G.S.C

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Recorded

/Sd/ J.O.H.
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The Public Dept
" Mily Dept.
" Revenue Dept
With order

No. 17 T.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

CIVIL WORKS.

Telegraph.

Fort William, January 20, 1888.

Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1886-87.

Read—

Letter from the Director General of Telegraphs, No. 469 T., dated 14th December, and its enclosure, the Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1886-87.

Resolution.—The entire expenditure of the Indian Telegraph Department, whether it be on account of Capital for the original construction, or for charges for the maintenance and working of telegraph lines, is treated in the Imperial accounts as a charge against the General Revenues of India. The difference between the annual gross expenditure of the Department and the Revenue collected has averaged, during the three years previous to the one under review, a sum of more than nineteen lakhs of rupees. During 1886-87, however, this net charge, which represents the drain of the Telegraph Department on the General Revenues, was a little more than two-and-a-half lakhs. This large decrease was due partly to a somewhat smaller Capital Expenditure in the original construction of new works, but in a much greater extent to an increase in the revenue collected.

2. For purely administrative purposes separate Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept of the operations of the Department; but the cost of experimental lines, abandoned lines, and of outlay not incurred upon the lines and offices now working is excluded from the Capital Account, as here stated. These exhibit the following results: The Capital Expenditure on the existing telegraph system at the end of the year was Rs. 4,04,28,033; the net revenue of the year was Rs. 18,54,590, giving a profit of 4·58 per cent. on the Capital; the Capital Expenditure of 1886-87 was Rs. 21,11,273, which was less by about 8¼ lakhs than the average of the previous three years. This expenditure resulted in an increase of 2,524 miles of line, 5,410 miles of wires, and 9 miles of cables to the telegraph system of India, of which a considerable portion was in Upper Burma.

3. The working expenses of the year aggregated Rs. 41,21,873, or nearly five lakhs in excess of the average of the previous three years. The increase is almost entirely due to the maintenance and working of the new lines in Burma. The working expenses, gauged by mile of wire of the entire system, shew a slight increase over those of the previous year, but are less than the average of the three previous ones.

4. The gross revenue of the year was Rs. 59,76,463; it is the largest revenue ever collected in the Department, and exceeds the average of the previous three years by nearly 13¼ lakhs of rupees. The net revenue was Rs. 18,54,590, which, in spite of the large increase in working expenses, is also the largest recorded, and exceeds the corresponding average by nearly 8½ lakhs.

5. A general review of the financial results of the year, then, as compared with those immediately preceding it, shews a decreasing expenditure on Capital, a very marked increase in gross revenue, a moderate increase in working expenses, and a large rise in net revenue. These results, regarded from the point of view of telegraphic administration, are sound and satisfactory, as indicating the well-organised power which lies in the Telegraph Department to cope with the increase in work which is represented by the large increase in the gross receipts; but, in order that a sound judgment may be formed as to how far these seemingly favourable results can be accepted as a gauge of the

true progress made in establishing a remunerative undertaking, it is necessary to analyse more closely the nature of the revenue on which these results depend.

6. The main source of revenue is the State and Private telegrams: in 1886-87 these taken together increased in number by nearly half a million and in value by some 12¾ lakhs of rupees, over the average of the previous three years; but more than 9 lakhs of this increase in value was due to State messages, which, in the year under review, paid a gross revenue of nearly 17 lakhs of rupees to the Telegraph Department, a sum which represents more than one-third of the entire revenue from the two classes combined. To a large extent, then, the favourable results of the year were due to the messages despatched by Government officials, which is a source of revenue that is to a certain extent spurious, and which is liable to great fluctuations according to local and political circumstances, the revenue from Government messages in 1886-87 being more than three times that in 1883-84.

7. The private traffic, which is the main support of telegraph revenue, shews a steady increase, which, however, is not commensurate with the great increase in facilities for communication. The total private traffic carried on inland wires during the last five years is shewn in the following statement:—

Year.	Number of private inland messages.	Value of private inland messages.	Number of Signal Offices.	Private inland messages for each office, average.	
				Number.	Value.
		Rs.			Rs.
1882-83	1,103,688	12,93,928	324	3,406	3,993
1883-84	1,236,140	14,20,505	347	3,562	4,093
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1885-86	1,527,990	16,38,165	634	2,410	2,583
1886-87	1,683,758	18,17,798	699	2,408	2,600

These figures shew that the increase in private messages has not kept pace with the increase in signal offices open for traffic.

8. The foreign traffic, including both State and Private messages, shewed a slight increase, both as regards number and value of messages, over the average of the last three years; but the State foreign messages show a considerable decrease as compared with those of the year immediately preceding the one under review. They are subject, like the inland State messages to fluctuations due to temporary and political causes: the private traffic on the other hand is slowly and steadily increasing.

9. The speed of transmission of messages was maintained at about the average rate during the year, except on the Calcutta-Bombay and Calcutta-Madras and Calcutta-Rangoon lines: on all these the speed deteriorated, in the case of the two first lines to a small extent only. On the Calcutta-Rangoon line the average speed was 3 hours 17 minutes as compared with 1 hour 22 minutes of the previous year. The cause of this falling off is due chiefly to the great increase of traffic on this route on account of the operations in Burma, partly to cyclones which did much damage to the line, and partly to frequent failures of the Madras-Penang Cable, which threw all the China and Australia traffic on to this already overcrowded route.

10. The messages sent as Press telegrams shewed a slight increase in number but decrease in value as compared with the previous year: the gross revenue derived from this class of traffic was Rs. 68,159, of which Rs. 10,992 was for foreign messages.

11. The system of combined post and telegraph offices continues to make steady progress: thirty-five new combined offices were opened, four closed, and one transferred to Telegraph Departmental Agency during the year. There were 326 such offices open at the end of the year, connected to the trunk lines by 4,285 miles of wires. Messages aggregating more than 5½ lakhs of rupees in value were dealt with at these offices: the statistics show that a large

440/

proportion of this traffic is due to messages despatched by the native community, and that one of the chief objects of these offices has been already gained; for it is only through the development of this class of traffic that the revenue of the Telegraph Department can be ultimately secured on a permanent and healthy basis.

12. The number of undelivered messages shews a slight increase over the figures of the preceding year: the percentage was 0·38 of the entire number of messages sent. Insufficient and incorrect addresses were the chief causes of non-delivery.

13. Considerable simplification was made in the rules for Telegraphic Money Orders with effect from the 1st January 1887. The result was encouraging, 7,138 telegraphic advices of remittance having been sent during the first quarter of the year 1887 as compared with 2,883 in the same period of the previous year.

14. The business of Telephone Companies in India shewed a slight increase during the year, while the work done by the Telegraph Department itself in connection with telephone exchanges shewed an actual decrease: there appears to be no prospect of any early extension of this method of communication which will be at all commensurate with that which has taken place in other countries.

15. The system of quadruplex working was first introduced into India in January 1887 on the Madras-Bombay line. It has been found that some modification in details on the system employed in England are necessary in order to ensure complete success under the different conditions which obtain in India. More use will be made of hard drawn copper wire in place of iron wire in future, experiments having proved its great superiority.

16. The permanent and temporary lines of telegraph in Upper Burma were extended with considerable difficulty in many directions: numerous field lines were constructed for military purposes in connection with the above; 540 miles of posts carrying upwards of 900 miles of wire were erected; and forty-five new offices were opened for traffic. The excellent service rendered by all classes of the Telegraph Establishment in connection with their difficult and dangerous duties in this province is again acknowledged by the Government of India. Specific notice has already been taken of the particular services of individual officers in Public Works Department Notification, No. 164 of 24th June 1886, and in Military Department Notification, No. 434 of 16th June 1887.

17. The great services rendered by Sir A. Leppoc Cappel in the direction and administration of the Telegraph Department were acknowledged by the Government when the decoration of Knight Commander of the Indian Empire was conferred upon him on the occasion of the celebration of Her Majesty's Jubilee in February 1887.

18. The attention of the Director General is drawn to the yearly increasing delay in the submission of the Administration Report of the Telegraph Department with a view to its earlier despatch in future years.

The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and the Punjab.
The Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces, Burma, and Assam.
The Resident at Hyderabad.
The Agents to the Governor General for Central India, Rajputana, and Beluchistan.

ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of this Resolution, and of the report, be forwarded to the Secretary of State and to the Local Governments and Administrations noted on the margin, and to the Government of Ceylon and the Commissioner in Sind.

Also to the Foreign Department for communication to the Residents at Mysore and Coorg.

Also that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Director General of Telegraphs for information.

Also that a copy of this Resolution and of the Report and Appendices A, B, and F be forwarded to the Home Department of the Government of India for information, and be published in the *Gazette of India*.

R. C. B. PEMBERTON, *Colonel, R.E.*,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Government of India Central Printing Office—No. 530 P. W. D.—21-1-88—200.

No 382 W a/2d Feby/88

Recorded

1 Sd/ Jo. H.

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No 382 W a/2d Feby 8/88

To

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ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of this Resolution, and of the report, be forwarded to the Secretary of State and to the Local Governments and Administrations noted on the margin, and to the Government of Ceylon and the Commissioner in Sind.

The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and the Punjab.
The Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces, Burma, and Assam.
The Resident at Hyderabad.
The Agents to the Governor General for Central India, Rajputana, and Beluchistan.

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R. C. B. PEMBERTON, *Colonel, R.E.*,
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Government of India Central Printing Office—No. 530 P. W. D.—21-1-88—200.

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P.W. 857/88

No 382 W.a/2d Feby/88

Recorded

(Sd) J.O.H.
W.

The Public Dept
" Mily Dept
" Revenue Dept
With orders

20th September 1882, No. 2440 W., Public Works.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Buildings and Roads.
Civil Works.

Read—the following papers :—

From J. W. RUNDALL, Esq., Superintending Engineer, II Circle, to the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, dated Bezváda, 5th August 1882, No. 440 N.L. :—

I have the honor to forward, herewith, a revised estimate for the Kandukur sub-jail, amounting to Rs. 12,325, together with a comparative statement and explanatory memorandum by the Executive Engineer and two reports.

2. If the Executive Engineer's proposition be accepted and the unfinished latrine be converted into a ryot's shed, only Rs. 350 more than the present sanction will be required to complete the building.

3. As far as my experience goes, numerous latrines have been constructed throughout the Presidency in connection with these cutcherries which are never used, nor can they be used, unless an establishment is maintained to keep them clean. There are still many cutcherries on the standard plan to be built in various districts, and I would suggest district officers being called on to report whether it is necessary to continue building latrines which are never used.

No. 608 E.

Referred to the Judicial Department for approval and for consideration whether the ryot's shed may be omitted as suggested, the latrine being finished off to serve as such.

(By Order.)

21st August 1882. (Signed) ROSS THOMPSON, Lieut.-Colonel, R.E.,
Ag. Under-Secy. to Govt., P.W.D.

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 2nd September 1882, Mis. No. 6818.

Read—official memorandum from the Acting Under-Secretary to Government, Judicial Department, dated 25th August 1882, No. 810.

Resolution—dated 2nd September 1882, Mis. No. 6818.

The Board agree with the Superintending Engineer. The construction of latrines is generally unnecessary, considering the small number of prisoners usually confined in sub-jails, and it is believed that such buildings are but rarely used for the purpose for which they are intended.

(A true Extract.)

(Signed) E. GIBSON,
Acting Secretary.

No. 892, Judicial.

Approved and transferred to the Public Works Department, with reference to endorsement in that department, dated 21st August 1882, No. 608 (returned).

(By Order.)

Ootacamund,
8th September 1882.

(Signed) G. S. FORBES,
Ag. Under-Secretary.

Order—dated 20th September 1882, No. 2440 W., Public Works.

The proposal to finish off the partly-built latrine at the Kandukur sub-jail, Nellore district, to serve as a ryot's shed, having been approved in the Judicial Department, the building provided for in the estimate for the latter purpose need not be constructed. The excess over the original estimate, sanctioned in G.O., Judicial Department, No. 1488, dated 11th August 1874, will thus be only Rs. 350, and this can be dealt with by the Superintending Engineer under para. 293, clause (*e*), of the Public Works Code.

2. The Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, communicated with the foregoing endorsement from the Judicial Department, will be communicated to all Superintending Engineers for information and guidance.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. SHAW-STEWART, Colonel, R.E.,
Secretary to Government, P.W.D.

To the Superintending Engineer, II Circle, with six enclosures.
To other Superintending Engineers.
To the Examiner, Public Works Accounts.
" Judicial Department.

Exd. F. R. Bantleman.
Spare Copies

BUILDINGS AND ROADS.
CIVIL WORKS.

Govt. of {1882} Madras.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Dated September, 20th.

Recd. *Encl.*

G.O., 20th Sept. 1882, No. 2440 W.

SEPTEMBER.

Kandukur Sub-Jail, Nellore District

Passing orders regarding the conversion of the latrine at the —, to serve as a ryot's shed.

No. 623. Office of the Inspector of Schools
7th Division - Camp, Mudibidri
16 November 1887.

From
The Inspector of Schools
7th Division
To
The Chairman,
Municipal Council
Mangalore.

Sir,

I have the honor to reply to your letter No. 616, dated the 12 November, inviting an expression of my opinion on the question of acquiring the present Taluk Kacheri for the purpose of converting it into a school-house for the Municipal Middle School.

2. I consider the proposal an admirab one. Again and again for the last 5 years have I urged on the Municipality the necessity of building a house for their Middle School. It is heavily handicapped in the race with the other Middle schools in the town by the unsuitability of the premises in which it is conducted. Years ago a site was bought, but no further steps were taken

That

that site was obtained without reference to any educational authority and is, on sanitary and other grounds, unsuitable for a school. The Taluk Kacheri is situated in the very best place for a Middle School. It is in the heart of the town, it is open on all sides and has a compound. Moreover the District Boards' Normal School is held in a building attached to it. If the Kacheri is sold to any private party, the Normal School will have to be moved elsewhere. This would entail a good deal of trouble and expense on the District Board and no site could be obtained by the Board so good as that on which the Normal school is now situated. It would for several reasons be a good thing for the Municipal Middle School and the Normal School to be situated close to each other and this would be effected by the step contemplated.

3. As regards the financial question, I am afraid the funds at the disposal of the Director will not allow of his giving any building-grant this year and probably next year. If therefore Govt. would deduct the

building-

building-grant that would otherwise be give in accordance with the grant-in-aid Code, out of the purchase-money to be paid by the Boar to Government for the Kacheri, the difficulty noted would be avoided, as Educational fun would not be trenched on. Also the District B. would have to apply for another building-grant if Normal School were moved away from the building it has occupied for so many years; and there would be a similar difficulty in their case which would be avoided if Govt. made over the Taluk Kacheri to the Municipal Board for its Middle School, as the Normal School would then be left undisturb

4. Considering that the Municipal Board and the District Board will both, as I have shewn, be considerably benefited by the transfer of the Taluk Kacheri to the Municipal Board, and bearing in mind that they are Government institutions and as such have special claims on the consideration of Government, I trust that the Kacheri will be handed over as proposed and not disposed of

to any private individual.

I have &c.

(Signed) E. Marsden

Inspector of Schools

(True Copy)

(Signed) W. A. Lee

Chairman

—

(True Copy)

H A Stuart.

Under Secretary to Govt.

E.3
M. 831/88

pnm

No. 613.

Municipal Collector's Office
Mangalore, 11 November 1887.

From

W. A. Lee Esqr.
Chairman of the Municipal Council
Mangalore.

To

H. E. Stokes Esqr.
Chief Secretary to Government
Local and Municipal Department
Madras

(through the Director of Public Instruction)
(through the Collector of South Canara)

Sir,

The Municipal Council having decided to apply for the requisite permission to erect a building for their Middle School, which is now located in a hired house, and for the sanction of an expenditure of Rs. 8000 (inclusive of the usual grant-in-aid of one-third the total outlay, expected from Govt. under the Grant-in-aid Code, Section 2(4), 1 July 1885) thereon, plans and estimates are now, I have the honor to inform, in course of preparation.

2. In the meantime, it having come to the knowledge of the Council that the old Mangalore Taluk Kacheri building was being offered for

for sale and as this building possesses advantages of site and locality superior to all others in the town, the Council are desirous of acquiring it for the purpose of their school.

3. It is believed that to put this old building in a suitable state of repair would necessitate an outlay of Rs. 4,000 at least; allowing an equivalent amount as the value of the building — the total cost of acquiring the property and effecting the necessary repairs would be Rs. 8000. The Council however anticipate that Govt., in consideration of the usual grant-in-aid being dispensed with, will diminish the purchase money by an equivalent amount.

4. The Council earnestly hope that their request may be favorably entertained as they have the welfare of their school much at heart, and as this institution is now labouring under the disadvantages of being carried on in a building of insufficient size and in other respects unsuitable for the purpose.

5. A copy of letter No. 623, dated the 16 instant, from the Inspector of Schools, seventh Division, is enclosed, and it will be seen that that officer supports the action of the Council.

I have &c.

(Signed) W. A. Lee
Chairman

—

No. 3853.

Forwarded.

It is not a fact that the Taluk Kutcherry is being "offered for sale". A proposal to sell it under certain circumstances was submitted, with several alternative proposals, to Government in B. P. 732 $\frac{\text{Press L.R}}{\text{12-11-87}}$. The price now offered by the Council is only half the estimated proceeds.

(Signed) S. H. Wynne
Acting Collector.

22 November 1887.

—

No. 8416. 26 November 1887

Submitted to Government

(Signed) H. B. Grigg
Director of Public Instruction.

—

No. 956

Transferred to the Revenue Department for disposal.

(By Order)
(Signed) W. S. Meyer
Asst. Secretary to Govt.

Madras
14 December 1887

(True Copy)

H Albert.

Under Secretary to Government.

E. 2
PW 83/1/88

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE

(LAND REVENUE).

H. S. THOMAS, ESQ., F.L.S., F.Z.S.

READ—again the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Land Revenue), dated 1st October 1887, Mis. No. 3446 :—

Rad—the following letter from S. H. WYNNE, Esq., Acting Collector of South Canara, to the Secretary to the Commissioners of Land Revenue, dated Mangalore, 1st September 1887, No. 2879 :—

I have the honor to submit for sanction a plan and estimate (with their accompaniments), furnished by the Superintending Engineer, IV Circle, for additions and improvements * to be made to the taluk cutcherry at Mangalore at a cost of Rs. 20,380.

* Item No. 13 of Public Works budget for 1887-88, Part I, Class B Works.

2. The roof of the existing building (which appears to have been erected so far back as 1853) being out of order owing to most of the wood-work being rotten and requiring renewal throughout, the Public Works Department was requested to inspect the building with a view to its repair. On inspection, the building was pronounced unsafe for occupation, and it was therefore vacated under the orders conveyed in Board's Proceedings, dated 21st August 1885, Mis. No. 7725. It has since been a question whether the existing building (which is in many respects unsuited to its present use) should be repaired as it stands, or should be demolished altogether and a new one raised in its place on the standard plan. It was at one time thought desirable to adopt the latter course, as the then Assistant Engineer Mr. Lambert was of opinion that as the cost of repairing the building would be a large one, it would be more advantageous to erect a new building altogether; but the Executive and Superintending Engineers having since personally inspected the buildings have come to the conclusion that, on economical grounds, it will be better to repair the existing building (which is a good and substantial structure) by putting on a new roof over it, and the enclosed estimate accordingly provides for the necessary work to be carried out.

[illegible] cond

3. In it, however, opportunity has been taken to improve the whole structure by providing better accommodation for the tahsildar and a portion of his establishment in three upper rooms to be erected in front of the main block, and carrying out other minor alterations in the lower rooms for the better convenience of the establishment, &c., and to facilitate the general work of the office.

4. I find that the plan now submitted (which was prepared under the instructions of my predecessor) meets all possible requirements except that the Postal Department require provision to be made for a town sub-post office by setting apart one of the rooms in the cutcherry for the purpose. As the building now stands a separate room cannot be made available exclusively for the use of the sub-postmaster, nor do I see any necessity for the estimate being returned for revision for this purpose, as the sub-postmaster can be easily accommodated in a portion of the verandah of the Town Sub-Magistrate's office, which will have to be screened off for the purpose, while any records he may have can be kept inside the cutcherry in a box.

5. In view of the separate proposal* now before Government for the purchase of the old bank-house in which the taluk cutcherry is now temporarily held for use as a Sea Customs office, and the absence of any other suitable building at the station to which the taluk cutcherry can be transferred in the event of the above proposal being sanctioned, I have the honor to request that Government may be moved to accord an early sanction to the present estimate and to provide the requisite allotment for its execution.

Sep. Rev.

---

* Board's Proceedings, dated 14th June 1887, Mis. No. 931 (Separate Revenue).

Enclosure No. 1.—Plan.

Enclosures Nos. 2 and 3.—Estimates.

Enclosure No. 4.—Report.

Enclosure No. 5.—Specification.

Resolution—dated 1st October 1887, Mis. No. 3446.

The Collector, South Canara, submits a proposal for additions and improvements
to the taluk cutcherry, Mangalore. In his letter read in Board's Proceedings, dated
21st August 1885, No. 7725, the Collector reported that the building was dangerous
and that he had moved the office into a private building lately used by the Madras
Bank. His present proposal is to spend Rs. 20,380 on improvements including an
upper story to the building.

2. A new standard-plan cutcherry costs about Rs. 21,000, which is very little
more than the cost of the changes proposed to be made. From the plan it appears
that it is intended to house the Normal school in the building in addition to the
Town Sub-Magistrate's office. It is in the Board's opinion objectionable to place the
tahsildar and a portion of his office upstairs away from his records, his sheristadar,
the police lock-up, and his treasury. The tahsildar ought to be on the same floor and
close by all these departments of his office. This is one great objection to the proposed
arrangement.

3. The space as proposed in the new building will be very much wasted. The
area in the standard plan is only 4,022 square feet, the area in the proposed building
is 5,643 square feet, not counting the area taken up by the Normal school and Sub-
Magistrate's office.

4. The ground floor of the building, if the Normal school was moved away, and
the rooms proposed to be occupied by it given to the tahsildar, would probably be
ample for the tahsildar and town sub-magistrate, the whole area of the rooms being
6,479 square feet.

5. The Normal school could perhaps be housed at a small expense in some hired building, and a large portion of the proposed expenditure could be saved by dispensing with the upper story.

6. The Collector's attention will be drawn to the inconvenience and expense
attending the proposals, and he will be good enough to report if some more economical
suggestions cannot be made.

(A true Copy and Extract.)

(Signed) M. HAMMICK,
Acting Secretary.

To the Collector of South Canara, with five enclosures returned.

Read—also the following letter from S. H. WYNNE, Esq., Acting Collector of South Canara, to the Secretary to the Commissioners of Land Revenue, dated Karkal, 25th October 1887, No. 3577 :—

I have the honor to reply to Board's Proceedings, Mis. No. 3446, dated 1st October 1887.

2. With reference to the first portion of paragraph 2, I beg to quote the following from a letter written by the Assistant Engineer :—"The complete estimates, repairs Rs. 13,900 and improvements Rs. 6,290, if carried out will give the Mangalore taluk establishment far superior accommodation than that of a standard first-class structure. The existing building is so good and substantial that it is well worth the expenditure proposed in these estimates." I considered the matter dealt with in the latter part of the same paragraph when the plan and estimates came to me from the Superintending Engineer, but thought that the objection was more theoretical than real for the following grounds. The tahsildar is absent from his cutcherry for five months or so in the year. When he occupies his court in a standard-plan cutcherry, though he is, it is true, on the same floor, he can exercise no direct supervision over the departments mentioned. He is at one end of a long building and the treasury and sheristadar are at the other. The police lock-up and sub-jail are still farther away and blocked off so that he cannot reach them without going outside the building. The records are in a wing. The reason Mr. Sturrock proposed the upstairs building was the great heat and want of ventilation in the present office which would be perpetuated if the repairs were confined to re-roofing. The site is in the heart of the town, closely surrounded by buildings, and lies low (is said by the Public Works Department to be damp). The form of the building increases the heat and closeness.

3. If repairs cost Rs. 14,000, there will be an additional cost of a certain sum
necessary for improvements in any case, as there is no room for the cash, stamps, &c.,
in the present building, and the construction of a strong room was sanctioned in Board's
Proceedings, dated 14th July 1886, No. 1612, paragraph 11—last two sentences, and
G.O., dated 13th October 1886, No. 2674 W., Public Works, communicated with
Board's Proceedings, dated 1st November 1886, Mis. No. 8082, after orders came for
the deposit of taluk remittances at the cutcherry instead of at the bank. So far there-
fore as the building, as a building, is concerned, I do not think there would be any
true economy in abandoning the upper story, but if the Board consider that the objection
to the position of the tahsildar is insuperable, the proposals in paragraph 4 of the
Proceedings can be effected. There will be room for the tahsildar and town sub-
magistrate. Government are of course under no obligation to provide accommodation
for the Normal school. I have thought it better, however, to receive definite orders from
the Board before calling for fresh estimates and plans which will take time and labor.

4. I observe that the repair to and pointing of masonry of the compound wall is
an item which might be very well omitted, and if the cement flooring is also dispensed
with there will be a saving of Rs. 2,100.

5. There is an alternative proposal to sell the present building and site and
construct a standard-plan cutcherry with a building or additional rooms for the town
magistrate between the Military lines and the Government college. The Public Works
Department objected to a new cutcherry because of the strength of the present structure ;
but they always spoke of its being "abandoned" and did not consider its commercial
value from its position. This is estimated at Rs. 8,000, and if this could be realised
and the Military Department made no objection to the grant of the new site, I should
consider this proposal much the most satisfactory in every way. The cost would be
less and the cutcherry better situated.

Resolution—dated 12th November 1887, No. 732.

The papers will be submitted to Government for orders.

2. The Board still think it objectionable that the tahsildar and his clerks should
sit upstairs away from the rest of the office. If the lower rooms are damp it would
be better that the records should be placed upstairs. Considering the large

expenditure involved in building the upper story on the present building, the Board are inclined to recommend the erection of an entirely new building. The Collector reports that the present building would probably fetch Rs. 8,000 if sold, which would go a great way towards meeting the cost of a new office if the site could be obtained free of cost. The Board are not aware whether the Military authorities will object to the erection of an office between the Military lines and the Government college. If not, they recommend that site. If, however, that site is not available, the Collector may perhaps be able to choose another not far from the bank and the town.

(True Copies and Extract.)

(Signed) R. S. BENSON,
Acting Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, with five enclosures.
Copy to the Collector of South Canara.

Exd. J. Henricus.

1888

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

1887.

Board of Revenue

(Land Revenue)

MADRAS.

E.1

P.W. 831/88

Printed December 3rd.

Proceedings, 12*th Nov.* 1887, *No.* 732.

Submitting, for the orders of Government, proposals of the Collector of South Canara for the improvement and repair of the *Taluk Cutcherry* at Mangalore.

Revenue Department

Proceedings of the Madras Government

Read ~~the following~~ Proceedings* of the Board of Revenue dated 12 November 1887 No. 732 (Land Revenue).

*Copy attached.

Read also endorsement* of the Local & Municipal Department dated 17 December 1887 No. 95 transferring the endorsement of the Director of Public Instruction dated 26 November 1887 No. 8416, submitting endorsement* by the Collector of S. Canara on a letter with enclosure* from the Chairman, Municipal Council, Mangalore regarding the acquisition of the old Taluk Cutcherry and its compound for the purpose of providing a building for the Municipal Middle School on certain terms.

*copies attached

Order thereon, 19 January 1888, No. 394.

The Government agree with the Board in considering that a new Cutcherry should be built for the Tahsildar and Town Sub Magistrate of Mangalore on the vacant ground between the Military lines and the Govt. College. Enquiries will be made in the Military Dept. as to whether there is any objection to the proposal on Military grounds.

2 When the construction of a new building is decided upon, the question of the sale of the present building to the Municipal Council on the terms offered by them will be considered in the P.W. Dept. in communication with the Educational Department.

(True Extract)

H Albeart

Under Secretary to Government

To

The Commissioners of Land Revenue
with 5 enclosures returned
" Military Department
" Public Works Department ✓
" Educational Department
" Local & Municipal Department.

No. 1868 W d/ 12.8.85.
" 305 W d/ 9.7.85.
" 1659 W d/ 15.7.85.
" 2657 W d/ 7.11.85.
" 1686 C d/ 3.5.86

P.W.C. No. 83

No. 379 W dated 2d Feby/88

PPH
31 Jany

Communicated to the Supdg Engineer IV Circle

30.1.88

S.E. IV Circle

30/1/88

Desp'd 2-2.88.

R 27.1.88

Note

No immediate action is called for in the P.W.D. Reference is, however, invited to para 6 of the Supdg. Engineer's Inspection Notes recorded with No 1686 C d/ 3d May 1886.

No. 379 W d/ 2d Feby/88

4/2

A.W. 30.1.88 R. 1.2.88

With order

instructions as to his destination may be sent ~~by wire~~ to await him at the P.W. Secretariat Bombay.

31.1.88

1/2/88

1/2/88

No. 2734 W d/ 5.11.87
" 1662 W d/ 21.6.87
" 293 D d/ 4.7.87
" 294 D d/ 4.7.87
" 368.9 D d/ 21.7.87
" 419 D d/ 6.8.87
" 421 D d/ 10.8.87
" 2690 C d/ 12.8.87
" 336.7 W d/ 27.1.88

=

No. 455.6 W d/ 14.2.87
" 2523 W d/ 23.9.87
" 2150 W d/ 12.8.87
" 609 D d/ 26.9.87
" 3814 C d/ 2.11.87
" 4022 C d/ 11.11.87
" 3279 W d/ 1.12.87
" 3410 W d/ 14.12.87
" 46 W d/ 7.1.88
" 352 W d/ 30.1.88

A.W. 1.2.88

Circulate at once

1/2/88

No. 378 W d/ 1st February 1888

No: 378W

P.W.D.

1st February 1888

17 Feb

To the Secy to the G. of I.
P.W.D.

Sir,

With reference to the telegrams transcribed in the margin, I am directed to state that the sick leave of Capt. L. Langley R.E., Ex. Engr 2nd grade substantive pro tem, will expire on the 20th Feby 1888, & that he has intimated his intention of arriving at Bombay on the 14th idem. If his services be still required by the Govt. of India, I am to request that ~~early~~ intimation of the fact may be given by wire, to this office, & that instructions

From the Depy Secy of Mily Works to the Secy to the Govt. of Madras Mil Dept by Simla 2nd Augt 1887.

"With reference to works telegram dated 19th July, please direct Capt Boddy to proceed to Rangoon and report himself at Chief Engrs office for orders. Capt Langley should be directed to report to Garrison Engineer Fort William. The services of Capt Lindley are not required at present".

From Madras Works to Mily Works Simla of 3rd August 1887.

"Your telegram second instant. Boddy ordered to Rangoon. Langley is going on sick leave England. Shall Lindley be sent to Fort William".

From Military Works to Madras Works of Simla 4th Augt 1887.

"2002A. Your telegram of third instant. Please send Lindley to Fort William vice Langley."

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of India with reference to their letter No 169 G of 20th January 1888.

26.1.88

26/1/88

27/1/88

No 336/337 W A/ 27th January/88

27/1

3/1

No: 378W

P. W. D.

1st February 1888

To the Secy to the G. of I.
M.W.D.

Sir,

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17 Feb

From the Depy. Genl. of Mily. Works to the Secy to the Govt. of Madras M.W. Dept. dd Simla 2nd Augt 1887.

"With reference to works telegram dated 19th July, please direct Capt Boddy to proceed to Rangoon and report himself at Chief Engrs office for orders. Capt Langley should be directed to report to Garrison Engineer Fort William. The services of Capt Lindley are not required at present".

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From Military Works to Madras Works dd Simla 4th Augt 1887.

"2002A. Your telegram of third instant. Please send Lindley to Fort William vice Langley".

696.

[illegible] communications sho[illegible]ssed to the Secretary.

No. 7 G

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL.

9 JAN 88
P.W. DEPARTMENT

To,

The Secretary to the Government of Madras,
Public Works Department.

Fort William, 4th January 1888.

Sir,

I am directed to point out that a Notification placing the services of the officers from the Madras Public Works Department temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India for employment on Defence Works has not yet been published and to request that if His Excellency the Governor has no objection this may be done.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

G H W Walker

Under Secy. to the Govt. of India.

cf.

PWC No 189

2690 c/ 12/8/87
2934 w/ 3/11/87
2611 c/ 6/8/87
2612
2585 c/ 3/8/87

No 77 w dated 10th January 1888

R 9.1.88

1662 mwd 27-6-87

SAW

PWD

No 77 w dated 10th January 1888

To the Secy to the Govt. of India
PWD

Sir,

In reply to your letter No 7 G dated 4th January 1888, I am directed to refer you to P.W. Dept Notification No 213 published at page 651 of the Fort St. George Gazette of the 16th August 1887, in which the services of Captains Boddy & Lindley R.E. were placed at the disposal of the Govt of India for employment in the Military Works Branch. A copy of the notification is is forwarded herewith for reference.

9.1.88

9/1/88

Despd 10-1.88.

No. 77 W dated 10th January 1888

E

10/1/88

All communications should be addressed to the Secretary.

No. 169 G

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL.

To

The Secretary to the Government of Madras,
Public Works Department.

Fort William, 20th January 1888.

Sir,

With reference to your letter No. 77 W dated 10th January, I am directed to point out that in Notification of the Government of Madras No. 213 dated 16th August 1887, it should have been stated that the services of Captains O. V. Boddy and W. D. Lindley, R. E., were temporarily placed at the disposal of the Government of India.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

G H W Walker

Under Secy. to the Govt. of India

P.W.C. No 756

R/26.1.88

No $\frac{336}{337}$ W a/27th January/88

SAW

PWD

B/

No 336 W a/27th January/88

Read Cir 756.

order.

The following notification will be published in the Fort St George Gazette.

Erratum.

In P.W. Dept notification No 213, printed at page 651 of the Fort St George Gazette of 16 August 1887. Part I, insert "temporarily" before the words "placed at the disposal of the Govt of India".

Ref. No 337 W a/27th Jany/88

Copy of the above forwarded to the Govt of

Copy of the notification to be sent to C for publication - Dept.

of India with reference to their letter No 169 of 20th January 1888.

MCB
26.1.88

26/1/88

DCC
27/1/88

No 336/337 w d/ 27th January/88

E
27/1

E
27/1

25
3/1

Dur/
9

S.h.e.P.W.&U. No 5690

~~The Hon'ble P.P. Hutchins~~

~~His Excy the Governor~~

Telegram.

No 294 Dd/4.7.87
" 293 Dd/4.7.87

368 – 20th July 1887

No 369 D. d/21st July 1887

Telegram
Desp.d 21.7.87

O.L.S. 167.VIII
Gen. 20.7.87
R 21.7.87

of India with reference to their letter No 169 G of 20 January 1888.

MCB
26.1.88

26/1/88

DCC
27/1/88

No 336/337 W of 27th January/88

27/1

27/1

Dw/9

Urgent
Deferred Telegrams

to S.S. IV Coimbatore
" S.S. V Bangalore

Warn Bodde Langley & Lindley for employment Military Works. Inspector Genl will apply services shortly.

Your telegr on 19th. Henderson is ~~at present~~ Acts Principal C.E. College, cannot be spared, other officers named are warned

Jn

INDIAN TELEGRAPH. Local No. 863

(Station) otacamund

From (Station) Simla

Words.	Day.	Hour.	Minute.	Official Instructions.
42	19	16.	4	1 defd

20 JUL 87

To (Person) Madras Works.

From (Person) Works.

Your wire third + military department do not desire services of smalley and fraser + please arrange if possible to give henderson instead and report when available + inspector General military works will apply shortly for boddy langley and hindley

Bande

Recd. from L. N.
At Hrs. Mts., By

Sent to L. N.
At Hrs. for Mts., By

Date OOTACAMUND 19-7-87 Telegraph Master.

P.W.D.

No. 368 D, of 20th July 1887.

Urgent Telegram

To the Supply Engr. IV Circle
V Circle
Coimbatore
Bangalore

+V Circle

+IV Circle-

Warn Boddy
+ Langley &
Lindley

for employment
Military Works -
Inspector General
will apply services
shortly.

Jcu
20/7/87

Despatched
20.7.87

to IV & V Circles

P.W.Dn

No. 368 D. a/ 20th July 1887

P.W.D.

No. 369 D. a/ 21 July 1887

Deferred

Telegram.

To the Secy to the Govt. of India
P.W.D.
Simla.

Your telegram nineteenth.

Henderson is acting Principal Civil Engineering College & cannot be spared.

Other officers are warned.

C

20 Jul

Desp. 21.7.87

J.H.
20/7/87

Sec. P.W.&M. No. 5696.

~~The Hon. P. P. [illegible]~~

~~His Excy the Governor~~

Telegram

No. 294 Dd/4.7.87
" 293 Dd/4.7.87

Answered

368 – 20th July 1887

No. 369 D.d 21st July 1887

Telegram
Despd 21.7.87

C.S. 142·VIII
Rec. 20.7.87
A 21.7.87

Warn

Mili-

ll late in year when
several Executives return.

(Sd) J.O.H.

W

Despd
3.7.87

Your Telegram –
Rawson on furlough

Cannot spare any of the
officers mentioned without
inconvenience: but in
deference to urgency
of your request ~~will~~ can
send – ~~Boddy~~
~~Langley~~ ~~Lindley~~
Smalley, Fraser,
Boddy Langley
Lindley —
Supplying their places