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MADRAS RECORD OFFICE.

Government of Madras.

Revenue Works DEPARTMENT.

Cons. 31.3.57

G.O. No.	576	Press Mis.
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Not to be folded or roughly handled

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
Fort Saint George,
27th March 1857.

No. 560.

From

H. FORBES, Esq.,

Acting Secretary to the Government of Fort St. George.

To

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL W. E. BAKER,

Secretary to the Government of India, D. P. W.

SIR,

1. With reference to para. 41 of my letter of the 12th March 1857, No. 462, being the Budget Report of this Presidency for 1857-58, I am directed by the Right Honorable the Governor in Council to forward for submission to the Government of India, the accompanying three Statements, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, received from the Officiating Resident at Hyderabad, forming the Budget of works proposed to be executed in that Military Division during 1857-58; together with the observations recorded by this Government on these documents and other matters connected with the subject, in an Extract Minutes Consultation of this days date.

2. Statement No. 1 brings forward ten items, the aggregate estimated cost of which is Rupees 2,95,040; but deducting the sum of Rupees 1,02,961 already sanctioned, the amount requiring the sanction of the Government of India is Rupees 1,92,079. The full amount of Rupees 2,95,040, it is proposed, shall be expended during 1857-58. Statement No. 2, brings forward thirteen unfinished works, proposed to be continued during the approaching official year, the aggregate estimated cost of which is Rupees 5,19,271; the amount required for the expenditure of 1857-58, being Rupees 1,43,308. Statement No. 3, exhibits the amount required for repairs in the cantonment of Secunderabad, viz., Rupees 4,500, based on the average expenditure of three years. The whole amount thus proposed to be expended in 1857-58, is Rupees 4,42,848, as follows:

Statement No. 1 - - - - - - -	2,95,040
Statement No. 2 - - - - - - -	1,43,308
Repairs - - - - - - -	4,500
Total Rupees.....	4,42,848

3. In the statement attached to para. 41, of the recently forwarded Budget Report of this Presidency, the sum of Rupees 1,69,829, is shewn as requiring the sanction of the Government of India, for works in connection with the Secunderabad barracks; but the sum now requiring sanction is Rupees 1,92,079, which as explained in para. 3 of the accompanying Extract Minutes Consultation, is owing to the addition of a supplemental amount of Rupees 22,250, required for the Hospital attached to the barrack; the original estimate having been based on data for ordinary buildings limited to a ground floor, whereas the revised estimate is calculated on higher special data applicable to a superior building with an upper story, which the Hospital is designed to be.

4. Of the ten items entered in statement No. 1, seven are above the estimated cost of 25,000 Rupees each; the other three, which are below that sum, and ought properly to have found a place in statement No. 2, are of the respective amounts of Rupees 22,250, Rupees 12,380, and Rupees 340. The seven works above the estimated cost of 25,000 Rupees each are the following.

forward ten items, the aggregate

No. in the Budget.	Nature of work.	Amount.
		Rs.
1	Constructing a coffee room and Library, with quarters for librarian &c., and store room under one roof...	60,000
3	Constructing Serjeant's mess, with rooms for mess manager and stores... ...	26,000
4	Constructing a guard room, with three prisons 30×20 each, and improved accommodation for the Officer above...	28,000
5	Constructing Tailor's workshop, Master tailor's room, and store room... ...	31,370
6	Constructing a rear guard room, with two prisons at each end 30×20 each, and other accommodation above, viz. Court Martial or waiting room, Orderly room, and offices for the Adjutant and Quarter Master..... ...	40,900
7	Constructing ten wash-houses, including eight rooms for chatty baths to each, all under one roof...	47,300
8	Constructing ten water rooms with verandahs all round...	26,000

As the barrack project has been sanctioned as a whole, and the works now recommended are so many subordinate parts of it, though in excess of the estimate of 11,59,077 Rupees sanctioned by the Government of India on the 10th January 1856, it seems unnecessary now to enter into any lengthened explanation of the nature, necessity, and advantages of these works; indeed the Government have not been supplied with any materials, out of which to frame a report of such a nature on each work. I am directed merely to state that they seem to have been well considered by the Military and Engineer authorities; and that on their strong representation, they were authorized by this Government to be brought forward for execution in 1857-58. All these improvements have been projected at the instance of Brigadier Coffin, commanding the Hyderabad subsidiary force; and in brief explanation of the necessity of the works, which are considered by the Brigadier to be essential to the perfecting of the barracks, I am desired to quote the following passages from that officer's letter to the Deputy Adjutant General of the Army, dated 5th April 1856, No. 102, paras. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 and 10.

"In the present arrangement there is only one guard room, but I beg to recommend that a guard room with prison rooms attached, be built at each end of the ridge on which the barracks are built. This is in accordance with the Bengal plan, where they have a quarter and rear guard attached.

"The present prison accommodation is quite inadequate, there is only one Defaulter room sanctioned, 20 feet × 20. Now when it is considered that sometimes accommodation for 40 to 60 drunken men is required in one night, it will be seen how totally insufficient this is; I would therefore recommend that at the quarter guard, there be two strong rooms for receiving men in different stages of drunkenness; and on the other side of the guard room, instead of a Non-Commissioned Officer's room as in the plan, the Non-Commissioned Officer being much better with the guard, that there be a prison room for sober men placed in confinement, until their cases are disposed of by the Commanding Officer. On either side of the rear guard, I would propose a Defaulter room and a Dry room, the one for men undergoing imprisonment receiving their regular rations, and the other for those receiving only conjee, or bread and water diet.

"It will be perceived on reference to the sanctioned plan, that the Officer's guard room (where the Officer remains day and night in all seasons) is low and unprotected by verandahs. To render this habitable, and there appears no reason why the Officer should be less cared for than the men, I propose that the walls be raised from 12 feet, originally sanctioned, to 18, and a verandah added in front and rear, and upper ventilation; this, in consequence of the extreme heat during the hot season, I consider indispensable.

"In order that the guard rooms at either end of the barrack be somewhat uniform, I would recommend that three rooms be built over the rear guard and prison rooms; one to be the office, where both the Adjutant and Quarter Master's offices can be accommodated; an orderly room for the Commanding Officer; and the intermediate room would be very convenient as a Court Martial or waiting room.

"The arrangement for the Serjeant's mess will be seen to be very objectionable, placed between the Boys' school room and the Library. The building of the schools is suspended during the preparation of standard plans by the Government of India; and I recommend that the Serjeants have a separate mess room, and that the Library and coffee rooms be under one roof as in the plan.

"The Superintending Engineer has been called upon to send in a plan and estimate for a store room, the Commanding Officer having represented that the sanctioned room was not near large enough for the purpose; but by combining the store room and Tailor's shop in one as in the plan, expense will be saved, and quarters for the Tailor Serjeant will be unnecessary as he can be accommodated in barracks.

"There is another proposition which I consider of the greatest importance to the comfort and health of the Soldier, the erection of water houses to hold the drinking water of the men, whereby they can at all times command a supply of cool drinkable water; instead of which, the water is now kept in tubs in small ill ventilated rooms in the barracks, so that the water is tepid; and consequently the men resort to the canteen in preference, the evil of which I need not dilate upon."

In regard to item 7, providing for wash houses, the following passage occurs in Colonel Henderson's letter to Brigadier Coffin, dated 12th August 1856, para. 4.

"I would beg to invite your attention to the plan of the wash house for a company formerly sanctioned, consisting of one room only 15 × 19, manifestly too small for the purpose. The wash house proposed consists of one room 50 × 18, with two wings containing eight bath rooms for complete ablution, each of these bath rooms being 9½ × 9½. The cost of the improved buildings ten in number, will be Rupees 47,700."

I have only to add that it is reported the Barracks cannot be occupied, until these auxiliary buildings are erected; and that two plans accompany this letter, No. 1 colored in red shewing the works already sanctioned, and No. 2 colored yellow exhibiting the proposed improvements. Ten estimates for the ten items in statement No. 1, and the original correspondence received from Colonel Henderson, is also forwarded for the information of the Government of India.

5. In connection with this subject, several other points have been considered by this Government; and I am directed to submit them for the orders of the Government of India. They are the creation of a separate executive division, comprehending the buildings and stations occupied by the Hyderabad Subsidiary force; the establishment required to carry out the contemplated object; the extent of charge; and the nature of supervision and control. These points it will be found are treated of by this Government in the fourth and following paras. of their Extract Minutes Consultation of this days date; but I am directed to sum up in brief in this place the points, which this Government would wish to submit for the orders of the Government of India.

1st. That, if the control of the Hyderabad Subsidiary force Division is to be vested in the Madras Government and its cost charged against its revenues, this Government are convinced that a totally distinct and separate agency is essential to the maintenance of this control, and to the efficient performance of the executive duties.

2nd. That this separate agency should be placed under the orders, not of the Chief Engineer at Hyderabad, but of the Chief Engineer at Madras, to ensure uniformity of system, to secure unity of control, and to avoid confusion of accounts.

3rd. That for the same reason, this executive agency should be confined solely to its proper duties, viz. those connected with the Hyderabad Subsidiary force, the cost of which is chargeable to the Madras Presidency.

6. Regarding the establishment proper for the executive duties of this division, the Chief Engineer has been called upon to consider the subject, and submit a tabular statement shewing the strength of the establishment he would propose; and this, the Government will have the honor of submitting for the orders of the supreme Government, as soon as they have received and considered the proposal that may be laid before them by Colonel Faber.

7. I am directed to take this opportunity of adverting to the subject of the Military Works in the Mysore Division. In the absence of a budget for this territory, this Government do not

possess the means of knowing the full extent of works proposed to be executed in it during the next official year; but a list of the works newly sanctioned, including one to be brought forward in Statement No. 2, from the previous years' budget, was annexed to para. 41 of the recent Budget Report of this Presidency. Of these works the only one requiring the sanction of the Government of India is item No. 1, viz. building two blocks of married mens quarters in the Dragoon Barracks at Bangalore. An estimate of Rupees 90,820 was entered in the Budget of 1856-57 on account of this project, which was intended to provide accommodation for fifty families; and the Government of India, in passing orders on the project, observed that it would be immediately and strongly recommended to the Honorable Court. With a letter dated 26th December 1856, No. 6005, this Government received however copy of a Dispatch on the subject of providing quarters for married soldiers, in which the Honorable Court adverted to the large expenditure on married Soldiers' barracks, and issued instructions regarding the plan on which such buildings should be constructed. This dispatch having been communicated to the Chief Engineer of Mysore, that officer forwarded a revised plan and estimate amounting to Rupees 83,400, for eighty nine married Privates' quarters, which this Government now beg to substitute for the former estimate of 90,820 Rupees. On the revised plan, the accommodation consists as suggested by the Honorable Court, of a room sixteen feet by fourteen with verandahs on both sides, the one in rear being enclosed and a room partitioned off to serve as a childs room or a bath room. To every six quarters is allowed a cookroom and a privy; and twelve quarters, equivalent to the number of married men in a troop or company, are to be built together; and similar ranges of buildings are to be constructed at distances of twenty feet. The foundation and basement are to be of rubble stone, with walls of brick and chunam eighteen feet high. The roof is to have trusses of teak wood, with a tiled roof and ridge ventilator; and the roof of the verandah is to be a sloping terrace, with pillars and rear wall nine feet high. The materials and workmanship are to be of the best description procurable. The estimated cost of each quarter is 820 Rupees, and its proportional share for the out-houses 113 Rupees; making in all 993 Rupees, which is stated to be little more than half the cost originally estimated. The arrangements of these buildings have been proposed by Major DeButts, and are considered by Colonel Green to be judicious. The style of building is stated to have been found to answer remarkably well in Bangalore; and the swing windows and ridge ventilator will, it is considered, afford sufficient light and make the quarters cool and comfortable. This Government consider the arrangements to be suitable, and accordingly approve the revised plan and estimate submitted by Colonel Green. These documents now accompany this letter for the sanction of the Government of India. The site is that fixed upon by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief; and to render the building more suitable for their purpose, this Government have directed that the quarters should be raised well above the ground, and that the privies for the women should, if possible, be separated from those for the men.

8. In submitting the revised plan and estimate, Colonel Green wished to be informed whether he could include the project in the Mysore Public Works Budget; but this Government were precluded from replying to his enquiry, as no instructions had been received by them from the Government of India, on the subject of the reference made in Mr. Pycroft's letter of the 3rd October last, No. 1802, as to the authorities to have charge of the Military buildings in Mysore. I am directed therefore to solicit the attention of the Government of India to the subject of Colonel Green's reference, and to request a reply to Mr. Pycroft's letter just quoted.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

Acting Secretary to Government.

Disp: 27 Steamer

Public Works Dept.

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To

Lieut Col. W. L. Baker

Sec: to Govt of India,

Sir,

1. With reference to para 41 of my letter of the 12th March 1857, No. 462, being the Budget Report of this Presidency for 1857/58, I am directed by the Right Honble the Govr in Council to forward for the submission to the Govt of India, the accompanying three Statements, Nos 1, 2, and 3, received from the Offg Resident at Hyderabad, forming the budget of works proposed to be executed in that Military Divn during 1857/58, together with the observations recorded by this Govt on these documents and other matters connected with the subject, in an Exc: Mins: Cons: of this days date.

2. Statement No 1 brings forward ten items, the aggregate

estimated cost of which is Rs. 2,95,040; but deducting the sum of Rs. 1,02,961 already sanctioned, the amount requiring the sanction of the Govt of India is Rs. 1,92,079. The full amount of Rs. 2,95,040 is proposed to be expended during 1857/58. Statement No 2 brings forward thirteen unfinished works, proposed to be continued during the approaching official year, the aggregate estimated cost of which is Rupees 5,19,271; the amt required for the expenditure of 1857/58 being Rs. 1,43,308. Statement No 3 exhibits the amt required for repairs in the Cantonment of Secundrabad, viz Rs. 4,500, based on the average expenditure of three years. The whole amount thus proposed to be expended in 1857/58 is Rs. 4,43,848, as follows.

Statement No 1 — 2,95,040.
Statement No 2 — 1,43,308.
Repairs ——— 4,500
Rs 4,43,848.

In the statement attached to para 41 of the Budget Report of this Presidency, the sum of Rs. 1,69,829 is shown as requiring the sanction of the Govt of India, for works in connection with the Secundrabad Barracks, but the sum now requiring sanction is Rs. 1,92,079, which as explained in para 3 of the accompanying Ex: Mins: Cons; is owing to the addition of a supplemental amount of Rs. 22,250 required for the Hospital attached to the barracks; the original estimate having been based on data for ordinary buildings limited to a ground floor, whereas the revised estimate is calculated on higher special data applicable to a superior building with an upper story, which the Hospital is designed to be.

4. Of the ten items entered in Statement No 1, seven are above the estimated cost of 25,000 Rs each; the other three, which are below that sum, might perhaps be held to have found a place in Statement No 2, as the respective

amounts of Rs. 22,250, Rs. 12,580 and Rs. 340. The seven works above the estimated cost of 25,000 Rs each are the following.

No. in this Statement	Nature of work.	Amount
1.	Constructing a Coffee room and Library, with quarters for librarian &c., & store room under one roof	60,000
3	Constructing ~~Staff~~ Sergeants' Mess, with rooms for mess manager and Stores	26,000
4.	Constructing a guard room, with three prisons 30×20 each, and improved accommodation for the officer above	28,000.
5.	Constructing Tailors' workshop, Master tailor's room, and store room	31,370.
6.	Constructing a rear guard room, with two prisons at each end 30×20 each, and other accommodation above, viz Court Martial or Waiting Room, Orderly room, and offices for the Adjutant and Quarter Master	40,900.
7.	Constructing ten Washhouses, including eight rooms for chatty baths to each, all under one roof	47,300.
8.	Constructing ten water rooms with verandahs all round	26,000.

As the barrack project has been sanctioned as a whole, and the works now recommended are so many subordinate parts of it, things in excess of the estimate

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9 of 11,59,077 Rs sanctioned by the Govt of India on the 10th Jan? 1856, it seems unnecessary at this late ~~hour~~ period to enter into any lengthened explanation of the nature, necessity, and advantage of these works; indeed the Govts have not been supplied with any materials, on which to frame a report of such a nature on each work. I am directed merely to state that they seem to have been well considered by the Military and Engineer Authorities; and that on their strong representation, they were authorized by this Govt to be brought forward for execution in 1857/58. All these improvements have been projected at the instance of Brigadier Coffin, Commanding the Hyderabad Subsidiary Force; and in a brief explanation of the necessity of the works, which are considered by the Brigadier to be essential to the perfecting of the barracks, I am desired to quote the following passages from that Officer's

letter to the Deputy Adjutant Genl of the Army, dated 5th April 1856, No 102, paras 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, & 10.

"In the present arrangement there is only one guard room, but I beg to recommend that a guard room with prison rooms attached, be built at each end of the ridge on which the Barracks are built. This is in accordance with the Bengal plans, where they have a quarter and rear guard attached.

"The present prison accommodation is quite inadequate, there is only one Defaulter Room sanctioned, 20 feet × 20. Now when it is considered that sometimes accommodation for 40 to 60 drunken men is required in one night, it will be seen how totally insufficient this is. I would therefore recommend that at the quarter guard, there be two strong rooms for receiving men in different stages of drunkenness; and on the other side of the guard room, instead of a Non-Commissioned Officer's room as in the plan, the Non Commissioned

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Officer being much better with the Guard, that there be a prison room for sober men placed in confinement, until their cases are disposed of by the Commanding Officer. On either rear side of the Guard, I would propose a Defaulter room and a Dry room, the one for men undergoing imprisonment receiving their regular rations, & the other for those receiving only Conjee or bread and water diet.

"It will be perceived on reference to the sanctioned plans, that the Officer's Guard room (where the officer remains day & night in all seasons) is low and unprotected by verandahs. To render this habitable, and there appears no reason why the officer should be less cared for than the men, I propose that the walls be raised from 12 feet, originally sanctioned, to 18, and a verandah added in front and rear, & upper ventilation; this, in consequence of the extreme heat during the hot season, I consider indispensable.

"In order that the guard rooms at either end of the barrack be somewhat uniform, I would recommend that three rooms be built over the rear guard and prison rooms; one to be the office, where both the Adjutant and Quarter Masters Offices can be accommodated; an orderly room for the Commanding Officer; and the intermediate room would be very convenient as a Court Martial or Waiting room.

"The arrangements for the Sergeants Mess will be seen to be very objectionable, placed between the Boys' School room and the Library. The building of the Schools is suspended during the preparation of standard plans by the Govt of India, and I recommend that the Sergeants have a separate Mess room, and that the Library and Coffee rooms be under one roof as in the plan.

"The superintending Engineer has been called upon to send in a plan and estimate for a Store room, the Commanding Officer having represented that the sanctioned room would not be large enough for the purpose; but by combining the Store room and Tailors Shop in one as in the plan, expense will be saved, and quarters for the Tailor Sergeant will be unnecessary as he can be accommodated in barracks.

"There is another proposition which I consider of the greatest importance to the comfort and health of the Soldier, the erection of water houses to hold the drinking water of the men, whereby they can at all times command a supply of cool drinkable water, instead of which, the water is now kept in tubs in small ill ventilated rooms in the barracks, so that the water is tepid; and consequently the men resort to the Canteen in preference, the evil of which I need not dilate upon."

In regard to item 7, providing for wash houses, the following passage occurs in Col Henderson's letter to Brigadier Coffin, dated 12 Aug/56, para 4.

"I would beg to invite your attention to the plan of the wash house for a company formerly sanctioned, consisting of one room only 15 x 19, manifestly too small for the purpose. The wash house proposed consists of one room 30 x 18, with two wings containing eight bath rooms for complete ablution, each of these bath rooms being 9½ x 9½. The cost of the improved buildings ten in number, will be Rupees 47,700."

I have only to add that it is reported the barracks cannot be occupied, until these auxiliary buildings are erected, & that the plans accompany this letter, No 1 colored in red shewing the works already sanctioned, and No 2 colored yellow exhibiting the proposed improvements. The estimates for the ten items in Statement No 1, and the original Correspondence received from Col Henderson, is also forwarded for the information of the Govt of India.

5. In connection with this subject, several other points have been considered by this Govt; and I am directed to submit them for the orders of the Govt of India. They are the creation of a separate executive division, comprehending the buildings and stations occupied by the Hyderabad Subsidiary Force; the establishment required to carry out the contemplated object; the extent of charge; and the nature of supervision and control. These heads will be found treated of by this Govt in the fourth and following paras of this

Ex: Mins: Cons: of this days date; but I am directed to sum up in brief in this place the questions which this Govt would wish to submit for the orders of the Govs of India.

1st. That if the control of the Hydrabad Subsidiary Force Divn is to be vested in the Madras Govt and its cost charged against its revenues, this Govt are convinced that a totally distinct and separate agency is essential to the maintenance of this control, and to the efficient performance of the executive duties.

2d. That this separate agency should be placed not under the orders of the Chief Engr at Hyderabad, but of the Chief Engr at Madras, to ensure uniformity of system, to secure unity of control, & to avoid confusion of accounts.

3d. That for the same reason, this executive agency should be confined solely to its proper duties, viz, those connected with the Hydrabad Subsidiary Force, and the Cost of which is chargeable to the Madras Presidency.

4. Regarding the establishment proper for the executive duties of this division, the Chief Engr has been called upon to consider the subject, and submit a tabular statement shewing the strength of the establishment he would propose. and this, the Govt will leave the Honble Court to submitting for the orders of the Supreme Govt, as soon as they have received and considered the proposal that may be laid before them by Col Baker.

7. I am directed to take this opportunity of adverting to the subject of the military works in the Mysore Division. In the absence of a budget for

this territory, this Govt do not possess the means of knowing the full extent of works proposed to be executed in it during the next official year; but a list of the works newly sanctioned including one to be brought forward in Statement No 2, from the previous years budget, was annexed to paras 41 of the recent Budget Report of this Presidency. Of these works the only one requiring the sanction of the Govt of India is item No 1, viz. building two blocks of married mens quarters in the Dragoon Barracks at Bangalore. An estimate of Rs. 90,820 was entered in the Budget of 1856/57 on account of this project, which was intended to provide accommodation for fifty families; and the Govt of India, in passing orders on the project, observed that it would be immediately and strongly recommended to the Honble Court. With a letter dated 26th Dec/56, No 8008, this Govt received

however copy of a dispatch from the Honble Court on the subject of providing quarters for married soldiers, in which the Honble Court adverted to the large expenditure on married soldiers' barracks, and issued instructions regarding the plans on which such buildings, quarters, should be constructed. This dispatch having been communicated to the Chief Engr of Mysore, that Officer forwarded a revised plan and estimate amounting to Rs. 83,400, for eighty nine married privates quarters, which this Govt now beg to substitute in place of the former estimate of 90,820 Rs. On the revised Plan, the accommodation consists as suggested by the Honble Court, of a room sixteen feet by fourteen with verandahs on both sides, the two rooms in regard to being enclosed and a room partitioned off to serve as a childs room or a bath room. To every six quarters is allowed a cookroom and a privy; and twelve

quarters, equivalent to the number of married men in a troop or company, are to be built together, and similar ranges of buildings are to be constructed at ~~spaces of~~ distances of twenty feet. The foundation and basement are to be of rubble stone, with walls of brick & chunam eighteen feet high. The roof is to have trusses of teak-wood, with a tiled roof and ridge ventilator, and the roof of the verandah is to be a sloping terrace, with pillars and rear wall nine feet high. The materials and workmanship are to be of the best descriptions procurable. The estimated cost of each quarter is 820 Rs, and its proportional share for the outhouses 113 Rs; making in all 993 Rs, which is stated to be little more than half the cost originally estimated. The arrangements of these buildings have been prepared by Major Le Butts, and are considered by Col Green to be judicious. The style of building is stated to have been found to answer remarkably well in Bungalows, and the sliding windows and ridge ventilator will, it is considered, afford sufficient light and make the quarters cool and comfortable. His Ex. considers the arrangements to be commendable, and accordingly ~~fully~~ approves the revised plan and estimate submitted by Col Green. These documents now accompany this letter for the sanction of the Govt of India. The site is that fixed upon by His Excellency the Commander in Chief; & to render the buildings more suitable for their purpose, this Govt has directed that the quarters should be raised well above the ground, and that the privies for the women should, if possible, be separated from those for the men.

8. In submitting the revised plan and estimate, Col Green wished to be informed whether he could include the proje

in the Mysore Public Works
Budget, but they were pre-
cluded from replying to his
enquiry, as no instructions
had been received by them from
the Govt of India, on the
subject of the reference made
in Mr Pycroft's letter of the
3d Oct last, No 1802, as to the
authorities to have charge of the
Military Buildings in Mysore.
I am directed therefore to solicit
the attention of the Govt of India
to this subject of Col Frees's refer-
ence, and to request a reply
to Mr. Pycroft's letter of the
~~3d Oct~~ just quoted.

I. S.

Fort St George
27 March 1857

Public Works 1857 Dept.
Dº to Cons 31st March.

No 560.

To the Secretary to the
Govt of India.
Dº 27th March 57.

Submitting to the Govt of India,
Statements Nos 1, 2, and 3 received
from the Officiating Resident at
Hyderabad forming the bud-
get of works proposed to be
executed in that Military Di-
vision during 1857/58 toge-
ther with the observations
recorded by this Govern-
ment on these documents, and other mat-
ters connected with the
the subject.

From the Govt of India 12 March 58
Ce No 5 Ass.

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Copy to the Offg Resdt
Hyderabad
1st April 57. P. 604

No 38.

c 21 Mar 58