

(1) Number of pages _____

(2) Date of repair _____

(3) Initials of the Referencer _____

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Public works DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 1517.	Press Mis.
462-463.	
Dated 20 - 5 - 1867.	

Not to be folded or roughly handled

2/6

1

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department,
20th May 1867.*

No. 462. Read the following letter from the Consulting Engineer for Irrigation and Canal Company, to the Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, dated Madras, 11th May 1867, No. 10 :—

1 Letter in original from Agent. 1. I have the honour to submit, for the orders of Government, a letter,

No. 102 of the 29th ultimo, from the Chief Engineer, Madras Irrigation and Canal Company, with its accompaniment from the Executive Engineer, Hindry Division, which was received with the Agent's endorsement, No. 56 of the 9th instant.

2. In this correspondence it is shown that, under the sanction for the Soonkasala anicut coping, given in Proceedings Madras Government, No. 3,157, dated 21st October 1865, twenty-five stones have been quarried and thirteen dressed, at a cost, including superintendence and sundries, of Rupees 40-6-2 per stone, the estimate rate being Rupees 10-7-2. The Chief Engineer asks permission to substitute limestone for granite, a contractor having offered to furnish full-sized stones, including carriage, for Rupees 10 each. At the time the estimate for the coping was prepared, it was stated* that suitable limestone was not procurable, and none has hitherto been brought to the anicut. However, if a quarry has since been discovered from which good limestone,

* Vide paragraph 4 of Chief Engineer's letter, No. 777A, 27th September 1865. One of the enclosures of this Office letter No. 97, 30th September 1865.

not liable to laminate, can be obtained, I do not think that there will be any objection to its use in lieu of granite, especially as the Chief Engineer appears to have been unable, although some eighteen months have elapsed since the estimate was sanctioned, to arrange for the efficient management of such simple work as quarrying gneiss; in fact the superintendence and sundries alone have cost 9 Annas and 3 Pice a cubic foot, while 8 Annas a cubic foot, in the rough, is the price of Palavaram, a very much harder granite, delivered at Madras some ten miles from the quarries. I hope, however, even should the Government sanction the substitution of limestone for granite, the Chief Engineer will not give up the use of the latter material entirely, simply because the person hitherto placed in charge of the quarries has proved himself utterly incompetent. The Engineering staff of the Company ought to be able to get any description of work done at moderate rates, and should include, among either the officers or the subordinates, persons able to manage the details of every operation which it may be necessary to carry out during the progress of the works.

No. 463. ORDER THEREON, 20th May 1867, No. 1,517.

IRRIGATION, No. 27.

As the cost of quarrying gneiss is shown to be so enormously expensive, the Government have no objection to the use of limestone for the coping of the Soonkasala anicut, provided it be of the quality described, and laid in sufficiently large blocks.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) CHARLES A. ORR, Colonel, R. E.,
Secretary to Government.

To the Consulting Engineer for Irrigation and Canal Company, with one Enclosure.
,, Manager for do. do.

Esd. S. T. Augustin.

Consulting Engineer's Office,
Irrigation, and Canal, C.
No 10
Madras 11th May 1867,

From

Captain John Mullins R.E.,
Consulting Engineer, Sand, C.C.

To

Colonel C. A. Orr R.E.,
Secretary to Government, M.D.

Sir

I have the honor to submit for the orders of Government a letter, No 102 of the 29th ultimo from the Chief Engineer Madras Irrigation and Canal Company, with its accompaniment from the Executive Engineer, Hindry Division, which was received with the Agents' endorsement No 56 of the 9th Instant.

In this correspondence it is shown that, under the sanction for the Sunkasala Amini coping, given in Proceedings Madras Government, No 3157 dated 21 October 1866, 25 stones have been quarried and 13 dressed, at a cost including superintendence and sundries of Rupees 40-6-2 per stone, the estimate rate being Rupees 10-7-2. The
Chief

Chief Engineer asks permission to substitute
limestone for granite, a contractor having
offered to furnish full sized stones, including
carriage, for Rs 10 each. At the time the
estimate for the Coving was prepared, it was
stated that suitable limestone was not
procurable, and none has hitherto been
brought to the Amicut. However if a quarry
has since been discovered from which good
limestone, not liable to laminate, can be
obtained, I do not think that there will be
any objection to its use in lieu of granite,
especially as the Chief Engineer appears to
have been unable, although some 18 months
have elapsed since the estimate was sanctioned,
to arrange for the efficient management of
such simple work as quarrying gneiss; in
fact the Superintendence and Sundries alone
have cost 9-3 a Cubic foot, while 8 annas a
Cubic foot, in the rough, is the price of
Palavaram, a very much harder, granite,
delivered at Madras some 10 miles from
the quarries. I hope however, even should
the Government sanction the substitution
of limestone for granite, the Chief Engineer
will not give up the use of the latter
material entirely, simply because the

x
vide para 4 of
Chief Engineer's letter
No. 777-A-27th
Sept 1865. One of
the enclosures of
this Office letter No.
97-30 Sept 1865.

9-3
2/5-9-9

person hitherto placed in charge of the
quarries has proved himself utterly in-
competent. The Engineering Staff of the
Company ought to be able to get any
description of work done at moderate rates
and should include, among either the
officers or the subordinates, persons able to
manage the details of every operation, which
it may be necessary to carry out during the
progress of the works.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Wm. L. Williams Captain C.E.

Consulting Engineer M.C.E.

207 1862-463
No 10. 1862-463
From 1862-463

The Secretary Engineer,
The Secretary to the
The Secretary to the

Letter 11
No 13 May 1867

207 15714 207 15714

of the Secretary to the
the C. E. Engineer with a view
to the use of lime stone
cement instead of
Portland cement.
With an order.

15714 15714

207 15714

As the cost of quarrying
is shown to be no more
than the cost of quarrying
of lime stone for the copying
of the Secretary to the
the C. E. Engineer with a view
to the use of lime stone
cement instead of
Portland cement.
With an order.

207 15714 207 15714

207 15714 207 15714