M.R.O. 1—77,006—8-6-37.

(1) Number of pages 2-3

(2) Date of repair 15-X-82

(3) Initials of the Referencer

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Public Works DEPARTMENT.

G.O. No. 2844 Press Mis.
662-663
Dated 30-9- 1864.

Not to be folded or roughly handled

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department, 30th September 1864.

No: 662. Read the following letter from Colonel R. STRACHEY, R. E., Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department, to the Secretary to the Government of Madras, Public Works Department, dated Simla, 17th August 1864, No. 579 M-3,859 :—

SIR,

1. In forwarding to you the Proceedings of the Government of India in this Department, No. 56,* dated 16th instant, I am directed to enclose standard plans of 13 Military buildings for European Troops, as per annexed list, and with reference to paragraph 5 of Secretary of State's Despatch No. 27, of 16th June last, to invite the suggestions of the Government of Madras as to any modification of the plans that may be considered desirable for their adaptation to local circumstances.

* Will follow.

2. Such of the plans as do not seem to require modification in the opinion of the Madras Government may be considered as standards to be adopted in future, and the Government of India will give subsequent orders in regard to those which the Madras Government may desire to modify, after a full consideration of the alterations that may be suggested either now or at any future time.

3. I am further desired to notice that although the Government of India have, from time to time, issued for guidance several plans of other Military buildings, many of which plans may have perhaps reached the Government of Madras, still that only those included in the annexed list should now be considered as current standards.

4. All the other plans of buildings for Military accommodation are now under revision, and the Governor General in Council will be glad to receive for consideration any special designs now in use for such objects that the Government of Madras may desire to continue in force, or may consider likely to be of use to the Government of India, in settling the revised standard plans that still remain to be issued.

5. Pending the issue of the revised standards, those hitherto in force may still be followed in new buildings, excepting those to be used as Barracks or Hospitals, which will be dealt with under the rules contained in Public Works Department, Resolution No. 1,293, dated 17th March 1864.

6. In regard to the general regimental and departmental standard scheme of accommodation to be allowed, I am to inform you that this is a question upon which the Commander-in-Chief in India has been requested to furnish a report, after communication with the Commanders-in-Chief of both Madras and Bombay, and that it will form the subject of a future communication.

List of Plans (Standard) to go to Madras.

	Date.	Signed by
1. Quarter Guard and Cells for a Regiment of European Infantry ...	7th April 1855.	Lieut.-Colonel W. E. Baker.
2. Skittle shed for all Arms	8th March 1858.	Captain H. Yule.
3. Double and single Fives Courts ...	May 1853.	„ C. H. Dickens.
4. Dry Store Room	31st Aug. 1863.	Lieut.-Colonel Beadle.
5. Medical Subordinate's Quarters ...	.....	Do. do.
6. Dead House	May 1853.	Do. do.
7. Staff Sergeant's Quarters, class A...	....	Colonels H. Goodwyn and J. P. Beadle.
8. Blacksmith's forge and Shoeing shed for a Battery of Artillery...	March 1861.	Lieut.-Colonel A. G. Goodwyn,
9. Collar-maker's or Carpenter's shop and Harness Room for Artillery...	2nd April 1864.	Colonel Strachey.
10. House Terraces	.....	Captain C. H. Dickens.
11. Regimental Store Rooms for all Arms	6th April 1864.	Colonel Strachey.
12. Saddle Rooms for Cavalry... ...	15th July „	Do.
13. Magazine for Infantry	26th „ 1862.	Do.

Read the following Proceedings of the Governor General of India in Council, Public Works Department, dated Simla, 16th August 1864, Circular No. 56.

Read the following despatches :—

No. 17, dated 18th March, 1864.

From—The Government of India.

To—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

1. Referring to your despatch in the Military Department, No. 297, dated 15th August 1863, in the 6th paragraph of which it is desired that, for some time at least, all plans, whether for the construction or extensive alteration of barracks, hospitals, and other military buildings, should be approved by the Local Sanitary Commission recently established, and then should, before being carried into execution, be sent to you for reference to the Sanitary Commission in England, we desire to bring to your notice that strict compliance with this requisition is likely in some cases to entail most serious inconvenience. In many instances, an immediate provision to meet pressing wants is urgently required, and it seems to us that to wait till a reference can be made to England, and a reply received would not unfrequently not only cause great practical inconvenience, but actually tend to aggravate those very evils which it has been the intention of Her Majesty's Government to guard against, or remove, by the orders to which we have referred.

2. We have consequently thought it necessary to decide, pending further instructions from you, that we must exercise a discretion in determining what buildings are so urgent as to demand immediate sanction without reference to England. In all such cases, however, the designs will be previously submitted to the Sanitary Commission in this country for criticism, and will be sent to you at the time sanction is given by the Government of India, so that any suggestions thought desirable may at once be made in regard to them by the Commission in England, on receipt of which from you, any needful modifications will be carried out in the construction, if the buildings are not too far advanced.

3. All standard designs will be sent to England for criticism ; also all designs for buildings *not* considered to be urgently required.

4. A design having once been distinctly approved in England, it will be considered applicable to all future cases of a similar description, without any further reference to you.

5. We have informed the Governments of Madras and Bombay, that should any such emergent cases as those to which we have alluded arise in those Presidencies, a reference should be made to this Government for orders before commencing work.

6. We would further remark in connexion with this subject, that it now seems necessary to lay down some rule as to the nature of the control that the Government of India shall exercise over the designs of barrack buildings in the Madras and Bombay Presidencies. Under present arrangements, all projects estimated to cost more than two lakhs, come before the Government of India for sanction. Now all general designs for the provision of the barrack accommodation of any element of force would practically be included within this category of cost, and consequently every such project would, if taken up as a whole, require to be submitted to the Government of India.

7. It appears to us that so far as the requirements of discipline and health, and the general conditions of climate are concerned, there is no important practical difference between the requirements of one part of India and another. All hill climates are approximately alike. The dry provinces away from the influence of the sea, are also sensibly similar in character over large areas. The localities on or near the sea, where the conditions are essentially tropical, do not vary greatly in respect to the precautions to be taken to secure ventilation and avoid damp or malarious exhalations.

8. We therefore consider that the general regulation of the style, magnitude, and number of the various classes of buildings that may legitimately be provided for the Army in India should be in the hands of the Government of India subject to the action of the Sanitary Commissions in the usual way, and to any rules that you may from time to time lay down ; and that no Local

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Public Works Department, 30th September 1864.

Government should be at liberty to spend public money on military buildings, not distinctly comprised in the general regimental or departmental sanctioned standard scheme of accommodation, without the authority of the Government of India, whatever be the sum at stake.

9. The Government of India should at all times receive and pay due attention to any suggestions made by the Local Governments as to modifications of any such general standard scheme of accommodation, design, or principle, having in view its improvement or adaptation to local circumstances ; whilst within a fair and reasonable margin, the details of construction and arrangement would of course always be entirely left to the discretion of the local authorities.

10. Some such idea has indeed been more or less perfectly followed in matters of this sort up to the present time, but the practice has become somewhat lax, and it seems that the present is a suitable opportunity for reviewing the subject.

11. We may add that the experience of this Department sufficiently proves the great importance of strict attention to a system of standard plans for military buildings, and a standard regulation of what wants shall be met and in what manner, that shall be binding not only on the Local Governments, but on the Government of India itself. The embarrassment and expense arising from individual caprice or fancy having been allowed to operate on the sanction of such buildings, have been and are of frequent occurrence.

12. We await your instructions on this latter subject, before taking further action as regards the Governments of Madras and Bombay.

No. 27, dated 16th June 1864.

From—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India,

To—The Government of India.

1. In your Despatch No. 17 of 18th March last, referring to my expressed desire that all plans for the construction or extensive alteration of barracks, hospitals, and other Military buildings should, after approval by the Local Sanitary Commission, be sent to me for reference to the Sanitary Commission in England, you explain that strict compliance with that requirement would sometimes be attended with serious inconvenience, and suggest that it should be left to your discretion to determine what buildings may be so urgent as to demand definitive sanction in India.

2. I assent to this proposal on the conditions attached to it, viz., that in all cases the designs shall be previously submitted to the Local Sanitary Commission, and shall also be sent home as soon as sanctioned, and that the original rule shall continue to apply to all standard designs, which latter must consequently be invariably sent here before being sanctioned.

3. I likewise assent to your suggestion, that a design having once been distinctly approved in England, shall be considered applicable to all future cases of a similar description without any further reference home.

4. With regard to the question raised in the same despatch, as to the nature of the control to be exercised by the Government of India over designs for Military buildings in the Madras and Bombay Presidencies, I concur with your Excellency in Council in thinking it desirable that the style, magnitude, and number of the various classes of such buildings should, throughout India, be regulated as nearly as possible on the same principles. I have no doubt either of the utility of a system of standard plans in checking the indulgence of individual caprice or fancy, and I have no hesitation in committing to your Government, as the presiding authority in India, the selection of the standard plans to be submitted for the approval of the Sanitary Commission in this country.

5. I attach, however, much importance to your assurance that any suggestions made by the Local Governments, as to the adaptation of standard designs to local circumstances, shall receive your fullest consideration, and I may remark that the extent to which the details of construction and arrangement should be left to the discretion of the local authorities should, in my opinion, be the utmost consistent with adherence to the sanctioned standard plans. Moreover, I may add that there would seem to be no sufficient reason for modifying the sanctioning powers of the Madras and Bombay Governments with respect to works of less estimated cost than two lakhs,

further than by requiring that, in Military buildings coming within that pecuniary limit, they shall not deviate from standard plans without previously obtaining your assent to the alteration.

6. Your Excellency's Government will communicate with those of Madras and Bombay in pursuance of the foregoing observations.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General of India in Council considers that, with reference to the orders of the Secretary of State conveyed in the above despatch, it is desirable that paragraphs 13 and 14 of the Budget Rules of 1861 should be revised, and that they should hereafter stand as follows:—

Paragraph 13.—Any project, the estimate of which exceeds these limits will require the sanction of the Government of India. So also will all projects, large or small, which affect the interests of more than one Local Administration; also all projects connected with the choice of permanent stations for troops,* or for providing permanent accommodation for a larger force than is at present quartered at a station, or for the provision of any Military buildings which may not be according to standard plans approved of by the Government of India, or which may not be comprised in the general Regimental or departmental standard scheme of accommodation sanctioned by the Government of India;† also all projects for fortifications estimated to cost more than Rupees 50,000.

* Secretary of State's letter No. 8, dated 24th January 1861.

† Secretary of State's letter No. 27, dated 16th June 1864.

Paragraph 14.—Projects which are essentially incomplete without extensions, and which together with the extensions would exceed the powers of the Local Governments, must not be sanctioned by the latter, but must be submitted for the sanction of the Government of India, whatever be the nature of the separate portions of work, or the elementary items of cost.

ORDER.—Ordered, that the above Resolution and Proceedings be forwarded to all Governments and Administrations for information and guidance.

(Signed) R. STRACHEY, Colonel, R. E.,
Secretary to the Government of India.
(Signed) E. C. S. WILLIAMS, Captain, R. E.,
Under Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 663. ORDER THEREON, 30th September 1864, No. 2,844.

1. Referred to the Military Department.

2. The standard plans numbered 2, 4, 9, 11, 12, in the List enclosed in the foregoing letter, are exactly the same as those used in this Presidency. The plan of Medical Subordinates' quarters, (No. 5) is also the same as that attached to the Madras plan, for a Hospital for a Regiment of European Infantry.

3. The plans Nos. 6 and 7 (Dead House and Staff Serjeant's quarters) are nearly similar to the Madras plans. Those noted in the margin are somewhat different.

Nos. 1, 3, 8, and 13.

4. There are no plans for house terraces‡ in this Presidency.

‡ Bengal Plan No. 10

(True Extract.)

(Signed) J. H. M. SHAW STEWART, Major, R. E.,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

To the Military Department, with 25 plans, to be returned.
„ Superintending Engineers.

Exd. T. O'Connor.

Accompt. of P. W. D. No. 579 A 3859 dt. 17 Augt. 1864

CIRCULAR No. 56 of 1864.

PUBLIC WORKS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,
SIMLA, 16*th August*, 1864.

Account.

Read the following despatches:—

No. 17, dated 18th March, 1864.
From—The Government of India,
To—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

Referring to your despatch in the Military Department, No. 297, dated 15th August 1863, in the 6th para. of which it is desired that, for some time at least, all plans, whether for the construction or extensive alteration of barracks, hospitals, and other military buildings, should be approved by the Local Sanitary Commission recently established, and then should, before being carried into execution, be sent to you for reference to the Sanitary Commission in England, we desire to bring to your notice that strict compliance with this requisition is likely in some cases to entail most serious inconvenience. In many instances, an immediate provision to meet pressing wants is urgently required, and it seems to us that to wait till a reference can be made to England, and a reply received would not unfrequently not only cause great practical inconvenience, but actually tend to aggravate those very evils which it has been the intention of Her Majesty's Government to guard against, or remove, by the orders to which we have referred.

2. We have consequently thought it necessary to decide, pending further instructions from you, that we must exercise a discretion in determining what buildings are so urgent as to demand immediate sanction without reference to England. In all such cases, however, the designs will be previously submitted to the Sanitary Commission in this country for criticism, and will be sent to you at the time sanction is given by the Government of India, so that any suggestions thought desirable may at once be made in regard to them by the Commission in England, on receipt of which from you, any needful modifications will be carried out in the construction, if the buildings are not too far advanced.

3. All standard designs will be sent to England for criticism; also all designs for buildings *not* considered to be urgently required.

4. A design having once been distinctly approved in England, it will be considered applicable to all future cases of a similar description, without any further reference to you.

5. We have informed the Governments of Madras and Bombay, that should any such emergent cases as those to which we have alluded arise in those Presidencies, a reference should be made to this Government for orders before commencing work.

6. We would further remark in connexion with this subject, that it now seems necessary to lay down some rule as to the nature of the control that the Government of India shall exercise over the designs of barrack buildings in the Madras and Bombay Presidencies. Under present arrangements, all projects estimated to cost more than two lakhs, come before the Government of India for sanction. Now all general designs for the provision of the barrack accommodation of any element of force would practically be included within this category of cost, and consequently every such project would, if taken up as a whole, require to be submitted to the Government of India.

7. It appears to us that at so far as the requirements of discipline and health, and the general conditions of climate are concerned, there is no important practical difference between the requirements of one part of India and another. All hill climates are approximately alike. The dry provinces away from the influence of the sea, are also sensibly similar in character over large areas. The localities on or near the sea, where the conditions are essentially tropical, do not vary greatly in respect to the precautions to be taken to secure ventilation and avoid damp or malarious exhalations.

8. We therefore consider that the general regulation of the style, magnitude, and number of the various classes of buildings that may legitimately be provided for the Army in India should be in the hands of the Government of India subject to the action of the Sanitary Commissions in the usual way, and to any rules that you may from time to time lay down; and that no Local Government should be at liberty to spend public money on military buildings, not distinctly comprised in the general regimental or departmental sanctioned standard scheme of accommodation, without the authority of the Government of India, whatever be the sum at stake.

9, The Government of India should at all times receive and pay due attention to any suggestions made by the Local Governments as to modifications of any such general standard scheme of accommodation, design, or principle, having in view its improvement or adaptation to local circumstances; whilst within a fair and reasonable margin, the details of construction and arrangement would of course always be entirely left to the discretion of the local authorities.

10. Some such idea has indeed been more or less perfectly followed in matters of this sort up to the present time, but the practice has become somewhat lax, and it seems that the present is a suitable opportunity for reviewing the subject.

11. We may add that the experience of this department sufficiently proves the great importance of strict attention to a system of standard plans for military buildings, and a standard regulation of what wants shall be met and in what manner, that shall be binding not only on the Local Governments, but on the Government of India itself. The embarrassment and expense arising from individual caprice or fancy having been allowed to operate on the sanction of such buildings, have been and are of frequent occurrence.

12. We await your instructions on this latter subject, before taking further action as regards the Governments of Madras and Bombay.

No. 27, dated 16th June, 1864.

From—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India,

To—The Government of India.

In your despatch No. 17 of 18th March last, referring to my expressed desire that all plans for the construction or extensive alteration of barracks, hospitals, and other Military buildings should, after approval by the Local Sanitary Commission, be sent to me for reference to the Sanitary Commission in England, you explain that strict compliance with that requirement would sometimes be attended with serious inconvenience, and suggest that it should be left to your discretion to determine what buildings may be so urgent as to demand definitive sanction in India.

2. I assent to this proposal on the conditions attached to it, viz., that in all cases the designs shall be previously submitted to the Local Sanitary Commission, and shall also be sent home as soon as sanctioned, and that the original rule shall continue to apply to all standard designs, which latter must consequently be invariably sent here before being sanctioned.

3. I likewise assent to your suggestion, that a design having once been distinctly approved in England, shall be considered applicable to all future cases of a similar description without any further reference home.

4. With regard to the question raised in the same despatch, as to the nature of the control to be exercised by the Government of India over designs for Military buildings in the Madras and Bombay Presidencies, I concur with your Excellency in Council in thinking it desirable that the style, magnitude, and number of the various classes of such buildings should, throughout India, be regulated as nearly as possible on the same principles. I have no doubt either of the utility of a system of standard plans in checking the indulgence of individual caprice or fancy, and I have no hesitation in committing to your Government, as the presiding authority in India, the selection of the standard plans to be submitted for the approval of the Sanitary Commission in this country.

5. I attach, however, much importance to your assurance that any suggestions made by the Local Governments, as to the adaptation of standard designs to local circumstances, shall receive your fullest consideration, and I may remark that the extent to which the details of construction

and arrangement should be left to the discretion of the local authorities should, in my opinion, be the utmost consistent with adherence to the sanctioned standard plans. Moreover, I may add that there would seem to be no sufficient reason for modifying the sanctioning powers of the Madras and Bombay Governments with respect to works of less estimated cost than two lakhs, further than by requiring that, in military buildings coming within that pecuniary limit, they shall not deviate from standard plans without previously obtaining your assent to the alteration.

6. Your Excellency's Government will communicate with those of Madras and Bombay in pursuance of the foregoing observations.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General of India in Council considers that, with reference to the orders of the Secretary of State conveyed in the above despatch, it is desirable that paras. 13 and 14 of the Budget Rules of 1861 should be revised, and that they should hereafter stand as follows:—

Para. 13.—Any project, the estimate of which exceeds these limits will require the sanction of the Government of India. So also will all projects, large or small, which affect the interests of more than one Local Administration; also all projects connected with the choice of permanent stations for troops,* or for providing permanent accommodation for a larger force than is at present quartered at a station, or for the provision of any military buildings which may not be according to standard plans approved of by the Government of India, or which may not be comprised in the general Regimental or departmental standard scheme of accommodation sanctioned by the Government of India;† also all projects for fortifications estimated to cost more than Rs. 50,000.

* Secretary of State's letter No. 8, dated 24th January 1861.

† Secretary of State's letter No. 27, dated 16th June 1864.

Para. 14. Projects which are essentially incomplete without extensions, and which together with the extensions would exceed the powers of the Local Governments, must not be sanctioned by the latter, but must be submitted for the sanction of the Government of India, whatever be the nature of the separate portions of work, or the elementary items of cost.

ORDER.—Ordered, that the above Resolution and Proceedings be forwarded to all Governments and Administrations for information and guidance.

(Signed) R. STRACHEY, *Colonel, R. E.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

E. C. S. WILLIAMS, *Captain, R. E.,*
Under Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Gale

No. 579 of 1113
3859.

From The Secretary to the Govt. of India

To The Secretary to the Govt. of Madras

Public Works Department

Simla 17th August 1864

Military Works Sir,

In forwarding to you the Proceedings of the Govt. of India in this Department No. 56* dated 16th instant I am directed to enclose standard Plans of 13 Military Buildings for European Troops as per annexed List, and with reference to para: 5 of Secretary of States Despatch No. 27 of 16th June last, to invite the suggestions of the Government of Madras as to any modification of the plans that may be considered desirable for their adaptation to local circumstances -

2. Such of the plans as do not seem to require modification in the opinion of the Madras Government may be considered as standards to be adopted in future and the Government of India will give subsequent orders in regard to those which the Madras Government may desire to modify, after a full consideration of the alterations that may be suggested either now or at any future time -

3

*will follow -

Account.

To Circular No. 56.

From Sect. to Govt. of India, in the Public Works Dept.

Dated Simla, 16th August, 1864.

Received

Revision of paras. 13 and 14 of Budget Rules of 1864

3. I am further desired to notice that although the Govt of India have, from time to time, issued for guidance several plans of other Military Buildings, many of which plans may have perhaps reached the Govt of Madras still that only those included in the annexed list should now be considered as current standards.

4. All the other plans of buildings for Military accommodation are now under revision, and the Governor General in Council will be glad to receive for consideration any special designs now in use for such objects that the Govt of Madras may desire to continue in force, or may consider likely to be of use to the Govt of India in settling the revised standard plans that still remain to be issued.

5. Pending the issue of the revised standards those hitherto in force may still be followed in new buildings, excepting those to be used as Barracks or Hospitals which will be dealt with under the rules contained in G. W. D. Resolution No. 1293 dated 17th March 1864.

6. In regard to the general Regimental and departmental standard scheme of accommodation to be allowed, I am to inform you that this is a question upon which the Commander in Chief in India has been requested to furnish a report, after communication with the Commanders in Chief of both Madras and Bombay, and that it will form the subject of a future communication.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedt Servant,

W Stanley Coll R.E.
Secretary to the Govt of India
Mily Dept

List of Plans (Standard) to go to Madras

		Date	Signed by
1	Quarter Guard and Cells for a Regiment of European Infantry	7th April 1855	Lieut-Colt W.C. Baker
2	Skittle shed for all arms	8th March 1858	Captn H. Yule
3	Double and Single Fives Courts	May 1853	Captn C.H. Dickens
4	Dry Store Room	31st August 1863	Lt-Colt Beadle
5	Medical Subordinates Quarters		Do Do
6	Dead House	May 1853	Do Do
7	Staff Sergeants Quarters - Class A		Colt H. Goodwyn & J.T. Beadle
8	Blacksmiths forge & Shoeing shed for a Battery of Artillery	March 1861	Lt-Colt H.G. Goodwyn
9	Collar Makers or Carpenters shop & Harness room for Artillery	2d April 1864	Colt Strachey Captn C.H. Dickens
10	Horse Terraces		
11	Regimental Store Rooms for all arms	6 April 1864	Colt Strachey
12	Saddle Rooms for Cavalry	15th July 1864	Coll Strachey
13	Magazine for Infantry	26th July 1862	Colt Strachey

Public Works Dept

No 2844

Proceedings of the Madras Government

Under date the 30th September 1864

Read the following

from the Secretary to the

Government of India.

Forwarding Standard

Plans of 13 Military Build-

-ings for European Troops, and

inviting the suggestions of the

Government as to any modifi-

-cations that may be considered

desirable for their adaptation

to local circumstances-

Here enter 17 August 1864

No 579 M

3857.

1 Referred to

the Military Depart-

-ment

2 The Standard

plans numbered 2-4-9

11-12, in the List enclos

-ed in the foregoing

letter

Rec'd April 1st 1864

Public Works Dept

No 1062

Return the Plans to the

Secretary to the

Govt of India

Dated 17th August 1864

Recd 15th Sept 1864

No 13 Plans

No 579 M 1857.

14 Forwarding Standard

Plans of 13 Military

Buildings for European

Troops, and inviting

Suggestions of this Govt

as to any modifications

desirable for their

adaptation to local

circumstances.

Rec'd 28th Sept 1864

Ans 20th Septr 1864

c. 23rd Septr 1864 Q. 23rd Sept

P. 062

No. 23 Letter 18th Oct. 1859

letter, are exactly the same as those used in this Presidency. The Plan of Medical Subordinate Quarters, (No 5) is also the same, as that attached to the Madras Plan for a Hospital for a Regiment of European Infantry.

3 The Plans Nos 6 and 7 (Detached House and Staff Sergeants Quarters) are nearly similar to the Madras Plans. Those noted in the margin, are somewhat different.

4 There are no plans for hospital verandas* in this

Nos

* Being plan

To The Military Dept with 25 Plans - to be returned

Superintending Engineer

Dated 3rd October

57

Memo.

The enclosed letter from the Govt. of India is submitted for the information and orders of Govt.

2. The standard plans numbered 2-4-9-11-12 in the List recently received from the Supreme Govt. are exactly the same as those used in this Presidency - the Medical Subordinates Quarters (No 5) in Govt. of India List, is also the same as that attached to Standard Plan No 6, for a Hospital for a Regt. of European Infantry.

3. The Bengal Plans Nos 6 & 7 (Head Warder & Staff Sergeants Qrs) are nearly similar to the Standard Plans of the same numbers - Plans [illegible] are exactly the same as those used in this Presidency - Plans Nos 1-3-8- & 13- are [illegible]

4. There are no plans for house terraces in this Presidency -

5. If the Plans are exactly or nearly the same as the Standard Plans - the G of I may be told so - and that we do not desire to propose any modifications in the

+ Vide headings Plans Nos 2-4-9-10-11.

207. 1-3-8- & 13-

+ Bengal Plans Nos 10.

forum - The plan for Horse Tunnels
might be enjoined by the C—(

No. 1864 Date
Rec: of Govt for Septr
13

No. 2844

Rec: of the Allgood
Dy 30 Septr 65

C.R. 2029/65

Letter from the
Govt. of India for-
warding Copy of its
Resolutions revising
para 184 of the
Budget Rules of
1861.

No. 662 - 663