

(1) Number of pages 31

(2) Date of repair 18-5-11

(3) Initials of the Referencer _____

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Public works DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. <u>761-65</u>	Press
<u>1-2-3</u>	~~Mis.~~
Dated <u>1</u> <u>11</u>	18 <u>11</u>

Not to be folded or roughly handled

No. 1. Read the following letter from the Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department, (Buildings and Roads—Military,) to the Secretary to the Government of Madras, Public Works Department, dated Fort William, 6th January 1871, No. 16-B. M. :—

In continuation of this office letter, No. 1,205-B. M., of the 12th ultimo, communicating orders on the revised project for the male branch of the Lawrence Asylum at Lovedale, Ootacamund, and in reply to your letter, No. 2,145, dated the 7th September last, I am now instructed

		Amount of estimate.	to address you on the subject of the
Female Asylum	...	Rs. 4,01,540	female branch of the Institution, and the
Hospital	...	80,859	hospital, for which estimates amounting
	• Total ..	4,82,399	to Rupees 4,82,399, as per margin,
			have been submitted.

2. As remarked in the letter conveying the orders of the Government of India on the recent estimate for the Male Asylum, it was at one time intended to have the Female Asylum at Stonehouse close to Ootacamund, enlarging and otherwise adapting the buildings formerly occupied by the Male Asylum for the purpose, and Mr. Chisholm, the Architect, was called upon to report on the proposal.

3. His report showed that the buildings forming the Stonehouse estate would require extensive repairs before they could be said to be in good order, and that an equal amount of new accommodation could be obtained for about Rs. 30,000. The area of the buildings was, he said, merely sufficient for the school-rooms, and that dormitories, a dining-hall, play-shed, and Mistresses' residences would have to be added, besides a small hospital, as the space reserved for girls in the then newly-built hospital at Lovedale could not be utilized for this purpose, under the proposed arrangements, on account of the distance. Owing to the scarcity of clay in Ootacamund, Mr. Chisholm added that nearly all the bricks required at Stonehouse would have to be carted from Lovedale, and that this expense, together with the cost of the new hospital and play-shed, would more than cover the price of new school-rooms, which alone would be saved by the adoption of the Stonehouse site. His opinion was, therefore, decidedly against the proposal, and he made a fresh suggestion* (based apparently, in part,

* Mr. Chisholm's letter, No. 23, dated 7th August 1867, received with letter from Government of Madras, No. 3,394, dated 1st November 1867.

on the idea that the completed hospital was in excess of requirements) to the effect that that building should form the nucleus of a new Female Asylum, and

that a smaller hospital common to both branches of the Asylum should be built.

4. The Madras Government objected to Mr. Chisholm's proposals :—

1st.—Because it considered the hospital to be “in a bad, contracted situation, and not in any way suited to the purpose.”

2nd.—Because it considered that certain moral advantages would be gained by the separation of the two branches.

3rd.—Because Stonehouse being close to the station of Ootacamund was more conveniently situated with reference to the houses of ladies who might be expected to take an interest in the Institution; and,

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department,
1st April 1871.*

4th.—It did not think Mr. Chisholm had given sufficient information to enable the Government to form a proper opinion as to the relative economy of the projects.

It also noticed the fact that one reason for anticipating a saving of expenditure by the adoption of the Stonehouse site was that, in connection with the old buildings, a structure of a very plain unpretending character could be erected; whilst at Lovedale, the style adopted for the adjoining Male Asylum would render such a course undesirable there.

5. The order consequently given by the Government of Madras was that a design should be prepared for a building of the plainest and cheapest description possible, consistent with solidity, for the Stonehouse site, the existing buildings being appropriated solely to the residences of Masters and Mistresses; and the Architect was desired* to limit the expenditure, if possible, to two lacs of Rupees.

6. It seems that sometime before July 1868 the girls were moved, as a temporary arrangement, into the building at Lovedale, which was originally intended for the hospital, and while there were visited by the Honourable Mr. Arbuthnot, who, chiefly on the ground of the proved salubrity of this site, re-opened the question in a Minute, dated 7th July 1868, (which forms an enclosure of the letter under reply,) and desired a re-consideration of Mr. Chisholm's proposal which had before been rejected as noted above. This Minute resulted in an order by the Madras Government, No. 2,417, dated 29th July 1868, calling for comparative estimates of the cost of effecting the necessary improvements and additions at Stonehouse, and of accommodating the girls at Lovedale in the hospital with additions, and providing a new hospital for the boys and girls.

7. The next correspondence is a letter from the Superintending Engineer, No. 93, dated 4th August 1868 (Madras Proceedings, 19th August 1868, No. 339), in which he recommended that if the girls were to be provided for at Lovedale, it should be, as was originally intended, in an entirely new block of buildings to match the Male Asylum, the hospital being left for the purpose for which it was designed; and, as reasons in support of his views, he mentioned that the hospital had been approved of as such by all Medical and Sanitary Authorities, and that its site was insufficient for such extensions as would be necessary to accommodate 300 girls.

8. The Government of Madras, however, adhered† to their last orders, remarking that the existing hospital was "needlessly and enormously in excess of the requirements of a hospital even for the two Institutions," and that it would be better to have a separate small hospital, disagreeing at the same time from the Superintending Engineer about the site.

9. Meanwhile, Mr. Chisholm had submitted the comparative estimates called for in the orders of July, which showed that the necessary provision could be made at Lovedale, utilizing the existing hospital, and building a new one on a smaller scale for Rupees 2,57,000; that at Stonehouse an expenditure of Rupees 2,93,700 would be necessary for adding to, and otherwise adapting, the old Male Asylum

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1st April 1871.*

buildings for the purpose; whilst a new set of buildings on the site originally proposed at Lovedale, the hospital being retained for the purpose for which it was built, would cost Rupees 2,75,000.

10. The Superintending Engineer, however, thought that Mr. Chisholm had under-estimated the cost of additions to the hospital to fit it for the reception of 300 girls, and, in consequence of this opinion, the Madras Government seems to have reverted to the plan originally advocated by the Superintending Engineer of adopting the third of the three alternatives noted above, namely, to keep the hospital for the purpose for which it was built, and to construct a new Female Asylum on the plateau at Lovedale on the site originally allotted for it.*

* Madras G. O., No. 3,953, and Proceedings, No. 438, dated 18th December 1868.

11. In March 1869 the Madras Government reported to the Government of India that to save loss of time and inconvenience it had ordered the commencement of work on this branch in anticipation of the receipt of the plans and estimates on which it was said that the Architect was actively engaged, but the Government of India directed † the stoppage of work unless the estimate had been despatched.

12. It has since been reported ‡ that work was then stopped, but not till an expenditure of Rupees 68,424 had been incurred; and a project for the building has now been submitted, the estimate being constituted as follows:—

Main building	Rs. 3,89,670
Preliminary expenses already incurred	„ 11,870
Total	„ 4,01,540

which amount is very greatly in excess of the rough estimate of Mr. Chisholm on which the Government of Madras based its conclusions as to which of the three courses proposed was the most suitable for adoption.

13. It is here to be noted that one of the reasons for thinking it would be cheaper to build at the Stonehouse site was that it would not there be necessary to adopt the ornate style of the Male Asylum, whereas the comparative estimates made by Mr. Chisholm on which the Madras Government came to its final conclusion, were based, as is apparent from his letter, on the supposition that the cost of an entire set of buildings, both at Lovedale and Stonehouse, would be the same (Rupees 2,75,000), with the addition in the case of the Stonehouse site of Rupees 13,700 for the carriage of bricks.

14. Again, with regard to the comparison between the scheme for converting the hospital into the Female Asylum, and that for an entirely new set of buildings at Lovedale, it is observed that the whole allowance made for a building which has cost over Rupees 80,000 was only Rupees 38,000.

15. The detailed estimate now submitted shows that Mr. Chisholm's estimate for the main building at Lovedale was altogether untrustworthy.

16. Reverting to the scheme itself as now submitted, His Excellency the Governor-General in Council is constrained to remark that the expenditure proposed

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1st April 1871.*

is much in excess of what is considered desirable for the object in view; and, however unwilling His Excellency may be to interfere with the action of the Government of Madras in such matters, His Excellency in Council is unable to consent to so large an amount of money as that proposed being expended in the provision of the building.

17. In this view, I am to request that the original proposal of Mr. Chisholm, referred to in paragraph 3, may be re-considered, and a project prepared and submitted to the Government of India for adapting the present hospital for the Female Asylum, and constructing a smaller hospital for both boys and girls on the site prepared for this latter building, utilizing the work done thereon to the fullest possible extent.

18. I am at the same time to inquire why accommodation is required for so large a number as 300 girls; also what is the number of girls now in the Asylum, and whether the whole or portion of them are accommodated at present in the hospital building. It is known that at the beginning of this year there were only 62 girls in the Asylum, and it was then calculated that the amalgamation of the Madras Male Orphan Asylum and the Military Female Asylum would augment the number to 266. But I am to point out that it is possible that the present indiscriminate admission of children of all classes into Institutions intended chiefly for orphans might be restricted, and to state that His Excellency in Council, as at present advised, sees no necessity for the Female Asylum at Ootacamund affording accommodation for more than 200 girls at the very utmost, and desires that the revised project may provide for this number only.

19. I am further to inquire what are the intentions of the Government of Madras with respect to the buildings at Stonchouse, whether they are to be eventually sold, or in any way otherwise utilized.

20. I am also to take this opportunity of sanctioning the expenditure incurred on the two items marginally noted in connection with the scheme, and to request that the plans and estimate, amounting to Rs. 48,200, for the water-service and sewage conservancy, may be submitted for orders without delay.

Enclosing Cemetery ...	Rs. 810
Workshop in Ootacamund ...	5,069
Total ...	5,879

Registered in this office as No. ——— B.-M. of 1870-71.

21. His Excellency in Council desires to be informed what notice the Madras Government proposes to take of the conduct of Mr. Chisholm in the preparation of the estimates, the fallaciousness of which has led that Government to decide on a course of action which is now found to involve an expenditure so far in excess of what was reported to be requisite.

22. The revised estimate now called for should be most carefully prepared, for I am to warn the Government of Madras that, when once sanctioned, the Government of India will absolutely refuse to provide for any expenditure in excess of it.

23. The plan and estimate received with the letter under reply are herewith returned.

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department,
1st April 1871.*

No. 2. ORDER THEREON, 1st April 1871, No. 964.

MILITARY WORKS, No. 1.

COMMUNICATED to the Superintendenting Engineer of the 7th Division in continuation of G. O., No. 7, dated 4th

January 1871, in order that the Executive Engineer in charge of the Neilgherry Range may be instructed to prepare estimates for enlarging the building now occupied by the female branch of the Lawrence Asylum at Lovedale, and adapting it for the accommodation of 300 girls, and may be directed to furnish designs with estimates for constructing a suitable hospital on the site originally selected for the female branch, utilizing for the purpose such foundations and buildings as may have been completed.

2. The Government observe that the buildings originally proposed to be constructed for the Lawrence Asylum were intended to accommodate 200 boys and 100 girls, of whom 150 boys and

G. O., 2nd June 1862, No. 166.
To Secretary of State, 14th Aug. No. 8.

80 girls were to be maintained at the expense of the State, and the remainder by public subscription. When, however, the proposal to amalgamate the Military Male and Female Orphan Asylums with the Lawrence Asylum met with the sanction* of Her Majesty's Government, it

* From Secretary of State, 25th February 1863, No. 4.

was considered necessary to provide accommodation for 400 boys and 400 girls, and plans and estimates for buildings designed accordingly were called for. The Proceedings of this Government were duly reported† to the Secretary of State, and met with his approval.‡

† 16th June 1863, No. 1.
‡ 24th February 1864, No. 3.

3. In March 1865 His Excellency the Governor in Council having had under consideration returns of the cost of maintaining the children of the Lawrence and Madras Military Orphan Asylums, and the resources of the two Institutions, was of opinion that it would be sufficient to provide accommodation for 300 girls, namely, 80 of the Lawrence Asylum, 200 to be transferred from Madras, and 20 to be maintained by public subscription.

§ No. 32, 16th July 1867.
No. 31, 30th September 1867, in G. O., No. 3,446, 6th November 1867.

This modified arrangement§ was also reported to the Home Government, and was approved.

4. For some years past the number of girls in the Lawrence Asylum has averaged 60, and in the Military Orphan Asylum about 200; but, in the opinion of Government, it is necessary to provide space for the possible augmentation of this number in the event of funds for the maintenance of additional children being forthcoming either by subscriptions or endowments. Bearing in mind that the Lawrence Asylum is intended for the reception of the children of living soldiers as well as of those children who have lost one or both parents, and seeing that all the children at present in the Military Asylum are orphans for whom accommodation has to be found at Lovedale, the Government consider that the limitation of numbers to the extent prescribed by the Government of India in paragraph 18 will involve a very serious departure from the objects for which the Asylum has

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1st April 1871.*

been established under the express sanction of the Secretary of State. The Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council will accordingly be requested to reconsider his decision, and, meanwhile, Captain Morant will prepare estimates, as above directed, for a building to shelter 300 girls.

5. The Committee for the management of the Lawrence Asylum will be requested to state what temporary arrangements they would propose for the accommodation of the girls during the progress of the improvements to the buildings now occupied by them.

(True Extract.)

Colonel, R.E.,

Secretary to Government.

To the Superintending Engineer, 7th Division.
.. Committee for the management of the Lawrence Asylum.
.. Military Department.
.. Educational do.
.. Controller of Public Works Accounts.

Exd. E. C. Shunker,

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,
FORT ST. GEORGE, 1st April 1871.

No. 3.

No. 965.

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

MILITARY WORKS, No. 2.

SIR,—I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 6th January 1871, No. 16-B. M., in which you communicate the orders of the Government of India on the revised project submitted with my letter of the 7th September 1870, No. 2,145, for the female branch of the Lawrence Asylum at Lovedale.

2. With reference to the inquiry in paragraph 18 regarding the necessity for providing accommodation for so large a number as 300 girls, I am to invite attention to the correspondence marginally noted, from which it will be observed that the buildings originally proposed to be constructed on the Neilgherries for the Lawrence Asylum were intended for the reception of 200 boys and 100 girls, of which number 150 boys and 80 girls were to be maintained by the State, and the remainder by public subscription. At that time, however, the question of amalgamating the Military Orphan Asylums with the Lawrence Asylum was still under consideration, and in a letter of the 11th July 1860, No. 2,609, the Government of India, noticing the amount of the grants to be made if the measure were effected, remarked that the object in view was one of great importance and incalculable benefit, and well worth the proposed cost. In February 1863 the sanction of Her Majesty's Government was accorded to the union of the two institutions, and on its receipt plans and estimates for buildings designed to accommodate 400 boys and 400 girls were called for, and this proceeding having been duly* reported

* 16th June 1863, No. 1.
† 24th February 1863, No. 3.

to the Secretary of State received† his approval.

3. In March 1865 His Excellency the Governor in Council having had under consideration in the Educational Department certain returns that had been laid before him of the cost of maintaining the children of the Lawrence and of the Military Male Orphan Asylums, and the income of the two institutions, was of opinion that the funds of the Madras Military Asylums would not suffice to maintain the same number of orphan children on the hills as were then being supported in Madras, and it was thought expedient to limit the number of girls to be accommodated to 300, of whom 80 were to be of the Lawrence Asylum, 200 of the Military Asylums, and 20 to be maintained by public subscription. This modified arrangement was also reported to the Home Government, and was approved in a despatch, dated 30th September 1867, No. 31.

4. For some years past the number of girls in the Lawrence Asylum has averaged 60, (who are all accommodated in the hospital building,) and in the Military Orphan Asylum about 200; but, in the opinion of Government, it is necessary to provide space for the possible augmentation of this number in the event of funds for the maintenance of additional children being forthcoming, either by subscriptions or endowments. Bearing in mind that the Lawrence Asylum is intended for the reception of the children of living soldiers as well as of those children who have lost one or both parents, and seeing that all the children at present in the Military Asylum are orphans for whom accommodation has to be found at Lovedale, the Government consider that the limitation of numbers to the extent prescribed by the Government of India in paragraph 18 will involve a very serious departure from the objects for which the Asylum has been established under the express sanction of the Secretary of State.

5. Under the circumstances, His Excellency the Governor in Council trusts that the Government of India will re-consider their decision, and, in anticipation of their approval, estimates for a building to shelter 300 girls have been called for.

6. In reply to the inquiry in paragraph 19 of your letter under acknowledgment, I am to state that the Stonehouse property is utilized by the Government as an office during its annual visit to the Neilgherry Hills, and that the buildings are well adapted for the purpose.

7. With reference to paragraph 21, I am to state that, taking into consideration that Mr. Chisholm's calculations of the relative probable cost of adapting the buildings at Stonehouse for the reception of 300 girls and of erecting an entirely new structure for the accommodation of the same number at Lovedale, were based on mere approximate estimates, and were not framed on detailed plans or working drawings, and seeing how difficult it was at the time those calculations were made to foresee the real cost of building operations on an extensive scale in such a situation as Lovedale, the Madras Government are not disposed to attach much blame to Mr. Chisholm for having failed to prepare the Government for the comparatively large expenditure now found to be necessary to carry out his designs.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Colonel, R.E.,

Secretary to Government.

Public Works Department
Proceedings of the Madras Government

Under date the

Read the following

From The Government of India / H. C. No 16 of 16 January 1871

Communicated
to the Superintendant of the
Division in continuation
of G. O. No 7 dated 21 January 1871
in order that the Executive
Engineer in charge of the
Neilgherry Range may be
instructed to prepare estimates
for enlarging the
building now occupied by
the Female Branch of the
Lawrence Asylum at
Lovedale, and adapting
it for the accommodation

of 300 girls, and may be directed to furnish designs with estimates for constructing a suitable Hospital on the site originally selected for the female branch, utilizing for the purpose such foundations and buildings as may have been completed.

The Government observe that the buildings originally proposed to be constructed for the Lawrence Asylum were intended to accommodate 200 boys and 100 girls, of whom 150 boys and 80 girls were

L. O. 2^d June/62, No. 166.

1st Secy. of State. 14 Aug. No. 8.

* From Secy. of State.
25 Feb/63, No. 4.

* 16 June/63, No. 1.

* 24 Feb/64, No. 3.

to be maintained at the expense of the State, and the remainder by public subscription. When, however, the proposal to amalgamate the Military Male and Female Orphan Asylums with the Lawrence Asylum met with the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, it was considered necessary to provide accommodation for 400 boys and 400 girls, and plans and estimates for buildings designed accordingly were called for. The proceedings of this Government were duly reported to the Secretary of State and met with his approval.

Swetland 1865
His Excellency the Governor
in Council having had
under consideration Re-
turns of the cost of main-
taining the children of
the Lawrence and Madras
Military Orphan Asylums,
and the resources of the
two Institutions, was of
opinion that it would be
sufficient to provide ac-
commodation for 300
girls, viz: 80 of the Lawrence
Asylum, 200 to be transferred
from Madras and 20 to be
maintained by public
subscription. This modified
arrangement was also
reported to the Home Govt.

L. O. Educational Dept.
21 March 1865. No 66

+ No 32. 16 July 1865

No 31. 31 Sep 1867 in L. O. No 3446
1 Nov 1867

and was approved.

For some years past
the number of girls in the
Lawrence Asylum has averaged
150 and in the Military Orphan
Asylum about 200, but, in
the opinion of Government,
it is necessary to provide
space for the possible aug-
mentation of this number
in the event of funds for
the maintenance of addi-
tional children being forth-
coming, either by subscriptions
or endowments. Bearing
in mind that the Lawrence
Asylum is intended for
the reception of the children
of living soldiers as well

as

as of those children who
have lost one or both parents,
and seeing that all the
children at present in the
Military Asylum are Or-
phans for whom accom-
modation has to be found
at Lovedale, the Govern-
ment consider that the
limitation of numbers
to the extent prescribed
by the Govt of India in
para 18 will involve a very
serious departure from the
objects for which the Asy-
lum has been established
under the express sanction
of the Secretary of State. The
Right Honble the Governor
General in Council will
ac-

cordingly, he requested to re-
consider his decision, and,
meanwhile, Capt. Morant
will prepare estimates, as
above directed, for a
building to shelter 300
girls.

The Committee for
the management of the
Lawrence Asylum will be
requested to state what
temporary arrangements they
would propose for the ac-
commodation of the girls
during the progress of the
improvements to the build-
ings now occupied by
them.

- 60
- 7th The Repd. Engineer
 - 3rd Committee for the Management of the Lawrence Asylum
 - 5th Military Dept.
 - 11th Educational Dept.
 - 5th Controller

Dec 3/4/71



not to be considered as a
formal statement of opinion
on the part of the Government
and is not to be taken as
an official statement of
the views of the Government
on the subject of the
proposed project.

The Government of India
are not in a position to
commit themselves to any
particular course of action
at this time, but they
are prepared to consider
the project with a view
to determining whether
it is feasible and whether
it is in the interests of
the Government to undertake
it.

Yours faithfully,
The Secretary to the
Government of India

Received by the
Secretary to the
Government of India
on the 10th day of
January 1871

To
The Secretary to the
Govt. of India P.W.D.
Sir

I am directed to
acknowledge the receipt
of your letter of the 6th
January 1871 No. 16. B. In.
in which you communi-
cate the orders of the
Government of India
on the revised project
submitted with my letter
of the 7th September 1870
No. 2146 for the Female
branch of the Lawrence
Orphan at Lovedale.

With

Yours
faithfully

With reference to the enquiry in para 18 regarding the necessity for providing accommodation for so large a number as 300 girls, I am to invite attention to the correspondence marginally noted from which it will be observed that the buildings originally proposed to be constructed on the hill gherries for the Lawrence Asylum were intended for the reception of 200 boys and 100 girls of which number 150 boys and 80 girls were to be maintained by the State and the remainder by public subscription. At that time, however, the question

to Govt of India 3^d March/60 No. 1263
 From do 11th July/60 - 2609
 From do 3^d May/62 - 2262
 To do 2^d June/62 - 166A

question of amalgamating the Military Orphan Asylum with the Lawrence Asylum was still under consideration and in a letter of the 14th July 1860 No. 2609, the Government of India, noticing the amount of the grants to be made if the measure were effected, remarked that the object in view was one of great importance and incalculable benefit, and well worth the proposed cost. In February 1863 the sanction of Her Majesty's Government was accorded to the union of the two institutions and on its receipt plans and estimates for

for buildings designed
to accommodate 400 boys
and 400 girls were called
for, and this proceeding
having been duly reported
to the Secretary of State
received his approval.

In March 1865 His
Excellency the Governor
in Council having had
under consideration in
the Educational Department
certain Petitions that had
been laid before him of the
cost of maintaining the
children of the Lawrence
and ^{the} Military Male Orphan
Asylums, and the income
of the two institutions was
of opinion that the funds
of the Madras Military
Asylums would not
suffice

16 June 1863 No. 1.

24 February 1863 No. 3

suffice to maintain the
same number of Orphan
children in the Hills as
were then being supported
in Madras, and it was
thought expedient to
limit the number of
girls to be accommodated
to 300, of whom 80 were
to be of the Lawrence
Asylum, 200 of the Military
Asylums and 20 to be
maintained by public
subscription. This modi-
fied arrangement was
also reported to the Home
Government and was
approved in a Despatch
dated 30 September 1867 No. 31.

For some years
past the number of
girls in the Lawrence
Asylum

Asylum has averaged 60
(who are all accommodated
in the Hospital building)
and in the Military
Orphan Asylum about
200, but, in the opinion
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in mind that the Lawrence
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be found at Lovedale,
the Government consider
that the limitation of
numbers to the extent
prescribed by the Govt
of India in para 18
will involve a very
serious departure from
the objects for which the
Asylum has been estab-
lished under the ex-
press sanction of the
Secretary of State.

Under the circum-
stances His Excellency
the Governor in Council
trusts that the Government
of India will reconsider
their

their decision and in
anticipation of their
approval, estimates for
a building to shelter 300
girls have been called for.

In reply to the enquiry
in para 19 of your letter
under acknowledgment

I am to state that the
Stonehouse property is
utilized by the Government
as an office during its
annual visit to the
Fitzgerry Hills and that
the buildings are well
adapted for the purpose.

With reference to para
21 I am to state that,
taking into consideration
that Mr. Chisholm's cal-
culations of the relative
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the

51
the buildings at Stonehouse
for the reception of 300
girls and of erecting an
entirely new structure for
the accommodation of the
same number at Lovedale
were based on mere
approximate estimates,
and were not framed
on detailed plans or
working drawings, and
seeing how difficult it
was at the time those
calculations were made
to foresee the real cost
of building operations
on an extensive scale
in such a situation
as Lovedale, the Madras
Government are not
disposed to attach much
blame to Mr. Chisholm
for



Rec'd 3/4/71

21

I have been thinking much of late
 of the great work of the
 Order of the Sons of the
 Holy Spirit, and of the
 influence which it has
 exerted upon the world.
 I have been thinking of the
 great work of the Order of the
 Holy Spirit, and of the
 influence which it has
 exerted upon the world.
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 exerted upon the world.
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 great work of the Order of the
 Holy Spirit, and of the
 influence which it has
 exerted upon the world.

was put and the number
of the houses holding orphans
by the Board 200. It was
proposed to provide space for
the children of the inmates
of the houses, the children
of friends for the maintenance of
additional children being
provided either by subscriptions
or by contributions. I think the
Board of India should be asked to
consider this question at this
point. They appeared to have
considered the fact that the
Lancaster Asylum for the blind
which for the children of being
I think will not find orphans
but that as all the children in
the holding Asylum are orphans
and the Government are bound
to provide accommodation for the
full number of orphans now in
the Asylum, the present order
will have the effect of limiting
the number of children of being
I think the Board should consider

was to provide at least
a fifty pound yearly sum
for the maintenance of
the orphans of the
from the inmates of the
School of India & of the
Lancaster Asylum. I think
the change of maintaining
the Lancaster Asylum in the
Lancaster Asylum was
approved by the Board.

The Board of India should
be informed that the Lancaster
property has been appropriated
as a Government Office for
the use of the Government
during its annual visit
to the Asylum bills for
which purpose it is well
adapted.

If the plan of adapting the
Asylum which is now occupied
by the girls to be used as it
will have to be considered.

Pro 3 March 1860 P.O. 1235 P.O.
 " 20 Aug " " 1235 P.O.
 " 10 June 1862 " 1309
 To the Secy of State P.O. 14 Aug 1862
 Pro 20 April /63 P.O. 113
 To Secy of State P.O. 16 June /63
 Pro 15 April /64 P.O. 1008
 " 23 March /65 " 428-430-431
 " 15 " /67 " 322-324
 " 27 June " 592-595
 " 13 July " 329-330
 To Secy of State P.O. 322/16 July /67
 Pro 11 Sept /67 " 224-226
 " 1st Nov " 25-27
 " 6 " " 130-131
 " 29 July /68 " 665-665
 " 19 Aug " 389-390
 " 22 " " 449-450
 " 18 Dec " 433-435
 " 11 March /69 " 310-311-312
 " 12 June " 252-253
 " 3 Nov " 46-47
 " 4 Jan /71 " 15-16
 " 8 March " 482-485
 " 8 Aug " 118-121
 " 17 " " 277-279
 " 17 Sept " 97-101
 " 11 Jan /71 " 11-12.

Offering explanations
 on certain points in con-
 nection with the project
 for the female branch
 of the Lawrence Asylum
 at Lonedale, Antwerp
 Mound.

1-10-07
 12-12-10
 11
 241
 284-092

Govt of 1871 Madras.
 PUBLIC WORKS.

The Superintending Engineer
 and
 The Secretary to the
 Govt of India

1st April 1871, No. 9648965

Nos. 1-243

Lawrence Asylum at Lonedale,
 Antwerp Mound. Papering orders
 The letter from the Govt
 India communicating
 orders on the revised project
 for the female branch of the
 Lawrence Asylum at
 Lonedale.

Further P.O. 115-116 of
 March 1871