

(1) Number of pages _____

(2) Date of repair _____

(3) Initials of the Referencer _____

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE

Government of Madras

Public Works

DEPARTMENT

G.O. No.	1375	Press
B.P. No.		Mis.
Dated	14-5-1875	195

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51

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department,
14th May 1875.*

Read the following —

No 440.

No. 312.

Note by the Chief Engineer for Irrigation

No 12, 3rd March 1875

The following estimates have been
submitted by the District Engineer,
Kurnool.

Repairing the Narrainapuram Brahmana Tank	...	Rupees	2,460
Ayacut area		Acres	172
" assessment		Rupees	940
Average revenue		"	1,091
Highest "		"	1,305

The tank was repaired in 1872-73, and the outlay on repairs in the last four years has been Rupees 507

The catchment basin is reported to be ten square miles, and there is also a supply channel from the Maddelairu. The existing means of disposing of surplus are natural escapes 50 feet in length, which are to be extended to 316 feet. Certainly additional capacity is much required in these, but it is very doubtful whether soil which can be excavated for 1 Anna a cubic yard is sufficiently hard to prevent erosion and loss of water. A pavement would seem to be necessary.

If the bund be made $4\frac{1}{2}$ feet above full tank level instead of 5 feet the margin will be sufficient.

It is not necessary to allow for shrinkage, and deducting this the estimate may be passed for Rupees 2,300. The rate $1\frac{1}{2}$ Annas a cubic yard for earthworks appears to be high, but the data are not mentioned.

2 Iyalur South Tank, Rupees 2,250

Ayacut area		Acres	49 $\frac{1}{2}$
" assessment		Rupees	284
Average revenue		"	399
Highest "		"	652

No repairs have been executed in the last four years, and the date of last repair is unknown.

The catchment basin is four square miles, and the tank is supplied also from the Palairu and by a small stream called Pandivanicalwa. As this latter appears to fall directly into the tank its catchment basin is a part of that of the tank.

There is a masonry calingulah $48\frac{1}{2}$ feet long, and it is intended to provide for the discharge of surplus over the ground at the south-east end of the bund; the length here to be 438 feet. If the soil be suitable, and if this natural escape be 6 inches or so above F T L, the arrangement will be efficient, but judging from the rate of 1 Anna allowed for forming this escape, it is probable that a pavement will be needed. The supply channel should be brought under regulation, and probably the Palairu will need embanking. The tank commands the Madras Irrigation and Canal Company's Canal, and as it is considered by the local officers that it should be retained, it must be put into safe order.

3 Iyalur small or north Tank, Rupees 1,470

Ayacut area		Acres	22
" assessment		Rupees	126
Average revenue		"	289
Highest "		"	452

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department,
14th May 1875.

There have been no repairs executed for many years

The circumstances of the water-supply of this tank are similar to those of the south tank. The present natural escape of 20 feet is to be extended to 486 feet, and at any rate the tank will thus be prevented from breaching, but a pavement would seem to be necessary for at least part of the length at F. T. L., the remainder being 6 inches higher

Ootacamund, (Signed) JOHN MULLINS, Lieut-Colonel, R E,
29th April 1875. Chief Engineer for Irrigation.

No 313. ORDER THEREON, 14th May 1875, No 1,375

IRRIGATION, No 32

The following tank repair estimates
of the Kurnool District are sanctioned —

	RS
Narranapuram tank	2,300
Iyalur south tank	2,250
Do north small do	1,470

2 The remarks of the Chief Engineer for Irrigation should receive attention.

(True Extract)

Major, R E,

Offg Joint Secretary to Government.

To the District Engineer, Kurnool.

- „ Chief Engineer for Irrigation, with five Enclosures.
- „ Controller of Public Works Accounts.

Exd. W J Lewis.
Spare Copies

W440

Note by the Chief Engineer for Irrigation.

No 12. 3rd March
1875

The following estimates have been
submitted by the District Engineer Kurnool.

Repairing the Narranapuram

Brahmana tank, Rupees 2400

Adjacent Area acres 172

Assessment Rupees 940

Average Revenue " 1091

Highest — do — " 1305

The tank was repaired in 1872-73 and
the outlay on repairs in the last 4 years
has been Rupees 507

The catchment basin is reported to be
10 square miles, and there is also a supply
channel from the Madalairu. The
existing means of disposing of surplus
are natural escapes 50 feet in length which
are to be extended to 316 feet. Certainly
additional capacity is much required
in these but it is very doubtful whether
soil which can be excavated for 8 anna a

cubic yard is sufficiently hard to prevent erosion and loss of water. A pavement would seem to be necessary.

If the bund be made $4\frac{1}{2}$ feet above full tank level, instead of 5 feet the margin will be sufficient.

It is not necessary to allow for shrinkage and, deducting this, the estimate may be pushed for Rupees 2300. The rate $1\frac{1}{2}$ annas a cubic yard for earth works appears to be high, but the data are not mentioned.

2. *Syahr South Tank* Rupees 2250

Adjacent Area acres $49\frac{1}{2}$

" Apportionment Rupees 284

Average Revenue " 399

Highest - do - " 652

No repairs have been executed in the last 4 years, and the date of last repair is unknown.

The Catchment basin is 4 square miles, and the tank is supplied also from the Palam and by a small stream called Pandwanikhalwa. As this latter appears to fall

fall directly into the tank its catchment basin is a part of that of the tank.

There is a masonry Culingulahi $48\frac{1}{2}$ feet long and it is intended to provide for the discharge of surplus over the ground at the South east end of the bund, the length here to be 438 feet. If the soil be suitable, and if this natural escape be 6 inches or so above F.T.L. the arrangement will be efficient, but judging from the rate of 1 anna allowed for forming this escape it is probable that

a pavement will be needed. The supply Channel should be brought under regulation and probably the Pulam will need embanking. The tank commands the Madras Irrigation and Canal Company's Canal and as it is considered by the local officers that it should be retained it must be put into safe order.

3. *Syahr Small or North Tank* Rupees 1470

Adjacent Area acres 22

Apportionment Rupees 126

Average Revenue " 289

Highest - do - " 452

There have been no repairs executed
for many years.

The circumstances of the water supply
of this tank are similar to those of the
South tank. The present natural escape
of 20 feet is to be extended to 486 feet,
and at any rate the tank will thus
be prevented from breaching, but a
pavement would seem to be necessary
for at least part of the length at
F.T.L., the remainder being 6 inches higher.

Rehacumund. Lt Col R.E.

29th April 1875. Chief Eng- for Irigh

To
The Secretary to Government
P. W. Department

9/2/75
P. H. Hept.

Off: of the Madras Government

Read the following:-

From the Chief Engineer
for Irrigation

(M.O. No. 440 dt 29 April 1875)

by O No. 1375 dated 14th May/75

The following tank
repair estimates of the
Kurnool District are sub-
mitted.

Narainapuram Tank Repairs 2,300
Iyalur South - do - " 2,250
do North or Small - do - " 1,470

2. The remarks of the
Chief Engineer for Irrigation
should receive attention.

G. W. H.

M.O. 1875 dt 29 April
No. 2993.

No. 440

From
The Chief Engineer
for Irrigation
To The Secretary to
Government
P. H. D.

Dated 29th April
Received 5th May
1875

Enclom 5
O No. 1375/4-5-75.
Note on estimates
for repairs to the
Narayanapuram
Bramana & Iyalur
Tanks - Kurnool
District.

N-312

10-4-75

To D. E. Kurnool
Office for Irrigation with five enclom
Enclom - P. W. H. S. S. C. des. 25-5-75.

51 2993 ✓
Govt. of 1875 Madras.
PUBLIC WORKS.

7. M. D. Ingr.
Dated Kurnool
Recd Encl

G O. 16 May 1875, No 135

Nos. 312-313

Tanks in the Kurnool
District. — ^{amounting to Rs. 8,070} Estimates for
the repair of certain
— sanctioned
with remarks.