M.R.O. 14—10,000—21-4-22

MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Revenue **DEPARTMENT.**

G.O. No. 1556 — Press / ~~Mis.~~

56-57

Dated 5. 8. 1861.

Not to be folded or roughly handled

Proceedings of the Madras Government, Revenue Department, 5th August 1861.

No. 56. Read the following Memorial of AKKACHI AMANI, widow of the late Zamíndár of Ankusageri, Zillah Salem, to the Honorable the Governor in Council of Fort Saint George dated Madras, 8th July 1861.

The humble Petition of AKKACHI AMANI,
widow of the late Zamíndár of Ankusageri,
Zillah Salem.

HUMBLY SHEWETH,

That as your Government on your Petitioner's application for the registry of the aforesaid Zamíndári in her name, refused to comply with her request and conferred the Zamíndári on a person belonging to a different family, your Petitioner begs to enclose herein a petition in triplicate, addressed to His Excellency the Secretary of State in Council, on the subject, and request that you will be good enough to forward it to its destination accompanying it, as promised in your endorsement on your Petitioner's petition dated 11th May 1861, with all the papers relating to the matter.

And your Petitioner as in duty bound shall ever pray.

No. 57. ORDER THEREON, 5th August 1861, No. 1,556.

Ordered that the Memorial received with the foregoing letter be forwarded to the Home Authorities, and that an intimation of its despatch be given to the Memorialist.

(Signed) C. G. MASTER,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

His Excellency the Right Honorable the
Secretary of State for India in Council
London.

Humble Memorial of Akkachi
Ammanni widow of the late
Zamindar of Venkoosageri Zillah
Salem in the Presidency of
Fort Saint George in the East
Indies

Humbly Sheweth that

The Zamindary in question is of very old standing. The authorities here, one and all state that its existence for the last 700 years is borne out by Official records.

A Genealogical tree of the present dynasty is hereto appended, from which the following sketch of its members is taken.

A was the proprietor of the Zamindary at the time of the assumption of the district by the British Government. After his death his son

and his sons (B's) son C successively held the Zamindary. C married five wives D. E. F. V. W and left four sons G. J. L. & O. G had two wives H & I. J had a wife K. L had two wives IV. & IV. O had two wives P & Q. On the demise of C the Zamindary was held by G and on his death it was held by L. On the death of L his brother O applied for the Zamindary but demised before obtaining it. When the male line of the original Zamindar thus became extinct, the right of the widow (VI) of the 3d son L was recognised by Government and on her death another widow of her husband viz IV was allowed to succeed to the Zamindary. This last widow having since demised, the question of the succession to the Zamindary is now at issue.

The surviving member of the family are, two widows left by the first son H & I one widow left by the second son viz K and one widow left by the fourth son viz Q and the daughters of these widows. The said widows severally as well as jointly petitioned* the Board of Government for recognising their right of succession to the Zamindary. The prayer of this petition was opposed by one Appa Row marked N I on the ground of his being step sister's son to the husbands of these widows. When the Law Officers of the Sadr Court were interrogated in the matter they were divided in opinion one of them pronouncing in favor of your Memorialist & the other in favor of their

* Vide their petitions dated 6th Govt. dated 5th March/61 & the Order of the Board dated 10. 16. & 18 January/61

* Vide Land Commissioner's report dated 29th February 1860

On a consideration of the facts and laws of the case the Board of Revenue disallowed the right to the Zamindary of all the surviving members of the family, but stated that as a matter of policy, the Zamindary might be given to the husband's sister's son and opponent of your Memorialist

As the facts of the relationship of your Memorialist and her opponent to the original ancestor are undisputed, the question at issue is purely one of law. Your Memorialist will therefore first of all shew the law against the succession of the person marked N I and then proceed to shew the law in her favor.

The junior Pundit of the Sadr Court altogether denied N I's right of succession & his opinion is supported by Sara 364 of Mr J. L. Strange's Manual of Hindu Law. The senior Pundit however upheld N I's right upon the strength of a certain text of Brooheaspati. The authority of this text was denied by the Sadr Adalut in their decree in A. No 33 of 1858 dated 13 November 1858 and reported in Page 209 of the printed decree book of 1858. Again, the authority of the said text as well as the heirship of the sister's son was further denied by the said Court of Sadr Adalut in their decree N 84 of 1860 dated 7 Nov 1860 and reported in page 243 of the printed decree book of 1860. These facts will, your Memorialist trusts convince your Excellency of the injustice which your Memorialist has suffered at the

hands of the Madras Government in consequence of its upholding an exposition of the law of succession which has been repeatedly and after long investigation pronounced to be erroneous by the highest Court of Judicature in the Presidency

The Zamindary having devolved on the male line of the father in law of your Memorialist and there being surviving widows in this line, it is clearly against common sense & natural justice that all the latter should be passed over and the Zamindary given away to a person who is related to the original ancestor thro' a female branch in the ascending line.

As to the right of your Memorialist she begs to submit as follows

The right of widows to succeed has been illustrated in the case of the very widows who last held this Zamindary, and who were allowed to succeed it one after the other. Under the same principle the other widows of the family are now claiming the Zamindary and they are unable to perceive why a deviation should be made in their case from the established rule.

Appeal suit No 83. of 1853 the Court of Sadr Adalut have ruled that all the widows entitled to maintenance out of the family property have a right to succeed to such property in the absence of other heirs. Hence the widows who have

have a lien in the Zamindary for maintenance cannot be deprive of such property by the introduction of a stranger who has nothing whatever to do with the said property.

Finally your Memorialist submits that before the death of the female who last held the Zamindary she applied to the Collector through the Tasildar after communicating her wish to the Collector and under orders received from him instructed the said female Zamindar to exercise her option to the matter.

Under such instructions she left a Will in favor of your Memorialist and this Will was upheld by the Collector in his letter to the Board of Revenue dated 30 August 1860 No 234 In accordance with the Will thus ratified by the Collector your Memorialist held the Zamindary for some time, but was subsequently dispossessed of it

The Privy Council of the Queen have recently recognised Wills by Hindoos in the appeal preferred to them from the decision of the Sadr Adalut in R.S. No 43 of 1849. It has already been stated that the Hindu Law has been expounded in your Memorialist favor by the junior Pundit and that his opinion is consistent with para 364 of Mr J.D. Strange's Manual of Hindu Law & the decisions of the Sadr Court

To your Memorialist successors the other three widows have also expressed their consent in their Petitions severally addressed by them to Govt dated 10, 12, & 16 January 1865.

Your Memorialist humbly submits that under all circumstances she cannot at all be superseded by any Court whatever. She therefore humbly prays that Your Excellency will be pleased to cancel the orders passed in the matter by the Madras Govt. and allow Your Memorialist to inherit the property of her husband & render her justice.

The Government by their endorsement dated 11th May 1861 having refused to grant your Memorialist a copy of the papers relating to the matter, but promised to forward them to Your Excellency in the event of my appealing from their order. I request that Your Excellency may kindly pass a decision in reference to these papers.

Your Memorialist begs to add that besides the document there are Summons granted for this Examinary by the British Government as well as the Government which preceded. These Summons &c are now under seal of the Collector, and they may also, Your Memorialist prays be called for by Your Excellency and the matter disposed of on its merits. Eight Enclosures marked I, II, VI, VII, VIII, IX & XII are herewith forwarded together with a list of them.

And Your Petitioner as in duty bound shall ever pray

8th July 1861
Madras

12-1-61

No 1797 1801

From Rani Chinn
Mutta Viraminnan
Of Ankusagherry
Pollaipat in Uffur
Taluq in the District of
Salem —
Dated 12th
Rec.d by Ct 14th Janr 1801

Prays that the pretensions
of one Appu Pao for suc-
-cession to Ankusageri
Polliem may be rejected and
the Polliem registered in the
name of Sekachiammani
the last heir.

Sekachiammani Joined
that the subject of
this Petition has been
submitted for the con-
sideration of the
Government —

By Order

A Walsh
Asst Sub Collr

Rec.d Office
E. H. Greg
17th March 1801

2 31

Suit 703 of 1861

IN THE SUDDER COURT AT MADRAS.

Before the District Moonsiff of Tranquebar, Original Suit No. 372 / 1852.

Before the Principal Sudder Ameen of Coombaconum Appeal No. 642 / 1858.

Before the Sudder Court at Madras, Special Appeal No. 84 / 1860.

UNDER ACT VIII. OF 1859.

L. S.

In the Court of First instance.	*In the Lower Appellate Court.*	*In the Sudder Court.*
Nagalinga Pillai.....Plaintiff.....	.....Appellant.....	.....Special Appellant, by his Pleader V. Runga Charry.
Vydilinga Pillai..... / Ramasami Pillai..... } Defendants.....	.....Respondents.....	{ Special Respondents, by their Pleader V. Sadagopa Charlu.

JUDGMENT.

The Pundits of the Sudder Court having been consulted have declared that the succession property falls to the Plaintiff as sister's son of the last incumbent. They cite in support of their opinion passages in the Mittackshara and in Smruti Chandrika and Saraswatee Velasa. The passage in the former authority amounts only to the declaration that a daughter's son is in the line of heirs. This is indisputable, but it is not in point to the question now in issue. The other passages cited contain an opinion in favour of the succession of a sister's son. This is based upon a saying by Brikaspaty to the effect that a mother's sister and other female connections, among whom appears the wife of an elder brother, are to be viewed as mothers. The precept is obviously one for the inculcation of respect towards their parties and the sense thereof, it appears to the Court, has been stretched too far when it is held to imply a rule of descent from them. It is for example certain that no descent can be traced from one of them, namely the wife of an elder brother, and it is apparent therefore that the saying in question had not the significancy attached thereto by the commentators. The great authority in matters of inheritance, is the Mittackshara, and as the sister's son has no place in the line of heirs therein described it is to be concluded that such a descent is negatived. On previous occasions the Court have decided against the recognition of a sister as among the heirs taking under Hindoo Law (see decrees in a 62 of 1855; 118 of 1858, and 25 of 1859) and they resolve in conformity with their Judgments to declare against the title set up by the Plaintiff.

The Court therefore dismiss the Appeal with Costs not finding any title in Plaintiff upon which he can maintain this Suit.

No XIII
No 716 of 1861

From Timmiah Samarow and others inhabitants residing at Beriki & other villages attached to Unkoosagheri polliem in Ogoor Taluq Salem.

Dated 28th Feb.
Rec'd 7th March/61

Pray that the said Unkoosagheri polliem may be registered in the name of Ackutchumma the last rightful heir to the said estate that she is acquainted with reading & writing

consequently She knows how to treat her subjects. further solicits that the said estate may not be registered as they bear in the name of one Appurow who is altogether a stranger to the family of the Paliyan & who is also one of the subjects in common with others.

105

No. 716 of 1861.

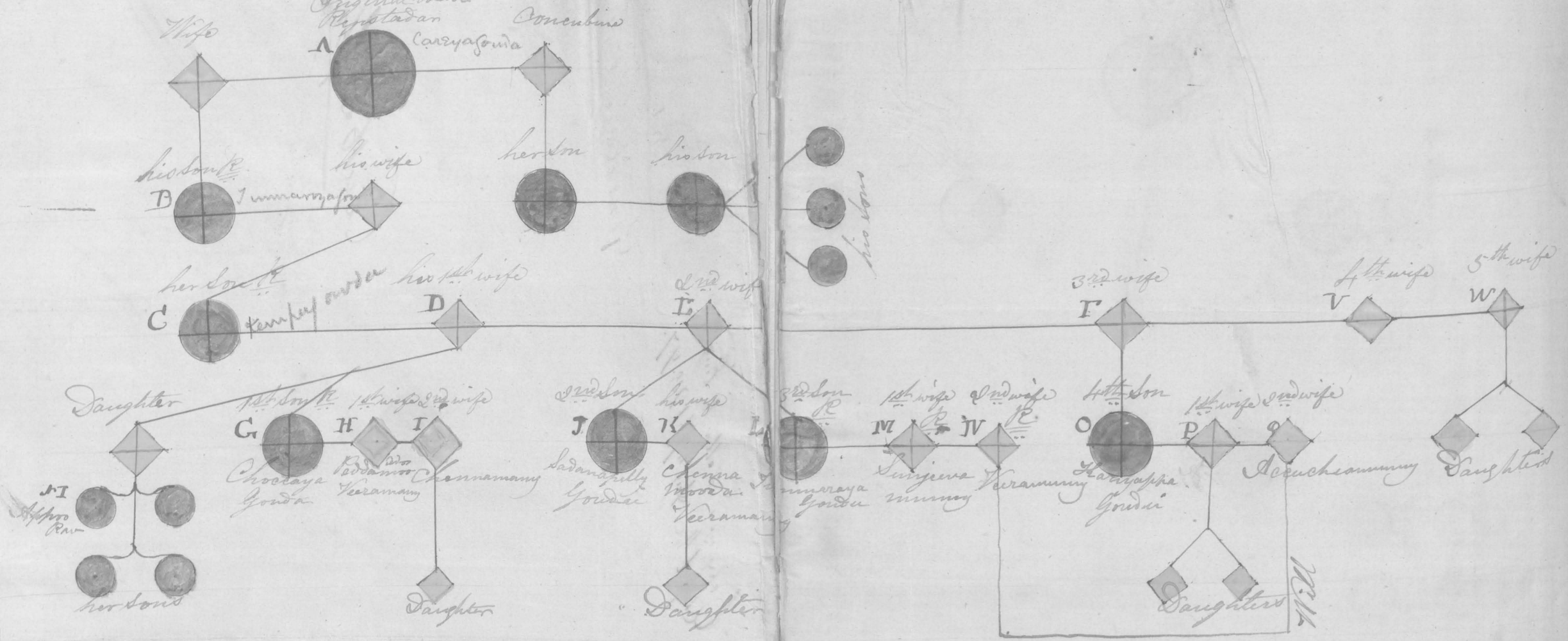
The Government have directed that the Ankusagiri Pollam be registered in the name of Dalavay Appa Rau as legal heir.

Fort St. George 18th April 1861.

By order

Secretary

Dy: Secy: to Govt.


Wife
A
Carryagouda
Concubine
his son
B
Immaraya
his wife
her son
his son
his son
her son
C
temple order
D
his 1st wife
2nd wife
E
3rd wife
4th wife
5th wife
F
V
W
Daughter
1st son
1st wife
2nd wife
G
H
I
Choctaya
Gouda
Poddamma
Veeramma
Channamma
2nd son
his wife
J
K
Sadanapilly
Goudu
Chinna
Moodra
Veeramma
3rd son
1st wife
2nd wife
L
M
N
Immaraya
Goudu
Sungeeva
mmma
Veeramma
4th son
1st wife
2nd wife
O
P
Q
Kariyappa
Goudu
Acuchcamma
Daughter
her sons
Daughter
Daughter
Daughters

Genealogical Tree

Cal 832/61

Petn dated 4th Aug 1857
Rs 15-5-57
D 56-57

Copy with a Letter to Govt
of 8th Aug 1857 No 97

the late Veerummanny previous to her death, recognizing the Petitioner as her heir, put her in Possession of the estate.

N 832 of 1861 32 14

From Moonmaadi Chunnammanni Kutchnadar of Vankoosaghiri-polpet in Oscor Talug Salem

Recd 18th March 61

Referring to her former Petitions dated 18th Janry 61 and February, prays that the Estate of Unkon-Sagherry Polepet may be Registered in her name as she is the proper claimant to it; and the last holder of the said Polieum

No
II

No. 832 of 1861.

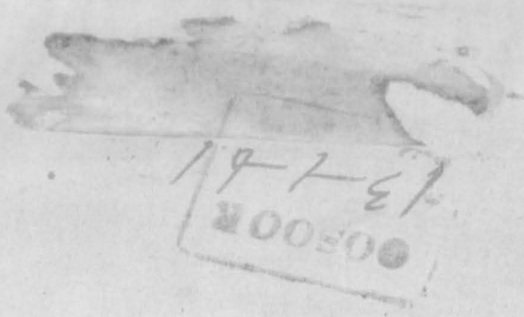
The Government have directed that the Pollium be made over to Dalavay Appa Rau as the legal heir. Rs 1632/64

Fort St. George 17th April 1861

By order

Illegible

Dy: Secy: to Govt.



ఘనమువహించిన మదరాసుమోరుచినా
భారదువారిపములమానము
మనుచ్చరించిన పలు

68

No IV

No 184 of 1861

From Rani Chinnam=
=manni Gáru of Ankusa=
=gheri Samastanam in
Ulsúr Táluq in the Zillah
of Salem—

Dated 10th
Rec'd by T 14th Jan 1861

Stating that
Appa Row has no claims
to the Pakeim of Angu=
-sagheri prays that the
same may be registered
in the name of Aeka=
-chiammani.

Rs 1632/16

R. 5th Aug 1861 No 1556

13

S. 5th Aug 1861

D

71

No 717 of 1861.

The Government
have directed that the
Ankusagiri Pallian
be registered in the
name of Dalavay —
Appa Rau as legal
heir. —

Fort St George 18th April
1861

By order

Master

Dy: Secy: to Govt

respect & dignity as
are due to their rank.
that one Appurow, who
falsely professing certain
claims to the estate, exerts
himself to succeed to
the estate in spite
of a Will in favour of the
said Arkutchummy
left by the late holder
of the Poliem.

Rec'd

No V

No 717 of 1861

From Peddamood=
doo Verummonni, Chin
=namonni & Chinna
=moodoloo Veerammonni
of Perike attached
to Unkoosagheri poliem
in Ossur Taluq Salem

Rd 16 32 16

Dated 4th March

Rec'd 7th March 61

Pray that the said
Unkoosagheri Poliem
may be registered in
the name of Arkutchummy
who is the proper heir
to the said estate &
she will protect the
Petitioners with such

Rec'd 5th Aug 1861
O No 1556
D

No. 3517.

The undermentioned case is sent to you with a view that you will with the sanction of the Judges of the Court of Sudder Udalut obtain the opinion of the Pundits of the Sudder Udalut and transmit the same to the Board of Revenue.

Question.

When this country came into the possession of the British Government. It was the proprietor of a Poliput. At his death the Estate descended to his eldest son B. from whom it passed to his only son C. who married five wives viz. D. E. F. and H. By the first of these wives, C. had one son G; by the second wife two sons J. and L. By the third wife one son Q. By the fourth wife, no issue, and by the fifth wife two daughters who are still alive.

At the death of C. this Estate was registered in the name of his eldest son G. During the life time of G. his second brother J. died. Consequently at the death of G. the Estate descended to his third brother L. during the life time of L. his younger brother Q. died without any issue, so that on the death of L. the Estate was registered in the name of his eldest widow H. under the sanction of the

Board

No. 6377

Board, and after her death, it was registered in the name of D. the junior widow on the condition of her maintaining the other members of the family.

Now N. is dead and the four surviving widows viz. H. I. K & L. have respectively put in their claims to have the Estate registered in their names. Further the others mentioned in the Genealogical tree are also alive.

Therefore it is necessary first to ascertain whether any of the four surviving widows have any claim on this Estate beyond maintenance.

Should they have any such claim, the next point to be ascertained is what their respective claim is.

Further it should be ascertained whether any of the other members of the family have any claim or not.

Return a Collr. of Cuddaland
8th August /61 P.G.

VI

Copy of the Decision sent by the Board of Revenue to the [illegible] of the [illegible]

Rd 6632/6-

Being called upon to support my opinion according to the law as contained in the Mitacshara I beg to state that there exists no law under which the halfsisters-in-law of N can succeed, but the reason I stated my opinion that Q one of the four halfsisters-in-law should be put in possession of the Estate was that as the Estate on the death of G devolved upon Q's husband O equally as upon L I considered it but fair that Q should also be allowed to enjoy the Estate for life, after the demise of the last incumbent N the widow of L.

14/1/1861

The Poliapet alluded to in the question appears to be undivided and in the enjoyment of the eldest son. Accordingly on the death of the first wife of L the last incumbant who died without issue, his second wife N succeeded with the obligation of maintaining the other members of the family.

The four half sisters-in-law of N who now put in their claims have no title whatever under the Hindu Law beyond maintanance. Nevertheless I consider that as the widow Q has not enjoyed the Estate should enjoy the Estate for life on condition of her maintaining the other members of the family, and after her death the property should escheat to Government, but the son of the half sister of the husband of N, as shown in the genealogical table, has no title whatever to succeed to the Estate accord-ing to the Hindu Law.

Pandit Isvara Chandra
opinion

Copy in a Letter to England
Of 8th Aug.t 61 No. 97

No. VII

The copy of the opinion
of the Pundits asserting
the right of the petitioner

Ra 1632/62

270 N 511-

45

Endorsement on Petition No. 1044 of 1860.

"The case of the Petitioner and that of the other widows who claim the Anhoosageri Poliput, is under consideration, and the decision of the Board will be communicated to her in due course, through the Collector of Salem."-

Revenue Bd. Office
Fort St. George
16th November 1860.

By order,
L. Stokes
Acting Secretary.

46

№ 955.

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 20th February 1861.

Read again letter, dated 30th Augt 1860 № 234, from the Collector of Salem reporting on the succession to the Ankoo-Sagaree Paliapet.

(In Cons:y 1st Sept. 1860, № 4356.)

Read also letter, dated 3d Novr 1860, № 283, from the same Officer, furnishing the document and information called for in the Board's Proceedings of 22d Sept. 1860, № 4331.

(In Consultation 6 Novr 1860 № 5713.)

Read also letter, dated 15 Jany 1861, from the Registrer to the Court of Sudder Udalut, forwarding the opinions of the Pundits on the questions of Hindoo Law forwarded with the Board's Letter of the 19th November 1860 № 5377.

(In Cons:s 15 January 1861, № 274)

Resolved that the Letters above recorded be submitted for the consideration and orders of the order of the Governor in Council.

1st From the first of the letters noted at the head of these proceedings it appears

appears that the Anhoosagherry Pollium is a very ancient Estate

Mr. M. D. Cockburn in Reporting upon it and two other Polliams on 14th August 1822.

In consultation 19th August 1822, No. 1710, Paragraph 4.

gives the following account of the former property:- "The Anhoosagherry family acquired the Pallium of Mauste 724 years ago, or in the year 1098 of Salivana, which they held for 301 years, at which time the Palliams of Anhoosagherry and Shoolagherry were annexed to that of Mauste, and all three were possessed by that family for 269 years, when Mauste was taken from them; the other two remained in their possession for 88 years when Shoolagherry was conferred by Hyder on a younger Branch of the Mauste family and the two Polliams of Shoolagherry and Anhoosagherry have been held separately since that period for 72 years. Mauste was never restored, and is at present included in the Mysore Territories. The Territorial possessions of the three Polligers are never divided between the Heirs; the eldest Son succeeds to the whole with the obligation of maintaining the other Members

Paragraphs 5.

and by the fifth two daughters, one of whom is a widow, and the other is living with her husband.

5. At the death of Kempa Gowda (C) the Palipet was registered in the name of his eldest son Chocka Gowda /G/ during the life time of /G/ his second Brother /J/ died. Consequently the Estate descended at the death of Chocka Gowda /G/ to his third brother Timma-raya Gowda /L/. During the life time of /L/ his younger brother Varey appa Gowda /O/ died, so that at the death of /L/ the Palipet was registered in the name of his eldest widow /M/ under the sanction of the Board, and after her death, in the name of Veera Ummanee /N/ the Junior widow of the late Timmaraya Gowda /L/.

9th October 1843. Board's proceedings 17th Jany 1848 No. 105.

6. Veera Ummanee died on the 15th February 1860, and the four surviving widows A.B.C. and D together with an illegitimate Member of the family, and the eldest Step Nephew, of the last male incumbent of the Palipet have put in their claims to have the Estate registered in their names.

D. Apparow.

7. The annual revenue of the Polipet is computed at 20,000 Rs. The Peishcush

of the family, but the rate of maintenance is entirely at the will of the Polligar".

2. Such is the history given of the Pollipet, but the Terms of the original Grant are not stated, nor is any information on the subject forthcoming on the Records of the Collector's Office.

3. The accompanying genealogical tree traces the descent from the person who was in possession when the Government was assumed, down to the last incumbent, and exhibits the names of the persons still living who have a present interest in the property including all the individuals mentioned in the Collector's second letter.

4. The Proprietor of the Ankoosagherry Polipat at the time the Country was assumed was Careyappa Gowda /A/. At his death the Estate descended to his eldest Son Timmaraya Gowda /B/ from whom it passed to his only Son Kempa Gowda /C/ who married five wives viz: C. E. F. V. and W. By first of these wives Kempa Gowda had one Son named Chocka Gowda /G/ and one daughter /H/ who has left four Sons and two daughters, by the second wife, two Sons Sadasiapally Gowda /I/ and Timmaraya Gowda /K/; by the third wife, one Son named Careyappa Gowda /O/; by the fourth wife, no issue;

and

Peshkush amounts to Rs. 7940 a 13 a 4 -
The number of Villages comprised in the Estate including those held on Surva Inam Tenure is 168. Of these, five Villages are held by the four widows for their maintenance, and ninety three are under attachment by the Collector. The Cost of the establishment for the Management of the Pollipet amounts to Rs. 81 per mensem.

8. The Board have submitted the question of the Succession to the Pollipet for the opinion of the Pundits of Sudder Adalut. But the Respondents delivered by the Senior and Junior Pundits are contrary, except in regard to the four widows, who are considered by both to be entitled only.

9. As to the other parties the Senior Pundit declares the four sons of the half Sister of the husband of N entitled to succeed to the Estate of N. This opinion appearing to be based on authorities prevalent in Bengal he was requested by the Judges to declare the Law as contained in the Mitacshara, where upon

2 D. Appa Row.
2. Dottahnah
3 Verachark Row
4 Suryah Row

upon the Pundit cites several passages from that work, and argues that it also supports the interpretation of the text Brihaspati which vests the title of succession to a woman's property in the sons of her husband's Sister.

10 The Junior Pundit on the other hand, declares the Step Nephews to have no title whatever under the Hindoo Law; but recommends as the proper course, that the widow Q should be put in possession of the Estate for life on condition of her maintaining the other parties: and that after her death it should escheat to Government. On being asked to cite authorities in support of his opinion, he declares that there exists no law under which the widow can succeed, but that as the Estate had, at the death of G, devolved upon Q's husband equally as upon I, he considered it but fair that Q should also be allowed to enjoy the Estate for life, after the demise of the last incumbent N the widow of I.

11. The Board will not take upon themselves to decide to which of these opinions is correct. But they observe that the Senior Pundit's exposition is opposed to Section 364 of Mr. Strenger's Manual of Hindoo Law, wherein the omission of Sister's Sons from the list of Heirs expressly mentioned in the Mitacshara, is regarded as excluding them from the inheritance. Adverting, however, to the fact that the Estate is a very ancient one; that in similar Cases of Inams, Government have refrained from interfering with the property except on an future failure of heirs, and that the validity of the title of succession derived through a female ancestor has been acknowledged since 1854 and that Dalavoye Apparow is the lineal grandson of Kempa Gowda (C) the father of the last male holder of the Polipet, the Board recommend that the Estate be registered in his Name, subject to the condition of his maintaining the other Members of the family in a suitable manner.

C.O. 11th August 1853.
C.O. Supp page 161
C.O. 9th Febry 1854
C.O. Supp. p. 2.

A true Extract
(Sigd) L. D. Smith
Secretary

To
F. D. Bourdillon Esqr.
Secretary to Government R.D.

Copy to R. A. Brett Esqr.
Collector of Salem

Revenue Department

Proceedings of the Madras Government

Read the following Papers:-

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue submitting for orders letter from the Collector of Salem and the Registrar of the Sudder Court Reporting on the succession to the Pallaiyapet, and recommending that the Estate be registered in the name of Appa Row the lineal grandson of Kempa Gowda, the father of the last male holder of the Pallaiyapet, subject to the condition of his maintaining the other members of the family in suitable manner.	(Here enter 20th February 1861. No. 965.)
From the Collector of Salem states that the Sanad of the Pallaiyam of Ankusagiri is not forthcoming in the office, nor is it known that a Sanad was ever granted.	(Here enter 14th March 1861 No. 461)

Order thereon, 9th April 1861. No. 794

In their proceedings recorded above the Board of Revenue report the death of the holder of the Ancient Pollaiyam of Ankusagari in the District of Salem, and request orders as to the succession. The Pollaiyam is claimed by several persons more or less nearly related to the deceased; the Board's recommendation is in favor of Dalavay Appa Row the eldest grandson of Kempa

Veampu Poondee Veeranee Pollegar, and a
Step nephew of the last male incumbent,
and as it seems his nearest male relative
From the Collector's letter, also recorded above,
it appears that no permanent Sanad
has ever been issued for the property -
2 Dalavay Appa Row appears to the
Government to be the legal heir. His
Excellency in Council directs therefore that
the Pollicum shall be made over to him;
and be on the understanding, as suggested
by the Board of Revenue, that he shall
maintain the other members of the family
in a suitable manner.

(True Extract)

(Sigd) L. D. Bourdillon
Secretary to Government

To
The Board of Revenue.

Copy with Letter of Transmittal
Dated 11th February 1860

Copy of the Proceedings
of the Court held
on the 11th February
1860 -

(Sd) [illegible]

X

Translation.

Received 13th February 1860

Answer to the order of 11th November

In reference to your order No 17 of
20 February last the Baregai
Pollicapet Registerdar Veera Ummanee
Ummall being exceedingly unwell
nevertheless the Register of the pro-
perty in question should not be entered
as stated by you - In order that there
may not be any dispute with regard
to the position of the Pollicum had
there been any title executed the
Pollicum would be accordingly registered

11th February 1860

To The Tassildar

Translation of the Will

The last will and testament of Anthoosayherry C. Sannasthanum Nasthee Moonadee Ranee Veera-Unnanee executed to my Sister Ukkachee Unnanee on the 13th day of February 1860 agreeing with the year Chittadee - Whereas since I am unwell for the last 2 or 3 Months with a billious complaint and as I am uncertain of recovery I hereby transfer to you to be possessed and enjoyed by you the whole right and inheritance of my Estate - This will has been executed of my free will and consent in my sound state and mind on the 13th February 1860

[Sigd] Veerannunnee.

Witnesses
1st] Jonnastuk Lutchmarrana Sastry
" Chinnaradotter Vurdarajah
" Mungoiyoor Venetaramiah
" Bareegayee.
" Moonsiff Comara Chetty Shinnayah
" Bathvoloopullee Jageerdah Venetasawmy

Written by
Jonnastuk Narasabunthaloo.

To J. G. Nicol Esqr
Collector of Salem

The petition of Munsee Moolooree Ranee Veerunnee the legal occupant of the Polleim of Anthoosayherry.

Respectfully sheweth

That up to this date 13th Febry 1860 I am quite happy by the blessing of God for the last 2 or 3 Months from a billious attack I am very unwell and as I am uncertain of surviving and as Ukkachee Unnanee the widow of my brother in law Kurreappa Jowladen is the lawful inheritor and possessor of our Estate I have executed a will in her favor on this date and therefore request your honor will be pleased to confirm the said will in the name of the said Ukkachee Unnanee.

[Sigd] Veerannunnee.

Witnesses
1st] Jonnastuk Lutchmarrain Sastry
" Chinnaradottee Vurdarajah
" Mungoiroo Venetaramiah
" Barajayee Moonsiff Comara Chetty Shinnayah
" Bathvoloopullee Jageerdah Venetasawmy

Written by
Jonnastuk Narasabunthaloo.

No XII

Copy with Letter to Engr
Dated 8th Augt 1615 97

Taken in lieu to the
Loan from the Collect
to Erect a mill - 1
Copy of the Mill - 1
Petition to the Collector
in regard to the Mill I

Rs 1032/62

No

To Secretary to the Government
Fort St David

Sir

I have the honor to transmit
herewith a Petition of Ross
Pertaining to a grant of
Waste land for the purpose
of erecting a Mill thereon
which I am requested by
the Collector of Chingleput
to forward for the
Consideration of Government

I have also to request that
you will move Government
to direct that the Petitioner
may be informed whether
Government are disposed to
grant the land applied for
on the terms proposed by
the Collector

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient
Humble Servant
[illegible]
Collector

Chingleput
the 5th May 1846

Sir

I am directed by the Right Honble the Governor in Council to transmit to you the accompanying Petition of Ross praying for a grant of waste land for the purpose of erecting a Mill thereon and to request that you will move Government to direct that the Petitioner may be informed whether Government are disposed to grant the land applied for on the terms proposed by the Collector

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient
Humble Servant
[illegible]
Secretary to Government

The Collector of Chingleput

Majesty the Queen in Council dated 6th June 1854
with its accompaniments as below noted with
the favorable recommendation of His Excellency
the Governor in Council and to honor the writ
from the date of dispatch of the said Memorial
to England.

3 Memorial Petitions of Appeal

3 Copies of English petitions date 28th August
1856. addressed to the Madras Government

3 Do Do dated 23d November 1857 addressed
to Do Government.

2 Original and Copy of the Extract from the
Minutes of Consultation of Madras
Government Dated 7th August 1857 No. 791

11

I pray for the favor I am in duty bound
shall ever pray

Vellipadi
8th June 1861

(Marked) Three Fanams

In 1586

Ordered that the
Memorial received with
the foregoing letter be for-
warded to the Home Autho-
rities and that intima-
tion of this despatch be
given to the Memorialist.

Fort St. George
5th March 1861.

Rec.d 1867 Sept.r
Sec.y of Gov.t for August
No 1082.

Loom,

Requesting to forward to the Secretary of State the Petitions in Frederick to appealing on the order of the Gov.t requiring to be voted in the name of Montgomery County in the Bills of Rights

No 1556. 5th Aug.t