No 1150 W dy 26.4.87

No 1845 W dy 9th July 1887

PWC No 5065

No 1784 W - 8-5-87

No 717 W - 8-5-87

No 569 W - 25-2-87

No 1845 W dy 9th July 87

PWC No 4995

B

Sanctioned
Sanctioned.
as requested in
as requested in
para 4 of the
para 4 of the
Examiner's note
Examiners note.
2. The report referred
2. The report referred
to in para 5 will
to in para 5 will
be awaited.
be awaited.

MWS
4.7.87

Jw
6/7/87

R 6.7.87

13.7.87

Exd. P.W. accounts ✓
with 2 enclosures
Secy. P.W. a - D 11/7
with 2 Encls.

Pds. 64. viii
M. 6.7.87

Ex 11/7

14/7 R. 8.7.87

Ex 2

No 1845 W dy 9th July 1887

Dw

2017 6-4-87 R. 8.7.87

[C. No. 8.]

GOVT. OF MADRAS. } 188 . { P. W. DEPT.

EXAMINER, P. W. ACCOUNTS.

Madras, 29th June 188 .

OFFICE NOTE No. 274

Enclo. 2

To

W

In the reference

Please see the accompanying letter from the Executive Engineer Bellary Division No. 489 dated 25th May 1887 and its enclosure.

KEEP-WITH Genl. No.

dated 188 .

2. Mr Lawrence was a permanent Sub-Overseer of the Department, who was transferred to the Office of the Chief Engineer for Irrigation as acting statistical clerk, vice Varadacharriar appointed temporary Upper Subordiate.

3. In consequence of the abolition of all temporary appointments with effect from 1st March 1887, the services of all temporary hands were dispensed with, and those who had liens on permanent appointments had necessarily to revert to

1000—12-5-87.

them, but these reversions did not, and could not take effect at once, as in some cases the men had to travel considerable distances, and in such cases, the men acting for these permanent men, were retained, until the permanent men arrived; and in these cases — of which Mr. Lawrence' case is one — salary has been claimed both for the permanent and acting men, for the time taken by the permanent men in joining their appointments on the cessation of their temporary duty.

4. There is no rule under which this Office could admit the pay of both men for the same period, but the personal title of both men to pay during the period in question seems indisputable, and in order to avoid a reference to Government in each individual case, I beg that Govt. will authorize me to pass these double charges in all cases arising out of the reversions, consequent on the discharge of temprary hands on the 28th. February 1887. The amounts involved in each case are very trifling, and will probably not exceed Rs. 100/ altogether.

5. Should Govt. desire it, a report of the aggregate amount passed under the authority now asked for will be made hereafter.

C.