

(1) Number of pages 20
(2) Date of repair 26.8-86
(3) Initials of the Referencer lms

TAMIL NADU ARCHIVES

GOVERNMENT OF TAMIL NADU

P.W. DEPARTMENT

G.O. No	3607 W	Press
B P. No.		Mis.
Dated	11 9 1875	1197.

150-7

Not to be folded or roughly handled.

3601
1

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

11th September 1878, No 3,697 W.

Buildings and Roads
Civil Works

Read the following paper —

No 138 From F N THOROWGOOD, Esq, Superintendent, Madras Harbour Works, to the Secretary to Government Public Works Department, Buildings and Roads, dated Madras, 2nd September 1878, No. 30 W

I HAVE the honor to submit the following report of the progress on these works during the month of August 1878

2 NORTH PIER — SUPERSTRUCTURE — The weather has not been favorable for work of any description, and from the 11th to the 22nd the surf was high and constant. At the North Pier the Divers worked on every day when the sea was sufficiently smooth and 192 concrete blocks were successfully set. This increases the length of the North Pier by 114 feet since the 31st July, and makes the total length of regular block-work now 1,063 feet from the point B, of which length there have been 647 feet built since January 1st, 1878

3 RUMBLE BASE — The work of depositing rubble base has been carried on busily, and gradually, the masula boats and carmen are being superseded by the Hopper Barge *Salisbury* and three large cargo boats. These cargo boats are found to be very handy in depositing latents in places where the steamer cannot conveniently come. They are loaded from the wagons at the North Pier and are rowed out to their destinations by native boatmen. During August there were deposited in the base by these means 5,977 tons of latente, of which 2,113 tons were deposited by the *Salisbury* and 3,864 by the cargo boats. The *Salisbury* would have deposited more, but that her steering apparatus got out of order on the 22nd, and we did not succeed in repairing it until the 28th. In addition to the stone thrown into the base from boats, there was 1,057 tons of stone dropped from the Titan Crane for the Divers to use in levelling the beds for the blocks. A total quantity therefore of 7,044 tons of stone have been deposited in the base during August as compared with 5,821 tons in July and 3,784 tons in June. I hope in September to manage nearly 300 tons a day with the *Salisbury* alone.

4. BLOCK-MAKING — The machinery for block-making has been at work throughout August, and 230 blocks for the superstructure of the piers have been made. The machinery has worked fairly well, but delays have occurred through failure in the pumping machinery for water-supply. There is now a good stock of blocks in the yard, and a greater number are being made daily than are being set.

5 QUARRIES — The latente quarry at Ambathen has supplied 7,630 tons of material during August, and the railway lines are being extended to facilitate the working out of the present area that is opened up. On the 24th I visited the district round about Ambathen and selected two other sites for future supply of latente. To work these places a long length of railway will have to be laid in.

6 The quarries on the South Indian Railway have worked well during August, and two trains of 29 wagons each have been received lately. These trains have brought a total quantity of 8,753 tons of stone, of which 3,745 tons have been used in block making.

7 SOUTH PIER—SUPERSTRUCTURE—Again I regret that I cannot report much progress at the South Pier, but delay from sand is what we were led to expect at this time of year, and I hope that in six weeks' time the South Pier will have been carried through its present difficulties. The surf has been very trouble some in advance of the block-work, rendering diving operations often impossible and always dangerous. By taking advantage of smooth periods and by the use of Pull's dredger to remove sand, the divers are enabled to set 60 superstructure blocks fairly well. This work is advanced by 100 ft. in length, 27 ft. in width, making the total length of block work now built 347 feet from the point, of which length 471½ feet have been built since January 1st, 1878.

8 In addition to the delay caused by the sand in the foundations, block setting has had to be stopped for a time owing to the buckling of some of the Titan's travelling crane. This is being repaired as quickly as possible.

9 The surf has accumulated to the south of the South Pier still more during August as shown by the green line on the accompanying plan. It is probable that during September no change will take place and if the weather is favorable, cross sections will be taken at the South Pier to show the state of the bottom within the breakers. The beach to the north-east is now so high, but owing to the constant surf has prevented me from getting any sections that can be relied on.

10 RUBBLE BANK—The rubble bank of the South Pier is still deposited from passing boats, some of which are loaded on the beach and some from the pier itself. As much of the bank is buried in sand which will be removed by the sea from the north-east, the boats are allowed to deposit their stone a considerable distance away from the end of the block-work or the surf which one may consider as permanent. A total quantity of 5,571 tons has been deposited during August, against 5,112 tons deposited in July, and 3,156 in June. The stone is all granite in quality and is quarried here at Pallavaram and near the quarry siding at the 15th mile of the South Indian Railway.

11 DRAINAGE AND INTERFERING SURF—The sand accumulation round the South Pier has closed the outlet for the drain which I carried through the surf bank as I stated in my report for July. I hope to submit immediately a plan and estimate for an intercepting sewer in the Harbour as directed by G.O. No. 2,963 W, of July 2nd, 1878, but as long as the surf breaks freely on the beach, as at present, I think that there can be nothing done by the discharge of the drains. Mr. Parkes is of opinion that the scheme for intercepting or otherwise dealing with the drainage does not call for immediate attention, and he hopes to be able to take up the matter thoroughly when he visits Madras.

12 SEA ENCROACHMENT—NORTH OF HARBOUR—The green line on the accompanying plan shows the result of the survey of the shore line August 31st, 1878. It will be observed that opposite Strand's Cotton Press the encroachment is greatest, but it is not worse than in September 1876. The new protective dykes are shown in red, and I am at present endeavoring to pierce the Harbour in piercements to the most westerly ones so as to stop present damage at once. Owing to the concrete block and latente traffic along the Harbour railways at Royapuram, it becomes somewhat difficult to arrange for a sufficient supply of latente to be unloaded separately into barges for the groyne. Consequently I have been unable to supply more than 10 wagons per day for the protective works. During the month of August 1,115 tons of large latente boulders were used for these works and the results are favorable. Many of the inhabitants of the villages near the beach have petitioned me to compensate them for loss and to use means to stop the encroachment, but I cannot do much more than is being done at present without delaying the main work of constructing the Harbour itself. I still am of opinion that the encroachments are now more attributable to high tides and heavy surf working conjointly than to the effect of defective waves from the north breakwater.

13 PLANS AND SECTIONS—This report is accompanied with one plan of the Harbour as existing, and two elevations showing the progress on the two piers.

14 EXPENDITURE—The total sum expended upon the work up to August 31st 1878, is Rupees 21,26,182.

15 GENERAL INFORMATION CONNECTED WITH WORKS—Having in view the arrival of more Portland cement from England, I have commenced to build in the yard at Royapuram two sheds for storing cement. Formerly when a large quantity of cement was coming in from England I built two sheds of bamboos and palmyra leaves, but these were blown down by the first heavy squall and much cement damaged, I therefore have judged it to be better economy to build more permanent structures with brick pillars and tiled roofs.

16 I have completed the agreement with General Morgan to supply another 2,000 tons of his cement delivered on the works at Rupees 43 per ton. The specification under the terms of which this 2,000 tons will be supplied makes the breaking strain of the test bricks 840 lbs. instead of 400 lbs. as was the test for the quantity (2,000 tons) already being supplied at Rupees 40 per ton. The cost of the last quantity of English cement delivered to the works, including freight, landing, and storing charges, less from sea damage, &c, &c, amounted to Rupees 19 per ton.

17 SICKNESS, &c.—I am sorry to have to report that my staff has suffered and is still suffering from sickness. Since the death of J. Clacken on July 10th, one of the Locomotive Engine Drivers, a European, died at the General Hospital on August 24th. The Foreman Driver, one European Driver and two European Drivers Signalmen are either in hospital or under the District Surgeon unable to work. The European Foreman Block-maker is also laid up with dizziness. I am happy to state that all are going on favorably, but the works suffer greatly from their absence. It is to be hoped that matters will improve when the north-easterly wind sets in.

No. 159. ORDER THEREON, 11th September 1878 No. 3,607 W.

ORDERED to be recorded

(True Extract.)

(Signed) E. A. FOORD, Colonel, R.F.,
Secretary to Govt., P.W.D.

(True Copy)

Major, R.E.,
Under Secy to Govt., P.W.D.

To the Superintendent, Madras Harbour Works
" Marine Department

E. I. D. Rao
Spare Copies

No. 3014

From

THE SUPERINTENDENT,

MADRAS HARBOUR WORKS.

To

Colonel G. A. Ford, R. E.

Secretary to Government, Public Works Dept
& Buildings & Roads

Fort Saint George
MADRAS, 2 September 1878

SIR,

I have the honor to submit the following report of the progress on these works during the month of August 1878. -

North Pier
Superstructure

2 The weather has not been favorable for work of any description and from the 11th to the 22nd the surf was high and constant. At the North Pier the divers worked on every day when the sea was sufficiently smooth and 192 concrete blocks were successfully set. - This increases the length of the North pier by 114 feet since the 21st July, and makes the total length of regular blockwork now 403 feet from the point B, of which length there have been 677 feet built since January 1st 1878. -

Rubble Base

3 The work of depositing rubble base has been carried on busily, and gradually, the masula boats and catamarans are being superseded by the Hopper Barge "Lillibury" and

and three large cargo boats. These cargo boats are found to be very handy in depositing laterite in places where the steamer cannot conveniently come. They are loaded from the wagons at the North Pier, and are rowed out to their destinations by native boatmen. During August there were deposited in the base by these means 5777 tons of laterite of which 2113 tons were deposited by the "Salisbury" and 3664 by the cargo boats. The "Salisbury" would have deposited more but that her steering apparatus got out of order on the 22^d, and we did not succeed in repairing it until the 26th. In addition to the stone thrown into the base from boats there was 1067 tons of stone dropped from the derrick crane for the divers to use in leveling the beds for the blocks. A total quantity therefore of 7044 tons of stone have been deposited in the base during August as compared with 5821 tons in July, and 3784 tons in June. I hope in September to manage nearly 300 tons a day with the "Salisbury" alone.

11 The machinery for blockmaking has been at work throughout August and 235 blocks

Blockmaking.

for

260 1/2
for the superstructure of the piers have been made. The machinery has worked fairly well but delays have occurred through failure in the pumping machinery for water supply. There is now a good stock of blocks in the yard, and a greater number are being made daily than are being set.

Quarries

5 The laterite quarry at Umballion has supplied 7680 tons of material during August, and the railway lines are being extended to facilitate the working out of the present area that is opened up. On the 26th I visited the district round about Umballion and selected two other sites for future supply of laterite.

26 With these places a long length of railway will have to be laid in.

6 The quarries on the South Indian Railway have worked well during August, and two trains of 27 wagons each have been received daily. These trains have brought a total quantity of 8758 tons of stone, of which 3745 tons have been used in blockmaking.

South Pier

7 Again I regret that I cannot report much progress at the South pier, but

delay

delay from sand is what we were led to expect at this time of year, and I hope that in 6 weeks time the South pier will have been carried through its present difficulties. The surf has been very troublesome in advance of the block work rendering diving operations often impossible and always dangerous. By taking advantage of smooth periods and by the use of Bull's dredges to remove sand, the divers succeeded in setting 60 superstructure blocks fairly well. This work has advanced the pier by a length of $127\frac{1}{2}$ lineal feet making the total length of blockwork now built 547 feet from the point E, of which length 471 feet have been built since January 1st 1878. —

8. In addition to the delay caused by the sand in the foundations, blocksetting has had to be stopped for a time, owing to the breaking of some of the Island's travelling gear. This is being repaired as quickly as possible. —

9. The sand has accumulated to the South of the South pier still more during August, as shown by the green line on the accompanying plan. It is probable that during September, no change will take place, and if the weather

weather is favourable, cross sections will be taken at the South pier, to show the state of the bottom within the Harbour before the North East Monsoon sets in, but hitherto the constant surf has prevented me from getting any sections that can be relied on. —

Rubble Base

10. The rubble base of the South pier is still deposited from muskela boats, some of which are loaded in the beach and some from the pier itself. As much of the base is buried in sand which will be removed by the seas from the North East, the boats are ordered to deposit their stone a considerable distance away from the end of the blockwork on the sand which one may consider as permanent. A total quantity of 5371 tons has been deposited during August, against 5142 tons deposited in July and 3161 in June. The stone is all granitic in quality and is quarried both at Pulluram and near the quarry siding at the 15th mile of the South Indian Railway. —

Drainage and Intersecting Trench

11. The sand accumulation round the South pier has closed the outlet for the drain —

which

which I carried through the surf tank as I
stated in my report for July. I hope to submit
immediately a plan and estimate for an
intercepting dam in the Harbour as directed
by the Supt. on July 22nd 1874, but as
long as the surf breaks heavy on the beach,
as at present, I think that there can be
no harm done by the discharge of the drains.

Mr. Parkes is of opinion that the scheme
for intercepting or otherwise dealing with
the drainage does not call for immediate
attention, and he hopes to be able to take up
the matter thoroughly when he visits Madras.

12. The plan line on the accompanying
plan shows the result of the survey of the
shore line August 31st 1874. It will be
observed that opposite Shand's cotton press
the encroachment is greatest, but it is not
worse than in September 1876. The new
protection groynes are shown in red, and
I am at present carrying on those near
the Harbour in preference to the most north-
erly ones so as to stop present damage at
once, owing to the concrete block and laterite
traffic

Sea Encroachment
North of Harbour

Plans & Sections.

Expenditure

20/6
traffic along the Harbour railways at Royapuram,
it becomes somewhat difficult to arrange for a
sufficient supply of laterite to be unloaded separately
into bandies for the groyne. Consequently
I have been unable to supply more than 10 wagons
per day for the protective works. During the
month of August, 1115 tons of large laterite
boulders were used for these works and the
results are favourable. Many of the inhabitants
of the villages near the beach have petitioned
me to compensate them for loss and to use
means to stop the encroachment, but I
cannot do much more than is being done
at present without delaying the main work
of constructing the Harbour itself. I still
am of opinion that the encroachments are
now more attributable to high tides and
heavy surf working conjointly than to the
effect of deflected waves from the North
breakwater.

13. This report is accompanied with one
plan of the Harbour as existing, and two eleva-
tions showing the progress in the two piers.

14. The total sum expended upon the work
up

up to August 31st 1875 to £2126/18/2

15 Having in view the arrival of new Portland cement from England, I have commenced to build in the yard at Poyserian two sheds for storing cement. At nearly when a large quantity of cement was coming in from England I built two sheds of bamboo and palm-leaf leaves but these were blown down by the first heavy squall and much cement damaged, I therefore have judged it to be better economy to build more permanent structures with brick pillars and tiled roofs.

16 I have completed the agreement with General Allagan to supply another 2000 tons of his cement delivered on the works at Rs 43 per ton. The specification under the terms of which this 2000 tons will be supplied makes the breaking strain of the best bricks 500 lbs instead of 400 lbs as was the case for the quantity (2000 tons) already being supplied at Rs 40 per ton. The cost of the last quantity of English cement delivered to the works, including freight, landing and storing charges, less from sea damage, &c. &c. amounted to Rs 44/10/0 per ton.

General information
connected with works.

Staff &c.

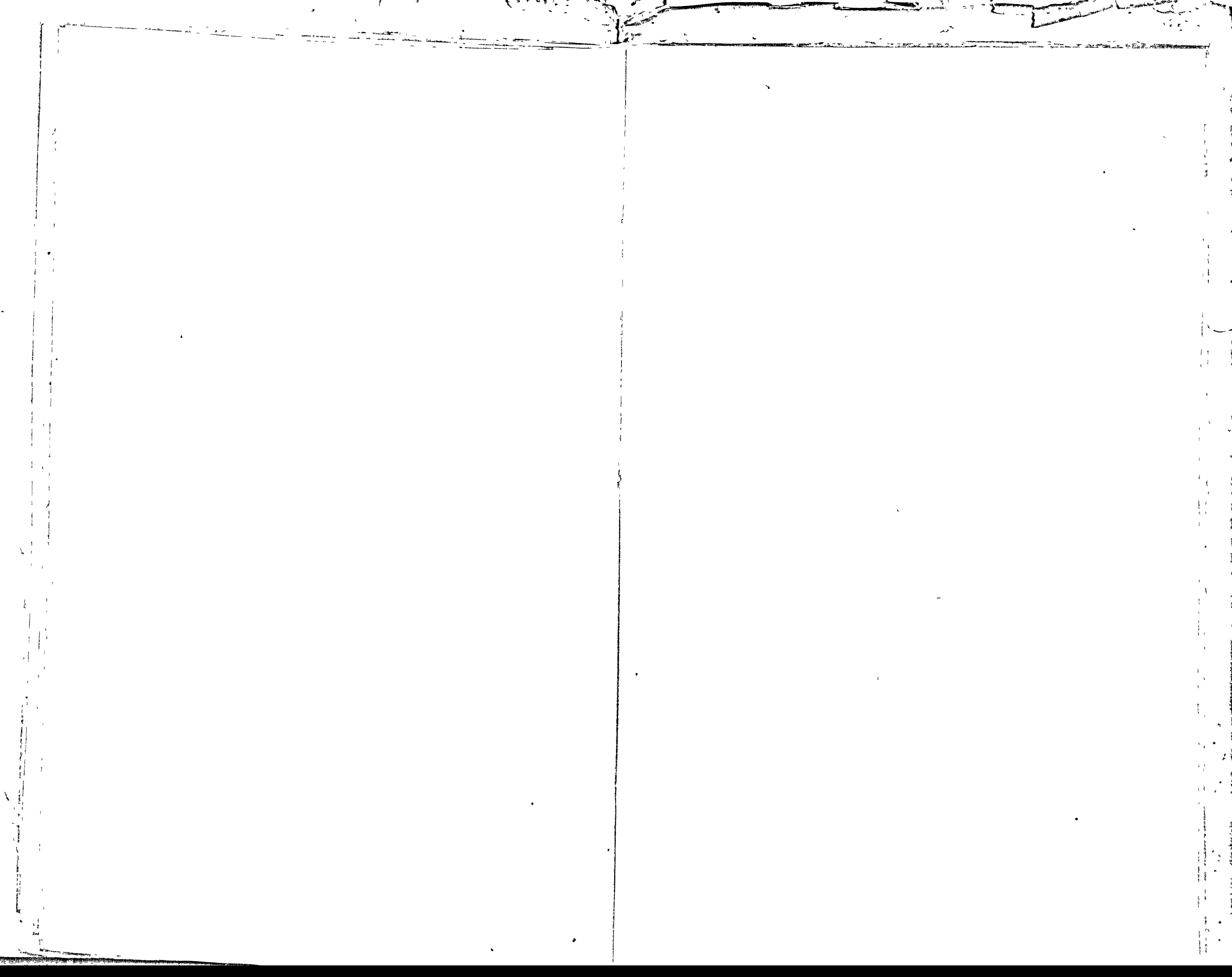
17. I am sorry to have to report that my staff has suffered and is still suffering from sickness. Since the death of J. Chichon on July 19th one of the locomotive engine drivers, a European, died at the General Hospital on August 24th. — The Fireman driver, one European driver and two European drivers' signalmen are either in Hospital or under the District Surgeon, unable to work. The European foreman blockmaker is also laid up with dysentery. I am happy to state that all are going on favourably, but the works suffer greatly from their absence. It is to be hoped that matters will improve when the North easterly wind sets in.

I have the honor to be,

Yr,
Your most obedient servant,

J. W. Thoroughgood.

Superintendent
Madras Harbour Works



Go. 2968 of 12 1978

30-10-1978 - Dept

Building & Roads 841

From

The Superintendent
Madras Harbour Works

N 30 W

Dated 2nd September, 1978
10.11.78

1st of Enclosures 3 Plans

Progress Report

Submits progress report of the
works for August 1978

Cir. No. 5 of 11.11.78
20.11.78 9.10

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Progress Report of the Madras Harbour Works
for August 1978

FOR ORDERS

The progress has
been made in the
works in progress

8.11.1978
10.11.78

11.11.78

11.11.78

FOR ORDERS

13 & 17
C week

For 300 yds of 11 S. 1/2 1/2

Ordered to be
recovered.

at
11/9

For 6-9-78 Recd 11-9-78
2-9-78

Supt. M. H. Worth
Marine Dept.

Dec 11/20-9-40