

Govt. of 1883 Madras.

FINANCIAL.

No: 3143 W of 6 Nov 1883

Communicated to
the Supp Engr. Fifth Circle
of the Enr. P. W. Accts in
continuation of G. O. No: 2240 W
of 11th August 1883

sd/ G. B.
U. S.

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 11th October 1883, No. 2312.

No: 3143 W of 6 Nov 1883

OCTOBER.

House-rent.

Communicating to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments resolution of the Government of India directing that the — recoverable from civil officers in the cases of houses hired by Government should be the actual rent, and that neither in these cases, nor where the officer pays a full market-rate of rent, should he forfeit the presidency — allowance to which he may be entitled.

With Order

S. E. Fifth Circle
Enr. P. W. Accts.
Comptrolr to Govt.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

Resolution of the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce, dated Simla, 27th September 1883, No. 3476.

Pay and Allowances—House-rent.

Read again—

Resolution in the Department of Finance (Pay and Allowances), No. 1884, dated the 10th July 1883, laying down the principles according to which rent should be recovered from civil officers occupying public quarters, under Financial Resolution, No. 3413, dated the 29th December 1882.

Read also—

Letter from the Accountant-General, Bengal, No. 223-E., dated the 23rd July 1883.

OBSERVATIONS.—In the resolution of the 10th July 1883, recited in the preamble, it was decided that, as regards public quarters occupied by civil officers, the rent payable to Government should be determined in each case by the Superintending Engineer of the circle, so as to cover interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the actual or estimated capital cost of the property, in addition to a fair allowance for risks and for the cost of repairs.

2. The Accountant-General, Bengal, has represented that there is some difficulty in applying the rule in certain cases; for example, when the house is not the property of Government, and when it is impossible to estimate either the capital cost of the property or what should be considered a fair allowance for risks and cost of repairs. The Accountant-General instances two cases, namely, those of Dr. Anderson, Superintendent of the Indian Museum, and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker, Secretary to the Board of Examiners, in which the houses occupied have been hired by Government.

Resolution—

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that, when Government has to pay rent for any house occupied by a civil officer, the actual rent, if the officer occupies the whole house, or a fair share, to be determined by the Superintending Engineer, if he occupies a part, should be recovered from the officer.

2. Neither in this case, nor where a full rent covering interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the capital cost and a fair allowance for risk and repairs is charged, shall the officer forfeit the presidency house-rent allowance to which he may be entitled under rule.

3. In the cases of Dr. Anderson and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker the rents recoverable were fixed by special orders of Government, and the rates should not be changed.

4. If difficulty arises in any other cases, they may be referred to the Government of India for decision.

Order—

Ordered that this resolution be communicated to the several departments of the Government of India, the several local Governments, and the several Accountants-General; and to the chiefs of departments under the administration of the Department of Finance and Commerce.

(Signed) J. E. O'CONOR,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ORDER—dated 11th October 1883, No. 2312, Financial.

Communicated to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments in continuation of G.O., No. 1587, dated 24th July 1883.

(True Extract.)

E. F. WEBSTER,
Acting Chief Secretary.

To the departments of the Secretariat.
„ heads of departments.

Govt. of (1883) Madras.

FINANCIAL.

20.10
JH 9221/03

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 11th October 1883, No. 2312.

OCTOBER.

House-rent.

Communicating to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments resolution of the Government of India directing that the — recoverable from civil officers in the cases of houses hired by Government should be the actual rent, and that neither in these cases, nor where the officer pays a full market-rate of rent, should he forfeit the presidency — allowance to which he may be entitled.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

Resolution of the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce, dated Simla, 27th September 1883, No. 3476.

Pay and Allowances—House-rent.

Read again—

Resolution in the Department of Finance (Pay and Allowances), No. 1884, dated the 10th July 1883, laying down the principles according to which rent should be recovered from civil officers occupying public quarters, under Financial Resolution, No. 3413, dated the 29th December 1882.

Read also—

Letter from the Accountant-General, Bengal, No. 223-E., dated the 23rd July 1883.

OBSERVATIONS.—In the resolution of the 10th July 1883, recited in the preamble, it was decided that, as regards public quarters occupied by civil officers, the rent payable to Government should be determined in each case by the Superintending Engineer of the circle, so as to cover interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the actual or estimated capital cost of the property, in addition to a fair allowance for risks and for the cost of repairs.

2. The Accountant-General, Bengal, has represented that there is some difficulty in applying the rule in certain cases; for example, when the house is not the property of Government, and when it is impossible to estimate either the capital cost of the property or what should be considered a fair allowance for risks and cost of repairs. The Accountant-General instances two cases, namely, those of Dr. Anderson, Superintendent of the Indian Museum, and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker, Secretary to the Board of Examiners, in which the houses occupied have been hired by Government.

Resolution—

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that, when Government has to pay rent for any house occupied by a civil officer, the actual rent, if the officer occupies the whole house, or a fair share, to be determined by the Superintending Engineer, if he occupies a part, should be recovered from the officer.

2. Neither in this case, nor where a full rent covering interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the capital cost and a fair allowance for risk and repairs is charged, shall the officer forfeit the presidency house-rent allowance to which he may be entitled under rule.

3. In the cases of Dr. Anderson and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker the rents recoverable were fixed by special orders of Government, and the rates should not be changed.

4. If difficulty arises in any other cases, they may be referred to the Government of India for decision.

Order—

Ordered that this resolution be communicated to the several departments of the Government of India, the several local Governments, and the several Accountants-General; and to the chiefs of departments under the administration of the Department of Finance and Commerce.

(Signed) J. E. O'CONOR,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ORDER—dated 11th October 1883, No. 2312, Financial.

Communicated to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments in continuation of G.O., No. 1587, dated 24th July 1883.

(True Extract.)

E. F. WEBSTER,
Acting Chief Secretary.

To the departments of the Secretariat.
„ heads of departments.

Exd. J. W. Fischer.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

Resolution of the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce, dated Simla, 27th September 1883, No. 3476.

Pay and Allowances—House-rent.

Read again—

Resolution in the Department of Finance (Pay and Allowances), No. 1884, dated the 10th July 1883, laying down the principles according to which rent should be recovered from civil officers occupying public quarters, under Financial Resolution, No. 3413, dated the 29th December 1882.

Read also—

Letter from the Accountant-General, Bengal, No. 223-E., dated the 23rd July 1883.

OBSERVATIONS.—In the resolution of the 10th July 1883, recited in the preamble, it was decided that, as regards public quarters occupied by civil officers, the rent payable to Government should be determined in each case by the Superintending Engineer of the circle, so as to cover interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the actual or estimated capital cost of the property, in addition to a fair allowance for risks and for the cost of repairs.

2. The Accountant-General, Bengal, has represented that there is some difficulty in applying the rule in certain cases; for example, when the house is not the property of Government, and when it is impossible to estimate either the capital cost of the property or what should be considered a fair allowance for risks and cost of repairs. The Accountant-General instances two cases, namely, those of Dr. Anderson, Superintendent of the Indian Museum, and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker, Secretary to the Board of Examiners, in which the houses occupied have been hired by Government.

Resolution—

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that, when Government has to pay rent for any house occupied by a civil officer, the actual rent, if the officer occupies the whole house, or a fair share, to be determined by the Superintending Engineer, if he occupies a part, should be recovered from the officer.

2. Neither in this case, nor where a full rent covering interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the capital cost and a fair allowance for risk and repairs is charged, shall the officer forfeit the presidency house-rent allowance to which he may be entitled under rule.

3. In the cases of Dr. Anderson and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker the rents recoverable were fixed by special orders of Government, and the rates should not be changed.

4. If difficulty arises in any other cases, they may be referred to the Government of India for decision.

Order—

Ordered that this resolution be communicated to the several departments of the Government of India, the several local Governments, and the several Accountants-General; and to the chiefs of departments under the administration of the Department of Finance and Commerce.

(Signed) J. E. O'CONOR,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ORDER—dated 11th October 1883, No. 2312, Financial.

Communicated to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments in continuation of G.O., No. 1587, dated 24th July 1883.

(True Extract.)

E. F. WEBSTER,
Acting Chief Secretary.

To the departments of the Secretariat.
„ heads of departments.

Exd. J. W. Fischer.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

Resolution of the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce, dated Simla, 27th September 1883, No. 3476.

Pay and Allowances—House-rent.

Read again—

Resolution in the Department of Finance (Pay and Allowances), No. 1884, dated the 10th July 1883, laying down the principles according to which rent should be recovered from civil officers occupying public quarters, under Financial Resolution, No. 3413, dated the 29th December 1882.

Read also—

Letter from the Accountant-General, Bengal, No. 223-E., dated the 23rd July 1883.

OBSERVATIONS.—In the resolution of the 10th July 1883, recited in the preamble, it was decided that, as regards public quarters occupied by civil officers, the rent payable to Government should be determined in each case by the Superintending Engineer of the circle, so as to cover interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the actual or estimated capital cost of the property, in addition to a fair allowance for risks and for the cost of repairs.

2. The Accountant-General, Bengal, has represented that there is some difficulty in applying the rule in certain cases; for example, when the house is not the property of Government, and when it is impossible to estimate either the capital cost of the property or what should be considered a fair allowance for risks and cost of repairs. The Accountant-General instances two cases, namely, those of Dr. Anderson, Superintendent of the Indian Museum, and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker, Secretary to the Board of Examiners, in which the houses occupied have been hired by Government.

Resolution—

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that, when Government has to pay rent for any house occupied by a civil officer, the actual rent, if the officer occupies the whole house, or a fair share, to be determined by the Superintending Engineer, if he occupies a part, should be recovered from the officer.

2. Neither in this case, nor where a full rent covering interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the capital cost and a fair allowance for risk and repairs is charged, shall the officer forfeit the presidency house-rent allowance to which he may be entitled under rule.

3. In the cases of Dr. Anderson and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker the rents recoverable were fixed by special orders of Government, and the rates should not be changed.

4. If difficulty arises in any other cases, they may be referred to the Government of India for decision.

Order—

Ordered that this resolution be communicated to the several departments of the Government of India, the several local Governments, and the several Accountants-General; and to the chiefs of departments under the administration of the Department of Finance and Commerce.

(Signed) J. E. O'CONOR,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ORDER—dated 11th October 1883, No. 2312, Financial.

Communicated to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments in continuation of G.O., No. 1587, dated 24th July 1883.

(True Extract.)

E. F. WEBSTER,
Acting Chief Secretary.

To the departments of the Secretariat.
„ heads of departments.

Exd. J. W. Fischer.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

Resolution of the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce, dated Simla, 27th September 1883, No. 3476.

Pay and Allowances—House-rent.

Read again—

Resolution in the Department of Finance (Pay and Allowances), No. 1884, dated the 10th July 1883, laying down the principles according to which rent should be recovered from civil officers occupying public quarters, under Financial Resolution, No. 3413, dated the 29th December 1882.

Read also—

Letter from the Accountant-General, Bengal, No. 223-E., dated the 23rd July 1883.

OBSERVATIONS.—In the resolution of the 10th July 1883, recited in the preamble, it was decided that, as regards public quarters occupied by civil officers, the rent payable to Government should be determined in each case by the Superintending Engineer of the circle, so as to cover interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the actual or estimated capital cost of the property, in addition to a fair allowance for risks and for the cost of repairs.

2. The Accountant-General, Bengal, has represented that there is some difficulty in applying the rule in certain cases; for example, when the house is not the property of Government, and when it is impossible to estimate either the capital cost of the property or what should be considered a fair allowance for risks and cost of repairs. The Accountant-General instances two cases, namely, those of Dr. Anderson, Superintendent of the Indian Museum, and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker, Secretary to the Board of Examiners, in which the houses occupied have been hired by Government.

Resolution—

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that, when Government has to pay rent for any house occupied by a civil officer, the actual rent, if the officer occupies the whole house, or a fair share, to be determined by the Superintending Engineer, if he occupies a part, should be recovered from the officer.

2. Neither in this case, nor where a full rent covering interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the capital cost and a fair allowance for risk and repairs is charged, shall the officer forfeit the presidency house-rent allowance to which he may be entitled under rule.

3. In the cases of Dr. Anderson and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker the rents recoverable were fixed by special orders of Government, and the rates should not be changed.

4. If difficulty arises in any other cases, they may be referred to the Government of India for decision.

Order—

Ordered that this resolution be communicated to the several departments of the Government of India, the several local Governments, and the several Accountants-General; and to the chiefs of departments under the administration of the Department of Finance and Commerce.

(Signed) J. E. O'CONOR,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ORDER—dated 11th October 1883, No. 2312, Financial.

Communicated to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments in continuation of G.O., No. 1587, dated 24th July 1883.

(True Extract.)

E. F. WEBSTER,
Acting Chief Secretary.

To the departments of the Secretariat.
„ heads of departments.

Exd. J. W. Fischer.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

Resolution of the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce, dated Simla, 27th September 1883, No. 3476.

Pay and Allowances—House-rent.

Read again—

Resolution in the Department of Finance (Pay and Allowances), No. 1884, dated the 10th July 1883, laying down the principles according to which rent should be recovered from civil officers occupying public quarters, under Financial Resolution, No. 3413, dated the 29th December 1882.

Read also—

Letter from the Accountant-General, Bengal, No. 223-E., dated the 23rd July 1883.

OBSERVATIONS.—In the resolution of the 10th July 1883, recited in the preamble, it was decided that, as regards public quarters occupied by civil officers, the rent payable to Government should be determined in each case by the Superintending Engineer of the circle, so as to cover interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the actual or estimated capital cost of the property, in addition to a fair allowance for risks and for the cost of repairs.

2. The Accountant-General, Bengal, has represented that there is some difficulty in applying the rule in certain cases; for example, when the house is not the property of Government, and when it is impossible to estimate either the capital cost of the property or what should be considered a fair allowance for risks and cost of repairs. The Accountant-General instances two cases, namely, those of Dr. Anderson, Superintendent of the Indian Museum, and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker, Secretary to the Board of Examiners, in which the houses occupied have been hired by Government.

Resolution—

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that, when Government has to pay rent for any house occupied by a civil officer, the actual rent, if the officer occupies the whole house, or a fair share, to be determined by the Superintending Engineer, if he occupies a part, should be recovered from the officer.

2. Neither in this case, nor where a full rent covering interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the capital cost and a fair allowance for risk and repairs is charged, shall the officer forfeit the presidency house-rent allowance to which he may be entitled under rule.

3. In the cases of Dr. Anderson and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker the rents recoverable were fixed by special orders of Government, and the rates should not be changed.

4. If difficulty arises in any other cases, they may be referred to the Government of India for decision.

Order—

Ordered that this resolution be communicated to the several departments of the Government of India, the several local Governments, and the several Accountants-General; and to the chiefs of departments under the administration of the Department of Finance and Commerce.

(Signed) J. E. O'CONOR,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ORDER—dated 11th October 1883, No. 2312; Financial.

Communicated to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments in continuation of G.O., No. 1587, dated 24th July 1883.

(True Extract.)

E. F. WEBSTER,
Acting Chief Secretary.

To the departments of the Secretariat.
„ heads of departments.

Exd. J. W. Fischer.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

Resolution of the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce, dated Simla, 27th September 1883, No. 3476.

Pay and Allowances—House-rent.

Read again—

Resolution in the Department of Finance (Pay and Allowances), No. 1884, dated the 10th July 1883, laying down the principles according to which rent should be recovered from civil officers occupying public quarters, under Financial Resolution, No. 3413, dated the 29th December 1882.

Read also—

Letter from the Accountant-General, Bengal, No. 223-E., dated the 23rd July 1883.

OBSERVATIONS.—In the resolution of the 10th July 1883, recited in the preamble, it was decided that, as regards public quarters occupied by civil officers, the rent payable to Government should be determined in each case by the Superintending Engineer of the circle, so as to cover interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the actual or estimated capital cost of the property, in addition to a fair allowance for risks and for the cost of repairs.

2. The Accountant-General, Bengal, has represented that there is some difficulty in applying the rule in certain cases; for example, when the house is not the property of Government, and when it is impossible to estimate either the capital cost of the property or what should be considered a fair allowance for risks and cost of repairs. The Accountant-General instances two cases, namely, those of Dr. Anderson, Superintendent of the Indian Museum, and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker, Secretary to the Board of Examiners, in which the houses occupied have been hired by Government.

Resolution—

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that, when Government has to pay rent for any house occupied by a civil officer, the actual rent, if the officer occupies the whole house, or a fair share, to be determined by the Superintending Engineer, if he occupies a part, should be recovered from the officer.

2. Neither in this case, nor where a full rent covering interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the capital cost and a fair allowance for risk and repairs is charged, shall the officer forfeit the presidency house-rent allowance to which he may be entitled under rule.

3. In the cases of Dr. Anderson and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker the rents recoverable were fixed by special orders of Government, and the rates should not be changed.

4. If difficulty arises in any other cases, they may be referred to the Government of India for decision.

Order—

Ordered that this resolution be communicated to the several departments of the Government of India, the several local Governments, and the several Accountants-General; and to the chiefs of departments under the administration of the Department of Finance and Commerce.

(Signed) J. E. O'CONOR,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ORDER—dated 11th October 1883, No. 2312, Financial.

Communicated to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments in continuation of G.O., No. 1587, dated 24th July 1883.

(True Extract.)

E. F. WEBSTER,
Acting Chief Secretary.

To the departments of the Secretariat.
„ heads of departments.

Exd. J. W. Fischer.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

Resolution of the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce, dated Simla, 27th September 1883, No. 3476.

Pay and Allowances—House-rent.

Read again—

Resolution in the Department of Finance (Pay and Allowances), No. 1884, dated the 10th July 1883, laying down the principles according to which rent should be recovered from civil officers occupying public quarters, under Financial Resolution, No. 3413, dated the 29th December 1882.

Read also—

Letter from the Accountant-General, Bengal, No. 223-E., dated the 23rd July 1883.

OBSERVATIONS.—In the resolution of the 10th July 1883, recited in the preamble, it was decided that, as regards public quarters occupied by civil officers, the rent payable to Government should be determined in each case by the Superintending Engineer of the circle, so as to cover interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the actual or estimated capital cost of the property, in addition to a fair allowance for risks and for the cost of repairs.

2. The Accountant-General, Bengal, has represented that there is some difficulty in applying the rule in certain cases; for example, when the house is not the property of Government, and when it is impossible to estimate either the capital cost of the property or what should be considered a fair allowance for risks and cost of repairs. The Accountant-General instances two cases, namely, those of Dr. Anderson, Superintendent of the Indian Museum, and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker, Secretary to the Board of Examiners, in which the houses occupied have been hired by Government.

Resolution—

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that, when Government has to pay rent for any house occupied by a civil officer, the actual rent, if the officer occupies the whole house, or a fair share, to be determined by the Superintending Engineer, if he occupies a part, should be recovered from the officer.

2. Neither in this case, nor where a full rent covering interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the capital cost and a fair allowance for risk and repairs is charged, shall the officer forfeit the presidency house-rent allowance to which he may be entitled under rule.

3. In the cases of Dr. Anderson and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker the rents recoverable were fixed by special orders of Government, and the rates should not be changed.

4. If difficulty arises in any other cases, they may be referred to the Government of India for decision.

Order—

Ordered that this resolution be communicated to the several departments of the Government of India, the several local Governments, and the several Accountants-General; and to the chiefs of departments under the administration of the Department of Finance and Commerce.

(Signed) J. E. O'CONOR,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ORDER—dated 11th October 1883, No. 2312, Financial.

Communicated to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments in continuation of G.O., No. 1587, dated 24th July 1883.

(True Extract.)

E. F. WEBSTER,
Acting Chief Secretary.

To the departments of the Secretariat.
„ heads of departments.

Exd. J. W. Fischer.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

Resolution of the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce, dated Simla, 27th September 1883, No. 3476.

Pay and Allowances—House-rent.

Read again—

Resolution in the Department of Finance (Pay and Allowances), No. 1884, dated the 10th July 1883, laying down the principles according to which rent should be recovered from civil officers occupying public quarters, under Financial Resolution, No. 3413, dated the 29th December 1882.

Read also—

Letter from the Accountant-General, Bengal, No. 223-E., dated the 23rd July 1883.

OBSERVATIONS.—In the resolution of the 10th July 1883, recited in the preamble, it was decided that, as regards public quarters occupied by civil officers, the rent payable to Government should be determined in each case by the Superintending Engineer of the circle, so as to cover interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the actual or estimated capital cost of the property, in addition to a fair allowance for risks and for the cost of repairs.

2. The Accountant-General, Bengal, has represented that there is some difficulty in applying the rule in certain cases; for example, when the house is not the property of Government, and when it is impossible to estimate either the capital cost of the property or what should be considered a fair allowance for risks and cost of repairs. The Accountant-General instances two cases, namely, those of Dr. Anderson, Superintendent of the Indian Museum, and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker, Secretary to the Board of Examiners, in which the houses occupied have been hired by Government.

Resolution—

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that, when Government has to pay rent for any house occupied by a civil officer, the actual rent, if the officer occupies the whole house, or a fair share, to be determined by the Superintending Engineer, if he occupies a part, should be recovered from the officer.

2. Neither in this case, nor where a full rent covering interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the capital cost and a fair allowance for risk and repairs is charged, shall the officer forfeit the presidency house-rent allowance to which he may be entitled under rule.

3. In the cases of Dr. Anderson and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker the rents recoverable were fixed by special orders of Government, and the rates should not be changed.

4. If difficulty arises in any other cases, they may be referred to the Government of India for decision.

Order—

Ordered that this resolution be communicated to the several departments of the Government of India, the several local Governments, and the several Accountants-General; and to the chiefs of departments under the administration of the Department of Finance and Commerce.

(Signed) J. E. O'CONOR,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ORDER—dated 11th October 1883, No. 2312, Financial.

Communicated to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments in continuation of G.O., No. 1587, dated 24th July 1883.

(True Extract.)

E. F. WEBSTER,
Acting Chief Secretary.

To the departments of the Secretariat.
„ heads of departments.

Exd. J. W. Fischer.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

Resolution of the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce, dated Simla, 27th September 1883, No. 3476.

Pay and Allowances—House-rent.

Read again—

Resolution in the Department of Finance (Pay and Allowances), No. 1884, dated the 10th July 1883, laying down the principles according to which rent should be recovered from civil officers occupying public quarters, under Financial Resolution, No. 3413, dated the 29th December 1882.

Read also—

Letter from the Accountant-General, Bengal, No. 223-E., dated the 23rd July 1883.

OBSERVATIONS.—In the resolution of the 10th July 1883, recited in the preamble, it was decided that, as regards public quarters occupied by civil officers, the rent payable to Government should be determined in each case by the Superintending Engineer of the circle, so as to cover interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the actual or estimated capital cost of the property, in addition to a fair allowance for risks and for the cost of repairs.

2. The Accountant-General, Bengal, has represented that there is some difficulty in applying the rule in certain cases; for example, when the house is not the property of Government, and when it is impossible to estimate either the capital cost of the property or what should be considered a fair allowance for risks and cost of repairs. The Accountant-General instances two cases, namely, those of Dr. Anderson, Superintendent of the Indian Museum, and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker, Secretary to the Board of Examiners, in which the houses occupied have been hired by Government.

Resolution—

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that, when Government has to pay rent for any house occupied by a civil officer, the actual rent, if the officer occupies the whole house, or a fair share, to be determined by the Superintending Engineer, if he occupies a part, should be recovered from the officer.

2. Neither in this case, nor where a full rent covering interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the capital cost and a fair allowance for risk and repairs is charged, shall the officer forfeit the presidency house-rent allowance to which he may be entitled under rule.

3. In the cases of Dr. Anderson and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker the rents recoverable were fixed by special orders of Government, and the rates should not be changed.

4. If difficulty arises in any other cases, they may be referred to the Government of India for decision.

Order—

Ordered that this resolution be communicated to the several departments of the Government of India, the several local Governments, and the several Accountants-General; and to the chiefs of departments under the administration of the Department of Finance and Commerce.

(Signed) J. E. O'CONOR,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ORDER—dated 11th October 1883, No. 2312, Financial.

Communicated to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments in continuation of G.O., No. 1587, dated 24th July 1883.

(True Extract.)

E. F. WEBSTER,
Acting Chief Secretary.

To the departments of the Secretariat.
„ heads of departments.

Exd. J. W. Fischer.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following paper:—

Resolution of the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce, dated Simla, 27th September 1883, No. 3476.

Pay and Allowances—House-rent.

Read again—

Resolution in the Department of Finance (Pay and Allowances), No. 1884, dated the 10th July 1883, laying down the principles according to which rent should be recovered from civil officers occupying public quarters, under Financial Resolution, No. 3413, dated the 29th December 1882.

Read also—

Letter from the Accountant-General, Bengal, No. 223-E., dated the 23rd July 1883.

OBSERVATIONS.—In the resolution of the 10th July 1883, recited in the preamble, it was decided that, as regards public quarters occupied by civil officers, the rent payable to Government should be determined in each case by the Superintending Engineer of the circle, so as to cover interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the actual or estimated capital cost of the property, in addition to a fair allowance for risks and for the cost of repairs.

2. The Accountant-General, Bengal, has represented that there is some difficulty in applying the rule in certain cases; for example, when the house is not the property of Government; and when it is impossible to estimate either the capital cost of the property or what should be considered a fair allowance for risks and cost of repairs. The Accountant-General instances two cases, namely, those of Dr. Anderson, Superintendent of the Indian Museum, and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker, Secretary to the Board of Examiners, in which the houses occupied have been hired by Government.

Resolution—

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that, when Government has to pay rent for any house occupied by a civil officer, the actual rent, if the officer occupies the whole house, or a fair share, to be determined by the Superintending Engineer, if he occupies a part, should be recovered from the officer.

2. Neither in this case, nor where a full rent covering interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the capital cost and a fair allowance for risk and repairs is charged, shall the officer forfeit the presidency house-rent allowance to which he may be entitled under rule.

3. In the cases of Dr. Anderson and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker the rents recoverable were fixed by special orders of Government, and the rates should not be changed.

4. If difficulty arises in any other cases, they may be referred to the Government of India for decision.

Order—

Ordered that this resolution be communicated to the several departments of the Government of India, the several local Governments, and the several Accountants-General; and to the chiefs of departments under the administration of the Department of Finance and Commerce.

(Signed) J. E. O'CONOR,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ORDER—dated 11th October 1883, No. 2312, Financial.

Communicated to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments in continuation of G.O., No. 1587, dated 24th July 1883.

(True Extract.)

E. F. WEBSTER,
Acting Chief Secretary.

To the departments of the Secretariat.
„ heads of departments.

Exd. J. W. Fischer.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

Resolution of the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce, dated Simla, 27th September 1883, No. 3476.

Pay and Allowances—House-rent.

Read again—

Resolution in the Department of Finance (Pay and Allowances), No. 1884, dated the 10th July 1883, laying down the principles according to which rent should be recovered from civil officers occupying public quarters, under Financial Resolution, No. 3413, dated the 29th December 1882.

Read also—

Letter from the Accountant-General, Bengal, No. 223-E., dated the 23rd July 1883.

OBSERVATIONS.—In the resolution of the 10th July 1883, recited in the preamble, it was decided that, as regards public quarters occupied by civil officers, the rent payable to Government should be determined in each case by the Superintending Engineer of the circle, so as to cover interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the actual or estimated capital cost of the property, in addition to a fair allowance for risks and for the cost of repairs.

2. The Accountant-General, Bengal, has represented that there is some difficulty in applying the rule in certain cases; for example, when the house is not the property of Government, and when it is impossible to estimate either the capital cost of the property or what should be considered a fair allowance for risks and cost of repairs. The Accountant-General instances two cases, namely, those of Dr. Anderson, Superintendent of the Indian Museum, and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker, Secretary to the Board of Examiners, in which the houses occupied have been hired by Government.

Resolution—

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that, when Government has to pay rent for any house occupied by a civil officer, the actual rent, if the officer occupies the whole house, or a fair share, to be determined by the Superintending Engineer, if he occupies a part, should be recovered from the officer.

2. Neither in this case, nor where a full rent covering interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the capital cost and a fair allowance for risk and repairs is charged, shall the officer forfeit the presidency house-rent allowance to which he may be entitled under rule.

3. In the cases of Dr. Anderson and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker the rents recoverable were fixed by special orders of Government, and the rates should not be changed.

4. If difficulty arises in any other cases, they may be referred to the Government of India for decision.

Order—

Ordered that this resolution be communicated to the several departments of the Government of India, the several local Governments, and the several Accountants-General; and to the chiefs of departments under the administration of the Department of Finance and Commerce.

(Signed) J. E. O'CONOR,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ORDER—dated 11th October 1883, No. 2312, Financial.

Communicated to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments in continuation of G.O., No. 1587, dated 24th July 1883.

(True Extract.)

E. F. WEBSTER,
Acting Chief Secretary.

To the departments of the Secretariat.
„ heads of departments.

Govt. of Madras.

FINANCIAL.

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 11th October 1883, No. 2312.

OCTOBER.

House-rent.

Communicating to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments resolution of the Government of India directing that the — recoverable from civil officers in the cases of houses hired by Government should be the actual rent, and that neither in these cases, nor where the officer pays a full market-rate of rent, should he forfeit the presidency — allowance to which he may be entitled.

Govt. of (1883) Madras.

FINANCIAL.

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 11th October 1883, No. 2312.

OCTOBER.

House-rent.

Communicating to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments resolution of the Government of India directing that the — recoverable from civil officers in the cases of houses hired by Government should be the actual rent, and that neither in these cases, nor where the officer pays a full market-rate of rent, should he forfeit the presidency — allowance to which he may be entitled.

Govt. of (1883) Madras.

FINANCIAL.

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 11th October 1883, No. 2312.

OCTOBER.

House-rent.

Communicating to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments resolution of the Government of India directing that the — recoverable from civil officers in the cases of houses hired by Government should be the actual rent, and that neither in these cases, nor where the officer pays a full market-rate of rent, should he forfeit the presidency — allowance to which he may be entitled.

Govt. of (1883) Madras.

FINANCIAL.

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 11th October 1883, No. 2312.

OCTOBER.

House-rent.

Communicating to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments resolution of the Government of India directing that the — recoverable from civil officers in the cases of houses hired by Government should be the actual rent, and that neither in these cases, nor where the officer pays a full market-rate of rent, should he forfeit the presidency — allowance to which he may be entitled.

Govt. of (1883) Madras.

FINANCIAL.

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 11th October 1883, No. 2312.

OCTOBER.

House-rent.

Communicating to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments resolution of the Government of India directing that the — recoverable from civil officers in the cases of houses hired by Government should be the actual rent, and that neither in these cases, nor where the officer pays a full market-rate of rent, should he forfeit the presidency — allowance to which he may be entitled.

Govt. of (1883) Madras.

FINANCIAL.

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 11th October 1883, No. 2312.

OCTOBER.

House-rent.

Communicating to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments resolution of the Government of India directing that the — recoverable from civil officers in the cases of houses hired by Government should be the actual rent, and that neither in these cases, nor where the officer pays a full market-rate of rent, should he forfeit the presidency — allowance to which he may be entitled.

Govt. of (1883) Madras.

FINANCIAL.

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 11th October 1883, No. 2312.

OCTOBER.

House-rent.

Communicating to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments resolution of the Government of India directing that the — recoverable from civil officers in the cases of houses hired by Government should be the actual rent, and that neither in these cases, nor where the officer pays a full market-rate of rent, should he forfeit the presidency — allowance to which he may be entitled.

Govt. of (1883) Madras.

FINANCIAL.

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 11th October 1883, No. 2312.

OCTOBER.

House-rent.

Communicating to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments resolution of the Government of India directing that the — recoverable from civil officers in the cases of houses hired by Government should be the actual rent, and that neither in these cases, nor where the officer pays a full market-rate of rent, should he forfeit the presidency — allowance to which he may be entitled.

Govt. of (1883) Madras.

FINANCIAL.

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 11th October 1883, No. 2312.

OCTOBER.

House-rent.

Communicating to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments resolution of the Government of India directing that the — recoverable from civil officers in the cases of houses hired by Government should be the actual rent, and that neither in these cases, nor where the officer pays a full market-rate of rent, should he forfeit the presidency — allowance to which he may be entitled.

Govt. of (1883) Madras.

FINANCIAL.

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 11th October 1883, No. 2312.

OCTOBER.

House-rent.

Communicating to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments resolution of the Government of India directing that the — recoverable from civil officers in the cases of houses hired by Government should be the actual rent, and that neither in these cases, nor where the officer pays a full market-rate of rent, should he forfeit the presidency — allowance to which he may be entitled.

Govt. of (1883) Madras.

FINANCIAL.

No: 3143 No: 6 Nov 1883

Communicated to
the Supp. Engr. Fifth Circle
of the Engr. P.W. Sects in
continuation of G.O. No: 22404
of 11th August 1883.

Sd/ L. B.
Ab. S.

Issued

Recd.

Encl.

G.O., 11th October 1883, No. 2312.

No: 3143 No: 6 Nov 1883

OCTOBER.

House-rent.

Communicating to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments resolution of the Government of India directing that the — recoverable from civil officers in the cases of houses hired by Government should be the actual rent, and that neither in these cases, nor where the officer pays a full market-rate of rent, should he forfeit the presidency — allowance to which he may be entitled.

With Order

S. E. Fifth Circle
Engr. P. W. A.
Cons. Act to Govt.

11TH OCTOBER 1883, No. 2312, FINANCIAL.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

Resolution of the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce, dated Simla, 27th September 1883, No. 3476.

Pay and Allowances—House-rent.

Read again—

Resolution in the Department of Finance (Pay and Allowances), No. 1884, dated the 10th July 1883, laying down the principles according to which rent should be recovered from civil officers occupying public quarters, under Financial Resolution, No. 3413, dated the 29th December 1882.

Read also—

Letter from the Accountant-General, Bengal, No. 223-E., dated the 23rd July 1883.

OBSERVATIONS.—In the resolution of the 10th July 1883, recited in the preamble, it was decided that, as regards public quarters occupied by civil officers, the rent payable to Government should be determined in each case by the Superintending Engineer of the circle, so as to cover interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the actual or estimated capital cost of the property, in addition to a fair allowance for risks and for the cost of repairs.

2. The Accountant-General, Bengal, has represented that there is some difficulty in applying the rule in certain cases; for example, when the house is not the property of Government, and when it is impossible to estimate either the capital cost of the property or what should be considered a fair allowance for risks and cost of repairs. The Accountant-General instances two cases, namely, those of Dr. Anderson, Superintendent of the Indian Museum, and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker, Secretary to the Board of Examiners, in which the houses occupied have been hired by Government.

Resolution—

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that, when Government has to pay rent for any house occupied by a civil officer, the actual rent, if the officer occupies the whole house, or a fair share, to be determined by the Superintending Engineer, if he occupies a part, should be recovered from the officer.

2. Neither in this case, nor where a full rent covering interest at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the capital cost and a fair allowance for risk and repairs is charged, shall the officer forfeit the presidency house-rent allowance to which he may be entitled under rule.

3. In the cases of Dr. Anderson and Lieutenant-Colonel Toker the rents recoverable were fixed by special orders of Government, and the rates should not be changed.

4. If difficulty arises in any other cases, they may be referred to the Government of India for decision.

Order—

Ordered that this resolution be communicated to the several departments of the Government of India, the several local Governments, and the several Accountants-General; and to the chiefs of departments under the administration of the Department of Finance and Commerce.

(Signed) J. E. O'CONOR,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

ORDER—dated 11th October 1883, No. 2312, Financial.

Communicated to the departments of the Secretariat and heads of departments in continuation of G.O., No. 1587, dated 24th July 1883.

(True Extract.)

E. F. WEBSTER,
Acting Chief Secretary.

To the departments of the Secretariat.
„ heads of departments.