S. E. III Circle, will be forwarded to the Revenue Departt.

US
1.9.85

3/9/85

To S. for favour of counterinitial.

CS
5.9.85

No. 2078 Way 5-9-85

D 8/9

To
Supdg. Engrs. ✓
Ch. E. for Irrign.
Rev. Deptt. with list ✓
desp. 9/9/85

S 2/9

Cu

G. 5. 9. 85

1885.

File No.
Serial No.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

FAMINE.

To

Circular No. 90F.

Dated Simla, the 23rd June 1885.

SUBJECT.

Character of the information required by the Government of India in times of scarcity.

G. C. B. Press, Simla.—No. 351 R. & A. D.—27-6-85.—780.

Extract from the Madras Famine Code.

1. When the season and rainfall returns received from the Districts indicate the approach of scarcity, the Government will at once report the fact to the Government of India, and when the prospect of famine is imminent, they will further state the anticipated extent of failure of crops, the contingencies on which the probable duration of pressure depends, the area and population likely to be affected, the circumstances of the locality as to trade and communications, the probable numbers that may require relief, the general arrangements to be adopted, the relief works to be opened, the extent to which it is proposed to suspend revenue or to make advances, and what additional officers of different grades and departments may have to be called for from other provinces.

2. The Government at the same time will forward an estimate of the total expenditure likely to be required, during the financial year, together with an application for a special grant of funds, when the Provincial and Local resources at their control are considered insufficient.

Govt. C. B. Press, Simla.—No. 351 R. & A. D.—26-6-85.—750.

P.W.D

Dr 3.6 / 6961/15

Extract from the Bombay Famine Code.

8. The Governor in Council will, as soon as the approach of famine becomes definite, communicate to the Government of India all available information concerning it, stating the area which is likely to be affected, the economic condition of that area in ordinary times, the number and class of persons likely to require relief, the crops affected and the extent to which they may be expected to fail, the contingencies on which the probable duration of distress depends, the position of the affected area as to local trade, food supply and communications, the arrangements proposed for famine relief administration and relief works, the extent to which suspension of land revenue may be necessary, the possible requirement of the services of officers from other provinces, and the financial position of the Local Government.

Govt. C. B. Press, Simla.—No. 351 R. & A. D.—26-6-85.—750.

os 3.5/696/15

1885.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

FAMINE.

Rules to be observed in reporting to the Government of India the condition of tracts suffering from failure of crops.

Govt. C. B. Press, Simla.—No. 349 R. & A. D.—27-6-85—750.

Rules to be observed in reporting to the Government of India the condition of tracts suffering from failure of crops.

I. The first indications of failure of harvest or scarcity should be communicated in the weekly telegraphic reports.

II. When the indications are sufficiently serious to cause apprehension that, from continued want of rain or other cause, relief measures may have to be undertaken, the weekly reports should be supplemented by monthly written reports.

III. The reports should give as distinct information as possible regarding the areas affected (or likely to be affected) and should be accompanied by a sketch map on which such areas should be indicated by colours. A revised sketch map should be submitted whenever the area of scarcity expands.

IV. So soon as the information is available, there should be entered in one or more of the monthly reports,—

(*a*) a list of the larger relief works which may, in case of need, be made available for each affected tract or district. If such relief work is one which would ordinarily require Imperial sanction, a separate report should be submitted for communication to the Public Works Department. A rough estimate should be given of the maximum number of people for which, in the event of scarcity becoming famine, relief might be required and the number which will be provided for by the relief works of which a list is given

(*b*) an account of the economic condition of the tract in ordinary times, the crops affected and the extent to which they have suffered, the contingencies on which the probable duration of distress depends, and the position of the affected area as to local trade, food supply, and communications.

V. In the event of relief works or poor-houses being opened, or gratuitous relief being afforded, a summary of the numbers relieved by means of each agency during the month under report should be given. Information should also be given regarding the extent, if any, to which private charity and relief are being afforded.

VI. The rise or fall of prices should be specially noticed in every monthly report.

VII. When any material expenditure has been or seems likely to be incurred, the monthly report should give a brief statement of the amount spent or granted up to date and an estimate of the available funds from which it is proposed to meet expenditure. If there is any reason to believe that the Provincial funds will prove insufficient to meet the exigencies of famine, the extent to which Imperial aid is likely to be demanded should be estimated.

VIII. The extent to which suspension of land revenue may be necessary should be stated whenever the adoption of such a measure is contemplated.

NOTE.—As a rule it will suffice to give information under IV (*a*) and IV (*b*) once for all, but whenever information is furnished under these heads it should be distinctly stated that the information is afforded under IV (*a*) and IV (*b*), as the case may be. During the progress of events for better or for worse, the forecast originally given will doubtless be subject to occasional modification.

IX. In the case of serious famine being apprehended in a Presidency or Province, an estimate of the number of officers of different grades and departments likely to be indented for from other Provinces should be given.

X. When in any affected tract cause for anxiety is removed, a request that the tract may be removed from the list of affected areas should be included in the monthly report.

Ok Jub
696/15

Circular No. 90F.

From
C. S. BAYLEY, Esq., c.s.,
Under Secretary to the Government of India,

To

Rev. & Agri. Dept.
Famine.

Simla, the 23rd June 1885.

Sir,

Now that arrangements have in almost every Presidency and Province been completed for the promulgation of a Famine Code, I am desired to communicate to all Local Governments and Administrations the character of the information which the Government of India is desirous of receiving in respect to any tracts in which there is, or is likely to be, any failure of harvest sufficient to give rise to serious apprehension.

2. The Government of India has not overlooked the provision in the Bombay and Madras Famine Codes of rules prescribing certain reports to the Government of India. To these rules, of which a copy is appended to this letter for easy reference, it has already accorded its approval in sanctioning the Codes of the two Presidencies. Some matters, however, with respect to which His Excellency in Council would be glad to receive information from affected tracts, still remain, which are not sufficiently covered even by these Codes, and I am therefore to communicate the following rules (in which the provisions of the Bombay and Madras Codes are as far as possible incorporated) for general observance. The essential difference between the instructions now issued and those contained in the Madras and Bombay Codes is that the latter provide only for a single report, whereas the former provide for periodical reports. But the modification which may be caused from time to time by change in prospects due to fall of rain, or increasing drought, &c., make it necessary to provide for periodical reports during the continuance of scarcity.

3. In issuing these rules, the Government of India wishes it to be understood that it is constrained to consider itself ultimately responsible for the measures taken to meet famine or scarcity, and is at the same time obliged to keep itself acquainted with the financial prospects which any serious failure of harvest may involve. It is hoped that
will not find the instructions conveyed in the rules productive of material

inconvenience. Any suggestions which can be made for their improvement will at once receive the consideration of His Excellency in Council.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

C. S. BAYLEY,

Under Secretary to the Government of India.

ov No 3 / 6961/85.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read letter from the Government of India, Revenue & Agricultural Dept. of 23rd June 1885, No: 90 F.

Order thereon, 17th July 1885, No: 837

The Government note that of the rules now communicated, Rule I is observed already and that the requirement of Rule II is now being complied with by the submission of monthly reports with reference to letter from the Government of India disposed of by G.O. dated 19th June 1885, No 3119 Misc. The map required by Rule III is being prepared by the Survey Department in communication with the Board of Revenue and will be received shortly. The information referred to in Rule IV (a) & (b) is not at present available but will be called for. As regards Rules V, VII and VIII, the necessity for furnishing the particulars therein required has not yet risen. Rule VI will be attended to in in future monthly reports to the Government of India.

(True Extract)
W. Wilson
Ag. Secretary to Govt.

To
The Board of Revenue
" Director of R. S & A
" P. W. Department
" Financial Depart.

6981

No. 430 Ed/ Augt. 10. 1885
" 2078 W/ap 5-9-85

E. A. S. 7/7

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read again G.O. dated 17th July 1885 No. 827.

Order thereon 22nd July 1885 No. 856

The Board are requested to obtain and furnish as soon as possible the information required by rule 4 (a) and (b) of the rules circulated by the Government of India with their letter printed in the foregoing order, so far as the districts of Bellary and Anantapur are concerned. Their inquiry regarding relief works will include only "Civil Agency Works" as defined in Section 21 of the Famine Code.

2 Steps will be taken in the Public Works Department to procure similar information in regard to "Professional Agency Works" in the districts named.

(True Extract)
W. Wilson
Ag. Secy. to Govt.

To
The Board of Revenue
" P. W. Department

AR

Ootacamund, July 30th 1885.

No. 380 E.

Referred to the Supdg Engineer III Circle for very early report whether the list submitted with his letter No. 564 dated 14th June 1885 will meet the call now made for a list of Professional Agency Works which may in case of need be made available as relief works in the Bellary and Anantapur districts.

If not, a complete list of such projects should be submitted without delay.

Mansell Stewart
Col R.E.
Secretary to Govt P.W.D.

30.7.85

(With papers in original to be returned)

A.G. 78/7

Reg No. 310 W
1885/6

Dech 6761/
6761

No. 430 E of Augt 10. 1885
" 2078 d/5-9-85

Referred

17th July 1885, Nos. 837, 837A, Revenue.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following letter from C. S. BAYLEY, Esq., C.S., Under Secretary to the Government of India (Revenue and Agricultural Department—Famine), to the Secretary to the Government of Madras, dated Simla, 23rd June 1885, Circular No. 90-F. :—

Now that arrangements have in almost every presidency and province been completed for the promulgation of a Famine Code, I am desired to communicate to all local Governments and Administrations the character of the information which the Government of India is desirous of receiving in respect to any tracts in which there is, or is likely to be, any failure of harvest sufficient to give rise to serious apprehension.

2. The Government of India has not overlooked the provision in the Bombay and Madras Famine Codes of rules prescribing certain reports to the Government of India. To these rules, of which a copy is appended to this letter for easy reference, it has already accorded its approval in sanctioning the codes of the two presidencies. Some matters, however, with respect to which His Excellency in Council would be glad to receive information from affected tracts still remain, which are not sufficiently covered even by these codes, and I am therefore to communicate the following rules (in which the provisions of the Bombay and Madras Codes are as far as possible incorporated) for general observance. The essential difference between the instructions now issued and those contained in the Madras and Bombay Codes is that the latter provide only for a single report, whereas the former provide for periodical reports. But the modification which may be caused from time to time by change in prospects due to fall of rain, or increasing drought, &c., make it necessary to provide for periodical reports during the continuance of scarcity.

3. In issuing these rules, the Government of India wishes it to be understood that it is constrained to consider itself ultimately responsible for the measures taken to meet famine or scarcity, and is at the same time obliged to keep itself acquainted with the financial prospects which any serious failure of harvest may involve. It is hoped that the Government of Madras will not find the instructions conveyed in the rules productive of material inconvenience. Any suggestions which can be made for their improvement will at once receive the consideration of His Excellency in Council.

Enclosure No. 1.

Extract from the Bombay Famine Code.

8. The Governor in Council will, as soon as the approach of famine becomes definite, communicate to the Government of India all available information concerning it, stating the area which is likely to be affected, the economic condition of that area in ordinary times, the number and class of persons likely to require relief, the crops affected and the extent to which they may be expected to fail, the contingencies on which the probable duration of distress depends, the position of the affected area as to local trade, food supply and communications, the arrangements proposed for famine relief administration and relief works, the extent to which suspension of land revenue may be necessary, the possible requirement of the services of officers from other provinces, and the financial position of the Local Government.

ENCLOSURE NO. 2.

Extract from the Madras Famine Code.

When the season and rainfall returns received from the districts indicate the approach of scarcity, the Government will at once report the fact to the Government of India, and when the prospect of famine is imminent, they will further state the anticipated extent of failure of crops, the contingencies on which the probable duration of pressure depends, the area and population likely to be affected, the circumstances of the locality as to trade and communications, the probable numbers that may require relief, the general arrangements to be adopted, the relief works to be opened, the extent to which it is proposed to suspend revenue or to make advances, and what additional officers of different grades and departments may have to be called for from other provinces.

2. The Government at the same time will forward an estimate of the total expenditure likely to be required, during the financial year, together with an application for a special grant of funds, when the Provincial and Local resources at their control are considered insufficient.

Rules to be observed in reporting to the Government of India the condition of tracts suffering from failure of crops.

I. The first indications of failure of harvest or scarcity should be communicated in the weekly telegraphic reports.

II. When the indications are sufficiently serious to cause apprehension that, from continued want of rain or other cause, relief measures may have to be undertaken, the weekly reports should be supplemented by monthly written reports.

III. The reports should give as distinct information as possible regarding the areas affected (or likely to be affected) and should be accompanied by a sketch map on which such areas should be indicated by colours. A revised sketch map should be submitted whenever the area of scarcity expands.

IV. So soon as the information is available, there should be entered in one or more of the monthly reports—

(*a*) a list of the larger relief works which may, in case of need, be made available for each affected tract or district. If such relief work is one which would ordinarily require Imperial sanction, a separate report should be submitted for communication to the Public Works Department. A rough estimate should be given of the maximum number of people for which, in the event of scarcity becoming famine, relief might be required and the number which will be provided for by the relief works of which a list is given,

(*b*) an account of the economic condition of the tract in ordinary times, the crops affected and the extent to which they have suffered, the contingencies on which the probable duration of distress depends, and the position of the affected area as to local trade, food supply, and communications.

V. In the event of relief works or poor houses being opened, or gratuitous relief being afforded, a summary of the numbers relieved by means of each agency during the month under report should be given. Information should also be given regarding the extent, if any, to which private charity and relief are being afforded.

VI. The rise or fall of prices should be specially noticed in every monthly report.

VII. When any material expenditure has been or seems likely to be incurred, the monthly report should give a brief statement of the amount spent or granted up to date and an estimate of the available funds from which it is proposed to meet expenditure. If there is any reason to believe that the Provincial funds will prove insufficient to meet the exigencies of famine, the extent to which Imperial aid is likely to be demanded should be estimated.

VIII. The extent to which suspension of land revenue may be necessary should be stated whenever the adoption of such a measure is contemplated.

IX. In the case of serious famine being apprehended in a presidency or province, an estimate of the number of officers of different grades and departments likely to be indented for from other provinces should be given.

X. When in any affected tract cause for anxiety is removed, a request that the tract may be removed from the list of affected areas should be included in the monthly report.

NOTE.—As a rule it will suffice to give information under IV (*a*) and IV (*b*) once for all, but whenever information is furnished under these heads it should be distinctly stated that the information is afforded under IV (*a*) and IV (*b*), as the case may be. During the progress of events for better or for worse, the forecast originally given will doubtless be subject to occasional modification.

ORDER—dated 17th July 1885, No. 837, Revenue.

Miscellaneous.

The Government note that of the rules now communicated, Rule I is observed already, and that the requirement of Rule II is now being complied with by the submission of monthly reports with reference to letter from the Government of India disposed of by G.O., dated 19th June 1885, No. 3119, Mis. The map required by Rule III is being prepared by the Survey Department in communication with the Board of Revenue and will be received shortly. The information referred to in Rule IV (*a*) and (*b*) is not at present available, but will be called for. As regards Rules V, VII and VIII, the necessity for furnishing the particulars therein required has not yet arisen. Rule VI will be attended to in future monthly reports to the Government of India.

(True Extract.)

W. Wilson

Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.
,, the Director of Revenue Settlement and Agriculture.
,, the Public Works Department.
,, the Financial Department.

No. 837A.

Copy forwarded to the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Department, for information.

(Signed) W. WILSON,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

Exd. A. Aubert.

150 Copies.

20.8/ will be sent to Madras office

Govt. of {1885} Madras.

REVENUE.

Nº call for

10

7 AUG 85

Issued

Recd. *Encl.*

G.O., 17th July 1885, Nos. 837, 837A.

Nº 430 E d/ Augt 10. 1885
[illegible] [illegible] disposal
in P. W. Dept - as respects
Rule IV

JULY.

W please see No 380 E, d/ 30.7.85
which was [illegible] [illegible] before
when received in the office -

Reply to that reference will
be [illegible]

Yes.

G
7.8.85

Scarcity.

Orders passed on papers bearing upon the character of information required by the Government of India in times of —.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Read—again G.O., dated 17th July 1885, No. 837, Revenue.

Abstract.—Orders passed on papers bearing upon the character of information required by the Government of India in times of scarcity.

Order—dated 22nd July 1885, No. 856, Revenue.

Miscellaneous.

The Board are requested to obtain and furnish as soon as possible the information required by Rule 4 (*a*) and (*b*) of the rules circulated by the Government of India with their letter printed in the foregoing order, so far as the districts of Bellary and Anantapur are concerned. Their inquiry regarding relief works will include only "Civil Agency Works" as defined in Section 21 of the Famine Code.

2. Steps will be taken in the Public Works Department to procure similar information in regard to "Professional Agency Works" in the districts named.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) W. WILSON,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.
,, the Director of Revenue Settlement and Agriculture.
,, the Public Works Department.

Exd. W. H. French.

100 Copies.

Govt. of 1885 Madras.

REVENUE.

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 22nd July 1885, No. 856.

JULY.

Relief Works.

Requesting the Board of Revenue and the Public Works Department to furnish certain information on the subject of — in the districts of Bellary and Anantapur.

SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
~~MADRAS~~,
No. 989
Bellary ~~Chepauk~~, 6th Augt. 1885.

From
Lt. Col. H. M. Vibart R.E.
~~The~~ SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER,
III ~~1st~~ CIRCLE,

To
THE Chief Engineer
P.W.D.
Madras

SIR,

Enclosures.
1 Original Endmt No. 380E with Enclosures.

With reference to Endorsement No. 380E. dated 30th July 1885 I have the honor to report that in addition to the works in the List therein alluded to there are the Large Projects, Vide List submitted with my letter No. 956 dated 13th August 1884. These may also be included in the List of Professional Agency works called for by the Government of India.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obdt. Servant
H. M. Vibart Lt Col R.E.
Superintending Engineer
III Circle

No. 2453 Cd/8.12.83
" 230 Dd/30.1.85
" 325 Cd/17.2.85
" 273 Wd/4.2.85
" 209 Cd/4.2.85
" 305 Cd/16.2.85
" 466 Dd/21.2.83
" 382 Cd/24.2.85
" 445 Cd/5.3.85
" 648 Dd/14.3.85
" 1147 Wd/15.5.85
" 1124 Cd/1.7.85
" 1238 Wd/28.5.85
" 1053 Cd/13.6.85
" 333 Ed/8.7.85
" 405 Ed/3.8.85
" 380 Ed/30.7.85

From Dcl 6961

The Superintending Engineer,

(2)

3d ~~1st~~ Circle,

To

The Chief Engineer
P. W. D.
Madras

Dated 6th
Recd. 7 } August 1885.

ENCLOSURES. 6

No. 430 Ed/Augt 10. 1885.

" 2078 Wd/5-9-85

No. 989

Professional Agency Works

Reporting that there are many large projects in addition to the works named in the list of ⌴ sent with No. 564 of 14 June/85 which may in time of need, stand as Relief Works

App. 37/8.
6.8.85

P. W. D.

No. 430 Ed/ August 10. 1885

Telegram

To The Supdg Engr III Circle
Bellary

Your No. 989 of sixth instant.

Please forward urgent duplicate of your 956 of thirteenth August 1884, with list.

10.8.85

Telegram despd 10/8

+ W

This paper is noted as having been sent to Govt in August 1884 and not disposed of — the Madras Office apparently have not been able to trace it although it must have been taken back with many others file at the end of the year in 1884.

Cr
10.8.85

Cr

No. 430 Edf Augt. 10. 1885

Duplicate

No. 956

SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
~~MADRAS~~,
~~Chepauk~~, 13th Augt. 1884.

From
Lt. Col. H M Vibart R.E.
~~The~~ SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER,
III ~~1st~~ CIRCLE,

To
THE Chief Engineer
P.W.D.
Madras

SIR,

Enclosures.
1 Statement

In continuation of my Telegram dated 11th Instant I have the honor to submit a Statement shewing the number of months for which each of the Projects will provide labour. In the list I have now placed the Tangadancha Diversion on the Kurnool Canal. It would employ 5000 labourers for 3 months.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedt. servant

Henry M Vibart Lt. Col. R.E.
Superintending Engineer
III Circle

From

Inch 7796

The Superintending Engineer,

3d Circle,

To

The Chief Engineer

P. W. D

Madras

Dated 13th }
Recd. 5/9/85 } August 1885.

ENCLOSURES.

J. 2078 W d/ 5-9-85

No. 956

Famine labor

Submitting a statement of Projects that will provide

SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
~~MADRAS~~,

No. 1020

Bellary ~~Chepauk~~, 12 Augt 1885.

From

Lt Col H M Vibart R.E.
~~The~~ SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER,
III ~~1st~~ CIRCLE,

To

THE Chief Engineer
PWD
Ootacamund

SIR,

Enclosures.
1 Letter
1 List

With reference to your Telegram dated 10th Instant, I have the honor to forward duplicate of my letter No. 956 dated 13th August 1884 with the List therein referred to.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obdt servant
H. M. Vibart Lt Col R.E.
Superintending Engineer
III Circle

No. 2453 C d/ 8.12.83.
" 230 D d/ 30.1.85
" 325 C d/ 17.2.85.
" 273 W d/ 4.2.85.
" 209 C d/ 4.2.85.
" 305 C d/ 16.2.85
" 466 D d/ 21.2.85.
" 382 C d/ 5.3.85.
" 648 D d/ 14.3.85.
" 1147 W d/ 15.5.85
" 1124 C d/ 1.7.85.
" 1238 W d/ 28.5.85
" 1053 C d/ 13.6.85.
" 333 E d/ 8.7.85.
" 380 E d/ 30.7.85.
" 405 E d/ 3.8.85

Apl. 57/8.

From

The Superintending Engineer,
III ~~Ist~~ Circle,

P.W.C. No. 7246

To

The Chief Engineer
P.W.D.
Ootacamund

14 AUG 85

Dated 12th }
Recd. } August 1885.

Enclosures. 2.

No. 457 E d/ 14th Augt./85.

" 2078 W d/ 5-9-85

No. 1020

Lest of works selected for famine labourers

Forwarding duplicate of letter and — as reqd. in the telegram d/ 10th Augt./85.

No. 457 E d/ 14th Augt./85. P.W.D.

Urgent

Memo.

With advertence to letter from the S.E. III Circle, No 1020 of 12th Augt 1885, the undersigned has the honor, in returning the accompanying two statements, to request that they may be completed, in the case of (A) by the insertion of the number of labourers for which the projects will find employment, the number of months in each case; and in the case of (B) by entry of the amount of estimated cost of each project.

H.

Despatched with lists 14-8-85

H.S.
14.8.85

List of Irregation Projects shewing the approximate Estimated cost, No. of Famine Labourers that can be employed on each work, and for what period.

Name of work.	Estimated cost Rs. approximate	No. of Labourers that can be employed on the Project	No. of months	Remarks.
Cuddapah.				
Channel from Kandookur Tank	18,000	10,000	15	
Cheyair Embankment	12,500	10,000	4½	
Papagni Do.	6,500	3,000	3	
Potoolacoonta Project	115,000	5,000	4	

Supdg. Engrs. Office
Bellary 28 Augt. /85.

Lt. Col. R.E.
Supdg. Engineer
3d Circle

It would be convenient if a complete revised list were submitted, containing works in the Bellary & Anantapur districts only.

No. 457 E. d/14th Augt. /85

S.E. III Circle – 1 desps 14/8/85
with two lists

Cr

V

Lest of Estimates already prepared for Famine R. Works in the Bellary and Anantapur Districts shewing the Amount of Estimate, No. of labourers that can be employed on each work & for what period.

Taluq	No.	Name of work	amount of Estimate	No. of labourers that can be employed on the Project	No. of months	Remarks
		Bellary District				
Bellary	1	Malapur Tank	2,005	20	3	
Do.	2	Goondagamur Tank	7,040	60	3	
Do.	3.	Havinhall Tank	1,135	15	3	
Do.	4.	Goondagamur Tank	1545	20	3	
Do.	5.	Kuditany Tank	2357	32	3	
Adoni	6	Halhurvi Tank	1454	45	3	
Do.	7	Mundagery Tank	3,420	50	3	
Alur	8.	Bellahall Tank	1990	30	3	
Do.	9.	Nittravaty Tank	1,530	60	3	

To W.

The lists of relief works submitted by the S.E. III Circle are still not complete.

The G. of I. ~~want~~ require the number of people for which the projects will find labour in each case –

Draft memo submitted for approval –

Ch
14.8.75

Revised
List of Irrigation Projects showing the approximate estimated cost, number of labourers that can be employed on each work &c.

Revised list of Estimates already prepared for Famine Relief works, showing the No of Coolies &c that can be employed on them.

A

List of Estimates already prepared for Famine Relief Works in the Bellary and Anantapur Districts.

Talug	No	Name of Work	Amount of Estimate	Remarks
		Bellary District		
Bellary	1.	Malapur Tank	2,005	
Do	2	Goondagamar Tank	7,040	
Do	3.	Havinhall Tank	1,135	
Do	4.	Goondagamur Tank	1,545	
Do	5.	Haditany Tank	2,357	
Adoni	6.	Halharvi Tank	1,454	
Do	7.	Mundagiry Tank	3,420	
Alur	8.	Billahall Tank	1,990	
Do	9.	Nittravathy Tank	1,530	
Raidroog	10.	Kothapally Tank	1,460	

Talug	No.	Name of Work	Amount of Estimate	Remarks
		Anantapur District		
Anantapur	11	Madigubba Tank	28,820	
Do	12	Singanamalay Tank	210,250	
Do	13	Cammoor Tank	73,230	
Do	14	Bramanayacheroo Tank	210,852	
Do	15	Raptad Tank	62,115	
Hindapur	16	Parghee Tank	980,356	
Madaksira	17	Harraisamudram Tank	209,080	
Gooty	18	Gooty Tank	14,930	

Supertg Engineer's office
Ramandrug
Dated 13th June /83

Lt Col R.E.,
Superintending Engineer III Circle

5301/83
7795

Duplicate

List of Irrigation Projects shewing the No. of famine labourers that can be employed on each of them.

Months		
	Cuddapah	
15.	Channel from Kandookur Tank	10000
4½.	Cheyair Embankment	10,000
3.	Papagni Embankment	3,000
4½.	Iugglair Project	10000
3.	Peddapasupula Project	2,000
		35,000
	Kurnool	
4	Restoring Venkatareddipolliem Tank	5,000
4	Maidkur Extension Channel	6000
4	Tanks South of Arweed	5,000
4	Arweed Tank Restoration	2000
3	Kalavatala Tank Project	5000
3.	Duvalair Project	2000
3.	Sangadancha Diversion	5,000
		30,000
	Bellary	
18	Toongabudra Channel	150,000
	Anantapur	
24	Bookacherla Project	30000
4	Hindupur Do.	10000
4	Roddum Do.	5000
4	Potoolacoonta Do.	5000
		50,000
	Grand Total	265000

13/8/84.

Lt Col R.E.
Supdg: Engineer 3d Circle

G.O. Gen¹/7795/B

List of Irrigation projects shewing the No. of Famine labourers that can be employed on each of them.

SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
~~MADRAS,~~

No. 1061.

Bellary ~~Chepauk~~, 28 Augt. 1885.

From
Lt Col. H. M. Vibart RE
" ~~The~~ SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER,
III ~~1st~~ CIRCLE,

To
THE Chief Engineer
PWD

SIR,

Enclosures.
2 original Lists
2 Revised Lists.

With reference to your Memorandum No. 457 E of the 14th August 1885, I have the honor to submit two Revised Lists of Famine Relief Works shewing the No. of labourers that can be employed on each work and for what period employment can be found.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obdt. Servant
H. M. Vibart Lt Col RE
Superintending Engineer
III Circle

From

[illegible] 7/795

The Superintending Engineer,

~~III~~ ~~1st~~ Circle,

To

The Chief Engineer
PWD
Madras

31 AUG 85

Dated 28th August 1885.
Recd. 5/9/85.

Enclosures. 4

No. 2078 W a/ 5-9-85

No. 1061.

Famine Relief Works.

Returning the two Lists of — with the information asked for.

No. 2078 W **Public Works Department.**

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Under date the 5th Sept/85

Read the following

Pros. of Govt. Rev. Dept No. 837 d/ 17.7.85
— do — do — " 856 d/ 22.7.85.
From the S. E. III Circle " 989 d/ 6.8.85
— do — do — " 1020 d/ 12.8.85.
— do — do — " 1061 d/ 28.8.85.

The Pros. in the Rev. Dept above recorded will be communicated to Supdg. Engrs for information –

2. A list of works available for famine relief, in the Bellary & Anantapur districts, compiled from information furnished by the S. E. –