GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following papers:—

From H. R. GRIMES, Esq., Inspector-General of Jails, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Madras, 19th April 1886, No. 105.

With reference to G.O., dated 5th April 1886, No. 296, Financial, on letter from the Secretary, Finance Committee, to this Government, dated 22nd March 1886, No. 1, requiring heads of departments to consider and report whether any retrenchments are feasible and to state the minimum cost at which each department under their control can be efficiently worked, I have the honor to report that, as far as this department is concerned, it is worked as economically as possible, retrenchments have been made from time to time as they were found necessary. In some instances, jails have been abolished in stations where they were not much in requisition, and arrangements made for the custody of prisoners by transfers to other jails. If a further saving is to be looked for in this way, I would suggest the abolition of the district jails at Trichinopoly and Rajahmundry and sending the prisoners to the central jails of these districts; a considerable saving will be effected thereby.

2. I am convinced that this department at its present standard is working at a minimum rate of expenditure, and is not susceptible of any further material reduction.

From H. R. GRIMES, Esq., Inspector-General of Jails, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Ootacamund, 29th April 1886, No. 117.

In reply to your official memorandum, No. 691-C, dated 28th instant, I have the honor to report the approximate amount of the saving that would be effected by the abolition of the district jails at Rajahmundry and Trichinopoly would be Rs. 4,470 annually in the case of the Rajahmundry district jail, and Rs. 4,506 annually in that of the Trichinopoly district jail, or a net annual saving on the two jails of Rs. 8,976.

2. At Rajahmundry, I would only propose to retain the services of the clerk on Rs. 40 a-month and to transfer the district jail prisoners, including under-trials, debtors, &c., to the central jail, in which there is now ample accommodation available for all classes. But at Trichinopoly, it will be necessary perhaps to have a larger establishment, as the subsidiary jail is now attached to and is a portion of the district jail; for this jail, which I propose should be a combined subsidiary jail and lock-up similar to that at Chingleput, I purpose to retain a jailer on Rs. 20, two warders on Rs. 7 each, and a scavenger on Rs. 4. I have already consulted with the District Magistrate at Trichinopoly regarding the abolition of the district jail, and he states he sees no objection to my proposal; I also requested information whether the municipality would purchase the old buildings, which are well adapted for a market, but this I am informed it is not in a position to do. The correspondence on the subject is forwarded for the information of the Government, which I request may be returned when no longer required.

3. If Government decide on the abolition of these district jails, the saving cannot be immediately effected, as it will be necessary to give the establishments three months' notice.

ENCLOSURES.

From H. R. GRIMES, Esq., Inspector-General of Jails, to the District Magistrate, Trichinopoly, dated Madras, 3rd March 1886, No. 973.

I have the honor to request you will inform me whether you have any objection to offer to the immediate removal of the district jail and its establishment to the camp jail, situated in close proximity to the central jail, and to the reception of all under-trial prisoners and debtors in the subsidiary jail until such time as the new district jail now being built is completed.

2. As you are aware, the greater portion of the district jail prisoners has been for some months located in the camp jail, in order that their labor may be fully utilized under the Public Works Department in building the new jail.

3. It has been found that having two establishments for the district jail—one in the town and the other at the camp jail—is inconvenient and expensive. I am of opinion that there would be a great saving to Government if the whole of the district jail prisoners, with the exception of the classes I have named, were located at the camp jail.

4. If you are agreeable to take charge of the under-trial prisoners and debtors in the subsidiary jail, I would propose that a keeper on Rs. 20 a month, with two warders on Rs. 7 each and a scavenger on Rs. 4, be appointed as the establishment for the subsidiary jail and lock-up, which should be under the charge of the town sub-magistrate.

5. Prisoners condemned to death would be admitted into the central jail, where cells for them are available, and executions, which are now carried out in the district jail enclosure in the town, would be carried out at the central jail.

6. If you approve of my suggestions, I will address Government on the subject.

7. I would also request information whether the municipality wish to acquire the district jail buildings, which are well adapted for a market; if so, whether they would purchase them for that or any other purpose.

From H. R. FARMER, Esq., Acting District Magistrate, Trichinopoly, to the Inspector-General of Jails, dated 12th March 1886, No. 902.

In reply to your letter, No. 973, dated the 3rd instant, I have the honor to inform you that I see no objection to the proposal made by you being carried out.

2. The last paragraph, No. 7, of your letter will be answered after a reply is received from the chairman of the Trichinopoly municipality.

From H. R. FARMER, Esq., Acting District Magistrate, Trichinopoly, to the Inspector-General of Jails, dated 23rd April 1886, No. 1408.

Referring to paragraph 2 of my letter, No. 902, dated 12th March 1886, I have the honor to inform you that the chairman of the Trichinopoly municipality states that the municipality is not in a position to purchase the district jail buildings at this station.

ORDER—dated 12th August 1886, No. 2130, Judicial.

The Government are unable to dispose of the question raised in the foregoing papers, as to the abolition of the district jails at Rajahmundry and Trichinopoly, without further information.

2. As regards the case of Rajahmundry, it is observed that the Inspector-General proposes to transfer all prisoners, including civil debtors and under-trial prisoners, to the central jail. The distance between the central jail and the magistrates' and sessions courts is not stated, nor has the opinion of the District Magistrate on the scheme been obtained. The correspondence will now be communicated to the District Magistrate of Godávari for early remarks, and the Inspector-General of Jails will report on the distances which under-trial prisoners would have to be conveyed, if their transfer to the central jail was sanctioned.

3. The Inspector-General of Jails states that he has already consulted the District Magistrate of Trichinopoly regarding the abolition of the district jail there, but the correspondence with the District Magistrate submitted by the Inspector-General does not bear out this statement. The Inspector-General's reference to the District Magistrate, dated 3rd March 1886, referred to certain arrangements to be adopted "until

such time as the new district jail now being built is completed." The Inspector-General's statement above quoted is therefore not understood. The correspondence will also be referred to the District Magistrate of Trichinopoly for early remarks. The Government understand that at Trichinopoly it is proposed to keep under-trial prisoners in the sub-jail. The Inspector-General will state whether this is so, and where he proposes to confine civil debtors and convicts under sentence of death.

4. In view of the possible abolition of the Trichinopoly district jail, orders will at once be issued in the Public Works Department for the suspension of further operations on the new district jail buildings and for the submission of a progress report, and the Inspector-General of Jails will report in what stage the work now is, and to what use the new district jail buildings could be put, should the district jail be abolished.

5. In his report the Inspector-General will state, with regard to the cases both of Rajahmundry and Trichinopoly, whether he has included in his forecast of the financial result of abolishing the district jails the saving of the conveyance allowances granted to the Superintendents of the two central jails concerned in G.O., dated 27th June 1882, No. 570, Judicial.

(True Extract.)

E. F. WEBSTER,
Chief Secretary.

To the Inspector-General of Jails.
" District Magistrate, Godávari.
" " Trichinopoly.
" Public Works Department.
Copy to the Financial Department.

Exd. A. Raitt.

B. No 2257 W dy 8-9-86

Communicated in continuation of No 510 D dated 9th August 1886, to the Supdg Engineer VI circle, for information

2. The Supdg: Engineer's letter No 261-T.C. dated 26th August 1886, submitting the required progress report has been received.

Supdg Engr VI C

" " I circle for information

Govt. of {1886} Madras.

JUDICIAL.

Issued

Recd. *Encl.*

G.O., 12th August 1886, No. 2130.

B. No 2257 W dy 8-9-86

AUGUST.

Abolition of Rajahmundry and Trichinopoly District Jails.

Expressing inability to dispose of the question as to the — without further information, and directing the officers concerned to supply this omission.

With orders

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—again G.O., dated 12th August 1886, No. 2130, Judicial.

READ—also the following papers :—

From J. W. MARTIN, Esq., Executive Engineer, Trichinopoly Division, to the Superintending Engineer, VI Circle, dated Trichinopoly, 20th August 1886, No. 116-S.E.

In reply to your endorsement, No. 233-T.C., dated 13th instant, forwarding the Chief Engineer's memorandum, No. 510-D., of 9th idem, directing the immediate stopping of work at the district jail, I have the honor to report that the progress made to date is as follows :—

(1) The enclosure wall is completed except coping, pointing, and six gaps which have been kept open for the purpose of bringing in materials, &c.
(2) The walls of the association ward 5-B to accommodate 60 prisoners are raised to full height, and the required timber is wrought and ready to be put up.
(3) The basement of association ward 5-A to accommodate 60 prisoners is raised to full height, the walls of one of three rooms are about half built, and a portion of the timber for the roof is collected.
(4) The foundation of the workshop is completed.
(5) Excavation for foundation of association ward 5-C for 40 prisoners completed.
(6) One well is excavated to full depth.
(7) The wooden door and iron gate for the entrance are made up ; and also the doors, windows, ventilators, including iron work, and the iron palisading.
(8) On first of this month the number of bricks at site was 336,000, value Rs. 1,900, but since then some bricks have been used, and probably the number at site now is about 3¼ lacs.

2. The total expenditure to 31st July is Rs. 43,690, the amount expended from the current year's grant to date is Rs. 4,423, and the amount of liabilities is Rs. 1,500. I may point out that more work has been done this year than may be estimated from the expenditure, for convict labor, for which we do not pay, has been used as much as possible.

3. With regard to what is to be done in future, I propose to quarry stone with convict labor until the dynamite now in store, about Rs. 500 worth including value of detonators and fuze, is used up. It has already been decided to build the foundation of all the buildings with rough stone and chunam, so it will be convenient to have a stock of stone in hand to commence work when orders for resuming it are received.

No. 261-T.C.

True copy forwarded to the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, for information with reference to his memorandum, No. 510-D, of 8th instant.

2. With reference to paragraph 3 of Mr. Martin's report, it has been pointed out to that officer that the memorandum quoted orders the entire stoppage of all work, and he has been directed to cease work accordingly.

VIRAPAUDI, 26*th August* 1886. (Signed) J. PENNYCUICK, Lieut.-Col., R.E., *Superintending Engineer, VI Circle.*

No. 605-D.

Forwarded to the Judicial Department with advertence to G.O., in that department, No. 2130, dated 12th August 1886.

OOTACAMUND, 3*rd September* 1886. (Signed) J. SHAW-STEWART, Col., R.E., *Secretary to Govt., P.W.D.*

From H. R. FARMER, Esq., Acting District Magistrate, Trichinopoly, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Trichinopoly, 8th September 1886, No. 100.

With reference to para. 3 of G.O., No. 2130, dated 12th August 1886, Judicial, calling upon me for my remarks with reference to the proposed abolition of the district jail, I have the honor to state that my letter, No. 902, dated 12th March, printed with the Government order, was written on the understanding that the district jail was to be transferred to another building, and not abolished; that the subsidiary jail was to be continued in its present site even after the new district jail, now in course of construction, has been opened; that after the new district jail was opened civil debtors would be transferred there from the present district jail, and that the arrangements proposed by the Inspector-General of Jails in his letter to me, regarding prisoners condemned to death and regarding executions, would be carried out in the new district jail after its completion, and up to then in the central jail. I saw no objection to allowing prisoners condemned to death to be admitted into the central jail nor to executions being carried out there pending the completion of the new district jail; neither did I see any objection to the retention of civil debtors in the building now used as a district jail until accommodation could be provided for them in the new district jail.

2. If I rightly understood the contemplated arrangements, I do not see that there can be any objection to them, but the question of *abolishing* the district jail has never been referred to me.

From J. THOMSON, Esq., Acting District Magistrate, Godávari, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Cocanada, 22nd September 1886, No. 67.

Referring to G.O., of 12th ultimo, No. 2130, Judicial, regarding the abolition of the Rajahmundry District Jail, I have the honor to state that I cannot find, and do not know, any reason why there should be a district jail in Rajahmundry when the central jail is there.

2. I supposed that this matter had been dealt with or considered before, but a reference to the records shows nothing, and the Superintendent does not wish to discuss it with me without Mr. Grimes' permission. I do not care to delay the matter by making any reference to him, as he will himself have to give full grounds for his opinion.

3. At present the numbers in both jails are low; but even when at the normal strength, I believe there is sufficient accommodation in the central jail for all. The jails are something over a mile apart; the taluk magistrate's office is a mile or so nearer Dowlaishweram, but the direct road from the central jail to the taluk cutcherry does not pass the district jail, and they are not more perhaps than a mile and a half

apart. There is a sub-jail in the taluk cutcherry where under-inquiry prisoners are lodged. The Sessions and Joint Magistrate's Courts are close to the district jail. There would, however, be very little inconvenience by under-trial prisoners before the Sessions Court being lodged in the central jail.

No. 3246-C.

MEMORANDUM.

From the Judicial Department, No. 1071-C., dated 5th July 1886, approving and transferring plans and estimates for certain additions to the new district jail at Trichinopoly.

From the Superintending Engineer, VI Circle, No. 298-T.C., dated 10th September 1886, resubmitting the plans and estimates with certain alterations.

No further action will be taken in this matter, pending receipt of a further communication from the Judicial Department—*vide* paragraph 4 of G.O., No. 2130, dated 12th August 1886, communicated with G.O., No. 2257 W., dated 8th September 1886.

(By Order.)

CHEPÂK, 23*rd September* 1886. (Signed) D. McN. CAMPBELL, Major, R.E., *Under Secy. to Govt., P.W.D.*

To the Judicial Department.
„ Superintending Engineer, VI Circle.

From J. W. MARTIN, Esq., Executive Engineer, Trichinopoly Division, to the Superintending Engineer, VI Circle, dated Trichinopoly, 11th September 1886, No. 139-S.E.

Adverting to my letter, No. 116, dated 20th ultimo, reporting the progress to date at the district jail, I have the honor to inform you that if the work there is finally stopped and abandoned, I can use two lacs of bricks on the construction of a regimental magazine and cells recently sanctioned for a Native Infantry Regiment. These works have already been commenced, but I have now stopped further progress until I hear from you whether I may transfer the bricks from the jail, so early orders on the subject are requested.

No. 303-T.C.

Submitted to the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, with reference to G.O., No. 2257 W., dated 8th instant.

2. Orders are requested to utilize the bricks made for the jail works, on the magazine and cells* alluded to, should the jail works be finally stopped.

* *Vide* G.O., No. 1502 W., dated 14th June 1886.

(Signed) J. W. MARTIN,
Executive Engineer in charge, VI Circle.

14*th September* 1886.

No. 3286-C.

Referred, in continuation of No. 605-D., dated 3rd September 1886, to the Judicial Department, for favor of information whether it is likely that work on the Trichinopoly District Jail will be resumed this official year.

(Signed) D. McN. CAMPBELL, Major, R.E.,
Under Secy. to Govt., P.W.D.

24*th September* 1886.

From H. R. GRIMES, Esq., Inspector-General of Jails, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Madras, 24th September 1886, No. 272.

With reference to the order of Government quoted in the margin, I have the honor to report, in reply to paragraph 2, that the distance between the central jail at Rajahmundry and the Sessions Court is about two miles, and I regret that, before submitting my proposal to abolish the district jail, at that station, I did not obtain the opinion of the District Magistrate to the scheme.

Judicial Department, dated 12th August 1886, No. 2130.

2. In reply to paragraph 3 of the order, I have the honor to report that it is my intention that under-trial prisoners should be kept in the subsidiary jail at Trichinopoly, which is now in the enclosure of the district jail and would be retained under any circumstances. My reasons for this are, that these prisoners would be nearer to the Sessions Court, for if they were transferred with the district jail prisoners to the central jail, they would have to be conveyed a distance of five miles or thereabouts to the court. I also intended that civil debtors should be confined in the subsidiary jail until the accommodation for them, which was under construction in the new district jail, should have been completed, but as the Government has now ordered the suspension of further progress on the new district jail buildings, it will be necessary that the civil debtors be always confined in the subsidiary jail, as there is no accommodation available for them in the central jail.

3. I propose, as remarked in the 5th paragraph of my letter to the District Magistrate, embodied in the order, that prisoners condemned to death should be admitted into the central jail where cells are available, and that executions, which are now carried out in the district jail, in the centre of the town, should be carried out at the central jail.

4. As directed in paragraph 4 of the order, I have the honor to report that the progress made up to 20th August last on the buildings of the new district jail was as follows:—

(1) The enclosure wall was completed except coping, pointing, and six gaps which were kept open for the purpose of bringing in material, &c.
(2) The walls of association ward 5-B to accommodate 60 prisoners are raised to full height, and the required timber is wrought and ready to be put up.
(3) The basement of association ward 5-A to accommodate 60 prisoners is raised to full height, and the walls of one of the three rooms are about half built, and a portion of the timber for the roof is collected.
(4) The foundation of the workshop is completed.
(5) Excavation for foundation of association ward 5-C for 40 prisoners is completed.
(6) One well is excavated to full depth.
(7) The wooden doors and iron gate for the entrance are made up, and also all the doors, windows, ventilators, including iron work, and the iron palisading.
(8) There were on 1st August last 336,000 bricks on the site of the value of Rs. 1,900, but some have since been used, and on the date of the Executive Engineer's report the probable number was $3\frac{1}{4}$ lacs.
(9) The total expenditure to 31st July last was Rs. 43,690, the amount expended from the current year's grant is Rs. 4,423, and the amount of liabilities is Rs. 1,500. The Executive Engineer remarks that more work has been done this year than may be estimated from the expenditure, for convict labor, for which payment is not made, has been used as much as possible.

5. As to the use the new district jail buildings could be put, the Acting Superintendent reports:—

"The block in question (referring to that nearly completed) could, with a little alteration and additions, be made available for three European warders and their families by means of partitions in the rooms and running up cook-rooms and latrines of an inexpensive nature."

As I have no intention of proposing to Government the entertainment of European warders at the central jail at Trichinopoly, the alterations and additions suggested by the Acting Superintendent would be unnecessary.

6. I would, however, urge that association ward 5-B might be completed for the accommodation of short-termed prisoners, that the enclosure wall may be coped, and the six gaps in it may be closed, and that the entrance gate may be finished; if these works are completed the short-termed prisoners (district jail) might be entirely kept apart from the long-termed prisoners in the central jail, and the additional buildings required—kitchens, latrines, &c.,—might be constructed by the convicts to serve temporarily until funds are available to complete the remainder of the buildings. It is not my intention that there should be a separate establishment for the district jail prisoners, should their transfer be sanctioned to the central jail, but that the establishment of the central jail should supervise both jails as has been done at Coimbatore for the past sixteen years.

7. I beg to point out that it was intended to build the cellular prison at Trichinopoly* in the same enclosure as the new district jail, and that the suspension of further operations as now ordered affects that prison also, which is much to be regretted.

* *Vide* G.O., dated 31st July 1884, No. 1896, Judicial Department, and G.O., dated 29th August 1884, No. 2134 W., Public Works.

8. In reply to paragraph 5 of the order, I have the honor to report the saving of the conveyance allowances, granted to the Superintendents of the two central jails, Rajahmundry and Trichinopoly, has been included in my forecast of the financial result of abolishing these two district jails.

ORDER—dated 18th October 1886, No. 2814, Judicial.

Upon a perusal of the opinions of the Inspector-General of Jails and of the District Magistrates concerned, the Government resolve to sanction the abolition of the district jails at Rajahmundry and Trichinopoly, and direct the Inspector-General forthwith to give to the establishment employed therein the requisite three months' notice. Endeavours should be made to find opportunities of re-employing those who are fit for further service.

2. As regards Rajahmundry, the proposal to transfer all prisoners, including civil debtors and under-trial prisoners, to the central jail, is approved. The Inspector-General will submit the usual proposition statements for the proposed increase of establishment to the central jail.

3. The Government observe, with reference to the Trichinopoly District Jail, that a new cellular prison as well as a new district jail are under construction close to the central jail. The order of Government, Judicial Department, 12th August 1886, No. 2130, was not intended to apply to the cellular prison, and work thereon should be at once resumed, if it has been stopped. In consequence of the abolition of the district jail, the further construction of the new district jail buildings, sanctioned in the marginally-noted orders of Government, will be finally abandoned; but the proposal of the Inspector-General of Jails, set forth in paragraph 6 of his letter read above, is approved: the block already partly constructed (ward 5-B) will be completed, together with wall and gate; and this block will be employed, as a part of the central jail and without separate establishment, as a place of detention for short-term prisoners. Estimates for the carrying out of this work will be prepared in the Public Works Department. The Government further approve the proposal to retain under-trial prisoners in the sub-jail, and to keep prisoners under sentence of death in the central jail, but are disposed to think that accommodation should also be found in the central jail for the civil prisoners. The Inspector-General will consider whether this cannot be arranged and will report further. The usual proposition statements of proposed establishments should be submitted.

G.O., 25th January 1884, No. 225, Judicial.
„ 31st July „ „ 1896 „
„ 29th August „ „ 2134, W.
„ 17th March 1886 „ 704, W.

4. From the date of the abolition of the district jails, the conveyance allowance of Rs. 50 per mensem, sanctioned to the Superintendents of the Central Jails at Rajahmundry and Trichinopoly in G.O., dated 27th June 1882, No. 570, Judicial, will be withdrawn.

(True Extract.)

H. E. STOKES,
Ag. Chief Secretary.

To the Inspector-General of Jails.
„ District Magistrate, Godávari.
„ „ Trichinopoly.
„ Public Works Department.
„ Accountant-General.

Exd. T. O'Connor.

establishments should ...

Wr. 2888 Ir dy 3d Nov/86

Communicated to the Supg Engineers I. & II circles in continuation of Go Wr. 2257 Ir dated 8th Septr 1886

2. With advertance to para 3 of the order in the Judicial Department, the S & II circle will at once issue orders for the resumption of work on the cellular prison, and for the completion of the Jail block now partly constructed. The amount required for expenditure on these works should be reported, and the balance of the current years grant should be surrendered without delay

(Sd) Jo H

S & I circle
" VI circle
Ex. S. Ir. Accounts

Govt. of {1886} Madras.

JUDICIAL.

Issued

Recd. *Encl.*

G.O., 18th October 1886, No. 2814.

Wr. 2888 Ir dy 3d Nov 1886

OCTOBER.

Abolition of Rajahmundry and Trichinopoly District Jails.

Passing orders on papers relating to the proposed —.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—again G.O., dated 18th October 1886, No. 2814, Judicial.

READ—also the following papers:—

From H. R. GRIMES, Esq., Inspector-General of Jails, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Ootacamund, 25th May 1887, No. 193.

In the order of Government marginally quoted, Government approved of the proposals contained in paragraph 6 of my letter, No. 272, dated 24th September 1886, regarding the completion of association ward 5-B (of what was to have been the new district jail at Trichinopoly), as a place of detention for short-sentenced prisoners. This ward I found at my recent inspection of the central jail on 3rd instant nearly completed; all that was required was to tile the roof.

Dated 18th October 1886, No. 2814, Judicial.

2. I also noticed that association ward 5-A was three parts built, and was informed by the Superintendent that the materials for its completion were all ready, and that the Officiating Executive Engineer had offered to make over the materials for completing it, if this department would undertake to do the work.

3. It seems a pity to allow a well-built building to go to ruin, when it can be completed by convict labor; and I am prepared to complete it, provided all the material is made over to the Superintendent for this purpose, and now request Government will be pleased to sanction this being done.

4. I forward a revised site plan of what was intended to have been the new district jail at Trichinopoly, on which the two wards now referred to are shown, and request that it may be returned when no longer required.

5. The Superintendent reports that he could carry out the further suggestions contained in paragraph 6 of my letter above quoted, viz., construction of kitchen, latrine, &c., and if Government approves, I request sanction may be accorded to the completion of these buildings also.

From H. R. GRIMES, Esq., Inspector-General of Jails, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Ootacamund, 11th July 1887, No. 250.

In reply to reference on No. 2268 of 1887, dated 22nd June 1887, I have the honor to report that I propose association ward A of the new buildings at the central jail at Trichinopoly should be utilized for the incarceration of short-termed prisoners, in addition to association ward B, the completion of which for a similar purpose was sanctioned in G.O., dated 18th October 1886, No. 2814, Judicial. There are now 88 short-termed prisoners in the central jail, and association ward B, when ready, will only contain 60 prisoners.

2. The Superintendent proposes to build the kitchen and latrine of laterite and mud, of which there is plenty available on the jail grounds; the cost of these buildings would be Rs. 235 only. Plans and estimates for which are now submitted, and which I request may be returned.

3. In reply to the inquiry in the G.O. of 18th October 1886, No. 2814, regarding civil debtors, I have the honor to report they are at present undergoing their imprisonment in one of the wards of No. 1 block in the central jail, in which block the short-termed (district) prisoners are also accommodated until Government sanctions the completion of association ward A.

ORDER—dated 20th July 1887, No. 1581, Judicial.

The completion of association ward 5-A is sanctioned, the materials being made over by the Executive Engineer and the work carried out by convict labor. The Government also sanction the proposed construction of a kitchen, latrine, &c., by convict labor, in accordance with the estimate submitted in the second of the foregoing letters.

(True Extract.)

H. E. STOKES,
Ag. Chief Secretary.

To the Inspector-General of Jails, with plans and estimate.
" Public Works Department.
" District Magistrate, Trichinopoly.
" Accountant-General.

Exd. T. O'Connor.

P.W.D.

Rec 2166 W a/15th August/87

Communicated to the Supg Engineer VI Circle who will arrange for the transfer to the Jail Dept of the materials required to complete the Association ward 5 A of the Central Jail Trichinopoly.

Sd/ J. V. A.

To

S. E. VI Circle -

Exr. P. W. Accts.

Govt. of {1887} Madras.

JUDICIAL.

Issued

Recd. *Encl.*

G.O., 20th July 1887, No. 1581.

Rec 2166 W a/15th August/87

JULY.

Jails.

Sanctioning the completion of certain jail buildings at Trichinopoly.

Write order

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—again G.O., dated 18th October 1886, No. 2814, Judicial.

READ—also the following papers:—

From H. R. GRIMES, Esq., Inspector-General of Jails, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Ootacamund, 25th May 1887, No. 193.

In the order of Government marginally quoted, Government approved of the proposals contained in paragraph 6 of my letter, No. 272, dated 24th September 1886, regarding the completion of association ward 5-B (of what was to have been the new district jail at Trichinopoly), as a place of detention for short-sentenced prisoners. This ward I found at my recent inspection of the central jail on 3rd instant nearly completed; all that was required was to tile the roof.

Dated 18th October 1886, No. 2814, Judicial.

2. I also noticed that association ward 5-A was three parts built, and was informed by the Superintendent that the materials for its completion were all ready, and that the Officiating Executive Engineer had offered to make over the materials for completing it, if this department would undertake to do the work.

3. It seems a pity to allow a well-built building to go to ruin, when it can be completed by convict labor; and I am prepared to complete it, provided all the material is made over to the Superintendent for this purpose, and now request Government will be pleased to sanction this being done.

4. I forward a revised site plan of what was intended to have been the new district jail at Trichinopoly, on which the two wards now referred to are shown, and request that it may be returned when no longer required.

5. The Superintendent reports that he could carry out the further suggestions contained in paragraph 6 of my letter above quoted, viz., construction of kitchen, latrine, &c., and if Government approves, I request sanction may be accorded to the completion of these buildings also.

From H. R. GRIMES, Esq., Inspector-General of Jails, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Ootacamund, 11th July 1887, No. 250.

In reply to reference on No. 2268 of 1887, dated 22nd June 1887, I have the honor to report that I propose association ward A of the new buildings at the central jail at Trichinopoly should be utilized for the incarceration of short-termed prisoners, in addition to association ward B, the completion of which for a similar purpose was sanctioned in G.O., dated 18th October 1886, No. 2814, Judicial. There are now 88 short-termed prisoners in the central jail, and association ward B, when ready, will only contain 60 prisoners.

2. The Superintendent proposes to build the kitchen and latrine of laterite and mud, of which there is plenty available on the jail grounds; the cost of these buildings would be Rs. 235 only. Plans and estimates for which are now submitted, and which I request may be returned.

3. In reply to the inquiry in the G.O. of 18th October 1886, No. 2814, regarding civil debtors, I have the honor to report they are at present undergoing their imprisonment in one of the wards of No. 1 block in the central jail, in which block the short-termed (district) prisoners are also accommodated until Government sanctions the completion of association ward A.

ORDER—dated 20th July 1887, No. 1581, Judicial.

The completion of association ward 5-A is sanctioned, the materials being made over by the Executive Engineer and the work carried out by convict labor. The Government also sanction the proposed construction of a kitchen, latrine, &c., by convict labor, in accordance with the estimate submitted in the second of the foregoing letters.

(True Extract.)

H. E. STOKES,
Ag. Chief Secretary.

To the Inspector-General of Jails, with plans and estimate.
" Public Works Department.
" District Magistrate, Trichinopoly.
" Accountant-General.

Exd. T. O'Connor.

P. W. D.

Lr. 2166 W a/15th August/87

Govt. of {1887} Madras.

JUDICIAL.

Issued

Recd. Encl.

G.O., 20th July 1887, No. 1581.

Lr. 2166 W a/15th August/87

JULY.

Communicated to the Insp.r Engr. VI Circle who will arrange for the transfer to the Jail Deptt of the materials required to complete the Association ward 5 A. of the Central Jail Trichinopoly

S/ J.O.H.

To

S. E. VI Circle—
Ex: W. accts:

Jails.

Sanctioning the completion of certain jail buildings at Trichinopoly.

Writ order

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—again G.O., dated 18th October 1886, No. 2814, Judicial.

READ—also the following papers:—

From H. R. GRIMES, Esq., Inspector-General of Jails, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Ootacamund, 25th May 1887, No. 193.

In the order of Government marginally quoted, Government approved of the proposals contained in paragraph 6 of my letter, No. 272, dated 24th September 1886, regarding the completion of association ward 5-B (of what was to have been the new district jail at Trichinopoly), as a place of detention for short-sentenced prisoners. This ward I found at my recent inspection of the central jail on 3rd instant nearly completed; all that was required was to tile the roof.

Dated 18th October 1886, No. 2814, Judicial.

2. I also noticed that association ward 5-A was three parts built, and was informed by the Superintendent that the materials for its completion were all ready, and that the Officiating Executive Engineer had offered to make over the materials for completing it, if this department would undertake to do the work.

3. It seems a pity to allow a well-built building to go to ruin, when it can be completed by convict labor; and I am prepared to complete it, provided all the material is made over to the Superintendent for this purpose, and now request Government will be pleased to sanction this being done.

4. I forward a revised site plan of what was intended to have been the new district jail at Trichinopoly, on which the two wards now referred to are shown, and request that it may be returned when no longer required.

5. The Superintendent reports that he could carry out the further suggestions contained in paragraph 6 of my letter above quoted, viz., construction of kitchen, latrine, &c., and if Government approves, I request sanction may be accorded to the completion of these buildings also.

From H. R. GRIMES, Esq., Inspector-General of Jails, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated Ootacamund, 11th July 1887, No. 250.

In reply to reference on No. 2268 of 1887, dated 22nd June 1887, I have the honor to report that I propose association ward A of the new buildings at the central jail at Trichinopoly should be utilized for the incarceration of short-termed prisoners, in addition to association ward B, the completion of which for a similar purpose was sanctioned in G.O., dated 18th October 1886, No. 2814, Judicial. There are now 88 short-termed prisoners in the central jail, and association ward B, when ready, will only contain 60 prisoners.

2. The Superintendent proposes to build the kitchen and latrine of laterite and mud, of which there is plenty available on the jail grounds; the cost of these buildings would be Rs. 235 only. Plans and estimates for which are now submitted, and which I request may be returned.

3. In reply to the inquiry in the G.O. of 18th October 1886, No. 2814, regarding civil debtors, I have the honor to report they are at present undergoing their imprisonment in one of the wards of No. 1 block in the central jail, in which block the short-termed (district) prisoners are also accommodated until Government sanctions the completion of association ward A.

ORDER—dated 20th July 1887, No. 1581, Judicial.

The completion of association ward 5-A is sanctioned, the materials being made over by the Executive Engineer and the work carried out by convict labor. The Government also sanction the proposed construction of a kitchen, latrine, &c., by convict labor, in accordance with the estimate submitted in the second of the foregoing letters.

(True Extract.)

Ag. Chief Secretary.

To the Inspector-General of Jails, with plans and estimate.
" Public Works Department.
" District Magistrate, Trichinopoly.
" Accountant-General.

Exd. T. O'Connor.

B. No 2888 W. 3-11-86
" 2257 W. 8-9-86
Rc 2166 W a/15 August/87

Communicated

to the Supg Engr VI circle
who will arrange for the transfer
to the jail department
of the materials required
to complete the Association
ward 5 A - of the Central
Jail Trichinopoly
5 A - of the Central
Jail Trichinopoly

Lucas
6.8.87

Engr
10/8/87

15 D/19 d

To the S. E. VI Circle
" Engr I. W. Circle
2 estns to
Y.L. 21/8 D 19/8
Copy 6.8.87 9.12.8.87

PWC No. 6055

Govt. of {1887} Madras.

JUDICIAL.

Issued

Read. 4.8.87 Encl.

G.O., 20th July 1887, No. 1581.

No. 2166 W a/15 August/87

JULY.

Jails.

Sanctioning the completion of certain jail buildings at Trichinopoly.