Service Regulations.

2. Your Lordship will observe that one effect of the rules will be to give the Government of India and Local Governments larger powers in the matter of sanctioning rewards from the public revenues—a measure of decentralisation which we are of opinion will not cause any increase of expenditure, while it will obviate the necessity of frequent references on unimportant matters to the Government of India and to Your Lordship.

3. We trust the draft Rules will meet with Your Lordship's approval.

Draft of Rules proposed to be substituted for Articles 89 to 91, Civil Service Regulations.

89. (a) An honorarium may be granted to an officer from Imperial, or Provincial, or from Local Funds administered by Government, when the Head of his Department certifies that the work is special and outside the ordinary course of the officer's duties, and that it does not interfere with the discharge of those duties.

(b) The powers of sanction of the several authorities in respect of any honorarium payable from Imperial or Provincial revenues, or from Local or other funds administered and controlled by the Government, are as follow:—

Up to Rs. 100 by the Head of the Department.
" " 500 by the Local Government or Administration.
" " 1,000 by the Government of India.
Above Rs. 1,000, the sanction of the Secretary of State is required.

Provided that the limit of sanction, when the charge falls on Imperial Funds in the case of a Local Government or Administration, shall be Rs. 200 in each case.

(c) If it is proposed to grant to any officer for special work of any description a bonus or honorarium which will require the sanction of the Government of India or the Secretary

of State, as the case may be, the consent of the Government of India in the Finance Department must be obtained to the payment of a specific sum before the work is begun.

(d) Remuneration shall not be given under this rule for superintending an examination rendered compulsory on persons belonging to the public service, or any other examination the conduct of which comes within the ordinary duties of the officer or officers conducting them. But remuneration may be granted to officers superintending an examination of candidates for admission to the public service, or any other examination the conduct of which is declared by the Local Government or Administration not to come within the ordinary duties of the officer or officers conducting them. If fees are levied from the candidates appearing at an examination, and the amount of such fees is sufficient to cover the honoraria of the examiners, the reference required by clause (b) to the Government of India or the Secretary of State in certain cases shall not be necessary.

90. (a) Any servant of Government is eligible to receive without special permission the premium awarded for an essay or plan in public competition.

(b) Any servant of Government may also receive without special permission any reward offered for the arrest of a criminal or for information or special services in connection with the administration of justice; and also any reward payable in accordance with the provisions of any Act or Regulation or Rules framed under such enactments.

91. In other cases not provided for by existing special orders, the sanction of the Government of India should be obtained to the grant of remuneration from the public revenues in addition to the fixed pay of any public officer.

91. (a) Any officer may receive a fee from a private person or private body, or a public body whose funds are not administered by the Government for work done for it, provided—

(1) he has undertaken the work with the knowledge and sanction in writing of the Head of his Department;

(2) that the Head of the Department certifies that it can be carried out without detriment to his official duties; and

(3) that the acceptance of a fee and the amount of the fee are approved by the authority having under clause (c) power to sanction its acceptance.

(b) When the work undertaken for a private body is such that it must be done during the time which would otherwise be employed in the service of the Government, the fee should be credited to Government; but the authority having power under clause (c) may grant to the officer concerned the whole or such portion of the fee realised as it may deem suitable.

(c) The powers of sanction of the several authorities in the case of each fee under clauses (a) and (b) are as follow:—

Up to Rs. 100, the Head of the Department.

" " 500, the Local Government or Administration.

Above Rs. 500, the sanction of the Government of India is required.

(d) This rule does not apply to medical officers, who are allowed to accept fees from private persons for professional attendance subject only to the orders contained in the Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 813, dated 18th December 1888.

ORDER.—Ordered, that copy, with copy of the Despatch to which it is a reply, and its enclosure, be forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations; to all Departments of the Government of India; to the Heads of the Departments subordinate to this Department; to the Comptroller and Auditor General; and to all Accountants-General and Comptrollers.

J. F. FINLAY,

Depy. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
FINANCE AND COMMERCE
DEPARTMENT.

SALARIES, ESTABLISHMENTS, &c.
Rules and General Matters.

Financial Department

Order: - 9th August 1890 No. 510.

*Communicated to the
departments of the Secretariat.*

(True Extract)

Overlaid

Atyari P. E.

*Under Secretary P. W. D.
for Chief Secretary*

To

ALL LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINIS-
TRATIONS.

” DEPARTMENTS OF THE GOVERNMENT
OF INDIA.

THE HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS SUBORDI-
NATE TO THIS DEPARTMENT.

” COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GEN-
ERAL.

ALL ACCOUNTANTS-GENERAL AND COMP-
TROLLERS.

No. 3501.

Dated Simla, the 19th July 1890.

Rules regarding the acceptance of fees by pub-
lic officers and gratuities to them.

[G. C. F.]

G. C. Press, Simla, - No. 405 C. F. - 20-7-90. - 230.

*To the Public Works Department ✓
“ Revenue Department
“ Military Department*

Z. S. D.

*6
2359*

Plt. Col. 7815.
Govt. of (18) Madras.

Recd 9-8-90 2136 G
Cm 7815

No 2359 w/1-2-1890

Communicated
Communicated

To
The P.W. Dept.

to officers con-
to officers con-
cerned for in-
formation and
guidance.

No. 20 8-90.
Encl.

Proceedings, dated 9 August 1890.
No. 543.

Subject.

Communicating letter
from the Govt of India -
Rules regarding the
acceptance of fees by
public officers and
gratuities to them

80. Bm 246 w 8 30.1.89
2351 w 1.9.89
2539 w 8 28.5.86
1909 w 8 28.7.86
2391 w 8 12.10.85
1299 w 8 4.6.85
1196 w 8 12.5.84

note - The new Rules
will appear in the
C.S. Regulations

2/8-
21/8-
23/8-
28/8-
31/8-

20 2 copies to
The Chief Engineer
The Corog. Engr for Ry
Supt. Engrs
The Corog. Engr for Ry
Supt. Engrs
The Corog. Engr for Ry
Supt. Engrs

No. 2136 G.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
GENERAL.

Simla, the 9th August 1890.

Revised rules regarding the acceptance of fees by, and the grant of
rewards to, public officers.

The following is forwarded to the Local Governments, Administrations and
The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the North-Western Prov-
inces and Oudh, and the Punjab.
The Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces, Burma, Assam and
Coorg
The Resident at Hyderabad.
The Agents to the Governor General for Central India, Rajputana, and
Baluchistan.
The Accountant General, Public Works Department.
The Director General of Railways.
The Consulting Engineers to the Government of India for Railways,
Calcutta, Central Division, and Lucknow.
The Director General of Telegraphs in India.

Officers noted on the mar-
gin, for information, and
guidance.

By order,

G. H. D. WALKER,
Under Secretary to the Govt. of India.

No. 3501, dated 19th July 1890.

RESOLUTION.—By the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department.
READ the following:—

No. 124 (Financial), dated 26th June 1890.
From—The Secretary of State for India,
To—The Government of India.

I have considered in Council your letter dated the 29th of April, No. 124, and approve
of the revised rules therewith forwarded in regard to the acceptance of fees by, and the
grant of rewards from the public revenues to, officers in Government employ.

No. 124, dated 29th April 1890.
From—The Government of India,
To—The Secretary of State for India.

In paragraph 4 of our Despatch No. 336 (Financial), dated the 22nd October 1889,
we informed Your Lordship of our intention to revise, subject to your approval, the rules
regarding the acceptance of fees by public officers. The existing rules on the subject con-
tained in sections 89 to 91 of the Civil Service Regulations take cognisance only of the
payment of honoraria from funds controlled by Government, and there are no clear and
definite rules in existence regarding the acceptance by Government servants of fees from

private persons or bodies or public bodies over whose funds Government has no control. To secure uniformity of treatment in this matter, we have framed rules, a draft of which is forwarded herewith, which we propose to substitute for Articles 89 to 91 of the Civil Service Regulations.

2. Your Lordship will observe that one effect of the rules will be to give the Government of India and Local Governments larger powers in the matter, of sanctioning rewards from the public revenues—a measure of decentralisation which we are of opinion will not cause any increase of expenditure, while it will obviate the necessity of frequent references on unimportant matters to the Government of India and to Your Lordship.

3. We trust the draft Rules will meet with Your Lordship's approval.

Draft of Rules proposed to be substituted for Articles 89 to 91, Civil Service Regulations.

89. (a) An honorarium may be granted to an officer from Imperial, or Provincial, or from Local Funds administered by Government, when the Head of his Department certifies that the work is special and outside the ordinary course of the officer's duties, and that it does not interfere with the discharge of those duties.

(b) The powers of sanction of the several authorities in respect of any honorarium payable from Imperial or Provincial revenues, or from Local or other funds administered and controlled by the Government, are as follows:—

Up to Rs. 100 by the Head of the Department.

" " 500 by the Local Government or Administration.

" " 1,000 by the Government of India.

Above Rs. 1,000, the sanction of the Secretary of State is required:

Provided that the limit of sanction, when the charge falls on Imperial Funds in the case of a Local Government or Administration, shall be Rs. 200 in each case.

(c) If it is proposed to grant to any officer for special work of any description a bonus or honorarium which will require the sanction of the Government of India or the Secretary of State, as the case may be, the consent of the Government of India in the Finance Department must be obtained to the payment of a specific sum before the work is begun.

(d) Remuneration shall not be given under this rule for superintending an examination rendered compulsory on persons belonging to the public service, or any other examination the conduct of which comes within the ordinary duties of the officer or officers conducting them. But remuneration may be granted to officers superintending an examination of candidates for admission to the public service, or any other examination the conduct of which is declared by the Local Government or Administration not to come within the ordinary duties of the officer or officers conducting them. If fees are levied from the candidates appearing at an examination, and the amount of such fees is sufficient to cover the honoraria of the examiners, the reference required by clause (b) to the Government of India or the Secretary of State in certain cases shall not be necessary.

90. (a) Any servant of Government is eligible to receive without special permission the premium awarded for an essay or plan in public competition.

(b) Any servant of Government may also receive without special permission any reward offered for the arrest of a criminal or for information or special services in connection with the administration of justice; and also any reward payable in accordance with the provisions of any Act or Regulation or Rules framed under such enactments.

91. In other cases not provided for by existing special orders, the sanction of the Government of India should be obtained to the grant of remuneration from the public revenues in addition to the fixed pay of any public officer.

91. (a) Any officer may receive a fee from a private person or private body, or a public body whose funds are not administered by the Government for work done for it, provided—

(1) he has undertaken the work with the knowledge and sanction in writing of the Head of his Department;

(2) that the Head of the Department certifies that it can be carried out without detriment to his official duties; and

(3) that the acceptance of a fee and the amount of the fee are approved by the authority having under clause (c) power to sanction its acceptance.

(b) When the work undertaken for a private body is such that it must be done during the time which would otherwise be employed in the service of the Government, the fee should be credited to Government; but the authority having power under clause (c) may grant to the officer concerned the whole or such portion of the fee realised as it may deem suitable.

(c) The powers of sanction of the several authorities in the case of each fee under clauses (a) and (b) are as follows:—

Up to Rs. 100, the Head of the Department.

" " 500, the Local Government or Administration.

Above Rs. 500, the sanction of the Government of India is required.

(d) This rule does not apply to medical officers, who are allowed to accept fees from private persons for professional attendance subject only to the orders contained in the Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 813, dated 18th December 1888.

ORDER.—Ordered, that copy, with copy of the Despatch to which it is a reply, and its enclosure, be forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations; to all Departments of the Government of India; to the Heads of the Departments subordinate to this Department; to the Comptroller and Auditor General; and to all Accountants General and Comptrollers.

No. 3541/1-15/11

Communicated

Officers concerned for
information & guidance

Inf J. P
W

To
The Ch. Engr for Infra.

.. Consq. Engr for Ry.

Suptg. Engrs.

The Consq. Archt to Genl.

.. Engr P.W. Archt.

.. Engr Ry Archt.