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MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Public Works DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 1584	Press
15-7-160	Mis.
Dated 8-6-18	18 66.

Not to be folded or roughly handled

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department,
8th June 1866.*

No. 159. Read the following Proceedings of the Madras Government in the Revenue Department, dated 1st June 1866, No. 1,291.—

Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 2nd May 1866, No. 3,086.

Read again Board's Proceedings, dated 15th June 1865, No. 3,259, and 17th February 1866; No. 1,135.

Read also the following letter from the Collector of Tinnevely, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Trichendoor, 11th April 1866, No. 137.

1. In reply to the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 17th February 1866, No. 1,135, requesting me to ascertain from the Collectors of Trichinopoly and Tanjore, in respect to the Nanul and Koray reeds and grasses planted for the protection of tanks, I have the honor to annex copy of the Superintending Engineer's letter of both Districts, to the Collector of Tanjore, and of that Officer's communication to me, from which it appears that the sale proceeds of these grasses are expended in the protection of Public Works, and the balance, if any, credited to Local Funds.

2. It is of little consequence who sells the grass, provided the funds are applied to local purposes, and not credited to Imperial Revenue.

3. The proceeds of this grass, and its further development, will save thousands of Rupees in stone revetments; the sum carried to Imperial account is a mere trifle, and I would urge the item being apportioned to its legitimate place, among Local Funds, with the least possible delay.

From the Officiating Collector of Tanjore, to the Collector of Tinnevely, dated Vellum, 3rd April 1866, No. 88.

In answer to your letter, dated 23rd February 1866, No. 203, and its subsequent reminder, I have the honor to forward a copy of a letter this day received from the Superintending Engineer, regarding the practice which exists here of preserving and selling the Nanul. In the Revenue Department we have nothing to do with it, the surplus proceeds alone come to us in the shape of Local Funds.

From the Superintending Engineer, 6th Division, to the Collector of Tanjore, dated 31st March 1866, No. 2,114.

1. In reply to letter No 61, dated 3rd March, I have the honor to inform you that in paragraph 12 of Proceedings of Chief Engineer, No. CLXXI, dated 19th January 1858, it was specially ruled, that the sale proceeds of Nanul, &c, from the anicut plantations in the Tanjore District, should be left at the disposal of the District Engineer, for the purpose of protecting the river banks, restoring plantations which had been encroached upon, &c., &c.; the balance of the funds being paid into the Treasury at the end of the year, to swell the Local Funds. This Order has been virtually cancelled by Government Order No. 2,413, dated 19th August 1865, on the new Manual, but I have, as a special case, requested Government not to alter the arrangements approved in 1858, as regards the disposal of the sums realized by the sale of Nanul, wild-cane, &c., &c, from the anicut plantations.

2. The sales are often made by auction, and at other times private individuals are supplied with timber, Nanul, &c.

3. At the anicuts and at the heads of the larger rivers, the establishments are permanent, and are paid on abstracts passed by the Controller; for the protection of the river banks, and

Paragraph 2.

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department,
8th June 1866.*

for watering and watching darbah facings or newly-planted Nanul, provision is made in estimates under the head of "Repairs, Agricultural."

Copy of Trichinopoly Collector's report received after the above was drafted.
From the Acting Collector of Trichinopoly, to the Collector of Tinnevely, dated 7th April 1866.
No. 79.

In reply to your letter, No 202, dated as per margin, I have the honor to inform you that there are Nanul grass watchers in this District, called Palugai Establishment. They are supervised and paid by the Department of Public Works. The sale proceeds of the Nanul, &c., are credited to the District Conservancy Fund under Local Funds.

22nd February 1866

1. Ordered that the above papers be submitted for the orders of Government, with the Board's recommendation that the receipts from the sale of Nanul and Koray reeds and grass, be every where credited to the Local Funds, and the necessary establishment of watchers and charges for planting provided at the cost of the Fund under the joint supervision of the Superintending Engineer of the Division and the Collector of the District.

2. This casual receipt is no proper item of Imperial Revenue, and its local expenditure in watching and maintaining the plantations is of the highest importance.

Local Funds, No. 1.
Account.

The receipts from the sale of Nanul and Koray reeds and grass constitute a legitimate source of income for the Local Funds, and the practice of including them in the Imperial Revenue in some Districts is incorrect. Sanction is, therefore, granted for crediting the proceeds alluded to, to Local Funds minor head "Nanul grass" in every District, and for paying out of them the necessary establishment of watchers and the charges for planting. The Board of Revenue will submit draft of a few simple rules for the administration of this Fund.

(True Copy.)

(Signed) J. D. SIM,
Secretary to Government.

No. 160.

LOCAL FUNDS, No. 17.
Account.

ORDER THEREON, 8th June 1866, No. 1,506.

Communicated to the Superintending Engineers, and to the Controller of Public Works Accounts.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) CHARLES A. ORR, Colonel, R. E.,
Secretary to Government.

To the Superintending Engineers.
Controller of Public Works Accounts.
Exd. S. T. Augustin.

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
1st June 1866.*

No. 6. Read the following Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 2nd May 1866, No. 3,086.

Read again Board's Proceedings, dated 15th June 1865, No. 3,259, and 17th February 1866, No. 1,135.

Read also the following letter from the Collector of Tinnevely, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, dated Trichendoor, 11th April 1866, No. 137:—

1. In reply to the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 17th February 1866, No. 1,135, requesting me to ascertain from the Collectors of Trichinopoly and Tanjore, in respect to the Nanul and Koray reeds and grasses planted for the protection of tanks, I have the honor to annex copy of the Superintending Engineer's letter of both Districts to the Collector of Tanjore, and of that Officer's communication to me, from which it appears that the sale proceeds of these grasses are expended in the protection of Public Works, and the balance, if any, credited to Local Funds.

2. It is of little consequence who sells the grass, provided the funds are applied to local purposes, and not credited to Imperial Revenue.

3. The proceeds of this grass, and its further development, will save thousands of Rupees in stone revetments; the sum carried to Imperial account is a mere trifle, and I would urge the item being apportioned to its legitimate place, among Local Funds, with the least possible delay.

From the Officiating Collector of Tanjore, to the Collector of Tinnevely, dated Vellum, 3rd April 1866, No. 88.

In answer to your letter, dated 23rd February 1866, No. 203, and its subsequent reminder, I have the honor to forward a copy of a letter this day received from the District Engineer, regarding the practice which exists here of preserving and selling the Nanul. In the Revenue Department we have nothing to do with it, the surplus proceeds alone come to us in the shape of Local Funds.

From the Superintending Engineer, Sixth Division, to the Collector of Tanjore, dated 31st March 1866, No. 2,114.

1. In reply to letter No. 61, dated 3rd March, I have the honor to inform you that in paragraph 12 of Proceedings of Chief Engineer, No. CLXXI, dated 19th January 1858, it was specially ruled, that the sale proceeds of Nanul, &c., from the anicut plantations in the Tanjore District, should be left at the disposal of the District Engineer, for the purpose of protecting the river banks, restoring plantations which had been encroached upon, &c., &c; the balance of the funds being paid into the Treasury at the end of the year, to swell the Local Funds. This Order has been virtually cancelled by Government Order No 2,413, dated 19th August 1865, on the new Manual, but I have as a special case requested Government not to alter the arrangements approved in 1858, as regards the disposal of the sums realized by the sale of Nanul, wild-cane, &c., &c., from the anicut plantations.

Clause 4th, paragraph 2.

2. The sales are often made by auction, and at other times private individuals are supplied with timber, Nanul, &c.

3. At the anicuts and at the heads of the larger rivers, the establishments are permanent and are paid on abstracts passed by the Controller; for the protection of the river banks, and

Paragraph 2.

*Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department,
1st June 1866.*

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Copy of Trichinopoly Collector's report received after the above was drafted.
From the Acting Collector of Trichinopoly, to the Collector of Tinnevely, dated 7th April 1866.
No. 79.

In reply to your letter, No. 202, dated as per margin, I have the honor to inform you that there are Nanul grass watchers in this District, called Padugai Establishment. They are supervised and paid by the Department of Public Works.

22nd February 1866.

The sale proceeds of the Nanul, &c., are credited to the District Conservancy Fund under Local Funds.

1. Ordered that the above papers be submitted for the orders of Government, with the Board's recommendation that the receipts from the sale of Nanul and Koray reeds and grass, be every where credited to the Local Funds, and the necessary establishment of watchers and charges for planting provided at the cost of the Fund under the joint supervision of the Superintending Engineer of the Division and the Collector of the District.

2. This casual receipt is no proper item of Imperial Revenue, and its local expenditure in watching and maintaining the plantations is of the highest importance.

No. 7.

ORDER THEREON, 1st June 1866, No. 1,231.

Local Funds, No. 1.
Accounts.

The receipts from the sale of Nanul and Koray reeds and grass constitute a legitimate source of income for the Local Funds, and the practice of including them in the Imperial Revenue in some Districts is incorrect. Sanction is, therefore, granted for crediting the proceeds alluded to, to Local Funds minor head "Nanul grass" in every District, and for paying out of them the necessary establishment of watchers and the charges for planting. The Board of Revenue will submit draft of a few simple rules for the administration of this Fund.

(True Extract.)

[Signature]

Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.

.. the Accountant General.

.. the Public Works Department.

Exd. S. T. Augustin.

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