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MADRAS RECORD OFFICE

Government of Madras

Public Works DEPARTMENT

G.O. No.	705	(2)	Press
~~B.P. No.~~			~~Mis.~~
Dated	12-3		1875

Not to be folded or roughly handled

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department,
12th March 1875.*

Read the following papers —

No. 327. From W B LEGGATT, Esq, A I C E, Executive Engineer in charge Superintending Engineer's Office, Tanjore, to Lieutenant-Colonel J MULLINS, R.E, Chief Engineer for Irrigation, dated Tanjore, 22nd December 1874, No 2,400

WITH reference to paragraph 2 of despatch No. 27 of the 14th September

1 Statement

1867, from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, printed with G O, No 3,248, of the 19th October 1867, I have the honor to enclose a statement which will give in a convenient form the information required relative to the results of the regulating works constructed at the heads of the branches of the Cauvery as per margin.

	Date of Completion
Kodamurty head	June 1870
Arisalaur do.	July "
Veerasholen do	Feb "

The statement is furnished by the Collector, and shows the area cultivated, the assessment and the amount of remissions granted on lands dependent upon the Cauvery below the Kodamurty head and upon its branches. It goes back to the year 1865-66, or five years previous to the completion of the regulators, and is continued up to 1872-73. You will observe from the foot-note to the statement that no change of system affecting the revenue dependent on those rivers has taken place since 1865-66.

2 The regulators were completed in 1870. The effect of the works has been to divert large volumes of water from the Kodamurty, and to increase the supply of the other rivers. By a reference to the statement it will be seen that, so far from the lands dependent upon the Kodamurty having suffered by the reduction of the water-supply to that river, there has been a gradual increase of the area brought under cultivation, in 1872-73 when it rose to 1,388 acres in excess of the acreage under cultivation in the year previous to the completion of the regulators, for practically they afforded regulation then, viz., in 1869-70.

3. The remissions due to deficiency and excess of water in the Kodamurty, as per statement, may be taken as "nil," and, looking at the figures entered in columns 3 and 4, it appears to me that they point to the possibility of diverting even a larger supply from this river to the great benefit of the others, for although in the year 1871-72 there appears to have been a partial failure of water, yet the lands under the Kodamurty did not suffer at all.

4 As no new land was to be brought under the influence of the waters of the rivers by the construction of the regulators, the results produced by these works are apparent in the relief afforded from remissions on account of insufficient supply and in the extension of irrigation to lands already under the influence of the rivers, but which, owing to the precarious and insufficient supply of former years, were not brought under wet cultivation till after the completion of the regulators.

5. It must, therefore, be conceded that these head-works have proved to be most beneficial and efficient in remedying the deficiencies of water-supply complained of by the Revenue Department.

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department,
12th March 1875

6 I must, in conclusion, state that the information contained in this letter is taken from letters addressed to the Collector of this District by Major Oakes, R E, on the subject of these regulating works, and that I have taken the liberty of copying freely therefrom

Statement showing the area cultivated, the assessment and the amount of remissions granted on lands dependent upon the undermentioned rivers since 1865-66 to 1872-73, submitted with reference to the District Engineer's letters, dated 9th May and 8th September 1873, Nos 132 and 601

Name of River	Year	Area under cultivation	Assessment	Remissions	Area on which remissions were granted	Remarks
Cauvery below Kodamurty head and in dependently of the following branches	1865 66	Acres 49,955	Rs 4,70,489	Rs 44,103	Acres 2,493	The remissions granted in these years are due to deficiency of water Rupees 1,413 due to deficiency and Rupees 173 to excess of water Due to deficiency of water Rupees 13 due to deficiency and Rupees 1,032 to excess of water Due to deficiency of water Due to excess of water Rupees 551 appertain to the area dependent on the Puttur, and Rupees 1,107 to that dependent on minor channels Due to deficiency of water Rupees 3 refer to Mudicondan and Rs 13 to minor channels Rupees 2 due to deficiency, and Rupees 60 to excess of water Due to deficiency Due to deficiency of water in the Nattar Voikal Rupees 23 to do, in do, Rupees 813 to excess of water in the Nattar, and Rupees 100 to deficiency, and Rupees 1,234 to excess of water in minor channels Due to deficiency of water in the Nattar Voikal Rupees 7 due to deficiency in do, Rupees 300 to the excess of water in the Nandalor, and Rupees 50 to deficiency, and Rupees 1,313 to excess in minor channels Rupees 7 due to the deficiency in the Nandalor, Rupees 6,135 due to deficiency of water in the Nattar Voikal, and Rupees 8,661 to do in minor channels Do Rs 175 do do and Rs. 216 do do Do " 74 do do " " 157 do do Do " 1,674 do do " " 369 do do Do " 382 do do " " 161 do do Do " 73 do do " " 143 do do Do " 63 do do " " 143 do do
	1866 67	90,442	4,73,845	5,78	143	
	1867 68	96,272	4,99,496	64	17	
	1868 69	95,402	4,98,328	11,410	2,466	
	1869 70	97,918	4,97,275	1,626	384	
	1870 71	99,620	5,09,678	97	23	
	1871 72	99,633	5,00,103	1,015	244	
	1872 73	1,00,858	5,09,562	5	2	
	1865 66	97,743	5,59,518			
	1866 67	97,823	5,61,524	1,628	255	
Kodamurty	1867 68	98,111	5,70,040			Due to deficiency of water Rupees 3 refer to Mudicondan and Rs 13 to minor channels Rupees 2 due to deficiency, and Rupees 60 to excess of water Due to deficiency Due to deficiency of water in the Nattar Voikal Rupees 23 to do, in do, Rupees 813 to excess of water in the Nattar, and Rupees 100 to deficiency, and Rupees 1,234 to excess of water in minor channels Due to deficiency of water in the Nattar Voikal Rupees 7 due to deficiency in do, Rupees 300 to the excess of water in the Nandalor, and Rupees 50 to deficiency, and Rupees 1,313 to excess in minor channels Rupees 7 due to the deficiency in the Nandalor, Rupees 6,135 due to deficiency of water in the Nattar Voikal, and Rupees 8,661 to do in minor channels Do Rs 175 do do and Rs. 216 do do Do " 74 do do " " 157 do do Do " 1,674 do do " " 369 do do Do " 382 do do " " 161 do do Do " 73 do do " " 143 do do Do " 63 do do " " 143 do do
	1868 69	98,622	5,73,781	16	4	
	1869 70	99,405	5,80,903			
	1870 71	1,00,532	5,84,691	62	9	
	1871 72	1,00,801	5,82,217	13	8	
	1872 73	1,00,793	5,82,333	115	25	
	1865 66	57,849	2,96,303	2,170	410	
Arisalaur	1866 67	57,797	2,95,934			Due to deficiency of water in the Nattar Voikal Rupees 7 due to deficiency in do, Rupees 300 to the excess of water in the Nandalor, and Rupees 50 to deficiency, and Rupees 1,313 to excess in minor channels Rupees 7 due to the deficiency in the Nandalor, Rupees 6,135 due to deficiency of water in the Nattar Voikal, and Rupees 8,661 to do in minor channels Do Rs 175 do do and Rs. 216 do do Do " 74 do do " " 157 do do Do " 1,674 do do " " 369 do do Do " 382 do do " " 161 do do Do " 73 do do " " 143 do do Do " 63 do do " " 143 do do
	1867 68	59,007	3,02,219	23	7	
	1868 69	59,145	3,02,986	23	7	
	1869 70	58,813	3,07,689	23	7	
	1870 71	58,958	3,08,796	23	7	
Veerasholen	1871 72	58,842	3,07,869	1,705	354	Due to deficiency of water in the Nattar Voikal Rupees 7 due to deficiency in do, Rupees 300 to the excess of water in the Nandalor, and Rupees 50 to deficiency, and Rupees 1,313 to excess in minor channels Rupees 7 due to the deficiency in the Nandalor, Rupees 6,135 due to deficiency of water in the Nattar Voikal, and Rupees 8,661 to do in minor channels Do Rs 175 do do and Rs. 216 do do Do " 74 do do " " 157 do do Do " 1,674 do do " " 369 do do Do " 382 do do " " 161 do do Do " 73 do do " " 143 do do Do " 63 do do " " 143 do do
	1872 73	59,027	3,09,072	7	2	
	1865 66	48,550	2,29,262	14,846	3,216	
	1866 67	47,776	2,27,748	421	126	
	1867 68	49,907	2,38,428	231	72	
	1868 69	50,164	2,39,684	2,045	407	
	1869 70	50,159	2,39,511	548	79	
	1870 71	51,108	2,40,165	1,115	68	
	1871 72	50,785	2,41,208	232	72	
	1872 73	51,180				

NOTE—No change of system affecting the revenue dependent on the rivers specified in this statement has taken place since the year 1865 66

TANJORE,
5th December 1874,

(Signed) H S THOMAS,
Acting Collector.

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department,
12th March 1875.

No. 18-B.

No 328.

Note by the Chief Engineer for Irrigation.

THE information contained in the letter from the Executive Engineer in charge of Tanjore, with its accompaniment, gives the following as the results of the construction of the regulators on the Cauvery —

Rivers	PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF REGULATORS AVERAGE 1865 66 TO 1869 70.			AFTER CONSTRUCTION OF REGULATORS AVERAGE 1870 71 TO 1872 73			Increase
	Assessment	Remission	Revenue	Assessment	Remission	Revenue	
Cauvery below the Kodamurty head	RS 4,86,786	RS 11,538	RS 4,75,248	RS 5,08,114	RS 383	RS 5,07,731	RS 32,484
Kodamurty	5,69,153	835	5,68,318	5,83,080	25	5,83,055	14,237
Arisalaur	8,01,026	477	8,00,549	8,08,576	578	8,07,998	7,449
Veerasholen	2,34,927	3,617	2,31,310	2,40,252	521	2,39,731	8,421
			15,75,925			16,38,516	62,591

From the Progress Report of the District for March 1871, it appears that the outlay on the regulators was Rupees 92,933, so that they seem to be fulfilling very completely the expectations formed of their value when they were brought forward for sanction

2 It will be well in future years to state what the outlay on maintenance, &c, has been, and similar information should be obtained and reported for the Vennaur regulators, which have since been constructed, and the influence of which should now be beginning to be felt.

3 The investigations connected with the proposal to regulate the admission of water to the Cauvery below the Grand Anicut are still incomplete, but as a special officer has for some time been employed upon them, it is anticipated that the information required will soon now be forthcoming

4. As the Government are aware, the examination of the upper waters of the Cauvery, with a view to the formation of reservoirs, was commenced by Major C J. Smith, R E., in 1869, and discontinued in 1870, owing to that officer's health having suffered from the malarious character of the climate of the Bhowany Valley Since that time there has not been an officer to spare for resuming this work, and in the present weak state of the Engineering establishment it is doubtful when an officer will become available In my opinion the works of regulation in Tanjore may very well be continued to completion irrespective of the reservoir proposals, which have no direct bearing thereupon.

CAMP AT TRIPATTOOR, (Signed) JOHN MULLINS, Lieut-Colonel, R E,
7th January 1875. Chief Engineer for Irrigation

No 329 ORDER THEREON, 12th March 1875, No 705

IRRIGATION, No 23.

ORDERED that these papers be communicated to the Home Government, with reference to the Despatch, No 27,

of the 14th September 1867, from the Secretary of State

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department,
12th March 1875.

6 I must, in conclusion, state that the information contained in this letter is taken from letters addressed to the Collector of this District by Major Oakes, R E, on the subject of these regulating works, and that I have taken the liberty of copying freely therefrom

Statement showing the area cultivated, the assessment and the amount of remissions granted on lands dependent upon the undermentioned rivers since 1865-66 to 1872-73 submitted with reference to the District Engineer's letters, dated 9th May and 8th September 1873, Nos 132 and 601

Name of River	Year	Area under cultivation	Assessment	Remissions	Area on which remissions were granted	Remarks
Cauvery below Kodamurty head and in dependently of the following branches	1865 66	ACRES 89,955	RS 4,70,489	RS 44,163	ACRES 9,493	The remissions granted in these years are due to deficiency of water Rupees 1,413 due to deficiency and Rupees 173 to excess of water Due to deficiency of water Rupees 13 due to deficiency and Rupees 1,032 to excess of water Due to deficiency of water Due to excess of water Rupees 551 appertain to the area dependent on the Pattor, and Rupees 1,107 to that dependent on minor channels Due to deficiency of water Rupees 3 refer to Mudicondan and Rs 13 to minor channels Rupees 2 due to deficiency, and Rupees 60 to excess of water Due to deficiency Due to deficiency of water in the Nattar Voikal Rupees 23 to do, in do, Rupees 813 to excess of water in the Nattar, and Rupees 100 to deficiency, and Rupees 1,234 to excess of water in minor channels Due to deficiency of water in the Nattar Voikal Rupees 7 due to deficiency in do, Rupees 300 to the excess of water in the Nandalar, and Rupees 50 to deficiency, and Rupees 1,318 to excess in minor channels Rupees 7 due to the deficiency in the Nandalar, Rupees 6,185 due to deficiency of water in the Nattar Voikal, and Rupees 8,681 to do in minor channels Do Rs 175 do do and Rs. 216 do do Do " 74 do do " " 157 do do Do " 1,674 do do " " 369 do do Do " 882 do do " " 161 do do Do " 73 do do " " 143 do do Do " 78 do do " " 1,043 do do Do " 83 do do " " 149 do do
	1866 67	90,442	4,73,345	618	149	
	1867 68	96,272	4,99,196	61	17	
	1868 69	97,462	4,98,328	11,420	2,466	
	1869 70	97,918	4,97,275	1,566	384	
	1870 71	99,620	5,09,678	97	23	
	1871 72	98,633	5,00,103	1,915	244	
	1872 73	1,00,858	5,00,562	5	2	
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	1866 67	97,823	5,61,524	16	4	
Kodamurty	1867 68	98,111	5,70,040	62	9	Rupees 2 due to deficiency, and Rupees 60 to excess of water Due to deficiency Due to deficiency of water in the Nattar Voikal Rupees 23 to do, in do, Rupees 813 to excess of water in the Nattar, and Rupees 100 to deficiency, and Rupees 1,234 to excess of water in minor channels Due to deficiency of water in the Nattar Voikal Rupees 7 due to deficiency in do, Rupees 300 to the excess of water in the Nandalar, and Rupees 50 to deficiency, and Rupees 1,318 to excess in minor channels Rupees 7 due to the deficiency in the Nandalar, Rupees 6,185 due to deficiency of water in the Nattar Voikal, and Rupees 8,681 to do in minor channels Do Rs 175 do do and Rs. 216 do do Do " 74 do do " " 157 do do Do " 1,674 do do " " 369 do do Do " 882 do do " " 161 do do Do " 73 do do " " 143 do do Do " 78 do do " " 1,043 do do Do " 83 do do " " 149 do do
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	1869 70	99,405	5,80,902	115	25	
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	1872 73	59,027	3,09,072	7	2	
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	1866 67	47,776	2,27,748	421	126	
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	1868 69	50,164	2,39,684	2,041	497	
	1869 70	50,159	2,39,511	216	79	
	1870 71	51,108	2,40,165	68	819	
Veerasholen	1871 72	50,785	2,41,208	1,115	72	Do " 74 do do " " 157 do do Do " 1,674 do do " " 369 do do Do " 882 do do " " 161 do do Do " 73 do do " " 143 do do Do " 78 do do " " 1,043 do do Do " 83 do do " " 149 do do
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	1872 73	51,180	2,41,208	232	72	

NOTE—No change of system affecting the revenue dependent on the rivers specified in this statement has taken place since the year 1865 66

TANJORE,
5th December 1874.

(Signed) H S THOMAS,
Acting Collector.

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department,
12th March 1875.

No 18-B.

No 328.

Note by the Chief Engineer for Irrigation.

THE information contained in the letter from the Executive Engineer in charge of Tanjore, with its accompaniment, gives the following as the results of the construction of the regulators on the Cauvery —

Rivers	PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF REGULATORS AVERAGE 1865 66 TO 1869 70			AFTER CONSTRUCTION OF REGULATORS AVERAGE 1870 71 TO 1872 73			Increase
	Assessment	Remission	Revenue	Assessment	Remission	Revenue	
Cauvery below the Kodamurty head	RS 4,86,786	RS 11,538	RS 4,75,248	RS 5,08,114	RS 382	RS 5,07,732	RS 32,484
Kodamurty	5,69,153	835	5,68,318	5,83,080	25	5,83,055	14,237
Arisalaur	8,01,026	477	8,00,549	8,08,576	578	8,07,998	7,449
Veerasholen	2,34,927	8,617	2,31,310	2,40,252	521	2,39,731	8,421
			15,75,925			16,38,516	62,591

From the Progress Report of the District for March 1871, it appears that the outlay on the regulators was Rupees 92,933, so that they seem to be fulfilling very completely the expectations formed of their value when they were brought forward for sanction

2 It will be well in future years to state what the outlay on maintenance, &c, has been, and similar information should be obtained and reported for the Vennaur regulators, which have since been constructed, and the influence of which should now be beginning to be felt

3 The investigations connected with the proposal to regulate the admission of water to the Cauvery below the Grand Anicut are still incomplete, but as a special officer has for some time been employed upon them, it is anticipated that the information required will soon now be forthcoming

4 As the Government are aware, the examination of the upper waters of the Cauvery, with a view to the formation of reservoirs, was commenced by Major C J. Smith, R E, in 1869, and discontinued in 1870, owing to that officer's health having suffered from the malarious character of the climate of the Bhowany Valley Since that time there has not been an officer to spare for resuming this work, and in the present weak state of the Engineering establishment it is doubtful when an officer will become available In my opinion the works of regulation in Tanjore may very well be continued to completion irrespective of the reservoir proposals, which have no direct bearing thereupon.

CAMP AT TRIPATTOOR, (Signed) JOHN MULLINS, Lieut-Colonel, R.E,
7th January 1875. Chief Engineer for Irrigation

No 329

ORDER THEREON, 12th March 1875, No 705

IRRIGATION, No 23.

ORDERED that these papers be communicated to the Home Government, with reference to the Despatch, No 27,

of the 14th September 1867, from the Secretary of State

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department,
12th March 1875*

2 The Government are glad to find that the Cauvery regulators have already had an important and beneficial effect on the irrigation and revenue under that river and its principal branches

3. Ordered also that a copy of these Proceedings be forwarded to the Government of India.

(True Extract)

(Signed) G W WALKER, Colonel, R E ,
Secretary to Government

No 330

(DOCKET No 706, dated 12th March 1875)
Copy of the above forwarded to the Government of India

(True Extract)

N^o 2400

Superintending Engineer's Office
 Tanjore 22nd December 1874

To
 From: Mr. D. Jeggall Esq. A. I. C. E.
 Executive Engineer in charge of the
 Tanjore

Mr. J. P. Mullins Esq.
 Chief Engineer for Irrigation
 Madras

Sir,
 With reference to para 2 of despatch
 No. 14 of the 14th September 1867 from the
 Right Honorable the Secretary of State
 for India printed with No. 3248
 of the 19th October 1867 I have the honor
 to enclose a Statement which will give
 in a convenient form the information
 required relative to the results of the
 Regulating Works constructed at the heads
 of the branches of the Cauvery as per
 margin

Codamurty head
 Arisalam do
 Tirucholam do

Date of Completion
June 1870
July 1870
Feb 1870

The Statement
 is furnished by
 the Collector and
 shows the area

To
 The Collector of Tanjore
 The District Engineer
 Tanjore

Recd 5th December 1874

M. J. Jeggall

Statement showing the area cultivated, the area enclosed, the area of the branches of the Cauvery as per the District Engineer's report on the 11th December 1874

Enclosed in letter from the District Engineer to the District Engineer of Tanjore dated 11th December 1874

Dec 11/24/74

M. J. Jeggall

Statement showing the area cultivated, the area enclosed, the area of the branches of the Cauvery as per the District Engineer's report on the 11th December 1874

M. J. Jeggall
 2/1/75

Cultivated the assessment and the amount of remissions granted on lands dependant upon the Canals below the Codamurty head and upon its branches. It goes back to the year 1865. 66 or 5 years & previous to the completion of the regulators and is continued up to 1872-73.

You will observe from the foot note to the Statement that no change of system affecting the Revenue dependant on those Rivers has taken place since 1865. 66.

The Regulators were completed in 1870. The effect of the works has been to divert large volumes of water from the Codamurty and to increase the supply of the other Rivers.

By a reference to the Statement it will be seen that so far from the lands dependant upon the Codamurty having

having suffered by the reduction of the water supply to that River there has been a gradual increase of the area brought under Cultivation till in 1872. 73 when it rose to 1388 acres in excess of the Acreage under Cultivation in the year previous to the completion of the Regulators for practically they afforded regulation then viz in 1869-70.

3 The remissions due to deficiency and excess of water in the Codamurty, as per Statement may be taken as "Nil" and looking at the figures entered in Column 2 and 4 it appears to me that they point to the possibility of diverting even a larger supply from this River to the great benefit of the others for although in the year 1871/72 there appears to have been a

a partial failure of water yet the lands under the Codamandy did not suffer at all —

4. As no new land was to be brought under the influence of the waters of the Rivers by the construction of the Regulators the results produced by these works are apparent in the relief afforded from remissions on account of insufficient supply and in the extension of irrigation

to lands already under the influence of the Rivers but which owing to the precarious and insufficient supply of former years were not brought under wet Cultivation till after the completion of the Regulators.

5. It must therefore be conceded that these head works have proved

to be most beneficial and efficient in remedying the deficiencies of water supply complained of by the Revenue Department. —

6. I must in conclusion state that the information contained in this letter is taken from letters addressed to the Collector of this District by Major Oakes &c on the subject of these Regulating Works and that I have taken the liberty of copying freely therefrom. —

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your Most Obedient Servant
P. Regatta A. C. B.

Executive Engineer in charge
Superintending Engineer's Office
Dumre.

No. 18 B.
Note by the Chief Engineer for Irrigation.

The information contained in the letter from the Executive Engineer in charge of Tanjore, with its accompaniment, gives the following as the results of the construction of the regulators on the Cauvery.—

Rivers	Prior to construction of regulators. Average 1865-1866 to 1869-1870 —			After construction of regulators. Average 1870-71 to 1872-73.—			Increase
	Assessment	Remission	Revenue	Assessment	Remission	Revenue	
Cauvery below the Kodamurty head —	4,86,786	11,538	4,75,248	5,08,114	382	5,07,732	32,484
Kodamurty —	5,69,153	2,335	5,68,818	5,83,080	25	5,83,055	14,237
Arasalour —	3,01,026	477	3,00,549	3,08,576	578	3,07,998	7,449
Veerasolew —	2,34,927	3,617	2,31,310	2,40,252	521	2,39,731	8,421
			15,75,925			16,38,516	62,591

From the Progress report of the District for March 1871 it appears that the outlay on the regulators was Rupees 92,933, so that they seem to be fulfilling very completely the expectations formed of their

From the Progress report of the District for March 1871 it appears that the outlay on the regulators was Rupees 92,933, so that they seem to be fulfilling very completely the expectations formed of their

The Chief Engineer in charge of Tanjore, with its accompaniment, gives the following as the results of the construction of the regulators on the Cauvery.—

The information contained in the letter from the Executive Engineer in charge of Tanjore, with its accompaniment, gives the following as the results of the construction of the regulators on the Cauvery.—

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their value when they were brought forward for sanction.—

2 It will be well in future years to state what the outlay on maintenance &c. has been, and similar information should be obtained and reported for the Venner regulators, which have since been constructed, and the influence of which should now be beginning to be felt.

3 The investigations connected with the proposal to regulate the admission of water to the Canvey below the Grand Aricut are still incomplete; but, as a special Officer has for some time been employed upon them, it is anticipated that the information required will soon be forthcoming.

4 As the l.

4 As the Government are aware
the examination of the Upper waters of
the Convey, with a view to the forma-
tion of reservoirs was commenced
by Major G. J. Smith R.E. in 1869
and discontinued in 1870 owing to that
Officers

18-2-40

442

100-443887-100

Officers' health having suffered from the malarious character of the climate of the Bhowny valley. Since that time there has not been an Officer ^{very} to spare for resuming this work, and in the present weak state of the Engineering Establishment it is doubtful, these when an Officer will become ^{re-}available. In my opinion the works ^{of} government, of regulation in Tanjore may very to the Des. will be continued to completion & the 14th - irrespective of the reservoir proposals from the which have no direct bearing thereon. ^{State.}

at Tripattor
January 1875

Voluntarius Linn (Col 22)

Chief Engineer for Irrigation

The Secretary to Government
D. P. W.

ernment are
that the
regulators have
ed an in-
d beneficial
the irrigation
me under that
its principal

Go. 19th Octr/67 No 406-407-
22nd Feb/75 - 541-542

P. W. 1875. Dept.
P. W. for March
No: 244

From
The Chief Engineer
for Irrigation
To The Secretary to Govt
P. W. D.

No 18 B.

Dated 7th January 1875
Recd: 14th 3
Encl: 2 ✓

B. No: 905. 12-3-75

Note on the state-
ment showing the infor-
mation required by
the Secretary of State
relative to the results
of the Regulating works
constructed at the head
of the branches of
the Cauvery.

328

619-1-75

Mr. Dept.
Proceedings of the Home Government
Read the following

From

The Chief Engineer for Irrig. (H. E. No 18 B of 7th Jan/75)

705

Ordered that these
papers be communicated
to the Home Government,
with reference to the Des-
patch No. 27 of the 14th
September 1867 from the
Secretary of State.

2 The Government are
glad to find that the
Cauvery regulators have
already had an im-
portant and beneficial
effect on the irrigation
and revenue under that
river and its principal
branches.

3 Ordered also that a
copy of these Proceedings
be forwarded to the Govern-
ment of India.

706
Copy of the above for-
warded to the Govt of
India.

Decr. 15-3-75 with 25 Muz. Copies.

To The Suptg Sgrs Tanjore
5 - Chief Sgrs for Irrigation
21 " Revenue Dept
5 - Controller of P. W
accounts

Decr. 15-3-75

Tanjore 87 —

Gold No. 2144 ✓
1875, Madras
PUBLIC WORKS.

38
14

To
The Super-Cargue
Secty. of Govt. of India

Dated

Recd

Encl 2

G. O. 12 Mar. No.

705
706

Letter for
Home Department

Nos. 327-330

Regulating
Canals Works

for H. - ~~Order~~

Papers relating to the
works of the works con-
ducted at the head of the
branches of the ^{ordered to be} Canvey, the
communicated to the Home
Department.

Forwarding copy of Pro-
ceedings relating to the works
of Canvey Regulating Works
conducted at the head of the
branches of the Canvey

Forwarding copy of Pro-
ceedings relating to the works
of the Canvey Regulating Works
conducted at the head of the
branches of the Canvey